तैजिक परिषद् की तुष्ट्रवार दिनांक 3 मई, 1996 को प्रातः 10.00 वर्षे तनिति क्यो जिला मंदिर जनस्थतों विलापीठ में सम्पन्न हुई वैठक का कार्यवाही विवरण :

उपस्थिति

प्रो० १द्व०१ यतीचा व्यास - निदेशक

2-	प्रो० दिवाकर शास्त्री	3	प्रोo चन्द्रविशारि गोस्तामी
4-	जो० टी०के०एस० लक्षमा		प्रा'छ एगठ बेसिंगटन
6-	ভাঁত থাৰ্যকটীত ঘটা		शी वार्र्लाः एस० माउनगी
	डॉ० क्लीका रानी गर्ग		डॉo एरावनी नाथुर
10-	श्री वीरेन्द्र प्रकाश शामा	11-	ভাঁত যিমন্দান্দ ৰায়িন্ত
12-	डॉ० थर्ग दिशोर	13-	डॉ० रिखार्थ शास्त्री
14-	डॉ० आदित्य शास्त्री		डॉॅंट रेखा गोविल
	ভাঁ০ জিনয াগা	17-	ভাঁত বিজন লগদী চত্তন
	डॉठ सचिता फारीक	19-	डाँठ दुर्ज्जुनता गोयल
	डॉं भयानी शंकर शर्मा	21-	अी रागांगरायन अन्तप्पा
	डॉ0रेशीमती हे इन्दु वंशल	23-	शी विनादि कुमार जोगी
	डाँ० हरि सिंह सब्सेना		डॉ० पन्ना
	डॉ० आभा व्यास		डॉ० यलगीर
	श्रीमती इला यादन	29-	डॉ० चित्रा पुरोहित
30-	डॉठ एस०डी:० व्यास	31-	प्रो देवली नन्दन शर्मा - विरोभ आमंत्रित

नोट: 11 निम्न पाह्य खरस्य परिषद् की चैठक में उपस्थित नहीं हो सके -

- I प्रोo धार०२न० वेषरोत्रा
 2 प्रोo पीठ२५० व्यास

 3 प्रोo वेठवेठ क्ष्टानी
 4 प्रोo पीठ२न० क्षठेकर

 5 डॉo थार०पी० हार्ना
 6 श्रेणीयती श्र सतीन्द्रर्वपाज

 7 डॉo पेठएस० राठौड़
- १। इंग एस०ची ० स्वरोना प्रं डॉ० एस०एन० किया री थान्तरिक सहस्य परिषद् की बैठक में ड्वस्थित नहीं हो सने ।
- 1- निदेतक ने लठक की कार्ययाही प्रारम्भ करने से हवे शैकिक परिषद के सभी उपस्थित सदस्यों का हार्दिक स्वागत किया । उन्होंने परिषद के सभी सदस्यों को किछले दतक में विनामीठ के शैक्षीणक कार्युकारों में डुई उपसाल्थियों के जानवारी दी ।
- 2- कीरबद ने 3 गई, 1995 को सम्पन्न हुई बठक की कार्यवाकी के पुलिट करने पर वियार किया ।

े <u>नित्त्वय लिया गया कि परिवह की लि</u>करी बेठक में कार्यवाही की गुन्टि विष्म टिष्पणी के साथ की बाबी के :--

"चर्तमान एमअफिताअ कार्यप्रेश की हुनी-वरिवना के विदालनिकेतः गरेग महित की तिति के के तिझ का तीविक की जीव हमा ज्ञाकितेवन जिनेकेतक के दिग्जाराथ प्रस्तुत किया जाल ।" 3-

4-

परिबद् ने दिनांक 3 मई, 1995 को सम्पन्न हुई बैठक के कार्य विवरण पर गई कोर्यवादी का अवलोदन पर उसे अभितिकित दिया हुपरित्तिब्ट- 13

2

परिषद् ने बीठ/बीठएलसीठि श्पाल/शॉनर्थश्च परायांदा के रजनान ढाँचे में परिवर्तन तिए बाने पर तिवार दिया । प्रतातिक ढाँचा परित्राष्ट-2 व दिया गया है ।

इस सम्बन्ध में सिकनों एवं छान्तवों से भी राय प्राप्त की गयी थे साथान्य राय संतम्न ढॉचे को स्वीकार करने की पायी गयी। यिभिन्न रोतायों ने भी इस बिन्दु पर विवार-विकी कर इस ढॉचे तो स्वीकार किर की अनुशौसा की है।

<u>निश्चय किया गया कि अनुशौसा की पाय कि</u> वी 070/वी एसकी & पा थॉनरीई परीक्षकों के वर्तमान ढॉचे में प्रस्ता कित परिवर्तन को नियन ज़जार स्पीकार किया जावे । परिषद् ने यह भी अनुशंसा की कि यह परिवर्तन कितोय वर्ष टी 0 डी 0 सी 0 पर का, 1997 से ही तास किया जावे का कि, एक चिष्फ्य में ऑनर्स क्रिसित ऑनर्स है तथा दो विष्फ्यों ने वॉनर्ट ईव्युअत ऑन की क्षुविधा छात्राओं को सत्र 1996-97 से ही मिल जर्क :--

BACHELOR OF ARTS (PASS COURSE)

	First Year	Second Year	Third Yea
Foundation Courses	Course 1 1 Paper 2 Periods 50 Marks		
	Course 2 1 Paper 2 Periods 50 Marks	Course 4 1 Paper 2 Feriods 50 Marks	Vocationa Cour 1 Theory 4 Periods 100 Marks
	Course 3 1 Paper 2 periods 50 marks	Course 5 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks	
Disciplinary Courses:			
Subject 1:	2 papers 6 periods 150 marks	2 papers 6 periods 150 marks	2 papers 6 period: 150 mark:
Subject 2 :	2 papers 6 periods 150 marks	2 papers 6 periods 150 marks	2 papers 6 period 150 mar
Subject 3:	2 papers 6 periods 150 marks	? papers 6 periods 150 marks	2 papers 6 period 150 mark
Total	9 papers 24 periods 600 marks	8 papers 22 periods 550 marks	7 papers 22 perio 650 mark = 17 0 0 m
B. Barbara and a second statement of the second statement of the second statement of the second statement of the			

BACHELOR OF ARTS (HONOURS)

	First Year	Second Year	Third Year
oundation Cours	es Course 1 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks	- 	
	Course 2 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks	Course 4 1 paper 2 pe riods 50 marks	Vocational Courses 1 Theory/Practical 4 periods 100 marks
	Course 3 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks	Course 5 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks	
Disciplinary Cou	rses:		
Honours Subject:	2 papers 6 periods 150 marks	4 papers 12 periods 300 marks	4 papers 12 periods 300 marks
Subsidiary Subje	ct 1: 2 papers 6 periods 150 marks	2 papers 6 periods 150 marks	2 papers 6 periods 150 marks
Subsidary Subjec	t 2: 2 papers 6 periods 150 marks		
Total	9 papers 24 periods 600 marks	8 papers 22 periods 550 marks	7 papers 22 periods 550 marks = 1700 marks
BACHEL	24 periods 600 marks OR OF ARTS (DUAE	22 periods 550 marks	22 periods 550 marks = 1700 marks SE)
	24 periods 600 marks OR OF ARTS (DUAE	22 periods 550 marks HONCURS COURS	22 periods 550 marks = 1700 marks SE)
BACHEL	24 periods 600 marks OR OF ARTS (DUAE Fist Year es Course 1 1 paper 2 periods	22 periods 550 marks HONCURS COURS	22 periods 550 marks = 1700 marks SE)
BACHEL Youndation Cours	24 periods 600 marks OR OF ARTS (DUAE <u>Fist Year</u> es Course 1 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks Course 2 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks Course 3 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks	22 periods 550 marks HONCURS COURS Second Y corr Course 4 1 paper 2 periods	22 periods 550 marks = 1700 marks SE) Twid Year Vocational Courses 1 Theory/Practical 4 periods
BACHEL Foundation Cours	24 periods 600 marks OR OF ARTS (DUAE <u>First Year</u> es Course 1 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks Course 2 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks Course 3 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks rses: 1: 2 papers 6 periods 150 marks	22 periods 550 marks HONOURS COURS Second Year Course 4 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks Course 5 1 paper 2 periods	22 periods 550 marks = 1700 marks SE) Twird Year Vocational Courses 1 Theory/Practical 4 periods
BACHEL Youndation Cours isciplinary Cou onours Subject	24 periods 600 marks OR OF ARTS (DUAE <u>Fist Year</u> es Course 1 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks Course 2 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks Course 3 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks 	22 periods 550 marks HONCURS COURS Second Y car Course 4 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks Course 5 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks 4 papers 12 periods	22 periods 550 marks = 1700 marks SE) Twid Year Vocational Courses 1 Theory/Practical 4 periods 100 marks 4 papers 12 periods
BACHEL Foundation Cours	24 periods 600 marks OR OF ARTS (DUAE <u>Fist Year</u> es Course 1 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks Course 2 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks Course 3 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks 	22 periods 550 marks HONCURS COURS Second Year Course 4 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks Course 5 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks 4 papers 12 periods 300 marks 4 papers 12 periods	22 periods 550 marks = 1700 marks SE) Turd Year Vocational Courses 1 Theory/Practical 4 periods 100 marks 4 papers 12 periods 300 marks 4 papers 12 periods 12 periods

LIST OF FOUNDATION COURSES:

First Year:

- Modern Language (Effective Writing) Parenhood and Family Relations Women in Indian Society 1.
- 2.
- 3.

Second Year:

- Religion Science and Society and Values Ancient and 4. Modern.
- Indian Heritage/World Today For Home Science students 5.

Vocational Courses:

Third Year:

- 1. Enterpreneurship
- Introduction to Computer Programming 2.
- З. Dress Making
- 4. Library Science i

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (PASS)

F	First Year	Second Year	Third Year
Foundation Courses	Course 1 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks		
	C o urse 2 1 paper 2 periods 50 _m arks	Course 4 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks	Vocational Course 1 Theory/Fractica 4 periods 100 marks
	Course 3 1 paper 20 perio ds 50 marks	Course 5 1 Laper 2 periods 50 marks	
Disciplinary Courses:	:		
	Course 1 2/3 papers 10 periods 225 marks	Course 1 2/3papers 10 periods 225 marks	Course 1 2/3 papers 10 periods 225 marks
	Course 2 2/3 papers 10 periods 225 marks	Course 2 2/3 p apers 10 periods 225 marks	Course 2 2/3 papers 2/3 periods 225 marks
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Course 3 2/3 papers 10 periods 225 marks	Course-3 2/3 papers 10 period s 225 marks	Course 3 2/3 papers 10 periods 225 marks
Total	9/12 papers 36 periods 825 marks	8/11 papers 34 periods 775 marks	7/10 papers 34 periods 775 marks = 2375 Marks

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (HONCURS)

85.80

	First Year	Second Year	Third Year
Foundation Courses	Course 1 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks		
	Course 2 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks	Course 4 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks	V _{ocational Courses} 1 Theory/Practical 4 periods 100 marks
	Coursee 3 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks	Course 5 1 _D aper 2 periods 50 marks	
H o nours S _u bject:	2/3 papers 10 periods 225 marks	4/5 p _a pers 16 periods 450 marks	4/5 papers 16 periods 450 _m arks
Subsidiary Subject 1	: 2/3 papers 10 periods 225 marks	2/3 papers 10 periods 225 marks	2/3 papers 10 _p eriods 225 _m arks
Subsidiary S _u bject2	: 2/3 papers 10 periods 225 marks	1	
Total	9/12 papers 36 periods 825 marks	8/10 papers 30 periods 775 marks	7/9 papers 30 periods 775 marks = 2375 Marks
BACH	ELOR OF SCIEN	CE (DUAL HONO	URS COURSE)
Foundation Courses	Course 1 paper 1 2 periods 50 marks		
	Course 2 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks	Course 4 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks	Vocational Courses 1 Theory/Practical 4 periods 100 marks
	Course 3 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks	Course 5 1 paper 2 periods 50 marks	
Honours Subject 1:	2/3 papers 10 periods 225 marks	4/5 papers 16 periods 450 marks	4/5 papers 16 periods 450 marks
Honours Subject 2:	2/3 papers 10 periods 225 marks	4/5 papers 16 periods 450 marks	4/5 papers 16 periods 450 marks
Subsidiary Subject:	2/3 papers 10 periods 225 marks	-	
Total	9/12 papers	10/12 papers 36 periods	9/11 papers 36 periods

Centd.....6

6

List of Foundation Courses:

First Year

- Modern Language (Effective Writing) 1.
- Farenhood and Family Relations 2.
- Women in Indian Society 3.

Second Year:

- 4. Religion Science and Society and Values Ancient and Mod
- Indian Heritage. 5.

Vocational Courses:

Third Year:

5-

- 1. Enterpreneurship
- 2. Introduction to Computer Programming
- Analytical Laboratory Practice. 3.

यह भी अनुशीसा की जाती है कि अपसोबल परिपर्सन को विनापीठ के रोजिक अगनियमों में सम्मिलित कर लिया जावे । इसके साथ ही सम्मान्धित पाठ्यूम समितियां के संयोजकों से निवेदन विथा जावे कि वे उपरोक्त दांचे को दृष्टिगत रजते हुए पाठ्यक्रम समितियाँ जारा सुझाये भये अतिरिक्त प्रतपत्रों के माठ्यकृम पर धान्तरिक सदस्यों से पुर्नविचार कर विस्तृत परीक्षा योपना रवं पाठ्यक्रम निदेशक को जुलाई के प्रथा सप्ताह में प्रस्तुत करें ताकि जी शन्तिम. रूप दिया जा सके।

फरिबद् ने सतत सुरूपारेल के सम्बन्ध में वर्तमान परीक्षा प्रणाती में जुधार के सम्बन्ध में विथार-विफ्श दिया । इस सम्बन्ध में प्रतिनावती तैयार कर सम्बन्धित शिकाने एवं छात्राक्षों को अफी गयी थी तथा उनकी राय मांगी गयी थी। इस सम्पन्ध अधिकांश शिक्कों रवं छात्राक्षों ने पीरियो िक्स टेस्ट/क्सास टेस्ट, वदीच रवं थेगी को बहुत अच्छा साना है। होस वंवाजनपेन्ट तो अधिक उपयोगी नहीं ताना है

निर्यय दिया गया कि अनुर्गया की जाय कि तीयिक स्वामें जो मीरियोडियल टेस्ट होने चाहिए । मीरियोटियय टेस्ट की अवधि तर्द की आंधि । पण्टा 30 मिनिट ही हो । अस्येक मीतिरको डिकरा टेस्ट में साम्याकों के दो भ प्रान विकल्प सकति रजे जावें साथ है। तेत फूल जीनवार्य हो । उस प्रधार प्रत-पत्र में दुरा 3 प्रशन जोने चाहिए । दो होग अवाउनमेन्ट के स्थान पर की प्लास टेस्ट तथा एक होम अजाल लिट/ रोजी नार का प्रायमन फिला जाना है पारिशोधित टेस्ट, प्रतास टेस्ट र्य होग अवाइनगेन्ट/ तेगानार में प्रत्येन हे पि 10-10 अंक निर्धारित दिये पाते हे जो कि याद में उत्त मुल्यांकन के तिर निर्धारित प्रणान्ते में परिवर्तित पर दिये पार्वेगे ।

गरिबंद ने यह भी अनुसंसा की कि जारोबत निश्वम को ध्यान में रको हुर तैंकिक उपनियम 15.1.03 को निम्न प्रकार पढ़ा दाये -

Department of Bioscience & Biotechnology Banasthali Vidyapith, Banasthali

Minutes of the Board of Studies held on December 26, 2018 at 3:00 p.m. in the Conference Room, Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology, Banasthali Vidyapith

Present

1. Prof. Arun Kumar Sharma	External Member
2. Dr. Asheesh Shanker	External Member
3. Prof. N. P. Singh	External Member
4. Dr. Afroz Alam	Internal Member
5. Shri Anand Prakash	Internal Member
6. Dr. Aneesh Goyal	Internal Member
7. Dr. Arindam Kuila	Internal Member
8. Dr. Arun Sharma	Internal Member
9. Prof. Dipjyoti Chakraborty	Convener (in the Chair)
10. Dr. Girish C. Pandey	Internal Member
11. Dr. Himani Kuntal	Internal Member
12. Dr. Jyoti Mathur	Internal Member
13. Dr. Kakoli Dutt	Internal Member
14. Dr. Laxmi Parwani	Internal Member
15. Dr. Monika Sharma	Internal Member
16. Dr. Nidhi Srivastava	Internal Member
17. Dr. Priyanka Singh	Internal Member
18. Dr. Rashmi Tripathi	Internal Member
19. Dr. Sangeeta Choudhary	Internal Member
20. Dr. Sarika Gupta	Internal Member
21. Dr. Sharad Vats	Internal Member
22. Dr. Surbhi Bajpai	Internal Member
23. Dr. Surya P Singh	Internal Member
24. Mr. Sushil Buriya	Internal Member (Special Invitee)
25. Dr. Swati Paliwal	Internal Member
26. Dr. Teena Agarwal	Internal Member
27. Prof. Veena Sharma	Internal Member
28. Prof. Chandra Kumar Jha	Internal Member (Special Invitee)

Note: Prof. Partha Roy, Dr. Shashi Kumar, Dr. Anil Prakash and Dr. Ashok Sharma, External Members and Prof. Veena Garg, Prof. Nilima Kumari, Dr. Suphiya Khan, Dr. Rupesh Kumar, Dr. Manisha Sharma, Internal Member could not attend the meeting.

The meeting started with a welcome of the members, by the convener of Board of Studies for Bioscience and Biotechnology, Prof. Dipjyoti Chakarborty, Head, Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology, Banasthali Vidyapith, Rajasthan.

 The Board took up for confirmation of the minutes of its last meeting held on 04th May, 2013.

The Board resolved that the minutes of its last meeting be confirmed.

- 2. The board updated the panel of examiners for various examinations of Bachelor's and Master's degree ifn accordance with the Bye-laws 15.3.02 of the Vidyapith. The existing panel will continue to be retained. The updated list of examiners is submitted.
- **3.** The Board discussed M. Tech. Bioinformatics programme and after considerable deliberations, it was suggested to discontinue the programme from the academic session 2018-19.
- 4. The various courses running in the department viz., B.Sc. Bioscience, B.Sc. Biotechnology, B.Tech. Biotechnology, M.Sc. Bioscience (Animal Science), M.Sc. Bioscience (Plant Science), M.Sc. Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology, M.Sc. Biotechnology, M.Sc. Biotechnology, M.Sc. Biotechnology, M.Sc. Biotechnology, Certificate Course in Molecular Modeling and Drug Designing, Diploma in Computational Biology were placed before the board, thoroughly discussed and revision proposed as under:

3. IA. B.Sc. Bioscience (Botany and Zoology):

i.	First Semester Examination, December, 2019	Change ^a
ii.	Second Semester Examination, April/May, 2020	Change ^b
iii.	Third Semester Examination, December, 2020	Change ^c
iv.	Fourth Semester Examination, April/May, 2021	Change ^d
v.	Fifth Semester Examination, December, 2021	Change ^e
vi.	Sixth Semester Examination, April/May, 2022	Change [†]

(a) In the first semester of B.Sc. Bioscience programme, laboratory course ZOO 102L is proposed to be modified by including the five major exercises: study of museum specimens, study of prepared slides, preparation of permanent mount, anatomical study of selected animals and collection & culture methods. Animals of invertebrate phyla (protozoa to protochordata) are included in these exercises. In the "anatomical study exercise", the name of the animals and their anatomical systems have been specified for clear understanding. In addition to that, exercise related to study of

microscope, evolution & permanent mount preparation of mosquito are also proposed to be included in the revised syllabus.

Zoology course ZOO 102: Taxonomy, Classification and Evolution is proposed to be modified by inclusion of phyla of the non chordates for clear understanding of the topics to be covered.

The contents of the Botany course BOT 101: Algae, Fungi, Bryophyta, Pteridophyta and Gymnosperms and its laboratory course BOT 101L: Algae, Fungi, Bryophyta, Pteridophyta and Gymnosperms Lab are proposed to be revised and updated.

(b) In the second semester of B.Sc. Bioscience programme, laboratory course ZOO 101L is proposed to be modified by including the five major exercises as discussed in the first semester laboratory course ZOO 102L. These five major exercises are proposed to be included in laboratory courses of first (ZOO 102L) and second semester (ZOO 101L) because theory courses in these semesters deals with the study of invertebrates. Therefore, specimens of protozoa to protochordata phyla are placed in these five major exercises and are equally distributed in the first (ZOO 102L) and second semester (ZOO 101L) laboratory course. In addition to these five major exercises, permanent mount preparation of house fly is also proposed to be included.

In the second semester, the Zoology course ZOO 101: Non-Chordates and Proto-Chordates, is proposed to be modified.

(c) In the third semester, the Zoology course ZOO 201: Cell Biology, Molecular Biology, Histology and Genetics, Biochemistry is proposed to be modified with the contents of human genetics included in Unit-V.

The Laboratory course ZOO 201L: Cell Biology, Molecular Biology, Histology and Genetics Lab is proposed to be revised and updated.

The Botany course, BOT 201: Angiosperm Taxonomy and Economic Botany, is proposed to be modified with some topics from Unit-I elaborated for clear understanding.

The laboratory course BOT 201L: Angiosperm Taxonomy and Economic Botany is proposed to be modified with inclusion of preparation of herbarium sheets which is an important component of taxonomy.

(d) In the fourth semester, the course ZOO 202L: Comparative Anatomy and Embryology of Chordates Lab is proposed to be modified.

The course BOT 202: Microbiology and Plant Pathology, is proposed to be modified viz., bacteriological section in Unit-I and virology section in Unit-II is proposed to be more elaborated and related topics placed together. The laboratory course BOT 202L: Microbiology and Plant Pathology Lab is proposed to be modified by elaborating the

existing microbiological exercises and including certain more relevant experiments in microbiology.

(e) In the fifth semester, discipline electives are proposed to be offered in the fifth semester. For Botany discipline, four elective courses along with their practical exercises are proposed. The courses "Introduction to Genetics and Genetic Engineering" and "Plant Physiology and Ecology" are offered as core courses in the existing syllabus but now these two courses are proposed to be offered as a discipline electives along with the two newly introduced discipline elective courses "Ethnobotany" and "Horticulture".

The complete list of elective courses of Botany discipline offered in the fifth semester are as follows

- Introduction to Genetics and Genetic Engineering
- Plant Physiology and Ecology
- Ethnobotany (Newly introduced)
- Horticulture (Newly introduced)

Similarly, for Zoology discipline, four elective courses along with their practical exercises are proposed to be offered in the fifth and sixth semesters. Out of these four courses, two courses "Animal Physiology" and "Environmental Biology and Biostatistics" are offered as core courses in the existing syllabus but now these two courses are proposed to be offered as discipline electives. In the Zoology discipline, two elective courses "Developmental Biology" and "Applied Zoology" are newly introduced.

These four elective courses are as follows

- Animal Physiology
- Environmental Biology and Biostatistics
- Developmental Biology (Newly introduced)
- Applied Zoology (Newly introduced)

The elective courses of Botany and Zoology disciplines are common with B.Sc. Biotechnology Programme.

The benefit of offering the discipline elective courses in stead of the core courses in the fifth and sixth semester is that the students can choose the course of their interest. Student has to opt one elective course from Botany discipline and one elective course from Zoology discipline in the fifth semester.

In the fifth semester, the course ZOO 302: Environmental Biology, the topic - 'pollution' which is already covered as such in the course BOT 303: Plant Physiology and Ecology is proposed to be replaced by biostatistics. It will introduce the fundamental principles of biostatistics and its role in the data analysis which would

help the students to apply the biostatistics tools for better presentation of the research data. The course is proposed to be renamed as 'Environmental Biology and Biostatistics'.

The laboratory course ZOO 302L: Environmental Biology Lab is proposed to be renamed as 'Environmental Biology and Biostatistics Lab'.

The syllabus of the Botany courses BOT 303: Plant Physiology and Ecology and BOT 303L: Plant Physiology and Ecology Lab are proposed to be revised and updated.

The vocational course, Analytical Lab Practice-I from fifth semester is proposed to be discontinued in the revised syllabus.

(f) In the sixth semester, the elective courses of Botany and Zoology disciplines as mentioned above in the fifth semester minutes are also proposed to be offered in the sixth semester of B.Sc. Bioscience programme. Student has to opt one elective course from Botany discipline and one elective course from Zoology discipline in the sixth semester.

In the sixth semester, the course ZOO 301: Animal Physiology is proposed to be modified and certain topics elaborated. The sixth semester course BOT 302: Introduction to Genetics and Genetic Engineering is proposed to be modified. Experiments of molecular biology and basic bio-safety laboratory guidelines are proposed to be incorporated in the laboratory course BOT 302L: Introduction to Genetics and Genetic Engineering Lab.

The vocational course Analytical Lab Practice-II is proposed to be discontinued from the sixth semester.

Additionally, it is proposed that a student can opt for at most 2 additional Open (Generic) audit/credit Elective from other disciplines opting at most 1 per semester in Semesters III, IV, V or VI with prior permission of respective heads and time table permitting.

E-resources have been proposed for the theory courses and the list of recommended books has been updated. The board also reviewed the Programme Educational Objectives, Programme outcomes and the Learning outcomes of the courses keeping in view the proposed modifications.

The proposed Programme Educational Objectives, Programme outcomes and modified syllabus are included and marked as **Appendix-IA** (page 30), **Appendix-IB** (page 31) and **Appendix–IC** (pages 32-87) respectively.

3. IB. B.Sc. Biotechnology:

i.	First Semester Examination, December, 2019	Change ^a
ii.	Second Semester Examination, April/May, 2020	Change ^b

iii.	Third Semester Examination, December, 2020	Change ^c
iv.	Fourth Semester Examination, April/May, 2021	Change ^d
v.	Fifth Semester Examination, December, 2021	Change ^e
vi.	Sixth Semester Examination, April/May, 2022	Change ^f

- (a) In the first semester of the B.Sc Biotechnology programme, the Botany course BOT 101: Algae, Fungi, Bryophyta, Pteridophyta and Gymnosperms and its laboratory course BOT 101L: Algae, Fungi, Bryophyta, Pteridophyta and Gymnosperms Lab are proposed to be modified as per the proposed changes in B.Sc. Bioscience programme. Some topics of the Biotechnology course BT 102: Cell and Molecular Biology-I have been elaborated and specified for clear understanding of the topics to be covered. Some of the outdated laboratory experiments such as study of cell organelles under microscope are proposed to be replaced by more relevant experiments in the BT 102L: Cell and Molecular Biology-I Lab course.
- (b) In the second semester, ZOO 101: Non-Chordates & Protochordates and ZOO 101L: Non-Chordates and Protochordates Lab courses are proposed to be modified as per the proposed changes in the same courses which are running common in second semester of B.Sc. Bioscience.

The contents of the course BT 101: Biostatistics, Bioinformatics and Instrumentation are proposed to be modified as per the present need of the course. Bioinformatics and biostatistics exercises have been elaborated and specified along with few modifications of existing practical exercises in the second semester course BT 101L: Biostatistics, Bioinformatics and Instrumentation Lab.

(c) In the third semester, the botany course BOT 201: Angiosperm Taxonomy and Economic Botany and its laboratory course i.e. BOT 201L: Angiosperm Taxonomy and Economic Botany Lab are proposed to be modified as per the proposed changes in the B.Sc. Bioscience programme.

Relevant modifications in the contents of Biotechnology course BT 202: Biochemistry, Biophysics and Enzymology and 202L: Biochemistry, Biophysics and Enzymology Lab are proposed. Enzymology exercises related to acid phosphatase extracted from moong is proposed to be replaced by the enzyme urease extracted from horse gram seeds.

(d) In the fourth semester, some experiments of the laboratory course ZOO 202L: Comparative Anatomy and Embryology of Chordates Lab are proposed to be more specified for clear understanding. The Genetics section in Unit-I is proposed to be extended by inclusion of some portion from the human genetics in the course BT 207: Genetics, Microbiology and Immunology. BT 207L: Genetics, Microbiology and Immunology Lab is proposed to be modified by introduction of new microbiological exercises.

(e) In the fifth semester, elective courses along with their practical exercises specific to Botany and Biotechnology disciplines are proposed to be offered as "Discipline Elective". The course "Plant Physiology and Ecology" is already offered as a core course in the fifth semester but now it is proposed to be offered as a discipline elective course. Three elective courses of Botany discipline "Introduction to Genetics and Genetic Engineering", "Ethnobotany" and "Horticulture" are proposed to be included for the first time in B.Sc Biotechnology programme.

The four elective courses of Botany discipline which are proposed to be offered common with B.Sc. Bioscience programme are as follows

- Introduction to Genetics and Genetic Engineering (Newly introduced)
- Plant Physiology and Ecology
- Ethnobotany (Newly introduced)
- Horticulture (Newly introduced)

Similarly, for Biotechnology discipline, four elective courses along with their laboratory components are proposed to be offered in the fifth semester. Among these, the courses "Genetic Engineering, rDNA Technology and Cell & Tissue Culture Technology" and "Advances in Biotechnology" which are already offered as core courses in the fifth and sixth semester are proposed to be offered as discipline elective courses. Two elective courses "Animal and Plant Biotechnology" and "Environmental Biotechnology" are proposed to be offered for the first time in B.Sc. Biotechnology programme.

The list of Biotechnology elective courses are as follows

- Genetic Engineering, rDNA Technology and Cell & Tissue Culture Technology
- Advances in Biotechnology
- Animal and Plant Biotechnology (Newly introduced)
- Environmental Biotechnology (Newly introduced)

The student has to opt one elctive course from Botany discipline and another elective course from Biotechnology discipline.

Botany course BOT 303: Plant Physiology and Ecology and its laboratory course BOT 303L: Plant Physiology and Ecology Lab which are running common with B.Sc. Bioscience programme are proposed to be modified as per the proposed changes in the same courses/ semester of B.Sc. Bioscience programme.

The Biotechnology course BT 307: Genetic Engineering, rDNA Technology and Cell and Tissue Culture Technology is proposed to be modified as per the present need and advancement of the topic. Few modifications are proposed to be included in the practical course BT 307L: Genetic Engineering, rDNA Technology and Cell and Tissue Culture Technology Lab.

The vocational course Analytical Lab Practice-I is proposed to be discontinued from the fifth semester.

(f) In the sixth semester, elective courses along with their laboratory components specific to Zoology and Biotechnology disciplines are proposed to be offered as "Discipline Elective". Four elective courses of Biotechnology discipline as mentioned above in the fifth semester minutes are also proposed to be offered in the sixth semester. The course "Animal Physiology" is already running in the sixth semester as core course but now it is proposed to be offered as discipline elective course. Three elective courses of Zoology discipline "Environmental Biology and Biostatistics", "Developmental Biology" and "Applied Zoology" are proposed to be included for the first time in the B.Sc. Biotechnology programme.

The four elective courses of Zoology discipline which are proposed to be offered common with B.Sc. Bioscience programme are as follows

- Animal Physiology
- Environmental Biology and Biostatistics (Newly introduced)
- Developmental Biology (Newly introduced)
- Applied Zoology (Newly introduced)

The student has to opt one elctive course from Botany discipline and another elective course from Biotechnology discipline.

The Zoology course ZOO 301: Animal Physiology is proposed to be modified according to the proposed changes in the same courses/semester of the B.Sc. Bioscience programme.

The Biotechnology course BT 301: Advances in Biotechnology is proposed to be modified by elaboration of some topics. The elaboration is necessary for the better understanding.

The Bioinformatics exercise-1 & 2 from the laboratory course BT 301L: Advances in Biotechnology Lab is proposed to be replaced by more relevant exercises as per the course contents.

The vocational course "Analytical Lab Practice-II" is proposed to be discontinued from the sixth semester.

Additionally, it is proposed that a student can opt for at most 2 additional Open (Generic) audit/credit Elective from other disciplines opting at most 1 per semester in Semesters III, IV, V or VI with prior permission of respective heads and time table permitting.

E-resources have been proposed for the theory courses and the list of recommended books has been updated. The board also reviewed the Programme Educational Objectives, Programme outcomes and the Learning outcomes of the courses keeping in view the proposed modifications.

The proposed Programme Educational Objectives, Programme outcomes and modified syllabi are included and marked as **Appendix-IIA** (pages 88), **Appendix-IIB** (pages 89) and **Appendix-IIC** (pages 90-162) respectively.

3. II. B.Tech. Biotechnology:

i.	First Semester Examination, December, 2019	Change ^a
ii.	Second Semester Examination, April/May, 2020	Change ^a
iii.	Third Semester Examination, December, 2020	Change ^b
iv.	Fourth Semester Examination, April/May, 2021	Change ^c
v.	Fifth Semester Examination, December, 2021	Change ^d
vi.	Sixth Semester Examination, April/May, 2022	Change ^e
vii.	Seventh Semester Examination, December, 2022	Change ^f
viii.	Eighth Semester Examination, April/May, 2023	Change ^g

- (a) In the first and second semester of the B. Tech Biotechnology programme, the contents of BIO101: Biology and ENGG 102L: Measurement Technique Lab is proposed to be revised by adding relevant topics/experiments.
- (b) In the third semester new experiments are proposed to be introduced in BT 204L: Biotechnology Lab-I.
- (c) The fourth semester course BT 203: Biophysics and Structural Biology is proposed to be revised and irrelevant portions removed. BT 205L: Biotechnology Lab-II is proposed to be modified. Seminar (BT 208S) is proposed to be shifted from the fifth semester to the third semester.
- (d) In the fifth semester, the course 'Probability and Statistics' is proposed to be introduced. Some practical's of the course BT 303L: Biotechnology Lab-III are proposed to be incorporated in the fourth semester laboratory course.

The course BT 306: Enzyme Engineering and Technology which is running as a core course is now proposed as an Elective in the eighth semester.

(e) In the sixth semester, some modifications are proposed in the topics of the course BIN 301: Basic Bioinformatics. The course BT 305: Cell and Tissue Culture Technology is proposed to be dropped and contents incorporated in other relevant courses. The contents of the course BT 311: Recombinant DNA Technology, CHEM 301: Analytical Techniques and BT 304L: Biotechnology Lab-IV are proposed to be revised and updated.

- (f) In the seventh semester, the reading electives BT 7.1.1: Plant Genetic Engineering and BT 7.1.2: Renewable Energy Resources are proposed to be replaced with following three newly introduced and more relevant/updated reading electives:
 - Molecular Diagnostics,
 - Biodiversity and Conservation,
 - Emerging Trends in Biofuel Technology

These courses will help in inculcating the habit of self study/reading in students.

Additionally, the following online reading elective courses are also proposed to be offered in the seventh semester:

- Drug Discovery https://www.coursera.org/learn/drug-discovery
- Proteins and Gel-Based Proteomics https://swayam.gov.in/course/1386-proteins-and-gel-based-proteomics
- Online course on IPR http://www.ili.ac.in/e-learnIPR.htm
- (g) In the eighth semester, the courses 'Animal Biotechnology' and 'Plant Biotechnology' and laboratory course: Biotechnology Lab V are proposed to be revised.

The course Bioethics and Biosafety which is running as a core course is now proposed as an Elective.

Moreover, the contents of discipline elective course 'Food and Dairy Biotechnology' are proposed to be revised and updated, and a course 'Geoinformatics' is proposed to be introduced.

Additionally, it is proposed that students can opt for at most 2 additional Open (Generic) audit/credit Elective from other disciplines opting at most 1 per semester in Semesters III-VI with prior permission of respective heads and time table permitting.

E-resources have been proposed for the theory courses and the list of recommended books has been updated. The BOS has recommended all the above mentioned modifications to the degree of B. Tech. (Biotechnology).

The complete list of electives proposed to be offered in the eighth semester are as follows:

- Biomedicial Engineering
- Food and Dairy Biotechnology
- Genomics and Proteomics
- Immunotechnology
- Microbial Technology
- Molecular Modelling and Drug Designing

- Nanotechnology
- Plant Secondary Metabolites
- Bioethics and Biosafety
- Enzyme Engineering and Technology
- Geoinformatics (Newly proposed)

Additionally, the following online elective courses are also proposed to be offered in the eighth semester:

- Bioreactor https://swayam.gov.in/course/1339-bioreactors
- Principles of Downstream Techniques in Bioprocess http://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/102106048/
- Industrial Biotechnology https://www.coursera.org/learn/industrial-biotech

The board also reviewed the Programme Educational Objectives, Programme outcomes and the Learning outcomes of the courses keeping in view the proposed modifications.

The proposed Programme Educational Objectives, Programme outcomes, modified syllabi and details of the online courses offered are included and marked as **Appendix-IIIA** (pages 163), **Appendix-IIIB** (pages 164) and **Appendix–IIIC** (pages 165-228) and **Appendix–IIID** (pages 229) respectively.

3. IIIA. M.Sc. Bioscience (Animal Science):

i.	First Semester Examination, December, 2019	Change ^a
ii.	Second Semester Examination, April/May, 2020	Change ^b
iii.	Third Semester Examination, December, 2020	Change ^c
iv.	Fourth Semester Examination, April/May, 2021	Change ^d

(a) In the first semester, the course BIO 403: Biochemistry and Biophysics is proposed to be replaced by 'Biochemistry' as the subject needs to be dealt in more detail. The topics in enzymology are also proposed to be incorporated in this course from the course BT 406 Enzymology and Enzyme Technology running in the third senester which is proposed to be discontinued in its present form.

The syllabi of the courses 'Cell and Molecular Biology', 'Microbiology', 'Bioinformatics', 'Analytical Techniques-I' and 'Bioscience Lab-I' are proposed to be updated.

(**b**) In the second semester, the courses 'Genetics', 'Genetic Engineering' and 'Bioscience Lab-II' are proposed to be modified.

The course BT 406 Enzymology and Enzyme Technology is proposed to be discontinued in its present form. The course contents are proposed to be in corporated in the newly proposed course 'Biochemistry' in the first semester and 'Enzyme Technology', a newly proposed elective course in the third semester.

A new course 'Environmental Biology and Biotechnology' is proposed to be included as a core course. The syllabus of this new course is designed by updating the contents of the existing third semester course BIO 408: Environmental Biology and Toxicology and shifting it from the third semester in M.Sc. Bioscience and incorporating as a common course in M.Sc. Biotechnology, AMBT and Bioscience in the second semester. This proposed new course also incorporated some contents of the M.Sc. Biotechnology third semester core course BT 509 Environmental Biotechnology which is proposed to be discontinued.

Relevant modification are proposed to be included in the course BIO 411: Immunology.

(c) In the third semester, BIO 408: Environmental Biology and Toxicology is proposed to be discontinued in the present form and with some updation it is proposed to be included as a core course in the second semester and named as 'Environmental Biology and Biotechnology'.

A new core course 'Biosystematics, Taxonomy and Evolution' is proposed to be introduced.

ZOO 503: Animal Diversity –I is proposed to be replaced by a new course 'Biology of Non-Chordates'.

The addition of these two courses will enhance the core Animal science component of the programme and provide much needed knowledge to the students in their preparations for various competitive examinations and also recruitment in various institutions where classical Zoology is in demand.

The course ZOO 507: Ethology and Neurobiology is proposed to be shifted to the fourth semester.

A course common with M.Sc. Biotechnology, BT 507: Cell and Tissue Culture Technology is proposed to be included in the third semester.

The course ZOO 508: Histology, is proposed to be discontinued and its relevant contents are proposed to be incorporated in a new course 'Biology of Chordates and Histology' in the fourth semester.

In the course ZOO 505L: Animal Science Lab-I which is laboratory based course, relevant modifications have been proposed to cater to the proposed modification in the theory courses.

Further, the discipline elective courses are proposed to be offered in the third semester. Discipline elective course provides the opportunity to the students to select

and study any discipline specific course of their choice from a pool of elective courses. The complete list of the elective courses are given in point (d).

(d) In the fourth semester, ZOO501: Advance Animal Physiology, ZOO 504: Animal Diversity-II, ZOO 510: Medical Pathology, ZOO 511: Reproductive Biology and Endocrinology is proposed to be discontinued, and relevant contents incorporated in new courses proposed to be introduced viz., 'Animal Physiology and Endocrinology', 'Biology of Chordates and Histology', 'Reproduction and Developmental Biology', 'Neurobiology and Animal Behavior'.

ZOO 502: Animal Cell and Tissue Culture Techniques is proposed to be discontinued as the course BT 507: Cell and Tissue Culture Technology (c.w. M.Sc. Biotechnology) is proposed to be offered in the third semester.

The laboratory based course, ZOO 506L: Animal Science Lab-II is proposed to be run with modified contents.

Reading elective courses are proposed to be introduced for in the fourth semester.

The following discipline elective courses are proposed to be introduced:

- Insect Diversity, Morphology, Physiology and Ecology
- Fish Biology
- Animal Biotechnology-I
- Applied Entomology and Pest Management
- Capture Fishery
- Animal Biotechnology-II
- Immunotechnology-I
- Immunotechnology (c.w. M.Sc. Biotechnology/ AMBT)
- Biophysics-I (newly introduced, c.w. M.Sc. Biotechnology/ AMBT/ Plant Science / Physics)
- Ecology and Environment (c.w. M.Sc. Plant Science, Environmental Science)
- Biophysics-II (c.w. M.Sc. Plant Science/ Physics)
- Biodiversity and Conservation (c.w. M.Sc. Plant Science, Environmental Science)
- Fundamentals of Ecology for Sustainable Ecosystem (online elective, c.w. M.Sc. Plant Science)

https://www.extension.harvard.edu/academics/courses/fundamentals-ecology/ 12779

The following reading elective courses are proposed to be newly offered in the fourth semester, viz.,

- Drug Discovery
- Human Genetics and Diseases
- Intellectual Property Rights

- Medical Microbiology
- Molecular Plant Breeding
- Protein Engineering

Additionally, the following online reading elective courses are also proposed to be offered in the fourth semester:

- Bio- organic Chemistry http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104103018/#
- Enzyme Science and Engineering http://freevideolectures.com/Course/85/Enzyme-Science-and-Engineering/1
- Biocatalysis in organic synthesis http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104105032/
- Comprehensive Disaster Risk Management Framework www.nidm.gov.in/online.asp
- General Course on Intellectual Property https://welc.wipo.int/acc/index.jsf?page=courseCatalog.xhtml
- Environmental Management An Introduction http://www.algonquincollege.com/ccol/courses/environmental-management-anintroduction/

Students can opt for any one reading elective course (either in regular mode or in online mode) as per the above-mentioned lists in the IV semester.

These courses will help in inculcating the habit of self study/ reading amongst students.

Additionally, it is proposed that a students can opt for 1 Open (Generic) Elective as a credit course from any disciplines in Semester IV with prior permission of respective heads and time table permitting.

E-resources have been proposed for the theory courses and the list of recommended books has been updated. The proposed syllabus of M.Sc. Bioscience (Animal Science) will fulfill the needs of students in terms of their acquaintance regarding both the basic and advanced concepts of the programme.

The board also reviewed the Programme Educational Objectives, Programme outcomes and the Learning outcomes of the courses keeping in view the proposed modifications.

The proposed Programme Educational Objectives, Programme outcomes, modified syllabi and details of the online courses offered are included and marked as **Appendix-IVA** (pages 230), **Appendix-IVB** (pages 231), **Appendix–IVC** (pages 232-323) and **Appendix–IV D** (pages 324-325) respectively.

3. IIIB. M.Sc. Bioscience (Plant Science):

i.	First Semester Examination, December, 2019	Change ^a
ii.	Second Semester Examination, April/May, 2020	Change ^b
iii.	Third Semester Examination, December, 2020	Change ^c
iv.	Fourth Semester Examination, April/May, 2021	Change ^d

(a) In the first semester, the course BIO 403: Biochemistry and Biophysics is proposed to be replaced by "Biochemistry".

The syllabi of the courses 'Cell and Molecular Biology', 'Microbiology', 'Bioinformatics', 'Analytical Techniques-I' and 'Bioscience Lab-I' are proposed to be updated.

(**b**) In the second semester, the courses 'Genetics', 'Genetic Engineering' and 'Bioscience Lab-II' are proposed to be modified.

The course BT 406 Enzymology and Enzyme technology is proposed to be discontinued as the contents are repeated in other sections of the syllabi.

A new course 'Environmental Biology and Biotechnology' is proposed to be included as a core course. The syllabus of this new course is designed by updating the contents of the existing third semester course BIO 408: Environmental Biology and Toxicology and shifting it from the third semester in M.Sc. Bioscience and incorporating as a common course in M.Sc. Biotechnology, AMBT and Bioscience in the second semester. This proposed new course also incorporated some contents of the M.Sc. Biotechnology third semester core course BT 509 Environmental Biotechnology which is proposed to be discontinued. The contents of the course BIO 411: Immunology are proposed to be modified and revised.

(c) In the third semester, BIO 408: Environmental Biology and Toxicology is proposed to be discontinued in the present form and with some updation it is proposed to be included as a core course in the second semester renamed as 'Environmental Biology and Biotechnology'.

'Phycology, Mycology and Lichenology' and 'Bryophyta, Pteridophyta and Gymnosperms' are proposed to be introduced as new core courses. The addition of these two courses will enhance the core plant science component of the programme and provide much needed knowledge to the students in their preparations for various competitive examinations and also their recruitment in various institutions where classical botany is in demand.

The course BOT 511: Plant Tissue Culture & Experimental Embryology is proposed to be replaced by 'Cell and Tissue Culture Technology.

BOT 507: Plant Pathology is proposed to be shifted to semester IV and in its place BT 507: Cell and Tissue Culture Technology is proposed to be introduced. BOT 509L

which is laboratory based is proposed to be modified to cater to the courses introduced/ replaced.

Further, the discipline elective courses are proposed to be offered for the first time in the third semester. Discipline elective course provides the opportunity to the students to select and study any discipline specific course of their choice from a pool of elective courses. The complete list of the discipline elective courses are given below in the point (d).

(d) In the fourth semester BOT 501: Advanced Horticulture and Ethnobotany is proposed to be replaced by BOT: Angiosperms, while BOT 503: Current Trends in Plant Biotechnology is proposed to be dropped, as the content of this paper is already present in other courses.

BOT 506: Plant Ecology and Biodiversity Conservation is proposed to be discontinued as the contents of this course will be covered in the proposed electives, ENVS 402 course of Elective-I and ENVS 502 course of Elective-II. BOT 508:

An online course, 'Plant Physiology and Taxonomy', (URLhttps://www.acs.edu.au/courses/botany-i-plant-physiology-and-taxonomy-199.aspx)

offered by ACS distance education is proposed as an alternative for the core course - BOT 508 Plant Physiology.

Plant Pathology is proposed to be shifted from third semester to the fourth semester. The laboratory based course, BOT 510L: Plant Science Lab is proposed to be modified.

Reading elective courses are proposed to be introduced for the first time in the fourth semester.

The following discipline elective courses are proposed to be introduced.

- Phycology-I
- Bryology-I
- Angiosperms Taxonomy and Systematics-I
- Phycology-II,
- Bryology-II,
- Angiosperms Taxonomy and Biosystematics-II
- Advanced Plant Biotechnology
- Plant Biotechnology (c.w. M.Sc. Biotechnology/ AMBT)
- Biophysics-I (Newly introduced c.w. M.Sc. Biotechnology/ AMBT/Animal Science / Physics)
- Ecology and Environment (c.w. M.Sc Env. Sci./M.Sc. Animal Science)
- Biophysics-II (c.w. M.Sc. Physics / Animal Science)

- Biodiversity and Conservation (c.w. M.Sc. Animal Science, Environmental Science)
- Fundamentals of Ecology for Sustainable Ecosystem (Online elective, c.w. M.Sc. Biotechnology/ AMBT/Animal Science)

https://www.extension.harvard.edu/academics/courses/fundamentals-ecology/12779.

The following reading elective courses are proposed to be offered in the fourth semester, viz.,

- Drug Discovery
- Human Genetics and Diseases
- Intellectual Property Rights
- Medical Microbiology
- Molecular Plant Breeding
- Protein Engineering

Additionally, the following online reading elective courses are also proposed to be offered in the fourth semester:

- Bio- organic Chemistry http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104103018/#
- Enzyme Science and Engineering http://freevideolectures.com/Course/85/Enzyme-Science-and-Engineering/1
- Biocatalysis in organic synthesis http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104105032/
- Comprehensive Disaster Risk Management Framework www.nidm.gov.in/online.asp
- General Course on Intellectual Property https://welc.wipo.int/acc/index.jsf?page=courseCatalog.xhtml
- Environmental Management An Introduction http://www.algonquincollege.com/ccol/courses/environmental-management-anintroduction/

Students can opt for any one reading elective course (either in regular mode or in online mode) as per the above-mentioned lists in the IV semester.

These courses will help in inculcating the habit of self study/reading amongst students.

Additionally, it is proposed that a students can opt for 1 Open (Generic) Elective as a credit course from any disciplines in Semester IV with prior permission of respective heads and time table permitting.

E-resources have been proposed for the theory courses and the list of recommended books has been updated. The BOS has recommended all the above mentioned modifications to the degree of M.Sc. Bioscience (Plant Science) for the third and fourth semester.

The proposed syllabus of M.Sc. Bioscience (Plant Science) fulfills the needs of students in terms of their acquaintance regarding classical botany, especially lower plant groups and also the recent advances in the subject.

The board also reviewed the Programme Educational Objectives, Programme outcomes and the Learning outcomes of the courses keeping in view the proposed modifications.

The proposed Programme Educational Objectives, Programme outcomes, modified syllabi and details of the online courses offered are included and marked as **Appendix-VA** (pages 326), **Appendix-VB** (pages 327), **Appendix–VC** (pages 328-413) and **Appendix -VD** (pages 414-415) respectively.

3. IIIC. M.Sc. Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology:

i.	First Semester Examination, December, 2019	Change ^a
ii.	Second Semester Examination, April/May, 2020	Change ^b
iii.	Third Semester Examination, December, 2020	Change ^c
iv.	Fourth Semester Examination, April/May, 2021	Change ^c

(a) In the first semester, the course BIO 403: Biochemistry and Biophysics is proposed to be replaced by 'Biochemistry'.

The syllabi of the courses 'Cell and Molecular Biology', 'General Microbiology', 'Bioinformatics', 'Analytical Techniques-I' and 'Bioscience Lab-I' are proposed to be updated.

(**b**) In the second semester, the courses 'Microbial Physiology' and Genetics', 'Genetic Engineering' and 'Microbial Technology Lab-I' are proposed to be modified.

BT 406 Enzymology and Enzyme technology is proposed to be discontinued in the present form. Some relevant protions of the syllabus of the course BT 406 Enzymology and Enzyme technology is proposed to be integrated with first semester core course 'Biochemistry'. Remaining part of the syllabus of course is updated and proposed to be offered in the third semester as an elective course named as 'Enzyme Technology'.

A new course 'Environmental Biology and Biotechnology' is proposed to be included as a core course. The syllabus of this new course is designed by updating the contents of the existing third semester course BIO 408: Environmental Biology and Toxicology and shifting it from the third semester in M.Sc. Bioscience and incorporating as a common course in M.Sc. Biotechnology, AMBT and Bioscience in the second semester. This proposed new course also incorporated some contents of the M.Sc. Biotechnology third semester core course BT 509 Environmental Biotechnology which is proposed to be discontinued.

The change was suggested to fulfil the need for emerging environmental concerns. The course BIO 411 Immunology which is running in the second semester of M.Sc. Biotechnology programme is proposed to be introduced in the second semester. The contents of the course BIO 411: Immunology are proposed to be modified and revised. The course BIO 413 Medical Microbiology and Immunology is proposed to be discontinued as the course content will be covered in the proposed 'Immunology' course.

(c) In the third semester, the course BT 522: Recombinant DNA Technology which is offered as a core course in the existing syllabus but now this course is proposed to be offered as an elective course. "Discipline Elective" course is proposed to be introduced in the third semester. Discipline elective course provides the opportunity to the students to select and study any discipline specific course of their choice from a pool of elective courses.

The core courses 'Bioprocess Engineering and Technology', and 'Microbial Ecology and Diversity' are proposed to be modified and updated.

BT507: Cell and Tissue Culture Technology is proposed to be discontinued.

'Critical Analysis of Classical Papers/ Landmark Discoveries' is proposed to be introduced in Seminar mode.

A new elective course 'Enzyme Technology' is proposed to be introduced incorporating relevant portions of the syllabus of the second semester course BT 406 "Enzymology and Enzyme Technology which is proposed to be discontinued.

The following list of elective courses is proposed to be offered in the third semester:

- Fundamentals of Bioentrepreneurship (Modified)
- Microbial Technology
- Food Process and Biotechnology (Modified)
- Genomics and Proteomics (Modified)
- Immunotechnology (Modified)
- Plant Biotechnology (Modified)
- Recombinant DNA Technology (Modified)
- Enzyme Technology (Newly introduced)
- Animal Biotechnology-I (Newly introduced)
- Biophysics-I (Newly introduced c.w. M.Sc. Biotechnology/ Animal Science /Plant Science/ Physics)

Additionally, the following online elective courses are also proposed to be offered in the third semester:

- Forensic Biology and Serology https://swayam.gov.in/course/264-forensic-biology-and-serology
- Water and Waste Treatment Engineering: Biochemical Technology https://www.edx.org/course/water-wastewater-treatment-engineering-tsinghuax-40050455-2x-0
- Industrial Biotechnology https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc17_bt23/preview https://swayam.gov.in/search?keyword=Industrial%20Biotechnology
- Fundamentals of Ecology for Sustainable Ecosystem https://www.extension.harvard.edu/academics/courses/fundamentalsecology/12779

Students can opt for any one elective course (either in regular mode or in online mode) as per the above mentioned lists.

The following reading electives are proposed to be newly offered in the third and fourth semesters, viz.,

- Drug Discovery
- Human Genetics and Diseases
- Intellectual Property Rights
- Medical Microbiology
- Molecular Plant Breeding
- Protein Engineering

Additionally, the following online reading elective courses are also proposed to be offered in the third and fourth semesters:

- Bio- organic Chemistry http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104103018/#
- Enzyme Science and Engineering http://freevideolectures.com/Course/85/Enzyme-Science-and-Engineering/1
- Biocatalysis in organic synthesis http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104105032/
- Comprehensive Disaster Risk Management Framework www.nidm.gov.in/online.asp
- General Course on Intellectual Property https://welc.wipo.int/acc/index.jsf?page=courseCatalog.xhtml
- Environmental Management An Introduction

http://www.algonquincollege.com/ccol/courses/environmental-management-an-introduction/

The reading electives are common for third and fourth semester. Students can opt for any one reading elective course (either in regular mode or in online mode) as per the above-mentioned lists in each of the III /IV semester.

These courses which will help in inculcating the habit of self study/ reading amongst students.

Additionally, it is proposed that a students can opt for 1 Open (Generic) Elective as a credit course from any disciplines in Semester III with prior permission of respective heads and time table permitting. E-resources have been proposed for the theory courses and the list of recommended books has been updated. All modifications have been done to suit the current requirements of various preparative exams and enhance the knowledge and skill component.

The board also reviewed the Programme Educational Objectives, Programme outcomes and the Learning outcomes of the courses keeping in view the proposed modifications. The proposed Programme Educational Objectives, Programme outcomes, modified syllabi and details of the online courses offered are included and marked as **Appendix-VIA** (pages 416), **Appendix-VIB** (pages 417), **Appendix–VIC** (pages 418-486) and **Appendix VID** (pages 487-489) respectively.

3. IIID M.Sc. Biotechnology:

i.	First Semester Examination, December, 2019	Change ^a
ii.	Second Semester Examination, April/May, 2020	Change ^b
iii.	Third Semester Examination, December, 2020	Change ^c
iv.	Fourth Semester Examination, April/May, 2021	Change ^d

(a) In the first semester, the course BIO 403: Biochemistry and Biophysics is proposed to be replaced by 'Biochemistry'.

The syllabi of the courses 'Cell and Molecular Biology', 'Microbiology', 'Bioinformatics', 'Analytical Techniques-I' and 'Bioscience Lab-I' are proposed to be updated.

(**b**) In the second semester, the courses 'Genetics', 'Genetic Engineering' and 'Bioscience Lab-II' are proposed to be modified.

BT 406: Enzymology and Enzyme technology is proposed to be discontinued in the present form. Some relevant protions of the syllabus of the course BT 406 Enzymology and Enzyme technology is proposed to be integrated with first semester core course 'Biochemistry'. Remaining part of the syllabus of course is updated and

proposed to be offered in the third semester as an elective course named as 'Enzyme Technology'.

A new course 'Environmental Biology and Biotechnology' is proposed to be included as a core course. The syllabus of this new course is designed by updating the contents of the existing third semester course BIO 408: Environmental Biology and Toxicology and shifting it from the third semester in M.Sc. Bioscience and incorporating as a common course in M.Sc. Biotechnology, AMBT and Bioscience in the second semester. This proposed new course also incorporated some contents of the M.Sc. Biotechnology third semester core course BT 509 Environmental Biotechnology which is proposed to be discontinued. The change was suggested to fulfil the need for emerging environmental concerns. The contents of the course BIO 411: Immunology are proposed to be updated.

(c) In the third semester, the course BT 522: Recombinant DNA Technology which is offered as a core course in the existing syllabus but now contents of this course have been modified and proposed to be offered as an elective course. "Discipline Elective" course is proposed to be introduced in the third semester. Discipline elective course provides the opportunity to the students to select and study any discipline specific course of their choice from a pool of elective courses.

The core courses 'Bioprocess Engineering and Technology', and 'Biotechnology Lab-I' are proposed to be modified. BT 509: Environmental Biotechnology which is a core course is proposed to be discontinued in the present form and with some updataion it is proposed to be reintroduced as a core course 'Environmental Biology and Biotechnology' in the second semester.

'Critical Analysis of Classical Papers/ Landmark Discoveries' is proposed to be introduced in Seminar mode.

The following is the list of elective courses that are proposed to be offered in the third semester:

- Fundamentals of Bioentrepreneurship (Modified)
- Microbial Technology
- Food Process and Biotechnology (Modified)
- Genomics and Proteomics (Modified)
- Immunotechnology (Modified)
- Plant Biotechnology (Modified)
- Recombinant DNA Technology (Modified)
- Enzyme Technology (Newly introduced)
- Animal Biotechnology-I (Newly introduced)
- Biophysics-I (Newly introduced c.w. M.Sc. AMBT/ Animal Science /Plant Science/ Physics)

Additionally, the following online elective courses are also proposed to be offered in the third semester:

- Forensic Biology and Serology https://swayam.gov.in/course/264-forensic-biology-and-serology
- Water and waste treatment engineering: Biochemical Technology https://www.edx.org/course/water-wastewater-treatment-engineering-tsinghuax-40050455-2x-0
- Industrial Biotechnology https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc17_bt23/preview https://swayam.gov.in/search?keyword=Industrial%20Biotechnology
- Fundamentals of Ecology for Sustainable Ecosystem https://www.extension.harvard.edu/academics/courses/fundamentalsecology/12779

Students can opt for any one elective course (either in regular mode or in online mode) as per the above mentioned lists.

- (d) The following reading electives are proposed to be newly offered in the third and the fourth semesters, viz.,
 - Drug Discovery
 - Human Genetics and Diseases
 - Intellectual Property Rights
 - Medical Microbiology
 - Molecular Plant Breeding
 - Protein Engineering

Additionally, the following online reading elective courses are also proposed to be offered in the third and fourth semester:

- Bio- organic Chemistry http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104103018/#
- Enzyme Science and Engineering http://freevideolectures.com/Course/85/Enzyme-Science-and-Engineering/1
- Biocatalysis in organic synthesis http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104105032/
- Comprehensive Disaster Risk Management Framework www.nidm.gov.in/online.asp
- General Course on Intellectual Property https://welc.wipo.int/acc/index.jsf?page=courseCatalog.xhtml
- Environmental Management An Introduction

http://www.algonquincollege.com/ccol/courses/environmental-management-an-introduction/

The reading electives are common for third and fourth semester. Students can opt for any one reading elective course (either in regular mode or in online mode) as per the above-mentioned lists in each of the III /IV semester.

These courses will help in inculcating the habit of self study/reading amongst students.

Additionally, it is proposed that a students can opt for 1 Open (Generic) Elective as a credit course from any disciplines in Semester III with prior permission of respective heads and time table permitting. E-resources have been proposed for the theory courses and the list of recommended books has been updated. All modifications have been done to suit the current requirements of various preparative exams and enhance the knowledge and skill component. The board also reviewed the Programme Educational Objectives, Programme outcomes of the programme and the Learning outcomes of the courses keeping in view the proposed modifications.

The proposed Programme Educational Objectives, Programme outcomes, modified syllabi and details of the online courses offered are included and marked as **Appendix-VIIA** (pages 490), **Appendix-VIIB** (pages 491), **Appendix–VIIC** (pages 492-568) **Appendix-VIID** (pages 569-571) respectively.

i.	First Semester Examination, December, 2019	Change ^a
ii.	Second Semester Examination, April/May, 2020	Change ^b
iii.	Third Semester Examination, December, 2020	Change ^c
iv.	Fourth Semester Examination, April/May, 2021	Change ^d

3. IIIE M.Sc. Bioinformatics:

(a) In the first semester, the course BIO 402: Basic Cell, molecular Biology and Biological Database is proposed to be replaced by BIO407: Cell and Molecular Biology (c.w.: M.Sc. BT/ AMBT/ Bioscience. I sem).

The course of MATH406: Introductory Mathematic' is proposed to be modified with inclusion of relevant content of Statistics.

The course STAT405: Statistical Techniques is proposed to be discontinued. 'Biological Databases' is proposed as new core course.

The course CS410: Computer Fundamentals and Perl Programming is proposed to be discontinued and a new course - 'Fundamentals of Computer and Programming' is proposed to be introduced.

The course STAT405L: Statistical Techniques Lab is proposed to be discontinued.

To provide wet lab training, the course BIO404L: Bioscience Lab I (c.w. MSc. BT/AMBT/Bioscience I sem) is proposed to be introduced.

The syllabi of the courses 'Structural Biology' and 'Computer Fundamentals and Programming Lab' is proposed to be updated.

(b) In the second semester, the courses BIN402: Computational Biology and Molecular Modeling', 'BIN403: Proteomics, Sequence Analysis and Systems Biology' 'CS412: Computer Networks and Web Technologies' and 'BIO413: Medical Microbiology and Immunology' are proposed to be discontinued.

The courses 'Algorithms in Computational Biology', 'Sequence Analysis and Phylogenetics', 'Programming with Perl and R' and 'Genetic Engineering (c.w. MSc. BT/AMBT/Biosc. II sem) ' are being proposed to be introduced and some of the relevant portions of the discontinued courses have been incorporated with suitable updations into these newly proposed courses. The modifications are suggested to fulfill the need for emerging technologies in bioinformatics.

(c) In third semester, the core courses BIN504: Evolutionary Computing, 'BIN502: Computer Aided Drug Designing', 'BIN505: Functional and Comparative Genomics', 'BIN508: Molecular Structure Prediction and Visualization' and 'BIN508L: Molecular Structure Prediction and Visualization Lab' are proposed to be discontinued.

The courses 'Biomolecular Modelling and Computational Drug Design' is proposed to be newly introduced.

The course 'Genomics and Proteomics' currently offered as a elective course in the IIIrd sem. in M.Sc. Biotechnology and M.Sc AMBT is proposed to be offered as a core course.

The courses 'RNA Structure Function and Transcriptomics' 'Biomolecular Modelling and Computational Drug Design Lab' are proposed to be newly introduced and some of the relevant portions of the discontinued courses have been incorporated with suitable updations into these newly proposed courses.

'Python Programming' and 'Python Programming Lab' are proposed as new core courses to meet the current demands of Bioinformatics in academia and industry.

The core course 'BIN507: Mining and Warehousing of Biological Data' is being proposed as to be run as an elective course.

The courses 'CS512: Cloud Computing', 'CS530: Neural Networks' and 'Systems Biology' are proposed to be retained as elective courses.

(d) In the fourth semester the course 'CS427: Parallel Computing' is proposed to be discontinued.

A full semester 'Project Dissertation' is proposed to be introduced to develop in depth knowledge of the subject and skill development for writing projects and reports among students.

The following reading electives are proposed to be introduced:

- BIN601R:Chemoinformatics' (previously run in M.Tech. Bioinformatics)
- BIN602:Immunoinformatics' (previously run in M.Tech. Bioinformatics)
- Human Genetics and Diseases (c.w. M.Tech. BT, M.Sc. AMBT, BT, Biosci)
- Drug Discovery (c.w. M.Tech. BT, M.Sc. AMBT, BT, Biosci)
- Protein Engineering (c.w. M.Tech. BT, M.Sc. AMBT, BT, Biosci).

These courses will help in inculcating the habit of self study/reading amongst students. E-resources have been proposed for the theory courses and the list of recommended books has been updated. All modifications have been done to suit the current requirements of various preparative exams and enhance the knowledge and skill component.

The board also reviewed the Programme Educational Objectives (**Appendix-VIIIA**, page no.572), Programme outcomes (**Appendix–VIIIB**, page no. 573) and the Learning outcomes of the courses keeping in view the proposed modifications.

The proposed course of study, curricula and scheme of examination of the M. Sc. Bioinformatics (2019-2020) programme is attached and marked as **Appendix-VIIIC**, page no. 574-633.

3. IV M.Tech. Biotechnology:

i.	First Semester Examination, December, 2019	Change ^a
ii.	Second Semester Examination, April/May, 2020	Change ^b
iii.	Third Semester Examination, December, 2020	Change ^c
iv.	Fourth Semester Examination, April/May, 2021	Change ^c

 (a) In the first semester, the courses 'Biological Databases and Computational Biology', 'Advanced Cell Biology', 'Biotechnology Lab – I' are proposed to be updated with more relevant topics.

The course "Bioprocess Engineering-I" is proposed to be discontinued.

An elective course 'Elective-I' is proposed to be introduced.

Term paper-I/Minor project is proposed to be introduced in the first semester. The term paper essentially will help to enhance the critical thinking, writing and communication skills of the students. The core course BT 511: 'Enzyme Technology' of the first semester is proposed to be offered as an elective course.

(b) The contents of the second semester core course BT 503: "Bioprocess Engineering-II" and first semester core course BT 502: "Bioprocess engineering-I" are proposed to be merged and modified, and offered as new course named as "Bioprocess engineering" in the second semester of the programme.

Another elective course named as 'Elective-II' is proposed to be introduced. Term paper-II/Minor project is also proposed to be introduced in the second semester. The course BT 516: 'Immunotechnology' is proposed to be offered as an elective course. In the second semester, core course BT 520: 'Plant and Animal Cell Culture Technology' is proposed to be discontinued.

The contents of the course 'Genetic Manipulation Technology' are proposed to be rearranged in all the sections with incorporation of new and relevant topics. In the course 'Biotechnology Lab - II', the modifications in the practical exercises are proposed to properly categorize and introduce relevant experiments. The contents of the elective paper 'Food Biotechnology', is proposed to be updated with the removal of some repetitive portions.

The complete lists of elective courses proposed to be offered in the first and second semester are as follows:

- Computer Aided Drug Designing
- Elements of Bioinformatics
- Structural Biology
- Bioentrepreneurship
- Cancer Biology
- Environmental Biotechnology
- Food Biotechnology (Modified)
- Medical Biotechnology
- Nanobiotechnology
- Enzyme Technology (Newly introduced)
- Immunotechnology (Newly introduced)

Additionally, it is proposed that a student can opt for 1 Open (Generic) Elective as a credit course from any disciplines in Semester II with prior permission of respective heads and time table permitting.

- (c) The reading electives viz., BIO 601R: Biodiversity and Conservation, BIO 602R: Bioethics, Biosafety and IPR and BT 604R: Renewable Energy Sources, which were offered in the third and fourth semesters are proposed to be replaced with newly introduced and more relevant reading electives viz.:
 - Drug Discovery,
 - Human Genetics and Diseases,
 - Intellectual Property Rights,

- Medical Microbiology,
- Molecular Plant Breeding and
- Protein Engineering.

Additionally, the following online reading elective courses are also proposed to be offered in the third and fourth semester:

Downstream Processing

http://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/102106022

- Mass Spectrometry based Proteomics https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc15_bt05/preview https://swayam.gov.in/search?keyword=Mass%20spectrometry%20based%20proteom ics
- Bioreactor

https://swayam.gov.in/course/1339-bioreactors

The above courses will help in inculcating the habit of self study/reading in students. Moreover, the books of all the theory and practical papers have been updated following same format and e-resources have been introduced. E-resources have been proposed for the theory courses and the list of recommended books has been updated. The BOS has recommended all the above mentioned modifications to the degree of M. Tech. Biotechnology. The proposed syllabus of M. Tech. Biotechnology would fulfill the needs of students in terms of their knowledge of fundamental concepts and latest developments in the field of biotechnology. The board also reviewed the Programme Educational Objectives, Programme outcomes of the programme and the Learning outcomes of the courses keeping in view the proposed modifications.

The proposed Programme Educational Objectives, Programme outcomes, modified syllabi and details of the online courses offered are included and marked as **Appendix-VIIIA** (pages 572), **Appendix-VIIIB** (pages 573), **Appendix-VIIIC** (pages 574-621), **Appendix-VIIID** (pages 622) respectively.

3. V Certificate Course in Molecular Modeling and Drug Designing

The Convener briefed the board of the objectives for introducing the Certificate Course in Molecular Modeling and Drug Designing in the department. The Course is structured to provide theoretical and practical knowledge of computational methods used in biomolecular studies and the drug discovery programs to the students with background in biology, chemistry and pharmaceutical sciences. Further, this course also includes computer programming in order to enable the students to solve complex biological problems computationally. Theoretical introduction to drugable targets and biomolecular structures helps in understanding the complexities in drug discovery process. The hands on experiences with software and programming further augment the skills to take on the challenges of drug discovery. The external experts appreciated the proposed certificate course and mentioned that the students trained could have better placement opportunity in the pharmaceutical industries as well as in research programmes. The proposed syllabus is included and marked as **Appendix** –**X** (pages –685-689).

3. VI Diploma in Computational Biology

The Convener briefed the board of the objectives for introducing the Diploma Course in Computational Biology in the department. The course has been structured to provide theoretical and practical knowledge of computational methods, used in the era of molecular biology, to the students without any prior knowledge of Bioinformatics. Theoretical introduction to computational biology methods will help in understanding the complexities in drug discovery process, sequence analysis and phylogenetic reconstruction. The hands on experiences with relevant software and programming further augment the skills to take on the current challenges of molecular biology research and pharmaceutical industries. The external experts appreciated the proposed certificate course and were of the opinion that the students trained could have better placement opportunity in the pharmaceutical industries as well be absorbed in various research programmes. The proposed syllabus is included and marked as **Appendix** – **XI** (pages 690-696).

A complete list of newly proposed online courses in the abovementioned courses viz., B.Tech. Biotechnology, M.Sc. Bioscience (Animal Science), M.Sc. Bioscience (Plant Science), M.Sc. Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology, M.Sc. Biotechnology, M.Tech. Biotechnology is enlisted below:

S. No	Online Course Name	URL	
B.Te	B.Tech. Biotechnology VIII Semester		
1.	Bioreactor	https://swayam.gov.in/course/1339-	
		bioreactors	
2.	Principles of Downstream	http://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/102106048/	
	techniques in Bioprocess		
3.	Industrial Biotechnology	https://www.coursera.org/learn/industrial-	
		biotech	
M.S	M.Sc. Bioscience (Animal Science, Plant Science) III Semester		
1.	Fundamentals of Ecology for	https://www.extension.harvard.edu/academi	
	Sustainable Ecosystem	cs/courses/fundamentals-ecology/12779	

Table-1: List of proposed online elective courses

S. No	Online Course Name	URL	
M.S	M.Sc. Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology, Biotechnology III Semester		
1.	Forensic Biology and Serology	https://swayam.gov.in/course/264-forensic- biology-and-serology	
2.	Water and waste treatment engineering: Biochemical Technology	https://www.edx.org/course/water- wastewater-treatment-engineering- tsinghuax-40050455-2x-0	
3.	Industrial Biotechnology	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc17_bt23 /preview https://swayam.gov.in/search?keyword=Ind ustrial%20Biotechnology	
4.	Fundamentals of Ecology for Sustainable Ecosystem	https://www.extension.harvard.edu/academi cs/courses/fundamentals-ecology/12779	

 Table-2: List of proposed online reading elective courses

S. No.	Online Course Name	URL
B.Tech. Biotechnology VII Semester		
1.	Drug Discovery	https://www.coursera.org/learn/drug-
		discovery
2.	Proteins and Gel-Based	https://swayam.gov.in/course/1386-proteins-
	Proteomics	and-gel-based-proteomics
3.	Online course on IPR	http://www.ili.ac.in/e-learnIPR.htm
M.Sc	. Bioscience (Animal Science, P	lant Science), Applied Microbiology and
Biote	chnology, Biotechnology - IV Seme	ester
1.	Bio- organic Chemistry	http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104103018/#
2.	Enzyme Science and Engineering	http://freevideolectures.com/Course/85/Enzy
		me-Science-and-Engineering/1
3.	Biocatalysis in organic synthesis	http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104105032/
4.	Comprehensive Disaster Risk	www.nidm.gov.in/online.asp
	Management Framework	
5.	DL101E - DL-101 General	https://welc.wipo.int/acc/index.jsf?page=cour
	Course on Intellectual Property	seCatalog.xhtml
6.	Environmental Management - An	http://www.algonquincollege.com/ccol/cours
	Introduction	es/environmental-management-an-i
M.Te	ch. Biotechnology III & IV Semest	er
1.	Downstream Processing	http://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/102106022/
2.	Mass spectrometry based	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc15_bt05/
	proteomics	preview
		https://swayam.gov.in/search?keyword=Mas
		s%20spectrometry%20based%20proteomics
3.	Bioreactor	https://swayam.gov.in/course/1339-
		bioreactors

 Table-3: List of proposed online alternative core courses

S.No.	Online Course Name	URL
IIIB	. M.Sc. Bioscience-Plant Science IV	Semester - BOT 508: Plant Physiology
1.	Plant Physiology and Taxonomy	https://www.acs.edu.au/courses/botany-i-
		plant-physiology-and-taxonomy-199.aspx

5. The Board noted the Curriculum for the courses running in the other programmes of the Vidyapith. The courses which are proposed to be modified/ updated/ discontinued are reviewed under point number 3 above.

6. The board considered the reports of examiners in various examinations of 2017-2018. Most of the examiners found the content of answers satisfactory or good and overall were quite satisfied with the performance of the students. In a few cases, wherever necessary, the reports were brought to the notice of concerned teachers so that corrective measures could be taken.

7. In view of the note of the Vice-Chancellor regarding the standard of the question papers, the Board examined the question papers of periodical test and annual examinations of the session 2017-18.

The question papers were thoroughly studied by the various subject teachers and it was observed that quality of question papers has not deteriorated in the session 2017-18 visà-vis the previous years. At UG level, on an average, more than 80% questions belong to either High (Excellent) or Medium (Good) category. Similarly, at PG level too, the results are nearly same.

The analysis of the question papers summarized in **Appendix XIIA** (pages 697-698) and details given in various tables and figures **Appendix XIIB** (UG, pages 699-723), **Appendix XIIC** (PG, pages 724-732) and **Appendix XIID** (PG Bioinformatics, pages 733-736).

The meeting ended with vote of thanks.



BANASTHALI VIDYAPITH Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology B.Sc. BIOSCIENCE PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES

The B.Sc. Bioscience programme aims at holistic development of the students through the innovative and comprehensive educational ideology of Banasthali Vidyapith.

This course include exposure to many core subjects of botany, zoology and chemistry and aims to provide an understanding of fundamental biological processes such as metabolism, homeostasis, reproduction, development and genetics of plants and animals. The basic and advanced understanding of relationships between form and function of biological structures at the molecular, cellular, organismal, population and ecosystem levels of the biological hierarchy will enable overall understanding of the subject. The necessary competencies in the respective areas for which all essential theoretical, practical and field based skills will be provided.

On completion of the Programme, students will be able to:

- gain in depth knowledge of all core subjects of biosciences
- develop independent learning abilities and analytical thinking through problem-based assignments, exams and laboratory exercises
- understand a scientific problem and conduct experiments that would make a substantial contribution to its solution
- apply knowledge and understanding in order to initiate and carry out an extended piece of work or project for societal benefit
- develop team work and awareness amongst students towards the importance of multidisciplinary approach for problem solving skills in biological sciences
- train the students for attainment of technical skills, intellectual capability with exposure to modern technologies to serve as an individual or as a team leader in industries
- raise sensitivity to professional ethical codes of conduct, social values and respect for all
- create awareness among students about conservation and sustainability of environment.



BANASTHALI VIDYAPITH Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology B.Sc. BIOSCIENCE PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

PO1: Biosciences knowledge: Obtain in depth knowledge of morphology, taxonomy, evolution and genetics of the algae, fungi, bryophyates, pteridophytes, gymnosperm, angiosperm plants, invertebrates and vertebrates animals.

PO2: Planning ability: Demonstrate effective planning abilities including time management, resource management and organizational skills. Develop and implement plans and organize work to meet deadlines.

PO3: Problem analysis: Develop the ability to think originally, conceptually, design experiments, conduct experiments, draw important conclusions form obtained data and to use integrated approaches for solving biological problem.

PO4: Modern tool usage: Apply appropriate methods, resources and computational tools with an understanding of their limitations.

PO5: Leadership skills: Develop potential among students in biosciences who can excel as leaders in entrepreneurship, industry and management

PO6: Professional identity: As biologist, fulfill the needs of society for solving technical, medical, agricultural and environmental problems using biological principles, tools and practices in an ethical and responsible manner.

PO7: Hands-on training: Gain hands-on experience in a number of the practical methods and techniques used in biological research. Expertise in the operation of biological instruments, adherence to laboratory safety standards and good practices.

PO8: Bioethics: Develop ethics in biological sciences, including confidentiality and scientific accountability. Apply bioethical principles and commit to professional ethics, responsibilities, and norms of biological science practices.

PO9: Communication: Ability to express effectively, write effective reports, design documentation, make effective presentations, give and receive clear instructions and effectively communicate with professional bodies.

PO10: Environment and sustainability: Understand impact of biological sciences based solutions in society in the context of environment and demonstrate knowledge of, and need for sustainability.

PO11: Life-long learning: Ability to recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broad context of biological changes.

Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology, Banasthali Vidyapith

B.Sc. Bioscience Programme

	Existing Courses							Proposed Courses				
	B. Sc. Bioscience I Sem.	L	Т	Р		С		B. Sc. Bioscience I Sem.	L	Т	Р	С
BOT 101 :	Algae, Fungi, Bryophyta, Pteridophyta and Gymnosperms (CW B.Sc Biotech BOT 101)	6	0	0		6	BOT	Algae, Fungi, Bryophyta, Pteridophyta and Gymnosperms (CW B.Sc Biotech BOT 101)	6	0	0	6
BOT 101L:	Algae, Fungi, Bryophyta, Pteridophyta and Gymnosperms Lab (CW B.Sc Biotech BOT 101 L)	0	0	4		2	BOT L	Algae, Fungi, Bryophyta, Pteridophyta and Gymnosperms Lab (CW B.Sc Biotech BOT 101 L)	0	0	4	2
ZOO 102:	Taxonomy, Classification & Evolution	6	0	0		6	ZOO	Taxonomy, Classification and Evolution	6	0	0	6
ZOO 102L:	Taxonomy, Classification & Evolution Lab	0	0	4		2	ZOO L	Taxonomy, Classification and Evolution Lab	0	0	4	2
	Total	12	0	8		16		Total	12	0	8	16
	Existing Courses							Proposed Courses				
	B. Sc. Bioscience II Sem.	L	Т	Р		С		B. Sc. Bioscience II Sem.	L	Т	Р	С
BOT 102 :	Angiosperm Anatomy, Embryology and Tissue Culture	6	0	0		6	BOT 102 :	OT 102 : Angiosperms Anatomy, Embryology and Tissue Culture		0	0	6
BOT 102L:	Angiosperm Anatomy, Embryology and Tissue Culture Lab	0	0	4		2	BOT 102L:	Angiosperms Anatomy, Embryology and Tissue Culture Lab	0	0	4	2
ZOO 101:	Non Chordates and Protochordates (CW B.Sc Biotechnology ZOO 101)	6	0	0		6	ZOO	Non Chordates and Protochordates (CW B.Sc. Biotechnology ZOO 101)	6	0	0	6
ZOO 101L:	Non Chordates and Protochordates Lab (CW B.Sc Biotechnology ZOO 101L)	0	0	4		2	ZOO L	Non Chordates and Protochordates Lab (CW B.Sc. Biotechnology ZOO 101L)	0	0	4	2
	Total	12	0	8		16		Total	12	0	8	16
	Existing Courses							Proposed Courses				
	B. Sc. Bioscience III Sem.							B. Sc. Bioscience III Sem.	L	Т	Р	С
BOT 201:	Angiosperm, Taxonomy and Economic Botany (CW B.Sc Biotech BOT 201)	6	0	0		6	BOT	Angiosperms Taxonomy and Economic Botany (CW B.Sc. Biotech BOT 201)	6	0	0	6
BOT 201L:	Angiosperm, Taxonomy and Economic Botany Lab (CW B.Sc Biotech BOT 201 L)	0	0	4		2	BOT L	Angiosperms Taxonomy and Economic Botany Lab (CW B.Sc. Biotech BOT 201 L)	0	0	4	2
ZOO 201:	Cell Biology, Molecular Biology, Histology & Genetics	6	0	0		6	ZOO	Cell Biology, Molecular Biology, Histology and Genetics	6	0	0	6
ZOO 201L:	Cell Biology, Molecular Biology, Histology & Genetics Lab	0	0	4		2	ZOO L	Cell Biology, Molecular Biology, Histology and Genetics Lab	0	0	4	2
	Total	12	0	8		16		Total	12	0	8	16
	Existing Syllabus							Proposed Courses				
	B. Sc. Bioscience IV Sem.	L	Т	Р		С		B. Sc. Bioscience IV Sem.	L	Т	Р	С
BOT 202:	Microbiology and Plant Pathology	6	0	0	T	6	BOT	Microbiology and Plant Pathology	6	0	0	6
BOT 202L:	Microbiology and Plant Pathology Lab	0	0	4	T	2	BOT L	Microbiology and Plant Pathology Lab	0	0	4	2
ZOO 202:	Comparative Anatomy and Embryology of Chordates (CW B.Sc Biotechnology ZOO 202)	6	0	0		6	ZOO 202:	Comparative Anatomy and Embryology of Chordates (CW B.Sc. Biotechnology ZOO 202)	6	0	0	6

ZOO 202L:	Comparative Anatomy and Embryology of Chordates Lab	0	0	4	2
	(CW B.Sc Biotechnology ZOO 202L)				
	Total	12	0	8	16

	Existing Courses									
	B. Sc. Bioscience V Sem.									
			0							
5.1:	Plant Physiology and Ecology (CW B.Sc Biotech 5.1)	6	0	0	6					
5.2:	Plant Physiology and Ecology Lab (CW B.Sc Biotech Lab 5.2)	0	0	4	2					
5.1:	Environmental Biology	6	0	0	6					
5.2:	Environmental Biology Lab	0	0	4	2					
	Analytical Lab Practice-I	0	0	4	2					
	Total	12	0	12	18					

ZOO L	Comparative Anatomy and Embryology of Chordates Lab (CW B.Sc. Biotechnology ZOO 202L)	0	0	4	2
	Total	12	0	8	16

	Proposed Courses									
	B. Sc. Bioscience V Sem.									
BOT	BOT Botany Elective I									
BOT L	Botany Elective I Lab	0	0	4	2					
ZOO	Zoology Elective I	6	0	0	6					
ZOO L	Zoology Elective I Lab	0	0	4	2					
	Total	12	0	8	16					

	Existing Syllabus							
	B. Sc. Bioscience VI Sem.							
6.1:	Introduction to Genetics and Genetic Engineering	6	0	0	6			
6.2:	Genetics and Genetic Engineering Lab	Genetics and Genetic Engineering Lab						
6.1:	Animal Physiology (CW B.Sc Biotechnology 6.3)				0	6		
6.2:	Animal Physiology Lab (CW B.Sc Biotechnology 6.4	·)	0	0	4	2		
	Analytical Lab Practice-II		0	0	4	2		
	Total		12	0	12	18		
	Syllabus modified							
	Course discontinued							

New course introduced

Proposed Courses									
	B. Sc. Bioscience VI Sem. L T P C								
BOT	DT Botany Elective II								
BOT L	Botany Elective II Lab	0	0	4	2				
ZOO	Zoology Elective II	6	0	0	6				
ZOO L	Zoology Elective II Lab	0	0	4	2				
	Total	12	0	8	16				

Proposed List of Discipl	ine Elective courses to be offered in V & VI Semester	L	Т	Р	С			
List of Discipline Electives I & II (Botany)								
BOT 302/ BOT 302L	Introduction to Genetics and Genetic Engineering	6	0	4	8			
BOT 303/ BOT 303L	OT 303/ BOT 303L Plant Physiology and Ecology		0	4	8			
BOT / BOT L	Ethnobotany		0	4	8			
BOT / BOT L	Horticulture	6	0	4	8			
Proposed List of Discipl	ine Electives I & II (Zoology)							
ZOO 301/ZOO 301L	Animal Physiology	6	0	4	8			
ZOO302/ZOO 302L	Environmental Biology and Biostatistics	6	0	4	8			
ZOO / ZOO L	Developmental Biology		0	4	8			
ZOO / ZOO L	ZOO / ZOO L Applied Zoology				8			

S No	. Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	c. Bioscience I S			Suggester Sjanous	
B. S 1.	BOT 101: Algae, Fungi, Bryophyta, Pteridophyta and Gymnosperms	 On completion of the course students will be able to: Acquaint with the general characters and classification of cryptogams and phanerogames. Understand the evolutionary relationship among lower to higher plant species with 	 Unit 1 Algae: Classification, General account with special reference to Anabaena, Oscillatoria, Volvox, Chlamydomonas, Chara, Oedogonium, Ectocarpus, Polysiphonia. Economic importance of Algae. Unit 2 Fungi: Classification, General account with special reference to Albugo, Aspergillus, Erysiphe, Puccinia, Ustilago and Alternaria. Economic importance of Fungi. Unit 3 Bryophytes: Classification, General account with special reference to important features in the life cycles of Riccia, Marchantia, Anthoceros and Mosses: Funaria, Carlo 	 Unit 1 Algae: Classification, general account with special reference to <i>Anabaena</i>, <i>Oscillatoria</i>, <i>Volvox</i>, <i>Chara</i>, <i>Oedogonium</i>, <i>Ectocarpus</i>, <i>Polysiphonia</i>. Economic importance of algae. Unit 2 Fungi: Classification, general account with special reference to <i>Albugo</i>, <i>Aspergillus</i>, <i>Puccinia</i>, <i>Ustilago</i> and <i>Alternaria</i>. Economic importance of fungi. Unit 3 Bryophytes: Classification, general account with special reference to important features in the life cycles of <i>Riccia</i>, <i>Marchantia</i>, <i>Anthoceros</i> and Mosses: <i>Funaria</i>, <i>Sphagnum</i>. 	
		 differentiating characteristics. Appreciate and understand economic importance and application of every 	 Sphagnum. Unit 4 Pteridophytes: Classification, General account, Evolution of steler systems, apospory, apogamy and seed habit. Outline of life cycle of Selaginella, Equisetum and Marsilea. Unit 5 	 Unit 4 Pteridophytes: Classification, general account, evolution of steler systems, apospory, apogamy and seed habit. Outline of life cycle of <i>Selaginella</i>, <i>Equisetum</i> and <i>Marsilea</i>. Unit 5 	
		group of plants.	 Gymnosperms: Classification and Evolution, Distribution with special reference to Indian Gymnosperms. Special features in life cycle of <i>Cycas</i>, <i>Pinus</i> and <i>Ephedra</i>. Economic importance. Books Recommended: College Botany Vol. II: Ganguli. A Text Book of Botany Vol. I & II: Saxena & Sarabhai, Ratan Prakash Mandir, Agra. Text Book of Fungi: J.S.Gupta, Oxford & IBH, New Delhi. Introduction to Fungi: J. Webster, Cambridge University Press and McMillan, New York 	 Gymnosperms: Classification and evolution, distribution with special reference to Indian gymnosperms. Special features in life cycle of <i>Cycas</i>, <i>Pinus</i> and <i>Ephedra</i>. Economic importance. Suggested Books: Alam, A. (2015). <i>Text book of Bryophyta</i>. New Delhi: I K International Publishers. Alexopoulus, C. (1979). <i>Introductory Mycology</i>. New York: John Wiley & amp; Sons. Bhatia, K. (1975). <i>A Treatise on Algae</i>. New Delhi: S. Chand & Company. Biswas, C., & Johri, B.M. (2010). <i>Gymnosperm</i>. 	

Comparative Table: B.Sc. Bioscience: Existing and Modified syllabus, Suggested Books and Suggested e-Resources

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			> Bryophyta & Pteridophyta: N.S. Parihar, Central Book	Springer-Verlag Berlin and Heidelberg GmbH & Co. KG	
			Depot, Allahabad.	Chamberlian, C.J. (1919). <i>Morphology of Gymnosperms</i> .	
			➢ Introductory Mycology: C.M Alexopoulus, John Wiley	Allahabad: Central Book Depot.	
			& Sons, New York.	Chapman, V.J. (2013). An Introduction to the Study of	
			▶ Introduction to Fungi: H.C. Dubey, Vikas Publishing	Algae. UK: Cambridge University Press.	
			House.	Dubey, H.C. (2011). Introduction to Fungi. India: Vikas	
			> Bryophyta: B.R. Vashistha, S. Chand Publication, New	Publishing House.	
			Delhi.	Dutta, S.C. (1967). Introduction to Gymnosperms. Asia	
			> Pteridophyta: P.C. Vashistha, S. Chand Publication,	Publishing House.	
			New Delhi.	Ganguli, H.C., Das, K.S., & Dutta C. (2011). College	
			Morphology of Pteridophytes: K.R. Sporne. B.I.	Botany Vol. I. India: New Central Book Agency.	
			Publications, New Delhi.	► Kumar, H.D. (1999). Introductory Phycology. New	
			➢ Botany (For degree students) − Part III Bryophyta: B.R.	Delhi: Affiliated East-West.	
			Vashishtha., S. Chand & Co. Ltd., New Delhi.	Parihar, N.S. (1956). <i>Bryophyta Pteridophyta</i> . Allahabad:	
			► A Treatise on Algae: K.N. Bhatia, S. Chand &	Central Book Depot.	
			Company, New Delhi.	Rashid, A. (1999). An Introduction to Pteridophyta. New	
			Algae: V. J. Chapman and D. J. Chapman, The English	Delhi: Vikas publications.	
			language Book Society.	Saxena, S. (2000). A text book of Botany (Vol. I & II).	
			> Introductory Phycology: H.D. Kumar, Affiliated East-	Agra: Ratan Prakash Mandir.	
			West, New Delhi.	Sharma, O.P., & Gupta, R.C. (2010). <i>Text Book of Fungi</i> .	
			An Introduction to Pteridophyta: A. Rashid, Vikas, New	IBH. New Delhi, India: Vedams eBooks (P) Ltd.	
			Delhi	Sporne, K.R. (1966). Morphology of Pteridophytes.	
			▶ Introduction to Gymnosperms: S.C. Dutta, Asia,	London: Hutchinson University Library.	
			Bombay.	Vashistha, B.R., & Sinha, A.K. (2010). Botany for	
			Gymnosperms: P.C. Vashistha, S. Chand and Company,	Degree Students-Algae. New Delhi: S. Chand	
			New Delhi.	Publication.	
			Morphology of Gymnosperms: J.M. Coulter and C.J.	Vashistha, B.R., & Sinha, A.K. (2016). Botany for	
			Chamberlian, Central Book Depot, Allahabad.	Degree Students-Fungi. New Delhi: S. Chand	
			Text Book of Gymnosperm, G.L. Chopra.	Publication.	
			University Botany I, S.M. Reddy, New Age Publisher.	Vashistha, B.R., Sinha, A.K., & Kumar, A. (1987).	
				Botany for Degree classes- Gymnosperms. New Delhi: S.	
				Chand Publication.	
				Vashistha, B.R., Sinha, A.K., & Kumar, A. (2010).	
				Botany for Degree Students-Bryophyta. New Delhi: S.	
				Chand Publication.	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
5110.				 Vashisthai, B.R., & Vashistha, P.C. (1987). Botany for Degree Students Pteridophyta. New Delhi: S. Chand Publication. Webster, J., & Weber, R. (2007) Introduction to Fungi. New York: Cambridge University Press. Suggested e-Resources: Bryophytes: General account, classification and structure http://nsdl.niscair.res.in/jspui/bitstream/123456789/150/1 /BRYOPHYTES%20.pdf Gymnosperms http://www- plb.ucdavis.edu/courses/bis/1c/text/Chapter24nf.pdf Pteridophytes http://nsdl.niscair.res.in/jspui/bitstream/123456789/556/1 /PTERIDOPHYTES%20april609%20-%20formatted.pdf 	
2.	and	will be able to:Identify bryophyte and pteridophyte.Interpret the	 Study of Algae and Fungi as mentioned in the syllabus (museum specimen of the affected plants and permanent prepared slides). Study of vegetative and reproductive parts in <i>Selaginella, Equisetum</i> and <i>Marsilea</i>. Study of vegetative and reproductive parts in <i>Riccia,</i> <i>Marchantia, Anthoceros</i> and <i>Funaria</i>. 	 BOT 101L Study of algae and fungi as mentioned in the syllabus (museum specimen of the affected plants and permanent prepared slides). Study of vegetative and reproductive parts in <i>Selaginella</i>, <i>Equisetum</i> and <i>Marsilea</i>. Study of vegetative and reproductive parts in <i>Riccia</i>, <i>Marchantia</i>, <i>Anthoceros</i> and <i>Funaria</i> by the preparation of temporary slides. 	
3.	ZOO 102:	On completion of	Unit 1	Unit 1	
	Taxonomy,	the course, students		• Basic concept of taxonomy and systematics: Terms,	The principal animal

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	Classification	will be able to:	definition, contribution and role of systematics.	definition, contribution and role of systematics.	phyla are specified
	and Evolution	•Gain fundamental	• Zoological Classification: International code of zoological	• Zoological classification: International code of zoological	because in some books
		understanding of	nomenclature, principles of nomenclature, kinds of	nomenclature, principles of nomenclature, kinds of	other principal lower
		the taxonomy and	classification, Linnaean hierarchy.	classification, Linnaean hierarchy.	non chordates and
		systematics.	Unit 2	Unit 2	higher non chordates
		•Describe salient	• Distinguishing characters and classification up to orders	• Distinguishing characters and classification up to orders	are mentioned such as
		features and	(excluding extinct forms) of the followings:	(excluding extinct forms) of the followings:	ectoprocta,
			• Lower non-chordates.	• Lower non-chordates (protozoa, porifera, coelenterata,	ctenophora,
			• Higher non-chordates.	platyhelminthes & nematods).	acanthocephala,
		invertebrates and	• Protochordates.	• Higher non-chordates (annelida, arthropoda, mollusca and	rotifera and
		protochordates.		echinodermata).	brachiopoda etc are
		•Develop a better		• Protochordates.	also mentioned.
		understanding	Unit 3	Unit 3	
		about classical and	• Lamarckism, Neo Lamarckism, Darwinism and Neo		
		modern theories of	Darwinism	Darwinism.	
		evolution along	• Theory of Mutation with special reference to		
		with factors	chromosomal aberrations and gene mutations.	aberrations and gene mutations.	
		affecting evolution and detail of	• Modern synthetic theory of evolution.	• Modern synthetic theory of evolution.	
		evolution of man,	Unit 4	Unit 4	
		camel and horse.	• Evidences in favour of organic evolution.	• Evidences in favour of organic evolution.	
		cumer and norse.		• Role of variations, adaptation, speciation and isolation in	
			the process of evolution.	the process of evolution.	
			• Fossils: Formation of fossils, kinds of fossils,		
			significance of the study of fossils.	of the study of fossils.	
			Unit 5	Unit 5	
			• Genetic basis of evolution including Hardy-Weinberg's law.	ç ; ç	
				law.	
			• Geological time scale and the distribution of animals in time and space	e	
			time and space.	time and space.	
			• Evolution of man, horse and camel.	• Evolution of man, horse and camel.	
			Recommended Books :	Suggested Books:	
			Principles of Systematics: Erenst Mayr, New Delhi, TMH.	Arora, M.P., & Arora, H. (2013). A Textbook of Organic Evolution. New Delhi: Himalaya Publishing House.	
			 Invertebrates: R. L. Kotpal, Rastogi Publications, 		
			Meerut.	<i>Introduction to General Zoology</i> Vol-II. Kolkata: New	
				Introduction to General Zoology vol-11. Kolkata: New	

S No.	. Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			➢ Invertebrate Zoology: S.N. Prasad, Allahabad : Kitab	Central Book Agency.	
			Mahal.	➤ Ghoshe, K.C., & Manna, B. (2012). Fundamentals of	
			Invertebrate Zoology: H.C.Nigam, Delhi, S. Nagin.	Zoology. Kolkata: New Central Book Agency.	
			Organic Evolution: V.B. Rastogi, Ram Nath Kedar Nath,	➤ Kapoor, V.C. (2018). Theory & Practice of Animal	
			Meerut.	Taxonomy and Biodiversity (8th ed.). New Delhi: CBS	
			> Organic Evolution: M.P. Arora, Himalaya Publishing	Publishers & Distributors.	
			House.	➤ Kotpal, R.L. (2014). Modern Textbook of Zoology:	
				Invertebrates (11 th ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publications.	
				Mayr, E., & Ashlock, P.D. (1991). Principles of	
				Systematic Zoology (2nd ed.). New Delhi: McGraw-Hill	
				College.	
1				▶ Nigam, H.C. (2013). Biology of Non-Chordates. New	
				Delhi: Vishal Publishing Co.	
				Prasad, S.N., & Kashyap, V. (2012). A text book of	
				Invertebrate Zoology (14 th ed.). New Delhi: New Age	
				International (P) Limited.	
				> Rastogi, V.B. (2016). Organic Evolution $(1^{st} ed.)$.	
				Medtech.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				Taxonomy & classification	
				http://www.austincc.edu/sziser/Biol%201413/LectureNo	
				tes/lnexamI/taxonomyClassification.pdf	
				http://www.iaszoology.com/zoological-nomenclature/	
				> Evolution	
				http://www.iaszoology.com/category/evolution/	
				> Origin of life	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/122103039/10	
				Chromosomal mutations http://www.wew.edu/_coursels/211Chromosomal// 200 /ut	
				http://www.wou.edu/~guralnl/311Chromosomal%20Mut	
				ations.pdf	
				https://facultystaff.richmond.edu/~lrunyenj/bio554/lectn	
				otes/chapter9.pdf	
				Invertebrate phyla https://www.slideshare.pat/godby.huml/l/dn/onimal	
				https://www.slideshare.net/godhxbwnkkdn/animal-	
				diversity-zoology-notes	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				Geological time scale	
				http://geoscience.msc.sa.edu.au/library/3-	
4	700 100			3%20Geological%20Timescale.pdf	T 11
4.	ZOO 102L:	On completion of		1. Study of museum specimens:	The laboratory
	Taxonomy, Classification	the course, students will be able to:	Protozoa: <i>Paramecium</i> .	Porifera: Sycon, Hyalonema, Euspongia.	course ZOO 102L is
	and Evolution		• Porifera: Sponge spicules, spongin fibers and	• Coelenterata: <i>Porpita, Velella, Gorgonia, Pennatula,</i>	proposed to be
	Lab	• Identify and characterize	gemmule.	Alcyonium, Adamsia.	modified by
	Lau	different organisms	• Coelenterata: <i>Hydra</i> with extended tentacles, <i>Hydra</i>	• Platyhelminthes: <i>Fasciola, Echinococcus</i> .	including the five
		of major phyla of	with bud, <i>Obelia</i> colony and Medusa of <i>Obelia</i> .	• Nemathelminthes: <i>Dracunculus</i> and <i>Enterobius</i> .	major exercises:
		non chordates	• Annelida : Parapodium of <i>Nereis</i> -and <i>Heteronereis</i> .	• Annelida: Pheretima, Aphrodite, Terebella, Pontobdella	study of museum
		based on the	• Arthropoda : Statocyst of Prawn, Nauplius, Zoea,	• Arthropoda: <i>Lepus</i> , <i>Sacculina</i> , Crab, Hermit crab,	specimens, study of
		morphology.	and Mysis Larva of Crustaceans, <i>Cyclops</i> and <i>Daphnia</i> .	Melanopus, Queen-termite, Limulus and Peripatus.	prepared slides,
		•Understand the	 Mollusca: Glochidium larva of Unio. 	• Mollusca: Chiton, Aplysia, Dentalium, Mytilus, Teredo,	preparation of
		internal structures	 Echinodermata:-Tube feet of starfish. 	Sepia, Loligo. • Echinodermata: Asterias, Holothuria, Echinus,	permanent mount,
		of lower non	2. Preparation of phylogentic tree of invertebrates	Clypeaster.	anatomical study of
		chordates through	including minor phyla	 Protochordata: Ascidia, Botryllus. 	selected animals and
		microscopic study	3. Study of Microscopic slides:	2. Study of microscopic slides:	collection & culture
		of prepared slides.	Protozoa: Micro and macro spheric forms of	 Protozoa: Euglena, Plasmodium, Opalina, Nyctotherus, 	methods. Animals of
		•Understand the	Polystomella; W.M. of Euglena, Sporozoite and	Vorticella, Balantidium, Foraminiferous shells.	invertebrate phyla
		anatomy of	trophozoite stages of Monocystis in the smear of	• Porifera: W.M. of <i>Leucosolenia</i> , Sponge gemmule.	(protozoa to
		Fasciola,	sperm, morula of Earthworm, Binary fission and	• Coelenterata: <i>Hydra</i> , <i>Obelia</i> medusa.	protochordata) are
		<i>Pheretima</i> and	conjugation in <i>Paramecium</i> .	• Platyhelminthes: W.M. of <i>Planaria</i> , W.M. of scolex,	included in these
		<i>Unio</i> with the help of charts.	• Porifera: W.M. of <i>Leucosolenia</i> , T.S. and L.S. of	gravid proglottid, onchosphere and bladder worm of	exercises. In addition
		•Learn the technique	Sycon.	Taenia, T.S. of the proglottid of Taenia.	to that, exercise
		of preparation of	• Coelenterata: <u>Section passing through the statocyst</u>	• Nemathelminthes: T.S. through the body of male and	related to study of
		permanent slide.	of medusa of Obelia (or Aurelia).	female Ascaris.	microscope,
		•Apply acquired	• Platyhelminthes: W.M. of <i>Planaria</i> , T.S. of	• Annelida: T.S. of <i>Hirudinaria</i> through jaws, pharynx	evolution &
		knowledge for the	Fasciola through different regions of the body,	and crop region.	permanent mount
		preparation of	W.M. of miracidium, sporocyst, redia, cercaria and	• Arthropoda: Male and female Drosophila, sex comb of	preparation of
		phylogenetic tree of	metacercaria larva of <i>Fasciola</i> ; W.M. of scolex,	Drosophila.	mosquito are also
		invertebrates.	gravid proglottid, onchosphere and bladderworm of <i>Taenia</i> ; T.S. of the proglottid of <i>Taenia</i> .	• Mollusca: V.S. of molluscan shell, T.S. of gill of <i>Pila</i> ,	proposed to be
			 Nemathelminthes: T.S. through the body of male 	radula of <i>Pila</i> .	included in the
			• Nematientintities: 1.5. through the body of male and female <i>Ascaris</i> .	• Echinodermata: T.S. through the arm of Asterias,	revised syllabus.
			and remate Ascuris.		revised synabus.

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			• Annelida: T.S. of <i>Neries</i> through trunk region; T.S.	Pedicillaria of Asterias.	
			of Earthworm through gizzard, typhlosolar region,	• Hemichordata: W.M. of tornaria larva.	
			prostrate glands, and seminal vesicles; T.S. of	• Protochordata: W.M. of <i>Pyrosoma</i> , <i>Doliolum</i> and	
			Hirudinaria through jaws, pharynx and crop	Oikopleura.	
			region.	3. Anatomy:	
			• Arthropoda: V.S. of compound eye.	• Anatomical study of various systems with the help of	
			• Mollusca: V.S. of molluscan shell, T.S. of gill of	chart/model/CD.	
			Unio.	Fasciola hepatica	
			• Echinodermata: T.S. through the arm of <i>Asterias</i> .	1.Digestive system	
			• Hemichordata: T.S. of <i>Balanoglossus</i> through	2.Excretory system	
			proboscis, collar and trunk region; W.M. of	3. Reproductive system	
			Tornaria larva.	<i>Pheretima posthuma</i> 1.Digestive system	
			• Protochordata: W.M. velum and pharyngeal wall of	2. Nervous system	
			Amphioxus, T.S. of Amphioxus through various	3.Reproductive system	
			regions; Tadpole larva of <i>Ascidia</i> ; W.M. of <i>Pyrosoma</i> , <i>Doliolum</i> and <i>Oikopleura</i> .	Unio	
			4. Comparative study with the help of permanent	1.Digestive system	
			slides Annelida (setae and parapodia) and	2. Nervous system	
			Echinodermata (pedicilaria).	4. Organization and working of optical microscope:	
			Lonniodormana (pedicinaria).	Dissecting and compound microscopes.	
				5. Preparation of permanent slides:	
				• Protozoa: <i>Euglena</i> .	
				• Porifera: Sponge spicules.	
				• Coelenterata: <i>Hydra</i> with extended tentacles, <i>Hydra</i> with	
				bud	
				• Annelida: Setae of earthworm, Parapodium of <i>Nereis</i> .	
				• Arthropoda: Statocyst of <i>Palaemon</i> , <i>Cyclops</i> , Mysis and	
				Daphnia.	
				• Mollusca: Radula of <i>Pila</i> .	
				• Echinodermata: Pedicillaria.	
				6. Collection and culture methods	
				(i) Collection of animals from their natural habitat:	
				Amoeba, Paramecium, Euglena.	
				(ii) Culture of <i>paramecium</i> in the laboratory and study of	
				its structure, life processes and behavior in live state.	

S No. Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Preparation of phylogentic tree/cladogram of invertebrates including minor phyla. Preparation of permanent mount of mouth parts of mosquito. Study the evidences of evolution (Analogy and homology) through charts/ models. 	
B. Sc. Bioscience II S	Somostor		 Suggested Books: ➤ Lal, S.S. (2015). Practical Zoology: Invertebrates (11th ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication. ➤ Verma, P.S. (2010). A Manual of Practical Zoology: Invertebrates (11th ed.). New Delhi: S Chand Publishing. 	
5. BOT 102:	On the completion	Unit 1	No Modification In The Syllabus	
Culture	 of the course, students will be able to: Gain knowledge of plant cells, tissues and their functions. To identify and compare structural differences among different taxa of vascular plants. To correlate anatomical structure with ecological adaptation of plants for survival under drought, salinity & aqueous environment. 	 Meristematic and permanent tissues, simple, complex and secretory tissue. Anamolous secondary growth in stem and roots: <i>Boerhaavia, Bignonia, Salvadora, Nycatanthes, Dracaena</i> and <i>Aristolochia.</i> Unit 2 Ecological anatomy: General adaptations of hydrophytes, xerophytes and halophytes. Anatomical adaptations of hydrophytes: <i>Hydrilla, Nymphaea.</i> Anatomical adaptation of xerophytes: <i>Calotropis, Nerium, Capparis.</i> 	 List of suggested books added List of E-resources added Suggested Books: Bhojwani, S.S., Bhatnagar, S.P., & Dantu, P.K. (2014). <i>The embryology of Angiosperms</i> (6th ed.). Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. Eames, A.J. (1961). <i>Morphology of the Angiosperms</i>. New York: McGraw Hill. Eames, A.J., & MacDaniels, L.H. (1947). <i>Introduction to Plant Anatomy</i>. New York: McGraw Hill. Fahn, A. (1997). <i>Plant Anatomy</i>. New Delhi: Aditya Books (Pvt) Ltd. Kumar, V. (2011). <i>Methods in Plant tissue culture</i> (3rd ed.). Jodhpur: Agrobios. Maheswari, P. (1950) Introduction To The <i>Embryology Of Angiosperms</i>. New York: McGraw Hills. Pandey, B.P. (2018). <i>A Text Book of Botany: Angiosperms Taxonomy, Anatomy and embryology</i>. New Delhi: S Chand and Company Ltd. Pandey, S.N., & Chadha, A. (2007). <i>Plant Anatomy And Embryology</i>. New Delhi: UBS publishers and distributors Pvt. Ltd. 	

S No. Course List Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	 apospory and parthenocarpy. Adventive embryony. Control of fertilization. Endosperm and embryo development. Unit 5 Tissue culture: Basic techniques- sterilization and media preparation. Concept of totipotency. Protoplast isolation and culture; somatic hybridization; anther, embryo and organ culture. Tissue culture as a technique in regeneration of plants and its role in industry. Books recommended: Morphology of the Angiosperms: A.J. Eames, McGraw Hill, New York. Introduction to Plant Anatomy: A.J. Eames & MacDaniel, McGraw Hill, New York. Plant Anatomy: A. Fahn, Aditya Books (Pvt) Ltd., New Delhi. Plant Anatomy: M.S. Tayal, Rastogi Publication, Meerut. Embryology of Angiosperms: S.S.Bhojwani and Bhatnagar, Vikas Publications. Introduction to the Embryology of angiosperms: P. Maheswari, McGraw Hills New York Plant Tissue Culture: S.S. Bhojwani and M.K. Razdan, Elsevier. Plant Tissue-Applications and Limitations: S.S. Bhojwani, Elsevier, The Netherlands. Methods in Plant tissue culthse : V.Kumar, Agrobios, 2011 IIIrd resised Ed. 	 Suggested Synabus Razdan, M.K. (2018). Introduction To Plant Tissue Culture. New Delhi: CBS Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd. Tayal, M.S. (2004). Plant Anatomy. Meerut: Rastogi Publication. Suggested e-Resources: Plant tissues types, structure and functions http://edudel.nic.in/PAHAL/biology_260309/biology_dt_ 270309.pdf http://lib.du.ac.ir/documents/10157/60298/Anatomy+of+ Flowering+Plants.pdf Secondary anomalous structures http://www.biologydiscussion.com/anatomy/anatomy-of- anomalous-dicot-stems-botany/56969 General account of angiosperms http://www.nhptv.org/natureworks/nwep14f.htm Secondary growth http://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/16401/1/Unit -10.pdf Embryology of angiosperms krishikosh.egranth.ac.in/bitstream/1/2023583/1/BPT1061 1.pdf Plant tissue culture techniques https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103016/4 Introduction to plant tissue culture http://shodhganga.inflibnet.ac.in/bitstream/10603/110292 /12/12_chapter%202.pdf 	
6. BOT 102L: On completion of the course, students will have: Embryology •Detailed knowledge	1. Vegetative structure of hydro - and xerophytes (ecological anatomy of <i>Calotropis, Capparis, Nerium,</i> <i>Hydrilla</i> and <i>Nymphaea</i>) by preparation of temporary	No Modification In The SyllabusList of suggested books addedSuggested Books:➤ Bendre, A., & Kumar, A. (2010). A Textbook of	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	and Tissue	of angiosperm		Practical Botany- II. Meerut: Rastogi Publications.	
	Culture Lab	families and plant	angiosperms (Boerhaavia,Bignonia, Salvadora,		
		adaptations in	Aristolochia, Nyctanthesand Dracaena) by preparation		
		different	of temporary slides.		
		environment.	3. Slides and models on embryology.		
		 Understanding 	4. MS media preparation		
		plant tissue culture	5. Embryo culture.		
		and preparation of			
		MS medium for in			
		vitro culture of			
		plants.			
7.	ZOO 101:	On completion of		Unit 1	
	Non-	the course, students	Protozoa	Protozoa	
	Chordates	will be able to:	• Habitat, habits, external features, locomotion,	• Habitat, habits, external features, locomotion,	
		•Describe the habit,	osmoregulation, nutrition, reproduction and life cycle of	osmoregulation, nutrition, reproduction and life cycle of	
	Chordates	habitat,	Euglena, Paramecium and Monocystis.	Euglena, Paramecium and Monocystis.	
		morphology,	• Economic importance of protozoans.	• Economic importance of protozoans.	
		structure and	Porifera	Porifera	
		functions of	• Habitat, habits, structural organization, canal system,	• Habitat, habits, structural organization, canal system,	
		important animals of different major	reproduction and development of Sycon including	reproduction and development of Sycon including	
		phyla of	evolution of canal system in sponges.	evolution of canal system in sponges.	
		invertebrates and	• Economic importance of sponges.	• Economic importance of sponges.	
		lower chordates.	Unit 2 Conferences	Unit 2 Conferences	
		•Understand the	Coelenterata	Coelenterata	
		economic	• Habitat, habits, external features, nutrition, structural	• Habitat, habits, external features, nutrition, structural	
		importance of	organization, reproduction and life cycle of <i>Obelia</i> .	organization, reproduction and life cycle of <i>Obelia</i> .	
		various invertebrate	• Corals and coral reefs.	• Corals and coral reefs. Helminthes	
		phyla and affinities	Helminthes		
		of lower chordate	• Habitat, habits, external features, different systems and life history of following animal types. <i>Eassiela</i> , <i>Tasuia</i>	• Habitat, habits, external features, different systems and life history of following animal types. Equiple, Tagnia	
		animals.	life history of following animal types: <i>Fasciola, Taenia</i> and <i>Ascaris</i> .	life history of following animal types: <i>Fasciola, Taenia</i> and <i>Ascaris</i> .	
		•Gain a high degree			
		of competence in its	• Parasitic adaptations and diseases caused by helminthes. Unit 3	• Parasitic adaptations and diseases caused by helminthes. Unit 3	
		field of	Annelida	Annelida	
		specialization in	• Habitat, habits, external features, different systems and		
		*	• maonai, naons, externar reatures, unrerent systems and	• maonat, naons, external reatures, uniferent systems and	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		response to	development of Pheretima.	development of Pheretima.	
		the changing	• Salient features of <i>Neanthes</i> .	• Habitat, habits, external features and life history of	
		demands of the	Arthropoda	Neanthes.	
		times.	• Habitat, habits, external features and different systems	Arthropoda	
			of Palaemone.	• Habitat, habits, external features and different systems of	
			• Economic importance of insecta.	Palaemone.	
			Unit 4	• Economic importance of insecta.	
			Mollusca	Unit 4	
			• Habitat, habits, external features, various organs and	Mollusca	
			organ systems of <i>Pila</i> and <i>Unio</i> ; pearl formation.	• Habitat, habits, external features, various organs and	
			Economic importance of mollusca.	organ systems of Pila and Unio; pearl formation.	
			Echinodermata	• Economic importance of mollusca.	
			• Habitat, habits, external features and water-vascular	Echinodermata	
			system of Asterias.	• Habitat, habits, external features and water-vascular	
			• Larval forms of echinoderms.	system of Asterias.	
			Hemichordata	• Larval forms of echinoderms.	
			• Habitat, habits, external features and different system of	Hemichordata	
			Balanoglossus.	• Habitat, habits, external features and different system of	
			Affinities of hemichordates.	Balanoglossus.	
			Unit 5	Affinities of hemichordates.	
			Urochordata	Unit 5	
			• Habitat, habits, structural organisation and various	Urochordata	
			systems of Herdmania.	• Habitat, habits, structural organisation and various	
			• Tadpole larva and retrogressive metamorphosis in	systems of Herdmania.	
			Herdmania.	• Tadpole larva and retrogressive metamorphosis in	
			Cephalochordata	Herdmania.	
			• Habitat, habits, morphology, different systems and	Cephalochordata	
			affinities of Amphioxus.	• Habitat, habits, morphology, different systems and	
			• Development of coelom and atrium of <i>Amphioxus</i> .	affinities of Amphioxus.	
				• Development of coelom and atrium of <i>Amphioxus</i> .	
			Books recommended:	Suggested Books:	
			> Invertebrates: R. L. Kotpal, Rastogi Publications,	➢ Chaki, K.K., Kundu, G., & Sarkar, S. (2014).	
			Meerut.	Introduction to Economic Zoology. Kolkata: New	
			➤ A text book of Zoology: S.N. Prasad, Allahabad, Kitab	Central Book Agency.	
			Mahal.	➢ Chaki, K.K., Kundu, G., & Sarkar, S. (2015).	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			A text book of Zoology: H.C. Nigam Delhi, S.Nagin.	Introduction to General Zoology Vol-I. Kolkata: New	
			≻ A text book of Zoology: P.S. Dhami, New Delhi, R.	Central Book Agency.	
			Chand.	➢ Dhami P.S., & Dhami, J.K. (2015). Invertebrate	
			A text book of Zoology: T.C. Majupuria, Jallundhur	Zoology. New Delhi: R. Chand and Co.	
			City, S. Nagin.	→ Hyman, L.H. The Invertebrtaes. Vol-I-IX. New York:	
			➤ A text book of Zoology: V.B. Rastogi, Ram Nath Kedar	McGraw Hill.	
			Nath, Meerut.	➢ Jordan, E.L., & Verma, P.S. (2018). Invertebrate	
			➢ Kotpal Series Vol. I to IX, Rastogi Publication, Meerut.	Zoology. New Delhi: S. Chand & Company Ltd.	
			CNH Series Vol. I to IX.	➤ Kotpal, R.L. (2014). Modern Textbook of Zoology:	
			Hymen Series Vol. I to IX, Mc Graw Hill.	Invertebrates (11 th ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publications.	
				➤ Kotpal, R.L. (2018). Modern Text book of Zoology:	
				Vertebrates (4 th ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publications.	
				➢ Lahiri, B.K. (2013). College Zoology Vol-I. Mumbai:	
				Himalaya Publishing House.	
				Majupuria, T.C. (1962). A textbook of invertebrate	
				Zoology (1 st ed.). Jullundur City: S. Nagin Publishers.	
				▶ Nigam, H.C. (2013). Biology of Non-Chordates. New	
				Delhi: Vishal Publishing Co.	
				➢ Pechenik, J.A. (2015). Biology of the Invertebrates (7 th)	
				ed.). New Delhi: Mc Graw Hill Education.	
				▶ Prasad, S.N., & Kashyap, V. (2012). A Textbook of	
				Invertebrate Zoology (XIV Ed.). New Delhi: New Age	
				International (P) Limited.	
				Rastogi, V.B. (2017). Invertebrate Zoology. Meerut:	
				Kedar Nath Ram Nath.	
				Shukla, G.S., & Upadhyay, V.B. (2017). Economic	
				Zoology (5 th ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				> Corals	
				https://www.icriforum.org/about-coral-reefs/what-are-	
				corals	
				> Paramecium	
				https://www.microscopemaster.com/paramecium.html	
				> Prawn	
				http://www.biologydiscussion.com/invertebrate-	

S No. Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 zoology/phylum-arthropoda/study-notes-on-prawn/33417 Amphioxus https://embryology.med.unsw.edu.au/embryology/index.p hp/BookText-Book_of_Embryology_4 Invertebrate animals http://www.iaszoology.com/category/animal-diversity-nonchordata/ Non chordate animals https://www.slideshare.net/godhxbwnkkdn/animal-diversity-zoology-notes http://abacus.bates.edu/acad/depts/biobook/AnimPhyl.pdf 	
8. ZOO 101L Non- Chordates and Proto Chordates Lab	the course, students will be able to:	 Anatomy: Anatomical study of various systems with the help of chart/model/CD. Identification, localization and labeling of various organs in dissected animal specimen/models/chart/CD. Study of Museum Specimens: Porifera: Sycon, Euplectella, Hyalonema, Euspongia and Spongilla. Coelenterata:—Porpita,—Velella,—Physalia, Aurelia, Gorgonia,-Pennatula, Alcyonium,-Millipora, Tubipora, Corallium, Antipathes (Black only), Fungia, (Mushroom, Coral) and-Adamsia. Platyhelminthes: Fasciola,-Schistosoma, Echinococcus and-Taenia. Nemathelminthes: Male and Female Ascaris, Dracunculus and Entrobius. Annelida: Aphrodite,-Chaetopterus,-Terebella,-Sabella, Arenicola,-Pontobdella-and-Hirudinaria. Arthropoda: Lepus, Balanus, Sacculina, Squilla, Crab, Hermitcrab, Julus, Scolopendra, Locust, Melanopus, Butterfly, Queen-termite, Cimex, Limulus, Scorpion, Spider and Peripatus. Mollusca: Chiton, Patella, Cyprea, Aplysia, Dentalium, Mytilus, Pecten, Teredo, Sepia, Loligo, Octopus, 	 Study of museum specimens: Porifera: Euplectella, Chalina, Grantia and Spongilla. Coelenterata: Physalia, Aurelia, Millipora, Tubipora, Corallium, Antipathes (black only), Fungia (mushroom coral). Platyhelminthes: Schistosoma and Taenia. Nemathelminthes: Male and female Ascaris. Annelida: Nereis, Chaetopterus, Sabella, Arenicola, Hirudinaria. Arthropoda: Balanus, Squilla, Julus, Scolopendra, Locust, Butterfly, Cimex, Scorpion, Spider. Mollusca: Patella, Cyprea, Pecten, Octopus, Pearl oyster, Nautilus. Echinodermata: Antedon, Clypeaster, Cucumara, 	The laboratory course ZOO 101L is proposed to be modified by including the five major exercises: study of museum specimens, study of prepared slides, preparation of permanent mount, anatomical study of selected animals and collection & culture methods. Animals of invertebrate phyla (protozoa to protochordata) are included in these exercises. In addition to these five major exercises, permanent mount preparation of house fly and to study the methods of museum specimens

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		microscopic study		• Platyhelminthes: W.M. of miracidium, sporocyst, redia,	preservation are also
		of prepared slides.	• Echinodermata: Antedon, Holothuria, Echinus,	cercaria and metacercaria larva of Fasciola.	proposed to be
		•Understand the	Clypeaster and Ophiothrix.	• Annelida: T.S. of <i>Nereis</i> through trunk region, T.S. of	included.
		collection of certain	Hemichordata: Balanoglossus.	Pheretima posthuma through gizzard, typhlosolar region,	
		arthropods from	• Protochordata: Ascidia, Ciona, Botryllus and Salpa.	prostrate glands and seminal vesicles.	
		their natural habitat		• Arthropoda: V.S. of compound eye, <i>Pediculus</i> .	
		and develop the		• Mollusca: T.S. of gill of <i>Unio</i> , Glochidium larva.	
		skills of		• Echinodermata: Larval forms (Bipinnaria, Echinopluteus,	
		vermiculture.		Ophiopluteus).	
				• Hemichordata: T.S. of <i>Balanoglossus</i> through proboscis,	
				collar and trunk region.	
				• Protochordata: W.M. velum and pharyngeal wall of	
				Amphioxus, T.S. of Amphioxus through various regions;	
				tadpole larva of Ascidia.	
				3. Anatomy:	
				• Anatomical study of various systems with the help of	
				chart/model/CD.	
				Palaemon	
				1. Appendages	
				2. Digestive system	
				3. Nervous system	
				Pila globosa	
				1. Digestive system	
				2. Structure of radula	
				3.Nervous system	
				Asterias	
				1. Water vascular system	
				4. To study methods of preservation of museum specimens.	
				5. Preparation of permanent slidesProtozoa: <i>Paramecium</i>.	
				Porifera: Spongin fibers and gemmule.	
				• Coelenterata: <i>Obelia</i> colony and medusa of <i>Obelia</i> .	
				Annelida: Parapodium of heteronereis.	
				• Arthropoda: Crustacean larva (nauplius, metanauplius,	
				megalopa, <mark>Zoea)</mark> .	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				• Mollusca: Glochidium larva of <i>Unio</i> .	
				• Echinodermata: Tube feet of Asterias.	
				6. Collection and culture methods	
				(i) Collection of animals from their natural habitat:	
				Pheretima, Daphnia, Cyclops, house flies,	
				mosquitoes.	
				(ii) Culture of <i>Pheretima</i> .	
				7. Preparation of permanent mount of mouth parts of	
				cockroach/housefly.	
				Suggested Books:	
				Lal, S.S. (2015). Practical Zoology: Invertebrates (11 th	
				ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication.	
				Lal, S.S. (2015). Practical Zoology: Vertebrates (11 th ad) Macmut Postogi Publication	
				 ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication. Verma, P.S. (2010). A Manual of Practical Zoology: 	
				<i>Invertebrates</i> (11 th ed.). New Delhi: S Chand Publishing.	
R S	c. Bioscience III	Somostor		invertebrates (11 ed.). New Denn. 5 Chand I ubishing.	
9.	BOT 201	On completion of	UNIT 1	Unit-I	
7.	Angiosperms	the course, students	• Taxonomy: importance, a brief account of the historical	• International code of nomenclature for algae, fungi and	This brings more
	Taxonomy	will be able to:	development	plants- history, rules, principles. Concept of family, genus	clarity to the syllabus.
	•	•Identify	• Code, binomial nomenclature, international rules of	and species, citation of author's name.	These are already
	Economic	characteristic	Botanical nomenclature	• Numerical taxonomy and chemical taxonomy (brief ideas	covered in Code.
	Botany	features of		only).	This inclusion will
		angiosperm	method, citation of author's name	• A brief account of national herbaria and botanical gardens	help in explaining
		families and their	• Numerical taxonomy and Chemical Taxonomy (brief	of India.	plant taxonomy
		interdisciplinary	ideas only)		
		approaches	• A brief account of National Herbaria and Botanical		
		Understand plant	Gardens of India		
		morphology	UNIT 2	Unit 2	
		terminologies and	• Classification: System of Bentham and Hooker, a brief	• Classification: System of Bentham and Hooker, a brief	The suggested families
		distinguishing	account of classification by Engler and Prantl,	account of classification by Engler and Prantl, Hutchinson	are of more relevance
		features with	Hutchinson and Takhtajan, merits and demerits	and Takhtajan, merits and demerits.	
		morphological	• Study of following families with emphasis on their	• Study of following families with emphasis on their	
		peculiarities.	diagnostic features:	diagnostic features:	
		•Know the economic	a. Ranunculaceae	-Ranunculaceae	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		importance of	b. Papavaraceae	-Papaveraceae	
		angiosperms and its	c. Capparidaceae	-Capparidaceae	
		use in various	d. Caryophyllaceae	-Caryophyllaceae	
		industries.	e. Rutaceae	-Rutaceae	
			f. Myrtaceae	-Myrtaceae	
			g. Malvaceae	-Malvaceae	
			UNIT 3	Unit 3	
			• Study of following families with emphasis on their	• Study of following families with emphasis on their	
			diagnostic features:	diagnostic features:	
			a. Cucurbitaceae	-Cucurbitaceae	
			b. Rubiaceae	-Rubiaceae	
			c. Asclepiadaceae	-Asclepiadaceae	
			d. Apocyanaceae	-Apocynaceae	
			e. Asteraceae	-Asteraceae	
			f. Boraginaceae	-Amaranthaceae	
			g. Acanthaceae	-Acanthaceae	
			h. Scrophulariaceae		
			i. Lamiaceae j. Euphorbiaceae	-Solanaceae	
			k. Brassicaceae	-Apiaceae	
			1. Fabaceae	-Lamiaceae	
			m. Caesalpinaceae	-Euphorbiaceae	
			n. Mimosaceae	-Brassicaceae	
			o. Poaceae	-Fabaceae	
			p. Arecaceae	-Caesalpinaceae	
			g. Liliaceae	-Mimosaceae	
			q. Emicouo	-Poaceae	
				-Arecaceae	
			UNIT 4	-Liliaceae	
			• Food plants: Maize, bajra, wheat, legumes, potato,	Unit 4	
			sugarcane	• Food plants: Maize, bajra, wheat, legumes, potato,	
			• Spices: general account (coriander, turmeric, chillies,	sugarcane.	
			cumin, fennel, Asafoetida)	• Spices: General account (coriander, turmeric, chillies,	
			• Beverages: tea and coffee	Cumin, fennel, Asafoetida).	
			• Fatty oils: mustard, groundnut, sesame, coconut	• Beverages: Tea and coffee.	

S No.	. Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			UNIT 5	• Fatty oils: Mustard, groundnut, sesame, coconut.	
			• Fibre plants: Gossypium, Corchorus, Saccharaum munja	Unit 5	
			• Drug plants: Cinchona, Rauwolfia, Papaver, Digitalis	• Fibre plants: Gossypium, Corchorus, Saccharaum munja.	
			• Timber plants: Tectona, Dalbergia, Pinus, Rubber:	• Drug plants: Cinchona, Rauwolfia, Papaver, Digitalis.	
			Hevea brasiliensis.	• Timber plants: <i>Tectona, Dalbergia, Pinus</i> . Rubber: <i>Hevea brasiliensis</i> .	
			Books recommended :	Suggested Books :	
			➢ A Hand Book of Systematic Botany: S.C. Dutta, Asia.	Alam, A., & Sharma, V. (2012). <i>Economic Botany</i> . Jaipur:	
			An Introduction to the Taxonomy of Angiosperms: Y.D.	Pointer Publishers.	
			Tiagi & S. Khetrapal, Ramesh Book Depot, Jaipur.	Dutta, S. (2009). A Hand Book of Systematic Botany. New	
			Economic Botany: Bendre & Kumar, Rastogi	C ()	
			Publications, Meerut.	► Khetrapal, Y.T. An Introduction to the Taxonomy of	
			Economic Botan: Sambamurthy.	Angiosperms. Jaipur: Ramesh Book Depot.	
			A text book of economic botany: V. Verma, Emkay		
			publications, New Delhi.	London: Macmillan India Limited	
			Economic Botany: S. Kumar, Campus Books, New Delhi.		
			 Fundamentals of Plant systematics - Albert E. Radford. 	 university students. Meerut: Rastogi Publications. Lawrence, G.H.M. (2017). Taxonomy of vascular plants. 	
			 Taxonomy of vascular plants: G.H.M. Lawrence. 	Jodhpur: Scientific publisher	
			 Economic Botam of the Tropics– S.L. Kochhar. 	 Radford, A.R., & Caddell, G.M. (1986). Fundamentals of 	
			 Taxonomy of Angiosperm: R.K. Jain & V. Singh. 	<i>Plant systematics</i> . USA: Harper & Row Publishers.	
			 Taxonomy of Angiosperm: O.P. Sharma. 	 ➢ Sharma, O.P. (2011).<i>Taxonomy of Angiosperm</i>. New 	
				Delhi: TATA McGraw-Hill.	
				Singh, V., & Jain, D.K. (2010). <i>Taxonomy of Angiosperm</i> .	
				Meerut: Rastogi Publication.	
				▶ Verma, V. (2010). A text book of economic botany. New	
				Delhi: Emkay publications.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				Angiosperms: APG system of classification	
				https://academic.oup.com/botlinnean/article/181/1/1/2416	
				499	
				> Angiosperms: Classification and reproduction	
				https://www.toppr.com/guides/biology/plant-	
				kingdom/angiosperms/	
				Economic botany	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				http://nsdl.niscair.res.in/jspui/bitstream/123456789/130/1/	
				beverages.pdf	
10.	BOT 201 L:	On completion of		1. Study of locally available plants of the families mentioned	Preparation of
	Angiosperms	the course, students	mentioned in the syllabus.	in the syllabus.	herbarium is important
	Taxonomy	will be able to:	2. Study of economically important plant products as	2. Study of economically important plant products as	part in the taxonomy.
	and	•Develop skills for	mentioned in the syllabus	mentioned in the syllabus.	
	Economic	plant identification,		3. Preparation of herbarium.	
	Botany Lab	with reference to		Suggested Books:	
		systematic position,		Sahu, A.C. (2015). <i>Text book of Practical Botany</i> . New	
		morphological		Delhi: Kalyani Publishers.	
		characters, floral			
		formula and floral			
		diagram.			
		•Diagnose the			
		structural features			
		of plant organs and			
		differentiate			
		microscopically			
		their tissue			
		elements.			
		•Study fiber, gum,			
		resin, timber, spices			
		and medicinal			
		plants and its			
		applications.			
11.	ZOO 201:	On completion of		Unit 1	
	Cell Biology,	the course, students	• Definition of Cell and Molecular Biology and the	• Definition of cell and molecular biology and the	
	Molecular	will be able to:	difference between the two Sciences, Modern concept of	differences between the two sciences. Cell theory;	
	Biology,	•Understand the	a typical cell, Difference between prokaryotic and	morphology, size, shape and characteristics of	
	Histology and	fundamental	eukaryotic cells.	prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells.	
	Genetics	knowledge of cell	• Physical organization of cell: Colloidal properties of		
		and its	protoplasm, formation of cell membranes and movement	formation of cell membranes and movement of	
		organization.	of protoplasm.	protoplasm.	
		•Describe the			
		classification,	organic constituents of protoplasm, Structural and	proteins and lipids. Classification, nomenclature and	

S No. Course Lis	t Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	structure and		functions of enzymes. Structure and functions of	
	functions of		vitamins and hormones.	
	carbohydrates,	Unit 2	Unit 2	
	proteins and lipids.	Biological organization of cell :	Biological organization of cell:	
		• Plasma membrane, Cell wall and Endoplasmic	• Plasma membrane, cell wall and endoplasmic Reticulum	
	theoretical aspects		(rough and smooth)	
	of structure and		• Structure and functions of mitochondria, golgi body and	
	location of various	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	lysosomes.	
	tissues and	reference to polytene and famperash emotiosomes.	• Nucleus, nucleolus and chromosomes with special	
	histology of various		reference to polytene and lampbrush chromosomes.	
	body organs.Describe the	• An idea about the structure and location of various	Unit 3	
	•Describe the molecular structure	ussues. Epitienai, Connective, Cartinage, Done,	• An idea about the structure and location of epithelial and	
	and types of nucleic		connective tissue; cartilage and bone.	
	acids along with		• Histology of digestive organs and associated glands,	
	DNA replication	88-	blood vessels, trachea and lung.	
	and translation.	• Histology of Kidney, Ovary, Testis, Vas deferens and Oviduct		
	•Describe	Unit 4	oviduct. Unit 4	
	fundamental and			
	molecular	 Occurrence, morphology, chemical composition, molecular structure, functions and replication of DNA. 	• Occurrence, morphology, chemical composition, molecular structure, functions and replication of DNA.	
	principles of	 Occurrence, morphology, chemical composition, 	 Occurrence, morphology, chemical composition, 	
	genetics and human	molecular structure and functions of various types of	molecular structure and functions of various types of	
	genetic traits.	RNA.	RNA.	
		 Mechanism of protein synthesis and genetic code. 	 Mechanism of protein synthesis and genetic code. 	
		Unit 5	Unit 5	
		• Genetical terminology, Mendel's law of inheritance,	• Overview of Mendel's law of inheritance, concept of	
		Gene gene interaction, Multiple alleles, Linkage and	gene: allele, multiple alleles, extensions of Mendelian	
		Crossing over.	principles: codominance, incomplete dominance, gene	
		• Sex-determination: Chromosomes theory, Genetic	interactions, pleiotropy, linkage and crossing over.	
		balance theory and hormone theory, factors affecting sex		
		determination, sex-linked inheritance.	linked inheritance.	
		Cytoplasmic inheritance, Heredity and Environment with		
		special reference to the study of twins.	of allosomes & autosomes. Quantitative genetics:	
			Polygenic inheritance, heritability and its measurements.	
		Books recommended:	Suggested Books:	

S No	Course List Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<u>S No</u>	Course List Learning Outcomes	 Existing Syllabus Cell and Molecular Biology: G. Karp, Palgcave Mcmillan. Cell and Molecular Biology: De Robertis & De Robertis, B.I. Waverly, Pub. Lippin Cott Williams Philadelphia. Cell and Molecular Biology: P.K. Gupta, Rastogi Publications, Meerut, Rastogi Pub. Meerut. Histology & Genetics: M. Ullah, Ram Nath Kedar Nath, Cell Briology, Molecular Biology, Geneties, Evolution Meerut & Ecology : Verma and Aggarwal, R. Chand & Co. Molecular Cell Biology: Lodish, Baltimore, W. H. Freeman & Co. Essentials of Cytology: C.B. Powar, Himalaya Publications. Cytology: V.B. Rastogi, Pub. Kedarnath Ramnath, Meerut. Concepts of Genetics 7th Ed.: William S. Klug, Pearson Education. Genetics: P.J. Russell. Principles of Genetics: Gardner, Simmons, Snustad, John Wiley & Sons. Gene VIII: Lewin, Pearson Education. Advanced Genetics: G.S. Miglani, Narosa, New Delhi. Molecular Biology: David Freifelder, Narosa, New Delhi. Molecular Biology: David State, Narosa, New Delhi. 	 De Robertis, E.D.P., & De Robertis, E.M.F. (1987). <i>Cell</i> and Molecular Biology (8th ed.). USA: Lea & Febiger. Gardner, E.J., Simmons, M.J., & Snustad, D.P. (2005). Principles of Genetics (8th ed.). New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd. Gardner, E.J., Simmons, M.J., & Snustad, D.P. (2006). Principles of Genetics (8th ed.). USA: John Wiley & Sons. Gartner, L.P. (2016). Text Book of Histology (4th ed.). Elsevier. Gupta, P.K. (2018). Cell and Molecular Biology (5th ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publications. Gupta, S.N. (2015). Biochemistry (2nd ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication. 	Remarks

S No.	Course List Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<u>S No</u> .	Course List Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	 Suggested Syllabus Endocrinology. Kolkata: New Central Book Agency. Russell, P.J. (2009). <i>iGenetics: A Molecular Approach</i> (3rd ed.). Pearson Education India. Satyanarayana, U., & Chakrapani, U. (2017). Essentials of Biochemistry (2rd ed.). Kolkata: Booka & Allied Ltd. Tamarin, R.H. (2004). Principles of Genetics (7th ed.). USA: McGraw-Hill Higher Education. Verma, G. P. (2001). Fundamentals of Histology. New Delhi: New Age International (P) Limited Publishers. Verma, P.S., & Agarwal, V.K. (2004). Cell Biology, Genetics, Molecular Biology, Evolution & Ecology. New Delhi: S. Chand Publisher. Suggested e-Resources: Introductory genetics http://depts.washington.edu/genetics/courses/genet371b-aut99/overheads/pdfs/all_lect.pdf Cell biology https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103012/6 Cell biology & organelles https://www.nicholls.edu/biol-ds/biol155/Lectures/Cell%20Biology.pdf Biomolecules http://www.biologie.ens.fr/~mthomas/L3/intro_biologie/2 -sucres-lipides-acides-nucleiques.pdf Enzymology https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102102033/14 Human genetics https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102104052/ Mendelian genetics & deviation https://www.khanacademy.org/science/biology/classical-genetics/variations-on-mendelian-genetics/a/multiple-alleles-incomplete-dominance-and-codominance http://download.nos.org/srsec314newE/PDFBIO.EL21.pd c 	Kemarks
12.	ZOO 201L: On completion of	1. Tests for Carbohydrates :	1. Preparation of normal and molar solutions.	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	Cell Biology,	the course, students	(i) Molisch's Test for general carbohydrates.	2. Preparation of buffers.	
	Molecular	will be able to:	(ii) Benedict's test and Fehling's test for glucose.	3. Tests for carbohydrates:	
	0.	•Learn the	(iii) Tests for disaccharides-sucrose, lactose and maltose.	i. Molisch's test for general carbohydrates	
	Histology and	preparation of	(iv) Tests for polysaccharides-starch and glycogen.	ii. Benedict's test and Fehling's test for reducing sugars	Some important test
	Genetics Lab	buffers and	2. Tests for Proteins:	(glucose, maltose, lactose)	(Barfoed's test and
		different	(i) Biuret's Test	iii. Tollen's phloroglucinol test for galactose	Seliwanoff's test) are
		concentration	(ii) Million's Test	iv. Tests for non reducing sugar (sucrose)	added
		solutions.	(iii) Xanthoprotec Test	v. Barfoed's test for monosacharides	
		•Demonstrate the	(iv) Ninhydrin Test	vi. Seliwanoff's test for ketoses (fructose)	One important test
		practical skills of		vii. Iodine tests for polysaccharides-starch and glycogen	(Sakaguchi test) is
		various biochemical	(v) Sudan IV Test	4. Tests for proteins:	required to detect the
		tests of	4. Measurement of enzyme activity.	i. Biuret's test	presence of arginine
		carbohydrates,	5. Acetocarmine preparation from the material available	ii. Million's test	amino acid is added in
		proteins and lipids.	and identifying mitotic or meotic stages.	iii. Xanthoproteic test	modified syllabus.
		•Carry out enzyme	6. Maintaining culture of paramecium and to study	iv. Ninhydrin test	Asid shearbotasa
		assay and salt	cyclosis and trichocyst discharge in paramecium.	v. Sakaguchi test vi. Fohl's test (sulfur test)	Acid phosphatase
		precipitation of	7. Study of permanent slides:	5. Test for lipids:	enzyme activity measurement will be
		protein from moong	(i) Study of the prepared slides of nucleic acids	i. Sudan IV test	followed by
		seeds.	proteins and mucopolysaccharides.	ii. Emulsion test	precipitation of
		•Develop	(ii) Study of salivary gland, lampbrush and	iii. Saponification test	enzyme by ammonium
		competency in the	polytene chromosomes.	6. To prepare standard curve of ammonium sulfate.	sulfate salt.
		genetic problems.	8. Purification of an enzymatic protein by salt	7. Preparation of enzyme extract from mung seeds and	Surface Surfa
			precipitation.	measurement of asparaginase activity.	
			9. Genetic problem (Linkage and crossing over).	8. Purification of an enzymatic protein by salt precipitation.	
				9. Demonstration of salivary amylase activity.	
				10. Acetocarmine preparation from the material available	
				and identifying mitotic or meiotic stages.	
				11. Study of permanent slides:	
				i. Study of the prepared slides of nucleic acids proteins	
				and mucopolysaccharides.	
				ii. Study of salivary gland, lampbrush and polytene	
				chromosomes.	
				12. Genetic problem (Linkage and crossing over).	
				Suggested Books:	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Boya, R.F. (2006). Modern Experimental Biochemistry (3rd ed.). Noida: Pearson Education. Deb, A.C. (2013). Comprehensible Viva & Practical Biochemistry (2nd ed.). Kolkata: New Central Book Agency. Kumar, A., Grg, S., & Garg, N. (2017). Biochemical Tests: Principles & Protocols. New Delhi: Viva Books. Rao, B.S., & Deshpande, V. (2012). Experimental Biochemistry. New Delhi: I.K. International Publisher. Sadasivam, S., & Manickam, A. (1996). Biochemical Methods (2nd ed.). New Delhi: New Age International Publishers. Sharma, S. (2007). Experiments and Techniques in Biochemistry (1st ed.). New Delhi: Galgotia Publication. 	
	c. Bioscience IV				
13.	BOT 202:	On completion of		Unit 1-	Without explaining
	Microbiology and Plant Pathology	 the course, students will be able to: Understand the structure and life process of prokaryotes and virus. Know about sources of plant pathogens, identify symptoms & methods of studying plant diseases Identify the role of 	 Microbiology-Brief history, <u>Media preparation</u>, <u>Techniques for sterilization</u>, Pure culture techniques, <u>streak technique</u>, staining techniques-brief idea. Cultivation of Viruses. Preservation of Microorganisms. Unit 2 General account of Bacteria: Brief classification, <u>structure</u>, types, nutrition, reproduction. General account of Viruses: Introduction, structure, composition, <u>classification of plant viruses</u> and replication. Myxomycetes and Mycoplasma. Unit 3 	 Microbiology- Brief history. General account of bacteria- Brief classification and structure; nutrition-types, media; bacterial growth- brief idea, factors affecting growth. Recombination in bacteria- conjugation, transformation and transduction. Pure culture techniques, staining techniques- a brief idea. Unit-2 Techniques for sterilization. Preservation of microorganisms. General account of viruses: introduction, structure and composition. Replication of viruses. Unit-3 	bacteria, one cannot explain pure culture etc. also media is an integral part of nutrition. Therefore, it need not be taken separately. There is no reason to particularly discuss myxomycetes and mycoplasma. Also, related topics should be placed together
		various microbes in food and beverage industries.	 Microbiology of foods and beverages: Meat, Milk, Rumen Symbiosis, Yogurt, Butter, Sauerkraut, Silage, Alcoholic beverages, Bread making. Microbes as spoilage of food. 	 Microbiology of foods and beverages: Bread making, alcoholic beverages (beer and whisky), cheese, fermented milk products, sauerkraut. Microbes in spoilage of food. 	Those products should be mentioned which are most popular and

S No. Course List Learning Outcom	es Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	Unit 4	Unit 4	studied. Rumen
		 Bacterial diseases: General symptoms and types of bacterial diseases. (i) Soft rot of carrot (ii) Bacterial wilt of maize (iii) Brown rot of potato (iv) <i>Citrus</i> canker 	studied. Rumen symbiosis is not a part of microbiology of foods and beverages. Silage is feed not food.
	Books Recommended :	Suggested Books:	
	 Introductory Mycology: C.M. Alexopoulus, John Wiley & Sons, New York. 	 Agrios, G.N. (2005). <i>Plant Pathology</i> (5th ed.). Elsevier Science. 	
	An Introduction to Viruses: S.B. Biswas, Vani Education.	Alexopoulus, C.J., Mims, C.W., & Blackwell, M. (2007). <i>Introductory Mycology</i> . New York: John Wiley	
	 Plant Pathology- Fungi & Diseases in Plants: E.J. Butler, Thanker Spink & Co., Kolkata. 	& Sons. > Ananthanarayan, R., & Paniker, C.K.J. (2009).	
	Plant Disease: R.S. Singh, Oxford & IBH, New Delhi.	Ananthnarayan and Paniker's Textbook of Microbiology	
	Plant Pathology: R.S. Mehrotra, Vikas Publishing House.		
	 House. Introduction to Fungi: H.C. Dubey, Vikas Publishing 	Biswas, S.B. (2009). An Introduction to Viruses. New Delhi: Vani Education.	
	House.	 Butler, E.J. Plant Pathology- Fungi & Diseases in 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<u>S No.</u>	Course List	Learning Outcomes	 Existing Syllabus Microbiology: M.J. Pelczar, E.C.S. Chan and N.R. Kreig, Tata McGraw Hill. A Text book of Microbiology: R.C. Dubey and D.K. Maheshwari, S. Chand and Company. Introductory Microbilogy: F.C. Ross, Columbus Charles E. Mehrill. Microbiology - Fundamentals and Applications: S.S. Purohit, Agro Botanical Publishers, Bikaner. Modern Concepts of Microbiology: H.D. Kumar and S. Kumar, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi. Micrsology by RD Sharma. 	 Plants. Kolkata: Thanker Spink & Co. Dubey, H.C. (2013). Introduction to Fungi. Jodhpur: Scientific Publishers. Dubey, R.C., & Maheshwari, D.K. (2008). A Text book of Microbiology. New Delhi: S. Chand and Company. Kumar, H.D., & Kumar S. (2001). Modern Concepts of Microbiology. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House. Madigan, M., Martinko, J., Stahl, D., & Clark, D. (2010). Brock Biology of Microorganisms (13th ed.). Pearson. Mehrotra R.S. (2006). Plant Pathology. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill. Pelczar, M.J., Chan, E.C.S., & Kreig N.R. (2008). Microbiology: New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill. Purohit, S.S. (2009). Microbiology - Fundamentals and Applications. Bikaner: Agro Botanical Publishers. Ross, F.C. (1983). Introductory Microbiology. Columbus: Charles E. Mehrill. Sharma, P.D. (2016). Microbiology & Plant Pathology. Meerut: Rastogi Publications Singh, R.S. (2013). Plant Disease. New Delhi: Oxford & IBH. Willey, J.M., Sherwood, L.M., & Woolverton, C.J. (2014). Prescott's Microbiology (9th ed). McGraw-Hill Education. Suggested e- Resources: Plant diseases: Identification and control 	Remarks
				https://www.planetnatural.com/pest-problem- solver/plant-disease/	
14.	BOT 202L: Microbiology and Plant Pathology	the course, students will be able to:	 A knowledge of instruments and equipments used in microbiology and plant pathology. Isolation of soil microorganisms by Warcup method. Study of bacterial and viral diseases of plants mentioned 	*	1. This should be the series in which the experiments be mentioned.

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<u>S No.</u>	Lab	Learning Outcomes for microbial isolation, purification, handling and maintenance. • Gain knowledge of offerent methods for the isolation of microbial organisms. • Identify the plant diseases based upon symptoms & its causal organism. • Identify	in the syllabus (Cucumber mosaic, Tobacco mosaic, Brown rot of potatoes, <i>Citrus</i> canker).4. Preparation of media.	 Suggested Syllabus 4. Isolation of microorganisms from air, water and soil. 5. Measurement of thermal death time and thermal death point of bacterial culture. 6. Streaking techniques: Continuous and discontinuous. 7. Bacterial staining: Simple staining, negative staining, differential staining, endospore staining. 8. Preservation of cultures by making glycerol stock and revival of culture. 9. Study of bacterial and viral diseases of plants mentioned in the syllabus with help of specimens (Cucumber mosaic, tobacco mosaic, brown rot of potatoes, <i>Citrus canker</i>). 10. Study of fungal diseases in plants mentioned in the syllabus by: a) Museum specimens; b) temporary and prepared slides (Smut-wheat and bajra, early blight of potato). Suggested Books : Aneja, K.R. (2003). <i>Experiments in microbiology, plant pathology and biotechnology</i>. New Age International Publishers. Mitra, A. (2013). <i>Practical manual of modern microbiology</i>. Mumbai: Himalaya Pub. House. 	 Isolation can be worked out from air, soil and water. With the latter sources, dilution technique and spreading is done to obtain bacterial colonies. So there is no necessity of mentioning these techniques separately. Staining should be elaborated and corresponding to their theory various techniques should be taught. Since we teach preservation of culture in theory at least one experiment should be present in practical. Only specimen studies are not enough. As material for these three fungal
					specimens are available, slide
15.	ZOO 202: Comparative Anatomy and Embryology of Chordates	On completion of the course, students will be able to:Understand the comparative anatomy of various	 Unit 1 Comparative anatomy with special reference to <i>Scoliodon, Rana, Uromastix, Columba</i> and <i>Oryctolagus</i>: Integumentary system: Skin and its derivatives. Skeleton system: Development of chondrocranium and vertebra; jaw suspension. 	 No change in the syllabus List of suggested books incorporated List of suggested E-resources incorporated Suggested Books: ➤ Balinsky, B.I. (2012). An Introduction to Embryology 	

S No. Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	Learning Outcomes organ systems with special reference to Scoliodon, Rana, Uromastix, Columba and Oryctolagus. •Gain the fundamental knowledge about the development of frog, Hen's egg and chick to understand the principles of developmental biology. •Gain an elementary idea about reproductive biology.	 Digestive system: Alimentary canal and associated glands. Unit 2 Comparative anatomy with special reference to <i>Scoliodon, Rana, Uromastix, Columba</i> and <i>Oryctolagus</i>: Respiratory system: Respiratory organs. Circulatory system: Evolution of heart and aortic arches. Urinogenital system: Evolution of kidney and urinogential ducts. 	 (5th ed.). New Delhi: Cengage Learning India. Chaki, K.K., Kundu, G., & Sarkar, S. (2016). Introduction to General Zoology Vol-II. Kolkata: New Central Book Agency. Dhami P.S., & Dhami, J.K. (2015). Chordate Zoology. New Delhi: R. Chand and Co. Jain, P.C. (2013). Elements of Developmental Biology (Chordate Embryology) (7th ed.). New Delhi: Vishal Publishing Co. Kardong, K.V. (2011). Vertebrates: Comparative Anatomy, Function, Evolution (6th ed.). McGraw-Hill Education. Kent, G. C., & Carr, R. K. (2000). Comparative Anatomy of the Vertebrates (9th ed.). Europe: McGraw-Hill Science. Kotpal, R.L. (2018). Modern Text book of Zoology: Vertebrates (4th ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publications. Kotpal, R.L., Sastry, K.V., & Shukla, V. (2017). Comparative Anatomy & Developmental Biology. Meerut: Rastogi Publication. Lahiri, B.K. (2014). College Zoology Vol-II. Mumbai: Himalaya Publishing House. Prasad, S.N., & Kashyap, V. (2010). A text book of Vertebrate Zoology (14th ed.). New Delhi: New Age International (P) Limited. Sastry, K.V., & Shukla, V. (2017). Developmental Biology. Meerut: Rastogi Publications. 	Remarks

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			anatomy): P.S. Dhami and J.K. Dhami, Pradeep's	Chand.	
			Publication.	Suggested e-Resources:	
			➢ Vertebrates: Comparative Anatomy, fanctron Evolution	Comparative anatomy	
			3rd Ed.: Kardong, TMH.	http://www.iaszoology.com/category/comparative-	
			➤ A text book of Chordate Zoology: S.N. Prasad.	anatomy/	
			➤ A text book of Chordate Zoology: H.C. Nigam, Pub.	Chick development	
			Sohanlal Nagin Chand, 1995.	http://www.notesonzoology.com/vertebrates/chick/devel	
			\succ Comparative anatomy of Chordates: Charles. J.	opment-of-chick-with-diagram-vertebrates-chordata-	
			Weichert.	zoology/8645	
			Development Biology: P.C. Jain.	http://www.macollege.in/app/webroot/uploads/departme	
			Development Biology: Balinsky.	nt_materials/doc_139.pdf	
				Developmental biology	
				https://www.shomusbiology.com/developmental-	
				biology.html	
				Frog development	
				http://www.notesonzoology.com/frog/development-of-	
				frog-with-diagram-vertebrates-chordata-zoology/8626	
16.	ZOO 202L:	On completion of		1. Permanent mountings:	
	Comparative	the course, students	i. Placoid and Chenoid Scales	i. Placoid and ctenoid scales	
	Anatomy and	will be able to:	ii.Cartilage and Striated muscle fibres of amphibian.	ii. Cartilage and striated muscle fibres of amphibian.	
		•Identify higher	iii. Filoplumes.	iii. Filoplumes.	
	of Chordates	chordate animals	iv. Blood film of mammal.	iv. Blood film of mammal.	
	Lab	based on the	2.Osteology: A comparative study of articulated and		
		external features.	disarticulated bones of <i>Rana</i> , <i>Varanus</i> , Fowl and		
		•Identify and	Oryctolagus.	Oryctolagus.	
		distinguish bones of	3. Study of Microscopic slides.	3. Comparative study of microscopic slides with special	
		Rana, Varanus,	i. Comparative study of microscopic slides with special reference to Rana, Varanus, bird and	reference to amphibian and mammal:	
		Fowl and	Mammal: V.S. of skin, oesophagus, stomach,	i. V.S. of skin, oesophagus, stomach, intestine, liver,	
		Oryctolagus.		pancreas, lung, kidney, testis, ovary, spinal cord.	
		•Understand	intestine, liver, pancreas, Lung, Kidney, Testis, Ovary, Spinal Cord.	ii. T.S. of endocrine glands of a mammal (pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, adrenal).	
		histology of organs	ii. T.S. of endocrine glands of a mammal.	4. Study of museum specimens:	
		and endocrine	 4. Study of Museum specimens : 	i. Cyclostomata: Amnocoete larva, <i>Petromyzon, Myxine</i>	
		glands through	i. Cyclostomata : Amnocoete larva, <i>Petromyzon</i> ,	and Bdellostoma.	
		microscopic study	<i>Myxine</i> and <i>Bdellostoma</i> .	ii. Pisces: Sphyrna, Torpedo, Pristis, Stingray,	
		of slides.		II. TISUES. Sphyrna, Torpeao, Trisus, Suligiay,	

S No. Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks		
	•Understand the	ii. Pisces: Sphyrna, Torpedo, Pristis, Stingray				
	development of	Chimaera, Acipensor, Amia, Labeo, Wallago,				
	frog and chick	Saccobranclus, Anguilla,Exocoetus, Belone,				
	through	Hippocampus, Syngnathus, Echeries, Porcupine and				
	microscopic slides.	Protopterus.	iii. Amphibia: Ichthyophis, Ambystoma, Axolotal larva,			
		iii. Amphibia: Ichthyophis, Ambystoma, Axolota				
		Larva, Salamandra, Necturus, Siren, Alytes, Pipa,	1			
		Hyla and Rhacophorus.	iv. Reptilia: Chelone, Turtle, Testudo, Sphenodon,			
		iv. Reptilia: Chelone, Turtle, Testudo, Sphenodon,				
		Phrynosoma, Chaemeleon, Calotes, Hemidactylus,				
		Draco, Hydrophis, Eryx, Python, Naja, Viper,				
		Bungarus and Crocodilus.	v. Aves: Archaeopteryx, Psittaculla, Passer, Columba			
		v. Aves: Archaeopteryx, Psittaculla, Passer, Columba				
		and Pavo.	vi. Mammalia: Ornithorynchus, Tachyglossus, Pteropus,			
		vi. Mammalia: Ornithorynchus, Tachyglossus,				
		Pteropus, Funambulus, Hedgehog, Mongoose and				
		Oryctolagus.	i. Study of the development and metamorphosis of frog			
		5. Development of Chordates :	with the aid of permanent prepared slides.			
		i. Study of the development and metamorphosis of				
		Frog with the aid of permanent prepared slides.	33hrs of chick embryo, T.S. of chick embryo through			
		ii. W.M. of Primitive steak, head folds, 18hrs, 24 hrs	C I			
		33hrs and of chick embryo, T.S. of chick embryo				
		through various regions upto 4th somite state with				
		aid of permanent prepared slides.	➢ Ghose, K., & Manna, B. (2016). Practical Zoology (4 th)			
			ed.). Kolkata: New Central Book Agency.			
			▶ Lal, S.S. (2015). Practical Zoology: Vertebrates (11 th			
			ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication.			
			Poddar, T., Mukhopadhyay, S., & Das, S.K. (2003). An			
			advanced Laboratory Manual of Zoology. Kolkata:			
			Macmillan India Limited.			
			▶ Verma, P.S. (2010). A Manual of Practical Zoology:			
			<i>Chordates</i> (11 th ed.). New Delhi: S Chand Publishing.			
B. Sc. Bioscience V & VI Semester						
Botany Discipline Elective-I & II						
1) Discipline	On completion of		Discipline Elective:			

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	Elective:	the course, students		BOT 302: Introduction to Genetics and Genetic	
	6.1:	will be able to:	Unit 1	Engineering	
		•Acquire knowledge	 Organization of Eukaryotic Chromosomes. 	Unit 1	
	to Genetics	of the structure and	Bacterial Genetics.	 Organization of eukaryotic chromosomes. 	
	and Genetic	arrangement of the	Cell cycle, Mitosis and Meiosis.	• Bacterial genetics.	
	Engineering	genome in living	• Eugenics and Genetic Counseling.	• Cell cycle, mitosis and meiosis.	
		organisms.	Unit 2	• Eugenics and genetic counseling.	
		•Understand the	• Mendel's experiments: Laws of inheritance, interaction	Unit 2	
		biochemical nature	of factors (Modified dihybrid ratios).	• Genetic terminology, Mendel's experiments: Laws of	
		of nucleic acids,	• Quantitative inheritance, Linkage, crossing over,	inheritance, interaction of factors (Modified dihybrid	
		their role in living	multiple alleles, Sex determination, Sex Linked	ratios).	
		systems.	inheritance.	• Quantitative inheritance, linkage, crossing over, multiple	
		•Impart basic genetic	• Extra chromosomal inheritance.	alleles.	
		manipulation		• Sex determination and sex linked inheritance.	
		techniques and their	Unit 3	• Extra chromosomal inheritance.	
		application for	Chromosomal aberrations- structural and numerical	Unit 3	
		human welfare.	Mutations	• Chromosomal aberrations- structural and numerical.	
		•Translate concepts	Gene: Basic concept	• Mutations.	
		in genetic	• Isolation of eukaryotic mRNA, cDNA synthesis and	• Gene: Basic concept.	
		engineering to their own research.	library	• Isolation of eukaryotic mRNA, cDNA synthesis and	
		own research.	Genomic library	library.	
			Unit 4	Genomic library.	
			Restriction enzymes	Unit 4	
			 Vectors- plasmids, phages, cosmids 	Restriction enzymes.	
			Construction of recombinant DNA	• Vectors- plasmids, phages, cosmids.	
			 Screening and selection of recombinant clones 	Construction of recombinant DNA.	
			Unit 5	• Screening and selection of recombinant clones.	
			• Isolation of DNA- plasmid, plant genomic DNA, phage	Unit 5	
			DNA	• Isolation of DNA- plasmid, plant genomic DNA, phage	
			• General idea of Patents and Bio safety Guidelines.	DNA.	
			• Biotechnology: Definition, Application of	• General idea of patents and bio safety guidelines.	
			Biotechnology, Basic concept of Biotechnological	• Biotechnology: Definition, application of biotechnology,	
			processes	basic concept of biotechnological processes.	
			Edible vaccines	• Edible vaccines.	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Books recommended:		
			 Genetics: Stirckberger Prentice Hall of India. 	Suggested Books:	
			> Principles of Genetics 9th Ed: Gardner, Simmons,	▶ Borem, A., Santos, F.R., & Bowen, D.E. (2003).	
			Snustad, John Wiley & Sons.	Understanding Biotechnology (1 st d.). USA: Prentice	
			Genetics: P.K. Gupta, Rastogi Publications Meerut.	Hall.	
			≻ Genetics –A molecular approach: T.A. Brown,		
			Chapman and Hall.	<i>approach</i> (1 st ed.). USA: Garland Science.	
			Concepts of Genetics 7th Ed.: William S. Klug, Pearson		
			Education.	An Introduction (6 th ed.). USA: Wiley-Blackwell.	
			Principles of Genetics: R.H. Tamarin, Tata McGraw		
			Hill. ➤ Genetics-From Genes to Genomes: Hartwell, McGraw	Principles of Genetics (8 th ed.). New Jersey, USA: John	
			Hill.	Wiley & Sons Ltd. ➤ Glick, B.R., & Patten, C.L. (2017). <i>Molecular</i>	
			 Genetics 5th Ed.: D.L. Hartl and E.W. Jones, Jones and 	Biotechnology: Principles and Applications of	
			Barlett Publishers, Canada.	<i>Recombinant DNA</i> (5 th ed.). USA: American Society for	
			 An Introduction to Genetic Ananlysis: Suzuki, Griffith, 	Microbiology Press.	
			Miller & Lewonith.	Griffiths, A.J.F., Miller, J.H., Suzuki, D.T., Lewonith,	
			 Microbial Genetics: D. Friefelder, Narosa Publications, 	R.C. & Gelbert, W.M. (2000). An Introduction to Genetic	
			New Delhi	Ananlysis (7th ed.). New York, U.S.: W. H. Freeman.	
			➤ Molecular Biology of Gene: J.D.Watson, Pearson		
			Education.	Publications.	
			Gene VIII: Lewin, Pearson Education.	➢ Gupta, P.K. (2010). Plant biotechnology. Meerut: Rastogi	
			Biotechnology by B.D. Singh.	Publications.	
			Plant Biotechnology by P.K. Gupta.	Hartl, D.L. & Jones, E.W. (1997). Genetics: Analysis of	
			> Principles of Gene Manipulation: Old & Primrose,	Genes and Genome (9 th ed.). Canada: Jones and Barlett	
			Blackwell Scientific Publications.	Publishers.	
			Understanding Biotechnology: Aluizo Borem, Pearson		
			Education.	Silver, L. (2010). <i>Genetics: From Genes to Genomes</i> (4 th	
			Molecular Biotechnology: B.R. Glick and J.J. Pasternak, ASM David Workington, USA	ed.). New York: McGraw-Hill Education.	
			ASM Press, Washington, USA.	Klug, W.S., Cummings, M.R., Spencer, C.A., Palladino,	
			An Introduction to Gene Technology-From genes to clones: Winnacker, VCH.	M.A., Killian, D. (2018). <i>Concepts of Genetics</i> (12 th ed.). USA: Pearson Education.	
				 Krebs, J.E., Goldstein, E.S., & Kilpatrick, S.T. (2012). 	
				<i>Lewin's Genes XI</i> (11 th ed.). USA: Jones and Bartlett	
				Publishers.	
	I			r wononers.	

S No	. Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
S No	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	 Maloy, S.R., Cronan, J.E., & Friefelder, D. (1994). <i>Microbial Genetics</i> (2nd ed.). USA: Jones and Bartlett. Primrose, S.B., & Twyman, R. (2006). <i>Principles of Gene</i> <i>Manipulation and Genomics</i> (7th ed.) UK: Oxford University Press. Singh, B.D. (2015). Biotechnology. New Delhi: Kalyani Publishers. Strickberger, M.W. (1995). Genetics (3rd ed.). New Delhi: Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited. Tamarin, R.H. (2004). <i>Principles of Genetics</i> (7th ed.). USA: McGraw-Hill Higher Education. Watson, J.D., Tania, A.B., & Stephen, P.B. (2017). <i>Molecular Biology of the Gene</i> (7th ed.). USA: Pearson Education. Winnacker, E.L. (1987). <i>From Genes to Clones:</i> <i>Introduction to Gene Technology</i>. Germany: Wiley VCH. Suggested e- Resources: Genetics https://www.britannica.com/science/genetics Recombinant-DNA-technology https://www.britannica.com/science/recombinant-DNA-technology https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103013/4 http://www.agbioworld.org/biotech-info/topics/dev- world/policies4.html Principles & processes of recombinant-DNA- technology https://www.toppr.com/guides/biology/biotechnology- principles-and-process/processes-of-recombinant-dna- 	Remarks
				 Principles & processes of recombinant-DNA- technology https://www.toppr.com/guides/biology/biotechnology- 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				https://www.hg.org/legal-articles/patent-rights-in-india- 4995	
2)	Engineering Lab	 On completion of the course, students will be able to: Develop skills and understanding about different techniques used in genetics and genetic engineering Critically analyze and interpret data generated from each practical Develop knowledge about genetic problems such as genetic mapping, test cross etc. 	 Models based on Mendel's law Human Genetics: Tongue rolling, Widow's peak, Ear lobes, Little finger. Estimation of standard DNA. 	 Discipline Elective: BOT 302L: Genetic and Genetic Engineering Lab 1. Problems of genetics. 1. Models based on Mendel's law. 2. Human genetics: Tongue rolling, widow's peak, ear lobes, little finger. 3. Estimation of standard DNA by DPA method. 4. Determination of purity of standard DNA. 5. Determination of λ_{max} of standard DNA. 6. Isolation of DNA from plant cells. 7. Restriction digestion of DNA. 8. Agarose gel electrophoresis of DNA. 9. Basic biosafety guidelines in the laboratory. Suggested Books: ▶ Purohit, S.D. (2007). Molecular Biology and Biotechnology: A Practical Manual. Udaipur: Apex Publishing House. ▶ Vats, S. (2015). A Laboratory Textbook of Biochemistry, Molecular biology and Microbiology. GRIN Verlag. 	
3)	Discipline Elective: 5.1: Plant Physiology and Ecology	 On completion of the course, students will be able to: Comprehend about life processes happening inside plants and how they cope with varied biotic and abiotic factors. Understand maintenance of ecological balance and role of man in 	 Unit 1 Plant water relations: Importance of water to plant life; movement of water across the membranes, ascent of sap; transpiration. Mineral nutrition: Methods to study the availability of macro and micro elements, uptake and roles of mineral elements. Translocation of organic substances: General principle and mechanism. Unit 2 	 Discipline Elective: BOT 303: Plant Physiology and Ecology Unit 1 Plant water relations: Importance of water to plant life; movement of water across the membranes, ascent of sap; transpiration. Mineral nutrition: Methods to study the availability of macro and micro elements, uptake and roles of mineral elements. Translocation of organic substances: General principle and mechanism. 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		the degradation of	Photophosphorylation.	role of light, carbon fixation in plants,	
		the environment	• Respiration: Significance and mechanism, factors	Photophosphorylation.	
		and to suggest	affecting respiration, release and utilization of	• Respiration: Significance and mechanism, factors	
		remedies.	biochemical energy, ATP synthesis.	affecting respiration, release and utilization of	
		•Highlight the	Unit 3	biochemical energy, ATP synthesis.	
		potential of these	• Fat Metabolism: Mechanism of synthesis and break down	Unit 3	
		studies to become	of fats.	• Fat Metabolism: Mechanism of synthesis and break down	
		an entrepreneur.	• Nitrogen metabolism: Nitrate assimilation, nitrogen	of fats.	
			fixation, amino acid synthesis and nitrogen cycle.	• Nitrogen metabolism: Nitrate assimilation, nitrogen	
			• Growth and Development: Physiology of dormancy and	fixation, amino acid synthesis and nitrogen cycle.	
			seed germination, vegetative and reproductive growth,	• Growth and development: Physiology of dormancy and	
			Vernalization and Photoperiodism.	seed germination, vegetative and reproductive growth,	
			• Growth regulators: Auxins, gibberellins, cytokinins,	vernalization and photoperiodism.	
			ethylene and abscissic acid, their physiological	• Growth regulators: Auxins, gibberellins, cytokinins,	
			importance.	ethylene and abscissic acid, their physiological	
			Unit 4	importance.	
			• Ecology: Plant environment: Climatic, edaphic,	Unit 4	
			topographic and biotic factors.	• Ecology.	
			• Ecosystem: Brief concept, food chains, ecological	• Plant environment: Climatic, edaphic, topographic and	
			pyramids (Pyramids of number, mass and energy),	biotic factors.	
			energetics, biochemical cycling.	• Ecosystem: Brief concept, food chains, ecological	
			Unit 5	pyramids (pyramids of number, mass and energy),	
			• Plant communities: Structure, classification, diversity,	energetics, biochemical cycling.	
			dynamics.	Unit 5	
			• Applied ecology: Introduction to restoration ecology.	• Plant communities: Structure, classification, diversity,	
			• Environmental pollution (Air, Water, and Radioactive),	dynamics.	
			Conservation, Plant indicators.	• Applied ecology: Introduction to restoration ecology.	
				• Environmental pollution (air, water, noise and	
			Books Recommended:	radioactive), Conservation, plant indicators.	
			Plant Physiology: Devlin & Witham, Van Narst, New	Suggested Books:	
			Delhi: East West Press, 1974.	Ambhast, R.S. (2008). <i>Plant Ecology</i> . New Delhi: CBS.	
			Plant Physiology: Salisbury & Ross, Prentice Hall of Leading		
			India.	age International Publishers.	
			 Introductory Plant Physiology: Noggle & Fritz, Prentice 	1 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
			Hall of India.	Plant Physiology. New Jersey: John Wiley and Sons Inc.	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Plant Physiology: Taiz and Zeiger.	Narst, V., Devlin & Witham. (1974) Plant Physiology.	
			> Introduction to Plant Physiology: W.G. Hopkins and	New Delhi: East West Press.	
			Hunner John Wiley and Sons Inc.	Noggle, G.R., & Fritz, G.J. (1992). Introductory Plant	
			Plant Physiology: Pandey & Sinha.	Physiology. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India.	
			Ecology & Environment: P.D. Sharma, Rastogi		
			Publications, Meerut.	Natraj Publishers.	
			Fundamentals of Ecology: E.P. Odum, Natraj		
			Publishers, Dehradun, India.	New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.	
			Plant Physiology: H.N. Srivastava, Vikas Publishing		
			House.	Prentice Hall of India.	
			Plant Physiology: S. C. Dutta.	Sharma, P.D. (2003). Ecology & Environment. Meerut:	
			Plant Ecology: Ambhast and Ambhast.	Rastogi Publications.	
				Srivastava, H.S. (2005). <i>Plant Physiology</i> : Meerut:	
				 Rastogi Publications. Taiz, L., & Zeiger, E. (2010). <i>Plant Physiology</i>. London: 	
				Sinauer Associates.	
				Suggested e- Resources:	
				 Plant Physiology 	
				https://www.udemy.com/plant-	
				physiology/?siteID=zOCYiUhWwNM-	
				1RExiYvhsJfnMd_rZR_ivg&LSNPUBID=zOCYiUhWw	
				NM	
				Ecological communities	
				http://www-	
				plb.ucdavis.edu/courses/bis/1c/text/Chapter27nf.pdf	
4)	Discipline	On completion of	List of Physiology experiments	Discipline Elective:	
	Elective:	the course, students	1. Osmosis	BOT 303L: Plant Physiology and Ecology Lab	
	5.2: Plant	will be able to:	a. Grapes and dried raisins.	A. List of Physiology experiments	
		•Understand the	b. Potato osmoscope and semi permeable membrane.	1. Osmosis	
	and Ecology	physiological	c. Plasmolysis and deplasmolysis.	a. Grapes and dried raisins.	
	Lab	details of	2. Root pressure	b. Potato osmoscope and semi permeable membrane.	
		photosynthesis and	a. An experiment on root pressure.	c. Plasmolysis and deplasmolysis.	
		respiration.	3. Transpiration	2. Root pressure	
		•Design	a. Ganong's potometer and Farmer's potometer	a. An experiment on root pressure.	
		experiments, collect	b. Unequal transpiration from two surfaces of a leaf	3. Transpiration	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes		Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		and analyze data,	i. Cobalt chloride paper method.	a. Ganong's potometer and Farmer's potometer	
		critically evaluate	ii. Four leaf method with greased surface.	b. Unequal transpiration from two surfaces of a leaf	
		and present the data	c. Demonstration of water lifting power of	i. Cobalt chloride paper method.	
		produced in	transpiration (suction force).	ii. Four leaf method with greased surface.	
		physiology or	d. Ringing experiment.	c. Demonstration of water lifting power of	
		ecology.	e. Study of stomata	transpiration (suction force).	
		Demonstrate skills	4. Photosynthesis	d. Ringing experiment.	
		related to	a. Oxygen is given off during photosynthesis	e. Study of stomata	
		laboratory as well	(Wilmott's bubbler apparatus).	4. Photosynthesis	
		as field based	b. Light is necessary for photosynthesis.	a. Oxygen is given off during photosynthesis	
		studies.	c. Chlorophyll is necessary for photosynthesis.	(Wilmott's bubbler apparatus).	
			d. CO ₂ is necessary for photosynthesis.	b.Light is necessary for photosynthesis.	
			e. No oxygen liberation without CO ₂ .	c. Chlorophyll is necessary for photosynthesis.	
			f. RQ by Ganong's respirometer of carbohydrate,	$d.CO_2$ is necessary for photosynthesis.	
			fatty seeds and Opuntia phylloclade.	e. RQ by Ganong's respirometer (Demonstration).	
			5. Respiration	5. Respiration	
			a. CO ₂ is produced during respiration.	a. CO_2 is produced during respiration.	
			b. Loss of dry weight in respiration.	b. Loss of dry weight in respiration.	
			c. Anaerobic respiration.	c. Anaerobic respiration.	
			B. List of Ecological experiments	B. List of Ecological experiments	
			1. To determine the soil temperature by soil	1. To determine the soil temperature by soil	
			thermometer.	thermometer.	
			2. To measure relative humidity of the atmosphere by	2. To measure relative humidity of the atmosphere by	
			wet and dry-bulb thermometer or psychrometer.	wet and dry–bulb thermometer or psychrometer.	
			3. To determine soil texture.	3. To determine soil texture.	
			4. To test the presence of carbonate, nitrate, pH value	4. To test the presence of carbonate, nitrate, pH value	
			and base deficiency in soil.	and base deficiency in soil.	
			5. To measure the light intensity.	5. To measure the light intensity.	
			6. To study the structure of the plant community of an	6. To study the structure of the plant community of an	
			area by quadrat method and to determine the plant	area by quadrat method and to determine the plant	
			density, abundance and frequency (the density,	density, abundance and frequency.	
			abundance and frequency can be calculated from a	7. To determine the water holding capacity of different	
			given data in laboratory during practical	soils.	
			examination).	Suggested Books:	
			7. To determine the water holding capacity of different	Bendre, A., & Kumar, A. (2010). A Textbook of	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			soils.	Practical Botany- II. Meerut: Rastogi Publications.	
			8. A record of the experiments done during the year is		
			to be submitted by the candidates.		
5)	Discipline	Learning		Discipline Elective: Ethnobotany	
	Elective:	outcomes:		Unit 1: Ethnobotany	
	Ethnobotany	On completion of		• Introduction, concept, scope and objectives;	
		the course,		Ethnobotany as an interdisciplinary science.	
		students will be		• The relevance of ethnobotany in the present context.	
		able to:		• Major and minor ethnic groups or Tribals of India, and	
		• Understand the		their life styles.	
		science of		Unit 2: Ethnobotanical Uses	
		ethnobotany, its		• Plants used by the tribals: a) Food plants b) Fodder c)	
		concept, scope		intoxicants and beverages d) Resins and oils and	
		and objectives		miscellaneous uses.	
		• Know the types,		Plants of mythological and religious.	
		distribution and		• Plants mentioned in Folklore and Folk songs.	
		life style of		• Plants as totems, taboos and superstition.	
		ethnic groups in		Unit 3: Methodology of Ethnobotanical studies	
		India.		• Field work b) Herbarium c) Ancient Literature d)	
		• Know the		Archaeological findings e) temples and sacred places.	
		importance of		• Major centers of Ethnobotany in India.	
		tribals in present		Unit 4: Role of ethnobotany in modern Medicine	
		era.		• Medico-ethnobotanical sources in India; Significance of	
		• Know the		the following plants in ethno botanical practices (along mith their hebittt and merrhology):	
		various uses of		with their habitat and morphology):(a) Azadiractha indica (b) Ocimum sanctum (c) Vitex negundo (d)	
		plants by the		Gloriosa superba (e) Tribulus terrestris (f) Pongamia	
		ethnic people in		pinnata (g) Cassia auriculata (h) Indigofera tinctoria.	
		their daily life.		• Role of ethnobotany in modern medicine with special	
		• Know the		example Rauvolfia sepentina, Trichopus zeylanicus,	
		miscellaneous		Artemisia, Withania.	
		uses of plants		• Role of ethnic groups in conservation of plant genetic	
		• Understand the		resources.	
		methodology of		• Endangered taxa and forest management (participatory	
		ethnobotanical		forest management).	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		work		Unit 5: Ethnobotany and legal aspects	
		• Know the		• Ethnobotany as a tool to protect interests of ethnic	
		medicinal uses		groups. Sharing of wealth concept with few examples	
		of plants in		from India.	
		crude ways.		• Biopiracy, Intellectual Property Rights and Traditional	
		• Aware about the		Knowledge.	
		legal aspects		Suggested Readings	
		associated with		≻ Colton C.M. 1997. Ethnobotany – Principles and	
		ethnobotany.		applications. John Wiley and sons, Chichester	
		j ·		➢ Ethnobotany: Vinay Sharma and Afroz Alam, Rastogi	
				Publishing House, Meerut	
				Faulks, P.J. 1958.An introduction to Ethnobotany,	
				Moredale pub. Ltd.	
				➢ Jain S.K. (1990). Contributions of Indian ethnobotany. Satisfies and block and bloc	
				Scientific publishers, Jodhpur. ➤ Jain S.K. (1995). <i>Glimpses of Indian. Ethnobotny</i> ,	
				Oxford and I B H, New Delhi – 1981	
				 ➢ Jain S.K. (1995). Manual of Ethnobotany, Scientific 	
				Publishers, Jodhpur, 1995.	
				→ Jain S.K. (ed.) (1989). Methods and approaches in	
				<i>ethnobotany</i> . Society of ethnobotanists, Lucknow, India.	
				► Lone et al. (1980). <i>Palaeoethnobotany</i> , Oxford and I B	
				H, New Delhi – 1981	
				▶ Rajiv K. Sinha (1996). Ethnobotany The Renaissance of	
				Traditional Herbal Medicine – INA –SHREE Publishers,	
				Jaipur	
				Rama Ro, N and Henry A.N. (1996). The Ethnobotany of	
				Eastern Ghats in Andhra Pradesh, India.Botanical Survey	
				of India. Howrah.	
				Suggested e- Resources:	
				http://botanicaldimensions.org/what-is-ethnobotany/	
				https://www.plantsnap.com/blog/casual-ethnobotany/	
				https://trove.nla.gov.au/work/36470887?selectedversion=	
				NBD44743330	
6)	Discipline			Discipline Elective: Ethnobotany Lab	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	Elective: Ethnobotany Lab			 Study of wild plants of different families at taxonomical level. Collection of locally growing plants of ethnic importance. Herbarium preparation. Study of ethnic groups through photographs and available literature. Preparation of plants' extract. Analysis of phytochemicals. 	
7)	Discipline	After completion of		Discipline Elective: Horticulture	
	Elective:	the course students		Unit 1	
	Horticulture	will be able to:		• Basic horticultural techniques (soil preparation, bed	
		• Understand the		preparation, transplantation & pruning)	
		basic technique of		• Vegetative propagation of plants (a) cutting (b)	
		plant propagation.		grafting (c) budding (d) layering (e) other special	
		• Perform cutting,		structures.	
		grafting, budding,		Unit 2	
		layering etc.		• Soil less culture (hydroponic, Aeroponics).	
		• Grow plants in the absence of		• Application of Coco peat, Perlite, Vermiculite and	
		soil medium		Peat moss in horticultural practices	
		• Start bonsai		• Indoor and outdoor plants.	
		• Start bonsar creation		• Bonsai: Types, forms, structure and styles.	
		Know various		Unit 3	
		aspects of Green		• Greenhouse Technology: Importance, types and	
		House		operation techniques.	
		Technology		• Commercial uses of Green House Technology.	
		• Start commercial		• Benefits and Risks associated with Green House	
		cultivation of		Technology.	
		fruits and		Unit 4	
		vegetables		• Commercial cultivation of cut flowers (Roses,	
				Gerberas & Carnations).	
				• Study of foliage plants (<i>Ficus</i> , Croton & Coleus).	
				• Study of one locally available vegetables (root, leafy,	
				cole crops).	
				Unit 5	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				• Study of tropical fruits (Mango, Amla, Date palm).	
				• Study of temperate fruits (Apple).	
				• Commercial cultivation of exotic fruits.	
				Suggested Books	
				Ankur: (Magazine).	
				> Bajaj, Y.P.S. & Narosa. Biotechnology in agriculture	
				and forestry.	
				> Chalam, Venkateshwarlu, G.V.I. Introduction to	
				Agricultural Botany in India. Asia Publishing House,	
				New Delhi.	
				Hartmann and Kester. Plant Propagation.	
				▶ Jain, S.K. & Rao, R.R. A Hand book of Field &	
				Herbarium Methods. Today & Tomorrow's Printers &	
				Publications, New Delhi.	
				Sandhu, M.K. Plant Propagation.	
				Suggested e- Resources:	
				https://icar.org.in/content/horticultural_division	
				http://tnhorticulture.tn.gov.in/horti/	
				https://www.onionseek.com/in/search/web/?pk=nQMhN	
				zQd8g9IZLslSBEH6g&q=Online%20Horticulture%20D	
				egree%20Program&id_event=5cc7d0693778ea7e85ea4	
				bc6	
				https://www.longdom.org/horticulture.html	
8)	Discipline			Discipline Elective: Horticulture Lab	
	Elective:			1. Layout of kitchen garden.	
	Horticulture			2. Vegetative propagation by cutting and grafting	
	Lab			Herbarium preparation.	
				3. Vegetative propagation by budding and layering	
				(Gootee).	
				4. To perform emasculation & hybridization.	
Zacl	logy: Discipline	Flootivo I & II		5. Preparation of compost.	
1)	Discipline	On completion of	Unit 1	Discipline Elective	
1)	Elective	the course, students			
	6.1 Animal	will be able to:	• Physiology of Digestion: Various kinds of digestive enzymes (Carbohydrases, Proteinases and Lipases) and		
	••• Annihal	will be able to.	enzymes (Carbonyurases, Proteinases and Lipases) and		

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	Physiology	•Gain basic	their digestive action to corresponding food stuffs in the	• Physiology of Digestion: Various kinds of digestive	
		understanding of	alimentary canal of mammals; Hormonal control of	enzymes (carbohydrases, proteinases and lipases) and	
		structure and	digestive functions; Mechanism of absorption of various	their digestive action to corresponding food stuffs in the	
		functions of each	end-products of digestion and other materials such as	alimentary canal of mammals; hormonal control of	
		physiological	vitamins, minerals and trace elements.	digestive functions; mechanism of absorption of various	
		system of human.	• Physiology of Respiration in mammals: Mechanism and	end-products of digestion and other materials such as	
		•Describe principles	control of breathing; Transport of oxygen and carbon	vitamins, minerals and trace elements.	
		and pathway of	dioxide; oxygen dissociation curves of Hemoglobin,	• Physiology of respiration in mammals: Mechanism and	
		metabolism of	Bohr's effect, Chloride shift, Respiration at cellular level.	control of breathing; transport of oxygen and carbon	
		carbohydrate,	Unit 2	dioxide; oxygen dissociation curves of hemoglobin, Bohr	
		protein and lipids.	• Metabolism: (Structure formula of metabolites not	effect, chloride shift, Haldane effect, lung volumes and	
		•Develop an	essential) Carbohydrate metabolism oxidation of glucose	capacities, regulation of respiration, respiration at cellular	
		understanding	(glycolysis); The Embden-Meyerhof Parnas pathway,	level.	
		about principles of	Tricarboxylic Acid Cycle (TCA) and Oxidative		
		human anatomy	phosphorylation Glycogenolysis and	• Metabolism: (structure formula of metabolites not	
		and physiology.	Glycogenesis; Gluconeogenesis and the role of	essential) Carbohydrate metabolism oxidation of glucose	
			dicarboxylic acid Shuttle, role of insulin and glucagons	(glycolysis); Embden–Meyerhof-Parnas pathway,	
			on carbohydrate metabolism.	tricarboxylic acid cycle and oxidative phosphorylation,	
			• Protein metabolism: Essential and non-essential amino-	shuttle mechanisms (malate-aspartate and glycerol-	
			acids, oxidative deamination, transamination and	phosphate), glycogenolysis and glycogenesis;	
			decarboxylation of amino acids, fate of glucogenic and	gluconeogenesis and the role of dicarboxylic acid shuttle,	
			ketogenic amino acids, Role of hormones in protein metabolism.	role of insulin and glucagons on carbohydrate metabolism.	
			• Fat metabolism: -oxidation of fatty acids, oxidation of	• Protein metabolism: Essential and non-essential amino-	
			glycerol and unsaturated fatty acids; fate of Acetyl CoA;	acids, oxidative deamination, transamination and	
			Synthesis of lipids; Role of hormones in fat metabolism.	decarboxylation of amino acids, fate of glucogenic and	
				ketogenic amino acids, role of hormones in protein metabolism.	
				 Fat metabolism: Oxidation of fatty acids (β-oxidation), glycerol, and unsaturated fatty acids; fate of Acetyl CoA; 	
			Unit 3	synthesis of fatty acids & lipids; role of hormones in fat metabolism.	The topic
			 Physiology of Excretion: Kinds of nitrogenous excretory 		"Relationship between
			products, Role of liver in the formation of urea;		the nature of excretory
			Relationship between the nature of excretory products to	products, structure of kidney, role of liver in the formation	products to the habitat
			Relationship between the nature of exercitory products to	products, structure of kluney, fore of fiver in the formation	-

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 the habitat (Fresh water, Marine water and Terrestrial); Composition and formation of urine; Role of hormones. Physiology of Vascular system: Composition and functions of blood and lymph; Blood groups, Rh factor; Blood Coagulation (clotting) mechanism and its physiological significance; Structure and functions of Hemoglobin. Blood pressure; origin, conduction and regulation of heart beat; Nervous and hormonal regulation of heart beat; Cardiac cycle. 	 of urea; composition and formation of urine; role of hormones in urine formation; micturition. Physiology of vascular system: Composition and functions of blood; lymph & lymphatic system; blood groups, Rh factor; platelet plug formation; blood clotting mechanism and its significance; structure and functions of hemoglobin. Blood pressure & its regulation; origin, conduction and regulation of heart beat; nervous and hormonal regulation of heart beat; cardiac cycle. 	(Fresh water, Marine water and Terrestrial)" is proposed to be remove from existing syllabus because it is usually covered in the another topic i.e. Kinds of nitrogenous excretory products.
			Unit 4		This is important for
			 Physiology of Muscle Contraction: Functional architecture of smooth, skeletal and cardiac muscles; mechanism of muscle contractions (skeletal muscle). Mechanical properties of muscle: simple muscle twitch; tetanus and muscle fatigue. Physiology of nerve impulse and reflex action: Functional architecture of neuron, nature, origin and propagation of nerve impulse along a neuron, synapse; reflex arc, reflex action and its central control. Unit 5 Physiology of Endocrine Glands: Structure and functions of Hypothalamus; Pituitary; Thyroid; Parathyroid; Adrenal and Pancreas; An elementary idea about neuro secretion. 	 Unit 4 Physiology of muscle contraction: Functional architecture of smooth, skeletal and cardiac muscles; mechanism of muscle contractions (skeletal muscle). Fuel for muscle contraction, mechanical properties of muscle: simple muscle twitch; wave summation, tetanus and muscle fatigue. Physiology of nerve impulse and reflex action: Functional architecture and classification of neuron; nature, origin and propagation of nerve impulse along a neuron (myelinated and unmyelinated), synapse; reflex arc, reflex action and its central control. Unit 5 Physiology of endocrine glands: Structure and functions of hypothalamus; pituitary; thyroid; parathyroid; adrenal and pancreas. 	the students to learn about structure of kidney, therefore this topic is proposed to be part of modified syllabus. It is important to learn about the different fuels available for muscular contraction. It is important for the students to learn about the classification of neuron based on their functionality and number of process
			 An elementary idea about heuro secretion. Physiology of Reproduction: Structure and Physiology of human male and female reproductive system; reproductive cycles- Estrous and Menstrual cycle Hormonal regulation of ovulation, fertilization, implantation, abortion, gestation, parturition and lactation. Recommended Books : > Text book of Medical Physiology: A.C. Guyton, Saunders College Publications. 	 An elementary idea about neuro-secretion. Physiology of reproduction: Structure and physiology of human male and female reproductive system; spermatogenesis and oogenesis; reproductive cycles-estrous and menstrual cycle. Hormonal regulation of ovulation, fertilization, implantation, abortion, gestation, parturition and lactation. Suggested Books : Chaterjee, C.C. (2005). <i>Human Physiology</i> Vol-II (11th) 	emerges from cell body.

S No	. Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
5 110			 > Text book of Animal Physiology: P.S. Verma. > Text book of Human Physiology Vol. I & II: C.C. Chaterjee. > A text book of Human Anatomy & Physiology: G.M. Tortora. > Regulatory Mechanisms in Vertebrates: Pandey and Shukla Rastogi Publication, Meerut. > Text book of Animal Physiology – Eckert. 	 ed.). Chaterjee, C.C. (2018). Human Physiology Vol-I (12th ed.). New Delhi: CBS Publishers & Distributors. Guyton, A.C., & Hall, J.E. (2015). Textbook of Medical Physiology (13th ed.). USA: Saunders. Jurd, R.D. (2003). Instant notes in Animal Biology. New Delhi: Viva Books Pvt. Ltd. Kumar, N. (2016). Animal Physiology. Jaipur: RSBA Publishers. Pandey, K., & Shukla, J.P. (2005). Regulatory Mechanism in Vertebrates. Meerut: Rastogi Publications. Randall, D., Burggren, W., & French, K. (2001). Eckert Animal Physiology (5th ed.). W. H. Freeman. Roy, R.N. (2018). Textbook of Physiology: with Biochemistry & Biophysics Vol-I. Kolkata: New Central Book Agency. Tortora, G.J., & Grabowski. (2003). Principles of Anatomy & Physiology (10th ed.). New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons. Verma, P.S., Tyagi, B.S., & Agarwal, V.K. (2000). Animal Physiology. New Delhi: S. Chand publisher. Suggested e-Resources: Digestive system https://www2.estrellamountain.edu/faculty/farabee/biobk/BioBookDIGEST.html Unsaturated fatty acid oxidation https://pharmaxchange.info/2013/10/oxidation-of-unsaturated-fatty-acids/ Urine formation http://medschool.slu.edu/gpbs/syllabus/2008/renal2/Kidn ey%20Lecture-2%20Core%202008.pdf Muscles http://www.onlinebiologynotes.com/muscular-tissue-skeletal-smooth-cardiac-muscle/ Endocrine glands 	

S No.	Course List	On completion of the course, students 1. Preparation of haemin crystals. 1. Will be able to: 2. Estimation of haemoglobin percentage by haemometer. 1. Will be able to: 3. Enumeration of the total number of red blood 1.		Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
2)	Discipline Elective: 6.2 Animal	On completion of the course, students	 Preparation of haemin crystals. Estimation of haemoglobin percentage by haemometer. Enumeration of the total number of red blood corpuscles (RBC). Enumeration of the total number of white blood corpuscles (WBC). 	 http://what-when-how.com/nursing/the-endocrine-system-structure-and-function-nursing-part-1/ Physiological systems https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102104042/ https://nptel.ac.in/courses/122103039/18 Discipline Elective: ZOO 301L: Animal Physiology Lab No modification in the syllabus. Suggested Books: Poddar, T., Mukhopadhyay, S., & Das, S.K. (2003). An advanced Laboratory Manual of Zoology. Kolkata: Macmillan India Limited. Sharma, S. (2007). Experiments and Techniques in Biochemistry (1st ed.). New Delhi: Galgotia Publication. Sharma, S., & Sharma, R. (2016). Practical Manual of Biochemistry (2nd ed.). New Delhi: Medtech. 	
3)	Discipline	On completion of	5.1 Environmental Biology	Discipline Elective:	Title of the paper is
	Elective: 5.1	the course, students	Unit 1 • Terminology and scope of ecology.	ZOO 302:Environmental Biology and Biostatistics	renamed as
	Environmenta	will be able to:	Environment :	Unit 1	Environmental
	1 Biology	•Understand the	i. Biosphere – Lithosphere, Hydrosphere and	• Terminology and scope of ecology.	Biology and
		physical and	Atmosphere.	• Environment:	Biostatistics
		biological	ii. Physical factors – with special reference to	i. Biosphere -Lithosphere, hydrosphere and atmosphere.	
		characters of the	temperature, light and water.	ii. Physical factors-with special reference to temperature,	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		environment and	iii. Biotic factors – Intra and Inter specific relationship	light and water.	
		the interrelationship	among animals.	iii. Biotic factors -Intra and inter specific relationship	
		between biotic and	iv. Principles of limiting factors - Leibig's law of		
		abiotic components	minimum, Shelford's Law of tolerance, combined	iv. Principles of limiting factors-Leibig's law of minimum,	
		of nature as well as	concept of limiting factors.	Shelford's law of tolerance, combined concept of	
		relationship among	Biogeochemical Cycles: Carbon, Oxygen, Nitrogen and	limiting factors.	
		the individuals of	Phosphorus cycles.	• Biogeochemical cycles: Carbon, oxygen, nitrogen and	
		the biotic	Unit 2	phosphorus cycles.	
	Refine Im Im Ec bio ma ec U1 ba po co ec	components.	1. Ecosystem Ecology: Structure and dynamics of the		
		•Realize the	ecosystem including food chain, food webs trophic	• Ecosystem ecology: Structure and dynamics of the	
		importance of	levels, productivity and energetics.	ecosystem including food chain, food webs trophic levels,	
		2	2. Fresh Water Ecosystem: Physiochemical factors, Biotic	productivity and energetics.	
		biodiversity for	communities and lake eutrophication.	• Fresh water ecosystem: Physiochemical factors, biotic	
		maintaining	3. Marine Ecosystem: Zonation factors and biotic	communities and lake eutrophication.	
		ecological balance.	communities of deep sea only.	• Marine ecosystem: Zonation factors and biotic	
		•Understand the	4. Terrestrial Ecosystem: Salient features of grass land,	communities of deep sea only.	
		basic principles of	forest and desert ecosystem.	• Terrestrial ecosystem: Salient features of grass land, forest	
		population and		and desert ecosystem.	
		community	5. Population Ecology.	Unit 3	
		ecology.	i. Definition and attributes of animal population:	Population ecology:	
		•Understand the	Population density and its measurement, natality,	i. Definition and attributes of animal population:	
		fundamental	mortality, growth form, age distribution, age	Population density and its measurement, natality,	
		principles of	pyramids, Sex ratio, dispersal and dispersion.	mortality, growth form, age distribution, age pyramids,	
		biostatistics and its	ii. Regulation of Population density: Population fluctuations and interactions.	sex ratio, dispersal and dispersion.	
		role in the data		ii. Regulation of population density: Population	
		analysis generated	6. Community Ecology :	fluctuations and interactions.	
		by scientific	i. Definition of types of communities (micro and	Community ecology:	
		research.	macro communities).	i. Definition of types of communities (micro and macro	
			ii. Community dominance and species diversity.	communities).	
			iii. Ecotone, edge effect and ecological Niche.iv. Succession and Climax.	ii. Community dominance and species diversity.	
			Unit 4	iii. Ecotone, edge effect and ecological niche.	
			7. Pollution Ecology :	iv. Succession and climax.	
			i. Pollution, Biodegradable and non-biodegradable	Unit 4	Unit-4 of this paper is
			pollutants.	Applied ecology:	already mentioned in
			ponutant s.	i. Conservation of natural resources.	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			ii. Air pollution: Sources, nature, prevention and control.	ii. Wild life management.	plant physiology and
			iii. Water pollution: Source, nature abatement.	iii. National parks and wild life sanctuaries in India.	ecology paper,
			iv. Noise pollution	iv. Extinction in animals.	therefore contents of
			v. Radioactive pollution and effects of radioactive	v. Zoogeographical regions of the world along with the	unit-V has shifted to
			substance on living organisms.	boundaries and fauna.	Unit-IV and
			vi. Environmental health and welfare.		Introduction to
			Unit 5	Unit 5	biostatistics is
			8. Applied Ecology :	• Biostatistics:	proposed to be include
			i. Conservation of Natural resources.	i. Introduction, scope and applications.	in the Unit-V
			ii. Wild life management.	ii. Sampling, data collection and presentation.	
			iii. National parks and Wild life sanctuaries in India.	iii. Types of data, methods of collection of primary and	
			iv. Extinction in animals.	secondary data, data presentation-Histogram, polygon,	
			v. Zoogeographical regions of the world along with the	bar diagram, pie diagram.	
			boundaries and fauna	iv. Frequency distribution. Measures of central tendency-	
				Mean, median, mode.	
				v. Measures of variability-Standard deviation, standard	
			Recommended Books :	error.	
			Elements of Ecology: Clarke.	Suggested Books:	
			Ecology: E.P. Odum, New Delhi : Amerind Publishing,	➢ Alllee W.C., Emerson, A.E., Park, O., Parl, T., &	
			1965.	Schmidt, K.P. (1967). Principles of Animal Ecology.	
			➢ Environmental Analysis: M.M. Saxena, Bikaner Agro	USA: W.B. Saunders Company.	
			Botanical Pub., 1990.	\blacktriangleright Banerjee, P.K. (2007). Introduction to Biostatistics (3 rd	
			\succ Ecology with special reference to animal and man : S.	ed.). New Delhi: S Chand and company Pvt. Ltd.	
			Charles Kendeigh.	Bhuyan, K.C. (2017). Advanced Biostatistics. Kolkata:	
			Principles of Animal Ecology: Allee, Emeroon, Park and	New Central Book Agency.	
			Schmidt.	Chaudhary, B.L., & Pandey, J. (2007). Fundamentals of	
			Animal Ecology : S.P. Singh.	Ecology & Environment. Jaipur: Apex Publishing	
			Ecology and Environment: P.D. Sharma, Rastogi	House.	
			Publications.	Clarke, G.L. (1965). <i>Elements of Ecology</i> . New Jersey:	
			Ecology: C.V.S. Bahura.	John Wiley & Sons Inc.	
			Ecology: C.J. Krebs.	Datta, A.K. (2014). <i>Basic Biostatistics and Application</i> .	
			Ecology 2000: Edited by Edmand Hillary, London	Kolkata: New Central Book Agency.	
			Michael Joseph, 1984.	Hillary, E. (1984). Ecology 2000: The Changing Face	
				of Earth. Michael Joseph Ltd.	
				➢ Kendeigh, S.C. (1974). Ecology with special reference	

 to animal and man. New Jersey: Prentice Hall. K Krebs, C.J. (2001). Ecology (5th ed.). San Francisco, USA: Benjamin Cummings. K Kumar, A. (2015). Biodiversity & Conservation. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation. Miller, G.T. (2004). Environmental Science: Working with the Earth (10th ed.). Singapore: Thomson Asia. Misra, S.P., & Pandey, S.N. (2016). Essentials of Environmental Sciences (4th ed.). New Delhi: Ane Books Pvt. Ltd. Odum, E.P. (1965). Ecology, New Delhi: Aneerind Publishing. Pandey, M. (2015). Biostatistics: Basic and Advanced. New Delhi: MV. Learning. Saxena, M.M. (1990). Environmental Analysis: Bikamer: Agro Botanical. Sharma, P.D. (2011). Ecology and Environment. Meerut: Rastogi Publication. Singh, S.P. (2005). Animal Ecology. Meerut: Rastogi Publications. Suggested e-Resources: Aquatic ecology hartic ecology https://nptel.ac.in/courses/120108002/ https://nptel.ac.in/courses/120108002/ 	S No	o. Course List Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
 Ecosystem https://nptel.ac.in/courses/122103039/38 Biostatistics https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102101056/ Measures of central tendency https://www.tutorialspoint.com/statistics/arithmetic_me an.htm Population characteristics http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewdoc/download?doi=10.1 	SN	D. Course List Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	 <i>to animal and man.</i> New Jersey: Prentice Hall. Krebs, C.J. (2001). <i>Ecology</i> (5th ed.). San Francisco, USA: Benjamin Cummings. Kumar, A. (2015). <i>Biodiversity & Conservation</i>. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation. Miller, G.T. (2004). <i>Environmental Science: Working with the Earth</i> (10th ed.). Singapore: Thomson Asia. Misra, S.P., & Pandey, S.N. (2016). <i>Essentials of Environmental Sciences</i> (4th ed.). New Delhi: Ane Books Pvt. Ltd. Odum, E.P. (1965). <i>Ecology</i>, New Delhi: Amerind Publishing. Pandey, M. (2015). <i>Biostatistics: Basic and Advanced</i>. New Delhi: MV Learning. Saxena, M.M. (1990). <i>Environmental Analysis</i>: Bikaner: Agro Botanical. Sharma, P.D. (2011). <i>Ecology and Environment</i>. Meerut: Rastogi Publication. Singh, S.P. (2005.). <i>Animal Ecology</i>. Meerut: Rastogi Publications. Tripathi, G. (2002). <i>Modern Trends in Environmental Biology</i>. New Delhi: CBS Publishers & Distributors. Suggested e-Resources: Aquatic ecology https://nptel.ac.in/courses/120108002/ Ecosystem https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102101056/ Measures of central tendency https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102101056/ Measures of central tendency https://www.tutorialspoint.com/statistics/arithmetic_me an.htm 	Remarks

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks	
4)	5.2:	On completion of	5.2:Environmental Biology Lab	Discipline Elective:	Exercise	on
	Environmenta	the course, students	1. To find the depth and visibility in a pond by Sachi disc	ZOO 302L: Environmental Biology and Biostatistics Lab	biostatistics	is
	1 Biology Lab	will be able to:	method.	1. To find the depth and visibility in a pond by Sachi disc	introduced	in the
		•Demonstrate skills	2. To determine the pH of water sample.	method.	revised	laboratory
	Elective:	in the quality	3. To determine the content of dissolved oxygen in the	2. To determine the pH of water sample.	syllabus	
	ZOO 302L:	assessment of water	water sample.	3. To determine the content of dissolved oxygen in the		
	Environment	through testing of	4. To determine free CO2 content in the water sample.	water sample.		
	al Biology	water for CO_2 , O_2 ,	5. To determine the Chloride content of the water sample.	4. To determine the chemical oxygen demand in the water		
	and	chloride and	6. To determine the total hardness of water.	sample.		
	Biostatistics	hardness.	7. To study the effect of environmental stimulation on	5. To determine free CO_2 content in the water sample.		
	Lab	•Gain an	paramecium.	6. To determine the chloride content of the water sample.		
		understanding of	8. To study parasitic, desert, aquatic and aerial adaptations	7. To determine the total hardness of water.		
		parasitic, aquatic,	in animals	8. To study the effect of environmental stimulation on		
		desert and aerial adaptations of <i>Hirudinaria, Taenia, Ascaris, Schistosoma, Fasciola, Head louse.</i>		Paramecium.		
		adaptations of <i>Fasciola</i> , Head louse.		9. To study parasitic, desert, aquatic and aerial adaptations		
		animals with the	ii. Desert : Phrynosoma, Uromastix, Camel, Heloderma,	in animals:		
		help of charts and Rattle snake, Golden mole.		i. Parasite: Hirudinaria, Taenia, Ascaris, Schistosoma,		
		specimens.	iii. Aquatic : Pleuronectus, Exocoetus, Turtle,	Fasciola, Pediculus.		
		•Describe symbiosis,	Hippocampus, Dolphin, Hydrophis, Duck, Crocodile.	ii. Desert: Phrynosoma, Uromastix, Camel, Heloderma,		
		commensalism and	iv. Aerial: Any Bird, Draco, Bat.	Rattle snake, Golden mole.		
		socialization among	9. To study different types of associations existing among	iii. Aquatic: <i>Pleuronectus, Exocoetus,</i> Turtle,		
		organisms with the	living organisms.	Hippocampus, Dolphin, Hydrophis, Duck, Crocodile.		
		help of charts and	i. Symbiosis: Chlorohydra, Termite and Aphid.	iv. Aerial: Any bird, <i>Draco</i> , bat.		
		specimens.	ii. Commensalism: Harmit-crab and Sea anemone and			
		•Understand analysis	Gastropod shell, Euplectella and Shrimps.	among living organisms.		
		of data by solving	iii. Socialization: Ants, Termites, Honey bees.	i. Symbiosis: <i>Chlorohydra</i> , termite and aphid.		
		biostatistical	10. Draw a map of world and identify the Zoogeographical	ii. Commensalism: Harmit-crab, sea anemone and gastropod shell, <i>Euplectella</i> and shrimps.		
		problems.	regions of the world along with their major fauna.	iii. Socialization: Ants, termites and honey bees.		
			Report on any current topic related to Environmental			
			Biology.	11. Draw a map of world and identify the Zoogeographical regions of the world along with their major fauna.		
				12. Biostatistics exercise-mean, median, mode, standard		
				deviation and standard error.		
				13. Report on any current topic related to environmental		
				biology.		
L				0101029.		

S No.	. Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				Suggested books: ➤ Lal, S.S. (2015). Practical Zoology: Invertebrates (11 th	
				ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication. ➤ Lal, S.S. (2015). <i>Practical Zoology: Vertebrates</i> (11 th	
				ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication.	
				 Lal, S.S. (2016). A Textbook of Practical Zoology Vol- 	
				III (2 nd ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication.	
				 Poddar, T., Mukhopadhyay, S., & Das, S.K. (2003). An 	
				advanced Laboratory Manual of Zoology. Kolkata:	
				Macmillan India Limited.	
				 Verma, P.S. (2010). A Manual of Practical Zoology: 	
				<i>Chordates</i> (11 th ed.). New Delhi: S Chand Publishing.	
5)	Discipline	Learning		Discipline Elective: Developmental Biology	
	Elective:	Outcomes:		Unit 1: Introduction to developmental biology	
	Development	On completion of		• History, scope and applications of developmental	
	al Biology	the course, students		biology.	
		will be able to		• Basic concepts: Phases of development, cell-cell	
		• Gain expertise in		interaction, pattern formation, differentiation and	
		explaining how a		growth, differential gene expression, cytoplasmic	
		variety of		determinants and asymmetric cell division.	
		interacting		• Gametogenesis: spermatogenesis and oogenesis.	
		processes		Polarity and gradients.	
		generate an		• Fertilization: Types, mechanism and theories.	
		organism's		Unit 2: Early embryonic development	
		heterogeneous shapes, size and		• Cleavage: Definition, planes and patterns of	
		structural features		cleavage, classification of cleavage based on	
		that arise on the		distribution and amount of yolk.	
		trajectory from		• Morulation, blastulation and gastrulation in ambhibia	
		embryo to adult		and bird.	
		or more generally		 Morphogenetic movements, embryonic induction and 	
		throughout a life		competence, primary organizers. Unit 3: Late embryonic development	
		cycle.		-	
		• Gain an		 Differentiation of germinal layers. Mathed of organ formation: on overview of neural 	
		understanding of		• Method of organ formation: an overview of neural tube formation types of magadarm somita	
		5		tube formation, types of mesoderm, somite	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		systematic and		formation, endoderm and its derivatives in	
		organized		amphibians and birds.	
		learning about the		• Extra-embryonic membranes in birds, their	
		knowledge and		development and functions.	
		concepts of		• Paedogenesis and neoteny in ambhibians.	
		growth and		Unit 4: Post embryonic development	
		development of		• Metamorphic events and its hormonal regulations in	
		organisms.		amphibians.	
		• Demonstrate a		• Regeneration: types, regeneration of limbs in	
		rich array of		salamanders, regeneration of lost tail in lizard.	
		material and		• Introduction to senescence and apoptosis.	
		conceptual		Unit 5: Implications of developmental biology	
		practices that		• Teratogenesis: Teratogenic agents and their effects	
		could be analysed		on embryonic development.	
		to better		• Embryonic stem cells and their applications.	
		understand the		• Cloning of animals: Nuclear transfer technique and	
		scientific		embryo transfer technique.	
		reasoning exhibited in		• In vitro fertilization, artificial insemination in cattle,	
		experimental life		amniocentesis.	
		sciences.		Suggested Books	
		sciences.		➢ Balinsky, B.I. & Fabian, B.C. (1981). An	
				Introduction to Embryology (5 th ed.). International	
				Thompson Computer Press.	
				\succ Carlson, B.M. (1999). Patten's foundations in	
				embryology. (6 th ed.). New York, USA: McGraw	
				Hill.	
				≻ Chattopadhyay, S. (2017). An introduction to	
				developmental Biology. Kolkata, India: Books and	
				Allied.	
				➢ Gilbert, S.F. (2010). Developmental Biology (9 th ed.).	
				Sinauer Associates, Inc., Publishers, Sunderland,	
				Massachusetts, USA.	
				Kalthoff (2008). Analysis of Biological Development (2 nd al) McCorre Hill Deblickorr	
				(2 nd ed.). McGraw-Hill Publishers.	
				Lewis, Wolpert (2002). Principles of Development	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<u>S No.</u> 6)	Course List Discipline Elective: Development al Biology Lab	 Learning Outcomes On completion of the course, students will be able to Understand the different stages of development of frog and chick through microscopic slides. Understand the development and life cycle of <i>Drosophila</i> through microscopic 	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus (2 nd ed.). Oxford University Press. Rastogi, V.B. & Jayaraj, M.S. (2005). Developmental Biology (A Text book of embryology). Kedar Nath Ram Nath Publisher, Meerut. Suggested e-Resources: Developmental Biology http://nptel.ac.in/courses/nptel_download.php?subje ctid=102101068 http://cmb.i- learn.unito.it/mod/book/tool/print/index.php?id=3 288 Discipline Elective: Developmental Biology Lab 1. Study of whole mounts and sections of developmental stages of frog through permanent slides/charts/models: Eggs, cleavage stages, blastula, gastrula, neurula, tail- bud stage, tadpole (external and internal gill stages). 2. Study of whole mounts of developmental stages of chick through permanent slides/charts/models: Primitive streak (13 and 18 hours), 21, 24, 28, 33, 36, 48, 72, and 96 hours of incubation (Hamilton and Hamburger stages). 3. Study of the developmental stages and life cycle of Drosophila with the help of chart/specimen/models. Suggested Books > Lal, S.S. (2015). Practical Zoology: Vertebrates (11 th ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication. > Verma, P.S. (2010). A Manual of Practical Zoology:	Remarks
		slides.		Chordates (11 th ed.). New Delhi: S Chand Publishing.	
7)	Discipline Elective: Applied Zoology	On completion of the course, students will be able to • Explore the important of earthworms in		 Discipline Elective: Applied Zoology Unit-1 Parasitic protozoans: Life history and pathogenicity of <i>Entamoeba histolytica, Plasmodium vivax,</i> <i>Giardia, Leishmania</i> and <i>Trypanosoma gambiense.</i> Parasitic Helminthes: Life history and 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Sugges	sted Syllabus	Remarks
		agro-ecosystems			pathogenicity of Ancylostoma duodenale and	
		and utilize gained			Wuchereria bancrofti.	
		knowledge for		Unit-2		
		production of		•	Insects of agriculture importance: Biology, control	
		vermicompost in			and damage caused by crop pests (Helicoverpa	
		small scale for			armigera, Pyrilla perpusilla, Papilio demoleus) and	
		garden/household			stored grain pests (Callosobruchus chinensis,	
		plant.			Sitophilus oryzae and Tribolium castaneum).	
		• Demonstrate their		•	Insects of medical importance and their control:	
		knowledge for			Pediculus humanus corporis, Anopheles, Culex,	
		setting up poultry			Aedes, Xenopsylla cheopis.	
		farm, sericulture,		Unit 3		
		apiculture,		•	Apiculture: Different species of honey bees, pollen	
		lacculture plant.			calendar, bee keeping and management practices,	
		• Understand			honey extraction techniques, bee products, pests of	
		biology, life cycle			honey bees and their control.	
		and control		•	Sericulture: Different silkworm species and their	
		measures of crop			host plants, silkworm rearing and management	
		pests, stored grain			practices, pests of silkworms and their control.	
		pests and insects		•	Lac culture: Lac insect, culture practices, pests of	
		serve as vectors			lac insect and their control.	
		for human		Unit 4		
		diseases.		•	Aquaculture: Types of fishery: Marine, inland.	
					Composite fish culture, induced breeding and	
					hybridization. Transportation of fish seed. Fish	
					diseases and their control.	
				•	Prawn culture: Culture practices of giant fresh	
					water prawn (Macrobrachium rosenbergii), biology	
					and life history.	
				•	Pearl culture, pearl formation, composition, colour,	
					size and quality of pearl.	
				Unit 5		
				•	Vermiculture: Definition, scope and importance,	
					culture methods: indoors and out door, monoculture	
					and polyculture, vermicomposting.	

S No.	. Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<u>S No</u>	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	 Suggested Syllabus Poultry farming: Principles of poultry breeding, management of breeding stock and broilers, processing and preservation of eggs, diseases of poultry and their control. Animal Husbandry: Preservation and artificial insemination in cattle, induction of early puberty and synchronization of estrus in cattle. Suggested Books: Arora, D.R & Arora, B. (2001). Medical Parasitology (2nd ed.). CBS Publications and Distributors. Atwal, A.S. (1986). Agricultural Pests of India and South East Asia, Kalyani Publishers. Dennis, H. (2009). Agricultural Entomology. Timber Press (OR). Dunham R.A. (2004). Aquaculture and Fisheries Biotechnology Genetic Approaches. CABI publications, U.K. Hafez, E.S.E. (1962). Reproduction in Farm Animals. Lea & Fabiger Publisher. Kumar and Corton. Pathological Basis of Diseases. Pedigo, L.P. (2002). Entomology and Pest Management, Prentice Hall. Sarkar, S., Kundu, G. & Chaki, K.K. (2014). Introduction to Economic Zoology. Kolkata: New Central Book Agency (P) Ltd. Shukla & Upadhyaya (1999-2000). Economic Zoology. Meerut: Rastogi Publishers. 	Remarks
				https://swayam.gov.in/courses/152-silkworm-crop- protection	
8)	Discipline	On completion of		Discipline Elective:	

S No. Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
Elective:	the course, students		Applied Zoology Lab	
Applied	will be able to		1. Study of life cycle of Plasmodium vivax, Entamoeba	
Zoology Lab	• Understand the		histolytica, Giardia, Leishmania, Trypanosoma	
	life cycle of		gambiense, Ancylostoma duodenale and Wuchereria	
	protozoan and		bancrofti through permanent slides/photomicrographs or	
	helminthes		specimens.	
	parasites through		2. Study of different types of bees (Queens, drones and	
	microscopic		worker bees) permanent slides/photomicrographs or	
	slides.		specimens.	
	• Explore the		3. Study of different types of silk moths (Bombyx,	
	knowledge of		Samia and Antheraea) through permanent	
	life cycle of		slides/photomicrographs or specimens.	
	honey bees, silk		4. Study of <i>Tachardia lacca</i> through permanent	
	moths and lac		slides/photomicrographs or specimens.	
	insects for		5. Study of different types of pearls through	
	setting up		photomicrographs or specimens.	
	apiculture,		6. Study of arthropod vectors associated with human	
	sericulture and		diseases: <i>Pediculus, Culex, Anopheles, Aedes</i> and	
	lac culture farm.		Xenopsylla through permanent slides/photomicrographs	
	• Gain an		or specimens.7. Study of some stored grains insect pests through damaged	
	understanding of		products/photographs.	
	biology, life		8. Identifying feature and economic importance of	
	cycle and		Helicoverpa (Heliothis) armigera, Papilio demoleus,	
	control of stored		Pyrilla perpusilla and Callosobruchus chinensis.	
	grain pests, crop		9. Aquarium design and maintenance.	
	pests and insect		7. riquarum design and maintenance.	
	of medical			
	importance.			

* Matter in contrast (black background & white letters) is shifted to some other units, and material brought as a result of shift is also in contrast. * Matter in square brackets, bold, italic and crossed is deleted. @ Proposed added materials are shaded in grey.



BANASTHALI VIDYAPITH Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology B.Sc. BIOTECHNOLOGY PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES

The B.Sc. Biotechnology programme aims at holistic development of the students through the innovative and unique Five fold Educational ideology of Banasthali Vidyapith. This programme broadly includes core subjects of biotechnology, botany, zoology and chemistry. The courses in the programme aim to provide a basic and advanced understanding of the different disciplines of each core subject by means of a lecture series and laboratory work. The program has identified necessary competencies in the respective areas for which all essential theoretical, practical and field based skills will be provided.

The main objectives of the B. Sc. Biotechnology programme are to:

- provide an introduction to the basic concepts of biotechnology and its recent advances
- gain in-depth knowledge of different areas of biotechnology such as biochemistry immunology, bioinformatics, molecular biology, cell biology, environmental biology, cell and tissue culture techniques, genetic engineering etc.
- develop logical thinking, analytical and independent learning skills
- create awareness amongst students towards the importance of multidisciplinary approach for problem solving skills in biotechnology
- provide broad exposure to various societal, ethical and commercial issues in the various aspects of biotechnology
- raise sensitivity to professional ethical codes of conduct, social values and respect for all,
- train the students for an academic and professional fields of biotechnology
- develop an ability to work in collaboration with expertise of different subjects in industries and research
- imbibe and inculcate the basic foundation of biotechnology among students so that they can excel in esteemed academic institutes, various public and private sector organizations with professional competence, technical knowledge and analytical skills.



BANASTHALI VIDYAPITH Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology B.Sc. BIOSCIENCE PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

PO1: Biotechnology knowledge: This course provides necessary theoretical and practical experience in all divisions of biotechnology to pursue a professional career in this field.

PO2: Planning ability: Demonstrate effective planning abilities including time management, resource management and organizational skills. Develop and implement plans and organize work to meet deadlines.

PO3: Problem analysis: Utilize subject and practical knowledge to think analytically, design experiments, handle scientific instruments, drawing logical inferences from the scientific experiments while solving problems for the betterment of society.

PO4: Modern tool usage: Utilize gained knowledge to apply appropriate methods, resources and related computational tools with an understanding of their limitations.

PO5: Leadership skills: Develop students with sound concepts in biotechnology who can excel as leaders both in academics and industries. Develop enterpreunership skills to explore the market potential of products and processes, creating business plans and raising money from venture capitalists.

PO6: Professional identity: Understand, analyse and communicate the value of their professional roles in society (e.g. biotechnologist, researchers, educators, managers, employers, employees).

PO7: Hands-on training: Laboratory experiments will provide hands-on training on experimenting with biomolecules and thereby develop a research aptitude for various allied fields of biotechnology.

PO8: Bioethics: Imbibe ethical, moral and social values in personal and social life leading to highly cultured and civilized personality.

PO9: Communication: Develop various communication skills such as reading, listening, speaking, writing and make effective presentations, which will help them in expressing their ideas and views clearly and effectively.

PO10: Environment and sustainability: Utilize the acquired knowledge to maintain the environmental friendly philosophy with sustainability of various environmental resources. Also to create awareness amongst others to keep the environment safe and clean.

PO11: Life-long learning: Develop trained human resources in biotechnology to promote quality education and to initiate lifelong learning process for productive career.

Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology, Banasthali Vidyapith B.Sc. Biotechnology Programme

	Existing Courses							Proposed Courses				
	B. Sc. Biotechnology I Sem.	L	Т	Р		С		B. Sc. Biotechnology I Sem.	L	Т	Р	С
BT 102:	Cell and Molecular Biology-I	6	0	0		6	BT	Cell and Molecular Biology-I	6	0	0	6
BT102L:	Cell and Molecular biology-I Lab	0	0	4		2	BT			0	4	2
BOT 101:	Algae, Fungi, Bryophyta, Pteridophyta and Gymnosperms (cw B.Sc Botany BOT 101)	6	0	0		6	BOT	Algae, Fungi, Bryophyta, Pteridophyta and Gymnosperms (cw B.Sc. Bioscience)	6	0	0	6
BOT 101L:	Algae, Fungi, Bryophyta, Pteridophyta and Gymnosperms Lab (cw B.Sc Botany BOT 101 L)	0	0	4		2	BOT	Algae, Fungi, Bryophyta, Pteridophyta and Gymnosperms Lab (cw B.Sc. Bioscience)	0	0	4	2
	Total	12	0	8		16		Total	12	0	8	16
	Existing Courses							Proposed Courses				
	B. Sc. Biotechnology II Sem.	L	Т	Р		С		B. Sc. Biotechnology II Sem.	L	Т	Р	С
BT 101:			0	0		6	BT	Biostatistics, Bioinformatics and Instrumentation	6	0	0	6
BT101L:	Biostatistics, Bioinformatics and Instrumentation Lab	0	0	4		2	BT	Biostatistics, Bioinformatics and Instrumentation Lab	0	0	4	2
ZOO 101:	Non-Chordates and Protochordates (cw B.Sc Zoology ZOO 101)	6	0	0		6	ZOO	Non-Chordates and Protochordates (cw B.Sc. Bioscience)	6	0	0	6
ZOO 101L:	Non-Chordates and Protochordates Lab	0	0	4		2	ZOO	Non-Chordates and Protochordates Lab (cw B.Sc. Bioscience)	0	0	4	2
	(cw B.Sc Zoology ZOO 101L)											
	Total			8		16		Total	12	0	8	16
	Existing Courses				T			Proposed Courses				
	B. Sc. Biotechnology III Sem.	L	Т	Р		С		B. Sc. Biotechnology III Sem.			Р	С
BT 202:	Biochemistry, Biophysics and Enzymology	6	0	0		6	BT	Biochemistry, Biophysics and Enzymology	6	0	0	6
BT 202L:	Biochemistry, Biophysics and Enzymology Lab	0	0	4		2	BT	Biochemistry, Biophysics and Enzymology Lab	0	0	4	2
BOT 201:	Angiosperm Taxonomy and Economic Botany (cw B.Sc Botany BOT 201)	6	0	0		6	BOT	Angiosperms Taxonomy and Economic Botany (cw B.Sc. Bioscience)	6	0	0	6
BOT 201L:	Angiosperm Taxonomy and Economic Botany Lab (cw B.Sc Botany BOT 201 L)	0	0	4		2	ВОТ	Angiosperms Taxonomy and Economic Botany Lab (cw B.Sc. Bioscience)	0	0	4	2
	Total	12	0	8		16		Total	12	0	8	16
	Existing Courses							Proposed Courses				
	B. Sc. Biotechnology IV Sem.	L	Т	Р		С		B. Sc. Biotechnology IV Sem.	L	Т	Р	С
BT 207: Genetics, Microbiology and Immunology		6	0	0		6	BT	Genetics, Microbiology and Immunology	6	0	0	6
BT 207L:	Genetics, Microbiology and Immunology Lab	0	0	4		2	BT	Genetics, Microbiology and Immunology Lab	0	0	4	2
ZOO 202:	Comparative Anatomy and Embryology of Chordates (cw B.Sc Zoology ZOO 202)	6	0	0		6	ZOO 202	Comparative Anatomy and Embryology of Chordates (cw B.Sc. Bioscience)	6	0	0	6
ZOO 202L:	Comparative Anatomy and Embryology of Chordates Lab (cw B.Sc Zoology ZOO 202 L)	0	0	4		2	ZOO	Comparative Anatomy and Embryology of Chordates Lab (cw B.Sc. Bioscience)	0	0	4	2
	Total	12	0	8		16		Total	12	0	8	16

	Existing Courses					
	B. Sc. Biotechnology V Sem.	L	Т	Р	С	
5.1:	Plant Physiology and Ecology (cw B.Sc Botany 5.1)	6	0	0	6	
5.2:	Plant Physiology and Ecology Lab (cw B.Sc Botany Lab 5.2)	0	0	4	2	
5.3:	Genetic Engineering, rDNA Technology and Cell & Tissue Culture Technology	6	0	0	6	
5.4:	Genetic Engineering, rDNA Technology and Cell & Tissue Culture Technology Lab	0	0	4	2	
	Analytical Lab Practice-I	0	0	4	2	
	Total	12	0	12	18	. –

	Proposed Courses					
	B. Sc. Biotechnology V Sem.					
BT						
BT L	Biotechnology Elective I Lab	0	0	4	2	
BOT	Botany Elective I	6	0	0	6	
BOT L	Botany Elective I Lab	0	0	4	2	
	Total	12	0	8	16	

	Existing Courses					
	B. Sc. Biotechnology VI Sem.					
6.1:	Advances in Biotechnology	6	0	0	6	
6.2:	Advances in Biotechnology Lab	0	0	4	2	
6.3:	Animal Physiology (cw B.Sc Zoology 6.1)	6	0	0	6	
6.4:	Animal Physiology Lab (cw B.Sc Zoology 6.2)	0	0	4	2	
	Analytical Lab Practice-II	0	0	4	2	
	Total	12	0	12	18	

	Proposed Courses				
	B. Sc. Biotechnology VI Sem.				
BT	Biotechnology Elective II	6	0	0	6
BT L	Biotechnology Elective II Lab	0	0	4	2
ZOO	Zoology Elective II	6	0	0	6
ZOO L	Zoology Elective II Lab	0	0	4	2
	Total	12	0	8	16

Syllabus modified
Course discontinued
New Course introduced

Proposed List of Disc	Proposed List of Discipline Electives to be offered in V & VI Semester						
Proposed List of Discipline Elective I & II (Botany)							
BOT 302/ BOT 302L	Introduction to Genetics and Genetic Engineering	6	0	4	8		
BOT 303/ BOT 303L	Plant Physiology and Ecology	6	0	4	8		
BOT / BOT L	Ethnobotany	6	0	4	8		
BOT / BOT L	Horticulture	6	0	4	8		
Proposed List of Disci	Proposed List of Discipline Elective I & II (Zoology)						
ZOO 301/ZOO 301L	Animal Physiology	6	0	4	8		
ZOO302/ZOO 302L	Environmental Biology and Biostatistics	6	0	4	8		
ZOO / ZOO L	Developmental Biology	6	0	4	8		
ZOO / ZOO L	Applied Zoology	6	0	4	8		
Proposed List of Disci	pline Electives I & II (Biotechnology)						
BT /BT L	Genetic Engineering, rDNA Technology and Cell & Tissue Culture Technology		0	4	8		
BT /BT L	Advances in Biotechnology		0	4	8		
BT /BT L	Animal and Plant Biotechnology		0	4	8		
BT /BT L	Environmental Biotechnology		0	4	8		

Comparative Table: B.Sc. Biotechnology: Existing and Modified syllabus, Suggested Books and Suggested e-Resources

S No	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
B.Se	c. Biotechnology	I Semester			
-		0	 Unit 1 Algae: Classification, General account with special reference to Anabaena, Oscillatoria, Volvox, Chlamydomonas, Chara, Oedogonium, Ectocarpus, Polysiphonia. Economic importance of Algae. Unit 2 Fungi: Classification, General account with special reference to Albugo, Aspergillus, Erysiphe, Puccinia, Ustilago and Alternaria. Economic importance of Fungi. Unit 3 Bryophytes: Classification, General account with special reference to important features in the life cycles of Riccia, Marchantia, Anthoceros and Mosses: Funaria, Sphagnum. Unit 4 Pteridophytes: Classification, General account, Evolution of steler systems, apospory, apogamy and seed habit. Outline of life cycle of Selaginella, Equisetum and Marsilea. Unit 5 Gymnosperms: Classification and Evolution, Distribution with special reference to Indian Gymnosperms. Special features in life cycle of Cycas, Pinus and Ephedra. Economic importance 	 Unit 1 Algae: Classification, general account with special reference to Anabaena, Oscillatoria, Volvox, Chara, Oedogonium, Ectocarpus, Polysiphonia. Economic importance of algae. Unit 2 Fungi: Classification, general account with special reference to Albugo, Aspergillus, Puccinia, Ustilago and Alternaria. Economic importance of fungi. Unit 3 Bryophytes: Classification, general account with special reference to important features in the life cycles of Riccia, Marchantia, Anthoceros and Mosses: Funaria, Sphagnum. Unit 4 Pteridophytes: Classification, general account, evolution of steler systems, apospory, apogamy and seed habit. Outline of life cycle of Selaginella, Equisetum and Marsilea. Unit 5 Gymnosperms: Classification and evolution, distribution with special reference to Indian gymnosperms. Special features in life cycle of Cycas, Pinus and Ephedra. Economic importance. Suggested Books: Alam, A. (2015). Text book of Bryophyta. New Delhi: I 	Remarks
			Pinus and Ephedra. Economic importance Books Recommended:	 Economic importance. Suggested Books: ➤ Alam, A. (2015). <i>Text book of Bryophyta</i>. New Delhi: I K International Publishers. ➤ Alexopoulus, C. (1979). <i>Introductory Mycology</i>. New York: John Wiley & amp; Sons. 	
			 Defini. Introduction to Fungi: J. Webster, Cambridge University Press and McMillan, New York 	 Bhatia, K. (1975). A Treatise on Algae. New Delhi: S. Chand & Company. Biswas, C., & Johri, B.M. (2010). Gymnosperm. 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			> Bryophyta & Pteridophyta: N.S. Parihar, Central Book	Springer-Verlag Berlin and Heidelberg GmbH & Co.	
			Depot, Allahabad.	KG	
			Introductory Mycology: C.M Alexopoulus, John Wiley	Chamberlian, C. J. (1919). Morphology of	
			& Sons, New York.	Gymnosperms. Allahabad: Central Book Depot.	
			> Introduction to Fungi: H.C. Dubey, Vikas Publishing	Chapman, V.J. (2013). An Introduction to the Study of	
			House.	Algae. UK: Cambridge University Press.	
			Bryophyta: B.R. Vashistha, S. Chand Publication, New Delhi.	Dubey, H.C. (2011). Introduction to Fungi. India: Vikas Publishing House.	
			Pteridophyta: P.C. Vashistha, S. Chand Publication, New Delhi.	Dutta, S.C. (1967). Introduction to Gymnosperms. Asia Publishing House.	
			Morphology of Pteridophytes: K.R. Sporne. B.I.	 ➢ Ganguli, H.C., Das, K.S., Dutta C. (2011). College 	
			Publications, New Delhi.	Botany Vol. I. India: New Central Book Agency.	
			▶ Botany (For degree students) – Part III Bryophyta: B.R.	≻ Kumar, H.D. (1999). Introductory Phycology. New	
			Vashishtha., S. Chand & Co. Ltd., New Delhi.	Delhi: Affiliated East-West.	
			A Treatise on Algae: K.N. Bhatia, S. Chand &	Parihar, N.S. (1956). Bryophyta Pteridophyta.	
			Company, New Delhi.	Allahabad: Central Book Depot.	
			Algae: V. J. Chapman and D. J. Chapman, The English	Rashid, A. (1999). An Introduction to Pteridophyta.	
			language Book Society.	New Delhi: Vikas publications.	
			Introductory Phycology: H.D. Kumar, Affiliated East- West, New Delhi.	Saxena, S. (2000). A text book of Botany (Vol. I & II). Agra: Ratan Prakash Mandir.	
			 An Introduction to Pteridophyta: A. Rashid, Vikas, New 	Sharma, O.P., & Gupta, R.C. (2010). Text Book of	
			Delhi	<i>Fungi</i> . IBH. New Delhi, India: Vedams eBooks (P) Ltd.	
			▹ Introduction to Gymnosperms: S.C. Dutta, Asia,	Sporne, K.R. (1966). Morphology of Pteridophytes.	
			Bombay.	London: Hutchinson University Library.	
			Gymnosperms: P.C. Vashistha, S. Chand and Company,	➤ Vashistha, B.R., & Sinha, A.K. (2010). Botany for	
			New Delhi.	Degree Students-Algae. New Delhi: S. Chand	
			Morphology of Gymnosperms: J.M. Coulter and C.J.	Publication.	
			Chamberlian, Central Book Depot, Allahabad.	Vashistha, B.R., & Sinha, A.K. (2016). Botany for	
			Text Book of Gymnosperm, G.L. Chopra. University Determy L S.M. Boddy, New Age Publisher	Degree Students-Fungi. New Delhi: S. Chand	
			University Botany I, S.M. Reddy, New Age Publisher.	Publication. ➤ Vashistha, B.R., Sinha, A.K., & Kumar, A. (1987).	
				Botany for Degree classes- Gymnosperms. New Delhi:	
				S. Chand Publication.	
				 ➤ Vashistha, B.R., Sinha, A.K., & Kumar, A. (2010). 	
				Botany for Degree Students-Bryophyta. New Delhi: S.	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Chand Publication. Vashisthai, B.R., & Vashistha, P.C. (1987). Botany for Degree Students Pteridophyta. New Delhi: S. Chand Publication. Webster, J., & Weber, R. (2007). Introduction to Fungi. Cambridge University Press, New York Press. Suggested e-Resources: Bryophytes: General account, classification and structure http://nsdl.niscair.res.in/jspui/bitstream/123456789/150/ 1/BRYOPHYTES%20.pdf Gymnosperms http://www.plb.ucdavis.edu/courses/bis/1c/text/Chapter2 4nf.pdf Pteridophytes http://nsdl.niscair.res.in/jspui/bitstream/123456789/556/ 1/PTERIDOPHYTES%20april609%20- %20formatted.pdf 	
2.	BOT 101L: Algae, Fungi, Bryophyta, Pteridophyta and Gymnosperms Lab	 On completion of the course students will be able to: Identify bryophyte and pteridophyte material for specimens of lower group of plants. Interpret the characteristics & life cycles of various lower plants. Learn about practical technique in lab for detail study of plant 	 Study of Algae and Fungi as mentioned in the syllabus (museum specimen of the affected plants and permanent prepared slides). Study of vegetative and reproductive parts in <i>Selaginella, Equisetum</i> and <i>Marsilea</i>. Study of vegetative and reproductive parts in <i>Riccia,</i> <i>Marchantia, Anthoceros</i> and <i>Funaria</i>. Gymnosperms: study of <i>Cycas</i> (coralloid root, rachis, leaflet, male cone, megasporophyll), <i>Pinus</i> (needle, dwarf shoot, long shoot, male cone, female cone,) <i>Ephedra</i> (morphology, stem, male cone, female cone) 	1. Study of algae and fungi as mentioned in the syllabus (museum specimen of the affected plants and permanent prepared slides).	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		structure and			
		anatomy,			
		1			
3.	and Molecular Biology - I	anatomy, reproduction. On completion of the course, students will be able to: • Gain expertise in the ultra structural information of cell besides the detailed views of the cell interior. • Understand the complex molecular mechanisms occurring in the cell. • Describe types, structural organization and packaging of chromosomes.	• Ultrastructural organization of cilia, flagella and basal bodies.	 Unit 1 General introduction to the science of biotechnology, cell biology, molecular biology and their scope. Structural and functional organization of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell, difference between prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell. Molecular structure of cell wall and plasma membrane of eukaryotic cell. Ultrastructural organization of cilia, flagella and basal bodies. Basic idea of different types of cell junctions. Unit 2 Transport across cell membrane: Passive transport (simple & facilitated diffusion) and active transport (primary & secondary). Role of extra cellular signals in cellular metabolism. Basic concept of receptors (GPCR, receptor tyrosine kinase and intracellular receptors) that mediate the response to extra cellular signals. Basic concept of signal transduction (adenylate cyclase pathway and inositol lipid pathway). Cell division, cell cycle & its regulation. Unit 3 A study of ultrastructural organization and functions of eukaryotic cell organelles: Mitochondria. Chloroplast. Endoplasmic reticulum. 	
			Golgi complex.Lysosomes.Peroxisomes.	 Endoplasmic reticulum. Golgi complex. Lysosomes. Peroxisomes. 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Unit 4	Unit 4	
			• Ultrastructural organization of nucleus and nucleolus.	• Ultrastructural organization of nucleus and nucleolus.	
			• Structural organization of chromosomes including	• Structural organization of chromosomes including	
			lampbrush and polytene chromosomes.	lampbrush and polytene chromosomes. DNA packaging	
			• Molecular structure and types of DNA, denaturation and	into chromosomes.	
			renaturation, Tm value.	• Types of chromosomes based on number and position of	
			• Molecular structure and types of RNA.	centromere. Karyotype.	
			 Replication of genetic material. 	• Molecular structure and types of DNA, denaturation and	
				renaturation, Tm value.	
				• Molecular structure and types of RNA.	
				• DNA replication in prokaryotes and eukaryotes.	
			Unit 5	Unit 5	
			 Mechanism of transcription in prokaryotes. 	• Mechanism of transcription in prokaryotes.	
			• Mechanism of transcription in eukaryotes, RNA	• Mechanism of transcription in eukaryotes, RNA	
			processing.	processing.	
			• Genetic code.	• Genetic code.	
			• Translation in prokaryotes.	• Mechanism of translation in prokaryotes and eukaryotes.	
			• Difference between translation of eukaryotes and	1 2	
			prokaryotes.	eukaryotes.	
			Books recommended:	Suggested Books:	
			The world of cell: W.M. Backer, Pearson Education.	De Robertis, E.D.P., De Robertis, E.M.F. (1987). Cell	
			Gene VIII: Lewin, Pearson Education.	and Molecular Biology (8 th ed.). USA: Lea & Febiger.	
			Cell and Molecular Biology: De Robertis & De Behartia P. L. Wayardy, Put. Ltd. Nav. Delhi	➢ Gupta, P.K. (2005). Cell and Molecular Biology. Magnetic Participation	
			 Robertis, B.I. Waverly Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. Cell and Molecular Biology: P.K. Gupta, Rastogi 	 Meerut: Rastogi Publications. Hardin, J., Bertoni, G.P. (2016). <i>Becker's World of the</i> 	
			Publications, Meerut.	<i>Cell</i> (9 th ed.). USA: Pearson education.	
			Molecular Cell Biology: Lodish, Baltimore, W. H.	 ➢ Klug, W.S., Cummings, M.R., Spencer, C.A., 	
			Freeman & Co.	Palladino, M.A., Killian, D. (2018). Concepts of	
			 Essentials of Cytology: C.B. Powar, Himalaya 	<i>Genetics</i> (12 th ed.). USA: Pearson.	
			Publications.	 ➢ Krebs, J.E., Goldstein, E.S., Kilpatrick, S.T. (2012). 	
			> Cytology: V.B. Rastogi, Kedarnath and Ramnath,	Lewin's Genes XI (11 th ed.). USA: Jones and Bartlett	
			Meerut.	Publishers.	
			> Concepts of Genetics 7th Ed.: William S. Klug,	▶ Lodish, H., Berk, A. Kaiser, C.A., Krieger, M. Scott,	
			Pearson Education.	M.P. (2007). <i>Molecular Cell Biology</i> (6 th ed.). USA: W	
			Principles of Genetics: R.H. Tamarin, Tata McGraw	H Freeman.	

S No.	Course List Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
5 110	Course List Learning Outcomes	 Hill. Principles of Genetics: Gardner, Simmons, Snustad, John Wiley & Sons. Molecular Biology: David Freifelder, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi Molecular Biology: R. Weaver, WCB Mc Graw Hill. Cell Biology, Genetics, Molecular Biology, Ecology and Evolution: Verma and Aggarwal, S. Chand & Co. Fundamentals of Molecular Biology. Veer Bala Rastogi, Ane Books, India. Biotechnology, B.D. Singh, Kalyani Publishers. 	 Malacinski, G.M. (2015). Freifelders Essentials of Molecular Biology (4th ed.). USA: Jones & Bartlett. Paul, A. (2011). Textbook of Cell & Molecular Biology. Kolkata: Books & Allied Ltd. Powar, C.B. (2014). Essentials of Cytology. Mumbai: Himalaya Publishing House. Rastogi, V.B. (2010). Fundamental of Molecular Biology. New Delhi: ANE Books. 	

S No.	Course List Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
4.	BT 102L: On completion of the course, students Molecular will be able to: • Biology - I • Understand th basics of cel structure and transport mechanism. • Gain knowledg about isolation and estimation on nucleic acid from cell. • Perform analysis of cel division.	 To examine the phenomenon of cell permeability using hypotonic, isotonic and hypertonic solutions. Preparation of salivary gland chromosomes. Study and preparation of various stages of mitosis and meiosis and to find out mitotic index. Study of cell organelles with the aid of slides available in the lab. Find out the O.D. of the samples provided with the aid of colorimeter/spectrophotometer (Preparation of standard curve). Cell counting (RBC) using Hemocytometer. Measurement of cell size using ocular micrometer. Colorimetric estimation of DNA. Preparation of permanent slides by some commonly used method of double staining. 	 https://www.nicholls.edu/biol- ds/biol155/Lectures/Cell%20Biology.pdf Molecular cell biology https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102106025/ https://nptel.ac.in/courses/122103039/22 Organization and working of optical microscope: Dissecting and compound microscopes. To examine the phenomenon of cell permeability using hypotonic, isotonic and hypertonic solutions. Study of salivary gland chromosomes. Preparation of various stages of mitosis and meiosis. Cell counting (RBC) using hemocytometer. 	
			III (2 nd ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication.	
	2. Biotechnology II Semester			
	BT 101:On completion ofBiostatistics,the course, studentsBioinformaticswill be able to:and• Gain fundamentaInstrumentationknowledge obiostatistics	concerton of data, nequency distribution, distribution,	 Unit 1 Introduction to biostatistics and its scope. Sampling techniques. Collection of data, frequency distribution, tabulation, graphical representation of data by histogram, frequency polygon, frequency curve and cumulative frequency 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		sampling, data	• Measures of central tendency: Mean, Median, Mode.	• Measures of central tendency: Mean, median, mode.	
		collection,		• Measures of dispersion: Mean deviation, standard	
		measures of central		deviation and variance.	
		tendency and	Unit 2	Unit 2	
		dispersion.	• Measures of dispersion: Mean Deviation, Standard	Correlation and regression analysis.	
		• Gain introductory	Deviation and Variance.	• Law of probability, concept and calculation.	
		knowledge of	• Correlation and regression analysis.	• Introduction to computers; hardware and software.	
		bioinformatics	• Law of Probability, concept and calculation.	Data representation	
		including	• Introduction to computer, its evolution, different	• Number systems; binary, octal, decimal and hexadecimal.	
		biological	generation, classification and characteristics.	• Computer programming; Algorithm and flowchart.	
		databases, protein structure prediction	• Basic components and their functions: Hardware,		
		and phylogenetic	various input and output devices, concept of CD-ROM,		
		analysis.	Software.	Unit 3	
		• Understand the	Unit 3	 Introduction and scope of bioinformatics 	
		working principle	• Internal representation of data: Bits and bytes, binary,	Introduction to biological database.	
		and applications of	decimal, octal and hexadecimal system.	• Databases at NCBI; nucleotide, gene protein, MMDB,	
		various analytical	• Introduction and applications of programming	Pubmed and Bookshelf.	
		instruments to	languages.	• Introduction to sequence alignment; dot plot method.	
		explore biological	Elementary idea of development of computer	• Concept of phylogenetics tree; sequence analysis based	
		activities.	programme.	phylogenetics.	
			Concept of Internet, Networking, Websites, e-mail.		
			Introduction to Bioinformatics, Biological databases.		
			• Scope of Bioinformatics, Bioinformatics centres in		
			India. Unit 4	Unit 4	
				• Introduction to protein secondary structure prediction;	
			 Principle, working and applications of: Balance (Electrical and Electronic) 	Chou-Fasman method.	
				• A brief introduction to computational drug design.	
			• pH meter (with the example of glass electrode)	• Working principle and applications of:	
			• Colorimeter and Spectrophotometer (UV-VIS) and fluorimetery	- Colorimeter and spectrophotometer (UV-VIS) and	
			fluorimetry. Microscopy (Compound Phase Contrast and Electron)	fluorimetry.	
			• Microscopy (Compound, Phase Contrast and Electron) Unit 5	- Microscopy (compound, phase contrast and electron).	
				Unit 5	
			Principle, working and applications of Centrifuge Characterized and applications of Centrifuge	• Working principle and applications of:	
			• Chromatography: Paper, TLC, brief idea about different	- Centrifuge.	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	 Existing Syllabus types of columns. Electrophoresis: Paper, PAGE, Agarose gel. Books Recommended: Introduction to Bioinformatics: T.K. Attwood, Pearson Education. Fundamentals of Computers: P.K. Sinha, New Delhi, BPB Publication. Statistical Methods: S.P. Gupta, S. Chand & Company, New Delhi. Practical Biochemistry: Keith Wilson and John Walker, Cambridge University Press. At the Bench of laboratory Navigator: Kathy Barker, I.K. International. Biotechniques: S.V.S. Rana, Rastogi Publications, Meerut. Physical Biochemistry: David Friefelder, New York: W.H. Freeman, C 1982. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis: Chatwal and Anand, Himalaya Publishing House. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis: B.K. Sharma, Goel Publishing House. Text Book of Bioinformatics, Sharma, Munjal and Shankar, Rastogi Publications. 	 Chromatography: Paper, TLC, brief idea about different types of columns. Electrophoresis: Paper, PAGE (native and SDS), agarose gel. Suggested Books: Attwood, T. (2007). Introduction to Bioinformatics. USA: Pearson Education. Barker, K. (2004). At the Helm: A Laboratory Navigator. New Delhi: I K International Publishing House. Bhuyan, K.C. (2017). Advanced Biostatistics. Kolkata: New Central Book Agency. Chatwal, G.R., Anand, S. (2011). Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis. Mumbai: Himalaya Publishing House. Datta, A.K. (2014). Basic Biostatistics and Application. Kolkata: New Central Book Agency. Freifelder, D.M. (1983). Physical Biochemistry: Applications to Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. USA: W. H. Freeman. Gupta, S.P. (2018). Statistical Methods (45th ed.). New Delhi: Sultan Chand & Sons. Pandey, M. (2015). Biostatistics: Basic and Advanced. New Delhi: MV Learning. Rana, S.V.S. (2012). Biotechniques: Theory & Practice 	Remarks
			 W.H. Freeman, C 1982. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis: Chatwal and Anand, Himalaya Publishing House. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis: B.K. Sharma, Goel Publishing House. Text Book of Bioinformatics, Sharma, Munjal and 	 Applications to Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. USA: W. H. Freeman. Gupta, S.P. (2018). Statistical Methods (45th ed.). New Delhi: Sultan Chand & Sons. Pandey, M. (2015). Biostatistics: Basic and Advanced. New Delhi: MV Learning. Rana, S.V.S. (2012). Biotechniques: Theory & Practice (3rd ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publications. Rao, P.H., & Janardhan, K. (2014). Fundamentals of Biostatistics. New Delhi: I. K. International Publishing House. 	
				 Rastogi, S.C., Mendiratta, N., & Rastogi, P. (2018). Bioinformatics: Concepts, Skills & Applications (2nd ed.). New Delhi: CBS Publishers & Distributors. Sharma, B.K. (2011). Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis. Mumbai: Meerut: Goel Publishing House. 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Sharma, V., Munjal, A., & Shanker, A. (2008). A Text Book of Bioinformatics. Meerut: Rastogi Publications. Sinha, P.K., & Sinha, P. (2004). Computer Fundamentals (6th ed.). New Delhi: BPB Publications. Walker, J,M., & Wilson, K. (2000). Practical Biochemistry Principles and Techniques (5th ed.). New Delhi: Cambridge University Press. Suggested e-Resources: Analytical techniques https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102107028/ https://courses.cs.ut.ee/MTAT.03.242/2017_fall/upload s/Main/Basics_of_Bioinformatics https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103044/38 Biostatistics https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102106051/ https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102101056/ Measures of central tendency https://www.tutorialspoint.com/statistics/arithmetic_me an.htm 	
	BT 101L: Biostatistics, Bioinformatics and Instrumentation Lab	On completion of the course, students will be able to: • Separate the obtained biological data and make valid inferences that can be used to solve problems in various disciplines of science and technology. • Learn sequence	 Demonstration including working, principle and applications of the following instruments: pH meter Balance Centrifuge Autoclave Different types of Microscopes Incubator and Oven Shaker Spectrophotometer/Colorimeter Spectrophotometer/Colorimeter Statistical problem Bioinformatics exercise: Inter-conversion of values 		

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		 analysis and molecular visualization using bioinformatics tools. Safety measures in laboratory, handling and care of instruments. 	 in various number systems. 4. Preparation of solutions of different of molarities. Concept of buffers- preparations of few buffers e.g. Tris (alkaline range), acetate/ citrate (acidic range). 5. To determine the pH of five aliquots of the given sample and plot a graph of the same. 6. To prepare a pellet from the sample provided by centrifugation technique. 7. Separation of cell organelles using sucrose density gradient. 8. Separation of amino acids by paper chromatography. 9. Sterilization of glassware and surgical instruments. 10. Demonstration of SDS-PAGE for separation of proteins. 	 Bioinformatics exercise: Dot plot; palindrome and repeat sequence identification. Visualization of biomolecular structures; PyMol. Preparation of solutions of different of molarities. Concept of buffers- preparations of few buffers e.g. Tris (alkaline range), acetate/ citrate (acidic range). To determine the pH of five aliquots of the given soil sample and plot a graph of the same. Separation of cell organelles using sucrose density gradient. Separation of amino acids by paper chromatography and thin layer chromatography. Demonstration of SDS-PAGE for separation of proteins. To prepare standard curve of ammonium sulfate. Suggested Books: Boya, R.F. (2006). Modern Experimental Biochemistry (3rd ed.). Noida: Pearson Education. Ghose, K., & Manna, B. (2016). Practical Zoology (4th ed.). Kolkata: New Central Book Agency. Lal, S.S. (2016). A Textbook of Practical Zoology Vol-III (2nd ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication. Sharma, S., & Sharma, R. (2016). Practical Manual of Biochemistry (2nd ed.). New Delhi: Medtech. 	
7.	ZOO 101: Non- Chordates and Proto- Chordates	 On completion of the course, students will be able to: Describe the habit, habitat, morphology, structure and functions of important animals of different major 	 Unit 1 Protozoa Habitat, habits, external features, locomotion, osmoregulation, nutrition, reproduction and life cycle of <i>Euglena, Paramecium</i> and <i>Monocystis</i>. Economic importance of protozoans. Porifera Habitat, habits, structural organization, canal system, reproduction and development of <i>Sycon</i> including evolution of canal system in sponges.	 Unit 1 Protozoa Habitat, habits, external features, locomotion, osmoregulation, nutrition, reproduction and life cycle of <i>Euglena, Paramecium</i> and <i>Monocystis</i>. Economic importance of protozoans. Porifera Habitat, habits, structural organization, canal system, reproduction and development of <i>Sycon</i> including evolution of canal system in sponges. 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		phyla of	• Economic importance of sponges.	• Economic importance of sponges.	
		invertebrates and	Unit 2	Unit 2	
		lower chordates.	Coelenterata	Coelenterata	
		• Understand the	• Habitat, habits, external features, nutrition, structural	• Habitat, habits, external features, nutrition, structural	
		economic	organization, reproduction and life cycle of Obelia.	organization, reproduction and life cycle of Obelia.	
			• Corals and coral reefs.	• Corals and coral reefs.	
		various	Helminthes	Helminthes	
		invertebrate phyla	• Habitat, habits, external features, different systems and	• Habitat, habits, external features, different systems and	
		and affinities of	life history of following animal types: Fasciola, Taenia	life history of following animal types: Fasciola, Taenia	
		lower chordate	and Ascaris.	and Ascaris.	
		animals.	• Parasitic adaptations and diseases caused by helminthes.	• Parasitic adaptations and diseases caused by helminthes.	
		• Gain a high degree	Unit 3	Unit 3	
		of competence	Annelida	Annelida	
		in its field of	• Habitat, habits, external features, different systems and	• Habitat, habits, external features, different systems and	
		specialization in	development of Therefind.	development of <i>Pheretima</i> .	
		response to	• Salient features of <i>Neanthes</i> .	• Habitat, habits, external features and life history of	
		the changing	Arthropoda	Neanthes.	
		demands of the times.	• Habitat, habits, external features and different systems of	Arthropoda	
		times.	Palaemone.	• Habitat, habits, external features and different systems of	
			• Economic importance of insecta.	Palaemone.	
				• Economic importance of insecta.	
			Unit 4	Unit 4	
			Mollusca	Mollusca	
			• Habitat, habits, external features, various organs and	• Habitat, habits, external features, various organs and	
			organ systems of <i>Pila</i> and <i>Unio</i> ; pearl formation.	organ systems of <i>Pila</i> and <i>Unio</i> ; pearl formation.	
			• Economic importance of mollusca.	• Economic importance of mollusca.	
			Echinodermata	Echinodermata	
			• Habitat, habits, external features and water-vascular	• Habitat, habits, external features and water-vascular	
			system of Asterias.	system of Asterias.	
			• Larval forms of echinoderms.	• Larval forms of echinoderms.	
			Hemichordata	Hemichordata	
			• Habitat, habits, external features and different system of	• Habitat, habits, external features and different system of	
			Balanoglossus.	Balanoglossus.	
			Affinities of hemichordates.	Affinities of hemichordates.	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Unit 5	Unit 5	
			Urochordata	Urochordata	
				• Habitat, habits, structural organisation and various	
			systems of <i>Herdmania</i> .	systems of Herdmania.	
				• Tadpole larva and retrogressive metamorphosis in	
			Herdmania.	Herdmania.	
			Cephalochordata	Cephalochordata	
			• Habitat, habits, morphology, different systems and		
			affinities of Amphioxus.	affinities of <i>Amphioxus</i> .	
			• Development of coelom and atrium of <i>Amphioxus</i> .	• Development of coelom and atrium of <i>Amphioxus</i> .	
			Books recommended :	Suggested Books:	
			Invertebrates: R. L. Kotpal, Rastogi Publications, Meerut.	➢ Chaki, K.K., Kundu, G., & Sarkar, S. (2014). Introduction to Economic Zoology Kollecty New	
			A text book of Zoology: S.N. Prasad, Allahabad,	Introduction to Economic Zoology. Kolkata: New Central Book Agency.	
			Kitab Mahal.	\blacktriangleright Chaki, K.K., Kundu, G., & Sarkar, S. (2015).	
			 A text book of Zoology: H.C. Nigam Delhi, S.Nagin. 	Introduction to General Zoology Vol-I. Kolkata: New	
			A text book of Zoology: P.S. Dhami, New Delhi, R.	Central Book Agency.	
			Chand.	▶ Dhami P.S., & Dhami, J.K. (2015). Invertebrate	
			> A text book of Zoology: T.C. Majupuria, Jallundhur	Zoology. New Delhi: R. Chand and Co.	
			City, S. Nagin.	▶ Hyman, L.H. The Invertebrtaes. Vol-I-IX. New York:	
			➢ A text book of Zoology: V.B. Rastogi, Ram Nath	McGraw Hill.	
			Kedar Nath, Meerut.	➢ Jordan, E.L., & Verma, P.S. (2018). Invertebrate	
			➢ Kotpal Series Vol. I to IX, Rastogi Publication,	Zoology. New Delhi: S. Chand & Company Ltd.	
			Meerut.	► Kotpal, R.L. (2014). Modern Textbook of Zoology:	
			CNH Series Vol. I to IX.	<i>Invertebrates</i> (11 th ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publications.	
			Hymen Series Vol. I to IX, Mc Graw Hill.	➢ Kotpal, R.L. (2018). Modern Text book of Zoology: Variable (4 th ad) Magnetic Participations	
				 Vertebrates (4th ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publications. ➢ Lahiri, B.K. (2013). College Zoology Vol-I. Mumbai: 	
				Himalaya Publishing House.	
				Majupuria, T.C. (1962). A textbook of invertebrate	
				Zoology (1 st ed.). Jullundur City: S. Nagin Publishers.	
				➢ Nigam, H.C. (2013). Biology of Non-Chordates. New	
				Delhi: Vishal Publishing Co.	
				> Pechenik, J.A. (2015). Biology of the Invertebrates (7 th	
				ed.). New Delhi: Mc Graw Hill Education.	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
0/1 6	Course List			 Suggested Synabus Prasad, S.N., & Kashyap, V. (2012). A text book of Invertebrate Zoology (14th ed.). New Delhi: New Age International (P) Limited. Rastogi, V.B. (2017). Invertebrate Zoology. Meerut: Kedar Nath Ram Nath. Shukla, G.S., & Upadhyay, V.B. (2017). Economic Zoology (5th ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication. Suggested e-Resources: Corals https://www.icriforum.org/about-coral-reefs/what-are- corals Paramecium https://www.microscopemaster.com/paramecium.html Prawn http://www.biologydiscussion.com/invertebrate- zoology/phylum-arthropoda/study-notes-on- prawn/33417 Amphioxus https://embryology.med.unsw.edu.au/embryology/index .php/BookText-Book_of_Embryology_4 Invertebrate animals http://www.iaszoology.com/category/animal-diversity- nonchordata/ Non chordate animals https://www.slideshare.net/godhxbwnkkdn/animal- diversity-zoology-notes http://abacus.bates.edu/acad/depts/biobook/AnimPhyl.p 	Kemarks
				df	
8.	ZOO 101L: Non- Chordates and Proto- Chordates Lab	 On completion of the course, students will be able to: Identify and characterize different organisms of invertebrate based 	 Anatomy: Anatomical study of various systems with the help of chart/model/CD. Identification, localization and labeling of various organs in dissected animal specimen/models/chart/CD. Study of Museum Specimens: Porifera: Sycon, Euplectella, Hyalonema, Euspongia 	 Study of museum specimens: Porifera: Euplectella, Chalina, Grantia and Spongilla. Coelenterata: Physalia, Aurelia, Millipora, Tubipora, Corallium, Antipathes (black only), Fungia (mushroom coral). Platyhelminthes: Schistosoma and Taenia. Nemathelminthes: Male and female Ascaris. 	Name of the animals and their anatomical systems have been specified for clear understanding of the practical. Study of museum

S No. Course	List Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
S No. Course	List Learning Outcomes on the external features. Describe different organ systems of important invertebrate animals like Palaemone, Pila and Asterias. Gain practical understanding of preparation of permanent slide and study of internal structures of higher invertebrate animals through microscopic study of prepared slides. Understand the collection of certain arthropods from their natural habitat and develop the skills of vermiculture.	 Existing Syllabus and Spongilla. Coelenterata: Porpita, Velella, Physalia, Aurelia, Gorgonia, Pennatula, Aleyonium, Millipora, Tubipora, Corallium, Antipathes (Black only), Fungia, (Mushroom, Coral) and Adamsia. Platyhelminthes: Fasciola, Schistosoma, Echinococcus and Taenia. Nemathelminthes: Male and Female Ascaris, Dracunculus and Entrobius. Annelida: Aphrodite, Chaetopterus, Terebella, Sabella, Arenicola, Pontobdella and Hirudinaria. Arthropoda: Lepus, Balanus Sacculina, Squilla, Crab, Hermiterab Julus, Scolopendra, Locust, Melanopus, Butterfly, Queen termite, Cimex, Limulus, Scorpion, Spider and Peripatus. Mollusca: Chiton, Patella, Cyprea, Aplysia, Dentalium, Mytilus, Pecten, Teredo, Sepia, Loligo, Octopus, Nautilus. Echinodermata: Antedon, Holothuria, Echinus, Clypeaster and Ophiothrix. Hemichordata: Balanoglossus. Protochordata: Ascidia, Ciona, Botryllus and Salpa. 	 Annelida: Nereis, Chaetopterus, Sabella, Arenicola, Hirudinaria. Arthropoda: Balanus, Squilla, Julus, Scolopendra, Locust, Butterfly, Cimex, Scorpion, Spider. Mollusca: Patella, Cyprea, Pecten, Octopus, Pearl oyster, Nautilus. Echinodermata: Antedon, Clypeaster, Cucumara, 	Remarks specimens have been replaced by preparation of permanent slides and study of microscopic slides. slides.

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				1. Appendages	
				2. Digestive system	
				3. Nervous system	
				Pila globosa	
				1.Digestive system	
				2. Structure of radula	
				3.Nervous system	
				Asterias	
				1. Water vascular system	
				4. To study methods of preservation of museum specimens.	
				5. Preparation of permanent slides	
				• Protozoa: <i>Paramecium</i> .	
				• Porifera: Spongin fibers and gemmule.	
				• Coelenterata: Obelia colony and medusa of Obelia.	
				• Annelida: Parapodium of heteronereis.	
				• Arthropoda: Crustacean larva (nauplius, metanauplius,	
				megalopa, Zoea).	
				• Mollusca: Glochidium larva of Unio.	
				• Echinodermata: Tube feet of Asterias.	
				6. Collection and culture methods	
				(i) Collection of animals from their natural habitat:	
				Pheretima, Daphnia, Cyclops, house flies,	
				mosquitoes.	
				(ii) Culture of <i>Pheretima</i> .	
				7. Preparation of permanent mount of mouth parts of	
				cockroach/housefly.	
				Suggested Books:	
				➢ Lal, S.S. (2015). Practical Zoology: Invertebrates (11 th	
				ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication.	
				▶ Lal, S.S. (2015). Practical Zoology: Vertebrates (11 th	
				ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication.	
				> Verma, P.S. (2010). A Manual of Practical Zoology:	
				Invertebrates (11 th ed.). New Delhi: S Chand	
				Publishing.	
B.Sc.	Biotechnology	III Semester			

S No	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
9.	BOT 201:	On completion of	Unit 1	Unit-I	This brings more
9.	Angiosperms Taxonomy	 bill completion of this course, students will be able to: Identify characteristic features of angiosperm families and their interdisciplinary approaches. Understand plant morphology 	 Taxonomy: Importance, a brief account of the historical development. Code, binomial nomenclature, International rules of Botanical nomenclature, Units of classification, Principles of priority, Type method, Citation of author's name. Numerical Taxonomy and Chemical Taxonomy (brief ideas only). A brief account of National Herbaria and Botanical Gardens of India. Unit 2 	 International code of nomenclature for algae, fungi and plants- history, rules, principles. Concept of family, genus and species, citation of author's name. Numerical taxonomy and chemical taxonomy (brief ideas only). A brief account of national herbaria and botanical gardens of India. 	clarity to the syllabus. These are already covered in Code. This inclusion will help in explaining plant taxonomy.
		terminologies and distinguishing	 Classification : System of Bentham and Hooker, a brief account of classification by Engler and Prantl, Hutchinson and Takhtajan, merits and demerits. Study of following families with emphasis on their diagnostic features: Ranunculaceae, Papaveraceae, Capparidaceae, Caryophy-llaceae, Rutaceae, Myrtaceae, Malvaceae. Unit 3 Study of following families with emphasis on their diagnostic features : Cucurbitaceae, Rutaceae, Rubiaceae, Asclepiadaceae, Apocynaceae, Asteraceae, Boraginaceae, Acanthaceae, Scrophulariaceae, Lamiaceae, Euphorbiaceae Brassicaceae, Fabaceae, Caesalpinaceae, Mimosaceae, Poaceae, Arecaceae, Liliaceae. 	 Classification: System of Bentham and Hooker, a brief account of classification by Engler and Prantl, Hutchinson and Takhtajan, merits and demerits. Study of following families with emphasis on their diagnostic features: Ranunculaceae Papaveraceae Capparidaceae Caryophyllaceae Rutaceae Myrtaceae Myrtaceae Malvaceae Study of following families with emphasis on their diagnostic features: Curyophyllaceae Rutaceae Myrtaceae Malvaceae Study of following families with emphasis on their diagnostic features: Cucurbitaceae Rubiaceae Asclepiadaceae Asteraceae Amaranthaceae Solanaceae 	The suggested families are of more relevance

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Unit 4 Food Plants: Maize, Bajra, Wheat, Legumes, Potato, Sugarcane. Spices: General account (Coriander, Turmeric, Chillies, Cumin, Fennel, Asafoetida). Beverages: Tea and Coffee Fatty Oils: Mustard, Groundnut, Sesame, Coconut. Unit 5 Fibre Plants: Gossypium, Corchorus, Saccharaum munja. Drug Plants: Cinchona, Rauwolfia, Papaver, Digitalis. Timber Plants: Tectona, Dalbergia, Pinus. Rubber : Hevea brasiliensis Books recommended : A Hand Book of Systematic Botany: S.C. Dutta, Asia. An Introduction to the Taxonomy of Angiosperms: Y.D. Tiagi & S. Khetrapal, Ramesh Book Depot, Jaipur. Economic Botany: Bendre & Kumar, Rastogi Publications, Meerut. Economic Botan: Sambamurthy. A text book of economic botany: V. Verma, Emkay publications, New Delhi. Economic Botany: S. Kumar, Campus Books, New 	 Apiaceae Lamiaceae Euphorbiaceae Brassicaceae Brassicaceae Fabaceae Caesalpinaceae Mimosaceae Poaceae Arecaceae Liliaceae Unit 4 Food plants: Maize, bajra, wheat, legumes, potato, sugarcane. Spices: General account (coriander, turmeric, chillies, <i>Cumin</i>, fennel, <i>Asafoetida</i>). Beverages: Tea and coffee. Fatty oils: Mustard, groundnut, sesame, coconut. Unit 5 Fibre plants: <i>Gossypium, Corchorus, Saccharaum munja</i>. Drug plants: <i>Cinchona, Rauwolfia, Papaver, Digitalis</i>. Timber plants: <i>Tectona, Dalbergia, Pinus</i>. Rubber: <i>Hevea brasiliensis</i>. Suggested Books: Alam, A., & Sharma, V. (2012). Economic Botany. Jaipur: Pointer Publishers. Dutta, S. (2009). A Hand Book of Systematic Botany. New Delhi: New Age International (P) Limited. Khetrapal, Y.T. An Introduction to the Taxonomy of Angiosperms. Jaipur: Ramesh Book Depot. Kochhar, S.L. (2016). Economic Botany of the Tropics. London: Macmillan India Limited. Kumar, A., & Bendra, A. (1983). Economic Botany: for university students. Meerut: Rastogi Publications. Lawrence, G.H.M. (2017). Taxonomy of vascular plants. 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<u>S No.</u> 10.	BOT 201L: Angiosperms Taxonomy	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus Delhi. Fundamentals of Plant systematics - Albert E. Radford. Taxonomy of vascular plants: G.H.M. Lawrence. Economic Botam of the Tropics– S.L. Kochhar. Taxonomy of Angiosperm: R.K. Jain & V. Singh. Taxonomy of Angiosperm: O.P. Sharma. Taxonomy of Index of Angiosperm: O.P. Sharma. Image: Study of Index	 Suggested Syllabus Jodhpur: Scientific publisher Radford, A.R., & Caddell, G.M. (1986). Fundamentals of Plant systematics. USA: Harper & Row Publishers. Sharma, O.P. (2011).Taxonomy of Angiosperm. New Delhi: TATA McGraw-Hill. Singh, V. & Jain, D.K. (2010).Taxonomy of Angiosperm. Meerut: Rastogi Publication. Verma, V. (2010). A text book of economic botany. New Delhi: Emkay publications. Suggested e-Resources: Angiosperms: APG system of classification https://academic.oup.com/botlinnean/article/181/1/1/241 6499 Angiosperms: Classification and reproduction https://www.toppr.com/guides/biology/plant- kingdom/angiosperms/ Economic botany http://nsdl.niscair.res.in/jspui/bitstream/123456789/130/ 1/beverages.pdf Study of locally available plants of the families mentioned in the syllabus. Study of economically important plant products as mentioned in the syllabus. Preparation of herbarium. Suggested Books: Sahu, A.C. (2015). Textbook of Practical Botany. New Delhi: Kalyani Publishers. 	Remarks Preparation of herbarium of Is important part in the taxonomy.
		 morphological characters, floral formula and floral diagram. Diagnose the structural features of plant organs and differentiate 			

S No	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		 microscopically their tissue elements. Study fiber, gum, resin, timber, spices and medicinal plants and its applications 			
11.	BT 202: Biochemistry, Biophysics and Enzymology	 On completion of the course, students will be able to: To demonstrate an understanding of fundamental biochemical principles, such as the structure/function of biomolecules, metabolic pathways, and the regulation of biological/biochem ical processes. Gain knowledge of basic energy metabolism of cells and identify some of common reaction mechanisms in biochemical processes. Describe structure, functions, kinetics, 	 Unit 1 Structure and colligative properties of water pH, pK, acids, bases, buffers. Ionic product of water, Henderson-Hasselbach equation. Carbohydrates – structure, classification and properties. Amino acids and proteins– structure, classification and properties. Lipids – Structure, nomenclature and properties. Unit 2 Bioenergetics – Energy and its forms, Principles of Thermodynamics. Energy rich biomolecules –(ATP, NADP and other phosphorylated compounds). Coordinated control of metabolism: Methods of studying metabolism. Some key metabolic pathways: Glycolysis, citric acid cycle and pentose phosphate pathway. Metabolism of Tryptophan, Palmitic acid, Purine and Pyrimidines. Unit 3 Coenzymes. Vitamins: structure and functions. Classification, properties and metabolic significance of 	 Unit 1 Structure and colligative properties of water. pH, pK, acids, bases, buffers. Ionic product of water, Henderson-Hasselbalch equation. Carbohydrates-Classification, structure, properties and functions. Amino acids and proteins-Classification, structure, properties and functions. Lipids-Classification, structure, properties and functions. Lipids-Classification, structure, properties and functions. Unit 2 Bioenergetics-Energy and its forms, principles of thermodynamics. Energy rich biomolecules-(ATP, NADP and other phosphorylated compounds). Coordinated control of metabolism: Various techniques used to study metabolism. Some key metabolic pathways: Glycolysis, citric acid cycle and pentose phosphate pathway. Metabolism of tryptophan, palmitic acid, purine and pyrimidines. Unit 3 Classification, structure and functions. Classification, properties and metabolic significance of secondary metabolites (terpenoids, alkaloids, phenols). Three dimensional structure of proteins: Peptide bonds, 	

S No.	Course List Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<u>5 INO</u>	regulation and the mechanisms of action of enzymes. • Explain chemical messenger molecules of the	 secondary metabolites (Terpenoids, alkaloids, phenols). Unit 4 Three dimensional structure of proteins: Peptide bonds, disulphide cross links, Alpha-helix, β-sheet, helix-coil transitions. Ramachandran plots. Nucleic acids – Various confirmations of nucleotides, glycosidic bond rotation. Base stacking. Electrical properties of biological compartments, 	 disulphide cross links, α-helix, β-sheet, helix-coil transitions. Ramachandran plots. Unit 4 Nucleic acids-Various confirmations of nucleotides, glycosidic bond rotation. Base stacking. Electrical properties of biological compartments, electrochemical gradients, membrane potential. Mechanism of ATP synthesis: Oxidative phosphorylation, chemiosmotic hypothesis and photophosphorylation. Nerve transmission: Resting membrane potential, propagation of nerve impulse and an idea about neurotransmitters. 	Kemarks
		 Nerve transmission: resting membrane potential, Propagation of nerve impulse and an idea about neurotransmitters. Structure of striated muscle, muscle proteins and biophysical events of muscle contraction. Unit 5 Introduction to mechanism of enzyme action (Lock and Key hypothesis, Induced fit hypothesis) Enzyme inhibition: competitive and non- competitive type Isolation and purification of enzymes. Kinetics of enzyme catalyzed reaction (Michaelis- Menten law), Double reciprocal plot. 	 biophysical events of muscle contraction. Unit 5 Classification, nomenclature and general properties of enzymes. Introduction to mechanism of enzyme action (lock and key hypothesis, induced fit hypothesis). Enzyme inhibition: competitive, non- competitive and uncompetitive. Isolation and purification of enzymes. Kinetics of enzyme catalyzed reaction (Michaelis- 	
		 Books recommended : Principles of Biochemistry: A.L. Lehninger, Nelson and Cox, McMillan Worth Publishers. Biochemistry: Christopher K. Mathews Von Holde & Ahern, Pearson Education. Biochemistry: Voet and Voet, John Wiley and Sons, Inc. USA. 	 Menten law), double reciprocal plot. Suggested Books: Berg, J.M., Stryer, L. Tymoczko, J.L. & Gatto, G.J. (2015). <i>Biochemistry</i> (8th ed.). New York, USA: WH Freeman. Cantor, C.R., & Schimmel, P.R. (1980). <i>Biophysical Chemistry, Part 2: Techniques for the Study of Biological Structure and Function</i> (1st ed.). New York, 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			➢ Harper's review of Biochemistry: R.K. Murray et al.,	USA: W. H. Freeman and Company.	
			Prentice-Hall International Inc.	Cantor, C.R., & Schimmel, P.R. (1980). <i>Biophysical</i>	
			Fundamentals of Biochemistry: Cohn and Stumf.	Chemistry: Part 1: The Conformation of Biological	
			Molecular Biophysics-Structure in Motion: Michel	Macromolecules. New York, USA: W. H. Freeman and	
			Daune, Oxford University Press.	Company.	
			Basic Biophysics: R. Narayanan, New Age Publisher.	Cantor, C.R., & Schimmel, P.R. (1980). <i>Biophysical</i>	
			➢ Biophysical Chemistry Vol. I, II & III: Cantor and	Chemistry: Part 3: The Behaviour of Biological	
			Schimmel, Freeman.	Macromolecules. New York, USA: W. H. Freeman and	
			Biochemistry: Zubey, WCB, Place Dabuque	Company.	
			Biochemistry: Stryer, W. H. Freeman, New York.	Conn, E.E., Stumpf, P.K., & Bruening, G. (2006).	
			Understanding Enzymes: T. Palmer, Pub. Horword,	Outlines of Biochemistry (5 th ed.). New Jersey: Wiley-	
			Chichester, England.	Blackwell.	
			Fundamentals of Biochemistry: J.L. Jain, S. Chand &	Copeland, R.A. (2008). Enzymes: A Practical	
			Company limited.	Introduction to Structure, Mechanism & Data Analysis	
				(2 nd ed.). India: Wiley-VCH.	
				Daune, M., Duffin, W.J., & Blow, D. (1999). <i>Molecular</i>	
				Biophysics: Structures in Motion. UK: UK: Oxford	
				University Press. ➤ Gupta, S.N. (2015). <i>Biochemistry</i> (2 nd ed.). Meerut:	
				Rastogi Publication.	
				 ➢ Jain, J.L., Jain, S., & Jain, N. (2016). Fundamentals of 	
				<i>Biochemistry</i> (7 th ed.). New Delhi: S Chand.	
				Mathews, C.K., Van Holde, K.E., Appling, D.R., &	
				Anthony-Cahill, S.J. (2012). <i>Biochemistry</i> (4 th ed.).	
				London, UK: Pearson Education.	
				Narayanan, P. (2007). <i>Essentials of Biophysics</i> (2 nd ed.).	
				New Delhi: New Age Internationals.	
				Nelson, D.L., & Cox, M.M. (2017). Lehninger	
				Principles of Biochemistry (7 th ed.). USA: W H	
				Freeman & Co.	
				Palmer, T. (2001). Enzymes: Biochemistry, Biotechnology Clinical Chemistry (V Ed.) Combridge:	
				<i>Biotechnology, Clinical Chemistry</i> (V Ed.). Cambridge: Horwood Publishing Ltd.	
				 Rajeswari, M.R. (2013). An Introduction to Biophysics 	
				(1 st ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication.	
				(1 cu.). Meetul. Kaslogi Fuolication.	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus		Suggested Syllabus	Remarks	
<u>S No</u> ,	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	A A Sug A A A	Suggested SyllabusRodwell, V., Bender, D., Kennelly, P., & Weil, P.A.(2015). Harpers Illustrated Biochemistry (30th ed.).New York, USA: McGraw-Hill Education / Medical.Satyanarayana, U., & Chakrapani, U. (2017). Essentialsof Biochemistry (end ed.). Kolkata: Booka & AlliedLtd.Voet, D., & Voet, J.G. (2010). Biochemistry (4 th ed.).New York, USA: John Wiley & Sons Inc.Zubay, G., Parson, W.W., & Vance, D.E. (1995).Principles of Biochemistry. USA: Brown (William C.)Co.regested e-Resources:Enzymologyhttps://nptel.ac.in/courses/102102033/14Biomoleculeshttp://www.biologie.ens.fr/~mthomas/L3/intro_biologie/2-sucres-lipides-acides-nucleiques.pdfETChttps://www.khanacademy.org/science/biology/cellular-respiration-and-fermentation/oxidative-phosphorylation/a/oxidative-phosphorylation-etchttp://courses.chem.indiana.edu/c483/documents/lecture23.pdfBiochemistryhttps://nptel.ac.in/courses/102105034/3Muscle structure & contraction	Remarks	
					https://opentextbc.ca/biology/chapter/19-4-muscle- contraction-and-locomotion/		
12.	BT 202L:	On completion of	1. To find out the λ max of protein (BSA).	1.	To find out the λ_{max} of protein (BSA).	Qualitative test	have
	Biochemistry,	this course, students	 Qualitative analysis of carbohydrates (Reducing and 	2.	Qualitative analysis of carbohydrates (reducing and non	been specified	
	Biophysics	should be able to:	Non Reducing).		Reducing): Molisch's test, Benedict's test, Fehling's		
	and	• Apply the scientific	3. Qualitative test for Proteins.		test, Tollen's phloroglucinol, Barfoed's test,		
	Enzymology	method to the	4. Qualitative analysis of Lipids.		Seliwanoff's test, acidic hydrolysis test for sucrose.		
	Lab	biochemical	5. Determination of Iodine number.	3.	Qualitative test for proteins: Biuret's test, Ninhydrin		
		processes of	6. Determination of the acid value of Lipid.		test, Xanthoproteic test, Million's test, Sakaguchi test,		

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		experimentation	7. Separation of amino acids using T.L.C.	Fohl's test.	
		and hypothesis	8. Titration curve of Glycine (Determination of	4. Qualitative analysis of lipids: Solubility test, Grease	
		testing.	Isoelectric point).	spot test, Emulsification test, Saponification test,	
		• Identify and	9. Preparation of Enzyme extract.	Unsaturation test, Acrolein test, Salkowski test,	
		distinguish the	10. Determination of Enzyme activity.	Lieberman-Burchard's test.	
		carbohydrates,	11. Stability of Enzyme (Salivary amylase) with respect to	5. Determination of iodine number.	
		proteins and lipids	temperature and pH.	6. Determination of the acid value of lipid.	
		based on specific		7. Determination of saponification value of fats and oil.	
		biochemical tests.		8. Titration curve of glycine (determination of isoelectric	
		• Understand the		point).	
		molecular basis of		9. Preparation of enzyme extract from horse gram seeds	
		various		and determination of urease activity.	
		pathological		10. To check time linearity and protein linearity of urease	
		conditions from the		catalyzed reaction.	
		perspective of		11. Determination of salivary amylase activity.	
		biochemical		12. Stability of salivary amylase with respect to	
		reactions.		temperature and pH.	
		• Gain an		Suggested Books:	
		understanding of		Deb, A.C. (2013). Comprehensible Viva & Practical	
		the preparation of crude protein		Biochemistry (2 nd ed.). Kolkata: New Central Book	
		lysate, enzymatic		Agency.	
		assay, effect of		➤ Kumar, A., Grg, S., & Garg, N. (2017). Biochemical	
		time and enzyme		Tests: Principles & Protocols. New Delhi: Viva Books.	
		concentration on its		➢ Rao, B.S., & Deshpande, V. (2012). Experimental	
		activity.		Biochemistry. New Delhi: I.K. International Publisher.	
		activity.		Sadasivam, S., & Manickam, A. (1996). Biochemical	
				Methods (2 nd ed.). New Delhi: New Age International	
				Publishers.	
				Saxena, J., Baunthiyal., & Ravi, I. (2015). <i>Laboratory</i>	
				Manual of Microbiology, Biochemistry and Molecular	
				Biology. Jodhpur: Scientific Publishers.	
				Sharma, S. (2007). Experiments and Techniques in $P_{i,j}$	
D.C.	Diotopherel.	W Som ogt c=	<u> </u>	<i>Biochemistry</i> (1 st ed.). New Delhi: Galgotia Publication.	
	Biotechnology BT 207:	IV Semester On completion of	Unit 1	Unit 1	
13.	DI 20/:				

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	Genetics,	the course, students	Genetic terminology	• An overview of Mendel's law of inheritance.	
	Microbiology	will be able to:	• Mendel's laws	• Gene-gene interaction, multiple alleles.	
	and	• Learn fundamental	• Gene-gene interaction, multiple alleles	• Linkage and crossing over.	
	Immunology	molecular	Linkage and Crossing over	• Sex determination, sex linked inheritance.	
		principles of	• Sex determination, Sex linked inheritance	• Cytoplasmic inheritance.	
		genetics and	Cytoplasmic inheritance	• Human genetics: Pedigree analysis.	
		relationship	Unit 2	Unit 2	
		between phenotype	Chromosomal aberrations: Structural and Numerical	• Chromosomal aberrations: Structural and numerical.	
		and genotype in	• Mutation: Spontaneous and Induced, Chemical and	• Mutation: Spontaneous and induced, chemical and	
		human genetic	Physical mutagens, Induced mutations in plants,	physical mutagens, induced mutations in plants, animals	
		traits.	animals and microbes for economic benefit of man	and microbes for economic benefit of human.	
		• Understand the	• Regulation of gene expression in prokaryotes: Lac and	• Regulation of gene expression in prokaryotes: Lac and	
		characteristic	Trp operons	Trp operons.	
		features and ultrastructure of	 Population genetics: Hardy Weinberg law 	 Population genetics: Hardy Weinberg law. 	
		bacteria, fungi,	Unit 3	Unit 3	
		yeast and viruses.	• Characteristic features and ultrastructure of bacteria.	• Characteristic features and ultrastructure of bacteria.	
		• Gain theoretical	• General account of different groups : cyanobacteria,	• General account of different groups: Cyanobacteria,	
		knowledge of	fungi, yeast, viruses, mycoplasma and actinomycetes	fungi, yeast, viruses, Mycoplasma and actinomycetes.	
		techniques in	• General characteristics of bacteriophage (T ₄ , lambda	• General characteristics of bacteriophage $(T_4, \lambda \text{ and phi } x)$	
		microbiology.	and phi X174)	174).	
		• Understand about	• Industrial applications of microorganisms in food and	• Industrial applications of microorganisms in food and	
		the immune system	medicines	medicines.	
		and various related	Unit 4	Unit 4	
		mechanisms of	• Bacterial genetics: Brief idea of plasmids, transposable	• Bacterial genetics: Brief idea of plasmids, transposable	
		cells and molecules	elements, transformation, transduction, conjugation.	elements, transformation, transduction, conjugation.	
		involved in	• Techniques in Microbiology: Media preparation,	• Techniques in microbiology: Media preparation,	
		fighting pathogens.	sterilization methods, isolation and pure culture	sterilization methods, isolation and pure culture	
			techniques, staining techniques, preservation and	techniques, staining techniques (Gram's, negative and	
			maintenance of culture.	endospore staining), preservation and maintenance of	
			An introduction to science of Immunology	culture.	
			• Innate and Acquired immunity, Active and Passive	• An introduction to science of immunology.	
			Immunity.	• Innate and acquired immunity, active and passive	
			TT 14 P	immunity.	
			Unit 5	Unit 5	

		Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	 Phylogeny and ontogeny of immune system: Cells of immune system and preliminary idea about their differentiation, organization and structure of lymphoid organs. Nature of antigens: Antigenicity and immunogenicity, Factors affecting them, Epitopes and Haptens, Structure and function of Antibodies: Classes and subclasses, gross and fine structure. Nature of immune response: Cell mediated and Humoral immune response General idea of Major Histocompatibility complex 	 Phylogeny and ontogeny of immune system: Cells of immune system and preliminary idea about their differentiation, organization and structure of lymphoid organs. Nature of antigens: Antigenicity and immunogenicity, factors affecting them, epitopes and haptens, Structure and function of antibodies: Classes and subclasses. Nature of immune response: Humoral and cell mediated immune response. General idea of Major Histocompatibility Complex 	
	(MHC) and their significance. Monoclonal Antibodies and their applications	(MHC) and their significance. Monoclonal antibodies and their applications.	
	Books recommended :	Suggested Books :	
	 Concepts of Genetics 7th Ed.: William S. Klug, Pearson Education. Principles of Genetics: R.H. Tamarin, Tata McGraw Hill. Principles of Genetics 8th: Gardner, Simmons, 	 Gardner, E.J., Simmons, M.J., & Snustad, D.P. (2005). <i>Principles of Genetics</i> (8th ed.). New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd. Hartl, D.L. & Jones, E.W. (1998). <i>Genetics: Principles</i> & <i>Analysis</i> (4th ed.). Canada: Jones and Barlett 	
	 Anneipies of Genetics suit. Gardner, Siminons, Snustad, John Wiley & Sons. Genetics: P.K. Gupta, Rastogi Publications. 	 Publishers. ➢ Hartwell (2010). Genetics-From Genes to Genomes (4th) 	
	 Genetics –A molecular approach: T.A. Brown, Chapman and Hall. 	ed.) USA: McGraw-Hill Education. ➤ Khan, F. H. (2009). <i>Elements of Immunology</i> (1 st ed.).	
	 Gardner Principles of Genetics – Snustad & Simmons. Genetics-From Genes to Genomes: Hartwell, McGraw Hill. 	 Pearson Education India. Kindt, T.J., Osborne, B.A., & Goldsby, R.A. (2006). <i>Kuby Immunology</i> (6th ed.). New York, USA: W. H. 	
	 Genetics 5th Ed: D.L. Hartl and E.W. Jones, Jones and Barlett Publishers, Canada. Molecular Biology: R. Weaver, WCB Mc Graw Hill. 	 Freeman & Company. Klug, W.S., Cummings, M.R., Spencer, C.A. & Palladino, M.A. (2015). <i>Essential of Genetics</i> (9th ed.). 	
	 Immunology 4th Ed: J. Kuby, W.H. Freeman. Immunology: Nandini Shetty, New Age Publishers. Microbiology - An Introduction 8th Ed: Tortora, 	 Noida: Pearson Education India. Madigan, M. T., Martinko, J. M., Dunlap, P. V., & Clark, D. P. (2005). Brock Biology of Microorganisms 	
	 Pearson Education. Microbiology: Pelczar, Tata McGraw Hill. Microbial Genetics: D. Friefelder. 	 (12th ed.). San Fransisco: Benjamin Cummings. ➢ Maloy, S.R., Cronan, J.E., & Friefelder, D. (1994). <i>Microbial Genetics</i> (2nd ed.). USA: Jones and Bartlett. 	

S No. Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		 An introduction to Immunology: I.R. Tizzard. Genetics: VB Rastogi. Immunology: Fahim Khan, Pearson Publisher. Microbiology: Prescott, Harley and Klein. Biology of Microorganism: Brock. Genetics: Peter J. Russell. 	 Owen, J., Punt, J., Stranford, S., & Jones, P. (2018). <i>Kuby Immunology</i> (7th ed.). USA: W. H. Freeman and Company. Pelczar, M.J., Chan, E.C.S., & Krieg, N.R. (2007). <i>Microbiology</i> (5th ed.). New York, U.S.: Tata McGraw- Hill Inc. Rastogi, V.B. (2018). <i>Genetics</i> (4th ed.). Medtech. Shetty, N. (2005). Immunology: Introductory Textbook. New Delhi: New Age International Publishers. Singh, B.D. (2014). <i>Fundamentals of Genetics</i> (332nd ed.). New Delhi: Kalyani Publishers. Tamarin, R.H. (2004). <i>Principles of Genetics</i> (7th ed.). USA: McGraw-Hill Higher Education. Tizard, I.R. (1995). <i>Immunology: Introduction</i> (4th ed.). Philadelphia: Saunders College Publishing. Tortora, G.J., Funke, B.R., & Case, C.L. (2016) <i>Microbiology: An Introduction</i> (12th ed.). London, UK: Pearson. Verma, P.S. & Agarwal, V.K. (2010). <i>Genetics</i> (9th ed.). New Delhi: S. Chand and company. Weaver, R.F. (2011). <i>Molecular Biology</i> (5th ed.). New York, USA: McGraw-Hill Education. Willey, J.M., Sherwood, L., & Woolverton, C.J. (2007). <i>Prescott, Harley and Klein's Microbiology</i>, (7th ed.). USA: Mc Graw Hill Higher Education. Sugested e-Resources: Immunology https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103038/3 Immunity https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103015/ Microbiology https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103015/ 	

S No	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks	
				 https://instruct.uwo.ca/biology/090b/1290b%201-7.pdf http://ocw.jhsph.edu/courses/EpiInfectiousDisease/PDF s/EID_lec2_Dick.pdf Mendelian genetics & deviation https://www.khanacademy.org/science/biology/classica l-genetics/variations-on-mendelian-genetics/a/multiple- alleles-incomplete-dominance-and-codominance http://download.nos.org/srsec314newE/PDFBIO.EL21. pdf 		
14.	BT 207L: Genetics, Microbiology and Immunology Lab	 On completion of the course, students will be able to: Understand the clinical relevance of genetic concepts, inheritance and expression of human blood groups. Acquire and demonstrate competency in routine microbiological laboratory skills applicable to microbiological research and clinical methods. Explain basic immunological laboratory techniques and use immunoassays to 	 Media preparation: L.B., preparation of slants. Streak plate technique. Dilution plate technique. Gram staining and endospore staining. Lactic acid estimation. Antibiotic sensitivity test using <i>Bacillus subtilis</i>. Problems of Genetics. Slides of Meiosis showing chiasma formation and calculation of chiasma frequency. Practicals related to Human Genetics : Widow's peak, earlobe, index finger, straight and curly hair, rolling of tongue. Testing of blood groups including Rh factors to observe the phenomenon of agglutinization. To study the various lymphoid glands (Spleen and Thymus). To study different type of cells participating in specific and non-specific immunity. Immunological diagnosis of pregnancy / infection / cancer. 	 To prepare basic liquid media, solid media, agar slants and agar deep tube for the routine cultivation of bacteria and fungi. Isolation of pure culture by streak plate method. Isolation of microorganisms from soil by serial dilution and determination of CFU. Isolation of microorganisms from air by direct plate exposure method. Preservation of microbial cultures by making glycerol stock and revival of culture. To perform Gram's staining, endospore staining and negative staining of bacteria. Assessment of bacterial motility by hanging drop method. Antibiotic sensitivity test using <i>Bacillus subtilis</i>. Lactic acid estimation. Study of chiasma formation and calculation of chiasma frequency in meiosis. Problems of genetics: Mendel's law and its deviation. Human genetics: Widow's peak, earlobe, index finger, straight and curly hair, rolling of tongue. To study the various lymphoid glands (spleen and 	Microbiological exercise have more specified	been

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		analyze unknown samples successfully.		 thymus). 14. To study different type of cells participating in non-specific immunity. 15. Immuno precipitation by double diffusion technique. Suggested Books: > Aneja, K.R. (1996). Experiments in Microbiology, Plant Pathology, Tissue Culture and Mushroom Cultivation (2nd ed.). New Delhi: Wishwa Prakashan. > Ghose, K., & Manna, B. (2016). Practical Zoology (4th ed.). Kolkata: New Central Book Agency. > Kumar, V. (2011). Laboratory Manual of Microbiology. New Delhi: Scientific Publishers. > Mahajan, R., Sharma, J., & Mahajan, R.K. (2010). Practical Manual of Biotechnology (1st ed.). New Delhi: View Delhi:	
15.	of Chordates	On completion of the course, students will be able to:• Understand comparative anatomy of various organ systems with special reference to 	 Unit 1 Comparative anatomy with special reference to <i>Scoliodon, Rana, Uromastix, Columba</i> and <i>Oryctolagus</i>: Integumentary system: Skin and its derivatives. Skeleton system: Development of chondrocranium and vertebra; jaw suspension. Digestive system: Alimentary canal and associated glands. Unit 2 Comparative anatomy with special reference to <i>Scoliodon, Rana, Uromastix, Columba</i> and <i>Oryctolagus</i>: Respiratory system: Respiratory organs. Circulatory system: Evolution of heart and aortic arches. Urinogenital system: Evolution of kidney and urinogential ducts. Unit 3 Comparative anatomy with special reference to 	Vayu Education of India. No change in the syllabus	

developmental biology. Scoludon, Rana, Uromaxix, Columba and Oryctolague: Scoludon, Rana, Uromaxix, Columba and Oryctolague: • Gain an elementary idea about reproductive biology. • Nervous System: Brain and spinal cord. • • Eye. • Elementary idea about reproductive biology. • Ear. Unit 4 • • Elementary idea about the formation of egg and sperm. • Fertilization. parthenogenesis, induction and pole larva and its metamorphosis. • • Development of frog upto the end of neurulation, tadpole larva and its metamorphosis. Unit 5 • Detailed structure of Hen's egg and its development upto 4th somite stage. • Structure, development, and functions of extraembryonic medhranes in chick. • Detailed structure of placenta, types and functions of mammalian placenta. Bobs Recommendet: • Chordates: R. L. Kotpal, Rastogi Publications, Meercut. • A text book of Zoology: Chordates (Comparative anatomy): P.S. Dhami and J.K. Dhani, Prackep's Publication. • New Dethi: Cengage Learning India. • Vertebrates: Comparative Anatomy, functron Evolution 3rd Bci: Kardong, TMH. • A text book of Chordate Zoology: S.N. Pracad. • A text book of Chordate Zoology: S.N. Pracad. • Jain, P.C. (2013). Lements of Developmental Biology (The dL). New Dethi: Vishal Publication. • A text book of Chordate Zoology: S.N. Pracad. • A text book of Chordate Zoology: S.N. Pracad. • A text book of Chordate Zoology: S.N. Pracad. • A text book of Chordate Zoology: S.N. Pracad. <th>S No. Course Lis</th> <th>Learning Outcomes</th> <th>Existing Syllabus</th> <th>Suggested Syllabus</th> <th>Remarks</th>	S No. Course Lis	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
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 Chordates: R. L. Kotpal, Rastogi Publications, Meerut. A text book of Zoology: Chordates (Comparative anatomy): P.S. Dhami and J.K. Dhami, Pradeep's Publication. Vertebrates: Comparative Anatomy, fanctron Evolution 3rd Ed.: Kardong, TMH. A text book of Chordate Zoology: S.N. Prasad. A text book of Chordate Zoology: H.C. Nigam, Pub. Sohanlal Nagin Chand, 1995. Comparative anatomy of Chordates: Charles. J. Weichert. Development Biology: P.C. Jain. Development Biology: Balinsky. Schordate Biology: Balinsky. Suggested Books: Balinsky, B.I. (2012). An Introduction to Embryology (5th ed.). New Delhi: Cengage Learning India. Chaki, K.K., Kundu, G., & Sarkar, S. (2016). Introduction to General Zoology Vol-II. Kolkata: New Central Book Agency. Dhami P.S., & Dhami J.K. Chordate Zoology. New Delhi: R. Chand and Co. Jain, P.C. (2013). Elements of Developmental Biology (Chordate Embryology) (7th ed.). New Delhi: Vishal Publishing Co. Kardong, K.V. (2011). Vertebrates: Comparative Anatomy, Function, Evolution (6th ed.). McGraw-Hill Education. Kent, G.C., & Carr, R.K. (2000). Comparative 			*		
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 Evolution 3rd Ed.: Kardong, TMH. A text book of Chordate Zoology: S.N. Prasad. A text book of Chordate Zoology: H.C. Nigam, Pub. Sohanlal Nagin Chand, 1995. Comparative anatomy of Chordates: Charles. J. Weichert. Development Biology: P.C. Jain. Development Biology: Balinsky. Development Biology: Balinsky. 					
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Anatomy of the Vertebrates $(9^{\circ\circ\circ} ed)$ Europe				Anatomy of the Vertebrates (9 th ed.). Europe:	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	 Suggested Syllabus McGraw-Hill Science. Kotpal, R.L. (2018). Modern Text book of Zoology: Vertebrates (4th ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publications. Kotpal, R.L., Sastry, K.V., & Shukla, V. (2017). Comparative Anatomy & Developmental Biology. Meerut: Rastogi Publication. Lahiri, B.K. (2014). College Zoology Vol-II. Mumbai: Himalaya Publishing House. Prasad, S.N., & Kashyap, V. (2010). A text book of Vertebrate Zoology (XIV Ed.). New Delhi: New Age International (P) Limited. Sastry, K.V., & Shukla, V. (2017). Developmental Biology. Meerut: Rastogi Publications. Saxena, R.K. & Saxena, S. (2016). Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates (2nd ed.). Viva Books Private Limited. Srivastava, M.L. (1985). An introduction to the Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates. Allahabad: Central Book Depot. Verma, P.S., & Agrawal, V.K. (2017). Chordate Embryology: Developmental Biology. New Delhi: S Chand. Suggested e-Resources: Comparative anatomy http://www.iaszoology.com/category/comparative- anatomy/ Chick development http://www.notesonzoology.com/vertebrates/chick/deve lopment-of-chick-with-diagram-vertebrates-chordata- zoology/8645 http://www.macollege.in/app/webroot/uploads/departm 	Remarks
				 http://www.macollege.in/app/webroot/uploads/departm ent_materials/doc_139.pdf Developmental biology https://www.shomusbiology.com/developmental- biology.html 	

S No.	Course List Learnin	ing Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
16.	ZOO 202L:On comComparativethe courAnatomy andwill be aEmbryology• Identiof ChordateschordLabbasedextern• Identi	npletion of urse, students able to: tify higher date animals d on the mal features. tify and	 Permanent mountings : Placoid and ctenoid scales. Cartilage and striated muscle fibres of amphibian. Filoplumes. Blood film of mammal. Osteology: A comparative study of articulated and disarticulated bones of <i>Rana, Varanus</i>, Fowl and <i>Oryctolagus</i>. 	 Suggested Syllabus ➢ Frog development http://www.notesonzoology.com/frog/development-of- frog-with-diagram-vertebrates-chordata-zoology/8626 Permanent mountings: (i) Placoid and ctenoid scales (ii) Cartilage and striated muscle fibres of amphibian. (iii) Filoplumes. (iv) Blood film of mammal. Osteology: A comparative study of articulated and disarticulated bones of <i>Rana, Varanus</i>, Fowl and <i>Oryctolagus</i>. Comparative study of microscopic slides with special 	Remarks
	of <i>Ra</i> Fowl <i>Oryct</i> • Under histol organ endoc throug micro of slic • Under develo frog throug	ana, Varanus, and tolagus. erstand logy of ns and crine glands igh oscopic study ides. rstand the opment of and chick	 Study of Microscopic slides. (i) Comparative study of microscopic slides with special reference to Rana, Varanus, bird and Mammal: V.S. of skin, oesophagus, stomach, intestine, liver, pancreas, Lung, Kidney, Testis, Ovary, Spinal Cord. (ii) T.S. of endocrine glands of a mammal. Study of Museum specimens : (i) Cyclostomata : Amnocoete larva, Petromyzon, Myxine and Bdellostoma. (ii) Pisces: Sphyrna, Torpedo, Pristis, Stingray, Chimaera, Acipensor, Amia, Labeo, Wallago, Saccobranclus, Anguilla, Exocoetus, Belone, Hippocampus, Syngnathus, Echeries, Porcapine and Protopterus. (ii) Amphibia: Ichthyophis, Ambystoma, Axolotal Larva, Salamandra, Necturus, Siren, Alytes, Pipa, Hyla and Rhacophorus. (iv) Reptilia: Chelone, turtle, Testudo, Sphenodon, Phrynosoma, Chaemeleon, Calotes, Hemidactylus, Draco, Hydrophis, Eryx, Python, Naja, Viper, Bungarus and Crocodilus. (v) Aves: Archaeopteryx, Psittaculla, Passer, Columba and Pavo. 	 comparative study of metoscopic study with special reference to amphibian and mammal: (i) V.S. of skin, oesophagus, stomach, intestine, liver, pancreas, lung, kidney, testis, ovary, spinal cord. (ii) T.S. of endocrine glands of a mammal (pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, adrenal). 4. Study of museum specimens: (i) Cyclostomata: Amnocoete larva, Petromyzon, Myxine and Bdellostoma. (ii) Pisces: Sphyrna, Torpedo, Pristis, Stingray, Chimaera, Acipensor, Amia, Labeo, Wallago, Saccobranclus, Anguilla, Exocoetus, Belone, Hippocampus, Syngnathus, Echeries, Porcupine and Protopterus. (iii) Amphibia: Ichthyophis, Ambystoma, Axolotal larva, Salamandra, Necturus, Siren, Alytes, Pipa, Hyla and Rhacophorus. (iv) Reptilia: Chelone, Turtle, Testudo, Sphenodon, Phrynosoma, Chaemeleon, Calotes, Hemidactylus, Draco, Hydrophis, Eryx, Python, Naja, Viper, Bungarus and Crocodilus. (v) Aves: Archaeopteryx, Psittaculla, Passer, Columba and Pavo. (vi) Mammalia: Ornithorynchus, Tachyglossus, 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 (vi) Mammalia: Ornithorynchus, Tachyglossus, Pteropus, Funambulus, Hedgehog, Mangoose and Oryctolagus. Development of Chordates : (i) Study of the development and metamorphosis of Frog with the aid of permanent prepared slides. (ii) W.M. of Primitive steak, head folds, 18hrs, 24 hrs 33hrs and of chick embryo, T.S. of chick embryo through various regions upto 4th somite state with aid of permanent prepared slides. 	 Pteropus, Funambulus, Hedgehog, Mongoose and Oryctolagus. 5. Development of Chordates: Study of the development and metamorphosis of frog with the aid of permanent prepared slides. W.M. of primitive steak, head folds, 18hrs, 24hrs and 33hrs of chick embryo, T.S. of chick embryo through various regions upto 4th somite state with aid of permanent prepared slides. Suggested Books: Ghose, K., & Manna, B. (2016). Practical Zoology (4th ed.). Kolkata: New Central Book Agency. Lal, S.S. (2015). Practical Zoology: Vertebrates (11th ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication. Poddar, T., Mukhopadhyay, S., & Das, S.K. (2003). An advanced Laboratory Manual of Zoology. Kolkata: Macmillan India Limited. Verma, P.S. (2010). A Manual of Practical Zoology: Chordates (11th ed.). New Delhi: S Chand Publishing. 	
		V & VI Semester			
Bota 1)	ny Discipline El Discipline	On completion of		Discipline Elective:	
1)	-	the course, students will be able to:	Unit 1	BOT 302: Introduction to Genetics and Genetic Engineering	
	to Genetics and Genetic Engineering	 Acquire knowledge of the structure and arrangement of the genome in living organisms. Understand the biochemical nature of nucleic acids, their role in living systems. Impart basic genetic 	 Organization of Eukaryotic Chromosomes. Bacterial Genetics. Cell cycle, Mitosis and Meiosis. Eugenics and Genetic Counseling. Unit 2 Mendel's experiments: Laws of inheritance, interaction of factors (Modified dihybrid ratios). Quantitative inheritance, Linkage, crossing over, multiple alleles, Sex determination, Sex Linked inheritance. Extra chromosomal inheritance. 	 Unit 1 Organization of eukaryotic chromosomes. Bacterial genetics. Cell cycle, mitosis and meiosis. Eugenics and genetic counseling. Unit 2 Genetic terminology, Mendel's experiments: Laws of inheritance, interaction of factors (Modified dihybrid ratios). Quantitative inheritance, linkage, crossing over, multiple alleles. 	

S No.	Course List L	earning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		nanipulation		• Sex determination and sex linked inheritance.	
	te	echniques and their	Unit 3	• Extra chromosomal inheritance.	
	-	pplication for	Chromosomal aberrations- structural and numerical	Unit 3	
		uman welfare.	Mutations	• Chromosomal aberrations- structural and numerical.	
	• T	ranslate concepts	Gene: Basic concept	• Mutations.	
	in	0	• Isolation of eukaryotic mRNA, cDNA synthesis and	• Gene: Basic concept.	
		ngineering to their	library	• Isolation of eukaryotic mRNA, cDNA synthesis and	
	01	wn research.	Genomic library	library.	
			Unit 4	Genomic library.	
			Restriction enzymes	Unit 4	
			 Vectors- plasmids, phages, cosmids 	Restriction enzymes.	
			Construction of recombinant DNA	• Vectors- plasmids, phages, cosmids.	
			• Screening and selection of recombinant clones	• Construction of recombinant DNA.	
			Unit 5	• Screening and selection of recombinant clones.	
			• Isolation of DNA- plasmid, plant genomic DNA,	Unit 5	
			phage DNA	• Isolation of DNA- plasmid, plant genomic DNA, phage	
			General idea of Patents and Bio safety Guidelines.	DNA.	
			• Biotechnology: Definition, Application of	• General idea of patents and bio safety guidelines.	
			Biotechnology, Basic concept of Biotechnological	• Biotechnology: Definition, application of	
			processes	biotechnology, basic concept of biotechnological	
			Edible vaccines	processes.	
			Books recommended:	• Edible vaccines.	
			 Genetics: Stirckberger Prentice Hall of India. 		
			Principles of Genetics 9th Ed: Gardner, Simmons,	Suggested Books:	
			Snustad, John Wiley & Sons.	Borem, A., Santos, F.R., & Bowen, D.E. (2003).	
			 Genetics: P.K. Gupta, Rastogi Publications Meerut. Constinue A molecular enpresedue T.A. Brown 	Understanding Biotechnology (1 st d.). USA: Prentice	
			➢ Genetics −A molecular approach: T.A. Brown, Chapman and Hall.	Hall.	
			 Concepts of Genetics 7th Ed.: William S. Klug, Pearson 	Brown, T. (2011). Introduction to Genetics – A molecular ammagah (1 st ad). USA: Corlord Science.	
			Education.	 approach (1st ed.). USA: Garland Science. ➢ Brown, T.A. (2010). Gene Cloning and DNA Analysis: 	
			 Principles of Genetics: R.H. Tamarin, Tata McGraw 	An Introduction (6 th ed.). USA: Wiley-Blackwell.	
			Hill.	 ➢ Gardner, E.J., Simmons, M.J., & Snustad, D.P. (2005). 	
			 Genetics-From Genes to Genomes: Hartwell, McGraw 	<i>Principles of Genetics</i> (8 th ed.). New Jersey, USA: John	
			Hill.	Wiley & Sons Ltd.	
			➢ Genetics 5th Ed.: D.L. Hartl and E.W. Jones, Jones and		

	Barlett Publishers, Canada.	Glick, B.R., & Patten, C.L. (2017). Molecular	
	An Introduction to Genetic Ananlysis: Suzuki, Griffith,	Biotechnology: Principles and Applications of	
	Miller & Lewonith.	<i>Recombinant DNA</i> (5 th ed.). USA: American Society for	
	Microbial Genetics: D. Friefelder, Narosa Publications,	Microbiology Press.	
	New Delhi	► Griffiths, A.J.F., Miller, J.H., Suzuki, D.T., Lewonith,	
	Molecular Biology of Gene: J.D.Watson, Pearson Education.	R.C. & Gelbert, W.M. (2000). An Introduction to Genetic Ananlysis (7 th ed.). New York, U.S.: W. H.	
	 Gene VIII: Lewin, Pearson Education. 	Freeman.	
	 Biotechnology by B.D. Singh. 	Gupta, P.K. (2009). <i>Genetics</i> . Meerut: Rastogi	
	 Plant Biotechnology by P.K. Gupta. 	Publications.	
		➢ Gupta, P.K. (2010). Plant biotechnology. Meerut:	
	Blackwell Scientific Publications.	Rastogi Publications.	
	➢ Understanding Biotechnology: Aluizo Borem, Pearson	Hartl, D.L. & Jones, E.W. (1997). Genetics: Analysis of	
	Education.	Genes and Genome (9 th ed.). Canada: Jones and Barlett	
	Molecular Biotechnology: B.R. Glick and J.J.	Publishers.	
	Pasternak, ASM Press, Washington, USA.	Hartwell, L., Hood., Goldberg, M., Reynolds, A.E., &	
	An Introduction to Gene Technology-From genes to	Silver, L. (2010). <i>Genetics: From Genes to Genomes</i> (4 th	
	clones: Winnacker, VCH.	ed.). New York: McGraw-Hill Education.	
		Klug, W.S., Cummings, M.R., Spencer, C.A., Palladino, M.A., Killian, D. (2018). <i>Concepts of Genetics</i> (12 th ed.).	
		USA: Pearson Education.	
		 Krebs, J.E., Goldstein, E.S., & Kilpatrick, S.T. (2012). 	
		Lewin's Genes XI (11 th ed.). USA: Jones and Bartlett	
		Publishers.	
		Maloy, S.R., Cronan, J.E., & Friefelder, D. (1994).	
		Microbial Genetics (2 nd ed.). USA: Jones and Bartlett.	
		Primrose, S.B., & Twyman, R. (2006). Principles of	
		Gene Manipulation and Genomics (7 th ed.) UK: Oxford	
		University Press.	
		Singh, B.D. (2015). Biotechnology. New Delhi: Kalyani	
		Publishers. Strictharger MW (1005) Constinue (2 rd ad) New	
		Strickberger, M.W. (1995). Genetics (3 rd ed.). New Delhi: Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited.	
		 Tamarin, R.H. (2004). <i>Principles of Genetics</i> (7th ed.). 	
		USA: McGraw-Hill Higher Education.	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Watson, J.D., Tania, A.B., & Stephen, P.B. (2017). <i>Molecular Biology of the Gene</i> (7th ed.). USA: Pearson Education. Winnacker, E.L. (1987). <i>From Genes to Clones:</i> <i>Introduction to Gene Technology</i>. Germany: Wiley VCH. Suggested e- Resources: Genetics https://www.britannica.com/science/genetics Recombinant-DNA-technology https://www.britannica.com/science/recombinant-DNA-technology https://www.britannica.com/science/recombinant-DNA-technology https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103013/4 http://www.agbioworld.org/biotech-info/topics/dev-world/policies4.html Principles & processes of recombinant-DNA-technology https://www.toppr.com/guides/biology/biotechnology-principles-and-process/processes-of-recombinant-dna-technology/ Vectors used in genetic engineering http://www.biologydiscussion.com/genetic- engineering/vectors-used-in-genetic-engineering- biotechnology/61382 Patent rights in India https://www.hg.org/legal-articles/patent-rights-in-india-4995 	
	Discipline Elective: 6.2: Genetic and Genetic Engineering Lab	 On completion of the course, students will be able to: Develop skills and understanding about different techniques used in genetics and genetic engineering 	 Problems of Genetics Models based on Mendel's law Human Genetics: Tongue rolling, Widow's peak, Ear lobes, Little finger. Estimation of standard DNA. Determination of purity of standard DNA Determination of λ_{max} of standard DNA. Isolation of DNA from plant cells. 	 Discipline Elective: BOT 302L: Genetic and Genetic Engineering Lab 1. Problems of genetics. 1. Models based on Mendel's law. 2. Human genetics: Tongue rolling, widow's peak, ear lobes, little finger. 3. Estimation of standard DNA by DPA method. 4. Determination of purity of standard DNA. 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		•Critically analyze		5. Determination of λ_{max} of standard DNA.	
		and interpret data		6. Isolation of DNA from plant cells.	
		generated from each		7. Restriction digestion of DNA.	
		practical		8. Agarose gel electrophoresis of DNA.	
		•Develop knowledge		9. Basic biosafety guidelines in the laboratory.	
		about genetic		Suggested Books:	
		problems such as		▶ Purohit, S.D. (2007). Molecular Biology and	
		genetic mapping,		Biotechnology: A Practical Manual. Udaipur: Apex	
		test cross etc.		Publishing House.	
				➤ Vats, S. (2015). A Laboratory Textbook of Biochemistry,	
				Molecular biology and Microbiology. GRIN Verlag.	
3)	Discipline	On completion of		Discipline Elective	
	Elective	the course, students	Unit 1	BOT 303: Plant Physiology and Ecology	
	5.1: Plant	will be able to:	• Plant water relations: Importance of water to plant life;	Unit 1	
	Physiology	• Comprehend about	movement of water across the membranes, ascent of sap;	• Plant water relations: Importance of water to plant life;	
	and Ecology	life processes	transpiration.	movement of water across the membranes, ascent of sap;	
		happening inside	• Mineral nutrition: Methods to study the availability of	transpiration.	
		plants and how	macro and micro elements, uptake and roles of mineral	• Mineral nutrition: Methods to study the availability of	
		they cope with	elements.	macro and micro elements, uptake and roles of mineral	
		varied biotic and	• Translocation of organic substances: General principle	elements.	
		abiotic factors.	and mechanism.	• Translocation of organic substances: General principle and	
		• Understand	Unit 2	mechanism.	
		maintenance of	• Photosynthesis: Photosynthetic pigments, factors	Unit 2	
		ecological balance	affecting photosynthesis, mechanism of photosynthesis,	• Photosynthesis: Photosynthetic pigments, factors	
		and role of man in	role of light, carbon fixation in plants,	affecting photosynthesis, mechanism of photosynthesis,	
		the degradation of	Photophosphorylation.	role of light, carbon fixation in plants,	
		the environment	• Respiration: Significance and mechanism, factors	Photophosphorylation.	
		and to suggest	affecting respiration, release and utilization of	• Respiration: Significance and mechanism, factors	
		remedies.	biochemical energy, ATP synthesis.	affecting respiration, release and utilization of	
		• Highlight the		biochemical energy, ATP synthesis.	
		potential of these	• Fat Metabolism: Mechanism of synthesis and break		
		studies to become	down of fats.	• Fat Metabolism: Mechanism of synthesis and break	
		an entrepreneur.	• Nitrogen metabolism: Nitrate assimilation, nitrogen	down of fats.	
			fixation, amino acid synthesis and nitrogen cycle.	• Nitrogen metabolism: Nitrate assimilation, nitrogen	
			• Growth and Development: Physiology of dormancy and	fixation, amino acid synthesis and nitrogen cycle.	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			seed germination, vegetative and reproductive growth,	• Growth and development: Physiology of dormancy and	
			Vernalization and Photoperiodism.	seed germination, vegetative and reproductive growth,	
			• Growth regulators: Auxins, gibberellins, cytokinins,	vernalization and photoperiodism.	
			ethylene and abscissic acid, their physiological	• Growth regulators: Auxins, gibberellins, cytokinins,	
			importance.	ethylene and abscissic acid, their physiological	
			Unit 4	importance.	
			• Ecology.	Unit 4	
			• Plant environment: Climatic, edaphic, topographic and	• Ecology.	
			biotic factors.	• Plant environment: Climatic, edaphic, topographic and	
			• Ecosystem: Brief concept, food chains, ecological	biotic factors.	
			pyramids (Pyramids of number, mass and energy),	• Ecosystem: Brief concept, food chains, ecological	
			energetics, biochemical cycling.	pyramids (pyramids of number, mass and energy),	
			Unit 5	energetics, biochemical cycling.	
			• Plant communities: Structure, classification, diversity,	Unit 5	
			dynamics.	• Plant communities: Structure, classification, diversity,	
			• Applied ecology: Introduction to restoration ecology.	dynamics.	
			• Environmental pollution (Air, Water and Radioactive),	• Applied ecology: Introduction to restoration ecology.	
			Conservation, Plant indicators.	• Environmental pollution (air, water, noise and	
			Books Recommended:	radioactive), Conservation, plant indicators.	
			Plant Physiology: Devlin & Witham, Van Narst, New	20	
			Delhi: East West Press, 1974.	Ambhast, R.S. (2008). <i>Plant Ecology</i> . New Delhi: CBS.	
				Dutta, S.C. (2012). <i>Plant Physiology</i> . New Delhi: New	
			India.	age International Publishers.	
				Hopkins, W.G. & Huner, N.P.A. (2008). Introduction to	
			Prentice Hall of India.	Plant Physiology. New Jersey: John Wiley and Sons	
			 Plant Physiology: Taiz and Zeiger. Introduction to Plant Physiology: W.G. Hopkins and 	Inc.	
			Hunner John Wiley and Sons Inc.	 Narst, V., Devlin & Witham. (1974). <i>Plant Physiology</i>. New Delhi: East West Press. 	
			 Plant Physiology: Pandey & Sinha. 	 Noggle, G.R. & Fritz, G.J. (1992). Introductory Plant 	
			 Ecology & Environment: P.D. Sharma, Rastogi 		
			Publications, Meerut.	 ➢ Odum, E.P. (2004). Fundamentals of Ecology. 	
			➢ Fundamentals of Ecology: E.P. Odum, Natraj		
			Publishers, Dehradun, India.	 Pandey, S.N. & Sinha, B.K. (2015). <i>Plant Physiology</i>. 	
			Plant Physiology: H.N. Srivastava, Vikas Publishing		
			House.	Salisbury & Ross. (2012). <i>Plant Physiology</i> . New Delhi:	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Plant Physiology: S. C. Dutta.	Prentice Hall of India.	
			Plant Ecology: Ambhast and Ambhast.	Sharma, P.D. (2003). <i>Ecology & Environment</i> . Meerut:	
				Rastogi Publications.	
				Srivastava, H.S. (2005). <i>Plant Physiology</i> : Meerut:	
				Rastogi Publications.	
				Taiz, L., & Zeiger, E. (2010). <i>Plant Physiology</i> . London:	
				Sinauer Associates.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				Plant Physiology	
				https://www.udemy.com/plant-	
				physiology/?siteID=zOCYiUhWwNM-	
				1RExiYvhsJfnMd_rZR_ivg&LSNPUBID=zOCYiUhW	
				wNM	
				Ecological communities	
				http://www-	
				plb.ucdavis.edu/courses/bis/1c/text/Chapter27nf.pdf	
4)	Discipline	On completion of		Discipline Elective	
	Elective	the course, students	A. List of Physiology experiments	BOT 303L: Plant Physiology and Ecology Lab	
	5.2: Plant	will be able to:	1. Osmosis	A. List of physiology experiments	
	Physiology	• Understand the	a. Grapes and dried raisins.	1. Osmosis	
	and Ecology	physiological	b. Potato osmoscope and semi permeable	a. Grapes and dried raisins.	
	Lab	details of	membrane.	b. Potato osmoscope and semi permeable membrane.	
		photosynthesis and	c. Plasmolysis and deplasmolysis.	c. Plasmolysis and deplasmolysis.	
		respiration.	2. Root pressure	2. Root pressure	
		• Design	a. An experiment on root pressure.	a. An experiment on root pressure.	
		experiments,	3. Transpiration	3. Transpiration	
		collect and analyze	a. Ganong's potometer and Farmer's potometer	a. Ganong's potometer and Farmer's photometer.	
		data, critically	b. Unequal transpiration from two surfaces of a leaf	b. Unequal transpiration from two surfaces of a leaf.	
		evaluate and	i. Cobalt chloride paper method.	i. Cobalt chloride paper method.	
		present the data	ii. Four leaf method with greased surface.	ii. Four leaf method with greased surface.	
		produced in	c. Demonstration of water lifting power of	c. Demonstration of water lifting power of	
		physiology or	transpiration (suction force).	transpiration (suction force).	
		ecology.	d. Ringing experiment.	d. Ringing experiment.	
		• Demonstrate skills	e. Study of stomata	e. Study of stomata.	
		related to	4. Photosynthesis	4. Photosynthesis	

3 Biscipline as field based (Wilmott's bubbler apparatus). (Wilmott's bubbler apparatus). 5 Discipline Learning as field based (Wilmott's bubbler apparatus). 5 Discipline Learning Discipline Learning 5 Discipline Learning Discipline Discipline	S No. Course List	t Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
5) Discipline Elective: Learning outcomes: Discipline Elective: Ethnobotany Unit 1: Ethnobotany		laboratory as well as field based	 a. Oxygen is given off during photosynthesis (Wilmott's bubbler apparatus). b. Light is necessary for photosynthesis. c. Chlorophyll is necessary for photosynthesis. d. CO₂ is necessary for photosynthesis. e. No oxygen liberation without CO₂. f. RQ by Ganong's respirometer of carbohydrate, fatty seeds and Opuntia phylloclade. 5. Respiration a. CO₂ is produced during respiration. b. Loss of dry weight in respiration. c. Anaerobic respiration. B. List of Ecological experiments To determine the soil temperature by soil thermometer. 2. To measure relative humidity of the atmosphere by wet and dry-bulb thermometer or psychrometer. 3. To determine soil texture. 4. To test the presence of carbonate, nitrate, pH value and base deficiency in soil. 5. To measure the light intensity. 6. To study the structure of the plant community of an area by quadrat method and to determine the plant density, abundance and frequency (the density, abundance and frequency can be calculated from a given data in laboratory during practical examination). 7. To determine the water holding capacity of different soils. 8. A record of the experiments done during the year is	 a. Oxygen is given off during photosynthesis (Wilmott's bubbler apparatus). b. Light is necessary for photosynthesis. c. Chlorophyll is necessary for photosynthesis. d. CO₂ is necessary for photosynthesis. e. RQ by Ganong's respirometer (demonstration). 5. Respiration a. CO₂ is produced during respiration. b. Loss of dry weight in respiration. c. Anaerobic respiration. B. List of ecological experiments To determine the soil temperature by soil thermometer. 2. To measure relative humidity of the atmosphere by wet and dry–bulb thermometer or psychrometer. 3. To determine soil texture. 4. To test the presence of carbonate, nitrate, pH value and base deficiency in soil. 5. To study the structure of the plant community of an area by quadrat method and to determine the plant density, abundance and frequency. 7. To determine the water holding capacity of different soils. Suggested Books: Bendre, A., & Kumar, A. (1984). A Textbook of 	
Elective: outcomes: Unit 1: Ethnobotany	5) Discipline	Learning	to be submitted by the candidates.	Discipline Elective: Ethnobotany	
• Introduction, concept, scope and objectives;	· ·	outcomes:		Unit 1: Ethnobotany	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		the course, students		Ethnobotany as an interdisciplinary science.	
		will be able to:		• The relevance of ethnobotany in the present context.	
		• Understand the		• Major and minor ethnic groups or Tribals of India, and	
		science of		their life styles.	
		ethnobotany, its		Unit 2: Ethnobotanical Uses	
		concept, scope and		• Plants used by the tribals: a) Food plants b) Fodder c)	
		objectives		intoxicants and beverages d) Resins and oils and	
		• Know the types,		miscellaneous uses.	
		distribution and		• Plants of mythological and religious.	
		life style of ethnic		• Plants mentioned in Folklore and Folk songs.	
		groups in India.		• Plants as totems, taboos and superstition.	
		• Know the		Unit 3: Methodology of Ethnobotanical studies	
		importance of		• Field work b) Herbarium c) Ancient Literature d)	
		tribals in present		Archaeological findings e) temples and sacred places.	
		era.		• Major centers of Ethnobotany in India.	
		• Know the various		Unit 4: Role of ethnobotany in modern Medicine	
		uses of plants by		• Medico-ethnobotanical sources in India; Significance	
		the ethnic people		of the following plants in ethno botanical practices	
		in their daily life.		(along with their habitat and morphology):(a)	
		• Know the		Azadiractha indica (b) Ocimum sanctum (c) Vitex	
		miscellaneous uses		negundo (d) Gloriosa superba (e) Tribulus terrestris (f)	
		of plants		Pongamia pinnata (g) Cassia auriculata (h) Indigofera	
		• Understand the		tinctoria.	
		methodology of		• Role of ethnobotany in modern medicine with special	
		ethnobotanical		example Rauvolfia sepentina, Trichopus zeylanicus,	
		work		Artemisia, Withania.	
		• Know the		• Role of ethnic groups in conservation of plant genetic	
		medicinal uses of		resources.	
		plants in crude		• Endangered taxa and forest management (participatory	
		ways.		forest management).	
		• Aware about the		Unit 5: Ethnobotany and legal aspects	
		legal aspects		• Ethnobotany as a tool to protect interests of ethnic	
		associated with		groups. Sharing of wealth concept with few examples	
		ethnobotany.		from India.	
				• Biopiracy, Intellectual Property Rights and Traditional	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Knowledge. Suggested Readings Jain S.K. (1995). Manual of Ethnobotany, Scientific Publishers, Jodhpur, 1995. Jain S.K. (1995). Glimpses of Indian. Ethnobotny, Oxford and I B H, New Delhi – 1981 Lone et al. (1980). Palaeoethnobotany, Oxford and I B H, New Delhi – 1981 Jain S.K. (ed.) (1989). Methods and approaches in ethnobotany. Society of ethnobotanists, Lucknow, India. Jain S.K. (1990). Contributions of Indian ethnobotany. Scientific publishers, Jodhpur. Colton C.M. 1997. Ethnobotany – Principles and applications. John Wiley and sons, Chichester Rama Ro, N and Henry A.N. (1996). The Ethnobotany of Eastern Ghats in Andhra Pradesh, India.Botanical Survey of India. Howrah. Rajiv K. Sinha (1996). Ethnobotany The Renaissance of Traditional Herbal Medicine – INA –SHREE Publishers, Jaipur Ethnobotany: Vinay Sharma and Afroz Alam, Rastogi Publishing House, Meerut Faulks, P.J. 1958.An introduction to Ethnobotany, Moredale pub. Ltd. Suggested e- Resources: http://botanicaldimensions.org/what-is-ethnobotany/ https://trove.nla.gov.au/work/36470887?selectedversion 	
	Discipline Elective: Ethnobotany Lab			 =NBD44743330 Discipline Elective: Ethnobotany Lab Study of wild plants of different families at taxonomical level. 2. Collection of locally growing plants of ethnic importance. 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				3. Herbarium preparation.	
				4. Study of ethnic groups through photographs and	
				available literature.	
				5. Preparation of plants' extract.	
				6. Analysis of phytochemicals.	
7)	Disciple	After completion of		Disciple Elective: Horticulture	
	Elective:	the course students		Unit 1:	
	Horticulture	will be able to:		• Basic horticultural techniques (soil preparation, bed	
		• Understand the		preparation, transplantation & pruning)	
		basic technique of		• Vegetative propagation of plants (a) cutting (b)	
		plant propagation.		grafting (c) budding (d) layering (e) other special	
		• Perform cutting,		structures.	
		grafting, budding,		Unit 2:	
		layering etc.		• Soil less culture (hydroponic, Aeroponics).	
		• Grow plants in the		• Application of Coco peat, Perlite, Vermiculite and	
		absence of soil		Peat moss in horticultural practices	
		medium		• Indoor and outdoor plants.	
		• Start bonsai		• Bonsai: Types, forms, structure and styles.	
		creation		Unit 3:	
		• Know various aspects of Green		• Greenhouse Technology: Importance, types and	
		House Technology		operation techniques.	
		• Start commercial		• Commercial uses of Green House Technology.	
		cultivation of		• Benefits and Risks associated with Green House	
		fruits and		Technology.	
		vegetables		Unit 4:	
		vegetables		• Commercial cultivation of cut flowers (Roses,	
				Gerberas & Carnations).	
				• Study of foliage plants (<i>Ficus</i> , Croton & Coleus).	
				• Study of one locally available vegetables (root,	
				leafy, cole crops).	
				Unit 5:	
				• Study of tropical fruits (Mango, Amla, Date palm).	
				• Study of temperate fruits (Apple).	
				Commercial cultivation of exotic fruits.	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				Suggested Readings	
				≻ Chalam, Venkateshwarlu, G.V.I. Introduction to	
				Agricultural Botany in India. Asia Publishing House,	
				New Delhi.	
				Ankur: (Magazine).	
				> Jain, S.K. & Rao, R.R. A Hand book of Field &	
				Herbarium Methods. Today & Tomorrow's Printers &	
				Publications, New Delhi.	
				Hartmann and Kester. Plant Propagation.	
				Sandhu, M.K. Plant Propagation:	
				> Bajaj, Y.P.S. & Narosa. Biotechnology in agriculture	
				and forestry. Suggested e- Resources:	
				https://icar.org.in/content/horticultural_division	
				http://tnhorticulture.tn.gov.in/horti/	
				https://www.onionseek.com/in/search/web/?pk=nQMh	
				NzQd8g9IZLsISBEH6g&q=Online%20Horticulture%2	
				0Degree%20Program&id_event=5cc7d0693778ea7e85	
				ea4bc6	
				https://www.longdom.org/horticulture.html	
8)	Disciple			Disciple Elective: Horticulture Lab	
	Elective:			1. Layout of kitchen garden.	
	Horticulture			2. Vegetative propagation by cutting and grafting	
	Lab			Herbarium preparation.	
				3. Vegetative propagation by budding and layering	
				(Gootee).4. To perform emasculation & hybridization.	
				 For perform emasculation & hybridization. Preparation of compost. 	
Biote	echnology Discir	oline Elective-I & II		3. rieparation of compost.	
1)	Discipline	On completion of		Discipline elective	
	elective	the course, students		BT 307: Genetic Engineering, rDNA Technology and	
	5.3: Genetic	will be able to:	Unit 1	Cell and Tissue Culture Technology	
		• Understand the	• Introduction and historical background of genetic		
	rDNA	various tools of	engineering.	• Introduction and historical background of genetic	
	Technology	recombinant DNA	• Isolation and purification of DNA from bacterial, plant	engineering.	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	and Cell and	technology and	and animal cells.	• Isolation and purification of DNA from bacterial, plant	
	Tissue Culture	their applications	 Vectors: plasmids, cosmids and phages. 	and animal cells.	
	Technology	in different fields.	• Restriction enzymes, Ligases, S1 nucleases, DNA	 Vectors: plasmids, cosmids and phages. 	
		• Describe the	polymerases, Reverse transcriptase.	• Restriction enzymes, ligases, S1 nucleases, DNA	
		principles, process	Unit 2	polymerases, reverse transcriptase.	
		of gene cloning and	• cDNA synthesis and cloning: mRNA enrichment,	Unit 2	
		generation of	reverse transcription,	• DNA primers, cDNA synthesis and cloning: mRNA	
		recombinant	• cDNA library. DNA primers	enrichment, reverse transcription.	
		libraries.	• Linkers, Adaptors, Blunt end ligation, Homopolymer	• cDNA library.	
		• Learn theoretical	tailing.	• Linkers, adaptors, blunt end ligation, homopolymer	
		aspects of different	• Genomic library construction and screening.	tailing.	
		cell culture	Unit 3	Genomic library construction and screening.	
		techniques and	• Molecular markers- RAPD, RFLP, AFLP, SNP.	Unit 3	
		their uses in	• Techniques used in identification of recombinant DNA	• Molecular markers- RAPD, RFLP, AFLP, SNP.	
		therapeutic	clones.	• Techniques used in identification of recombinant DNA	
		applications.	• Cloning and expression of foreign genes in prokaryotes	clones.	
		• Gain basic	(E.coli).	• Cloning and expression of foreign genes in prokaryotes	
		knowledge of	• Cloning and expression of foreign genes in eukaryotes	(<i>E. coli</i>).	
		patents and biosafety	(e.g. Yeast)	• Cloning and expression of foreign genes in eukaryotes	
		guidelines.	• Brief idea about gene cloning in plant and mammalian	(e.g. yeast).	
		guidennes.	cells.	• Brief idea about gene cloning in plant and mammalian	
			 Application of transposons in gene tagging. 	cells.	
			Unit 4	• Transposon mediated gene tagging.	
			• Introduction, Historical background and terminology	Unit 4	
			used in cell culture, Tissue culture lab: Basic	• Introduction, historical background and terminology	
			requirements, Sterilization techniques.	used in cell culture, tissue culture lab: basic	
			 Media: Types, preparation and composition. 	requirements, sterilization techniques.	
			 Clonal propagation in plants. 	• Media: Types, preparation and composition.	
			• Somatic embryogenesis, Protoplast isolation and	• Primary and established (including discontinuous and	
			culture, viability tests.	continuous) cell lines.	
				• Cytotoxicity and transformation/transfection of cells.	
				Animal cell products.	
			Unit 5	• Patents and biosafety guidelines.	
			• Primary and established (including discontinuous and	Unit 5	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 continuous) cell lines. Cytotoxicity and transformation/transfection of cells. Production of haploids and their applications. Zygotic Embryo culture. Animal cell products. Somaclonal variations Patents and Biosafety guidelines. Books recommended: 	 Clonal propagation in plants. Somatic embryogenesis, protoplast isolation and culture, viability tests. Production of haploids and their applications. Zygotic embryo culture. Somaclonal variations. 	
			 Molecular Biology of Gene: J.D. Watson, Pearson Education. An introduction to Gene Technology-From genes to clones: Winnacker. Principles of Gene Manipulation: Old and Primrose. Molecular Biotechnology: B.R. Glick and J.J. Pasternak, ASM Press, Washington, USA. Plant Tissue Culture: S.S. Bhojwani and M.K. Razdan, Elsevier Science, The Netherlands. An Introduction to Plant Tissue Culture: M.K. Razdan. Genetic Engineering: Science and ethics on new frontier: Michael Boylan, Pearson Education. An Introduction to Genetic Engineering: S.T. Nicholl, Cambridge University Press. Principles of Gene Manipulations and Genomics, S. B. Primrose and R. M. Twyman. Biotechnology and Genomics: P. K. Gupta, Rastogi Publication. Introduction to plant Biotechnology: H.S. Chawla, Science Publishers. Gene Cloning and DNA analysis: T. A. Brown. 	 Suggested Books: Bhojwani, S.S., & Razdan, M.K. (1996). Plant Tissue Culture: Theory and Practice. Netherlands: Elsevier Science. Boylan, M., & Brown, K.E. Genetic Engineering: Science And Ethics On The New Frontier. Brown, T.A. (2010). Gene Cloning and DNA Analysis: An Introduction (6th ed.). USA: Wiley-Blackwell. Chawla, H.S. (2009). Introduction to Plant Biotechnology (3rd ed.). USA: CRC Press. Glick, B.R., & Patten, C.L. (2017). Molecular Biotechnology: Principles and Applications of Recombinant DNA (5th ed.). USA: American Society for Microbiology Press. Gupta, P.K. (2005). Biotechnology and Genomics. Meerut: Rastogi Publication. Gupta, P.K. (2017). Animal Biotechnology. Meerut: Rastogi Publication. Howe, C. (2007). Gene Cloning & Manipulation (2nd ed.). New Delhi: Cambridge University Press. Primrose, S.B., & Twyman, R. (2006). Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics (7th ed.) UK: Oxford University Press. Razdan, M.K. (2003). Introduction to Plant Tissue Culture (2nd ed.). USA: Science Pub Inc. Shrivastava, S. (2012). Molecular Techniques in Biochemistry & Biotechnology. Kolkata: New Central 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Exi	sting Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
5 140.				sung Synabus	 Book Agency. Watson, J.D., Tania, A.B., & Stephen, P.B. (2017). <i>Molecular Biology of the Gene</i> (7th ed.). USA: Pearson Education. Winnacker, E.L. (1987). From Genes to Clones: <i>Introduction to Gene Technology</i>. Germany: Wiley VCH. Suggested e-Resources: Cloning https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103045/ Molecular markers http://www.biologydiscussion.com/plants/molecular- marker-study-notes/10883 Plant biotechnology https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103016/12 cDNA library http://www.biotechnologynotes.com/dna- libraries/notes-on-cdna-library-dna-libraries/517 Genetic engineering https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103013/ Enzymes of genetic engineering http://cec.nic.in/wpresources/module/Zoology/Paper- 12/49/content/downloads/file1.pdf 	
					Animal cell culture https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102104059/	
2)	Discipline Elective	On completion of the course, students		edia preparation-MS/White media,	Discipline Elective: BT 307L: Genetic Engineering, rDNA Technology and	
	5.4: Genetic	will be able to:	Slant preparation 2. Sterilization technic	mes	Cell and Tissue Culture Technology Lab	
	Engineering,	• Learn all		vo/ovule/anther from the provided	1. Tissue culture, media preparation-MS/White media,	
	rDNA	technicalities of	material and its ino		slant preparation.	
	Technology		4. Encapsulation of zy		2. Aseptic techniques.	
	and Cell and	tissue culture		olumn chromatography.	3. Excision of embryo/ovule/anther from the provided	
	Tissue Culture	laboratory.		ns by phenol extraction.	material and its inoculation.	
	Technology	• Learn the		ins by Popov's method.	4. Encapsulation of zygotic embryo.	
	Lab	techniques of		elting curve of DNA.	5. Demonstration of column chromatography.	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		isolation and	9. Determination of base composition of DNA.	6. Extraction of proteins by phenol extraction.	
		estimation of	10. Estimation of RNA by orcinol method.	7. Estimation of proteins by Popov's method.	
		nucleic acids.	11. Isolation of plasmid.	8. To determine the melting curve and base composition	
		• Gain practical	12. Setting of a biotechnology laboratory e.g. Tissue	of DNA.	
		knowledge about	culture, Fermentation, Molecular Biology, rDNA	9. Estimation of RNA content by orcinol method.	
		chromatographic	Technology, Biochemistry etc. (at least one).	10. Isolation of plasmid from bacterial cell and	
		purification of		determination of purity.	
		proteins		11. Cell immobilization (yeast).	
				12. Setting of a biotechnology laboratory, viz., tissue	
				culture, fermentation, molecular biology, rDNA	
				technology, biochemistry etc. (at least one).	
				Suggested Books:	
				Saxena, J., Baunthiyal., & Ravi, I. (2015). <i>Laboratory</i>	
				Manual of Microbiology, Biochemistry and Molecular	
				Biology. Jodhpur: Scientific Publishers.	
				Sharma, R.K., & Sangha, S.P.S. (2009). Basic Tagludi magine Discharge Melander Dislam. New York	
				<i>Techniques in Biochemistry & Molecular Biology</i> . New Delhi: I.K. International Publisher.	
				Swamy, P.M. (2008). Laboratory Manual on	
				<i>Biotechnology</i> (1 st ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication.	
3)	Discipline	On completion of		Discipline Elective	
3)	Elective:	the course, students	Unit 1	BT 301: Advances in Biotechnology	
	6.1: Advances	will be able to:	• Techniques in Molecular Biology: Gene sequencing,	Unit 1	
	in	• Understand the	solid phase automated synthesis of DNA, PCR,	• Techniques in molecular biology: Gene sequencing,	
	Biotechnology	different	Northern, Southern and Western blotting,	solid phase automated synthesis of DNA.	
		techniques of DNA	Hybridization.	• PCR and its variants: nested, inverse, real time, touch	
		sequencing, gene	 Molecular probes and their applications, 	down and hot start.	
		synthesis, gene	 Drug designing 	• Northern, Southern and Western blotting, hybridization.	
		silencing, PCR and	Gene Therapy	• Molecular probes and their applications.	
		blotting.	Sone Indupy	 An overview of drug designing. 	
		• Describe the	Unit 2	• Gene therapy: An overview of its types and vectors	
		industrial	• Fermentation processes, Batch, Fed batch and	used.	
		production of	Continuous.	Unit 2	
		biopesticides,	• Bioreactor: components, types of bioreactor-CSTR,	• Fermentation processes, batch, fed batch and	
		biopolymer and	Loop reactor, Fluidized bed reactor	continuous.	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		biopolysaccharides	• Biopesticides – (Bt genes)	• Bioreactor: Components, types of bioreactor-CSTR,	
		using fermentation	 Biopolymers (β-hydroxy butyrate) 	loop reactor, fluidized bed reactor.	
		techniques.	• Biopolysaccharide (Xanthum gum)	• Biopesticides-(Bt genes).	
		• Gain theoretical		 Biopolymers (β-hydroxy butyrate). 	
		knowledge of	Unit 3	• Biopolysaccharide (xanthum gum).	
		cryopreservation,	• Human genome project: History and salient features.	Unit 3	
		artificial	• Arabidopsis as a model plant for genetic engineering.	• Human genome project: History and salient features.	
		insemination, IVF-	• Stem cells: current status.	• <i>Arabidopsis</i> as a model plant for genetic engineering.	
		ET technique,	 Antisense RNA Technology, RNAi 	• Stem cells: Current status.	
		transgenic plants	• Cassette vectors.	• Gene silencing: Antisense RNA technology and RNAi.	
		and transgenic animals.	Edible Vaccines	• Cassette vectors.	
		ammais.	DNA Chips	Edible vaccines.	
			Unit 4	• DNA chips.	
			Chloroplast Engineering	Unit 4	
			 Proteomics and metabolomics. 	Chloroplast engineering.	
			• Terminator seed technology.	• A brief introduction of proteomics and metabolomics.	
			• Seed storage proteins.	• Terminator seed technology.	
			• Therapeutic proteins.	• Seed storage proteins.	
			• Biosensor.	Therapeutic proteins.	
			Unit 5	• Biosensor.	
			• Cryopreservation, transport of germplasm (semen,	Unit 5	
			ovum, embryo).	• Cryopreservation, transport of germplasm (semen,	
			• Artificial insemination, in vitro fertilization and embryo	ovum, embryo).	
			transfer.	• Artificial insemination, <i>in vitro</i> fertilization and embryo	
			• Transgenic Plants: Resistance to herbicides, fungal and	transfer.	
			viral pathogens, environmental stress, Plants suitable	• Transgenic plants: Resistance to herbicides, fungal and	
			for food processing, male sterility, molecular farming,	viral pathogens, environmental stress, male sterility,	
			to study regulated gene expression.	regulation of transgene expression, plants suitable for	
			 Biotechnology of nitrogen fixation. 	food processing, molecular farming.	
			• Transgenic animals	• Biological nitrogen fixation and its genetic engineering.	
			Books recommended:	• Transgenic animals.	
			Gene Cloning: TA Brown, Pearson Education.	Suggested Books:	
			Human Molecular Genetics: Peter Sudbery, prentice	Balasubramanian, D., Bryce, C.F.A., Dharmalingam,	
			Hall (Pearson Education).	K., Green, J., & Jayaraman, K. (2004). Concepts in	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Understanding Biotechnology: Aluizo Borem, Pearson	Biotechnology. Hyderabad: University Press.	
			Education.	➢ Borem, A., Santos, F.R., & Bowen, D.E. (2003).	
			Biotechnology and Genomics: P.K. Gupta, Rastogi	Understanding Biotechnology (1 st ed.). USA: Prentice	
			Publications, Meerut.	Hall.	
			Modern Concepts of Biotechnology: H.D. Kumar,	Brown, T.A. (2010). Gene Cloning and DNA Analysis:	
			Vikas Publishing House, Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.	An Introduction (VI Ed.). USA: Wiley-Blackwell.	
			 Concepts in Biotechnology: Balasubramanian et al. 	Crueger, W., & Crueger, A. (2017). <i>Biotechnology: A</i>	
			Immunology: Janis Kuby, John Wiley & Sons.	Textbook of Industrial Microbiology (3 rd ed.). New	
			Biotechnology: A handbook of Industrial	York: Medtech.	
			Microbiology: Crueger and Crueger.	Gupta, P.K. (2005). Biotechnology and Genomics.	
				Meerut: Rastogi Publication.	
				▶ Kumar, H.D. (1998). Modern Concept of	
				 <i>Biotechnology</i>. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House. > Owen, J., Punt, J., Stranford, S., & Jones, P. (2018). 	
				<i>Kuby Immunology</i> (8 th ed.). USA: W. H. Freeman and	
				Company.	
				 ➢ Shrivastava, S. (2012). Molecular Techniques in 	
				Biochemistry & Biotechnology. Kolkata: New Central	
				Book Agency.	
				Sudbery, P. (2010). Human Molecular Genetics (3 rd	
				ed.). USA: Pearson Education.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				➢ Gene therapy	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103041/	
				Bioreactors	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102106053/	
				PCR, hybridization & blotting technique	
				http://www.tulane.edu/~wiser/methods/notes.pdf	
				> IVF-ET	
				https://www.urmc.rochester.edu/MediaLibraries/URM	
				CMedia/fertility-center/documents/In-Vito-	
				Fertilization-4-29-15-updated.pdf	
				Transgenic plants	
				https://popups.uliege.be/1780-	
				4507/index.php?id=11844	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				RNAi https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC30905 0/	
4)	Discipline Elective: 6.2: Advances in Biotechnology Lab	 On completion of the course, students will be able to: Demonstrate the skills required for basic laboratory procedures and principles of reagent preparation. Design, conduct experiments, analyze and interpret data for investigating problems in biotechnology and allied fields. Understand the importance of the practical aspects of different techniques like electrophoresis, fermentation, and spectroscopy etc, currently used in biomedical research. 	 Isolation and estimation of genomic DNA from <i>E. coli</i>. Agarose gel electrophoresis of DNA. Seed germination under stress condition. DO estimation To determine the hardness of water To find out absorption spectrum of the oxidized and reduced form of a molecular species (NAD and NADH). To determine the LD50 value of pesticide / weedicide. Chlorophyll estimation from the given samples. Extraction and estimation of phenol based secondary metabolites. Demonstration of fermenter. Bioinformatics exercise -1. Bioinformatics exercise -2. Submission of project report based on any topic related to Biotechnology. 	 Discipline Elective: BT 301L: Advances in Biotechnology Lab Isolation and estimation of genomic DNA from <i>E. coli</i>. Agarose gel electrophoresis of DNA. Seed germination under stress condition. To find out absorption spectrum of the oxidized and reduced form of a molecular species (NAD and NADH). To determine the LD₅₀ value of pesticide / weedicide. Chlorophyll estimation from the given samples. Extraction and estimation of total phenolic content using standard curve of gallic acid. Isolation of protoplast and its culture using microchamber technique. Demonstration of fermenter. Determination of total hardness of water. Submission of project report based on any topic related to Biotechnology. Suggested Books: Saxena, J., Baunthiyal., & Ravi, I. (2015). Laboratory Manual of Microbiology, Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. Jodhpur: Scientific Publishers. Sharma, R.K., & Sangha, S.P.S. (2009). Basic Techniques in Biochemistry & Molecular Biology. New Delhi: I.K. International Publisher. Swamy, P.M. (2008). Laboratory Manual on Biotechnology (1st ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication. Vats, S. (2015). A laboratory Text book of Biochemistry, Molecular Biology and Microbiology. Germany: GRIN Verlag. 	
5)	Discipline Elective:	On completion of the course, students		Discipline Elective: Animal and Plant Biotechnology	

S No. Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
Animal and	will be able to		Unit-I	
Plant Distant	• Gain knowledge		• Animal propagation: Induction of superovulation,	
Biotechnolog	of assisted		embryo collection and evaluation, embryo splitting,	
У	reproductive		embryo sexing, artificial insemination (IUI, ICSI)	
	technology,		and embryo transfer techniques in cattle.	
	transgenic animal		• Animal clones, nuclear transplantation, cloning for	
	production and		conservation of endangered species	
	applications.		• <i>In vitro</i> fertilization and embryo transfer:	
	• Gain an		Composition of IVF media, steps involved in IVF.	
	understanding of		Unit-II	
	current scenario		• Gene transfer methods in animals: Calcium	
	of stem cells and		phosphate, DEAE-dextran, lipofection,	
	their applications.		electroporation, microinjection, embryonic stem cell	
	• Explain		transfer, retrovirus.	
	applications of		• Transgenic animals and their applications with	
	tissue engineering		reference to transgenic mice, cattle, sheep, goats,	
	in bioartificial		pigs, chicken and fish.	
	organs		• Stem cells: Definition, classification, characteristics	
	development and		and therapeutic applications.	
	transplantation.		Unit-III	
	• Explain various		• Recombinant protein vaccine production by cultured	
	techniques used in		animal cells.	
	plant		• Basics of tissue engineering: Cell-ECM interaction,	
	biotechnology.		Biomaterials in tissue engineering. Bioartificial	
			organs-sources of cells, scaffold material, mode of	
			transplantation.	
			• Shoot tip and meristem culture and production of	
			virus-free plants.	
			• Protoplast studies: Isolation, culture, fusion and	
			selection of hybrid cells, somatic hybrids and	
			cybrids and applications.	
			Unit-IV	
			• Artificial seeds: Production, applications and	
			limitations.	
			• Genetic transformation methods: Vector	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				(Agrobacterium tumefaciens) mediated genetic	
				transformation. T-DNA transfer mechanism.	
				Physical gene transfer methods: Particle	
				bombardment, electroporation and microinjection.	
				• Genetic engineering of crops for improved	
				nutritional quality: Vitamin-A, iron, zinc, protein	
				quality.	
				Unit-V	
				• Genetic engineering in plants: Selectable markers,	
				reporter genes and promoters used in plant vectors.	
				• Genetic engineering of plants for disease resistance,	
				pest and herbicide resistance.	
				• Molecular pharming: Concept of plants as	
				biofactories, production of antibodies, viral	
				antigens, peptide hormones and biodegradable	
				plastics.	
				Suggested Books:	
				Chawla, H.S. (2009). Plant Biotechnology (3 rd ed.).	
				New Delhi, India: Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd.	
				\succ Kumaresan, V. (2008). Applied animal	
				<i>biotechnology</i> . Tamil Nadu, India: Saras	
				Publication.	
				Lanza, R., Gearhart, J., & Hogan, B. <i>Essentials of</i>	
				<i>stem cell biology</i> (2 nd ed.). London, UK: Academic	
				Press.	
				Lanza, R., Langer, R., & Vacanti, J. Principles of	
				<i>tissue engineering</i> (4 th ed.). London, UK: Academic	
				Press.	
				> Peter, K.V., & Keshavachandran, R. (2008). Plant	
				Biotechnology: Methods in Tissue Culture and Gene	
				Transfer. India: Universities Press.	
				Singh, B., Gautam, S.K., & Chauhan, M.S.	
				(2015). Textbook of animal biotechnology. New	
				Delhi, India:Teri Publication.	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				➤ Singh, B.D. (2011). <i>Plant Biotechnology</i> (2 nd ed.).	
				New Delhi, India: Kalyani Publisher.	
				Singh, B.S. (2007). Fundamentals of Plant	
				Biotechnology. New Delhi, India: Satish Serial	
				Publishing House.	
				Slater, A. (2008). <i>Plant Biotechnology: The Genetic</i>	
				Manipulation of Plants (2 nd ed.). Oxford, UK:	
				Oxford Publisher.	
				Suggested e- resources	
				Plant Biotechnology	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103016/	
				Tissue engineering	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102106036/	
6)	Discipline	On completion of		Discipline Elective:	
	Elective:	the course, students		Animal and Plant Biotechnology Lab	
	Animal and	will be able to		1. Introduction to the laboratory and general safety practices	
	Plant	• Gain hands on		for plant and animal cell culture.	
	Biotechnolog	training on plant		2. Aseptic culture techniques for establishment and	
	y Lab	& animal tissue		maintenance of cultures.	
		culture and		3. Prepare culture media with various supplements for plant	
		biotechnology.		and animal tissue culture.	
		• Learn the		4. To select, prune, sterilize and prepare an explant for	
		technique of		culture.	
		genomic DNA		5. Establishment of callus cultures.	
		isolation, its		6. Cell suspension cultures.	
		electrophoresis		7. Isolation and culture of protoplast.	
		and SDS-PAGE.		8. Isolation of plant genomic DNA by modified CTAB method.	
				9. Isolation of DNA from animal tissue.	
				10.Quantification of DNA by spectrophotometeric method.	
				11. Size analysis of DNA by agarose electrophotometers.	
				12.Effect of different light wavelengths and temperature on	
				germinating embryos.	
				13.Separation of plant proteins by SDS-gel electrophoresis.	
				13. Separation of plant proteins by 3DS-ger electrophoresis.	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Suggested Books: Green, M. R., & Sambrook, J. (2012). Molecular Cloning: a Laboratory Manual. Cold Spring Harbor, NY: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press. Saxena, J., Baunthiyal., & Ravi, I. (2015). Laboratory Manual of Microbiology, Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. Jodhpur: Scientific Publishers. Swamy, P.M. (2008). Laboratory Manual on Biotechnology (1st ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication. 	
	Discipline Elective-I Environment al Biotechnolog y	 On completion of the course, students will be able to: Understand the importance of microorganisms as pesticides. Understand the basic concept of bioleaching, biodesulphurizati on, bioplastics, biosurfactants and bioemulsifiers. Understand different waste management processes and generation of energy from waste. Describe various roles played by microbes in biodegradation, 		 Discipline Elective-I: Environmental Biotechnology Unit-I Solid waste management: Waste generation, handling, storage, processing, transport, bailing, composting-incineration, pyrolysis, land farming – waste disposal by sanitary land filling (aerobic and anaerobic degradation), recycling and product re- use. Microbial leaching and biomining: Types and methods of bioleaching, chemistry and microbiology of bioleaching, <i>in situ</i> and <i>ex situ</i> leaching process of copper and uranium, plasmids and genes in biomining. Unit-II Bioremediation of soil and water contaminated with oil spills, heavy metals and detergents. Microbial degradation of pesticides and xenobiotic compounds, metabolism and mechanism of degradation, degradative plasmids, microbes and cloning strategies. Phyto-remediation: Basic concept, types (phytoaccumulation, phytovolatilization, rhizofiltration and phytostabilization) and applications. 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		bioremediation		Unit-III	
		and plant growth		• Bioinsecticides: Bacillus thuringiensis,	
		promotion.		baculoviruses, genetic modifications and aspects of	
				safety in their use. Biofungicides: Mode of actions	
				and mechanism (Trichoderma).	
				• Biofertilizers: Algal fertilizers, nitrogen fixing	
				bacteria, phosphate solubilising microbes, VAM,	
				plant growth promoting rhizobacteria (PGPR).	
				• Earthworm as biofertilizer.	
				Unit-IV	
				Biodesulphurization of coal/petroleum/diesel: Biogeneousing of coal mechanism of incomparies	
				Bioprocessing of coal, mechanism of inorganic sulphur removal, organic sulphur removal by	
				Kodama pathway and 4 S pathways.	
				 Sewage treatment: Primary, secondary (Aerobic and 	
				anaerobic treatment) and tertiary.	
				 An introduction of biodelignification. 	
				Unit-V	
				• Bioindicators and biosensers for detection of	
				environmental pollution.	
				• Biofuels: Biogas, bioethanol, biodiesel,	
				biohydrogen.	
				• A brief introduction of bioplastics, biosurfactants	
				and bioemulsifiers.	
				Suggested Books:	
				Allen, K. (2016). Environmental Biotechnology.	
				New Delhi, India: CBS Publishers.	
				Evans, G.M. & Furlong, J.C. (2003). <i>Environmental</i>	
				<i>Biotechnology: Theory and Applications.</i> Wiley Publishers.	
				 ➢ Milton, W. (Ed.). (1999). An Introduction to 	
				<i>Environmental Biotechnology</i> . USA: Springer.	
				 Scragg A. (2005). Environmental Biotechnology. 	
				Pearson Education Limited.	
8)	Discipline	On completion of		Discipline Elective:	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	Elective:	the course, students		Environmental Biotechnology Lab	
	Environment	will be able to:		1. Isolation of biofertilizer microbes by biological	
	al	• Gain practical		enrichment method.	
	Biotechnolog	experience in		2. Estimation of BOD in water sample.	
	y Lab	quality		3. Estimation of COD in water sample.	
		determination of		4. Determination of total hardness of water.	
		water with easy to		5. Determination of total alkalinity of water.	
		run experiments		6. Production of microbial biofertilizers.	
		such as dissolved		7. Efficacy testing for biofertilizers.	
		oxygen, hardness		8. Testing for microbiological quality of potable water (Coli	
		and alkalinity.		form test).	
		• Gain practical		9. Microbial degradation of heavy metals.	
		understanding in		10.Effect of heavy metal toxicity on seed germination and	
		the role of		plant growth.	
		biofertlizers and		11.Alcohol fermentation by using Baker's yeast and its	
		biopesticides in		quantification by dichromate method.	
		the cleaning of			
		environment.			
		• Gain practical			
		experience in			
		quality			
		determination of			
		water with easy to			
		run experiments			
		such as dissolved			
		oxygen, hardness			
		and alkalinity.			
Zool	ogy Discipline E	lective-I & II		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1)	Discipline	On completion of		Discipline Elective	
	Elective	the course, students	Unit 1	ZOO 301: Animal Physiology	
	6.3: Animal	will be able to:	• Physiology of Digestion: Various kinds of digestive	Unit 1	
	Physiology	• Gain basic	enzymes (Carbohydrases, Proteinases and Lipases) and	• Physiology of digestion: Various kinds of digestive	
		understanding of	their digestive action to corresponding food stuffs in the	enzymes (carbohydrases, proteinases and lipases) and	
		structure and	alimentary canal of mammals; Hormonal control of	their digestive action to corresponding food stuffs in the	

S No.	S No. Course List Learning Outcomes		Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		functions of each	digestive functions; Mechanism of absorption of	alimentary canal of mammals; hormonal control of	
		physiological	various end-products of digestion and other materials	digestive functions; mechanism of absorption of various	
		system of human.	such as vitamins, minerals and trace elements.	end-products of digestion and other materials such as	
		• Describe principles	 Physiology of Respiration in mammals: Mechanism 	vitamins, minerals and trace elements.	
		and pathway of	and control of breathing; Transport of oxygen and	• Physiology of respiration in mammals: Mechanism and	
		metabolism of	carbon dioxide; oxygen dissociation curves of	control of breathing; transport of oxygen and carbon	
		carbohydrate,	Hemoglobin, Bohr's effect, Chloride shift, Respiration	dioxide; oxygen dissociation curves of hemoglobin,	
		protein and lipids.	at cellular level.	Bohr effect, chloride shift, Haldane effect, lung volumes	
		• Develop an	Unit 2	and capacities, regulation of respiration, respiration at	
		understanding	• Metabolism: (Structure formula of metabolites not	cellular level.	
		about principles of	essential) Carbohydrate metabolism oxidation of	Unit 2	
		human anatomy	glucose (glycolysis); The Embden-Meyerhof Parnas	• Metabolism: (structure formula of metabolites not	
		and physiology.	pathway, Tricarboxylic Acid Cycle (TCA) and	essential) Carbohydrate metabolism oxidation of	
			Oxidative phosphorylation Glycogenolysis	glucose (glycolysis); Embden–Meyerhof-Parnas	
			and Glycogenesis; Gluconeogenesis and the role of	pathway, tricarboxylic acid cycle and oxidative	
			dicarboxylic acid Shuttle, role of insulin and glucagons	phosphorylation, shuttle mechanisms (malate-aspartate	
			on carbohydrate metabolism.	and glycerol-phosphate), glycogenolysis and	
			• Protein metabolism: Essential and non-essential amino-	glycogenesis; gluconeogenesis and the role of	
			acids, oxidative deamination, transamination and	dicarboxylic acid shuttle, role of insulin and glucagons	
			decarboxylation of amino acids, fate of glucogenic and	on carbohydrate metabolism.	
			ketogenic amino acids, Role of hormones in protein	• Protein metabolism: Essential and non-essential amino-	
			metabolism.	acids, oxidative deamination, transamination and	
			• Fat metabolism: -oxidation of fatty acids, oxidation of	decarboxylation of amino acids, fate of glucogenic and	
			glycerol and unsaturated fatty acids; fate of Acetyl	ketogenic amino acids, role of hormones in protein	
			CoA; Synthesis of lipids; Role of hormones in fat	metabolism.	
			metabolism.	• Fat metabolism: Oxidation of fatty acids (β-oxidation),	
				glycerol, and unsaturated fatty acids; fate of Acetyl	
				CoA; synthesis of fatty acids & lipids; role of hormones	
			Unit 3	in fat metabolism.	
			• Physiology of Excretion: Kinds of nitrogenous excretory	Unit 3	The topic "Palationship between
			products, Role of liver in the formation of urea;	• Physiology of excretion: Kinds of nitrogenous excretory	"Relationship between
			Relationship between the nature of excretory products to	products, structure of kidney, role of liver in the	the nature of excretory
			the habitat (Fresh water, Marine water and Terrestrial);	formation of urea; composition and formation of urine;	products to the habitat (Fresh water, Marine
			Composition and formation of urine; Role of hormones.	role of hormones in urine formation; micturition.	(Fresh water, Marine water and Terrestrial)"
			• Physiology of Vascular system: Composition and	• Physiology of vascular system: Composition and	water and refreshial)

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			functions of blood and lymph; Blood groups, Rh factor;	functions of blood; lymph & lymphatic system; blood	is proposed to be
			Blood Coagulation (clotting) mechanism and its	groups, Rh factor; platelet plug formation; blood clotting	remove from existing
			physiological significance; Structure and functions of	mechanism and its significance; structure and functions	syllabus because it is
			Hemoglobin. Blood pressure; origin, conduction and	of hemoglobin. Blood pressure & its regulation; origin,	usually covered in the
			regulation of heart beat; Nervous and hormonal	conduction and regulation of heart beat; nervous and	another topic i.e.
			regulation of heart beat; Cardiac cycle.	hormonal regulation of heart beat; cardiac cycle.	Kinds of nitrogenous
			Unit 4		excretory products.
			• Physiology of Muscle Contraction: Functional		This is important for
			architecture of smooth, skeletal and cardiac muscles;	• Physiology of muscle contraction: Functional architecture	the students to learn
			mechanism of muscle contractions (skeletal muscle).	of smooth, skeletal and cardiac muscles; mechanism of	about structure of
			Mechanical properties of muscle: simple muscle twitch;	muscle contractions (skeletal muscle). Fuel for muscle	kidney, therefore this
			tetanus and muscle fatigue.	contraction, mechanical properties of muscle: simple	topic is proposed to be
			• Physiology of nerve impulse and reflex action:	muscle twitch; wave summation, tetanus and muscle	part of modified
			Functional architecture of neuron, nature, origin and	fatigue.	syllabus.
			propagation of nerve impulse along a neuron, synapse;	• Physiology of nerve impulse and reflex action:	It is important to learn about the different
			reflex arc, reflex action and its central control.	Functional architecture and classification of neuron;	fuels available for
				nature, origin and propagation of nerve impulse along a	muscular contraction.
				neuron (myelinated and unmyelinated), synapse; reflex arc, reflex action and its central control.	It is important for the
			Unit 5	Unit 5	students to learn about
			• Physiology of Endocrine Glands: Structure and functions	 Physiology of endocrine glands: Structure and functions 	the classification of
			of Hypothalamus; Pituitary; Thyroid; Parathyroid;	of hypothalamus; pituitary; thyroid; parathyroid; adrenal	neuron based on their
			Adrenal and Pancreas;	and pancreas.	functionality and
			 An elementary idea about neuro secretion. 	 An elementary idea about neuro-secretion. 	number of process
			• Physiology of Reproduction: Structure and Physiology	 Physiology of reproduction: Structure and physiology of 	emerges from cell
			of human male and female reproductive system;	human male and female reproductive system;	body.
			reproductive cycles- Estrous and Menstrual cycle	spermatogenesis and oogenesis; reproductive cycles-	
			• Hormonal regulation of ovulation, fertilization,	estrous and menstrual cycle.	
			implantation, abortion, gestation, parturition and	• Hormonal regulation of ovulation, fertilization,	
			lactation	implantation, abortion, gestation, parturition and	
				lactation.	
			Books Recommended:	Suggested Books:	
			> Text book of Medical Physiology: A.C. Guyton,	➢ Chaterjee, C.C. (2005). Human Physiology Vol-II (11 th)	
			Saunders College Publications.	ed.).	
			➢ Text book of Animal Physiology: P.S. Verma.	> Chaterjee, C.C. (2018). Human Physiology Vol-I (12 th	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes		Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			\succ	Text book of Human Physiology Vol. I & II: C.C.	ed.). New Delhi: CBS Publishers & Distributors.	
				Chaterjee.	➤ Guyton, A.C., & Hall, J.E. (2015). <i>Textbook of Medical</i>	
			\succ	A text book of Human Anatomy & Physiology: G.M.	<i>Physiology</i> (13 th ed.). USA: Saunders.	
				Tortora.	▶ Jurd, R.D. (2003). Instant notes in Animal Biology.	
			\succ	Regulatory Mechanisms in Vertebrates: Pandey and	New Delhi: Viva Books Pvt. Ltd.	
				Shukla Rastogi Publication, Meerut.	▶ Kumar, N. (2016). Animal Physiology. Jaipur: RSBA	
			\succ	Text book of Animal Physiology – Eckert.	Publishers.	
					▶ Pandey, K., & Shukla, J.P. (2005). Regulatory	
					<i>Mechanism in Vertebrates</i> . Meerut: Rastogi Publications.	
					≻ Randall, D., Burggren, W., & French, K. (2001). Eckert	
					Animal Physiology (5 th ed.). W. H. Freeman.	
					≻ Roy, R.N. (2018). Textbook of Physiology: with	
					Biochemistry & Biophysics Vol-I. Kolkata: New	
					Central Book Agency.	
					➤ Tortora, G.J., & Grabowski. (2003). Principles of	
					Anatomy & Physiology (10 th ed.). New Jersey, USA:	
					John Wiley & Sons.	
					➢ Verma, P.S., Tyagi, B.S., & Agarwal, V.K. (2000).	
					Animal Physiology. New Delhi: S. Chand Publisher.	
					Suggested e-Resources:	
					Digestive system	
					https://www2.estrellamountain.edu/faculty/farabee/biob	
					k/BioBookDIGEST.html	
					> Unsaturated fatty acid oxidation	
					https://pharmaxchange.info/2013/10/oxidation-of-	
					unsaturated-fatty-acids/	
					Urine formation http://www.dash.org/au/acha/au/labus/2008/accol2/Kid	
					http://medschool.slu.edu/gpbs/syllabus/2008/renal2/Kid	
					ney%20Lecture-2%20Core%202008.pdf ➤ Muscles	
					http://www.onlinebiologynotes.com/muscular-tissue- skeletal-smooth-cardiac-muscle/	
					 Endocrine glands 	
					http://what-when-how.com/nursing/the-endocrine-	
		1			nup.//wnat-wnen-now.com/nursing/the-endocrine-	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				system-structure-and-function-nursing-part-1/	
				Physiological systems	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102104042/	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/122103039/18	
2)	Discipline	On completion of	1. Preparation of haemin crystals.	Discipline Elective:	
	Elective:	the course, students	2. Estimation of haemoglobin percentage by haemometer.	ZOO 301L:Animal Physiology Lab	
	6.4: Animal	will be able to:	3. Enumeration of the total number of red blood		
	Physiology	• Gain hands on	corpuscles (RBC).	No change in the syllabus, suggested Books added.	
	Lab	experience in	4. Enumeration of the total number of white blood		
		hematological tests	corpuscles (WBC).	Suggested Books:	
		such as counting of	5. Determination of ABO blood groups and Rh factor.	➢ Poddar, T., Mukhopadhyay, S., & Das, S.K. (2003). An	
		RBCs, WBCs,	6. Study of effect of isotonic, hypotonic and hypertonic	advanced Laboratory Manual of Zoology. Kolkata:	
		preparation of	solutions on RBC.	Macmillan India Limited.	
		haemin crystals,	7. Determination of the presence of sugar and albumin in	Sharma, S. (2007). Experiments and Techniques in	
		determination of	the urine sample.	<i>Biochemistry</i> (1 st ed.). New Delhi: Galgotia Publication.	
		blood	8. Determination of blood sugar content.	Sharma, S., & Sharma, R. (2016). Practical Manual of	
		haemoglobin,	9. Estimation of total protein from blood.	Biochemistry (2 nd ed.). New Delhi: Medtech.	
		calcium,	10. Estimation of total calcium from blood.		
		cholesterol, sugar,	11. Estimation of total cholesterol from blood.		
		protein, cloting	12. Determination of the clotting time of blood.		
		time.			
		• Demonstrate the			
		skills of			
		pathological			
		analysis of urine			
		through the			
		detection glucose			
		and albumin.			
3)	Discipline	On completion of	5.1 Environmental Biology	Discipline Elective:	Title of the paper is
	Elective: 5.1	the course, students	Unit 1 • Terminology and scope of ecology.	ZOO 302:Environmental Biology and Biostatistics	renamed as
	Environmenta	will be able to:	Environment :	Unit 1 •	Environmental
	l Biology	• Understand the	i. Biosphere – Lithosphere, Hydrosphere and	• Terminology and scope of ecology.	Biology and
		physical and	Atmosphere.	• Environment:	Biostatistics
		biological characters	ii. Physical factors - with special reference to	i. Biosphere -Lithosphere, hydrosphere and atmosphere.	
		of the environment	temperature, light and water.	ii. Physical factors-with special reference to temperature,	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		and the	iii. Biotic factors - Intra and Inter specific relationship	light and water.	
		interrelationship	among animals.	iii. Biotic factors -Intra and inter specific relationship	
		between biotic and	iv. Principles of limiting factors - Leibig's law of	among animals.	
		abiotic components	minimum, Shelford's Law of tolerance, combined	iv. Principles of limiting factors-Leibig's law of	
		of nature as well as	concept of limiting factors.	minimum, Shelford's law of tolerance, combined	
		relationship among	Biogeochemical Cycles: Carbon, Oxygen, Nitrogen and	1 0	
		the individuals of the	Phosphorus cycles.	• Biogeochemical cycles: Carbon, oxygen, nitrogen and	
		biotic components.	Unit 2	phosphorus cycles.	
		•Realize the	1. Ecosystem Ecology: Structure and dynamics of the		
		importance of	ecosystem including food chain, food webs trophic	• Ecosystem ecology: Structure and dynamics of the	
		ecosystem and	levels, productivity and energetics.	ecosystem including food chain, food webs trophic	
		•	2. Fresh Water Ecosystem: Physiochemical factors, Biotic		
		maintaining	communities and lake eutrophication.	• Fresh water ecosystem: Physiochemical factors, biotic	
		ecological balance.	3. Marine Ecosystem: Zonation factors and biotic	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		• Understand the basic	communities of deep sea only.	• Marine ecosystem: Zonation factors and biotic	
		principles of	4. Terrestrial Ecosystem: Salient features of grass land,	communities of deep sea only.	
		population and	forest and desert ecosystem.	• Terrestrial ecosystem: Salient features of grass land,	
		community ecology.	Unit 3	forest and desert ecosystem.	
		•Understand the	5. Population Ecology.	Unit 3	
		fundamental	i. Definition and attributes of animal population:	Population ecology:	
		principles of	Population density and its measurement, natality,	i. Definition and attributes of animal population:	
		biostatistics and its	mortality, growth form, age distribution, age	Population density and its measurement, natality,	
		role in the data	pyramids, Sex ratio, dispersal and dispersion.	mortality, growth form, age distribution, age pyramids,	
		analysis generated	ii. Regulation of Population density: Population fluctuations and interactions.	sex ratio, dispersal and dispersion.	
		by scientific		ii. Regulation of population density: Population	
		research.	6. Community Ecology :	fluctuations and interactions.	
			i. Definition of types of communities (micro and	Community ecology:	
			macro communities).	i. Definition of types of communities (micro and macro	
			ii. Community dominance and species diversity.	communities).	
			iii. Ecotone, edge effect and ecological Niche.iv. Succession and Climax.	ii. Community dominance and species diversity.	
			Unit 4	iii. Ecotone, edge effect and ecological niche.	
			7. Pollution Ecology :	iv. Succession and climax.	
			i. Pollution, Biodegradable and non-biodegradable	Unit 4	Unit-4 of this paper is
			pollutants.	Applied ecology:	already mentioned in
			pondunts.	i. Conservation of natural resources.	aneady mendoned m

Appendix-IIC

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			ii. Air pollution: Sources, nature, prevention and control.	ii. Wild life management.	plant physiology and
			iii. Water pollution: Source, nature abatement.	iii. National parks and wild life sanctuaries in India.	ecology paper,
			iv. Noise pollution	iv. Extinction in animals.	therefore contents of
			v. Radioactive pollution and effects of radioactive	v. Zoogeographical regions of the world along with the	unit-V has shifted to
			substance on living organisms.	boundaries and fauna.	Unit-IV and
			vi. Environmental health and welfare.		Introduction to
			Unit 5		biostatistics is
			8. Applied Ecology :	Unit 5	proposed to be include
			i. Conservation of Natural resources.	• Biostatistics:	in the Unit-V
			ii. Wild life management.	i. Introduction, scope and applications.	
			iii. National parks and Wild life sanctuaries in India.	ii. Sampling, data collection and presentation.	
			iv. Extinction in animals.	iii. Types of data, methods of collection of primary and	
			v. Zoogeographical regions of the world along with the	secondary data, data presentation-Histogram, polygon,	
			boundaries and fauna	bar diagram, pie diagram.	
				iv. Frequency distribution. Measures of central tendency-	
				Mean, median, mode.	
			Recommended Books :	v. Measures of variability-Standard deviation, standard	
			Elements of Ecology: Clarke.	error.	
			Ecology: E.P. Odum, New Delhi : Amerind Publishing,	Suggested Books :	
			1965.	➢ Alllee W.C., Emerson, A.E., Park, O., Parl, T., &	
			➢ Environmental Analysis: M.M. Saxena, Bikaner Agro	Schmidt, K.P. (1967). Principles of Animal Ecology.	
			Botanical Pub., 1990.	USA: W.B. Saunders Company.	
			\succ Ecology with special reference to animal and man : S.	➢ Banerjee, P.K. (2007). Introduction to Biostatistics (3 rd)	
			Charles Kendeigh.	ed.). New Delhi: S Chand and company Pvt. Ltd.	
			Principles of Animal Ecology: Allee, Emeroon, Park and	➢ Bhuyan, K.C. (2017). Advanced Biostatistics. Kolkata:	
			Schmidt.	New Central Book Agency.	
			Animal Ecology : S.P. Singh.	Chaudhary, B.L., & Pandey, J. (2007). Fundamentals	
			≻ Ecology and Environment: P.D. Sharma, Rastogi	of Ecology & Environment. Jaipur: Apex Publishing	
			Publications.	House.	
			Ecology: C.V.S. Bahura.	Clarke, G.L. (1965). <i>Elements of Ecology</i> . New Jersey:	
			Ecology: C.J. Krebs.	John Wiley & Sons Inc.	
			Ecology 2000: Edited by Edmand Hillary, London	▶ Datta, A.K. (2014). Basic Biostatistics and	
			Michael Joseph, 1984.	Application. Kolkata: New Central Book Agency.	
				➢ Hillary, E. (1984). Ecology 2000: The Changing Face	
				of Earth. Michael Joseph Ltd.	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				1.1.534.5462&rep=rep1&type=pdf	
4)	5.2:	On completion of	5.2:Environmental Biology Lab	Discipline Elective:	Exercise on
	Environmenta	the course, students	1. To find the depth and visibility in a pond by Sachi disc	ZOO 302L: Environmental Biology and Biostatistics Lab	biostatistics is
	1 Biology Lab	will be able to:	method.	1. To find the depth and visibility in a pond by Sachi disc	introduced in the
	Discipline	•Demonstrate skills	2. To determine the pH of water sample.	method.	revised laboratory
	Elective:	in the quality	3. To determine the content of dissolved oxygen in the	2. To determine the pH of water sample.	syllabus
	ZOO 302L:	assessment of water	water sample.	3. To determine the content of dissolved oxygen in the	
	Environment	through testing of	4. To determine free CO2 content in the water sample.	water sample.	
	al Biology	water for CO_2 , O_2 ,	5. To determine the Chloride content of the water sample.	4. To determine the chemical oxygen demand in the water	
	and	chloride and	6. To determine the total hardness of water.	sample.	
	Biostatistics	hardness.	7. To study the effect of environmental stimulation on	5. To determine free CO_2 content in the water sample.	
	Lab	•Gain an	paramecium.	6. To determine the chloride content of the water sample.	
		understanding of	8. To study parasitic, desert, aquatic and aerial adaptations	7. To determine the total hardness of water.	
		parasitic, aquatic,	in animals	8. To study the effect of environmental stimulation on	
		desert and aerial	i. Parasite : <i>Hirudinaria, Taenia, Ascaris,</i>	Paramecium.	
		adaptations of	Schistosoma, Fasciola, Head louse.	9. To study parasitic, desert, aquatic and aerial adaptations	
		animals with the	ii. Desert : Phrynosoma, Uromastix, Camel,	in animals:	
		help of charts and	Heloderma, Rattle snake, Golden mole.	i. Parasite: Hirudinaria, Taenia, Ascaris, Schistosoma,	
		specimens.	iii. Aquatic : Pleuronectus, Exocoetus, Turtle,	Fasciola, Pediculus.	
		•Describe symbiosis,	Hippocampus, Dolphin, Hydrophis, Duck,	ii. Desert: Phrynosoma, Uromastix, Camel, Heloderma,	
		commensalism and	Crocodile.	Rattle snake, Golden mole.	
		socialization among	iv. Aerial: Any Bird, Draco, Bat.	iii. Aquatic: <i>Pleuronectus, Exocoetus,</i> Turtle,	
		organisms with the	9. To study different types of associations existing among	Hippocampus, Dolphin, Hydrophis, Duck, Crocodile.	
		help of charts and	living organisms.	iv. Aerial: Any bird, <i>Draco</i> , bat.	
		specimens.	i. Symbiosis: Chlorohydra, Termite and Aphid. ii. Commensalism: Harmit-crab and Sea anemone and	10. To study different types of associations existing	
		•Understand analysis		among living organisms.	
		of data by solving	Gastropod shell, Euplectella and Shrimps. iii. Socialization: Ants, Termites, Honey bees.	i. Symbiosis: <i>Chlorohydra</i> , termite and aphid. ii. Commensalism: Harmit-crab, sea anemone and	
		biostatistical	10. Draw a map of world and identify the Zoogeographical	ii. Commensalism: Harmit-crab, sea anemone and gastropod shell, <i>Euplectella</i> and shrimps.	
		problems.		iii. Socialization: Ants, termites and honey bees.	
			regions of the world along with their major fauna. Report on any current topic related to Environmental	11. Draw a map of world and identify the Zoogeographical	
			Biology.	regions of the world along with their major fauna.	
			Diology.	12. Biostatistics exercise-mean, median, mode, standard	
				deviation and standard error.	
				13. Report on any current topic related to environmental	
				15. Report on any current topic related to environmental	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				biology.	
				Suggested books:	
				Lal, S.S. (2015). Practical Zoology: Invertebrates (11 th	
				ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication.	
				Lal, S.S. (2015). Practical Zoology: Vertebrates (11 th	
				ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication.	
				Lal, S.S. (2016). A Textbook of Practical Zoology Vol-	
				III (2 nd ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication.	
				Poddar, T., Mukhopadhyay, S., & Das, S.K. (2003). An	
				advanced Laboratory Manual of Zoology. Kolkata:	
				Macmillan India Limited.	
				> Verma, P.S. (2010). A Manual of Practical Zoology:	
-	DI I I	. .		<i>Chordates</i> (11 th ed.). New Delhi: S Chand Publishing.	
5)	Discipline	Learning		Discipline Elective: Developmental Biology	
	Elective:	Outcomes:		Unit 1: Introduction to developmental biology	
	Development	On completion of		• History, scope and applications of developmental	
	al Biology	the course, students		biology.	
		will be able to		• Basic concepts: Phases of development, cell-cell	
		• Gain expertise in		interaction, pattern formation, differentiation and	
		explaining how a		growth, differential gene expression, cytoplasmic	
		variety of		determinants and asymmetric cell division.	
		interacting		• Gametogenesis: spermatogenesis and oogenesis.	
		an organism's		Polarity and gradients.	
		an organism's heterogeneous		• Fertilization: Types, mechanism and theories.	
		shapes, size and		Unit 2: Early embryonic development	
		structural features		• Cleavage: Definition, planes and patterns of	
		that arise on the		cleavage, classification of cleavage based on	
		trajectory from		distribution and amount of yolk.	
		embryo to adult or		• Morulation, blastulation and gastrulation in	
		more generally		ambhibia and birds.	
		throughout a life		• Morphogenetic movements, embryonic induction	
		cycle.		and competence, primary organizers.	
		• Gain an		Unit 3: Late embryonic development	
		understanding of		• Differentiation of germinal layers.	
		understanding Of		• Method of organ formation: an overview of neural	

S No.	Course List Learning Outo	comes Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	systematic	and	tube formation, types of mesoderm, somite	
	organized lea	-	formation, endoderm and its derivatives in	
	about	the	amphibians and birds.	
	knowledge	and	• Extra-embryonic membranes in birds, their	
	concepts of g		development and functions.	
	and develop		 Paedogenesis and neoteny in ambhibians. 	
	of organisms.		Unit 4: Post embryonic development	
	• Demonstrate		 Metamorphic events and its hormonal regulations in 	
	array of ma		amphibians.	
		eptual	• Regeneration: types, regeneration of limbs in	
	practices	that	salamanders, regeneration of lost tail in lizard.	
	could be ana	-	 Introduction to senescence and apoptosis. 	
		better	Unit 5: Implications of developmental biology	
	understand	the	• Teratogenesis: Teratogenic agents and their effects	
	scientific		on embryonic development.	
	reasoning exhibited	in	• Embryonic stem cells and their applications.	
		in life	• Cloning of animals: Nuclear transfer technique and	
	experimental sciences.	life	embryo transfer technique.	
	sciences.		• <i>In vitro</i> fertilization, artificial insemination in cattle,	
			amniocentesis.	
			Suggested Books	
			\triangleright Balinsky, B.I. & Fabian, B.C. (1981). An	
			Introduction to Embryology (5 th ed.). International	
			Thompson Computer Press.	
			Carlson, B.M. (1999). Patten's foundations in	
			embryology. (6 th ed.). New York, USA: McGraw	
			Hill.	
			Chattopadhyay, S. (2017). An introduction to	
			developmental Biology. Kolkata, India: Books and	
			Allied. C_{ii} and C_{ii}	
			➢ Gilbert, S.F. (2010). Developmental Biology (9 th)	
			ed.). Sinauer Associates, Inc., Publishers,	
			Sunderland, Massachusetts, USA.	
			► Kalthoff (2008). Analysis of Biological	
			Development (2 nd ed.). McGraw-Hill Publishers.	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Lewis, Wolpert (2002). Principles of Development (2nd ed.). Oxford University Press. Rastogi, V.B. & Jayaraj, M.S. (2005). Developmental Biology (A Text book of 	
				embryology). Kedar Nath Ram Nath Publisher, Meerut.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				Developmental Biology	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/nptel_download.php?subj	
				ectid=102101068	
				▶ http://cmb.i-	
				learn.unito.it/mod/book/tool/print/index.php?id=328	
(D' ' I'				
6)	Discipline Elective:	On completion of the course, students		Discipline Elective: Developmental Biology Lab 1. Study of whole mounts and sections of developmental	
	Development	will be able to		stages of frog through permanent slides/charts/models:	
	al Biology	• Understand the		Eggs, cleavage stages, blastula, gastrula, neurula, tail-	
	Lab	different stages of		bud stage, tadpole (external and internal gill stages).	
		development of		2. Study of whole mounts of developmental stages of	
		frog and chick		chick through permanent slides/charts/models:	
		through		Primitive streak (13 and 18 hours), 21, 24, 28, 33, 36,	
		microscopic		48, 72, and 96 hours of incubation (Hamilton and	
		slides.		Hamburger stages).	
		• Understand the		3. Study of the developmental stages and life cycle of	
		development and		<i>Drosophila</i> with the help of chart/specimen/models.	
		life cycle of		Suggested Books	
		Drosophila		Lal, S.S. (2015). Practical Zoology: Vertebrates (11 th ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication.	
		through microscopic		 Verma, P.S. (2010). A Manual of Practical Zoology: 	
		slides.		<i>Chordates</i> (11 th ed.). New Delhi: S Chand Publishing.	
7)	Discipline	On completion of		Discipline Elective	
	Elective:	the course, students		Unit-1	
	Applied	will be able to		• Parasitic protozoans: Life history and	
	Zoology	• Explore the		pathogenicity of Entamoeba histolytica,	
		important of		Plasmodium vivax, Giardia, Leishmania and	

S No.	Course List Lea	earning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus		Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	e	earthworms in			Trypanosoma gambiense.	
		agro-ecosystems			Parasitic Helminthes: Life history and	
		and utilize gained			pathogenicity of Ancylostoma duodenale and	
		knowledge for			Wuchereria bancrofti.	
	-	production of		Unit-2		
		vermicompost in		•	Insects of agriculture importance: Biology,	
		small scale for			control and damage caused by crop pests	
		garden/household			(Helicoverpa armigera, Pyrilla perpusilla, Papilio	
	-	plant.			demoleus) and stored grain pests (Callosobruchus	
		Demonstrate their			chinensis, Sitophilus oryzae and Tribolium	
		knowledge for			castaneum).	
		setting up poultry		•	Insects of medical importance and their control:	
		farm, sericulture,			Pediculus humanus corporis, Anopheles, Culex,	
		apiculture,			Aedes, Xenopsylla cheopis.	
		lacculture plant.		Unit 3		
		Understand		•	Apiculture: Different species of honey bees, pollen	
		biology, life cycle			calendar, bee keeping and management practices,	
		and control			honey extraction techniques, bee products, pests of	
		measures of crop			honey bees and their control.	
		pests, stored grain		•	Sericulture: Different silkworm species and their	
	-	pests and insects			host plants, silkworm rearing and management	
		serve as vectors		_	practices, pests of silkworms and their control.	
		for human			Lac culture: Lac insect, culture practices, pests of	
	a	diseases.			lac insect and their control.	
				Unit 4		
				•	Aquaculture: Types of fishery: Marine, inland.	
					Composite fish culture, induced breeding and	
					hybridization. Transportation of fish seed. Fish	
					diseases and their control.	
				•	Prawn culture: Culture practices of giant fresh	
					water prawn (Macrobrachium rosenbergii), biology	
					and life history.	
				•	Pearl culture, pearl formation, composition, colour,	
					size and quality of pearl.	
				Unit 5		

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				• Vermiculture: Definition, scope and importance,	
				culture methods: indoors and out door, monoculture	
				and polyculture, vermicomposting.	
				• Poultry farming: Principles of poultry breeding,	
				management of breeding stock and broilers,	
				processing and preservation of eggs, diseases of poultry and their control.	
				• Animal Husbandry: Preservation and artificial	
				insemination in cattle, induction of early puberty	
				and synchronization of estrus in cattle.	
				Suggested Books:	
				Arora, D.R & Arora, B. (2001). Medical	
				<i>Parasitology</i> (2^{nd} ed.) . CBS Publications and	
				Distributors.	
				→ Atwal, A.S. (1986). Agricultural Pests of India and	
				South East Asia, Kalyani Publishers.	
				▶ Dennis, H. (2009). Agricultural Entomology.	
				Timber Press (OR).	
				➤ Dunham R.A. (2004). Aquaculture and Fisheries	
				Biotechnology Genetic Approaches. CABI	
				publications, U.K.	
				→ Hafez, E.S.E. (1962). Reproduction in Farm	
				Animals. Lea & Fabiger Publisher.	
				Kumar and Corton. Pathological Basis of Diseases.	
				Pedigo, L.P. (2002). Entomology and Pest Management Propriate Hell	
				Management, Prentice Hall.	
				Sarkar, S., Kundu, G. & Chaki, K.K. (2014). Introduction to Economic Zoology. Kolkata: New	
				Central Book Agency (P) Ltd.	
				 Shukla & Upadhyaya (1999-2000). Economic 	
				Zoology. Meerut: Rastogi Publishers.	
				 Venkitaraman (1983). Economic Zoology. 	
				Sudarsana Publishers.	
				Suggested e-Resources	
				Sericulture	

5 No	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				https://swayam.gov.in/courses/152-silkworm-crop-	
				protection	
3)	Discipline	On completion of		Discipline Elective:	
	Elective:	the course, students		Applied Zoology Lab	
	Applied	will be able to		1. Study of life cycle of Plasmodium vivax, Entamoeba	
	Zoology Lab	• Understand the		histolytica, Giardia, Leishmania, Trypanosoma	
		life cycle of		gambiense, Ancylostoma duodenale and Wuchereria	
		protozoan and		bancrofti through permanent slides/photomicrographs or	
		helminthes		specimens.	
		parasites through		2. Study of different types of bees (Queens, drones and	
		microscopic		worker bees) permanent slides/photomicrographs or	
		slides.		specimens.	
		• Explore the		3. Study of different types of silk moths (Bombyx,	
		knowledge of life		Samia and Antheraea) through permanent	
		cycle of honey		slides/photomicrographs or specimens.	
		bees, silk moths		4. Study of Tachardia lacca through permanent	
		and lac insects for		slides/photomicrographs or specimens.	
		setting up		5. Study of different types of pearls through	
		apiculture,		photomicrographs or specimens.	
		sericulture and		6. Study of arthropod vectors associated with human	
		lac culture farm.		diseases: Pediculus, Culex, Anopheles, Aedes and	
		• Gain an		Xenopsylla through permanent slides/photomicrographs	
		understanding of		or specimens.	
		biology, life cycle		7. Study of some stored grains insect pests through	
		and control of		damaged products/photographs.	
		stored grain pests,		8. Identifying feature and economic importance of	
		crop pests and		Helicoverpa (Heliothis) armigera, Papilio demoleus,	
		insect of medical		Pyrilla perpusilla and Callosobruchus chinensis.	
		importance.		9. Aquarium design and maintenance.	

* Matter in contrast (black background & white letters) is shifted to some other units, and material brought as a result of shift is also in contrast. # Matter in square brackets, bold, italic and crossed is deleted. @ Proposed added materials are shaded in grey.



BANASTHALI VIDYAPITH Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology B. Tech BIOTECHNOLOGY PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES

The B.Tech. Biotechnology programme aims at holistic development of the students through the unique and innovative five-fold Educational ideology of Banasthali Vidyapith.

Biotechnology is an applied discipline of biological science that makes use of living organisms, its components and biological processes to create products and other technology based systems for the welfare of mankind. Past few decades have witnessed a steady growth towards invention and innovation oriented research/startups using biotechnology. Thus, the B. Tech Biotechnology programme has been designed to provide fundamental knowledge of biotechnology and engineering, which can be applied by the students to pursue higher studies or in related industries, to find solutions related to process and product development. It will sensitize the students towards the societal, environmental and ethical issues being faced by a biotechnologist. The key objectives of the programme are:

- To provide fundamental theoretical and practical knowledge of biotechnology to pursue higher education and professional careers
- To help graduates to identify and analyze issues, which need biotechnological interventions and find solutions thereof
- To sensitizes students towards bioethics, IPR and biosafety issues
- To inculcate the habit of working in a team with interdisciplinary approach
- To develop scientific skills, temperament and communication skills, which will promote a lifelong learning
- To nurture overall growth and development of the students.



BANASTHALI VIDYAPITH Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology B. Tech. BIOTECHNOLOGY PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

PO1: Fundamental Knowledge: Acquire fundamental knowledge of engineering and biotechnology, which include Biochemistry, principles of chemical processes, data structures, biophysics and structural Biology, object oriented programming, recombinant DNA technology, basic bioinformatics, animal and plant biotechnology, genetics and foundations courses.

PO2: Planning ability: Demonstrate effective planning abilities including conceptual skills, interpersonal skills, decision making and problem solving skills, time and resource management and organizational skills.

PO3: Problem analysis: Identify, devise, review research literatures, and analyze biotechnological/engineering problems to find justifiable solutions.

PO4: Modern tool usage: Understand, select and apply suitable tools and techniques with proper methodology together with computational tools with an understanding of their limitations.

PO5: Leadership skills: Inculcate the habit of working in a team keeping individual identity and gradually develop leadership skills in a multidisciplinary setting.

PO6: Professional Identity: Apply logics gained through conceptual knowledge to carry out responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO7: Bioethics: Understand the ethical implications of biological research, honour personal values and apply in profession/research/society. Understand what is wrong and right, make decision and take responsibilities associated with the outcome.

PO8: Communication: Communicate effectively on intricate engineering/biotechnological issues with the engineering community and with society like, being able to interpret and write effective reports/ document, deliver effective presentations, and correspond through clear instructions.

PO9: The biotechnologist and society: Apply proper reasoning through fundamental concepts to assess societal, environmental, health, safety and legal issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional biotechnological practice.

PO10: Environment and sustainability: Understand the significance of ecosystem and its impact on living organisms and search for eco-friendly solutions for sustainable development.

PO11: Life- long learning: Recognize the necessity of independent and life-long learning, self assessment individual development through introspection and feedback from peers in the broadest context of technological change.

Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology, Banasthali Vidyapith B. Tech. Biotechnology

	Existing Courses								
B. Tech. Bio	technology I Sem.	L	Т	Р	С				
BVF 002	Environmental Studies	2	0	0	2				
	Or								
BVF 003	Indian Haritage	2	0	0	2				
MATH 103	Calculus	3	1	0	4				
	Or								
Math 107	Linear Algebra	3	1	0	4				
PHY 101	Applied Optics	3	1	0	4				
	Or								
PHY106	Modern Physics	3	1	0	4				
CHEM 101	Chemistry	3	1	0	4				
	Or								
BIO 101	Biology	3	1	0	4				
CHEM 101	Thermodynamics	3	1	0	4				
	Or								
PHY 105	Engineering Mechanics	4	0	0	4				
CS 109	Computer Fundamentals and Programming	4	0	0	4				
CS 109L	Computer Fundamentals and Programming Lab	0	0	4	2				
_	Or								
EEE 101	Electrical Engineering	4	0	0	4				
EEE 101L	Electrical Engineering Lab	0	0	4	2				
ENGG 101L	Engineering Drawing and Graphics Lab	0	0	6	3				
	Or								
ENGG 102L	Measurement Techniques Lab	0	0	6	3				
	Total	19	4	10	27				

	Proposed Courses								
B. Tech. Biotechn	ology I Sem.	L	Т	Р	С				
	General English / General Hindi	2	0	0	2				
	Core Foundation Course - I	2	0	0	2				
MATH 103/107	Calculus/Linear Algebra	3	1	0	4				
PHY 101/106	Applied Optics/Modern Physics	3	1	0	4				
CHEM 101/ BIO	Chemistry/ <mark>Biology</mark>	3	1	0	4				
101		5	1	0	4				
CHE 101/PHY	Thermodynamics/Engineeering Mechanics	3	1	0	4				
105		5	1	0	4				
CS 109/EEE 101	Computer Fundamentals &	4	0	4	6				
CS 109/EEE 101	Programming/Electrical Engineering	4	0	4	0				
ENGG	Engineering Drawing & Graphics/ Measurement								
101L/ENGG	Techniques Lab	0	0	6	3				
102L									
	Semester Wise Total:	20	4	10	29				

	Existing Courses									
B. Tech. Bio	technology II Sem.	L	Т	Р	С					
BVF 003	Indian Heritage	2	0	0	2					
	Or									
BVF 002	Environmental Studies	2	0	0	2					
Math 107	Linear Algebra	3	1	0	4					
	Or									
MATH 103	Calculus	3	1	0	4					
PHY106	Modern Physics	3	1	0	4					
	Or									
PHY 101	Applied Optics	3	1	0	4					
BIO 101	Biology	3	1	0	4					
	Or									
CHEM 101	Chemistry	3	1	0	4					
PHY 105	Engineering Mechanics	4	0	0	4					
	Or									
CHEM 101	Thermodynamics	3	1	0	4					
EEE 101	Electrical Engineering	4	0	0	4					
EEE 101L	Electrical Engineering Lab	0	0	4	2					
	Or									
CS 109	Computer Fundamentals and Programming	4	0	0	4					
CS 109L	Computer Fundamentals and Programming Lab	0	0	4	2					
ENGG 102L	Measurement Techniques Lab	0	0	6	3					
	Or									
ENGG 101L	Engineering Drawing and Graphics Lab	0	0	6	3					
	Total	19	4	10	27					

	Proposed Courses				
B. Tech. Biotechnolog	gy II Sem.	L	Т	Р	С
	General Hindi/General English	2	0	0	2
	Core Foundation Course - II	2	0	0	2
MATH 107/103	Linear Algebra/Calculus	3	1	0	4
PHY 106/101	Modern Physics/Applied Optics	3	1	0	4
BIO 101/ CHEM 101	Biology/Chemistry	3	1	0	4
PHY 105/ CHE 101	Engineeering Mechanics/Thermodynamics	3	1	0	4
EEE 101/CS 109	Electrical Engineering / Computer Fundamentals & Programming	4	0	4	6
ENGG 101L/ENGG 102L	Measurement Techniques Lab /Engineering Drawing & Graphics	0	0	6	3
	Semester Wise Total:	20	4	10	29

	Existing Courses				
B. Tech. III	Sem.	L	Т	Р	С
BVF 007R	Selected Writing for Self Study -I	2	0	0	2
	Course Choice - 1	3/4	0	0	3/4
	Course Choice - 2	4	0	0	4
	Course Choice - 3	3	0	0	3
CHEM 202	Principles of Chemical Processes	3	1	0	4
BT 201	Biochemistry	3	1	0	4
BT 204L	Biotechnology Lab-I	0	0	4	2
BT208S	Seminar	0	0	2	1
CS 209	Data Structure	4	0	0	4
CS 209L	Data Structure Lab	0	0	4	2
	Total	22/23	2	10	29/30

	Proposed Courses									
B. Tech. III S	Sem.	L	Т	P	С					
	Core Foundation Course - III	2	0	0	2					
	Elective Foundation Course - I	2	0	0	2					
MATH 207/208	Complex Variables/Differential Equations	3	1	0	4					
ENGG 201/202	Structure and Properties of Materials/Basic Electronics	4	0	0	4					
CS 209	Data Structures	4	0	4	6					
CHEM 202	Principles of Chemical Processes	3	1	0	4					
BT 201	Biochemistry	3	1	0	4					
BT 208S	Seminar	0	0	2	1					
BT 204L	Biotechnology Lab-I	0	0	4	2					
	Semester Wise Total:	21	3	10	29					

	Existing Courses				
B. Tech. IV	Sem.	L	Т	Р	С
BVF 008R	Selected Writing for Self Study -I	2	0	0	2
	Course Choice - 1	4/3	0	0	4/3
	Course Choice - 2	4	0	0	4
	Course Choice - 3	3	0	0	3
BT 203	Biophysics and Structural Biology	3	1	0	4
BT 206	Cell and Molecular Biology-II	3	1	0	2
BT 205L	Biotechnology Lab-II	0	0	4	2
CS 214	Object Oriented Programming	4	0	0	4
CS 214L	Object Oriented Programming Lab	0	0	4	2
		23/22	2	8	29/28
	Course Choice - 1				
MATH 207	Complex Variables	3	0	0	3
Math 208	Differential Equations	4	0	0	4
	Course Choice - 2				

	Proposed Courses									
B. Tech. IV S	B. Tech. IV Sem.				С					
	Core Foundation Course - IV	2	0	0	2					
	Elective Foundation Course - II	2	0	0	2					
MATH 208/207	Differential Equations/Complex Variables	3	1	0	4					
ENGG 202/201	Basic Electronics/Structure and Properties of Materials	4	0	0	4					
CS 214	Object Oriented Programming	4	0	4	6					
BT 203	Biophysics and Structural Biology	3	1	0	4					
BT 206	Cell and Molecular Biology-II	3	1	0	4					
BT 205L	Biotechnology Lab-II	0	0	4	2					
	Semester Wise Total:	21	3	8	28					

ENGG 201	Structure and Properties of Materials	4	0	0	4
ENGG 202	Basic Electronics	4	0	0	4
	Course Choice - 3				
MGMT 209	Entrepreneurship	3	0	0	3
TSKL 203	Technical Report Writing	3	0	0	3
	Course Choice - 1				
Math 208	Differential Equations	4	0	0	4
MATH 207	Complex Variables	3	0	0	3
	Course Choice - 2				
ENGG 202	Basic Electronics	4	0	0	4
ENGG 201	Structure and Properties of Materials	4	0	0	4
	Course Choice - 3				
TSKL 203	Technical Report Writing	3	0	0	3
MGMT 209	Entrepreneurship	3	0	0	3

Existing Courses								
B. Tech. V	Sem.	L	Т	Р	С			
FC 5.1	Course Choice -1	3	0	0	3			
BT 5.1	Course Choice -2	3	0	0	3			
BT 5.6	Microbiology & Immunology	3	1	0	4			
BT 5.5	Metabolic Engineering	3	1	0	4			
BT 5.4	Genetics & Genetic Engineering	3	1	0	4			
BT 5.3	Enzyme Engineering & Technology	3	1	0	4			
BT 5.7	Seminar	0	0	4	2			
BT 5.2	Biotechnology Lab-III	0	0	8	4			
	Total	18	4	12	28			
	Course Choice - 1							
FC 5.1	Parenthood and Family Relation	3	0	0	3			
FC 5.2	Women in Indian Society	3	0	0	3			
	Course Choice - 2							
BT 5.8	Economics For Engineers	3	0	0	3			
BT 5.9	Principles for Management	3	0	0	3			

Proposed Courses					
B. Tech. V S	em.	L	Т	Р	С
	Vocational Course - I	2	0	0	2
	Core Foundation Course - V/Elective Foundation Course - III	2	0	0	2
	Economics/Principles of Management	3	0	0	3
	Probability and Statistical Methods	3	1	0	4
BT 310	Microbiology and Immunology	3	1	0	4
BT 309	Metabolic Engineering	3	1	0	4
BT 308	Genetics and Genetic Engineering	3	1	0	4
BT 303L	Biotechnology Lab-III	0	0	8	4
	Semester Wise Total:	19	4	8	27

	Existing Courses						
B. Tech. V	I Sem.	L	Т	Р	С		
FC 6.1	Course Choice -3	3	0	0	3		
BT 6.1	Course Choice -4	3	0	0	3		
BT 6.2	Basic Bioinformatics	3	1	0	4		
BT 6.3	Bioprocess Engineering	3	1	0	4		
BT 6.5	Cell and Tissue Culture Technology	3	1	0	4		
BT 6.6	Recombinant DNA Technology	3	1	0	4		
BT 6.4	Biotechnology Lab-IV	0	0	8	4		
BT 6.7	Analytical Techniques	3	1	0	4		
BT 6.8	Analytical Techniques Lab	0	0	4	2		
		21	5	12	32		
	Course Choice - 3						
FC 5.2	Women in Indian Society	3	0	0	3		
FC 5.1	Parenthood and Family Relation	3	0	0	3		
	Course Choice - 4						
BT 5.9	Principles for Management	3	0	0	3		
BT 5.8	Economics For Engineers	3	0	0	3		

	Existing Courses						
B. Tech. VI	B. Tech. VII Sem.						
BT7.1	Reading Elective*	0	2	0	2		
BT7.2	Project	0	0	50	25		
	Total	0	2	50	27		
	Reading Elective*						
BT 7.1 1.	Plant Genetic Engineering*	0	2	0	2		
BT 7.1.2	Renewable Energy Resources*	0	2	0	2		

	Proposed Courses						
B. Tech. VI S	B. Tech. VI Sem. L T P C						
	Vocational Course - II	2	0	0	2		
	Elective Foundation Course - III/Core Foundation Course - V	2	0	0	2		
	Principles of Management/Economics	3	0	0	3		
CHEM 301	Analytical Techniques	3	1	0	4		
CHEM 301L	Analytical Techniques Lab	0	0	4	2		
BIN 301	Basic Bioinformatics	3	1	0	4		
BT 302	Bioprocess Engineering	3	1	0	4		
BT 311	Recombinant DNA Technology	3	1	0	4		
BT 304L	Biotechnology Lab-IV	0	0	8	4		
	Semester Wise Total:	19	4	12	29		

Proposed Courses					
B. Tech. VII	Sem.				
BT	Project	0	0	48	24
BT	Reading Elective	0	0	0	2
	Semester Wise Total:	0	0	48	26

	Existing Courses						
B. Tech. V	/III Sem.	L	Т	Р	С		
BT 8.1	Animal Biotechnology	3	1	0	4		
BT 8.2	Bioethics and Biosafety	3	1	0	4		
BT 8.4	Environmental Biotechnology	3	1	0	4		
BT 8.5	Plant Biotechnology	3	1	0	4		
BT 8.6	Elective*	3	1	0	4		
BT 8.3	Biotechnology Lab-V	0	0	8	4		
	Total	15	5	8	24		
	Elective*						
BT 8.6	1. Biomedicial Engineering*	3	1	0	4		
BT 8.6	2. Food and Dairy Biotechnology*	3	1	0	4		
BT 8.6	3. Genomics and Proteomics*	3	1	0	4		
BT 8.6	4. Immuno - Technology*	3	1	0	4		
BT 8.6	5. Microbial Technology*	3	1	0	4		
BT 8.6	6. Molecular Modelling and Drug Designing*	3	1	0	4		
BT 8.6	7. Nanotechnology*	3	1	0	4		
BT 8.6	8. Plant Secondary Metabolites*	3	1	0	4		

	Proposed Courses						
B. Tech. VII	I Sem.	L	Т	Р	С		
BT	Animal Biotechnology	3	1	0	4		
BT	Environmental Biotechnology	3	1	0	4		
BT	Plant Biotechnology	3	1	0	4		
	Biotechnology Lab-V	0	0	8	4		
	Discipline Elective	4	0	0	4		
	Open Elective	4	0	0	4		
	Semester Wise Total:	17	3	8	24		

Course discontinued
Course revised
Course shifted to/ from different semester
New Course introduced
Core course shifted to elective course

	Proposed List of Electives to be offered in the VIII Semester
BT	Biomedicial Engineering
BT	Food and Dairy Biotechnology
BT	Genomics and Proteomics
BT	Immunotechnology
BT	Microbial Technology
BT	Molecular Modelling and Drug Designing
BT	Nanotechnology
BT	Plant Secondary Metabolites
	Geoinformatics
BT	Bioethics and Biosafety
BT	Enzyme Engineering and Technology
	Bioreactor
	https://swayam.gov.in/course/1339-bioreactors
	Principles of Downstream techniques in Bioprocess
	http://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/102106048/
	Industrial Biotechnology
	https://www.coursera.org/learn/industrial-biotech

	Proposed List of Reading Electives to be offered in the VIII Semester
BT	Molecular Diagnostics
BT	Biodiversity and Conservation
BT	Emerging Trends in Biofuel Technology
BT	Drug Discovery
	https://www.coursera.org/learn/drug-discovery
BT	Proteins and Gel-Based Proteomics
	https://swayam.gov.in/course/1386-proteins-and-gel-based-proteomics
	Online course on IPR
	http://www.ili.ac.in/e-learnIPR.htm

Appendix- IIIC

Proposed List of Core Foundation Courses	L	Т	Р	С
Environment Studies	2	0	0	2
Indian Heritage/Indial Cultural Heritage	2	0	0	2
Selected Writings of Great Authors - I	2	0	0	2
Women in Indian Society	2	0	0	2
Parenthood and Family Relation	2	0	0	2

Proposed List of Elective Foundation Courses	L	Т	Р	С
Science of Happiness	2	0	0	2
Human Anatomy and Physiology	2	0	0	2
Design Thinking	2	0	0	2
Basic Human Values	2	0	0	2
Selected Writings of Great Authors - II	2	0	0	2

Proposed List of Vocational Course				
Basic Dress Making	0	0	4	2
Dress Designing	0	0	4	2
Entrepreneurship - I	2	0	0	2
Entrepreneurship - II	2	0	0	2
Radio Production - I	2	0	0	2
Radio Production - II	2	0	0	2
Web Designing & Internet Technology-I	1	0	2	2
Web Designing & Internet Technology-II	1	0	2	2
Library Science - I	1	0	2	2
Library Science - II	1	0	2	2
Photography - I	2	0	0	2
Photography - II	2	0	0	2

Comparative Table : B.	Tech. Biotechnology: Existing and M	lodified syllabus, Suggested I	Books and Suggested e-Resources

S. No	. Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	B. Tech. Biotec	hnology I/II Semester			
1)	BIO 101 Biology	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Understand the basic organization and classification of living organisms Describe fundamental cellular functions Learn the basic 	Section A Brief idea of origin of life: Living Organisms: Classification, Five kingdoms, Viruses, (TMV, HIV, Bacteriophages), Prokaryote (Bacteria, cell structure, nutrition); Protista, Plantae (Bryophyte, Pteridophyte Gymnosperm and Angiosperm) and Animalia. Structural Organization in Plants and Animals: Morphology, anatomy and functions of different parts of flowering plants: Root, stem, leaf, inflorescence, flower, fruit and seed. Morphology, anatomy and functions of different systems of humans.	 Bacteriophages), overview and brief introduction to five kingdom classification, characteristic features of Protista, Plantae and Animalia. Morphology and functions of different parts of flowering plants: Root, stem, leaf, major inflorescence (Spike, Raceme, Corymb and Umbel), flower, fruit and seed. 	The content of the Section A has been streamlined because earlier it was quite lengthy. The topics have been sub-categorized.
		• Learn the basic concept of molecular biology and recombinant DNA technology	 Section B Cell : The cell concept, prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell, plant and animal cell. Cell organelles and their functions Biomolecules : Brief introduction and significance of Carbohydrates, lipids, proteins and enzymes. Genetics: Mendelian inheritance. Chromosome theory of inheritance, deviations from mendelian ratio (gene gene interaction-Incomplete dominance, co-dominance, complementary genes, multiple alleles). Linkage and crossing over, Sex determination, Sex linked inheritance, genetic counseling. Section C Molecular Biology: Structure and replication of DNA, Structure of RNA. A brief concept of transcription and translation in prokaryotes and comparison with eukaryotes. Genetic code, Genomics and Human Genome Project. DNA fingerprinting. Applications of Recombinant DNA Technology in Health, Agriculture and Industries, Genetically modified (GM) organisms. Biosafety issues. Books Recommended: Campbell, Biology, Pearson Education. J. W. Stroke, L. P. Renouf, Fundamental of Biology. 	 Section B The cell concept, prokaryotic (Bacteria, cell structure) and eukaryotic cell (plant and animal cell). Cell organelles and their functions. Brief introduction and significance of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins and enzymes. Mendelian inheritance chromosome theory of inheritance, deviations from Mendelian ratio (Incomplete dominance, co-dominance, complementary genes, multiple alleles). Linkage and crossing over, sex determination, sex linked inheritance, genetic counseling. Section C Structure and replication of DNA, structure of RNA and brief concept of transcription and translation in prokaryotes and comparison with eukaryotes, Genetic code, Basic concept of recombinant DNA Technology and its applications. Overview of Human Genome Project, Biosafety issues. Suggested Books: Green, N. P. O., Stout, G. W., Taylor, D. J. & Soper, R. (2005). <i>Biological Sciences</i>. Cambridge University 	Topics shifted from Section A Contents have been rearranged properly.

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			▶ N. B. Inamdar, P. J. Dyeash, Fundamental of Life	Press.	
			Sciences	Reece, J. B., Urry, L. A., Cain, M. L., Wasserman, S. A.,	
				Minorsky, P. V., & Jackson, R.B. (2013). Campbell	
				Biology. Pearson Publisher, India.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				Structural organization of plants and animals	
				https://www.emedicalprep.com/study-	
				material/biology/structural-organization-in-plants-and-	
				animals/	
				Morphology, anatomy and functions of different	
				systems of humans:	
				https://www.khanacademy.org/science/high-school-	
				biology/hs-human-body-systems/hs-body-	
				structure-and-homeostasis/a/tissues-organs-organ- systems	
				 Basic concept of cell 	
				https://biologydictionary.net/cell/	
				 Gene-gene interaction 	
				http://www.biologydiscussion.com/genetics/gene-	
				interactions/gene-interactions-allelic-and-non-allelic-	
				cell-biology/38795	
				> Human genome project	
				https://www.genome.gov/12011238/an-overview-of-the-	
				human-genome-project/	
				Application of recombinant DNA technology:	
				https://medcraveonline.com/JABB/JABB-01-00013	
2)	ENGG 102L:	After successful	Biology	Biology	
	Measurement	completion of the	1. To test for adulteration in turmeric, wheat flour, ghee	1. To test for adulteration in turmeric, wheat flour, ghee	
	Technique	course, students	and milk.	and milk.	
	Lab	should be able to:	2. Qualitative analysis of nitrate, carbonate and	2. Qualitative analysis of nitrate, carbonate and	
		• Demonstrate an	replaceable base deficiency in soil samples.	replaceable base deficiency in soil samples.	
		understanding of	3. Determination of soil pH.	3. Determination of soil pH.	
		different	4. Biochemical test for sugar, albumin and ketone bodies	4. Biochemical test for sugar, albumin and ketone bodies	
		adulteration and	in urine samples. 5 Tanta for Protoing: Piurot's Tast Million's Tast	in urine samples.	
		1 5	5. Tests for Proteins: Biuret's Test, Million's Test, Ninbudein Test	5. Biochemical tests for lipids and cholesterol.	
		of biomolecules	Ninhydrin Test	6. Detection of Vitamin A in the given sample.	

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
5. 110.		 Develop understanding working with microscope Learn a basic concept of plant identification and vegetational analysis Gain hands on training to check purity of biomolecules 	 6. Detection of Vitamin A in the given sample. 7. Study of typical prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells with the help of a microscope. 8. Study of different cell organelles with the aid of prepared slides: nucleus, mitochondria, golgi bodies, endoplasmic reticulum, ribosomes, polytene and lampbrush chromosomes. 9. Gram staining to identify gram positive and gram negative bacteria 10. Description of plant identification. 11. Vegetational analysis by Quadrat method. 12. Determination of blood group and Rh factor. 13. Determination of total R.B.C. and W.B.C. 14. Haemoglobin estimation. 	 7. Study of typical prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells with the help of a microscope. 8. Gram staining to identify gram positive and gram negative bacteria 9. Description of plant identification (Neem, Babool, Peeli Kaner, Tulsi & Chandani, Aak/ Madar). 10. Vegetational analysis by Quadrat method. 11. Determination of concentration and purity of DNA 12. Determination of concentration and purity of RNA 13. Preparation of stained temporary mount of onion peel Suggested Books: > Biradar, V.K., & Samshe, A. (2016). Practical Biochemistry. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation. > Sharma, S., & Sharma, R. (2016). Practical Manual of Biochemistry (2nd ed.). New Delhi: Medtech. > Vats, S. (2015). A laboratory Text book of Biochemistry, Molecular Biology and Microbiology. Germany: GRIN Verlag. > Yadav, V.K., & Yadav, N. (2018). Biochemistry & Biotechnology: A Laboratory Manual. Jaipur: Pointer Publisher. 	
	B. Tech. Biotec	hnology III Semester			
3)	BT 201 Biochemistry	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Learn about the biomolecules forming the cellular structure Identify and compare the various biochemical pathways and their use 	Section A Carbohydrates: Classification, structure and properties, glycolysis and fermentation and their regulations, gluconeogenesis and glycogenolysis, metabolism of galactose and galactosemia, pentosephosphate pathway. Citric Acid Cycle: Significance, reactions and energetics of the cycle, amphibolic role of the cycle. Glyoxylic acid cycle Enzymes: Nomenclature, classification, characteristics, enzyme kinetics and its mechanism of action, mechanism of inhibition, enzymes and iso-enzymes in clinical diagnosis. Co-enzymes and Cofactors: Role of Vitamins, metals ions,	 Section A Carbohydrates: Classification, structure and properties, glycolysis and fermentation and their regulations, gluconeogenesis and glycogenolysis, metabolism of galactose and galactosemia, pentosephosphate pathway. Citric Acid Cycle: Significance, reactions and energetics of the cycle, amphibolic role of the cycle, Glyoxylic acid cycle Enzymes: Nomenclature, classification, characteristics, enzyme kinetics and its mechanism of action, mechanism of inhibition, enzymes and iso-enzymes in clinical diagnosis. Co-enzymes and Cofactors: Role of Vitamins, metals ions, significance. 	Typographical corrections only

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		• Translate skills in	significance.	Section B	
		research, quality		• Lipids: Classification, structure and properties of lipids.	
		control, production	Lipids: Classification, structure and properties of lipids.	Oxidation of fatty acids, beta oxidation and its energetics,	
		and diagnostics	Oxidation of fatty acids, α -oxidation and its energetics, α -	alpha oxidation of fatty acids, omega oxidation.	
			oxidation of fatty acids, α -oxidation. Biosynthesis of	Biosynthesis of ketone bodies and their utilization,	
			ketone bodies and their utilization, biosynthesis of	biosynthesis of saturated and unsaturated fatty acids,	
			saturated and unsaturated fatty acids, control of lipid	control of lipid metabolism, essential fatty acids and	
			metabolism, essential fatty acids and eicosanoids,	eicosanoids, phospholipids and sphingolipids.	
			phospholipids and sphingolipids.	• Proteins and Metabolism of Amino acids: Classification,	
			Proteins and Metabolism of Amino acids: Classification,	structure and properties, Nitrogen balance, biosynthesis of	
			structure and properties, Nitrogen balance, biosynthesis of	amino acids, catabolism of amino acids, conversion of	
			amino acids, catabolism of amino acids, conversion of	amino acids to specialized products.	
			amino acids to specialized products.	• Biological Oxidation: Redox-potential, the respiratory	
			Biological Oxidation: Redox-potential, the respiratory	chain, its role in energy capture and its control. Energetics	
			chain, its role in energy capture and its control. Energetics	of oxidative phosphorylation, inhibitors of respiratory	
			of oxidative phosphorylation, inhibitors of respiratory chain	chain and oxidative phosphorylation, chemiosmotic	
			and oxidative phosphorylation, Chemiosmotic coupling	coupling theory and mechanism of ATP production in	
			theory and mechanism of ATP production in oxidative	oxidative phosphorylation.	
			phosphorylation.	Section C	
			Section C	• Metabolism of Ammonia and Nitrogen containing	
			Metabolism of Ammonia and Nitrogen containing	Monomers: Assimilation of ammonia, urea cycle,	
			Monomers: Assimilation of ammonia, urea cycle,	metabolic disorders of urea cycle, porphyrin biosynthesis,	
			metabolic disorders of urea cycle, porphyrin biosynthesis,	formation of bile pigments, hyperbilirubinemia, purine	
			formation of bile pigments, hyperbilirubinemia, purine	biosynthesis, purine nucleotides interconversion,	
			biosynthesis, purine nucleotides interconversion,	pyrimidine biosynthesis, formation of	
			pyrimidine biosynthesis, formation of	deoxyribonucleotides.	
			deoxyribonucleotides.	• Nucleic acids: Structure of DNA and RNA, brief	
			Nucleic acids: Structure of DNA and RNA, Brief	introduction of genetic organization of the mammalian	
			introduction of genetic organization of the mammalian	genome, alteration and rearrangements of genetic	
			genome, alteration and rearrangements of genetic material,	material, Genetic code, transcription and translation,	
			Genetic code, transcription and translation, replication of	replication of DNA, mutation, physical and chemical	
			DNA, mutation, physical and chemical mutagenesis /	mutagenesis / carcinogenesis, DNA repair mechanism,	
			carcinogenesis, DNA repair mechanism, biosynthesis of	biosynthesis of tRNA and rRNA.	
			tRNA and rRNA.	Suggested Books:	
			Books Recommended:	Berg, J.M., Tymoczko, J.L., Gatto Jr., G.J & Stryer, L.	
			Principles of Biochemistry: A.L. Lehninger, Nelson and	(2015). <i>Biochemistry</i> (8 th ed.). W.H. Freeman and	

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Cox, McMillan Worth Publishers. > Biochemistry: Voet and Voet, John Wiley and Sons, Inc. USA. > Biophysical Chemistry Vol. I, II & III: Cantor and Schimel, Freeman. > Biochemistry: Zubey, WCB. > Biochemistry: Garrett and Grisham, Harcourt. > Biochemistry: Stryer, W. H. Freeman. > Understanding Enzymes: T. Palmer, Horwood. > Harper's review of Biochemistry: R.K. Murray et al., Prentice-Hall International Inc. > Fundamentals of Biochemistry: Cohn and Stumf. 	 Company. Garrett, R. H. & Grisham, C. M. (2012). <i>Biochemistry</i> (5th ed.).Wadsworth Publishing Co Inc. Nelson, D. L. & Cox, M.M. (2012). <i>Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry</i> (6th ed.). W.H. Freeman. Palmer, T (2004). Enzymes: <i>Biochemistry</i>, <i>Biotechnology and Clinical Chemistry</i> (Horwood Chemical Science) Reprint Edition. Albion. Rodwell, V.W., Bender, D., Botham, K.M., Kenelly, P.J., & Weil., P.A. (2018). <i>Harper's illustrated Biochemistry</i> (31st ed.). McGraw-Hill Education / Medical. Voet, D. & Voet, J.G.(2010). <i>Biochemistry</i> (4th ed). Wiley. Suggested e-Resources Metabolic pathways, Biomolecules https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=2 Glycolysis https://www.khanacademy.org/science/biology/cellular-respiration-and-fermentation/glycolysis/a/glycolysis Mechanism of enzyme action http://www.biologydiscussion.com/enzymes/enzymes-properties-and-mechanism-of-enzyme-action/6145 Enzyme action http://chemistry.elmhurst.edu/vchembook/571lockkey.ht ml 	
4)	CHEM 203 Principles of Chemical Processes	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Understand basic concept of biochemical equation and material balance Develop concept of energy balance, 	calculations, Steady state and dynamic processes, Lumped and distributed processes, Single and multiphase systems. Types of Variables, Intensive and extensive variables, Specific properties, State Variables. Types of Equation: Mass and energy conservation, equilibrium relations. Section B	 Section A Basic Concepts, Units and Dimensions, Basic chemical calculations, Steady state and dynamic processes, Lumped and distributed processes, Single and multiphase systems. Types of Variables, Intensive and extensive variables, Specific properties, State Variables. Types of Equation: Mass and energy conservation, equilibrium relations. Section B Process Classification, material balances for steady state processes, properties of gases, liquids and solids, 	Typographical corrections only

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		thermodynamic	of state, phase equilibria for ideal mixtures, Reactions and	equations of state, phase equilibria for ideal mixtures.	
		approaches, unit		• Reactions and stoichiometry, Non-Reacting single phase	
		operations	and multiple units without recycle, with recycle, bypass	systems; single and multiple units without recycle, with	
		• Apply the gained	and purge, Non-Reacting multiphase systems.	recycle, bypass and purge, Non-Reacting multiphase	
		knowledge in		systems.	
		bioprocess industries	Section C	Section C	
			Processes involving vaporization and condensation, reacting systems. Energy Balances for Steady State	 Processes involving vaporization and condensation, reacting systems. 	
			Processes: Specific heat capacity, Enthalpy, Heat of	• Energy Balances for Steady State Processes: specific heat	
			reaction, Thermo chemistry, Isothermal systems, Adiabatic	capacity, enthalpy, heat of reaction, thermo chemistry,	
			Systems, Simultaneous material and energy balances.	isothermal systems, adiabatic Systems, simultaneous	
			Unsteady State Material Balances, Reaction rate laws,	material and energy balances.	
			Introduction to Modeling simulation for chemical	• Unsteady State Material Balances, reaction rate laws,	
			processes: Basic idea about Model representation, types of	Introduction to modeling and simulation for chemical	
			modeling equations, types of mathematical models: Linear	processes: Basic idea about model representation, types of	
			model vs nonlinear model, Static model vs dynamic model,	modeling equations, Types of mathematical models:	
			Lumped parameter model vs Distributed model and	linear model vs nonlinear model, static model vs dynamic	
			Fundamental model vs empirical model, role of computer	model, lumped parameter model vs distributed model and	
			simulation in chemical processes.	fundamental model vs empirical model, role of computer	
				simulation in chemical processes.	
			Books Recommended:	Suggested Books:	
			Chemical Process Principles (Vol. 1): Hougan D. A.,	Bailey, J.E., & Ollis, D.F. (1944). Biochemical	
			Watson K.M. and Ragatz R. A., Asia Publishing House.	Engineering Fundamentals (2 nd ed.). New York:	
			> Basic Principles and Calculation in Chemical	McGraw-Hill Book company.	
			Engineering: Himmelblau, D.M, Prentice Hall	▶ Bhatt, B.I., & Vora, S.M. (2008). <i>Stoichiometry</i> (4 th ed.).	
			Stoichimetry: Bhatt B.L.Vora, S.M, Tata McGraw Hill	New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company	
			Publishing Co. Ltd., New Delhi	Limited.	
			Process Calculations for chemical engineers Chemical	▶ Dutta, R. (2007). Fundamentals of Biochemical	
			Engineering development Centre, Madras	Engineering. Ane Books India.	
			Elementary Principles of Chemical Processes, 2 nd Ed.:	Felder, R.M., & Rousseau, R.W. (2000). Elementary	
			Felder, R.M. Rousseau, R.W., John Wiley & Sons.	Principles of Chemical Processes (3 rd ed.). Wiley India.	
			Introduction to Material and energy balances: Reklaitis,	≻ Jana, A.K. (2008). Chemical process Modelling and	
			G.V., John Wiley & sons	computer Simulation. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India	
			> Industrial Stoichimetry: Lewis, W.K. Radasch, A.H.	private Limited.	
			Lewis, HC, McGraw Hil	Suggested e-Resources:	
			Chemical Process Analysis Mass and Energy Balance:	Energy Balance	

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
5)	BT 204L	After successful	Luben W.L. and Wenzel, L.A., Prentice Hall. Biochemistry	 https://www.che.iitb.ac.in/faculty/madhu/CL152/Handout s/Handout%206.pdf Lumped and Distributed model http://web.engr.oregonstate.edu/~traylor/ece391/Andreas _slides/ECE391-S14-Lect1-web.pd Biochemistry 	
	Biotechnology Lab-I	completion of the course, students should be able to: Gain hand on training to quantitavely analyze biomolecules Demonstrate an understanding analyze biomolecules spectrophotometrical ly Hands on training on measuring techniques Solve problems for mass balance and energy balance and equations numerically	 Estimation of proteins by Lowry's and TCA methods. Estimation of carbohydrates : Total sugars by Anthrone method Reducing sugars by Nelson Somogyi method Estimation of serum cholesterol. Preparation and purification of casein from buffalo milk. Determination of Logic properties (pH value of blysine by titration). To find λmax for proteins. To find λmax for nucleic acids. Principles of Chemical Processes Lab Experiments based on measuring techniques – Measurement of temperature by Thermocouple Measurement of RPM Determination of TOC and ThOD of organic compounds present in the solution. Mass balance problems. Energy balance problems. Energy balance problems. 	 Estimation of proteins by Lowry's and TCA methods. Estimation of carbohydrates : Total sugars by Anthrone method Reducing sugars by Nelson Somogyi method Estimation of serum cholesterol. Preparation and purification of casein from buffalo milk. Determination of titrable acidity of milk. To find λ_{max} for proteins. To find λ_{max} for proteins. To find λ_{max} for nucleic acids. Principles of Chemical Processes Experiments based on measuring techniques : Measurement of temperature by Thermocouple. Measurement of RPM. Determination of TOC and ThOD of organic compounds present in the solution. Mass balance problems. Energy balance problems. Newton Raphson (NR) optimization. Suggested Books: Biradar, V.K., & Samshe, A. (2016). Practical Biochemistry. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation. Kumar, A., Garg, S., & Garg, N. (2017). Biochemical Tests: Principles & Protocols. New Delhi: Viva Books all Saxena, J., Baunthiyal., & Ravi, I. (2015). Laboratory Manual of Microbiology, Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. Jodhpur: Scientific Publishers. 	The practical is shifted to the IV Semester and new experiment has been added Experiment has been revised

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Sharma, S., & Sharma, R. (2016). Practical Manual of Biochemistry (II Ed.). New Delhi: Medtech. Shuler, M.L., & Kargi, F. (2002). Bioprocess Engineering Basic Concepts (2nd ed,). Prentice Hall PTR Upper Saddle River, NJ, USA. Vats, S. (2015). A laboratory Text book of Biochemistry, Molecular Biology and Microbiology. Germany: GRIN Verlag. Yadav, V.K., & Yadav, N. (2018). Biochemistry & Biotechnology: A Laboratory Manual. Jaipur: Pointer Publisher. 	
		hnology IV Semester			
6)		 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Develop a basic understanding of molecular and quantum mechanics in studying biomolecules Solve questions of macromolecular folding and interactions. Understand the molecular processes behind locomotion, neuronal signaling and vision. 	 Elements of Quantum Mechanics: Quantization of energy, Atomic structure wave equation, Quantum Mechanical Tunnelling. Energies, Forces and Bonds: Intraatomic Potentials for strong and weak bonds, non central forces, Bond energies, spring constant. Basic principle of protein structure: Ramachandran plot, motifs, folds, fibrous proteins, membrane proteins. Section B Configuration of DNA, RNA, Glycosidic bond rotation and base stacking. Zwitterionic properties of amino acids, peptide bonds, disulfide cross links, Helix coil transition. Basic principles of X-Ray diffraction studies, Calculation and interpretation of electron density map, Electron crystallography of proteins Protein secondary structure prediction methods: Chou and Fasman, Garnier-Osguthorpe-Robson. Classification of three-dimensional structure of protein: HSSP, SCOP. 	 strong and weak bonds, non central forces, bond energies, spring constant. Basic principle of protein structure: Ramachandran plot, motifs, folds, fibrous proteins, membrane proteins. Section B Configuration of DNA, RNA, Glycosidic bond rotation and base stacking. Zwitterionic properties of amino acids, peptide bonds, and disulfide cross links. Basic principles of X-ray diffraction studies, calculation and interpretation of electron density map Protein secondary structure prediction methods: Chou and Fasman, Garnier-Osguthorpe-Robson. Classification of three-dimensional structure of protein: HSSP, SCOP. Section C 	Interatomic is the correct term. Helix coil transition is part of statistical mechanics and cannot be introduced here without a background. Electron Crystallography is misleading terminology.
			 Section C Muscular movement: Molecular structure of skeletal muscle, Mechanical events of muscle contraction, Force 	• Muscular movement: molecular structure of skeletal muscle, mechanical events of muscle contraction, force velocity, power velocity and tension- length relationship	terminology.

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
5. 110.		Learning outcomes	 velocity, Power velocity and Tension- length relationship curves. Neuronal Physics: Ion channels, Structure of Neurons, Synapse, Action potential and its propagation through nerve fiber. Post synaptic potential and Neural networking. Photoreception: Structure of photoreceptors and photo chemical events of vision. Molecular interaction: Protein-Protein interactions, Protein-DNA interactions. Techniques for the studies of these interactions. Books Recommended: Principles of Biochemistry: A.L. Lehninger, Nelson and Cox, McMillan Worth Publishers. Biochemistry: Stryer. Biophysical Chemistry Vol. I, II & III: Cantor and Schimmel, Freeman. Practical Biochemistry: Wilson and Walker. Bioinformatics-Sequence and Genome analysis: David W. Mount. Structural Bioinformatics: Philip E.Bourne and Helge Weissig. Introduction to protein structure: C. Brandon and J. Tooze, International Garland. Proteins: Structure and molecular properties: Creighton, W.H. Freeman. Biophysical Chemistry Vol. I, II & III: Cantor and Schimmel, Freeman. Biophysics- An introduction: Kluwer, Dordrechrt Biophysical Chemistry Vol. I, II & III: Cantor and Schimmel, Freeman. Biophysical Chemistry Vol. I, II & III: Cantor and Schimmel, Freeman. 	 curves. Neuronal physics: Ion channels, structure of Neurons, Synapse, Action potential and its propagation through nerve fiber. Post synaptic potential and Neural networking. Photoreception: Structure of photoreceptors and photo chemical events of vision. Molecular interaction: Protein-Protein interactions, Protein-DNA interactions. Techniques for the studies of these interactions. Suggested Books: Atkins, P., & Paula, J.D. (2009). Atkins Physical Chemistry (9th ed.). OUP Oxford. Ber, J.M., Tymoczko, J.L., Gatto, G.J & Stryer, L. (2015). Biochemistry (8th ed.) WH Freeman &Co. Brenden, C., & Tooze, J. (1998). Introduction to Protein Structure (2nd ed.) Garland Science. Cotterill, R. (2002). Biophysics: An Introduction. Wiley Press. Creighton, T.E. (1992). Proteins: Structures and Molecular Properties. WH Freeman &Co. Hall, J.E. (2015). Guyton and Hall Textbook of Medical Physiology (13th ed.). Saunders Press. Nelson, D. L., & Cox, M.M. (2017). Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry (7th ed.) WH Freeman &Co. Voet, D., Voet, J.D., & Pratt, C.W. (2016). Fundamentals of Biochemistry (5th ed.). John Wiley. 	

S. No.	Course List Learning out	tcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 structure-function-types.html Nucleic Acids https://chemistry.tutorvista.com/biochemistry/nuclei c-acid-function.html 	
7)	CellandcompletionMolecularcourse,Biology – IIshould be able• Understand fof cell organoregulation ofprocesses• Explain themechanismsignaling• Developunderstandinfundamental	students ble to: functions elles and f cellular role and of cell detailed ng of	 Cell: Prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell, a macromolecular assembly, cell compartmentalization, cytoskeleton. Molecular structure and functional aspects of plasma membrane, carrier proteins and active membrane transport. Endocytosis and Exocytosis. Cell signaling, autocrine, paracrine and endocrine stimulation. Cell Signaling: G-protein linked receptors, enzyme linked cell surface receptors (tyrosine kinases), structural features of trans membrane receptors, secondary messengers, role of Ca⁺² ions, MAP Kinase cascade. 	 Section A Cell: Prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell, cell compartmentalization, cytoskeleton. 	Typographical corrections only
	processes replication, transcription translation	viz., and	 Cell cycle and division. Section B The Nucleus, Nucleolus, structure of chromosomes, Nucleosomes, chromosomal DNA and its packaging. Mitochondria and chloroplast organization, transport of proteins, genome of mitochondria and chloroplast. Endoplasmic reticulum, golgi apparatus, role in protein processing and transport. Lysosomes, intracellular digestion, sorting of lysosomal enzymes in golgi, lysosomal storage diseases. Section C Central Dogma and genetic code. DNA replication Transcription: The transfer of DNA sequence information to RNA, exon, intron, tRNA and rRNA, mRNA processing. Translation: mRNA translation in prokaryotes and 	 Section B The Nucleus, nucleolus, structure of chromosomes, nucleosomes, chromosomal DNA and its packaging. Mitochondria and chloroplast organization transport of proteins, genome of mitochondria and chloroplast. Endoplasmic reticulum, golgi apparatus, role in protein processing and transport. Lysosomes, intracellular digestion, sorting of lysosomal enzymes in golgi, lysosomal storage diseases. Section C Central dogma and genetic code. DNA replication. Transcription: The transfer of DNA sequence information to RNA, exon, intron, tRNA and rRNA, mRNA processing. Translation: mRNA translation in prokaryotes and eukaryotes, notable features of the translation process. 	

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			eukaryotes, notable features of the translation process.	• Inhibitors of transcription and translation.	
			• Inhibitors of transcription and translation.	• The fate of newly synthesized protein.	
			• The fate of newly synthesized protein.	Suggested Books:	
			 The fate of newly synthesized protein. Books Recommended: Cell and molecular Biology: De Robertis & De Roberties, B.I. Waverly Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. The World of the Cell: W.M. Becker, Pearson Education. Cell and Molecular Biology: G. Karp, John Wiley & Sons. The Cell – A molecular Approach: Cooper, Sinauer. Cell and Molecular Biology: P.K. Gupta, Rastogi Publications. Molecular Cell Biology: Lodish, Baltimore, W.H. Freeman & Co. Molecular Biology of the Cell: Bruce Albert, Garlend Publication, NY. Essential of Cytology: C.B. Powar, Himalaya Publications. Principles of Genetics 4th Ed: Snustad and Simmons, John Wiley & Sons. Gene VIII: Lewin, Pearson Education. Molecular Biology of Gene: J.D. Watson, Pearson Education. Molecular Biology: David Freifelder, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi. 	 Alberts, B., Johnson, A., Lewis, J., Raff, M., Roberts, K., & Walter, P. (2008). <i>Molecular Biology of the Cell</i> (5th ed.). New York: Garland Science. Cooper, G. M., & Hausman, R. E. (2013). <i>The Cell: a Molecular Approach</i> (6th ed.). Washington: ASM; Sunderland. Hardin, J., Bertoni, G., Kleinsmith, L. J., & Becker, W. M. (2012). <i>Becker's World of the Cell. Boston</i> (8th ed.). Benjamin Cummings. Karp, G. (2008). <i>Cell and molecular biology: Concepts and experiments</i>. John New Jersey: Wiley and Sons Krebs, J. E., Lewin, B., Kilpatrick, S. T., & Goldstein, E. S. (2014). <i>Lewin's Genes XI. Burlington</i>, MA: Jones & Bartlett Learning. Lodish, H. F. (2016). <i>Molecular Cell Biology</i> (8th ed.). New York: W.H. Freeman. Watson, J. D. (2008). <i>Molecular Biology of the Gene</i> (5th ed.). Menlo Park, CA: Benjamin/Cummings. Suggested e-Resources: Macromolecular assembly https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/B9780 323341264000050 Cell division 	
			 Molecular Biology: R. Weaver, WCB Mc Graw Hill. 	https://www2.le.ac.uk/projects/vgec/highereducation/top ics/cellcycle-mitosis-meiosis	
				Lysosomal storage disorders	
				https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/pdf/10.1111/j.1365- 2141.2004.05293.x	
8)	BT 205L	After successful		Cell and Molecular Biology	More practical
	Biotechnology	completion of the	1. Study of cell organelles by permanent slides	1. Estimation of DNA by DPA method.	exercises have been
	Lab-II		2. Study of cell division (mitotic and meiotic) in plants	2. Determination of Logic properties (pH value of glycine	added, which are
		should be able to:	and animals.	by titration).	more relevant
		• Learn techniques	3. Separation of different organelles/molecules by sucrose	3. Study of the stages of mitotic and meiotic cell division.	

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		related to	density gradient/differential gradient.	4. Separation of different organelles/molecules by sucrose	
		histochemical	4. Histochemical localization of biomolecules (protein,	density gradient/differential gradient.	
		localization of	carbohydrate or any other).	5. Histochemical localization of biomolecules (protein,	
		biomolecules		carbohydrate or any other).	
			Biophysics	Biophysics	
		training to analyze	5. Download PDB files for protein complexes with	6. Download PDB files for protein complexes with	
		stages of cell	proteins (Haemoglobin, Myoglobin, Insulin), nucleic	proteins (haemoglobin, myoglobin, insulin), nucleic acid	
		division	acid and do various exercises using :	and do various exercises using :	
		• Predict structure of	Rasmol	- Rasmol	
		biomolecules using	SPDBV	- SPDBV	
		bioinformatics tools		Suggested Books:	
				Saxena, J., Baunthiyal, M. & Ravi, I. (2015). Laboratory Manual of Microbiology, Biochemistry and Molecular	
				Biology. Jodhpur: Scientific Publishers.	
				 Sharma, R.K., Sangha, S.P.S. (2009). Basic Techniques 	
				in Biochemistry & Molecular Biology. New Delhi: I.K.	
				International Publisher.	
				 Swamy, P.M. Laboratory Manual on Biotechnology (1st 	
				ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication.	
	B. Tech. Biotec	hnology V Semester			
9)	BT 5.3:				This course is
	Enzyme				proposed to be shifted
	Engineering				in VIII semester and
	and				offered as an elective
	Technology				course.
10)	BT 308	After successful	BT 5.4		Typographical
	Genetics and	completion of the	Section-A	Section-A	corrections only
	Genetic	course, students	Mendel's laws of inheritance	• Mendel's laws of inheritance.	
	Engineering	should be able to:	• Gene-Gene interaction, Multiple alleles, Lethal alleles	• Gene-Gene interaction, multiple alleles, methal alleles	
		• Explain the	• Linkage and crossing over, Linkage maps, three point	• Linkage and crossing over, linkage maps, three point	
		theoretical and	testcross, Interference, Calculating recombinant	testcross, Interference, calculating recombinant	
		experimental	frequencies.	frequencies.	
		foundation of	• Sex-determination: Chromosomes theory, Genic	• Sex-determination: Chromosomes theory, Genic balance	
		classical and	balance theory and hormone theory, other factors	theory and hormone theory, other factors affecting sex	
		molecular genetics	affecting sex determination, Lyon's Hypothesis, Dosage	determination, Lyon's hypothesis, dosage compensation,	
		• Develop	compensation, Sex-linked inheritance.	sex-linked inheritance.	

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		comprehensive	• Chromosomal aberrations: Structural and Numerical	• Chromosomal aberrations: Structural and numerical	
		concept of genetic	Mutation: Spontaneous and Induced, Chemical and	mutation: spontaneous and induced, chemical and	
		engineering	Physical mutagens, Induced mutations in plants,	physical mutagens, induced mutations in plants, animals	
		including vectors	animals and microbes for economic benefit of man	and microbes for economic benefit of man.	
		and techniques	Section-B	Section-B	
		• Identify various	• Vector systems: <i>E. coli</i> -the host cells plasmids	• Vector systems: <i>E. coli</i> -the host cell plasmids structural	
		application of	structural and functional organization replication,	and functional organization replication, classification,	
		genetics and genetic	classification, incompatibility groups, construction of	incompatibility groups, construction of an ideal plasmid	
		engineering	an ideal plasmid vector pBR322	vector pBR322.	
			• Phage-biology, construction of vector other phages and cosmids.	• Phage biology, construction of vector other phages and cosmids.	
			• Direct gene delivery methods-Biolistics, Electroporation, Liposome mediated, Microinjection.	• Direct gene delivery methods- Biolistics, electroporation, iposome mediated, microinjection.	
			• Construction, cloning and selection inserts ligation,	• Construction, cloning and selection inserts ligation,	
			infection, transfection and cloning	infection, transfection and cloning.	
			• Synthesis and cloning of cDNA, cDNA library.	• Synthesis and cloning of cDNA, cDNA library.	
			• Enzymes used in molecular cloning: Nucleases,	• Enzymes used in molecular cloning: Nucleases,	
			Restriction Endonucleases, phosphodiesterase	restriction Endonucleases, phosphodiesterase	
			polynucleotide kinase, DNA ligase, DNA polymerase,	polynucleotide kinase, DNA ligase, DNA polymerase,	
			reverse transcriptase, terminal deoxynucleotidyl	reverse transcriptase, terminal deoxynucleotidyl	
			transferase.	transferase.	
			• Isolation of DNA, RNA: bacteriophage, prokaryotic and eukaryotic.	• Isolation of DNA, RNA: bacteriophage, prokaryotic and eukaryotic.	
			Section-C	Section-C	
			• Inborn errors of metabolism, autosomal and sex linked diseases.	• Inborn errors of metabolism, autosomal and sex linked diseases.	
			• One gene-one enzyme, one gene-one protein, one gene- one polypeptide hypothesis,	• One gene-one enzyme, one gene-one protein, one gene- one polypeptide hypothesis.	
			• Heredity and Environment with special reference to the study of twins.	• Heredity and environment with special reference to the study of twins.	
			• Human Genome Project: Genetic diseases in humans,	• Human Genome Project: Genetic diseases in humans,	
			Genetics and society.	genetics and society.	
			• Current techniques of genetic analysis.	• Current techniques of genetic analysis.	
			• Important discoveries of genetic engineering.	• Important discoveries of genetic engineering.	
			• Identification and analysis of recombinant clones.	• Identification and analysis of recombinant clones.	
			Books Recommended:	Suggested Books:	

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			▶ Principles of Genetics 4th Ed: Snustad and Simmons,	Brown, T. A. (1990). Genetics: A molecular approach	
			John Wiley & Sons.	(3 rd ed.). UK: Chapman and Hall.	
			Genetics: P.K. Gupta, Rastogi Publications.	➤ Gupta, P. K. (2005). Biotechnology and Genomics.	
			≻ Genetics - A molecular approach: T.A. Brown,	India: Rastogi Publications.	
			Chapman and Hall.	➢ Primrose, S. B., Twyman, R., & Old, B. (2001).	
			Concepts of Genetics 7th Ed.: William S. Klug, Pearson Education.	<i>Principles of Gene Manipulation</i> (6 th ed.). USA: Wiley-Blackwell.	
			➤ Molecular Cloning Vol. 1, 2 and 3: Sambrook and	Russel, P. J. (1996). <i>Genetics</i> . USA: Addison-Wesley.	
			Russell, Cold Spring Harber laboratory, 2001.	Sambrook, J. F., & Russell, D. W. (2001). Molecular	
			➤ Molecular Biology of Gene: J.D. Watson, Pearson	Cloning: A Laboratory Manual (3rd ed.). USA: Cold	
			Education.	Spring Harbor Laboratory Press.:	
			An Introduction to Gene Technology-From genes to clones: Winnacker, VCH.	Singh, B. D. (2015). <i>Biotechnology</i> . Kolkata, India: Kalyani Publishers.	
			 Principles of Gene Manipulation: Old and Primrose. 	 Snustad, D. P., & Simmons, M. J. (2008). Principles of 	
			 ➢ Molecular Biotechnology: B.R. Glick and J.J. 	Genetics (5 th ed.). USA: John Wiley & Sons.	
			Pasternak, ASM Press, Washington, USA.	Suggested e-Resources:	
				 Linkage and crossing over 	
				http://classpages.warnerpacific.edu/bdupriest/BIO%202	
				50/Lecture%207%20Linkage%20&%20Mapping.pdf	
				Sex determination theory	
				http://www.biologydiscussion.com/genetics/modern-	
				theories-of-sex-determination-with-diagrams/5257	
				> Plasmid vector	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103045/module3/lec17/3.h tml	
				Direct gene delivery methods	
				https://www.slideshare.net/saugatbhatt/methods-	
				27443684	
				CDNA library https://prtal.ac.in/courses/102103013/10	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103013/19	
				Enzymes used in molecular cloning http://www.biologydiscussion.com/enzymes/types-of-	
				enzymes-involved-in-dna-synthesis-and-cloning-7-	
				types/12075	
				One gene one enzyme hypothesis	
				http://www.biologydiscussion.com/genetics/one-gene-	

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 one-enzyme-hypothesis-genetics/59768 Techniques of genetic analysis http://psych.colorado.edu/~carey/hgss/hgsschapters/HG SS_Chapter07.pdf Important discoveries of genetic engineering https://www.genome.gov/pages/education/genetictimelin e.pdf 	
11) B ²	Т 309	After successful	BT 5.5		
M	I 309 letabolic ngineering	completion of the course, students should be able to:	 Section – A Basic concepts of Metabolic Engineering- Overview of cellular metabolism. Introduction to various pathways. Primary and Secondary metabolites. Medical and agricultural importance of secondary metabolites. Different models for cellular reactions. Flexible and rigid in metabolic pathways. Metabolic regulation network at enzyme level and whole cell level- Examples of metabolic pathway manipulations. Section – B Metabolic flux analysis and its applications. Metabolic flux analysis and its applications. Methods for experimental determination of metabolic fluxes by isotope labeling. Stereochemistry of regulatory molecules. Concepts of regulatory analogs. Section – C Genetic regulation of metabolic fluxes. Analysis of metabolic control and the structure of metabolic networks. 	in metabolic pathways.	Typographical corrections only

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 for quantitative bioprocess research and development. Books Recommended: Computational Modeling of Genetic and Biochemical Networks: James M. Bower & Hamid Bolouri. Metabolic Flux Analysi: Valino. Comprehensive Biotechnology (Vol. 3): Moo & Young. Fundamentals of Biochemical Engineering: Bailey and Olis 	 for quantitative bioprocess research and development. Suggested Books: Bailey, J.E., & Ollis, D.F. (1986). <i>Biochemical Engineering fundamentals</i> (2nd ed). McGraw-Hill. Bower, J.M., & Bolouri, H., (2001). Computational Modeling of Genetic and Biochemical Networks (1st ed.). MIT Press. Stephanopoulos, G.N., Aristidou, A.A., & Nilsen, J., (1998). <i>Metabolic Engineering-Principles and Methodologies</i>. Academic Press. Suggested e-Resources: Metabolites http://lifeofplant.blogspot.in/2011/03/metabolites-primary-vs-secondary.html http://www.bio21.bas.bg/ipp/gapbfiles/v-34_pisa-08/08_pisa_1-2_67-78.pdf Metabolic engineering file https://biotechnologyforbiofuels.biomedcentral.com/track /pdf/10.1186/s13068-017-0791-3 	
	BT 310 Microbiology and Immunology	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Explain bacterial and fungal classification and ultra structure Discuss different techniques related to isolation, staining and maintenance of microbes Understand fundamental concept of immunology 	 BT 5.6 Section – A Discovery of microorganisms and their significance. Bacteria: Classification, structural organization, composition of cell wall, cell membrane, capsule, nutrition, respiration, methods of recombination and asexual reproduction. Fungi- classification, ultra structure and characteristics, nutrition and reproduction. Viruses: Plant, Animal and Bacteriophages, nature, organization, replication classification. Section – B Sterlization techniques: Physical and Chemical methods. Techniques in Microbiology: Media preparation, isolation and pure culture techniques, staining techniques, preservation and maintenance of culture. 	 Section – A Discovery of microorganisms and their significance. Bacteria: classification, structural organization, composition of cell wall, cell membrane, capsule, nutrition, respiration, methods of recombination and asexual reproduction. Fungi: classification, ultra structure and characteristics, nutrition and reproduction. Nature, organization, classification and replication of Plant and animal viruses and bacteriophages. Section – B Sterilization techniques: physical and chemical methods. Techniques in Microbiology: media preparation, isolation and pure culture techniques, staining techniques, preservation and maintenance of culture. Industrial applications of microorganisms in food and 	Typographical corrections only

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			• Industrial applications of microorganisms in food and	medicines.	
			medicines.	• Introduction to Immunology: Innate and acquired	
			• Introduction to Immunology: Innate and Acquired	immunity, active and passive immunity, organs and cells	
			immunity, Active and Passive immunity, Organs and	of immune system	
			Cells of Immune system	• Antigen and antigenicity: concept of immunogens,	
			• Antigen and Antigenicity: Concept of Immunogens,	antigens, haptens, characteristic properties of antigens.	
			Antigens, Haptens, Characteristic properties of		
			Antigens.	Section-C	
			Section-C	• Immunoglobulins: molecular structure, properties,	
			• Immunoglobulins: Molecular structure, properties,	classification and significance of immunoglobulin.	
			classification and significance of Immunoglobulin.	immunoglobulin as antigens- isotypes, allotypes and	
			Immunoglobulin as Antigens – Isotypes, Allotypes and		
			Idiotypes.	• Cell mediated and humoral immune response.	
			• Cell mediated and Humoral immune response.	• General idea of Major Histocompatibility Complex,	
			• General idea of Major Histocompatibility Complex,	complement system	
			Complement System	• Hypersensitive reactions: (Type I, II, III and delayed	
			• Hypersensitive reactions: (Type I, II, III and delayed		
			type IV).	• Monoclonal antibody (production and their applications).	
			• Monoclonal antibody (Production and their		
			applications.)	Goldsby, R. A., Kindt, T.J., & Osborne, B. A. (2006).	
			Books Recommended:	Kuby Immunology (6 th ed.). New York: W.H. Freeman	
			► Introductory Microbiology: F.C. Ross, Columbus	& Co. Ltd.	
			Charles E. Mehrill.	Madigan, M., Martinko, J., Stahl, D. & Clark, D. (2010).	
			Microbiology – Fundamentals and Applications: S.S.	Brock Biology of Microorganisms (13^{th} ed.). Pearson	
			Purohit, Agro Botanical Publishers, Bikaner.	Paul, W.E. (1999). Fundamental Immunology (14 th ed.). Lippincott-Raven.	
			Modern Concepts of Microbiology: H.D. Kumar and S. Kumar, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.	\rightarrow Pelczar, M.J., Sun, C.E., & Krieg, N.R. (2002).	
			 Microbiology: M.J. Pelczar, C.E. Sun and N.R. Krieg, 	<i>Microbiology</i> (5 th ed.). New Delhi: Tata Mc Graw Hill.	
			Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi.	 ➢ Willey, J. M., Sherwood, L.M. & Woolverton, C.J. 	
			 ➤ A Textbook of Microbiology: R.C. Dubey and D.K. 	(2014). Prescott's Microbiology (9 th ed.). McGraw-Hill	
			Maheshwari, S. Chand and Company.	Education.	
			 Principal of Fermentation Technology: P.F. Stanbury 		
			and A. Whittaker, Pegamon Press.	Bacteria structure	
			> Fundamental Principles of Bacteriology: A.J. Salle,	http://www.biologydiscussion.com/bacteria/cell-	
			Tata McGraw Hill.	structure-of-bacteria-with-diagram/47058	
			T.D. Book's World of Microbiology: Madigan	Bacterial growth & nutrition	

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Microbiology: Prescott.	http://www.biologydiscussion.com/bacteria/nutrition-	
			➤ Essential of Immunology: W.H. Hildemann, Elservier	and-growth-in-bacteria/47001	
			Scientific Publishing Co. Inc.	Basic Immunology	
			➤ Immunology 5th Ed: Richard A. Goldsby et al., W.H.	http://pdffavor.info/the-tao-of-immunology-a-	
			Freeman and Co., NY 2003.	revolutionary-new-understanding-of-our-body-s-	
			Immunology-Understanding of Immune System: Klans	defenses-openlibra-free-books-marc-lapp.pdf	
			D.Elgret, Wiley-Liss.NY		
			➢ Fundamentals of Immunology: Paul W.E. (Eds.) Raven		
			Press, New York.		
			➤ Antibodies- A laboratory Manual: Harlow and David		
			Lane, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory.		
13)	BT 303L	After successful	BT 5.2		
	Biotechnology	completion of the	Microbiology	Microbiology	
	Lab-III	course, students	1. Preparation of media for fungal and bacterial culture	1. Preparation of media for fungal and bacterial culture and	
		should be able to:	and their sterilization, slant preparation.	their sterilization, slant preparation.	
		 Demonstrate 	2. Streak plate technique, pour plate technique and	2. Streaking technique, spread plate technique.	
		microbial and	surface plate technique	3. Isolation and enumeration of microbes from air/soil by	
		immunological	3. Isolation and enumeration of microbes from air/soil by	serial dilution/agar plating method.	
		techniques	serial dilution/agar plating method.	4. Antibiotic sensitivity test.	
		 Understand 	4. Antibiotic sensitivity test.		Practical shifted to
		chromosome	5. Lactic acid production and estimation		B.Tech VI Sem
		structure and solve	Immunology	Immunology	
		genetic problems	6. Blood film preparation and identification of leucocytes.	5. Blood film preparation and identification of leucocytes.	
		• Learn various	7. Lymphoid organs (Thymus and Spleen) and their	6. Ouchterlony double diffusion and immuno-	
		techniques of genetic	microscopic examination.	electrophoresis.	
		Engineering	8. Aseptic collection of serum for immunological assays.	7. ELISA: Determination of antibody titre.	
		• Gain hands on	9. Double diffusion and immuno-electrophoresis.		
		training for	10. ELISA: Determination of antibody titre.		
		experiments related	Genetics	Genetics	
		to properties of	11. Preparation of metaphase chromosomes.	8. Microscopic examination of Giant chromosomes.	
		enzyme	12. Study of ADH activity in tissue/cells by cytochemical	9. Genetic problem and Genetic traits.	Due stiged at the state
			staining using Drosophila.		Practical shifted to
			13. Study of Giant chromosomes.		Sem VIII
			14. Genetic problem and Genetic traits.	Constin Engineering	
			Genetic Engineering	Genetic Engineering	
		l	15. Isolation of plasmid DNA from E. coli and its	10. Isolation of genomic DNA and its electrophoretic	

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<u>S. No.</u>	Course List	Learning outcomes	 Existing Syllabus electrophoretic separation. 16. Extraction of RNA and its estimation by orcinol method. 17. Estimation of DNA by DPA method. 18. To determine the melting curve and base composition of DNA. 19. Amplification of a gene fragment using PCR. Enzyme Engineering and Technology 20. To obtain standard curve of p-nitrophenol solution. 21. To determine activity of acid phosphatase from peas/moong seedlings. 22. Purification of an enzymatic protein by salt precipitation. 23. Determination of kinetic properties (Km and Vmax values) of an enzyme. 	 separation. 11. Extraction of RNA and its estimation by orcinol method. 12. Amplification of a gene fragment using PCR. Enzymology 13. To obtain standard curve of p-nitrophenol solution. 14. To determine activity of acid phosphatase from mung bean seeds. 	Remarks The practical is there in the B.Tech IV Semester
	B. Tech. Biotec	hnology VI Semester	 24. To check time and protein linearity of an enzymatic reaction. 25. Immobilization of an enzyme 	 17. To check time and protein linearity of an enzymatic reaction. 18. Immobilization of an enzyme. Suggested Books: Cappuccino, J. G., & Welsh, C. (2016). <i>Microbiology: a Laboratory Manual</i>.Benjamin-Cummings Publishing Company. Kumar, V. (2011). <i>Laboratory Manual of Microbiology</i>. New Delhi: Scientific Publishers. Mahajan, R., Sharma, J., & Mahajan, R.K. (2010). <i>Practical Manual of Biotechnology</i> (1st ed.). New Delhi: Vayu Education of India. Saxena, J., Baunthiyal., & Ravi, I. (2015). <i>Laboratory Manual of Microbiology</i>. Jodhpur: Scientific Publishers. Vats, S. (2015). <i>A laboratory Text book of Biochemistry, Molecular Biology and Microbiology</i>. Germany: GRIN Verlag. 	
14)	BIN 301	After successful			
	Basic	completion of the	Section-A	Section-A	

S. No. Course List Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
Bioinformatics Bioinformatics Course, students should be able to: Demonstrate basic skills in information retrieval, programming languages and operating systems Identify various biological databases and develop data mining methods	 Bioinformatics: Introduction and Historical background. Information Retrieval: LAN, WAN, Introduction to Internet, WWW, NICNET, ERNET, VSNL, ISDN,. Introduction to FTP, login and other network services, Publication on worldwide web, on-line publishing ventures e.g. Biomed, online international database access. Introduction and applications of programming languages, C++, Perl. Conceptual understanding of assemblers, Operating 	 Bioinformatics: Introduction and historical background. Information retrieval: LAN, WAN, introduction to internet, WWW, NICNET, ERNET, VSNL, ISDN, introduction to FTP, login and other network services, publication on worldwide web, on-line publishing ventures e.g. biomed, online international database access. Conceptual understanding of assemblers, operating systems (DOS, Windows, UNIX, LINUX). 	Programming languages have been removed as the content cannot be justified for a introductory course.
 Predict 3D structure of proteins and their regular structural elements for the integrity of the structure. 	 Systems (DOS, Windows, UNIX, LINUX). Section-B Concept of CD-ROM, e-mail, Websites, Internet, Networking, Databases. Biological Databases: Primary Sequence databases (Protein and DNA databases), Secondary databases, Composite databases. Sequence format i.e. genbank and FASTA format Sequence Alignment and Databases searching: Evolutionary basis of sequence alignment, Optimal alignment methods, Substitution Scores and Gap penalties. Section-C Statistical significance of alignment, Similarity searching tools: FASTA, BLAST. Pair wise database searching: EMBOSS, Multiple Sequence alignment: CLUSTAL W. Protein structure prediction method- Homology modeling, ab-initio method and threading method Scope of Bioinformatics, BTIS Network in India, Centers for Bioinformatics (DICs and sub DICs) in India. Books Recommended: Fundamental of computer: P.K. Sinha Introduction to Bioinformatics: Parrysmith and 	 Section-B Concept of CD-ROM, e-mail, websites, internet, networking, databases. Biological databases: Primary sequence databases (Protein and DNA databases), secondary databases, composite databases. Sequence format i.e. genbank and FASTA format. Sequence alignment and databases searching: Evolutionary basis of sequence alignment, optimal alignment methods, substitution scores and gap penalties. Section-C Statistical significance of alignment, similarity searching tools: FASTA, BLAST. Pair wise database searching: EMBOSS, multiple Sequence alignment: CLUSTAL W. Protein structure prediction method: Homology modeling, ab-initio method and threading method. Scope of bioinformatics, BTIS Network in India, centers. for bioinformatics (DICs and sub DICs) in India. Suggested Books: Baxevanis, A.D. & Ouellette, B.F.F. (2004). <i>Bioinformatics: A Practical Guide to the Analysis of</i> 	

S. No.	Course List I	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Attwood Introduction to Bioinformatics: Baxevenis and Oulette Internet for Molecular Biologist: Swindell Molecular Databases for Protein Sequences and Structure Studies - An Introduction Silence: J., Sillince M., Springerberlagd, Berlin 1972 Leaping from Basic to C++ : Robert J. Traister, A.P. Professional Cambridge Perl 5 Unleashed: Kamran Husain & Robert F Breedlore SAMS Publishing. Bioinformatics: David Mount. Text book of Bioinformatics: Vinay Sharma, Ashok Munjal and Asheesh Shanker, Rastogi publications 	 Genes and Proteins (3rd ed.). Wiley. Bosu, O. & Thukral, S.K. (2007). Bioinformatics: database, tools and algorithms (1st ed.). Oxford University Press. Sharma, V., Munjal, A., & Shanker, A. (2017). A Text Book of Bioinformatics (2nd ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publications. Sinha, P.K & Sinha, P. (2016). Computer Fundamentals (6th ed.). New Delhi: BPB publication. Suggested e-Resources: Chou-Fasman Method for protein secondary structure prediction https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/fd8c/c95aec2d7af19ed2 8eea3688b3c231d0e745.pdf Homology modeling https://proteinstructures.com/Modeling/homology- modeling.html ExPASy https://www.expasy.org/ 	
15)	Bioprocess Engineering	completion of the course, students should be able to: Develop comprehensive concepts on various processes in bioreactors mediated microbial process	 BT 6.3 Section – A Growth kinetics and death kinetics Microbial growth: structured and unstructured Kinetics of Batch, Fed-batch and Continuous processes Mass balance, energy balance Maintenance coefficient and yield concept Mass transfer, Volumetric mass transfer coefficient, aeration and agitation Media sterilization and medium rheology Section – B Bioreactors: components and control of process parameters Types of bioreactors: CSTR, Airlift, Fluidized bed, Plug flow reactor, Photobioreactor, Bubble column, advances in bioreactor designing. Down stream processing : recovery and purification of 	 Section – A Growth kinetics and death kinetics. Microbial growth: structured and unstructured. Kinetics of batch, fed-batch and continuous processes. Mass balance, energy balance. Maintenance coefficient and yield concept. Mass transfer, volumetric mass transfer coefficient, aeration and agitation. Media sterilization and medium rheology. Section – B Bioreactors: components and control of process parameters . Types of bioreactors: CSTR, airlift, fluidized bed, plug flow reactor, photobioreactor, bubble column, advances in bioreactor designing. Down stream processing: recovery and purification of 	Typographical corrections only

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		biomolecules in	fermentation products	fermentation products.	
		bioreactor.	Upscaling of bioprocess	• Upscaling of bioprocess.	
		• Plan a career in		Section – C	
		research field in the	Fermentative production of:	Fermentative production of:	
		biotechnology	• Organic solvents: acetone, ethanol, butanol	• Organic solvents: acetone, ethanol, butanol.	
		industry.	Organic acids: lactic acid, citric acid and acetic acid	• Organic acids: lactic acid, citric acid and acetic acid.	
			 Enzymes: Proteases, Lipases and alpha-amylase 	• Enzymes: proteases, lipases and alpha-amylase.	
			• Antibiotics: Penicillin, Streptomycin and Tetracycline	• Antibiotics: penicillin, streptomycin and tetracycline.	
			• Amino acids: L-glutamic acid, phenylalamine and L-	• Amino acids: L-glutamic acid, phenylalamine and L-	
			lysine	lysine.	
			Books Recommended:	Suggested Books:	
			 Biochemical Engineering: J.M. Lee, Prentice Hall. Bioprocess Engineering: M. Shuler and F. Kargi, Pretice Hall. 	 Bailey, J.E., & Ollis, D.F. (1986). Biochemical Engineering fundamentals (2nd ed). McGraw-Hill 	
			 Comprehensive Biotechnology: M. MooYoung, Editor. Biotechnology: H.J. Rehm and G. Reed, VCH. 	 College. Clark,D.S., & Blanch, H.W. (1997). Biochemical Engineering. CRC Press. Crueger, W., & Crueger, A. (1990). Biotechnology, A 	
				<i>Text Book of Industrial Microbiology</i> (2 nd ed.). USA: Sinauer Associates Inc.,	
				Shuler, M.L., & Kargi, F. (2002). Bioprocess Engineering Basic Concepts (2 nd ed,). USA: Prentice Hall PTR Upper Saddle River.	
				Stanbury, P.F., Whitaker, A., & Hall S.J. (1995).Principles of Fermentation Technology (2 nd & 3 rd)	
				ed.). Elsevier Science Ltd.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				 Application of microbial enzymes https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC538780 4/pdf/BMRI2017-2195808.pdf 	
				 Acetone-Butanol-Ethanol fermentation 	
				 https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC489427 9/pdf/fnw134.pdf 	
				 Microbial culture fermentation 	
				 https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/b4d3/7ed66ef2e37ce22f f7a3be09e3df7568fe49.pdf 	
16)	BT 305		BT 6.5		This course is

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	Cell and		Section A	•	proposed to be
	Tissue Culture		Historical background and terminology used in cell and		discontinued and
	Technology		tissue culture.		relevant contents
			Basic techniques, surface sterilization, aseptic tissue		incorporated in the
			transfer, concept of totipotency.		Papers of B. Tech
			Nutritional requirement of cells in vitro, various types		VIII Semester
			of nutrient media.		(Animal
			 Somatic embryogenesis and organogenesis in plants. 		Biotechnology &
			Variability in tissue cultures, somaclonal and other		Plant Biotechnology)
			variations.		
			 Isolation of cells, single cell cultures and cloning. 		
			Section B		
			Production of disease free plants by tissue culture		
			methods.		
			• Protoplast isolation and culture, viability test,		
			techniques of protoplast fusion.		
			Somatic hybrids, selection methods, gene expression in		
			somatic hybrids.		
			Haploid Production: Introduction, Techniques, plant		
			regeneration from pollen embryo.		
			Plant cell culture products: Secondary Metabolites.		
			-Section-C		
			Maintenance and propagation of animal cell and tissue		
			culture: Disaggreagation techniques and primary		
			culture.		
			• Preservation of cell lines: cryopreservation, cell banks,		
			transporting cells.		
			Somatic Hybridization: Fusogens, basis of somatic		
			hybridization technology, storage of hybridoma cells,		
			Productions of monoclonal antibodies.		
			 Animal cell culture products. 		
			Books Recommended:		
			→ Plant Tissue Culture: S.S. Bhojwani and M.K. Razdan,		
			Elsevier Science, The Netherlands.		
			→ An Introduction to Plant Tissue Culture: M.K. Razdan.		
			➤ Biotechnology in Agriculture and Forestry: Y.P.S.		

Bajaj, Narosa. → Plant Cell and Tissue Culture: Butenko. → Plant Tissue Culture Methods and Application in Agriculture: T.A. Thorpe, Academic Press Inc. → Cell and Tissue Culture: Lab Procedures in Biotechnology, Alan Doyal (ed) J.Bryan Griffth (ed.)	
*-Micropropagation Tech. and Applications: P.C. Dobergh & R.H. Zimmerman, Kluwer Academic Pub. Dordrecht. *-Introduction to Cell and Tissue Culture: Jennie P. Methew and Penelpoe E. Rohes. *-Animal Cell Culture: John R.W. Masters. *-Cell and Tissue Culture: Lab procedure in biotechnology Alan Doxal (ed) J. Bryan 6th ed. *-Animal Cell Culture - a Practical Approach: R.I. Freshney, wiley Liss. 7) BT 311 Recombinant After successful completion of the BT 6.6 Section - A	
• Explain use of Site directed mutagenesis: Oligonucleotide directed intro	Subtopics have been ntroduced to make he content precise.

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Cloning in plants.	extension, SI mapping, RNase protection assays,	
			 Cloning in Bacillus subtilis and yeast. 	reporter assays.	Gene transfer
			• Artificial chromosomes (YACs, BACs, MACs).	Cloning in <i>Bacillus subtilis</i> .	methods already
			• Cloning in mammalian cells using SV-40 vectors.	• Cloning in yeast: YEPs, YIPs, YRP, YAC.	covered in Genetics
				• Cloning in plants-Agrobacterium tumefaciens mediated	and Genetic
				gene transfer: Binary vector, cointegrate vector; viral	engineering syllabus.
				vector mediated gene transfer, direct gene transfer	Thus, new and
				methods.	relevant topics have
				• Cloning in mammalian cell using SV-40 vector- Early	been introduced.
				replacement and late replacement vector.	
			Section – C	Section – C	
			• Molecular probes – DNA, RNA probes, Applications,	• Molecular probes- DNA, RNA probes, application,	
			radioactive and non-radioactive labeling of probes.	radioactive and non-radioactive labeling of probes.	
			• Eukaryotic selectable markers.	• Eukaryotic selectable markers.	
			• DNA fingerprinting; Various molecular markers: RAPD, AFLP, SNP's, SSR, ARDRA	• Various molecular markers: RAPD, AFLP, SNPs, SSR, ARDRA.	
			• Antisense RNA Technology, RNAi.	• DNA fingerprinting- Principle of technique, Basic DNA	
			• Gene Therapy.	fingerprinting procedure.	
			• Detection of genetic disorders.	• Antisense RNA technology, RNAi, siRNA.	
				• Gene therapy.	Subtopics have been
				• Methods of detection of genetic disorders: Cytogenetic	introduced to make
				testing, biochemical testing, molecular testing.	the content precise.
			Books Recommended:	Suggested Books:	the content precise.
			▶ Molecular Cloning Vol. 1, 2 and 3: Sambrook and	Glick, B.R., Pasternak, J.J. & Patten, C.L. (2010).	
			Russell, Cold Spring Harber laboratory, 2001.	Molecular Biotechnology: Principles and Applications	
			> Molecular Biology of Gene: J.D. Watson, Pearson	of Recombinant DNA (4th ed.). American Society for	
			Education.	Microbiology.	
			An Introduction to Gene Technology-From genes to clones: Winnacker, VCH.	 Kumar, H.D. (1990). Nucleic acid and biotechnology. Vikas Publication. 	
			Principles of Gene Manipulation: Old and Primrose.	Primrose, S. B., & Old, R.W. (2001). Principles of Gene	
			➤ Molecular Biotechnology: B.R. Glick and J.J.	Manipulation (6 th ed.).Wiley-Blackwell.	
			Pasternak, ASM Press, Washington, USA.	Sambrook, J.F. & Russell, D.W. (2001). Molecular	
			Genetic Engineering: Science and ethics on new frontier: Michael Boylan, Pearson Education.	<i>Cloning: A Laboratory Manual</i> (3 rd ed.) Vol. 1, 2 and 3. Cold Spring Harbor laboratory.	
			An Introduction to Genetic Engineering: S.T. Nicholl,	 ➢ Winnacker, E.L. (1987). From genes to clones: 	
			Cambridge University Press.	Introduction to gene technology. Wiley VCH.	

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Recombinant DNA Methodology: Grossman and Noldave, Academic Press. Recombinant DNA: J.D. Watson, W.H. Freeman. Nucleic acid and Biotechnology: H.D. Kumar. Understanding DNA and Gene Cloning : Darlica, John Wiley and Sons. 	 Suggested e-Resources: Solid phase oligonucleotide synthesis https://www.atdbio.com/content/17/Solid-phase- oligonucleotide-synthesis Antisense Technology https://www.ukessays.com/essays/sciences/antisense- technology-applications-7151.php SV40 vector https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC322153 /pdf/nar00317-0279.pdf 	
18)	BT 304L Biotechnology Lab-IV	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Demonstrate an understanding of production and estimation of commercially important molecules Hands on training related to genetic manipulation techniques Learn sequence alignment of biomolecules using bioinformatic tools 	 BT 6.4 Bioprocess Engineering Demonstration of Bioreactor. Estimation of Biomass. Estimation of growth and product yield in a Bioconversion process. Comparison between aerobic and anaerobic process. Plant cell and tissue culture Tissue culture media preparation MS/White media, Slant preparation Sterilization techniques Culture of axillary meristems for clonal multiplication. Embryo culture. Animal Cell and Tissue Culture Cell separation by enzymatic and mechanical methods. Counting and cell viability tests. Recombinant DNA Technology Isolation of genomic DNA and its electrophoretic separation. Restriction digestion of plasmid DNA. To obtain transposon Tn5 insertion into the genome of AK 631 strain of Rhizobium meliloti using suicide plasmid vector pGS 9. 	 Bioprocess Engineering Determination of growth kinetics of <i>E. coli</i> Demonstration of Bioreactor. Estimation of growth and product yield in a Bioconversion process. Comparison between aerobic and anaerobic process. Lactic acid production and estimation by titration. Recombinant DNA Technology Isolation of plasmid DNA from <i>E. coli</i>. Restriction digestion of plasmid DNA and its electrophoretic separation. To transfer plasmid plB3JI from J53 strain of <i>E. coli</i> to HB101 strain of <i>E. coli</i>. 	The theory paper Cell and Tissue Culture Technology has been merged with Plant & Animal Biotechnology paper. Thus, the practicals are Shifted to the VIII Semester which coincides with the theory paper Relevant practical introduced

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	 HB101 strain of E. coli. Bioinformatics 16. To check similarity between DNA and Protein sequence using DOT PLOT method. 17. To check sequence alignment of DNA and Protein sequence using dynamic sequencing. 	 Suggested Syllabus Bioinformatics 7. To check similarity between DNA and Protein sequence using DOT PLOT method. 8. To check sequence alignment of DNA and Protein sequence using dynamic programming. 9. Various exercises of <i>in silico</i> functional and comparative genomics in downloaded DNA and Protein sequences using: a. BLAST b. FASTA c. ClustalX Suggested Books: Green, M. R., & Sambrook, J. (2012). Molecular Cloning: a Laboratory Manual.Cold Spring Harbor, NY: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press. Mahajan, R., Sharma, J., & Mahajan, R.K. (2010). Practical Manual of Biotechnology (I Ed.). New Delhi: Vayu Education of India. Swamy, P.M. Laboratory Manual on Biotechnology (I Ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication. Vats, S. (2015). A Laboratory Text book of Biochemistry, Molecular Biology and Microbiology. 	Remarks
	B. Tech. Biotec	hnology VII Semester		Germany: GRIN Verlag.	
	Reading Electiv	ves to be offered in VII			
1)—	0	After successful			This course is
	Elective	completion of the	• Direct gene delivery systems Biolistics,		proposed to be
		course, students will	electroporation, microinjection and liposome mediated		discontinued.
	BT 7.1	be able to:	gene transfer.		
	1. Plant Constin	• Understand the	• Vectors used for gene transfer in plants: Ti and Ri		
	Genetic Engineering	various gene	plasmid based vectors.		
	Engineering	delivery system and	Gemini virus, cauliflower mosaic virus.		
		vectors Davalan concept of	Cloning vectors for plant genes: pUC vectors.		
		• Develop concept of	Other possible vectors – maize mitochondrial elements,		
		gene cloning in	nuclear genomic components, RNA viruses.		

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks	
		plants.	Section B			
		• Learn application of	Gene cloning strategies in plants cloning plastid and			
		genetic modified				
		plants	 Molecular markers for plants. 			
			Plant gene expression signals and genetic markers.			
			• Study of structure and function of representative plant			
			genomes viz. Chloroplast, mitochondrial and nuclear.			
			Section C			
			 Antisense RNA technology, use of RNAi. 			
			Arabidopsis as a model plant for genetic engineering.			
			Gene tagging.			
			 Improvement of seed storage proteins. 			
			• Transgenic plants with resistance against herbicide,			
			pesticide and disease resistance, stress tolerance.			
			Manipulation of photosynthetic carbon metabolism			
			(Rubisco) in transgenic plants.			
			Books Recommended:			
			→ Transgenic plants: Promise or danger by B.L.			
			Kakralya and Ishita Ahuja (Agrobios, India).			
			→ Plant Biotechnology by Ignacimuthu, S.J. (Oxford and			
			IBH publishing Co. PVT. Ltd.).			
			→ Applied Plant Biotechnology by S. Ignacimuthu S.J.			
			(Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi).			
2)	0	After successful	Section -A		This course	is
	Elective	completion of the			T T T	be
		course, students will			discontinued.	
	BT 7.1	be able to:	optimal tilt for solar equipments. Solar photovoltaic			
	2. Renewable					
	Energy	various forms of	components. Wind energy, wind flow, power in the wind,			
	Resources	conventional and	types of wind turbines, wind turbine sizing and systems			
		non conventional	design.			
		energy resources	Section -B			
		• Environmental	Biomass energy, introduction, types of biomass and their			
		aspects of these	applications, energy content of biomass, biomass as a source of energy, biomass-based fuels, structure of a biogas			
		energy sources	plant, design of a biogas plant, costing and payback period.			
		• Learn the present	piant, design of a biogas plant, costing and payback period.			

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		energy scenario and			
		the need for energy	production storage transportation alternate fuel for motor		
		conservation	vehicles, safety and management.		
			Section -C		
			Magneto hydro dynamic power, thermo electric power,		
			thermionic generation, thermonuclear fusion energy,		
			Energy storage and distribution Energy conservation		
			concept, principles technologies involved. Co-generation,		
			waste heat utilization heat recuperators, regenerators, heat		
			pipes & pumps. Renewable energy sources and devices and		
			their instrumentation and control.		
			Books Recommended:		
			Text Book:		
			➢ G. D. Rai, "Non conventional energy sources",		
			Khanna Publishers, New Delhi 2007.		
			Reference Books:		
			➢ Singhal R. K. "Non conventional energy sources"		
			Katson publishers. New Delhi 2009.		
			M. Chiogioji, "Industrial Energy Conservation",		
			McGraw Hill, New York, 1979.		
			Chetan Singh Solanki, "Renewable energy		
			technologies" PHI, New Delhi, 2009.		
	Molecular	After successful		The successful treatment of diseases essentially depends on	New course proposed
	Diagnostics	completion of the		the early and accurate detection of pathogens. Conventional	to be introduced
		course the students		methods are available for detection of infectious agents but	
		will be able to:		often they are time consuming and costly. Over the last	
		 Comprehend 		decade, molecular diagnostics has become the gold standard	
		techniques used to		to detect genetic disorders and infectious disease. These	
		diagnose diseases		techniques are sensitive and allow detection of even lower	
		• Use the gained		amounts of infectious agents, thus, allowing early detection	
		knowledge in		of infections. Molecular diagnostic methods include:	
		pursuing career in		immunological (ELISA), Monoclonal Antibodies,	
		diagnostic labs and		biofluorescent and bioluminescent systems (Colored	
		related research		fluorescent proteins, luciferase and microbial biosensors),	
		areas.		nucleic acid diagnostic systems (hybridization probes,	
				molecular beacons, DNA fingerprinting, RAPD, Real-Time	

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				PCR, Immunoquantitative Real-Time PCR and automated	
				DNA analysis). Further, for the detection of genetic	
				disorders like cystic fibrosis and sickle-cell anemia methods	
				viz., PCR/OLA, padlock probes, genotyping with	
				fluorescence labelled PCR primers and TaqMan assay and	
				mutation detection (PCR-Single strand conformation	
				polymorphism, PCR-denaturing gradient gel electrophoresis	
				and mismatch chemical cleavage) are generally employed.	
				Suggested Books:	
				Glick B.R., Pasternak J.J., & Patten C.L. (2010).	
				Molecular Biotechnology: Principles and applications	
				of recombinant DNA (4 th ed). American Society for	
				Microbiology.	
				Primrose, S.B., Twyman R.H., & Old R.W. (2001).	
				Principles of Gene Manipulation (6th ed). Wiley-	
				Blackwell.	
				Suggested e-resources	
				PCR-Denatured gradient gel electrophoresis	
				https://www.scq.ubc.ca/denaturing-gradient-gel-	
				electrophoresis-dgge-an-overview/	
				PCR-Single strand conformation polymorphism	
				https://genome.cshlp.org/content/1/1/34.long	
				Mismatch chemical cleavage	
				http://www.livingnaturally.com/ns/DisplayMonograph.a	
				sp?StoreID=3ED1FF6A18BD42979FFF73C8E8CD451	
				2&DocID=genomic-ccm	
-	Biodiversity	After completing this		India is considered as a mega diversity zone and falls among	
	and	course, students will		the major biodiversity hot spots of the world. It is necessary	to be introduced
	Conservation	be able to:		to understand distribution and types of biodiversity seen in	
		• Understand the		India especially with respect to ecological diversity, species	
		importance and gain		diversity and genetic diversity. However, due to several	
		knowledge of		reasons, there has been severe biodiversity loss not only in	
		various aspects of		India but globally. Thus, study of species extinction (local,	
		ecosystems		ecological, biological, background extinction, anthropogenic	
		• Describe the		extinction) based on IUCN status categories and Red Data	
		physiological and		Book is necessary to plan biodiversity preservation and	

S. No.	Course List Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	ecological		conservation strategies. The knowledge of endangered	
	adaptations of		species in India and various conservation strategies both in	
	different organisms		situ (biosphere reserve, national park, wildlife sanctuaries,	
	for survival and		sacred forests) and ex situ (Cryo-preservation, Gene banks,	
	growth in various		DNA banks) are important aspects to maintain biodiversity.	
	types of natural and		Books Recommended:	
	engineered		➤ Krishnamurthy, K.V. (2003). Textbook of Biodiversity	
	ecosystems		(1 st ed). USA:CRC Press publisher.	
			➤ Wilson, E.O., Peter, F.M. (1988). <i>Biodiversity</i> .	
			Washington, D.C., USA: National Academy press.	
			Sharma, A.K., Ray, D., Ghosh, S.N. (2012). <i>Biological</i>	
			Diversity: Origin, Evolution and Conservation, New	
			Delhi: Viva Books publisher.	
			Suggested e-Resources:	
			Biodiversity conservation	
			https://link.springer.com/content/pdf/10.1007%2Fs1053	
			1-015-0860-5.pdf	
			Biodiversity	
			http://ncert.nic.in/ncerts/l/lebo115.pdf	
			> Conservation	
			http://download.nos.org/333courseE/15.pdf	
			http://www.rgmcet.edu.in/wp-	
			content/uploads/2017/03/IV.BIODIVERSITY-AND-	
_			ITS-CONSERVATION.pdf	
5)	Emerging After successful		Globally, fuel from biomass has immense potential as a	· ·
	Trends in completion of the		commercially viable renewable energy source. Three	to be introduced
	Biofuel course, students will		generations of biomass identified for energy use have been	
	Technology be able to:		described (crop plants, lingo-cellulosic material and	
	• Understand the		microbial systems). Biomass can be converted to fuels,	
	production of		electricity, and process heat. The study of different	
	different types of		methodologies for biomass extraction (anaerobic digestion,	
	biofuel		gasification, fermentation, liquefaction) and their conversion	
	• Describe the		to various fuels like biodiesel, bio-hydrogen, bio-ethanol	
	environmental and		and biogas is important. Considering the environmental	
	social sustainability		ramifications, the study of biomass based energy is	
	aspects of biofuel		important for achieving environmental and social	

S. No.	Course List Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<u>5. No.</u>	Course List Learning outcomes • Learn the present energy scenario and the need for energy conservation	Existing Syllabus	 Suggested Syllabus sustainability. Suggested Books: Chiogioji, M. (1979). Industrial Energy Conservation. New York, USA: McGraw Hill. Singhal, R. K. (2013). Non -conventional energy sources. New Delhi: S.K. Kataria & Sons publishers. Gude, V. G. (2018). Green chemistry for sustainable biofuel production. Oakville, ON Waretown, NJ AAP, Apple Academic Press [Boca Raton] CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group. In Gikonyo, B. (2015). Efficiency and sustainability in biofuel production: Environmental and land-use research. Oakville, ON Canada ; Waretown, NJ, USA : Apple Academic Press Suggested e-Resources: Technology for biofuel https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108108078/7 Biofuel http://www.teriin.org/policybrief/docs/biofuel.pdf Biogas plant http://cdn.intechopen.com/pdfs/31334/InTech-Biogas_plant_constructions.pdf 	Kemarks
	B. Tech. Biotechnology VIII Semeste	r		
18.	BT 8.1 After successful		Section - A	
	Animal Biotechnologycompletion of the course, students should be able to:Develop comprehensive concepts of cell and tissueculture techniques and methodologyGain fertilizationfundamental concepts of in vitro fertilization	 In vitro fertilization and Embryo Transfer: Composition of IVF media, steps involved in IVF, Fertilization by means of Micro insemination, PZD, ICSI, SUZI and MESA. Cryopreservation: Need of cryopreservation, nature of assay, viability of assay, survival assay, microtitration assay and transformation assay. Section - B Animal cell culture products and their applications. Transgenic animal: Methodology, Embryonic stem cell 	 Animal cell culture: brief history of animal cell culture, cell culture media and reagents, animal cell growth characteristics. Disaggregation techniques, primary cell cultures, secondary culture, continuous cell lines, suspension cultures, establishment and maintenance of cell cultures. Cell viability assays, cytotoxicity assays, survival assay and transformation assay. Section - B Animal reproductive biotechnology: structure of sperms and ovum; cryopreservation of sperms and ova of livestock; artificial insemination; super ovulation, 	Contents of 'Cell and Tissue Culture Technology' in the VII Sem has been incorporated with addition of some latest topics. Contents have been replaced with latest topics

S. No. Co	Course List Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
S. No. C	List Learning outcomes animal cloning Explain applications of cell and tissue culture in pharmaceutical industry	Applications of transgenic animal.	 Suggested Syllabus embryo recovery and <i>in vitro</i> fertilization Culture of embryos; cryopreservation of embryos; embryo transfer technology; transgenic manipulation of animal embryos. Animal cloning: Basic concept; cloning for conservation of endangered species. Section - C Vaccinology: History of development of vaccines, introduction to the concept of vaccines, conventional methods of animal vaccine production, recombinant approaches to vaccine production, modern vaccines. Somatic Hybridization: Fusogens, basis of somatic hybridization technology, storage of hybridoma cells, productions of monoclonal antibodies. General overview of applications of transgenic animal technology and animal cell culture products. Suggested Books: Bernard, R., Glick, Jack, J., Pasternak, Cheryl, L, &. Patten. (2009). Molecular Biotechnology Principles and Applications of Recombinant DNA (4th ed.). ASM press. Butler, M. (2004). Animal Cell Culture & Technology (2nd ed.). UK: Taylor & Francis. Davis, J. M. (2011). Animal Cell Culture: Essential Methods. USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd. Freshney, R. I. (2011). Culture of Animal Cells: A Manual of Basic Technique and Specialized Applications (6th ed.). USA: Wiley-Blackwell. Gordon, I. (2005). Reproductive Techniques in Farm Animals. Oxford: CAB International. John, R. W. (2000). Animal Cell Culture: a Practical Approach (3rd ed.). UK: Oxford Unievrsity Press. Levine, M. M. (2004). New Generation Vaccines. New York: M. Dekker. 	'Gene therapy' is taught in VI Semester. Thus, it has been replaced with relevant topics

S. No	. Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Suggested e-Resources: Animal cell culture products http://www.biologydiscussion.com/biotechnology/anima l-biotechnology/applications-of-animal-cell- cultures/10457 Artificial Insemination https://fertilityfirst.com.au/wp- content/uploads/2017/02/intrauterine-insemination- iui.pdf Intracytoplasmic Sperm Injection (ICSI) https://www.intechopen.com/books/advances-in- embryo-transfer/new-advances-in-intracytoplasmic- sperm-injection-icsi- 	
19.	BT 8.2 Bioethics and Biosafety				This course is proposed to be shifted in VIII semester and offered as an elective course.
20.	BT 8.4 Environmental Biotechnology	After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: • Understand the biological process for sewage and wastewater management • Discuss role of biology in sustainable technology development • Explain the role of microbes in environmental remediation	 Section – A Biological processing of sewage and wastewater treatment: Anaerobic and aerobic, conventional, advanced and new emerging technology, methanogensis, methanogenic, acetogenic and fermentative bacteria – technical process and conditions. Solid waste management: Waste monitoring, treatment and disposal of non-hazardous solid waste, general remedial measures for medical waste management and Hazardous waste. Section – B Bioenergy and Biofuel: Advantages of Biofuels, plant derived fuels, energy crops, Biogas, Bioethanol and Biohydrogen. Biopolymers and Bioplastics: Types of Bio-polymers, Preparation of Bio polymers and Bio-plastics, 	 Section – A Biological processing of sewage and wastewater treatment: anaerobic and aerobic, conventional, advanced and new emerging technology, methanogensis, methanogenic, acetogenic and fermentative bacteria – technical process and conditions. Solid waste management: waste monitoring, treatment and disposal of non-hazardous solid waste, general remedial measures for medical waste management and hazardous waste. Section – B Bioenergy and biofuel: advantages of biofuels, plant derived fuels, energy crops, biogas, bioethanol and biohydrogen. Biopolymers and bioplastics: types of bio-polymers, preparation of bio polymers and bioplastics, properties 	Typographical corrections only

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			advantages and disadvantages of Bioplastics.	disadvantages of bioplastics.	
			• Biosensors: Principle and application, BOD,	• Biosensors: principle and application, BOD, ammonium,	
			Ammonium, Nitrate and Sulphate.	nitrate and sulphate.	
			Section – C	Section – C	
			• Biodegradation of Xenobiotics: Organisms involved in	• Biodegradation of xenobiotics: organisms involved in	
			degradation of chlorinated hydrocarbons, polyaromatic	degradation of chlorinated hydrocarbons, polyaromatic	
			hydrocarbons, pesticides.	hydrocarbons, pesticides.	
			• Surfactants and microbial treatment of oil pollution.	• Surfactants and microbial treatment of oil pollution.	
			Biofertilizers and Biopesticides	Biofertilizers and biopesticides	
			• Bioremediation and Biorestoration: General	• Bioremediation and biorestoration: general approaches,	
			approaches, Reforestation through micropropagation,	reforestation through micropropagation, use of microbes	
			use of microbes for improving soil fertility, germplasm	for improving soil fertility, germplasm conservation	
			conservation (gene banks), conservation of Biodiversity	(gene banks), conservation of Biodiversity (in situ and	
			(<i>in situ</i> and <i>ex situ</i>).	ex situ).	
			Books Recommended:	Suggested Books:	
			\succ An Introduction to Environmental Biotechnology:	➤ Jogdand, S. N. (2010). Environmental Biotechnology	
			Milton Wainwright, Kluwer Academic Press.	(Industrial pollution management) (3rd ed.). Mumbai,	
			➢ Environmental Biotechnology: Alen Scragg,	India: Himalaya Publishing House.	
			Longman.	➤ Milton, W. (Ed.). (1999). An Introduction to	
			Encyclopedia of Pollution and its Control Vol. I-VI.	Environmental Biotechnology. USA: Springer.	
			➢ Environmental Impact Assenment: Clark, Bissel &	Modi, P. N. (2015). Sewage treatment & disposal and	
			Watham.	waste water engineering. New Delhi, India: Rajsons	
			➢ J. Winter, Environmental Processes I-III 2nd Ed.	Publications Pvt. Ltd.	
			➢ Metcalf Eddy – Waste water Biotechnology, Wiley	Srinivasan, D. (2009). Environmental Engineering. New	
			Pub.	Delhi, India: PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.	
			➢ Ted Munn, Encyclopedia of Global Environmental	Thakur, I. S. (2012). Environmental Biotechnology: Basic	
			changes, 5 Vol. Set Wiley Pub.	concepts and Application (2 nd ed.). New Delhi: I K	
			> Metcalf Eddy – Waste water Engineering – 3 Ed.;	International Publishing House.	
			THM Pub.	Tripathi, B. N., Shekhawat, G. S., & Sharma, V. (Ed.).	
			➤ Introduction to waste water treatment: R.S. Ramalho.	(2009). Applications of Biotechnology. Jaipur, India:	
			Environmental Chemistry: Dr. A. K.	Aavishkar Publishers.	
			Environmental Science: Miller T. G.	Suggested e-Resources:	
			Applications of Biotechnology: Eds. B N Tripathi, G S	Biological treatment of wastewater	
			Shekhawat and Vinay Sharma, Aavishkar publishers	http://www.neoakruthi.com/blog/biological-treatment-	
				of-wastewater.html	
				> Biogas	

S. No. (Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 http://www.biologydiscussion.com/biomass/production- of-biogas-from-biomass/10436 Biofuel http://uru.ac.in/uruonlinelibrary/BioFuels/Biomass%20a nd%20biofuels.pdf Biosensor https://www.edgefx.in/biosensors-types-its-working- and-applications/ Xenobiotic compound biodegradation http://www.biologydiscussion.com/microbiology- 2/bioremediation/xenobiotic-compounds-meaning- hazards-and-biodegradation/55625 	
21. B'	ST 8.5	After successful	Section – A	Section – A	
Pl	lant iotechnology	 completion of the course, students should be able to: Develop comprehensive concepts of cell and tissue culture techniques and methodology Understand the basic concepts of transgenic plants and molecular pharming Comprehend the basic knowledge of chloroplast engineering and edible vaccines 	 Introduction, scope and future outlook. Transgenic plants - basic concept and essential steps for producing transgenic plants, Examples, use of suitable promoters. Development of plants for improved seed quality. Development of plants resistant to environmental stress and herbicides. Development of pathogen resistant plants (Virus and insect resistance). Section – B Artificial seeds. Plant gene banks, germplasm collection, Cryobanks. Plant secondary metabolites, metabolic engineering, strategies for enhancement of their production in cell and tissue culture. Plants as Biofactories – concept, production – of chemicals, pigments, perfumes, flavors, insecticides, anticancer agents etc. 	 Plant tissue culture: historical perspective, totipotency, media preparation ,nutrients and plant hormones. sterilization techniques, establishment of cultures :callus culture, cell suspension culture, organogenesis, somatic embryogenesis; artificial seeds Micropropagation, somaclonal variation, somatic hybridization, cybrids. Protoplast isolation and culture, viability test, techniques of protoplast fusion, haploid production and applications. Section – B Transgenic plants - basic concept and use of suitable promoters. Development of plants resistant to environmental stress and herbicides. Development of plants secondary metabolites, metabolic engineering, strategies for enhancement of their production in cell and tissue culture. Concept of plants as biofactories, molecular pharming. 	Contents of 'Cell and Tissue Culture Technology' in the VII Sem has been incorporated with addition of some latest topics.

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			biopharmaceuticals, introduction of agronomic traits,	application of chloroplast transgenics in production of	
			viz. disease resistance, herbicide resistance, salt and	biopharmaceuticals and introduction of agronomic traits	
			drought resistance, phytoremediation etc.	• Edible Vaccines.	
			• Edible Vaccines.	• Plant gene banks, germplasm collection, cryobanks.	
			 Radiobiology of cultured plant cells. 	• Biotechnology of biological nitrogen fixation: <i>nif</i> genes.	
			• Biotechnology of biological nitrogen fixation: nif	Suggested Books:	
			genes.	➢ Bhojwani, S. S., & Razdan, M K. (1996). Plant Tissue	
			Books Recommended:	Culture: Theory and Practice. Nederland: Elsevier	
			➢ Biotechnology - A laboratory Course: J. M. Becker,	Science.	
			G.A. Cold well and E.A. Zachgo, Academic Press, New York.	Chawla, H. S. (2000). Introduction to Plant Biotechnology. USA: Science Publishers.	
			 Genetic Engineering Technology in Industrial Pharmacy: Ed J.M. Tabor. 	 Gupta, P. K. (2005). <i>Elements of Biotechnology</i>. India: Rastogi Publications. 	
			 Tissue Culture, Methods and Applications: P.F. Kruse. Applications of biotechnology: Eds. B N Tripathi, G S 	 Singh, B. D. (2015). <i>Biotechnology</i>. Kolkata, India: Kalyani Publishers. 	
			Shekhawat and Vinay Sharma, Aavishkar publishers.	Slater, A., Scott, N., & Fowler, M. (2008). Plant	
				<i>Biotechnology: The Genetic Manipulation of Plants</i> (2 nd edition). UK: Oxford University Press.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				Background of Tissue Culture Technology	
				http://www.biologydiscussion.com/botany/tissue-	
				culture/tissue-culture-definition-history-and-	
				importance/42944	
				Embryogenesis and organogenesis	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103016/module1/lec8/3.ht	
				 Single Cell Cultures and Cloning: 	
				http://www.biologydiscussion.com/botany/tissue-	
				culture/methods-for-obtaining-single-cell-clones-from-	
				callus-culture-plant-tissue-culture/43004	
				Protoplasm isolation and regeneration	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103016/12	
				Haploid plant production	
				http://www.biologydiscussion.com/plants/haploid-	
				plants/production-of-haploid-plants-with-diagram/10700	
				Preservation of cell lines	

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				https://www.ukessays.com/essays/biology/techniques-	
				for-cell-preservation-biology-essay.php	
				Somatic hybridization	
				http://www.biologydiscussion.com/somatic-	
				hybridization/somatic-hybridization-aspects-	
	DT 0.2	4.0		applications-and-limitations/10686	
22.	BT 8.3	After successful	Plant Biotechnology	Plant Biotechnology	Practical exercises of
	Biotechnology	completion of the	1. Extraction and estimation of phenol based secondary	1. Preparation of MS medium	the Paper Cell &
	Lab - V	course, students	metabolites.	2. Sterilization techniques	Tissue Culture
		should be able to:	2. Isolation of chloroplast genome.	3. Embryo culture.	Technology, which
			3. Restriction analysis of chloroplast genome.	4. Shoot tip culture	were removed from
		techniques of plant	4. Isolation of plant genomic DNA.	5. Encapsulation of embryo using sodium alginate	VI Semester, are
		and animal	5. Artificial seeds.	6. Isolation of protoplasts.	proposed to be
		biotechnology	6. Shoot tip culture.	7. Estimation of total phenolic content from plant leaves	incorporated.
		• Learn analytical	7. Isolation of protoplasts.		
		techniques to	Environmental Biotechnology	Environmental Biotechnology	
		estimate toxicity of	8. Degradation of pesticide in soil and estimation of its	8. Degradation of pesticide in soil and estimation of its	
		hazardous	residue.	residue.	
		component	9. Determination of fluoride in water/soil/biosamples.	9. Determination of fluoride in water/soil/biosamples.	
		• Demonstrate an	10. Determination of LD50 of common	10. Determination of LD_{50} of common	
		understanding to	pesticides/weedicides.	pesticides/weedicides.	
		assess water	11. Bacteriological Analysis of wastewater.	11. Bacteriological Analysis of wastewater.	
		pollution	12. Demonstration of Biosensors, Principle and	12. Estimation of BOD from water samples.	
		• Demonstrate animal	Application, eg. BOD, Nitrite, sulfite on the basis of		
		cell culture	availability.		
		techniques	Animal Biotechnology	Animal Biotechnology	
		1	13. Initiation of primary cell culture and maintenance	13. Cell counting and determination of cell viability	Feasible experiments
			14. Isolation of hepatocytes	14. Preparation of metaphase chromosomes	have been included.
				Suggested Books:	
				Kumar, V. (2011). <i>Laboratory Manual of Microbiology</i> .	
				New Delhi: Scientific Publishers.	
				Mahajan, R., Sharma, J., & Mahajan, R.K. (2010).	
				Practical Manual of Biotechnology (1 st ed.). New Delhi:	
				Vayu Education of India.	
				Saxena, J., Baunthiyal., & Ravi, I. (2015). Laboratory	
				Manual of Microbiology, Biochemistry and Molecular	

S. No	o. Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Biology. Jodhpur: Scientific Publishers. Sharma, R.K., Sangha, S.P.S. (2009). Basic Techniques in Biochemistry & Molecular Biology. New Delhi: I.K. International Publisher. Swamy, P.M. Laboratory Manual on Biotechnology (1st ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication. Trivedi, R. (2016). Practical Manual in Microbial Physiology and Industrial Microbiology (1st ed.). New Delhi: S. K. Book Agency. 	
		offered in VIII Semeste			
1)	BT 8.6 1 Biomedical Engineering	 After successful completion of the course, students will be able to: Understand different human systems and associated physiological disorders Explain the role of recent medical advances in diagnostics and treatment Develop high employability as a biomedical scientist 	 An introduction to Biomedical Engineering Applications and scope of Engineering in Medical Science Respiratory System: Anatomy and physiology, Disorders and diagnostics. Digestive System: Anatomy and physiology, Disorders and diagnostics. Excretory System: renal anatomy and physiology, disorders and diagnostics Section – B Electrical potentials in the human body. Cardio Vascular System: Anatomy of heart, Cardiac Cycle and ECG or EKG, pacemaker, Heart disorders, 	 Section - A An introduction to biomedical engineering. Applications and scope of engineering in medical science. Respiratory system: anatomy and physiology, disorders and diagnostics. Digestive system: anatomy and physiology, disorders and diagnostics. Excretory System: renal anatomy and physiology, disorders and diagnostics. Section - B Electrical potentials in the human body. Cardio vascular system: anatomy of heart, cardiac cycle and ECG or EKG, pacemaker, heart disorders, diagnostics. Haemodynamics: blood flow, velocity, circulation time, blood pressure, resistance, blood and vascular modeling. Muscular system: anatomy, physiology and electrical properties of muscles. clinical consideration and diagnostics. Nervous system: Synapse, electrical properties of neurons, neuromuscular functions, disorders and diagnostics. Section - C Biomaterials and implantable sensors. 	Typographical Corrections only

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			• Testings of biomaterials <i>In vitro</i> and <i>In vivo</i> .	• Testing of biomaterials <i>in vitro</i> and <i>in vivo</i> .	
			• Artificial heart.	• Artificial heart.	
			Dialysis Machine.	• Dialysis machine.	
			 Medical Imaging: X- ray, design of X-ray tube. 	• Medical imaging: X- ray, design of X-ray tube.	
			• Medical imaging processes and projections, 3D, 2D	• Medical imaging processes and projections, 3D, 2D slice	
			slice identification, CAT, MMR, MRI, PET / SPECT.	identification, CAT, MMR, MRI, PET / SPECT.	
			Books Recommended:	Suggested Books:	
			Principles of Anatomy and Physiology: G.M. Tortora.	Bushberg, J. T. (2012). <i>The Essential Physics of Medical</i>	
			Human physiology Vol. I and Vol. II : C.C. Chatterjee.	Imaging. Philadelphia, PA: Wolters Kluwer / Lippincott	
			> Introduction to Biomedical Engineering - Enderle,	Williams & Wilkins.	
			Blanchrard & Bronzine.	Chatterjee, C.C. (1992). Human Physiology (11 th ed.).	
			Medical Instrumentation – Application & Design: John G. Webster	Kolkata: Medical Allied Agency. ➤ Enderle, J. D., Bronzino, J. D., & Blanchard, S. M.	
			 Biomechanics: Y. C. Fung. 	(2005). Introduction to Biomedical Engineering.	
			 The Essentials of Physics of Medical Imaging: J.J. 	Amsterdam: Elsevier Academic Press.	
			Bushberg et. al.	➢ Fung, Y. C. (1993). Biomechanics: Mechanical	
				Properties of Living Tissues. New York: Springer-	
				Verlag.	
				> Tortora, G. J., & Derrickson, B. (2017). Principles of	
				Anatomy & Physiology John Wiley & Sons.	
				→ Webster, J. G., & Clark, J. W. (1998). <i>Medical</i>	
				instrumentation: Application and Design. New York:	
				Wiley.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				Cardiocascular and hemodynamics	
				https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/a102/b25a8c6b74b97b4	
				bfc8e6d5391aa95308925.pdf ➤ Medical image processing	
				http://www.bme.teiath.gr/medisp/downloads/education/e	
				n_NOTES_IMAGE_PROCESSING_CAVOURAS.pdf	
				 Artificial heart 	
				https://www.heartfoundation.org.au/images/uploads/pub	
				lications/Artifical-hearts-information-sheet.pdf	
2)	BT 8.6 2	After successful	Section – A	Section – A	
	Food and	completion of the	 History of microorganisms in food. 	• Introduction and history of microorganisms in food.	
	Dairy	course, students will	• Intrinsic and extrinsic parameters that affect microbial	• Intrinsic and extrinsic parameters that affect microbial	

S. No	. Course List Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	Biotechnology be able to: • Identify parameter affecting microbia	detection of food borne microorganisms.	 growth. Microbiological examination of food. Enumeration and detection of food borne microorganisms (conventional, 	Subtopics have been
	growth and its effect on food • Demonstrate au understanding o various food	• Methods of food preservation.	 immunological, molecular, biosensor). Bioassay and related methods. Food preservation by controlling growth of microorganisms (asepsis, low temperature, high temperature, non-thermal processes, hurdle concept). 	introduced to make the content precise with addition of relevant topics.
	 processing and preservation method Describe contemporary foor related policies and their implications 	 Section – B Brewing: Beer, wine and distilled spirits. Micro organisms in meat, poultry, baked products, fermented vegetables. 	 Section – B Alcoholic beverages: Beer, wine and distilled spirits. Fermented meat products: sausages, salami. Fermented vegetables products: Sauerkraut, miso, tempeh, kimchi, gundruk, khalpi. Protein foods: Single cell proteins (SCP), mushroom, algal proteins. Overview of the International and National guidelines 	Subtopics have been introduced to make the content precise with addition of relevant topics
		 Section – C Emerging processing and preservation technologies for milk and dairy products. Fermented Dairy products: Cheese, yogurt, whey and butter. Lactose metabolism production of aroma compounds. Xanthum gum, Pullulan, Rennin, Amylase 	 for safety assessment of genetically modified (GM) foods. Section - C Emerging processing and preservation technologies for milk and dairy products. Fermented dairy products: Cheese, yogurt, kefir, butter. Lactose metabolism production of aroma compounds. Food safety acts (Indian act-Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006, Various food acts-PFA, FPO, AGMARK, MMPO, MFPO, edible oil acts, standard weight acts) and regulatory agencies monitoring safety of foods. 	Whey is replaced by Kefir as whey is a byproduct of cheese production thus already covered there More important and relevant topics are introduced.
		 Books Recommended: Food Microbiology: W.C. Frazier, D.C. Westhoff, 3rd ed. Tata McGraw Hill Food Microbiology: M.R. Adams, M.O. Moss New Age international (p) Ltd. Stanbury, PF., Whitekar, A. and Hall, S.J. (1995) Principles of fermentation technology 2nd ed. 	 Suggested Books: Adams, M. R., & Moss, M. O. (2007). Food Microbiology. Royal Society of Chemistry. Banwart, G.J. (1989). Basic Food Microbiology. CBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi Frazier, W.C., & Westhoff, D.C. (2003). Food Microbiology. Tata McGraw Hill, Inc., New York. 	

S. No.	Course List Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		Pergamon Press.	Fermentation. Asiatech Publishers Inc.	
		➤ Banwart, G.J. (1989) Basic Food Microbiology. CBS	Robinson, R.K. (1990). Dairy Microbiology. Elsevier	
		Publishers and Distributors, Delhi	Applied Sciences, London.	
		≻ Robinson R.K. (1990) Dairy Microbiology, Elsevier	Stanbury, P.F., Hall, S. J., & Whitaker, A. (1999).	
		Applied Sciences, London	Principles of Fermentation Technology. Butterworth-	
			Heinemann, Elsevier Science Ltd.	
			Suggested e-Resources:	
			History of microorganisms in food	
			https://faculty.weber.edu/coberg/class/3853/3853%20Hi storyofFood.htm	
			 Quality control of food detection system 	
			https://www.engineersgarage.com/Contribution/Arduino	
			-based-Smart-IoT-Food-Quality-Monitoring-System	
			Food Preservation	
			https://sciencesamhita.com/methods-of-food-	
			preservation/	
			Genetically modified food	
			http://anrcatalog.ucdavis.edu/pdf/8180.pdf	
3)	BT 8.6 3 After successful	Section – A	Section – A	Typographical
	Genomics and completion of the	 Introduction to Genomics and Proteomics. 	 Introduction to genomics and proteomics. 	Corrections only
	Proteomics course, students will	Gene Prediction and Counting.	Gene prediction and counting.	
	be able to:	• Genome Similarity: SNPs and comparative genomics.	• Genome similarity: SNPs and comparative genomics.	
	• Understand the	• Functional Genomics: Microarray technique,	• Functional genomics: Microarray technique,	
	scope of genomics	Fluorescence in situ hybridization, Comparative	fluorescence in situ hybridization, comparative genomic	
	with special	genomic hybridization, microarray	hybridization, microarray.	
	emphasis on	• Mapping genome modifications for crop improvement,	• Mapping genome modifications for crop improvement,	
	functional and	Gene mining by transposons.	gene mining by transposons.	
	structural genomics	Section – B	Section – B	
	• Describe role of	• Proteomics and Proteome: Proteomics and the new	• Proteomics and proteome: proteomics and the new	
1	proteomics and	biology, the proteome method for measurement of gene	biology, the proteome method for measurement of gene	
1	various techniques associated	(mRNA) expression.	(mRNA) expression.	
1		• Analytical protein and peptide separations: Two-	• Analytical protein and peptide separations: two-	
	• Demonstrate	dimensional gel electrophoresis for proteome analysis,	dimensional gel electrophoresis for proteome analysis,	
	practical insight of	Image analysis of two dimensional gels, Detection of	Image analysis of two dimensional gels, detection of	
	techniques and tools applied in Proteomic	proteins in polyacrylamide gels and on electroblot	proteins in polyacrylamide gels and on electroblot	
	applied in Ploteolilic	membranes.	membranes.	

S. No.	Course List	Learning	outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<u>S. No.</u>	Course List	Learning of and research	genomic	 Existing Syllabus Mass-spectrometry based method for protein identification and phosphorylation site analysis. Section – C Application of proteomics: Drug development and toxicology, mixing proteome, protein expression profile, identifying protein-protein interaction and protein complexes, mapping protein modifications, as tool for plant genetics and breeding. Novel approaches to protein expression analysis. Bridging genomics and proteomics. Protein arrays: Generation of cDNA expression Libraries, use of automated technologies to generate protein arrays and chips, application of protein arrays in proteomics. Characterization of protein complement of a specific cell type or tissue or a certain time by high-resolution 2DE. Bridging the current proteomics and genomic approaches by mass spectrometry, Future perspective and developments. Books Recommended: Proteomics: from protein sequence to function. Edited by S.R. Pennington & M.J. Dunn. Published by viva books. (2002). Introduction to proteomics: Tools for the new biology by Daniel C. Liebler published by Humana Press (2002). 	 Mass-spectrometry based method for protein identification and phosphorylation site analysis. Section – C Application of proteomics: drug development and toxicology, mixing proteome, protein expression profile, identifying protein-protein interaction and protein complexes, mapping protein modifications, as tool for plant genetics and breeding. Novel approaches to protein expression analysis. Protein arrays: Generation of cDNA expression Libraries, use of automated technologies to generate protein arrays and chips, application of protein arrays in proteomics. Characterization of protein complement of a specific cell type or tissue or a certain time by high-resolution 2DE. Bridging the current proteomics and genomic approaches by mass spectrometry, Future perspective and developments. Suggested Books: Brown, S.M. (2015). <i>Next-generation DNA sequencing Informatics</i> (2nd ed.). Cold Spring Harbor Press. Lesk, A.M. (2015). <i>Introduction to Genomics</i> (2nd ed.). Oxford University Press. Liebler, D. C. (2001). <i>Introduction to proteomics tools for the new biology</i>. Humana Press. Pennington, S. R., Dunn, M. J., & Ebrary, Inc. (2001). <i>Proteomics: From protein sequence to function.</i> Oxford: BIOS. Pevsner, J. (2017). <i>Bioinformatics and Functional</i> 	Repetition
				 2DE. Bridging the current proteomics and genomic approaches by mass spectrometry, Future perspective and developments. Books Recommended: 	 approaches by mass spectrometry, Future perspective and developments. Suggested Books: ➢ Brown, S.M. (2015). Next-generation DNA sequencing Informatics (2nd ed.). Cold Spring Harbor Press. 	
				 by S.R. Pennington & M.J. Dunn. Published by viva books. (2002). Introduction to proteomics: Tools for the new biology by Daniel C. Liebler published by Humana Press 	 Oxford University Press. Liebler, D. C. (2001). Introduction to proteomics tools for the new biology. Humana Press. Pennington, S. R., Dunn, M. J., & Ebrary, Inc. (2001). Proteomics: From protein sequence to function. 	
					 Publishers. Suggested e-Resources: 	

S. No. Course List Learning outo	omes Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		 Protein array https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC368011 0/pdf/nihms465562.pdf Gene mining by transposon http://transposonpsi.sourceforge.net/ Applications of proteomics in drug development https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/full/10.1002/jcb.105 76 	
Immunotechn ologycompletion of course, studer be able to:• Explain struct function of immune syste cellular molecular leve• Describe immunization, ation, immuno disease immunotherap• Develop appr	 ts will major Histocompatibility complex. Structural organization and expression of immunoglobulin genes and Generation of antibody diversity. Genomic organization, structure and isolation of TCR. Genomic organization, structure and negative selection in Thymus, Apoptosis. Section – B Autoimmune diseases (Organspecific and Systemic autoimmune disease). Immune response to infectious diseases (Viral, Bacterial Protozoan and Parasitic infections). Immunodeficiency diseases (Phagocytic, Humoral, Cell 	 Section – A General organization, expression and regulation of major histocompatibility complex. Structural organization and expression of immunoglobulin genes and generation of antibody diversity. Genomic organization, structure and isolation of TCR. Immune regulation, positive and negative selection in thymus, apoptosis. Section – B Autoimmune diseases (organspecific and systemic autoimmune disease). Immune response to infectious diseases (viral, bacterial, protozoan and parasitic infections). Immunodeficiency diseases (phagocytic, humoral, cell mediated, combined cell mediated humoral deficiencies and complement deficiencies). Immune System in AIDS. Section – C Tumor Biology Transplantation immunology. Synthetic vaccines. Cloning techniques and engineered antibody production and application, T cell cloning. Suggested Books: Abbas, A. K., Lichtman, A. H. & amp; Pillai, S. (2017). <i>Cellular and Molecular Immunology</i> (9th ed.). Elsevier. Delves, P. J., Martin, S. J., Burton, D. R., & Roitt, I. M. (2006). <i>Roitt's Essential Immunology</i> (11th ed.). Wiley- 	Typographical corrections only

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Immunochemistry in Practice: A Johnstone and R. Thrope Blackwell Scientific Publications. Benjamin E and Leskowitz S. Immunology a short course. Wiley Liss NY to 1991. Richard A. Goldshy et al. Immunology 5th Ed. W.H. Freeman and Co., NY 2003. Pravesh C.Sen Gupta, Clinical Imunology, Oxford India. 2003 (2vol.) Klans D.Elgret (1996) Immunology-understanding of immune system.Wiley-Liss.NY Topley and Wilson's (1995) Text Book on Principles of Bacteriology, Virology and Immunology IX Ed. Edward Arnold, London. Fundamentals of Immunology: Paul W.E. (Eds.) Raven Press, New York, 1988. Antibodies a laboratory Manual: Harlow and David Lane (1988), Cold spring harbor laboratory. Cellular Interactions and Immunology – Abbas A.K., Lichtman A.H. and Pober, J.S. Immunobiology 3rd ed. – Janeway Travers 	 Blackwell. Punt, J., Stranford, S., Jones, P., & Owen, J. (2018). <i>Kuby Immunology</i> (8th ed.). W. H. Freeman and Company. Tizard, I. R. (1995). <i>Immunology: Introduction</i> (4th ed.). Philadelphia: Saunders College Publishing. Suggested e-Resources: Cellular and Molecular Immunology https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/health-sciences-and- technology/hst-176-cellular-and-molecular- immunology-fall-2005/lecture-notes/ 	
	BT 8.6 5 Microbial Technology	 After successful completion of the course, students will be able to: Utilize various strategies for isolation, strain improvement, maintenance and containment of microbes Describe strategies used for large scale production from 	 Section – A Biotechnological innovation in pharmaceutical health, 	 Section – A Biotechnological innovation in pharmaceutical health, agricultural and industrial sectors. Strategies for selection and improvement of industrial strains. Measurement and control of bioprocess parameters. Metabolic pathways and metabolic control mechanism. Section – B Industrial production of biofuel, steroids and single cell protein. Biofertilizers (<i>Rhizobium</i> and BGA) and biopesticides (Bt toxin). Biosensors (NH₄, Sulphide) and biofilms. Biopolymers: PHB, Xanthum gum. 	Typographical corrections only

S. No.	Course List Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	microorganisms	Section - C	Section - C	
	including	• Microbial overproduction of recombinant molecules:	• Microbial overproduction of recombinant molecules:	
	overexpression	Selection of suitable promoter sequences, ribosome	selection of suitable promoter sequences, ribosome	
	 Understand advances 	binding sites, transcription terminator, fusion protein	binding sites, transcription terminator, fusion protein	
	in field of microbial	tags, protease cleavage sites and enzymes, plasmid	tags, protease cleavage sites and enzymes, plasmid copy	
	technology for	copy number, inducible expression systems.	number, inducible expression systems.	
	societal benefit	• Large scale production using recombinant	• Large scale production using recombinant	
		microorganisms.	microorganisms.	
		Books Recommended:	Suggested Books:	
		➢ Biotechnological innovations in chemical synthesis,	Braun, V. & Gotz, F. (Eds.). (2002). Microbial	
		BIOTOL Publisher: butterworth-Heinemann.	Fundamentals of Biotechnology. Wiley-Vch.	
			Crueger, W., & Crueger, A. (1990). <i>Biotechnology</i> , A	
		Publishers (AVI Publishing Company)	Text Book of Industrial Microbiology (2 nd ed.). U.S:	
		➢ Genetics and biotechnology of industrial	Sinauer Associates Inc	
		microorganisms. C.L. Hershnergev, S. W. Queener		
		and Q. Hegeman. Publisher: American Society of	Biotechnology. Cambridge University Press.	
		Microbiology, Ewesis. Et at., 1998. Bioremediation	Kun, L.Y. (Ed.) (2003). Microbial Biotechnology:	
		principles. McGraw Hill.	Principles and Applications. World Scientific	
		> Protein Expression: A Practical Approach edited by	Publication Co. Ptv. Ltd.	
		S.J. Higgins and B.D. Hames (OUP).	Suggested e-Resources:	
			Microbial Biotechnology	
			http://www.biologydiscussion.com/microbial-	
			biotechnology-2/microbial-biotechnology-	
			biotechnology-2/71609	
			> Biosensor	
			https://www.edgefx.in/biosensors-types-its-working-	
			and-applications/ Biofertilizer	
			www.krishisewa.com/articles/organic-agriculture/115-	
			biofertilizers.html	
			 Biopesticide 	
			www.agriinfo.in/default.aspx?page=topic&superid=3&t	
			opicid=1950	
6)	BT 8.6 6 After successful	Section – A	Section – A	Typographical
0,	Molecular completion of the		• Protein conformations, folding and mutation through	corrections only
	Modeling and course, students will	modeling. The multi drug resistance proteins, drug	modeling. The multi drug resistance proteins, drug	

scope of pharmacokinetic properties, influence of structural pharmacokinetic properties, influence of modifications on pharmacokinetic properties, modifications on pharmacokinetic pharm	to drugs,
scope of pharmacokinetic properties, influence of structural pharmacokinetic properties, influence of modifications on pharmacokinetic properties, modifications on pharmacokinetic pharmacokinet	f structural
pharmacokinetics modifications on pharmacokinetic properties, modifications on pharmacokinetic	
	properties,
and computer aided Pharmacodynamics studies. pharmacodynamics studies.	
drug designing. Section – B Section – B	
• Identify and search • Introduction to semi-empirical, molecular mechanics • Introduction to semi-empirical, molecular mechanics	
potential drug leads and ab intio techniques, potential energy surfaces, ab intio techniques, potential energy surfaces	
using various tools docking and modeling substrate receptor interactions, and modeling substrate receptor interaction	
of computational Software tools for modeling bimolecular, molecular tools for modeling bimolecular, molecular	
biology. electrostatic potentials, charge analysis. Different potentials, charge analysis. differen	t docking
• Understand docking methodologies, success stories in docking. methodologies, success stories in docking.	
methodologies used Section – C Section – C	
for drug designing • A brief introduction to drug design methodologies, • A brief introduction to drug design me	
Structure based drug designing, Ligand based drug structure based drug designing, ligand	
designing. Quantitative Structure Activity Relationship designing. quantitative structure activity	
(QSAR), present and future aids to drug design, (QSAR), present and future aids to drug desi	•
structure and confirmation of drugs and receptors, drug and confirmation of drugs and receptors, d	
receptor binding forces, structural aspects of drug- binding forces, structural aspects of drug-	nucleic acid
nucleic acid interactions. interactions.	
Pharmacopore identification, Pharmacophore modeling, Pharmacophore identification, pharmacophore	
Pharmacophore mapping, Pharmacophore generation, pharmacophore mapping, pharmacophore	generation,
Hiphop and hypogen theories. hiphop and hypogen theories.	
Books Recommended: Suggested Books:	1 1
Molecular modeling: principles and applications 2nd Hinchliffe, A. (1998). Modelling Education P. Leach	molecular
Ed.: Andrew R. Leech Malagular Madeling for Pagingery Aler Hinghliffe	
 Molecular Modeling for Beginners: Alan Hinchliffe Modeling Molecular Structures, 2nd Edition: Alan Leech, A.R. (2001). Molecular modeling: prophysical applications (2nd ed.). USA: Pearson. 	rincipies and
Hinchliffe Hinchliffe	mputer aided
 ➢ Nucleic Acid Targeted Drug Design: Catherin Propst ➢ <i>Arug design: Methods and applications.</i> 	
Computer-Aided Drug Design: Methods and Marcel Dekker.	New TOIK.
Applications: Thomas J. Perun, Catherine Lamb Propst > Tommy, L., Larsen, P.K., & Madsen,	U (2002)
 ➢ Structure-Based Drug Design: Pandi (EDT) ✓ Tothing, E., Earstei, T.H., & Industri, ✓ Structure-Based Drug Design: Pandi (EDT) 	
Veerapandian Veerapandian Veerapandian Veerapandian Veerapandian CRC Press.	
➤ Textbook of Drug Design and Discovery 3rd Edition: Suggested e-Resources:	
Povl Krogsgaard-Larsen, Tommy Liljefors, Ulf > Drug design and Discovery	

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Madsen, U. Madse.	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104103071/pdf/mod15.pdf	
				Bioinformatic tools	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103044/pdf/mod6.pdf	
				Pharmacophore modeling	
				https://www.dovepress.com/pharmacophore-modeling-	
				advances-limitations-and-current-utility-in-dru-peer-	
7)		A ft an an a a a ful	Constitution A	reviewed-fulltext-article-JRLCR	True a gran hi agl
7)	BT 8.67	After successful	Section – A	Section – A	Typographical
	Nanotechnolo	completion of the	Introduction to Nanotechnology.	• Introduction to nanotechnology.	corrections only
	gу	course, students will be able to:	11	• Current and future market applications: semiconductor	
		• Understand the basic	manufacturing, Advanced composites, Advanced	manufacturing, advanced composites, advanced	
		• Onderstand the basic concepts of	ceramics, Catalytic and photocatalytic applications, Gas	ceramics, catalytic and photocatalytic applications, gas	
		nanobiotechnology	sensors and other analytical devices, consumer products, drug delivery mechanisms and medical	sensors and other analytical devices, consumer products, drug delivery mechanisms and medical therapeutics,	
		 Apply engineering 	therapeutics, Micro electronic applications.	micro electronic applications.	
		concepts to the nano-	 Legal considerations for nanotechnology. 	 Legal considerations for nanotechnology. 	
		scale domain and	 Environmental risk assessment, Health risk assessment, 	 Environmental risk assessment, health risk assessment, 	
		design processing	Hazards risk assessment.	• Environmental fisk assessment, hearth fisk assessment,	
		conditions	Section – B	Section – B	
		• Comprehend the	• Prime Materials: Metals, Iron, Aluminum, Nickel,	• Prime Materials: metals, iron, aluminum, nickel, silver,	
		legal issues in	Silver, Gold, Copper and their oxides, Silica products.	gold, copper and their oxides, silica products.	
		nanotechnology and	Tominatorial Types. Tanovires, Tanotaoes and their	• Nonmaterial Types: nanowires, nanotubes and their	
		environmental risk	synthesis, properties, applications.	synthesis, properties, applications.	
		assessment	• Fullerenes, quantum dots, Dendrimers, Properties.	• Fullerenes, quantum dots, dendrimers, Properties.	
			• Method of preparation: Top down, bottom up, plasma	• Method of preparation: top down, bottom up, plasma	
			orcing, chemical vapour deposition, sol – gel methods.	orcing, chemical vapour deposition, sol – gel methods.	
			Section – C	Section – C	
			• Self assembled monolayers, Bio molecular motors and	• Self assembled monolayers, bio molecular motors and	
			their functions.	their functions.	
			• Proteins and applications,	• Proteins and applications.	
			• Drug delivery systems - Nanofluidic, fluids at micro	• Drug delivery systems - nanofluidic, fluids at micro and	
			and nanometer scale, fabrication of nanoporous and	nanometer scale, fabrication of nanoporous and	
			nanofluidic devices, applications.	nanofluidic devices, applications.	
			Books Recommended:	Suggested Books:	
			Introduction to Nanoscale science and technology. Ed.	Bhattacharya, S. (2013). Introduction to	
			By Mosimilano Di ventra I Edition, Kluwer Academic	Nanotechnology. New Delhi: Wisdom Press.	

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 2004. Nanotechnology, Grejory Timp –I Edition, Springer International – 2005. Nanotechnology. Michel Kohler – I Edition, Wiley VCH-2004. Nanotechnology: Environmental implications and solutions by Lous Theodove & Robert A. Kung. Introduction to Nanotechnology- C.P. Poole & F.S. Owens. Nanotechnology: Basic science and emerging technologies- M.Wilsin, K. Kannaranga, G. Smith, M. Simmons & B. Raguse. An introduction to materials engineering and science for chemical and material engineers – B.S. Mitchell. Essay: The coming technological revolutions, from the websites of the center for responsible nanotechnology; uuu grange org/magic htm 	 Bhushan, B. (2017). Springer Handbook of Nanotechnology. Berlin, Heidelberg: Springer Berlin Heidelberg. Di, V. M. (2008). Introduction to Nanoscale Science and technology. New York, NY: Springer. Wilson, M. (2004). Nanotechnology: Basic Science and Emerging Technologies. Boca Raton: Chapman & Hall/CRC. Suggested e-Resources: Nanofluidic devices https://aip.scitation.org/doi/pdf/10.1063/1.4794973?class =pdf Preparation of Nanomaterial https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103103033/module9/lecture2. pdf 	
	BT 8.6 8 Plant Secondary Metabolites	 After successful completion of the course, students will be able to: Understand isolation techniques for plant secondary metabolites and their biosynthetic pathway. Demonstrate production of various secondary metabolites and factors affecting it Explain large scale production of various secondary metabolites 	 www.crnano.org/magic.htm. Section – A Introduction to secondary metabolites. Plant products in nature. Occurrence, types and uses of plant products. Basic tools and techniques used in isolation & separations of plant secondary metabolites. Biosynthesis of secondary metabolites- Shikimate, Acetate-malonate and acetate-mevalonate pathways. Section – B Production, <i>In vitro</i> optimization. Secondary metabolite selection, effect of metabolism on secondary metabolite production. Production of secondary metabolites under stress factors. Production of alkaloids, steroids & saponins. Mechanism & control by different factors. Detoxification of secondary metabolites. 	 Section – A Introduction to secondary metabolites. Plant products in nature. Occurrence, types and uses of plant products. Basic tools and techniques used in isolation & separations of plant secondary metabolites. Biosynthesis of secondary metabolites: Shikimate, Acetate-malonate and acetate-mevalonate pathways. Section – B Secondary metabolite selection, effect of metabolism on secondary metabolite production. Production of secondary metabolites under stress factors. Production of alkaloids, steroids & saponins. Mechanism & control by different factors. Detoxification of secondary metabolites. 	Typographical corrections only

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			• Genetic transformation for production of secondary	• Genetic transformation for production of secondary	
			metabolites.	metabolites.	
			• Large scale production in Bioreactors.	• Large scale production in bioreactors.	
			• Sources & types of antitumour compounds.	• Sources & types of antitumour compounds.	
			• Food additives and insecticides.	• Food additives and insecticides.	
			Books Recommended:	Suggested Books:	
			Secondary metabolites by K.C. Ramavat- Oxford Press (2000)	Buchanan, B. B., Gruissem, W., & Jones, R. L. (2000). Biochemistry & molecular biology of	
			Plant Physiology: Devlin and Witham, Van Narst.	plants. Rockville, Md.: American Society of Plant	
			> Plant Physiology: Salisburry and Ross, Prentice Hall	Physiologists.	
			of India.	Noggle, G.R. and Fritz, C.J. (1986). Introductory Plant	
			Introductory plant physiology: Noggle and Fritz, Prentice Hall of Pvt. Ltd.	<i>Physiology.</i> (2 nd ed.). New Delhi: Prentice Hall of <i>India</i> Pvt. Ltd.,	
			> Plant Physiology: Taiz and Zeiger, Introduction to		
			Plant physiology: W.G. Hopkins, John Wiley and Sons Inc.	(3rd revised ed.). New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd	
			 Plant Physiology: Pandey and Sinha 	 Ramavat, K.C. (2000). Secondary Metabolites. Oxford 	
			 Biochemistry and Molecular Biology of Plants: 	Press.	
			Buchanan, Gressum and Jons, I K International		
			Publications.	Manual. California: Wadsworth Publishing Company.	
				Salisbury, F.B. & Ross, C.W. (1991). Plant Physiology	
				(4 th ed.) Wadsworth Publishing Company.	
				➤ Taiz, L., & Zeiger, E. (2010). Plant Physiology (5 th ed.).	
				USA: Sinauer Associates Inc.,	
				Witham, F.H., Devlin, R. M., & Blaydes, D. F.	
				(1971). Experiments in Plant Physiology. New York:	
				Van Nostrand Reinhold Co.	
				Suggested e-Resources: ➤ Secondary metabolites	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103016/module4/lec32/3.h	
				tml	
				 Tools for production of secondary metabolites 	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103016/38	
				> Industrial application	
				http://www.biologydiscussion.com/biotechnology/plant-	
				biotechnology/secondary-metabolites-in-plant-cultures-	

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				applications-and-production/10646	
<u>S. No.</u> 9)	Course List BT 8.2 Bioethics and Biosafety	Learning outcomes After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: • Explain role of biotechnology in sustainable research and various ethical implications • Understand biosafety –objective, implementation, necessity and legislations • Develop preliminary understanding of Intellectual Property with emphasis on patents	 Section - A (i) Introduction to science, technology and society, (ii) Socio-economic impacts of biotechnology. (i) Global biotech issues; major categories and impact (ii) Biodiversity: concept and importance, main features of Indian Biodiversity Act. (iii) Traditional knowledge. (iv) Access and benefit sharing (ABS): concept, convention on biological diversity and its impact on ABS, regulation of ABS and impact on developed and developing countries. (v) Environmental sustainability: concept of sustainable development types and factors, significance for developed and developing countries. 3. (i) Globalization : concept, impact in biotechnology. (ii) Development divide. 4. (i) Concept of legality, morality and ethics. (ii) Concept and Principles of bioethics: expanding scope of ethics from biomedical practice to biotechnology. (iii) Ethical conflicts in biotechnology: interference with nature, fear of the unknown, unequal distribution of risks and benefits of biotechnology; bioethics vs. business ethics. (iv) Case studies of relevance - ethical aspects of human genome project prenatal diagnosis and 	 applications-and-production/10646 Section – A Introduction to science, technology and society, socio- economic impacts of biotechnology, global biotech issues, major categories and impact. Biodiversity: concept and importance, main features of Indian Biodiversity Act. Traditional knowledge. Access and benefit sharing (ABS): concept, convention on biological diversity and its impact on ABS, regulation of ABS and impact on developed and developing countries. 	Remarks Typographical Corrections only
				 Section – B Biosafelty: concept definition of risks, hazards and various terminologies associated with hazard assessment and management. Public acceptance in biotechnology (based on rationals vs subjective perception of risks and benefits. 	

S. No. Co	ourse List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 benefits.) 6. (i) Biotechnology and biosafety concerns at the level of individuals, institutions and country. (ii) Cartagena Protocol: history conception and implementation of the protocal, impact on nations, main areas covered. 	 Protocol: history conception and implementation of the protocol, impact on nations, main areas covered. Levels of Biosafety: concept, levels and their description (plants, animals and microbes). General .concepts: Good 	
			 7. (i) Levels of Biosafety: concept, levels and their description (plants, animals and microbes). (ii) General .concepts: Good Lab Practices, Good Manufacturing Practices, Good Clinical Practices, Good Large Scale Practices. (iii) Chemical and biological hazards: disposal and safeguards. 	 Clinical Practices, Good Large Scale Practices. Chemical and biological hazards: disposal and safeguards. Biosafety regulations in the handling of recombinant 	
			 8. (i) Biosafety regulations in the handling of recombinant DNA processes and products in institutions and industries- India America, European Union, China and Japan. (ii) Biosafety assessment: A general perspective. 	Japan. Biosafety assessment: A general perspective.	
			Section - C	Section - C	
			 9. (i) Biotechnology and food safety: The GM food debate and biosafety assessment procedures for biotech foods and related products, including transgenic food crops. (ii) Ecological safety assessment of recombinant organisms and transgenic crops, Case studies-golden rice, Bt cotton, flavr savr tomatoes, transgenic soybean. 10. International dimensions in biosafety: (i) Bioterrorism and convention on biological weapons. (ii) Biosafety assessment of biotech pharmaceutical products such as drugs/ vaccines. 11. Patents: brief description, types, basic idea of patent application and procedure, farmers rights Plant breeder's rights, international union for the protection of new varieties of plants (UPOV) 	 and biosafety assessment procedures for biotech foods and related products, including transgenic food crops. Ecological safety assessment of recombinant organisms and transgenic crops, Case studies-golden rice, Bt cotton, flavr savr tomatoes, transgenic soybean. International dimensions in biosafety: Bioterrorism and convention on biological weapons. Biosafety assessment of biotech pharmaceutical products such as drugs/vaccines. Intellectual Property rights: definition, origin, types, Role of GATT, WTO, WIPO and TRIPS in 1PR, ethical impacts of IPR, technology transfer (concept and significance) ownership and monopoly Patents: brief description types, basic idea of patent application and 	

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			12. Intellectual Property rights: definition, origin, types,	plants (UPOV).	
			Role of GATT, WTO, WIPO and TRIPS in 1PR,	Suggested Books:	
			ethical impacts of IPR, technology transfer (concept	Fleming D. O. & Hunt D. L (Eds.). (2006). <i>Biological</i>	
			and significance) ownership and monopoly.	Safety: Principles & Practices (4th ed.). ASM Press	
			Books Recommended:	Goel D. & Parashar S. (2013). IPR, Biosafety and	
			➢ Biotechnology and Safety Assessment 3rd Ed:	<i>Bioethics</i> (1 st ed.) Pearson Education India.	
			Thomas, J.A., Fuch, R.L. Academic Press.	➤ Ignacimuthu, S. (2008). <i>Bioethics</i> . Alpha Science	
			➢ Biological Safety Principles and Practices 3rd Ed:	International Ltd.	
			Fleming, D.A., Hunt, D.L., ASM Press, Washington.	▶ Pandey, N. & Dharni, K. (2014). Intellectual Property	
			Biotechnology - A Comprehensive Treatise (Vol. 12).	Rights. PHI Learning.	
			Legal Economic and Ethical Dimensions: H.J. Rehm	> Ramakrishna, B. & Kumar, A. (2017). Fundamentals of	
			and G. Reed, VCH.	Intellectual Property Rights: For Students, Industrialist	
			Encyclopedia of Bioethics.	and Patent Lawyers (1 st ed.). Notion Press.	
				> Rehm, H.J & Reed, G. (1995). Biotechnology $-A$	
				Comprehensive Treatise Legal, Economic and Ethical	
				Dimensions. Vch Verlagsgesellschaft Mbh.	
				Sateesh, M.K. (2008). <i>Bioethics and Biosafety</i> . New	
				Delhi: I.K. International Publishing House.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				Access and Benefit sharing, Convention of Biological Diversity, Cartegena Protocol	
				https://www.cbd.int/convention	
				 Bioethics 	
				http://www.unesco-chair-bioethics.org/?page_id=43	
				Biosafety	
				https://www.nih.gov/research-training/safety-regulation-	
				guidance	
				http://www.dbtindia.nic.in/	
				https://www.who.int/csr/resources/publications/biosafety/	
				Biosafety7.pdf	
				 Biosafety, Risk assessment and management 	
				http://www.fao.org/docrep/014/i1905e/i1905e02.pdf	
				> IPR	
				https://www.wipo.int/portal/en/index.html	
10)	BT 306	After successful			
	Enzyme	completion of the	Section – A	Section – A	Typographical

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	Engineering		• Brief history of enzymes, nomenclature and	• Brief history of enzymes, nomenclature and classification	corrections only
	and	should be able to:	classification of enzymes.	of enzymes.	
	Technology		• Specificity of Enzymes: Types of specificity, the	• Specificity of enzymes: Types of specificity, the	
		functions and the	JI I I I I I I JI I I I I I I I I I I I	Koshland "induced fit" hypothesis.	
			• Strain or transition – state stabilization hypothesis.	• Strain or transition – state stabilization hypothesis.	
		action of enzymes	• Mechanism of enzyme action: Chymotrypsin and	• Mechanism of enzyme action: Chymotrypsin and	
		• Develop concept of		carboxypeptidase A.	
		regulation of enzyme			
		activity	rate of chemical reactions, kinetics of enzyme-catalyzed	of chemical reactions, kinetics of enzyme-catalyzed	
		• Identify industrially	reaction, Michaelis-Menten laws, importance and	reaction, Michaelis-Menten laws, importance and	
		relevant enzymes and describe their	determination of Vmax and Km values, Hofstee's plot, L	determination of V_{max} and K_m values, Hofstee's plot, L &	
		application	& B plots, Methods for investigating the kinetics of enzyme-catalyzed reactions (single and bisubstrate),	B plots, Methods for investigating the kinetics of enzyme-catalyzed reactions (single and bisubstrate),	
		application	nature of enzyme catalysis.	nature of enzyme catalysis.	
			 Enzyme inhibition: types and their Kinetics. 	 Enzyme inhibition: types and their kinetics. 	
			Section – B	Section – B	
			• Extraction of soluble and membrane bound enzymes.	• Extraction of soluble and membrane bound enzymes.	
			 Purification of enzymes: salt precipitation, gel filtration, 	• Purification of enzymes: salt precipitation, gel filtration,	
			ion exchange and affinity chromatography.	ion exchange and affinity chromatography.	
			• Regulation of enzyme activity, various controls		
			(metabolic compartmentation, covalent modifications	(metabolic compartmentation, covalent modifications and	
			and others), feedback regulation, allosteric enzymes.	others), feedback regulation, allosteric enzymes.	
			• The Investigation of Active Site Structure and Chemical	• The investigation of active site structure and chemical	
			nature of Enzyme Catalysis: The identification of	nature of enzyme catalysis: The identification of binding	
			binding sites and catalytic site, three dimensional	sites and catalytic site, three dimensional structure of	
			structure of active site, mechanism of catalysis,	active site, mechanism of catalysis, mechanism of	
			mechanism of reaction catalyzed by enzyme without	reaction catalyzed by enzyme without cofactors, metal-	
			cofactors, metal-activated enzyme and metalloenzyme,	activated enzyme and metalloenzyme, coenzymes in	
			coenzymes in enzyme catalyzed reactions.	enzyme catalyzed reactions.	
			• The impact of genetic engineering on enzyme	• The impact of genetic engineering on enzyme production,	
			production, Modification of structural and catalytic	modification of structural and catalytic properties by	
			properties by chemical methods and genetic	chemical methods and genetic engineering, enzymes	
			engineering, enzymes from extremophiles, enzymes in	from extremophiles, enzymes in organic solvent.	
			organic solvent. Section – C	Section – C	
				• Immobilization of enzymes: concept, methods of	
			- minoomzation of Enzymes. Concept, methods of	- minoomzation of enzymes. concept, methods of	

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			immobilization, Kinetics of immobilized enzymes,	immobilization, kinetics of immobilized enzymes, effect	
			effect of solute partition and diffusion on kinetics of	of solute partition and diffusion on kinetics of	
			immobilized enzymes, bioreactors using immobilized	immobilized enzymes, bioreactors using immobilized	
			enzyme.	enzyme.	
			• Industrial enzymes: traditional (non-recombinant) sources of industrial enzymes,	• Industrial enzymes: traditional (non-recombinant) sources of industrial enzymes.	
			• Proteases and carbohydrases: Proteolytic enzymes, Carbohydrases, Lignocellulose degrading enzymes,	• Proteases and carbohydrases: proteolytic enzymes, carbohydrases, lignocellulose degrading enzymes, pectin	
			Pectin and pectic enzymes.	and pectic enzymes.	
			• Additional industrial enzymes: Lipases, Penicillin acylase, Amino acylase and amino acid production, cyclodextrins and cyclodextrin glycosyl transferase, enzymes in animal nutrition, Oxidoreductases.	• Additional industrial enzymes: lipases, penicillin acylase, amino acylase and amino acid production, cyclodextrins and cyclodextrin glycosyl transferase, enzymes in animal nutrition, oxidoreductases.	
			• Enzymes in molecular biology and clinical diagnostics.	• Enzymes in molecular biology and clinical diagnostics.	
			Books Recommended:	Suggested Books:	
			 Enzymes: Palmer, Horwood Publishing Series. Fundamentals of Enzymology: Price and Stevens, 	 Bhaskar, A., Vidhya, V. G. (2014). <i>Enzyme Technology</i>. India: Mjp Publishers. 	
			 Oxford University Press. ➢ Enzyme Technology: Helmut Uhling, John Wiley ➢ Introduction to Proteins Structure: Branden and Tooze, 	Copeland, R. A. (2000). Enzymes: A Practical Introduction to Structure, Mechanism, and Data Analysis. USA: John Wiley & Sons.	
			Garland Publishing Group.	Devasena, T. (2010). <i>Enzymology</i> (3 rd ed.). UK: Oxford University Press.	
				Meena, M., & Chauhan, D. (2009). Fundamentals of Enzymology. Jaipur, India: Aavishkar publishers.	
				Palmer, T., & Bonner, P. (2008). Enzymes: Biochemistry, Biotechnology, Clinical Chemistry (2 nd ed.). India: East West Publications.	
				 Scopes, R. K. (2013). Protein Purification: Principles and Practice (3rd ed.). USA: Springer. 	
				 Segel, I. H. (2010). Biochemical Calculations (Second Edition). India: Wiley India Pvt. Ltd. 	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				Mechanism of chymotrypsin	
				https://slideplayer.com/slide/5116894/	
				Factors affecting rate of chemical reaction	
				https://www.adichemistry.com/physical/kinetics/factors/	

S. No.	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				factors-affecting-rate-reaction.html	
				Extraction and purification of enzyme	
				http://chemsites.chem.rutgers.edu/~kyc/Teaching/Files/5	
				43-05/09%20544-10%20ppt.pdf	

* Matter in contrast (black background & white letters) is shifted to some other units, and material brought as a result of shift is also in contrast. # Matter in square brackets, bold, italic and crossed is deleted. @ Proposed added materials are shaded in grey.

			List	of online courses in	n B. I ech	Biotechnology Programme		-	
S. No.	Portal	Name of course	Duration		Credit point(s)		Paid/ Free	Fee (course/ examination)	Remarks
	VII Semester Online Re	eading Elective (Courses						
1	COURSERA University of California, San Diego	Drug Discovery	3 weeks 30 lectures	Reading Elective course	2	https://www.coursera.org/learn/drug- discovery	Paid	Rs. 2,508 only	-
2	SWAYAM, Created by Sanjeeva Srivastava IIT Madras	Proteins and Gel-Based Proteomics	8 weeks 20 lectures	Reading Elective course	2	https://swayam.gov.in/course/1386- proteins-and-gel-based-proteomics	Free	-	-
3	Indian law university	Online course on IPR	3 months	Reading Elective course	2	http://www.ili.ac.in/e-learnIPR.htm	-	Rs. 7500	-
	VIII Semester Online E	lective Courses							
1	SWAYAM , Created by GK Suraishkumar, IIT Madras	Bioreactor	8 weeks , 27 lectures	Elective course	2	https://swayam.gov.in/course/1339- bioreactors	Free		Course 1 and 2
2	SWAYAM Prof. Mukesh Doble, Institute of Technology, Madras	Principles of Downstream techniques in Bioprocess	8 weeks , 20 lectures	Elective course	2	http://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/102106048/	Paid		need to be taken together for fulfillment of 4 credit requirement.
3	COURSERA University of Manchester	Industrial Biotechnology	6 weeks 6-8 h/week	Elective course	4	https://www.coursera.org/learn/industrial- biotech	Free		

List of online courses in B.Tech Biotechnology Programme



BANASTHALI VIDYAPITH Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology M.Sc. BIOSCIENCE- ANIMAL SCIENCE PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES

The M.Sc Bioscience Animal Science programme aims for the holistic development of the students through the unique and innovative five fold educational ideology of Banasthali Vidyapith.

Animal science is the study of nature of each kind of animal that helps the zoologist to learn evolution of animal species on earth and their processes and behaviour. The programme focuses on specific knowledge about animal biology and the associated academic disciplines including physiology, ecology, diversity, embryonic development, evolution, immunology, animal tissue culture, entomology, fish biology and animal biotechnology. The program fulfills the requirement of the students to become familiar with basic and advanced concepts of the subject thus providing them the scientific background they need to find career opportunities in any related field of zoology. On completion of the Programme, the student will be able to:

- develop aptitude for learning about the biology and significance of fauna ranging from single cell to multicellular system
- compare and contrast the characteristics of animals that differentiate them from other forms of life
- explain theory of evolution and how descent with modification has shaped animal morphology, physiology, life history, and behavior
- explain how organisms function at the level of the gene, genome, cell, tissue, organ and organ-system
- apply zoological science in aquaculture, agriculture and modern medicine
- gain the ability to work as taxonomist, paleontologist and evolutionary biologist
- access the primary literature, recognize relevant works for a particular topic, and evaluate the scientific content of these works
- demonstrate ability in the experimental techniques and methods of analysis appropriate for their area of specialization within zoology.



BANASTHALI VIDYAPITH Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology M.Sc. BIOSCIENCE-ANIMAL SCIENCE PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

PO1: Knowledge: Students will be equipped with an in-depth knowledge in the area of basic and applied zoology including evolution, taxonomy, physiology, molecular biology, genetics, cell biology, and environment.

PO2: Planning abilities: Develop efficient planning abilities with time management, analytical and decisive skills to reach achievable goals.

PO3: Problem analysis: Devise and sustain logical thinking to tackle detailed problemsolving and analytical tasks associated with questions in core and applied zoology.

PO4: Modern tool usage: Learn, select, and apply traditional taxonomy, practical field skills and modern molecular laboratory expertise. Develop competence in the handling of research facilities and operate safely in a laboratory environment, both individually and as a team member.

PO5: Leadership skill: Develop leadership skills to work in a team and take initiative for fulfillment of professional and societal responsibilities.

PO6: Professional Identity: Understand, analyze and communicate the value of their professional roles in different analytical and forensic laboratory, Zoological Survey of India, archeology, wild life management, aquaculture and food processing etc.

PO7: Animal Ethics: Develop empathy and love towards the animals. Apply principles of animal ethics and commit to professional and social responsibilities.

PO8: Communication: Develop skills used in reasoning and communication with scientific community and society. To synthesize information from literature and its communication in form of scientific papers, reports, poster and oral presentations.

PO9: The Zoologist and society: Contribute to society, in the realms of the environment, agriculture, natural resource management, human and animal health well being.

PO10: Environment and sustainability: Utilization of zoological research to enhance sustainable development of programs for conservation and preservation of biodiversity.

PO11: Life-long learning: Develop independent, critical and creative thinker who has a self-motivated passion for life-long learning.

Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology, Banasthali Vidyapith M.Sc. Bioscience (Animal Science) Programme

	Existing Courses							
M.Sc. Biosci	ence (Animal Science) Sem. I	L	Т	Р	С			
BIO 407	Cell & Molecular Biology	4	0	0	4			
BIO 403	Biochemistry & Biophysics	4	0	0	4			
BIO 416	Microbiology	4	0	0	4			
BIN 401	Bioinformatics	4	0	0	4			
BIO 401	Analytical Techniques-I	4	0	0	4			
BIO 404L	Bioscience Lab-I	0	0	12	6			
	Total	20	0	12	26			

	Proposed Courses						
M.Sc. Biosc	ience (Animal Science) Sem. I	L	Τ	Р	С		
BIO	Cell and Molecular Biology	4	0	0	4		
BIO	Biochemistry	4	0	0	4		
BIO	Microbiology	4	0	0	4		
BIN	Bioinformatics	4	0	0	4		
BIO	Analytical Techniques-I	4	0	0	4		
BIO	BIO Bioscience Lab-I			12	6		
	Total	20	0	12	26		

	Existing Courses									
M.Sc. Biosc	ience (Animal Science) Sem. II	L	Т	Р	С					
BIO 406	Biostatistics and Research Methodology	4	0	0	4					
BIO 410	Genetics	4	0	0	4					
BIO 411	Immunology	4	0	0	4					
BT 406	Enzymology and Enzyme Technology	4	0	0	4					
BT 408	Genetic Engineering	4	0	0	4					
BIO 405L	BIO 405L Bioscience Lab-II				6					
	Total	20	0	12	26					

Proposed Courses								
M.Sc. Biosc	M.Sc. Bioscience (Animal Science) Sem. II L T P C							
BIO 406	Biostatistics and Research Methodology	4	0	0	4			
BIO	Genetics	4	0	0	4			
BIO 411	Immunology	4	0	0	4			
BIO	Environmental Biology and Biotechnology	4	0	0	4			
BT	Genetic Engineering	4	0	0	4			
BIO	0	0	12	6				
	Total	20	0	12	26			

Course proposed to be discontinued
Course content modified
Course shifted to/ from different semester
New course proposed
Course shifted to/from different programme

Existing Courses								
M.Sc. Biosc	M.Sc. Bioscience (Animal Science) Sem. III L T P C							
BIO 408	Environmental Biology & Toxicology	4	0	0	4			
ZOO 503	Animal Diversity -I	4	0	0	4			
ZOO 507	Ethology & Neurobiology	4	0	0	4			
ZOO 508	Histology	4	0	0	4			
ZOO 509D	Literature Dissertation	0	0	8	4			
ZOO 505L	ZOO 505L Animal Science Lab-I 0							
	Total	16	0	20	26			

Proposed Courses							
M.Sc. Biosci	M.Sc. Bioscience (Animal Science) Sem. III L T P C						
ZOO	Biosystematics, Taxonomy and Evolution	4	0	0	4		
ZOO	Biology of Non-Chordates	4	0	0	4		
BT 507	Cell and Tissue Culture Technology	4	0	0	4		
ZOO 509D	Literature Dissertation	0	0	8	4		
ZOO L	Animal Science Lab-I	0	0	12	6		
ZOO	ZOODiscipline Elective4004						
	Total	16	0	20	26		

Existing Courses								
M.Sc. Biosc	M.Sc. Bioscience (Animal Science) Sem. IV L T P							
ZOO 501	Advance Animal Physiology	4	0	0	4			
ZOO 502	Animal Cell and Tissue Culture Techniques	4	0	0	4			
ZOO 504	Animal Diversity-II	4	0	0	4			
ZOO 510	Medical Pathology	4	0	0	4			
ZOO 511	Reproduction Biology and Endocrinology	4	0	0	4			
ZOO 506L	ZOO 506L Animal Science Lab-II				6			
	Total	20	0	12	26			

Proposed Courses								
M.Sc. Biosc	M.Sc. Bioscience (Animal Science) Sem. IV L T P C							
ZOO	Biology of Chordates and Histology	4	0	0	4			
ZOO	Animal Physiology and Endocrinology	4	0	0	4			
ZOO	Reproduction and Developmental Biology	4	0	0	4			
ZOO	Neurobiology and Animal Behavior	4	0	0	4			
ZOO	Open Elective	4	0	0	4			
ZOO L	Animal Science Lab-II	0	0	12	6			
	Reading Elective -I & II							
	Total	20	0	12	28			

	Proposed List of Elective courses to be offered in III & IV Semester
ZOO	Insect Diversity, Morphology, Physiology and Ecology
ZOO	Fish Biology
ZOO	Animal Biotechnology-I
ZOO	Immunotechnology
	Biophysics-I
ENVS 402	Ecology and Environment
BIO	Fundamentals of Ecology for Sustainable Ecosystem
	https://www.extension.harvard.edu/academics/courses/fundamentals-ecology/12779
ZOO	Applied Entomology and Insect Pest Management
ZOO	Capture Fishery
ZOO	Animal Biotechnology-II
ZOO	Immunotechnology-I
	Biophysics-II
ENVS 502	Biodiversity and Conservation

	Proposed Reading Elective-I & II to be offered in IV Semester
BT	Drug Discovery
BT	Human Genetics and Diseases
	Intellectual Property Rights
BT	Medical Microbiology
BT	Molecular Plant Breeding
BT	Protein Engineering
BIO	Bio- organic Chemistry: http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104103018/#
BT	Enzyme Science and Engineering
	http://freevideolectures.com/Course/85/Enzyme-Science-and-Engineering/1
BT	Biocatalysis in organic synthesis: http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104105032/
BT	Comprehensive Disaster Risk Management Framework
	www.nidm.gov.in/online.asp
BT	General Course on Intellectual Property:
	https://welc.wipo.int/acc/index.jsf?page=courseCatalog.xhtml
BT	Environmental Management - An Introduction: www.algonquincollege.com/
	ccol/courses/environmental-management-an-introduction/

Appendix-IVC

Comparative Table: M.Sc. Bioscience	(Animal Science): Existing and M	Modified syllabus, Suggested B	ooks and Suggested E-Resources
- I			

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
M.S	c. Bioscience (A	nimal Science) I Semester			
1.	BIN 401: Bioinformatics	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Describe and identify various databases and tools used for phylogenetic analysis. Apply protein structure prediction Demonstrate and apply different tools for datamining 	 Section-A Introduction of computers: Basic components and their functions, hardware and software, Input-Output devices. Basic concepts about data and information, Representation of data in computers in binary, bits and bytes. Computer words coding (ASCII and EBCDIC), Number System Conversion. Conceptual understanding of assemblers, Compilers, Operating System. Introduction to Programming languages, C++, Perl. Section-B Information Retrieval: LAN, WAN, Introduction to Internet, WWW, NICNET, ERNET, On-line publishing ventures eg. Biomed Central, BTIS Network in India. Introduction to Microarray Technology and its applications. Biological Databases: Primary Sequence databases (Protein and DNA databases), Secondary databases, Composite databases. Online international database access. 	 Section A Introduction and scope of bioinformatics, Introduction to biological databases: primary, composite, secondary databases and structural database. Description of specific databases: UniGene,UniProt, and RCSB – PDB). Introduction to genomics, proteomics and phylogenetics resources available at ExPassy. Introduction to sequence analysis: Dot Plot, scoring matrices (PAM matrix) and gap penalty. Section B Description and application of global and local sequence alignment. Sequence based database searching working algorithms of BLAST, variations of BLAST. Multiple Sequence alignment. Evolutionary significance of sequence alignment. Evolutionary models: Jukes – Cantor and Kimura two parameter. Phylogenetic Analysis: distance based (UPGMA, N-J Methods) and character based (Maximum Parsimony). Section C 	The components were very basic and mostly covered in undergraduate programs in almost every stream of science as compulsory computer knowledge. Learning languages such as C++ and Perl are extremely tedious; syntax of these two languages is very different to each other and not of use without hands-on sessions. More computer science information instead of bioinformatics. Further, the proposed syllabus is comprehensive for introductory course of bioinformatics. ClustalW is obsolete, progressive methods will include all the concept and methodology of programs like ClustalW.
			 Section-C Sequence Alignment and Databases searching: Evolutionary basis of sequence alignment, Optimal alignment methods; Dot Plot, Dynamic Programming. Databases similarity searching: Algorithms of FASTA BLAST. 	 Protein 2D structure prediction: Chou – Fasman algorithm Protein 3D structure prediction: homology modeling, its advantage and limits. Concept of structure optimization and energy minimization. Forces stabilizing biomolecular interaction. 	Protein structure prediction is the new introduction in the content to satisfy the need and requirement of a complete bioinformatics course.

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Statistical significance of alignment, Substitution	• Principle of Molecular Docking. Types of	
			Scores and Gap penalties.	molecular docking, its advantage and limits.	
			• Multiple Sequence alignment: <u>CLUSTAL W</u> .		
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
			EMBOSS.	Suggested Books:	
			Books Recommended :	➢ Rastogi, S.C. & Rastogi, P. (2013).	
			A textbook of Bioinformatics : Sharma,	Bioinformatics Methods and Applications	
			Munjal&Shanker, Rastogi Publication, Meerut	(4 th ed.). New Delhi: PHI Learning Private	
			Fundamental of computer : P.K. Sinha	Limited.	
			> Introduction to Bioinformatics : Parrysmith and	Lesk, A.M. (2008). Introduction to Disinformation LW: Orford University Press	
			Attwood	Bioinformatics.UK: Oxford University Press.	
			Introduction to Bioinformatics : Baxevenis and Oulette	Krane, D.E. & Reymer, M.L. (2003). Fundamental Concepts of Bioinformatics. UK:	
			 Internet for Molecular Biologist : Swindell 	Pearson Education.	
			 Molecular databases for protein sequences and 	 Attwood, T.K., Parry-Smith, D.J. & Phukam, 	
			structure studies - An Introduction Silence : J.,	S.(2009). Introduction to Bioinformatics	
			Sillince M., Springerberlagd, Berlin 1972	(4 th ed.). UK: Pearson Education.	
			 Leaping from Basic to C++ : Robert J. Traister, 	Sharma, V., Munjal, A. & Shanker, A. (2017).	
			A.P. Professional Cambridge	A Text Book of Bioinformatics (2 nd ed.).	
			> Perl 5 Unleashed : Kamran Husain & Robert F	Meerut: Rastogi Publications.	
			Breedlore SAMS Publishing.	Suggested e- Resources:	
			Bioinformatics : David, Mount.	Chou-Fasman Method for protein	
				secondary structure prediction	
				https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/fd8c/c95aec2d	
				7af19ed28eea3688b3c231d0e745.pdf	
				Homology modeling	
				https://proteinstructures.com/Modeling/homolo	
				gy-modeling.html	
				ExPASy https://www.expan.org/	
	DIO 401	After ano confut constation f	Section A	https://www.expasy.org/	
2.	BIO 401: Analytical	After successful completion of the course, students should be		Section-A	
	Techniques-I	able to:	• Chromatographic methods for macromolecule	U	
	reeninques-r	Comprehend the principles of	separation- TLC and Paper chromatography, gel permeation; ion exchange; hydrophobic, Reverse-	separation: TLC and Paper chromatography, Gel	
		various instrumentation	phase and Affinity chromatography; HPLC, FPLC	permeation, Ion exchange, Hydrophobic,	
		instrumentation	phase and Arminty emomalography, fifthe, ffthe	permeation, ion exchange, rigulophobic,	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		 techniques: Identify suitable and relevant tools for use in research problems Utilize the scope of the content for designing and performing future experiments 	 and GLC. Electrophoretic techniques : Theory and application of polyacrylamide and agarose gel electrophoresis, capillary electrophoresis; 2D electrophoresis; Disc gel electrophoresis; Gradient electrophoresis; Pulse field gel electrophoresis, Isoelectric focusing. 	 Reverse-phase & Affinity chromatography; HPLC, FPLC & GLC. Electrophoretic techniques: Theory and applications of polyacrylamide and agarose gel electrophoresis, capillary electrophoresis, 2D electrophoresis, Disc gel electrophoresis, Gradient electrophoresis, Pulse field gel electrophoresis & Isoelectric focusing. 	
		experiments	Section-B	Section-B	
			 Microscopy- Microscope and its modifications- Light, Phase contrast and interference, Fluorescence, Confocal, Electron (TEM & SEM), Electron tunneling and Atomic Force Microscopy Centrifugation -Basic principle & theory, Types of centrifuges- Micro centrifuge, High speed & Ultracentrifuges; Preparative centrifugation, differential & density gradient centrifugation. Analytical centrifugation & its applications. 	 Microscopy: Microscope and its modifications- Light, Phase contrast and interference, Fluorescence, Confocal, Electron (TEM & SEM), Electron tunneling & Atomic Force Microscopy Centrifugation: Basic principle & theory, types of centrifuges- Micro centrifuge, High speed & Ultracentrifuges. Preparative centrifugation: differential & density gradient centrifugation. 	
			Section-C	Analytical centrifugation & its applications.	
			 Spectroscopy-Principle, instrumentation applications in biological sciences: UV-visible spectrophotometry Florometry& Atomic absorption Spectrophotometer (AAS). Principle and application of NMR, X-ray crystallography, API-electrospray, mass spectroscopy and MALDI-TOF, Circular Dichroism Radioactivity : Radioactive and stable isotopes; Pattern and rate of radioactive decay; Measurement of radioactivity; Geiger-Muller counter; solid and liquid scintillation counters (Basic principal, instrumentation and technique); brief idea of radiation dosimetry; Cerenkov radiation; autoradiography. 	 Section-C Spectroscopy: Principle, instrumentation applications in biological sciences. UV-visible spectrophotometry, Florometry & Atomic absorption spectrophotometer (AAS). Principle & applications of NMR, X-ray crystallography, Mass spectroscopy and MALDI-TOF, Circular Dichroism. Radioactivity: Radioactive and stable isotopes, Pattern and rate of radioactive decay, Measurement of radioactivity, Geiger-Muller counter, solid and liquid scintillation counters (Basic principle, instrumentation and technique), brief idea of 	Typographical errors have been rectified.

S. No	Course List Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
5.110		 Books Recommended : Practical Biochemistry: Keith Wilson and John Walker, Cambridge University Press. Physical Biochemistry : David Friefelder. Instrumental methods of chemical analysis : Chatwal and Anand, Himalaya Publishing House. Instrumental methods of chemical analysis : B.K. Sharma, Goel Publishing House. X-Ray Methods : C. Whiston. The Electron Microscope in Biology : A. V. Grimstone. Tertiary level biology - Methods in Experimental biology : R. Ralph Blackie. Animal Tissue Technique : G.L. Humason. NMR and Chemistry : J.W. Akitt, Chapman and Hall. 	 radiation dosimetry, Cerenkov radiation & autoradiography. Suggested Books: Wilson, K. & Walker, J. (2010). Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. Cambridge, UK: Cambridge University Press. Friefelder, D. (1982). Physical Biochemistry: Applications to Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. New York, USA: W.H. Freeman and Company. Chatwal, G.R. & Anand, S.K. (2018). Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis. 	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
3.	BIO 403:	After successful completion of	Biochemistry & Biophysics	Biochemistry	The title is changed as
	Biochemistry	the course, students should be		Section-A	Biophysics component has
	&Biophysics	able to:	• Hydrogen bonding and structure of water	• Bioenergetics: First and Second law of	been removed as it does not
		• Understand the structure	molecule, lonization of water, pH and colligative	thermodynamics, concept of free energy,	fit in two year M.Sc.
		and role of various	properties of water.	change in standard free energy.	Biotechnology programme.
		biomolecules	• Bioenergetics: First & second law of	• Carbohydrates: general classification,	
		• Identify, assess and explain	thermodynamics, concept of free energy, change in	Polysaccharides: Starch, glycogen, cellulose &	Section B: Relevant topics,
		various biochemical	standard free energy, ATP and its hydrolysis.	chitin.	which were earlier not part of
		pathways	• Carbohydrates: general classification,	• Glycolysis, Citric acid cycle. Electron transport	the syllabus, have been
		• Develop understanding of	Polysaccharides: &proteoglycans: Starch,	system in mitochondria & chloroplasts.	added. These topics are essential part of the
		enzymes and their	glycogen, cellulose, chitin & bacterial cell wall.	Oxidative phosphorylation, Photosynthetic	carbohydrate metabolism, a
		mechanism of action	Glycosaminoglycans proteoglycans in extracellular matrix.	phosphorylation, P/O ratio, Uncouplers.	key component of the living
			Section-B	Section-B	organisms.
			• Electron transport system in mitochondria &	• Lipids - glycerophospholipids, sphingolipids,	
			chloroplasts. Oxidative phosphorylation, P/O ratio,	gangliosides, eicosanoids & prostaglandins.	Section C:
			Uncouplers.	 Proteins & amino acids – Zwitterionic 	Biophysics topics have been
			• Lipids - Glycerophospholipids, sphingolipids,	properties of amino acids & titration curves.	deleted.
			gangliosides, Eicosanoids & prostaglandins-	Peptide bonds, disulphide crosslinks, various	Reshuffling done in order to
			Cholesterol & its biosynthesis.	levels of structural organization of proteins.	coherently organize various
			• Proteins & amino acids - Zwitterionic properties of		topics of the syllabus.
			amino acids & titration curves. Peptide bonds,	• Structure function relationship in model	
			disulphide cross links, various levels of structural	proteins like ribonuclease A, haemoglobin and	
			organization of proteins.	chymotrypsin.	
			• Ramachandran plot, Alpha-helix, Beta sheet,	• Biosynthesis of purines and pyrimidines, de	
			Helix coil transitions.	novo and salvage pathway,	
			Section-C	Section-C	
			• Structure function relationship in model proteins	• Introduction to enzymes: Classification of	
			like ribonuclease A, haemoglobin, chymotrypsin.	enzymes Nomenclature of enzymes, E.C.	
			 Biosynthesis of purines and pyrimidines, <i>de novo</i> 	Number	
			and salvage pathway, various confirmations of	 Enzyme kinetics (Michaelis – Menten kinetics), 	
			nucleotides, glycosidic bond rotation, base-	importance and determination of Vmax and Km	
			stacking.	values, L & B plots.	
			Mechano-Chemical Process: Molecular structure of	• Enzyme inhibition: competitive, non-	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			muscle-Actin, myosin, troponin, tropomyosin,	competitive and un-competitive.	
			Muscle Contraction.	 Coenzymes and Isozymes. 	
			• Action Potential and propagation of neuronal		
			computation through nerve fibre.	Suggested Books:	
				Nelson, D. L. & Cox, M.M. (2012). Lehninger	
			Books Recommended :	Principles of Biochemistry (6 th ed.). New York,	
			Principles of Biochemistry : A.L. Lehninger,	USA: W. H. Freeman and Company.	
			Nelson and Cox, McMillan Worth Publishers.	▶ Rodwell, V.W., Bender, D., Botham, K.M.,	
			Biochemistry :Voet and Voet, John Wiley and	Kenelly, P.J. & Weil., P.A. (2018). Harper's	
			Sons, Inc. USA.	Illustrated Biochemistry (31 st ed.). New York,	
			Biophysical Chemistry Vol. I, II &III : Cantor	USA: McGraw-Hill Education.	
			and Schimmel, Freeman.	➢ Voet, D. & Voet, J.G. (2010). Biochemistry (4 th ad) Novy Jarcay, USA: Wilay	
			 Biochemistry :Zubey, WCB. Biochemistry : Garrett and Grisham, Harcourt. 	 (4thed.). New Jersey, USA: Wiley. ➢ Berg, J.M., Tymoczko, J.L., Gatto Jr., G.J. & 	
			 Biochemistry : Garrett and Grisnani, Harcourt. Biochemistry :Stryer, W. H. Freeman. 	Stryer, L. (2015). <i>Biochemistry</i> (8 th ed.). New	
			 Understanding Enzymes : T. Palmer, Horwood. 	York, USA: W. H. Freeman and Company.	
			 Harper's review of Biochemistry : R.K. Murray 	\rightarrow Garrett, R. H. & Grisham, C. M. (2012).	
			et al., Prentice-Hall International Inc.	<i>Biochemistry</i> (5 th ed.). Belmont, USA:	
			➢ Fundamentals of Biochemistry : Cohn and	Wadsworth Publishing Co Inc.	
			Stumf.	➢ Palmer, T.& Bonner, P. (2014). Enzymes:	
			➢ Molecular Biophysics-Structure in Motion	Biochemistry, Biotechnology and Clinical	
			:Michel Daune, Oxford University Press.	Chemistry. UK: Woodhead Publishing	
				Limited.	
				➤ Cantor, C.R. & Schimmel, P.R. (1980).	
				Biophysical Chemistry Part I, II & III. New	
				York, USA: W. H. Freeman and Company.	
				Ferdinand, W. (1976). The Enzyme Molecule.	
				New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd.	
				Suggested e- Resources:	
				Metabolic pathways, Biomolecules	
				https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=2	
				Mechanism of enzyme action	
				http://www.biologydiscussion.com/enzymes/en	
				zymes-properties-and-mechanism-of-enzyme-	
				action/6145	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				E-book for Garrett and Grisham	
				https://bit.ly/2TbDWWR	
4.	BIO 404L:	After successful completion of		Analytical Techniques-I	
	Bioscience	the course, students should be	equipments: Centrifuges (Table top and high	1. Demonstration: Working principle &	The experiments have been
	Lab-I	able to:	speed), Balances (electrical and digital).	applications of	reframed and modified
		• Demonstrate use of various	2. Demonstration, principle and use of lab	- Centrifuges (high speed refrigerated	keeping in consideration, the
		tools and techniques for	equipments: Spectrophotometer, pH meter.	centrifuge & ultracentrifuge),	suggested syllabus.
		detection and	3. Estimation of proteins by Lowry's and TCA	- Fluorescence microscope.	
		quantification of	methods.	- Atomic absorption spectrophotometer,	
		biomolecules.	5. Estimation of carbohydrates (reducing and non-	HPLC, FPLC, GC-MS	
		• Perform various	reducing sugar).	2. Separation of amino acids by TLC and Paper	
		biochemical assays for fats,	6. Estimation of fats (cholesterol).	Chromatography.	
		carbohydrate, protein and	7. Preparation and purification of casein from		
		enzymes	buffalo milk.	3. Study of different stages of mitosis (onion root	
		• Demonstrate	8. Separation of amino acids by TLC and paper	tip) and meiosis (onion buds/grasshopper testis)	
		microbiological techniques	chromatography.	and determine the mitotic index.	
	• Access, retrieve,	• Access, retrieve, and	9. Determination of Logic properties (pH value of		
		analyze nucleotide and	Lysine by titration).	gradient centrifugation	
		protein sequences using	10. To find λ max for proteins.	Biochemistry	
		11. Use of selective and diagnostic media for			
			cultivation, isolation, enumeration and purification	the Henderson-Hasselbach equation.	
			of microorganisms.	6. Extraction of crude enzyme from germinating	
			12. Measurement of bacterial and fungal growth.	mung bean seeds.	
			13. Isolation and enumeration of microbes from	7. Estimation of total protein content by Lowry's	
			air/soil by serial dilution/agar plating method.	method	
			14. Antibiotic sensitivity test.	8. Separation of protein by SDS PAGE.	
			15. Microbiological examination of food.	9. Estimation of acid phosphatase activity using	
			16. Citric acid production by A. niger.	standard curve of p-nitrophenol.	
			17. Study of cell division in plants and animals, Giant		
			chromosomes.	Expt. 6) using ammonium sulphate	
			18. Separation of different organelles/molecules by	precipitation and ion exchange/ affinity	
			sucrose density gradient/differential gradient.	chromatography (demonstration).	
				11. Determination of kinetic properties (K_m and	
			proteins/plant proteins by gel electrophoresis.	V_{max} values) of acid phosphatase.	
			20. Histochemical localization of biomolecules	12. Estimation of total carbohydrates using	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			(protein, carbohydrate or any other).	Anthrone method.	
			21. Bioinformatics exercise 1	13. Estimation of reducing sugar by Nelson-	
			22. Bioinformatics exercise 2.	Somogyi method.	
				14. Estimation of fats (cholesterol).	
				Microbiology	
				15. Isolation and enumeration of microbes from soil and water.	
				16. Staining of selected bacterial and fungal	
				strains. 17. Estimation of bacterial growth by turbidometric	
				method.	
				18. Antibiotic sensitivity test.	
				19. Estimation of infectivity titre of a virus sample	
				using Plaque assay	
				Bioinformatics	
				20. Database Search: Use and analysis of BLAST	
				tool for protein and DNA sequences.	
				21. Molecular Evolution: Multiple sequence	
				alignment and phylogenetic analysis. (Clustal X/ Mega/ Tree-View)	
				22. Structure Prediction: Protein secondary and	
				tertiary structure prediction using online tools.	
				23. Molecular Visualization: Structural analysis of	
				PDB entries for active and inactive states of	
				protein(Pymol).	
				Suggested Books:	
				➢ Aneja, K. R. (2001). Experiments in	
				Microbiology, Plant Pathology, Tissue Culture	
				and Mushroom Production Technology. New	
				Delhi, India: New Age International Ltd.	
				Cappuccino, J. G. & Welsh, C. (2019).	
				Microbiology: A Laboratory Manual. New	
				York, USA: Pearson. ➤ Sadasivam, S., & Manickam, A. (1996).	
				<i>Biochemical Methods</i> (2 nd ed.). New Delhi:	
				<i>Diochemical Methods</i> (2 ed.). New Definit	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 New Age International Publishers. Saxena, J., Baunthiyal., & Ravi, I. (2015). Laboratory Manual of Microbiology, Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. Jodhpur: Scientific Publishers. Suggested e- Resources: Harisha, S. Biotechnology procedures and experiments handbook http://site.iugaza.edu.ps/mwhindi/files/BIOTE CHNOLOGY-PROCEDURES-AND- EXPERIMENTS-HANDBOOK.pdf Introduction to biotechnology http://www.austincc.edu/awheeler/Files/BIOL %201414%20Fall%202011/BIOL1414_Lab%2 	
5.	BIO 407: Cell and Molecular Biology	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Understand membrane transport and cell signalling mechanisms. Develop comprehensive understanding of endomembrane system Understand molecular mechanisms of prokaryotes and eukaryotes 	 Section-A Molecular structure and function: Structural models, Composition and dynamics; Transport of ions and macromolecules; Pumps, carriers and channels; Membrane carbohydrates and their significance in cellular recognition; cellular junctions and adhesions; structure and functional significance of plasmodesmata. Endocytosis and exocytosis, clathrin & coatomer coated vesicles, SNARE proteins. Cell to cell signaling :autocrine, paracrine and endocrine stimulation. Signaling via G-protein linked cell-surface receptors, adenylatecyclase system, inositol phosphate pathway, role of Ca²⁺ -ions. Signallingvia enzyme-linked surface receptors, tyrosine kinases. Steroid receptors. Section-B Mitochondrial membrane organization, transport of 	 in cellular recognition; Cellular junctions & adhesions. Endocytosis & exocytosis, clathrin coated vesicles, SNARE proteins. Cell to cell signalling: autocrine, paracrine and endocrine stimulation. Signaling via G-protein linked cell surface receptors, adenylate cyclase system, inositol phosphate pathway, role of Ca²⁺ ions. Signaling via enzyme-linked surface receptors, tyrosine kinases. Steroid receptors. 	Plasmodesmata already covered in 'cell junctions'

S. No Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		 proteins into mitochondria and chloroplasts. Genome of mitochondria and cholorplasts. Concept of signal peptide, SRP, SRP Receptor, transport of soluble and membrane bound proteins in Endoplasmic Reticulum, ER Resident proteins, ER chaperone proteins and their functions, glycosylation of proteins in ER. Golgi apparatus, role in protein glycosylation and transport. Lysosomes, intracellular digestion, sorting of lysosomal enzymes in Golgi, lysosomal storage diseases. 	 SRP, SRP Receptor, ER Resident proteins, ER chaperone proteins & their functions, glycosylation of proteins in ER. Golgi apparatus, role in protein glycosylation and transport. Lysosomes, intracellular digestion, sorting of lysosomal enzymes in Golgi, lysosomal storage diseases. Transport of proteins into mitochondria & chloroplasts. Cell Cycle & its regulation, apoptosis. 	The deleted portion has been replaced with more relevant topic Cell Cycle and its regulation and division.
		Section-C	Section-C	
		 Replication of genetic material in prokaryotes and eukaryotes: initiation, elongation and termination; Replication of single stranded circular DNA. Prokaryotic transcription: Transcription units; RNA polymerase structure and assembly; Promotors; Rho-dependent and Rho-independent termination; Anti-termination. Eukaryotic transcription: RNA polymerase structure and assembly; RNA polymerase structure and enhancers; general transcription factors; TATA binding proteins (TBP) and TBP associated factors (TAF). Post transcriptional modifications: processing of hnRNA, tRNA and rRNA; 5'-Cap formation; 3'-end processing and polyadenylation; Splicing; RNA editing; Nuclear export of mRNA; mRNA stability; Catalytic RNA. Translation: Translation machinery; Ribosomes: composition and assembly; Genetic code: degeneracy of codons, initiation and termination codons, wobble hypothesis,genetic code in mitochondria;IsoacceptingtRNA; Mechanism of 	 Replication of genetic material in prokaryotes & eukaryotes: initiation, elongation & termination; Replication of single stranded circular DNA. Prokaryotic transcription: Transcription units; RNA polymerase structure & assembly; Promotors, Rho-dependent & Rho-independent termination; Anti-termination. Eukaryotic transcription: RNA polymerase structure and assembly; RNA polymerase I, II, III; eukaryotic promoters & enhancers; general transcription factors; TATA binding proteins (TBP) and TBP associated factors (TAF). Post transcriptional modifications: processing of hnRNA, tRNA and rRNA; 5'-Cap formation; 3'-end processing and polyadenylation; splicing; RNA editing; nuclear export of mRNA; catalytic RNA. Genetic code, Isoaccepting t-RNA; Translation: Translation machinery: initiation, elongation and termination; Co- and post-translational modifications. 	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			initiation, elongation and termination; Co- and		
			post-translational modifications.		
			Books recommended :	Suggested Books:	
			➢ Cell and Molecular Biology : De Robertis& De	➢ De Robertis, E.D.R. & De Robertis, E.M.F.	
			Robertis, B.I. Waverly Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.	(2017). Cell and Molecular Biology. New	
			The world of the cell : W.M. Becker, Pearson	York, USA: Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.	
			Education.	➢ Hardin, J., Bertoni, G. & Lewis, K.J. (2011).	
			Cell and Molecular Biology : G. Karp, John Wiley	Becker's World of the Cell. Essex, UK:	
			& Sons.	Pearson Education Limited.	
			\succ The Cell - A Molecular Approach : Cooper,	Karp, G., Lwasa, J. & Larshall, W. (2015). <i>Cell</i>	
			Sinauer.	and Molecular Biology: Concepts and	
			Cell and Molecular Biology : P.K. Gupta, Rastogi Publications.	<i>Experiments</i> . New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd.	
			Molecular Cell Biology :Lodish, Baltimore, W. H.	➢ Cooper, G., M. & Hausman, R. E. (2004). The	
			Freeman & Co.	Cell: A Molecular Approach. Washington,	
			➢ Molecular Biology of the Cell : Bruce Albert,	D.C.: ASM Press.	
			Garland Publication, NY.	➢ Lodish, H., Berk, A., Kaiser, C. A., Krieger,	
			Essentials of Cytology : C.B. Powar, Himalaya	M., Bretsher, A., Ploegh, H., Amon, A. &	
			Publications.	Martin, K. C. (2007). Molecular Cell Biology.	
			Principles of Genetics : Gardner, Simmons,	New York, USA: W. H. Freeman and	
			Snustad, John Wiley & Sons.	Company.	
			Gene VIII :Lewin, Pearson Education.	Alberts, B., Johnson, A., Lewis, J., Raff, M.,	
			Molecular Biology of Gene : J.D. Watson,	Roberts, K.& Walter, P. (2007). Molecular	
			Pearson Education.	<i>Biology of the Cell.</i> UK: Garland Science.	
			Molecular Biology : David Freifelder, Narosa Publishing House, New Dalhi	Freifelder, D. M. (1986). Molecular Biology. USA: Jones & Portlett Dublichers.	
			Publishing House, New Delhi.➢ Molecular Biology : R. Weaver, WCB McGraw	USA: Jones & Bartlett Publishers. Suggested e- Resources:	
			Hill.	 Cell Biology resources 	
			11111.	https://www.nature.com/scitable	
				 Sorting and trafficking of proteins 	
				http://www.vcell.science/project/proteintraffick	
				ing	
				\rightarrow RNA editing	
				study.com/academy/lesson/rna-editing-	
				definition-processes.html	

S. No Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
S. No Course List 6. BIO 416: Microbiology	Learning OutcomeAfter successful completion of the course, students should be able to:• Describedifferent methodologies• Inderstandstructural, functional and metabolic diversity of bacteria• Explainviral structure, properties, replication and cultivation	 Section-A — Discovery of Micro-organisms. Criteria for classification; molecular approaches 	 Section-A History and scope of microbiology. Bacteria: Structural organization. Archaea: Structural organization and brief overview of major physiological groups (Halophiles, Methanogens, Thermophiles). Growth of bacteria- bacterial growth curve, factors affecting growth, Nutrition in bacteria- nutritional classes, modes of nutritional uptake, media (types) and culture methods. Modes of bacterial reproduction. Regulation in bacteria-operon concept-lac, trp and ara Section-B Classification of bacteria and approaches used (conventional and modern) Metabolic diversity in bacteria- aerobic and anaerobic respiration (suphate, nitrate), fermentation (lactic, mixed, acetone-butanol, stickland fermentations and acetogenesis), chemolithotrophy(hydrogen, sulphur, nitrate and iron oxidizers), phototrophy (oxygenic and anoxygenic). Unculturable microbes. Bacterial quorum sensing. 	Remarks The current syllabus is too bulky and inadequately distributed in the three sections. Contents of section C will be taken up by biotechnology students in bioprocess engineering and environmental biotechnology papers. Also, the last two points of section B are more suited to bioprocess. In the proposed syllabus, the syllabus is more evenly distributed and pertinent content has been added for a more cohesive syllabus.
		Section-C Biofertilizer and Compost. - Biopesticides, Biopolymers and Biosurfactants - Industrial production of various metabolites with special example of antibiotics, organic acids and alcohol Microbes in the disposal of sewage: sewage treatment processes, sewage water and	 Bacterial quorum sensing. Section-C General properties, structure, taxonomy (ICTV & Baltimore classification)of virus General features of viral replication, sub-viral particles – satellite virus, viroids& prions. 	

S. No	Course List Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		 transmission of diseases, indicator organisms. Books Recommended : Introductory Microbiology : F.C. Ross, Columbus Charles E. Mehrill. Microbiology - Fundamentals and Applications : S.S. Purohit, Agro Botanical Publishers, Bikaner. Modern Concepts of Microbiology : H.D. Kumar and S. Kumar, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi. Microbiology : M.J. Pelczar,C.E.C. Sun and N.R. Krieg, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi. A Text book of Microbiology : R.C. Dubey and D.K. Maheshwari, S. Chand and Company. Microbiology : K.L. Burdon and R.P. Williams, Mcmillan Worth Publishers. Microbiology : B.D. Davis et al. : Harper and Row Publishers. Microbiology : E.W. Nester et al., Saunders international edition. Principle of Fermentation Technology : P.F. Stanbury and A. Whittaker, Pegamon Press. Fundamental principles of Bacteriology : A.J. Salle, Tata McGraw Hill. T.D. Boock's World of Microbiology : Madigan Microbiology :Presscott. 	 Animal virus: structure and life cycle of-herpes simplex virus, papovavirus, reovirus & retroviruses. Plant virus: structure & life cycle of -geminivirus, caulimovirus & tobacco mosaic virus; virus-vector relationship. Virus assay: Plaque, pock, hemagglutination & transformation assays and concept of ID50. Cultivation of viruses. Suggested Books: Willey, J. M., Sherwood, L.M. & Woolverton, C.J. (2014). <i>Prescott's Microbiology</i> (9th ed.). New York, USA: McGraw-Hill Education. Madigan, M., Martinko, J., Stahl, D. & Clark, D. (2010). <i>Brock Biology of Microorganisms</i> (13thed.). UK: Pearson Education. Pelczar Jr., M.J., Chan, E.C.S.& Krieg, N.R. (2011). <i>Microbiology</i>. New York, USA: Tata McGraw-Hill. Kungo, R. (Ed.). (2017). Nanthnarayanand Paniker's <i>Textbook of Microbiology</i> (10th ed.). New Delhi, India: Universities Press. Moat, A. G., Foster, J.W. & Spector, M.P. (2003). <i>Microbial Physiology</i> (4th ed.). US: WileyLiss Inc. Atlas, R.M.& Bartha, R. (1998), <i>Microbial Ecology: Fundamentals and Applications</i> (4thed.). UK: Pearson Education. Dimmock, N.J., Easton, A.J. & Leppard, K.N. (2016). <i>Introduction to Modern Virology</i> (8th ed.). Hoboken, NJ: Wiley Blackwell. Cann, A.J. (2015). Principles of Molecular Virology (6th ed.). Massachusetts, USA: Academic Press. 	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
5.140				 Bacteria structure http://www.biologydiscussion.com/bacteria/cel	
M Sc	• Bioscience (A	nimal Science) II Semester		https://bit.ly/2BQLTa5	
7.	E. Bioscience (A BIO 405L: Bioscience Lab-II	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Demonstrate techniques used in immunology and genetic engineering Perform key experiments for water quality analysis and other contaminants Solve problems based on gene mapping and population genetics 	 To obtain standard curve of p-nitrophenol solution. To prepare a sample of enzyme extract. To determine activity of acid phosphatase from peas/moong seedlings. Purification of an enzymatic protein by salt precipitation. Determination of kinetic properties (Km and Vmax values) of an enzyme. To check time and protein linearity of an enzymatic reaction. Immobilization of an enzyme. Blood film preparation and identification of 	 Environmental Biology and Biotechnology Determination of total hardness of water. Determination of fluoride content in water. Determination of BOD values. Determination of LD₅₀ for common pesticides/weedicides. Bacteriological analysis of waste water. Immunology To perform differential leucocytes count. Lymphoid organs and their microscopic organization To perform immune diffusion by ouchterlony double diffusion method. 	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus leucocytes. 5. Lymphoid organs and their microscopic organization. 6. Immunization, collection of serum. 7. Double diffusion and immuno-electrophoresis. 8. ELISA : Determination of antibody titre. 9. Immunodiagnostics (Demonstration using commercial kits). 10. Extraction and estimation of DNA. 11. Extraction and estimation of DNA. 12. To find □ max for nucleic acids. 13. Preparation of metaphase chromosomes. 14. Detection of ADH activity in tissue/cells by cytochemical staining using Drosophila. 15. Statistical problem. 16. Genetic problem - (chromosome mapping).	9. To perform immunoelectrophoresis.	Remarks
				Fisher's test, chi-square test and one way	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Green, M. R., & Sambrook, J. (2012). <i>Molecular Cloning: a Laboratory Manual</i>. Cold Spring Harbor, NY: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press. Gupta S.P. (2000). Statistical Methods. S. Chand Publications. Suggested e- Resources: Harisha, S. Biotechnology procedures and experiments handbook http://site.iugaza.edu.ps/mwhindi/files/BIOTE CHNOLOGY-PROCEDURES-AND- EXPERIMENTS-HANDBOOK.pdf Introduction to biotechnology 	
8.	BIO 406: Biostatistics and Research Methodology	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Apply statistical analysis to biological data Identify ethics in scientific research and associated methodologies Develop skills in scientific writing. 	 Section-A Scope of Biostatistics, variables in biology, collection, classification, tabulation of data. Frequency distribution, diagrammatic and graphical presentation of statistical data, sampling techniques. Measures of central location and dispersion, simple measure of skewness and kurtosis. Probability, conditional probability. Section-B Binomial, Poisson and Normal Distribution. Correlation and Regression: Least Square method of fitting, Standard error of estimate, Correlation and regression coefficient. Basic idea of significance testing, level of significance, students 't' test, □ 2 (chi-square) test and F-test, Analysis of variance. Section-C Introduction of Research Methodology: meaning and importance, nature and areas of research in Biological Sciences. 	https://bit.ly/2IICkzE No change in the syllabus	

S. No	Course List Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
S. No	Course List Learning Outcome	 Existing Syllabus Formulation of a research problem (Hypothesis). Elements in Research Methodology; Research Designs (CRD, RBD, LSD). Ethical, legal and social issues in Biological Research. Writing of Research Report/Research Paper: various components and their organization. Recommended Books: Singh S. (1988). Statistical methods for Research. Central publishing, Ludhiana. Gupta S.P. (2000). Statistical Methods. S. Chand Publications. Khan and Khanum (2012). Fundamentals of Biostatistics.Ukaz Publications. Zerold J. (2009). BiostatisticalAnalysis. UK: Pearson Education. Marcello P. and Kimberlee G. (2000). Principles of Biostatistics. Duxbury. Prasad S. (2012). Elements of Biostatistics.Rastogi Publications. Rastogi V. B. (2015). Biostatistics. Medtec publications. Basotia, G.R. and Sharma K.K. (1999). Research Methodology. Mangal Deep Publications. Chaudhary C.M. (1991). Research Methodology in Zoology.Pearlbooks. Kadam R.M. and Allapure R. B. (2016). Research Methodology in Botany.Gaurav Books 	 Suggested Books: > Singh S. (1988). Statistical methods for Research. Central publishing, Ludhiana. > Gupta S.P. (2000). Statistical Methods. S. Chand Publications. 	Remarks

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Regression Analysis https://bit.ly/2s9vHdM Student's t Test- Interactive tutorial https://www.ruf.rice.edu/~bioslabs/Stats_tutori al/index.html 	
9.	BIO 410: Genetics	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Understand the theoretical and experimental foundations of classical and molecular genetics. Describe the basics of genetic mapping in bacteria, virus and eukaryotes Understand the scope of cytogenetics and its applications. 	 Section-A Definition of gene: genetic & biochemical view; Gene: unit of structure & function, complementation test. Mendelian Genetics: Mendel's experimental design; Mendelian Genetics in humans: Pedigree analysis. Extensions of Mendelian Genetics Principles: Modification of dominance relationships, Gene interactions and modified Mendelian ratios, Multiple alleles, Essential and lethal genes. Non Mendelian inheritance: Extrachromosomal inheritance; Genomic imprinting; isodisomy; Complex inheritance-genetic and environmental variation; Heritability; Twin studies; Behavioral traits; Analysis of quantitative traits. Linkage & Crossing over: Tetrad analysis, mapping of gene order and centromere location in fungi Section-B Genome organization: Organization of bacterial genome; Structure of eukaryotic chromosomes; organization of DNA into chromosomes; Heterochromatin and euchromatin. Regulation of gene expression in prokaryotes: transcriptional regulation Positive and negative; Operon concept lac, trp and ara operons; transcriptional control in phage. Regulation of gene expression in eukaryotes. Mutations: Nonsense, missense and point mutations; Intragenic and intergenicsuppression; 	 analysis. Extensions of Mendelian Genetics: Modification of dominance relationships, gene interactions and modified Mendelian ratios, multiple alleles, essential and lethal genes. Non Mendelian inheritance: Extrachromosomal inheritance. Genomic imprinting. Complex inheritance-genetic and environmental variation; Heritability; Twin studies; Behavioral traits; Analysis of quantitative traits. Section-B Linkage & crossing over, models of genetic recombination, gene conversion, Tetrad analysis, mapping of gene order & centromere location in fungi. Genome organization: Organization of bacterial genome. Structure of eukaryotic chromosomes; organization of DNA into chromosomes; Heterochromatin and euchromatin 	Genetic recombination models is important to be discussed to understand result of crossing over, gene conversion is important consequence of recombination. Gene regulation can be deleted because this content is covered in Cell and Molecular Biology After modification students will have basic understanding of cytogenetics and its application

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Frameshift mutations; Mutagens; Molecular	Molecular mechanism of mutations; Suppressor	
			mechanism of mutations.	mutation.	
			• Transposable genetic elements in prokaryotes and	• Transposon mutagenesis, transposons as genetic	
			eukaryotes: Insertion sequences, composite and	tools: signature tagging mutagenesis, insertional	
			complex transposons, replicative and non-	inactivation, P- elements as genetic tool.	
			replicative transposons; Mechanism of		
			transposition; Role of transposons in mutation;		
			Genetic analysis using transposons.		
			Section-C	Section-C	
			• Cytogenetics: Cell division and errors in cell	Cytogenetics: Cytogenetics introduction,	
			division; Non disjunction; Structural and numerical chromosomal abnormalities-deletion; duplication;	karyotype analysis, chromosome banding techniques	
			translocation; Sex determination; Lyon hypothesis;	• Cell division & errors in cell division; Non	
			Role of Y chromosome; Genetic recombination;	disjunction.	
			Disorders of sex chromosomes and autosomes;	• Structural and numerical chromosomal	
			• Molecular cytogenetics-Fluorescence In Situ	abnormalities- deletion, duplication,	
			Hybridization (FISH); Comparative Genomic	translocation; Sex determination; Lyon	
			Hybridization (CGH).	hypothesis; Role of Y chromosome; Disorders of	
			• Genetics of bacteria and bacteriophages: Genetic	sex chromosomes & autosomes.	
			analysis of Bacteria; Genetic mapping in bacteria	• Molecular cytogenetics-Fluorescence in Situ	
			by conjugation, transformation and transduction;	Hybridization (FISH); Comparative Genomic	
			Mapping of bacteriophage gene.	Hybridization (CGH).	
			• Population genetics: the Hardy-Weinberg law;	• Genetics of bacteria and bacteriophages; Genetic	
			Genetic variation in natural populations; Forces	mapping in bacteria by conjugation,	
			that change gene frequency in populations; Genetic	transformation and transduction	
			basis of speciation.	 Mapping of bacteriophage gene. 	
				• Population genetics: Hardy-Weinberg law;	
				Genetic variation in natural populations; Forces	
				that change gene frequency in populations;	
				Genetic basis of speciation.	
			Books Recommended :	Suggested Books:	
			Principles of Genetics 4th Ed:Snustad& Simmong John Wiley & Song		
			 Simmons, John Wiley & Sons. i-Genetics : P.J. Russel, Pearson Education. 	Palladine, M.A. (2015). Concepts of Genetics	
				(11 th ed.). UK: Pearson Education.	
			Finciples of Genetics Sui Ed. Gardner,	Gardner, E.J., Simmons, M.J., & Snustad, D.P.	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
5.110			 Simmons, Snustad, John Wiley & Sons. Genetics : P.K. Gupta, Rastogi Publications. Genetics - A molecular approach : T.A. Brown, Chapman and Hall. Concepts of Genetics 7th Ed. : William S. Klug, Pearson Education. Principles of Genetics : R.H. Tamarin, Tata McGraw Hill. Genetics-From Genes to Genomes : Hartwell, McGraw Hill. Genetics 5th Eds. : D.L. Hartl and E.W. Jones, Jones and Barlett Publishers, Canada. An Introduction to Genetic Ananlysis : Suzuki, Griffith, Miller &Lewonith. Molecular Biology : Weaver, WCB McGraw Hill. 	 (2005). Principles of Genetics (8thed.). New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd. Benjamin, A.P. (2003). Genetics: A conceptual approach. New York, USA: W. H. Freeman and Company. Russel, P.J. (2010). <i>iGenetics</i> (3rd ed.). UK: Pearson Education. Brown, T.A. (1992). Genetics- A Molecular Approach. London, UK: Chapman & Hall. Gupta, P.K. (2010).Genetics. Meerut, India: Rastogi Publications. Suggested e- Resources: 	
10.	BIO 411:	After successful completion of	Section-A	Section-A	
	Immunology	 htter successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Evaluate and compare the role of various components and mechanisms of the immune system. Describe various immune response mechanisms Develop concept of antibody generation and various immunological techniques 	 Basic concepts of immunology: specific and nonspecific defense mechanisms (innate and acquired immunity), organs and cells of immune system. Antigen and Antigenicity: concept of immunogens, antigens, heptans, mitogens and superantigens. Properties of antigens, eross reactivity, special group of antigens: bacterial antigens, viral antigens, cell surface antigens (MHC), autoantigens, isoantigens and frossman antigens (Heterophilic antigens). Immunoglobulins: structure and properties of immunoglobulins, immunoglobulin isotypes and 	 Basic concepts of immunology: Historical background of immunology, specific and nonspecific defense mechanisms (innate and acquired immunity), cells and organs of immune system. Antigen and Antigenicity: Concept of immunogens, antigens, haptens, mitogens and superantigens. Properties of antigens, special group of antigens: bacterial antigens, viral antigens, cell surface antigens (MHC), autoantigens, isoantigens and frossman antigens (Heterophilic antigens). 	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			their significance.Immunoglobulins as antigens:	immunoglobulins, immunoglobulin isotypes and	
			isotypes, allotypes and idiotypes.	their significance. Immunoglobulins as antigens:	
			Complement System.	isotypes, allotypes and idiotypes, brief idea	
				about instructive, selective & clonal selection	
				theory of antibody formation.	
				• Complement system.	
				Section-B	
			Section-B	• Cell - mediated immune responses: origin,	
			• Cell - mediated immune responses : origin,	maturation and characterization of T-	
			maturation and characterization of T-Lymphocytes,	Lymphocytes, monocytes and macrophages,	
			monocytes and macrophages, characteristics of	characteristics of antigen presentation and its	
			antigen presentation and its significance, concepts	significance, concepts of memory cell, mode of	
			of memory cell, mode of action and functioning of	action and functioning of TH, TC, CTLS and	
			TH, TC, CTLS and NK cells, lymphokines, the	NK cells, lymphokines, the product of T-cell	
			product of T cell activation.	activation.	
			• Humoral immune responses: Origin, maturation	• Humoral immune responses: Origin, maturation	
			and characterisation of B Lymphocytes, activation	and characterization of B-Lymphocytes,	
			and proliferation of B and T cells, antibody	activation and proliferation of B and T cells,	
			generation in vivo.	antibody generation <i>in vivo</i> .	
			• Immunological tolerance and Autoimmunity:	• Immunological tolerance and characteristics and	
			characteristics and mechanism of immunologic	mechanism of immunologic tolerance, factors	
			tolerance, factors affecting immunologic tolerance	affecting immunologic tolerance of	
			and mechanisms of autoimmunity .	autoimmunity. Immune regulation, positive,	
			Hypersensitivity: Type I, II, III and IV.	negative selection, apoptosis.	
				Section-C	
			Section-C	Hypersensitivity: Type I, II, III and IV.	
			• Hybrid and Chimeric monoclonal antibodies,	• Hybrid and Chimeric monoclonal antibodies, catalytic antibodies.	
			• Hybrid and Chimeric monocional antibodies, catalytic antibodies		
			• Surface plasmon resonance, Biosensor assay for	• Surface plasmon resonance, biosensor assay for assessing ligand-receptor interaction.	
			• Surface plasmon resonance, biosensor assay for assessing ligand-receptor interaction.		
			 Measurement of low molecular weight non- 	• Advanced immunological techniques: Immunofluorescent and immunogold labelling.	
			immunogenic compounds (such as secondary	minumorraorescent and minumogold labelling.	
			minunogenie compounds (such as secondary metabolites); phytohormones immunoassays.		
			Advanced immunological techniques:		
			- Auvanecu minimunologicai techniques.		

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Immunofluorescent and Immunogoldlabelling Books Recommended: Abbas, A.K.,&Lichtman, A.H. (2001). Basic immunology: Functions and Disorders of Immune System. US: W.B. Saunders. Delves, P.J., Martin, S.J., Burton, D.R.,&Roitt, I.M (2011). Roitt's Essential Immunology (12thed.). New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd. Goldsby, R. A., Kindt, T.J., & Osborne, B. A. (2006). Kuby Immunology (6thed.). New York, USA: W.H. Freeman & Co. Ltd. Paul, W.E. (1999). Fundamental Immunology (14thed.). USA: Lippincott-Raven. Peakman, M.,&Vergani, D. (2009). Basic and Clinical Immunology (2nded.). US: Elsevier Health Sciences. Tizard, I.R. (2017). Veterinary Immunology (10thed.). US: Elsevier Health Sciences. 	 Suggested Books: Abbas, A.K. & Lichtman, A.H. (2001). Basic Immunology: Functions and Disorders of Immune System. US: W.B. Saunders. Delves, P.J., Martin, S.J., Burton, D.R., & Roitt, I.M (2011). Roitt's Essential Immunology (12thed.). New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd. Goldsby, R. A., Kindt, T.J. & Osborne, B. A. (2006). Kuby Immunology (6th ed.). New York, USA: W.H. Freeman & Co. Ltd. Paul, W.E. (1999). Fundamental Immunology (14thed.). USA: Lippincott-Raven. Peakman, M. & Vergani, D. (2009). Basic and Clinical Immunology (2nded.). US: Elsevier Health Sciences. 	
11.	BT 406: Enzymology and Enzyme Technology	At the end of this course, the students will have fundamental knowledge of enzymes and varioustechniques involved in their production and purification. They would also learn about theirapplication in different fields such as	• History and introduction to enzymes: Classification of enzymes. IUPAC system, nomenclature, E.C. numbers.	Course proposed to be discontinued	Some part of the syllabus is integrated with I Semester course "Biochemistry".

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		medical, textile, chemical	mechanism. Theorell chance mechanism, ping		
		processes, etc. They can	pong mechanism, products of inhibition in		
		applythis knowledge for better	bisubstrate reactions.		
		understanding of other basic			
		and advanced courses in	and other types.		
		biologicalsciences as well as to			
		solve research based problems.	• Extraction of soluble and membrane bound enzymes from microbial, plant and animal tissues.		
			• Purification of enzymes: salt precipitation, gel filtration, ion exchange and affinity chromatography.		
			• Regulation of enzyme activity, various controls (metabolic compartmentation, covalent modifications and others), feedback regulation,		
			allosteric enzymes.		
			• Coenzymes, Isozymes and Multienzyme complexes.		
			• Methods of storing enzymes.		
			Section-C		
			• Large scale production of enzymes including genetic engineering approaches for their over production.		
			• Enzyme engineering; identification of active sites,		
			approaches for modification of catalytic properties.		
			• Techniques of enzyme immobilization and their applications in:		
			a. Food industry- High fructose syrup, cheese making and beer industry.		
			b. Antibiotics and other Pharamaceuticals		
			c. Medical applications		
			d. Analysis of substances, enzyme electrodes,		
			enzyme thermistors.		
			Basic idea of proteomics		
			Suggested Books:		
			Understanding Enzymes : T. Palmer.		

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Fundamentals of Enzymology : Price and Stevenson. The Enzyme : Dixon and Webb, Academic Press, London. Methods in Enzymology : Academic Press. The Enzyme Molecule: W. Ferdinan, John Wiley and sons. Protein Methods: D.M. Bollag and S.J. Edelstein, Wiley-Liss. The Nature of Enzymology : F.L. Foster, John Wiley and sons. Enzyme technology, biotechnology Vol7 : John Wiley and sons. Enzyme, Biomass, Food and Feed Biotechnology 		
	Environment al Biology and Biotechnolog y	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Identify key factors responsible for ecosystem balance and explain different efforts which can be undertaken for restoration and environmental remediation. Comprehend the toxicity of various environmental pollutants and their influence on ecosystem. Understand different waste management processes and generation of energy from waste. Describe various roles played by microbes in 	 Vol. 9 : John Wiley and Sons. M.Sc. III Semester Bioscience core course BIO 408: Environmental Biology and Toxicology Section-A Concept of energy, conventional & non-conventional energy sources. Fossil fuels, hydro, wind and nuclear power, geothermal, solar and bioenergy. Energy flow in organisms, energy pathways & models, energy efficiencies, conservation of energy. Classification & characteristics of resources: water, soil, forest, wild life, land use. Conservation of natural resources: water, soil, forest and wild life. Section-B Origin of pollutants : industrial, agricultural, domestic and vehicular sources. 	 Environmental Biology and Biotechnology Section A Structure and functions of ecosystem. Energy flow in organisms, energy pathways & models, energy efficiencies. Basic concept of Population Ecology – Inter & intra-specific interactions among populations. Community structure & dynamics: Ecological succession. Natural resources & conservation: water, soil, forest, wild life. Environmental challenges & sustainable development; Environmental Laws & Acts. Section B Heavy metal toxicity, agrochemical pollutants. Bioremediation of heavy metal pollution and oil spills, phytoremediation. 	"Environmental Biology and Biotechnology" is proposed to be included as a new core course in the second semester instead of the existing core course "Enzymology and Enzyme Technology". The syllabus of "Environmental Biology and Biotechnology" is designed by updating and merging the contents of existing courses BIO 408 "Environmental Biology and Toxicology" which is running as a core course in third semester of M.Sc. Bioscience programme and another course BT 509 "Environmental Biotechnology" which is

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		biodegradation,	- <u>Pollutant & their toxicology : Heavy</u>	Effects of radiations at cellular, molecular	running as a core course in
		bioremediation and plant	metals and trace elements. Agrochemicals	& genetic level. Disposal of radioactive	the third semester of M.Sc.
		growth promotion.	(Pesticides, herbicides, rodenticides &	waste.	Biotechnology programme.
			fungicides, detergents) & particulate	► Waste water treatment- sources of waste	
			matter.	water, strategies used in primary, secondary & tertiary treatments, water	
			- Types of radiations including ionizing &	reclamation.	
			non-ionizing radiations & their interaction	Section C	
			with matter.	➢ Biofertilizers, biopesticides, compost &	
			- Radiations as environmental pollutants.	vermicompost.	
			- Effects of radiations at cellular, molecular	Biofuels: Biogas, bioethanol, biodiesel,	
			& genetic level.	biohydrogen. Biodegradable plastics.	
			Section-C	 Biodegradation of xenobiotic compounds: Simple aromatics, chlorinated 	
			- Mutagenecity, carcinogencity.	polyaromatic petroleum products &	
			- Green house effect, acid rains.	pesticides; role of degradative plasmids.	
				Solid waste management: types, treatment	
			- Ozone layer depletion, photochemical	& disposal strategies.	
			smog.	Bioleaching of metals, microbially	
			- Types of solid wastes, transport, reuse &	enhanced oil recovery. Bioindicators.	
			recycling.	Suggested Books → Allen, K. (2016). Environmental	
			M.Sc. III Semester Biotechnology core course	<i>Biotechnology</i> . New Delhi, India: CBS	
			BT 509: Environmental Biotechnology	Publishers.	
			Section-A	Miller, G.T. (2004). Environmental	
			- Current status of biotechnology in	Science: Working With The Earth (10^{th})	
			environmental protection.	ed.). Singapore: Thomson Asia.	
			- Sewage & waste water treatment: Physical,	Milton, W. (Ed.). (1999). An Introduction	
			Chemical and biological treaments; Aerobic processes & anaerobic processes,	to Environmental Biotechnology. USA:	
			Primary, secondary and tertiary treatments;	Springer. ➤ Milton, W. (Ed.). (1999). An Introduction	
			Sludge dewatering & its disposal; Water	to Environmental Biotechnology. USA:	
			reclamation.	Springer.	
			- Solid waste management: Methods &	Modi, P. N. (2015). Sewage treatment &	
			disposal of non hazardous and hazardous	disposal and waste water engineering.	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
S. No	Course List	- Section-B - - - Section-C -	solidwastes, recycling, recycling, disposal of radioactive waste.Conservation of Biodiversity:Ex situ & in situ methods.EnvironmentalBiotechnologyin Agriculture:Biofertilizersand microbial inoculants, Biopesticides.Biodegradation of xenobiotic compounds: Simplearomatics, petroleumChlorinated polyaromaticpetroleumPesticidesand surfactants.Bioremediation& Biorestoration: Reforestation through micro-propagation, development of stress tolerant plants, and use of mycorrhiza in reforestation of soil contaminated with heavy metals.Biofuels:Energy crops, Conventional sources of biofuel, Second and third 	 Suggested Syllabus New Delhi, India: Rajsons Publications Pvt. Ltd. Odum E. P. (2006). Fundamentals of Ecology (5thed.). Boston, US: Cengage. Sharma, P.D. (2008). Environmental Biology and Toxicology. Meerut, India: Rastogi Publications. Sodhi, G.S. (2002). Fundamental Concepts of Environmental Chemistry. New Delhi, India: Narosa Publishing House. Tripathi, B. N., Shekhawat, G. S., & Sharma, V. (Ed.). (2009). Applications of Biotechnology. Jaipur, India: Aavishkar Publishers. Vallero, D.A. (2016). Environmental Biotechnology: Abiosystems approach. US: Elsevier. Wright, R. T. (2015). Environmental Science: Toward a Sustainable Future. UK: Pearson Education. Suggested e-Resources Ecosystem structure http://www.biologydiscussion.com/ecosystem/ ecosystem-its-structure-and-functions-with- diagram/6666 Radioactive waste treatment https://ehs.unc.edu > Manuals > Radiation 	Remarks
		-	Environmental genetics: Degradative plasmids, release of GE microbes in environment.		
				> Biogas	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 http://www.biologydiscussion.com/biomass/pr oduction-of-biogas-from-biomass/10436 Biofuel http://uru.ac.in/uruonlinelibrary/BioFuels/Biom ass% 20and% 20biofuels.pdf Biological treatment of wastewater http://www.neoakruthi.com/blog/biological- treatment-of-wastewater.html Xenobiotic compound biodegradation https://bit.ly/2GHRoMj 	
13.	BT 408: Genetic Engineering	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Develop comprehensive understanding of gene manipulation techniques Describe various cloning and expression vectors Develop skills for primer designing, gene amplification and expression 	 Section-A Basic concepts of DNA structure and properties, restriction enzymes, DNA ligase, Klenow enzyme, T4 DNA polymerase, Polynucleotide kinase, Alkaline phosphatase, Cohesive and blunt end ligation, Linkers, Adapters, Homopolymeric tailing, Labeling of DNA, Nick translation, Random priming, Radioactive and non-radioactive probes, Hybridization techniques, Northern, Southern and Colony Hybridization, Fluorescence in situ hybridization, Chromatin immunoprecipitation, DNA-Protein Interaction-Electromobility shift assay, Isolation of genomic DNA from prokaryotes and eukaryotes, Isolation of Plasmid DNA and Bacteriophage DNA. Isolation of total RNA and mRNA. 	 Section-A Basic concepts of DNA structure and properties, restriction enzymes, DNA ligase, Klenow enzyme, T₄ DNA polymerase, polynucleotide kinase, alkaline phosphatase. Cohesive & blunt end ligation, linkers, adapters, homopolymeric tailing, labeling of DNA, nick translation, random priming, radioactive & non-radioactive probes. Hybridization techniques: Colony hybridization, Northern, Southern, South-Western & farwestern blotting. DNA-Protein Interaction: Chromatin immunoprecipitation, electromobility shift assay, DNaseI footprinting, methyl interference assay. Protein-protein interaction: Yeast two hybrid system, split ubiquitin system, co-immunoprecipitation, Forster Resonance Energy Transfer, phage display. Isolation of genomic DNA from prokaryotes and eukaryotes, isolation of total RNA and mRNA. 	Already covered in the Genetics course Yeast vectors have been covered in Recombinant DNA Technology paper. Relevant vectors have been added.
			Section-B	Section-B	

S. No. Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		 Plasmids, Bacteriophages, pBR322 and pUC series of vectors, M13 and P2 phage based vectors, High capacity vectors: Cosmids, phagemid, phasemid, YAC, BAC, Animal and Plant virus based cloning vectors, Shuttle vectors, Expression vectors, pMal, GST, pET-based vectors, Insertion of foreign DNA into Host Cells, Transformation, Constructions of libraries, cDNA and genomic libraries, cDNA and genomic cloning, Expression cloning, Jumping and hopping libraries, South-western and Far-western cloning, Protein-protein interactive cloning and Yeast two hybrid system, Phage display. 	 Plasmids, Bacteriophages, pBR322 & pUC series of vectors, M13 based vectors. High capacity vectors: cosmids, phagemids, BAC, animal & plant virus based cloning vectors, shuttle vectors; expression vectors: pMal, GST, pET-based vectors; <i>Baculovirus</i> and <i>Pichia</i> vectors. Introduction of DNA into mammalian cells. cDNA & genomic libraries, expression, cloning, jumping & hopping libraries. 	Repeating topics have been removed
		 Section-C Primer designing, Fidelity of thermostable enzymes, DNA polymerase, Types of PCR-multiplex, nested, reverse transcriptase, real time PCR, touchdown PCR, hot start PCR, colony PCR, in situ PCR, cloning of PCR products, T-vectors, Proof reading enzymes, Principles in maximizing gene expression, Gene expression analyses, differential gene expression methods, Introduction of DNA into mammalian cells, transfection techniques. Books Recommended : Molecular Cloning Vol. 1, 2 and 3 :Sambrook, Russell and Maniatis, Cold Spring Harber laboratory, 2001. Molecular Biology of Gene : J.D. Watson, Pearson Education. An Introduction to Gene Technology-From genes to clones :Winnacker, VCH. Principles of Gene Manipulation : Old and Primrose. MoleculerBiotechnology : B.R. Glick and J.J. Pasternak, ASM Press Washington, USA. 	 Section-C Primer designing, fidelity of thermostable enzymes. Types of PCR- multiplex, nested, reverse transcriptase, real time PCR, touchdown PCR, hot start PCR, colony PCR, <i>in situ</i> PCR, T-vectors. Principles in maximizing gene expression, gene expression analyses, differential gene expression methods. Suggested Books: Old, R. W., Primrose, S. B. & Twyman, R. M. (2001). <i>Principles of Gene Manipulation: an Introduction to Genetic Engineering</i>. Oxford: Blackwell Scientific Publications. Brown, T. A. (2006). <i>Genomes</i> (3rded.). New York: Garland Science. Glick, B.R. & Pasternak, J.J. (1998). <i>Molecular Biotech: Principles and Application of Recombinant DNA</i>. US: ASM Press. Richard J. R. (2004). <i>Analysis of Genes and Genome</i>. New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd. 	Repeating topics have been removed

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Genetic Engineering : Science and ethics on new frontier : Michael Boylan, Pearson Education. An Introduction to Genetic Engineering : S.T. Nicholl, Cambridge University Press. Recombinant DNA Methodology : Grossman and Noldave, Academic Press. 	 Green, M. R. & Sambrook, J. (2012). <i>Molecular Cloning: a Laboratory Manual</i>. Cold Spring Harbor, NY: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press. Suggested e- Resources: Genetic engineering-Basics, New Applications and Responsibilities http://library.umac.mo/ebooks/b28055287.pdf Construction of genomic libraries https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103013/20 Enzymes in genetic engineering https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103013/7 	
S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
M.Sc	c. Bioscience (An	imal Science) III Semester			
14.	BIO 408:		Environmental Biology and Toxicology	This course is discontinued in the present form	The course contents are
	Environment		Section-A	from Semester III. With some modification and	proposed to be modified and
	al Biology		- Concept of energy, conventional & non-	merging with another course it is proposed to be	merged with M.Sc.
	and		conventional energy sources. Fossil fuels,	shifted in the II Semester as a new core course	Biotechnology III Semester
	Toxicology		hydro, wind and nuclear power,	"Environmental Biology and Biotechnology"	core course "Environmental
			geothermal, solar and bioenergy.		Biotechnology" to propose
			- Energy flow in organisms, energy		new core course named as
			pathways & models, energy efficiencies,		"Environmental Biology and
			conservation of energy.		Biotechnology" in the II
			- Classification & characteristics of		Semester.
			resources: water, soil, forest, wild life, land		
			use.		
			- Conservation of natural resources: water, soil, forest and wild life.		
			Section-B		
			- Origin of pollutants : industrial,		
			agricultural, domestic and vehicular		
			sources.		
			- Pollutant & their toxicology : Heavy		
			metals and trace elements. Agrochemicals		
			(Pesticides, herbicides, rodenticides &		

S. No	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
			fungicides, detergents) & particulate matter. - Types of radiations including ionizing & non-ionizing radiations & their interaction with matter. - Radiations as environmental pollutants. - Radiations as environmental pollutants. - Effects of radiations at cellular, molecular & genetic level. Section-C - - Mutagenecity, carcinogencity. - Green house effect, acid rains. - Ozone layer depletion, photochemical smog. - Types of solid wastes, transport, reuse &		
15.	ZOO 503 Animal Diversity I		recycling.ZOO 503 Animal Diversity I4004Section-ABasic concept of taxonomy and systematics, terms & definition, contribution and role of systematicsCurrent trends in taxonomy: Morphological, embryological, ecological, behavioural, cytological, biochemical & numerical taxonomy.Zoological classification: International code of zoological nomenclature, principles of nomenclature, Kinds of classification, Linnaean hierarchy.Section-BDiagnostic features and phylogeny of Protozoa, Porifera, Coelentrata & Ctenophora.Diagnostic features and phylogeny of 	Discontinued in present form	We intend to introduce two separate papers for Taxonomy and Non Chordates ZOO- Biosystematics, Taxonomy and Evolution ZOO-2: Biology of Non-Chordates

S. No	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
			Onychophora & Echinodermata.		
			Diagnostic features and phylogeny of Ectoprocta,		
			Brachiopoda & Chaetognatha.		
			Diagnostic features and phylogeny of Hemichordata		
			& Protochordata.		
			Books Recommended :		
			Principles of systematics : Ernest Mayr.		
			Theory and practice of Animal Taxonomy : V. C. Kapoor.		
			→ Animal diversity : Fingermann.		
			→ Text book of invertebrate Zoology : J.A. Young.		
			→ Text book of invertebrate Zoology : S.N. Prasad.		
			The invertebrates : Hyman Series.		
			→ Cambridge Natural History series.		
			Invertebrate Zoology: Parker & Haswell.		
			▶ Invertebrate Zoology: P.A. Maglitsch, F.R.		
			Sehram, Oxford univ. Press.		
16.	ZOO:	After successful completion of		ZOO: Biosystematics, Taxonomy and Evolution	
	•			Section-A	
	Taxonomy and			• Basic concept of taxonomy.	
	Evolution	methods of taxonomy and		• Definition, history, basic concepts and	
		systematics		application of biosystematics.	
		•Explain key concepts in		• Current trends in taxonomy: Morphological,	
		evolutionary biology		embryological, ecological, behavioural,	
		•Develop an understanding of		cytological, biochemical and numerical	
		the geological time scale and		taxonomy.	
		paleontology		• Zoological classification: International code of	
				zoological nomenclature, principles of	
				nomenclature, kinds of classification, Linnaean	
				hierarchy.	
				Section-B	
				• Theories of origin of life, concept of organic	
				evolution during pre and post Darwin era.	
				• Concepts of evolution: Micro and macro	
				evolution.	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				• Mechanism of evolution: Species & speciation,	
				variation, mutation, isolation, natural selection,	
				adaptations.	
				• Hardy-Weinberg law, molecular tools in	
				phylogeny. Section-C	
				• The evolutionary time scale: Eras, periods and	
				epochs, distribution of animals in time and	
				space.	
				• An introduction to the science of Paleontology,	
				fossil record, dating and significance.	
				• Evolution of Horse and Man.	
				Suggested Books:	
				Mayr, E. (1991). Principles of systematic (2nd	
				ed.). New York, USA: McGraw-Hill Inc.	
				Kapoor, V.C. (2017). Theory and practice of animal taxonomy (8 th ed.). New Delhi, India:	
				Oxford & Ibh.	
				 Barton, N.H., Briggs, D.E.G., Eisen, J.A., 	
				Goldstein, A.E., & Patel, N.H. (2007).	
				Evolution. New York, USA: Cold Spring	
				Harbor Laboratory Press.	
				Futuyma, D.J. (2013). <i>Evolution</i> (3^{rd} ed.).	
				Sunderland, USA: Sinauer Associates, Inc.	
				 Strikberger M.W. (2005). Evolution (3rd ed.). Boston, London: Jones and Bartett Publishers. 	
				 Wilson E.O. (1961). Principal of animal 	
				taxonomy. New Delhi, India: Oxford, IBH	
				Publishing Company.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				Zoological Nomenclature	
				http://bio.slu.edu/mayden/systematics/bsc4205	
				20lect2.html	
				 Origin of life, Theories of origin of life http://www.avolution_taythook.org 	
				http://www.evolution-textbook.org	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				 Evolution of Man https://www.britannica.com/science/human- evolution Evolution of Horse https://www.britannica.com/animal/horse/Evol ution-of-the-horse 	
of		 After successful completion of course students will be able to: Identify and classify the major groups of organisms belonging to different non chordate phyla To compare and contrast different systems evolved in non-chordates Understand general organization and affinities of minor phyla 		 ZOO- Biology of Non-Chordates Section A Protozoa: Classification and characteristic features up to order, osmoregulation, locomotory organelles, locomotion and reproduction Porifera: Classification and characteristic features up to order, cell types, canal system, reproduction in sponges Origin of metazoa Coelenterata: Classification and characteristic features up to order, nematocysts and feeding mechanisms, locomotion, polymorphism, corals and coral reefs. Platyhelminthes: Classification and characteristic features up to order, general organization and larval stages of trematodes and cestodes, parasitic adaptations and economic importance. Aschelminthes: Classification and characteristic features up to order, general organization of nematodes, parasitic adaptations and economic importance. Section B Annelida: Classification and characteristic features up to order, metamerism and coelom, adaptive radiation in polychaetes, economic importance. Trochophore larva: Structure and significance. 	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				• Arthropoda: Classification and characteristic	
				features up to order, exoskeleton, sense organs	
				in arthropoda, crustacean larvae and their	
				significance, general organization of tradigrada,	
				pycogonida and trilobitomorpha.	
				• Mollusca: Classification and characteristic	
				features up to order, shell diversity, filter	
				feeding mechanism, respiration, nervous	
				system, modifications of foot, larval forms.	
				Section C	
				• Echinodermata: Classification and	
				characteristic features up to order, water	
				vascular system, hemal and perihemal system,	
				larval forms and their significance.	
				• General organization and affinities of minor	
				phyla: Mesozoa, ctenophora, entoprocta,	
				phoronida, bryozoa, barachiopoda, chaetognatha.	
				 General organization and affinities of 	
				• General organization and armittes of hemichordata.	
				Suggested Books:	
				\blacktriangleright Ruppert, E.E., Fox, R. & Barnes R.D. (2003).	
				Invertebrate Zoology: A functional	
				evolutionary approach. (7 th ed.). CA, USA:	
				Brooks Cole.	
				➢ Meglitsch, P.A. & Schram, F.R. (1991).	
				Invertebrate Zoology. Oxford, UK: Oxford	
				University Press.	
				▶ Barrington, E.J.W. Invertebrate structure and	
				function (2 nd ed.). London, UK: Thomas	
				Nelson and Sons Ltd.	
				▶ Hymen, L.H. (1940-1967). The invertebrates	
				(all volumes). Philadelphia, USA: McGraw	
				Hill.	
				➢ Barnes, R.D. Invertebrate Zoology (3 rd ed.).	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				Philadelphia, USA: W.B. Saunders Co.	
				➢ Parker, T.J. & Haswell, W.A (1972). Text book	
				of zoology, Vol I., Invertebrates (7 th ed.).	
				London, UK: Macmillan co.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				Porifera	
				www.ucmp.berkeley.edu/porifera/porifera.html	
				Coelenterata	
				www.ucmp.berkeley.edu/cnidaria/cnidaria.html	
				Corals and coral reef	
				www.reefbase.org/	
				> Bryozoa	
				http://bryozoa.net/	
				> Mollusca	
				www.ucmp.berkeley.edu/taxa/inverts/mollusca/	
				mollusca.php	
				Echinodermata	
				www.ucmp.berkeley.edu/echinodermata/echino	
				dermata.html	
. I	BT 507 Cell	On completion of this course,	Section-A	Section-A	No modification
а	and Tissue	students should be able to:	• Historical background and terminologies used in	• Historical background and terminologies used in	
(Culture	•Virtually develop an idea of	cell & tissue culture.	cell & tissue culture.	
]	Fechnology		• Basic techniques of cell and tissue culture,	• Basic techniques of cell and tissue culture,	
		•To learn different	sterilization, aseptic tissue transfer, concept of		
		techniques/methods of cell	totipotency.	totipotency.	
			• Nutritional requirement of cell in vitro, various		
		culture, subculturing,	types of nutrient media.	types of nutrient media.	
			51	 Contamination and cytotoxicity 	
				 Cryopreservation and cell storage. 	
			Isolation of plant cells, single cell cultures and	 Isolation of plant calls single call cultures and 	
		culture knowledge will help	• Isolation of plant cens, single cen cultures and cloning.	 Isolation of plant cens, single cen cultures and cloning. 	
		them to join any of the	Section-B	Section-B	
		cellculture based research	• Organaganasia and comptia embryoseria		
		institution and industry of		• Organogenesis and somatic embryogenesis,	
		1 1 1	applications in agriculture, horticulture & forestry.	applications in agriculture, horticulture &	
		repute besides the	• Haploid production: androgenesis, gynogenesis	forestry.	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
		academicsemployability	various techniques, applications.	• Haploid production: androgenesis, gynogenesis	
		•The students can establish their	• Production of disease free plants by tissue culture	various techniques, applications.	
		own cell culture laboratory as	methods.	• Production of disease free plants by tissue	
		an entrepreneur.	• Protoplast isolation and culture, fusion of	culture methods.	
			protoplasts.	• Protoplast isolation and culture, fusion of	
			• Somatic hybrids, selection methods, gene	protoplasts.	
			expression in somatic hybrids.	• Somatic hybrids, selection methods, gene	
			Section-C	expression in somatic hybrids.	
			• Disaggregation of animal tissue, isolation of cells,		
			single cell culture, routine maintenance of animal	66 6	
			cell lines.	cells, single cell culture, routine maintenance of	
			• Cloning & selection of specific animal cell types.	animal cell lines.	
			• Transfection: gene transfer methods for adherent and non-adherent cell culture.	• Cloning & selection of specific animal cell types.	
			• Cell fusion: fusogen, animal somatic cell fusion and	• Transfection: gene transfer methods for adherent	
			selection of cybrids.	and non-adherent cell culture.	
			• Animal organ culture.	• Cell fusion: fusogen, animal somatic cell fusion	
			• Elementary idea about animal cell culture products.	and selection of cybrids.	
			Books Recommended :	• Animal organ culture.	
			Plant Tissue Culture : S.S. Bhojwani and M.K. Razdan, Elsevier Science, The Netherlands.	• Elementary idea about animal cell culture products.	
			→ An Introduction to Plant Tissue Culture : M.K.	Suggested Books:	
			Razdan.	➢ Bhojwani, S.S. & Razdan, M.K. (1996). Plant	
			→ Cell Culture Methods and Cell biology Vol. 4 :	Tissue Culture. USA: Elsevier Science.	
			D.W. Barens.	➤ Chawla, H.S. (2000). Introduction to Plant	
			→ Cell and Tissue Culture – laboratory procedure : A.	Biotechnology. US: Science Publishers.	
			Doyle.	Razdan, M.K. (2006). Introduction to Plant	
			→ Plant Tissue Culture - A Practical Approach : R.A.		
			Dixon, IRL Press.	IBH Pub.	
			→ Biotechnology in Agriculture and Forestry : Y.P.S.		
			Bajaj, Narosa.	Techniques and experiments. Amsterdam:	
			→ Plant cell and Tissue Culture : Rienert and Yeoman.	Academic Press.	
			→ Plant Cell Culture : Butenko. > Plant Tissue Culture Methods and Applications in	\blacktriangleright Buler, M. (2003). Animal Cell Culture and	
			→ Plant Tissue Culture Methods and Applications in		
			Agriculture : T.A. Thorpe, Academic Press Inc.	Mathur, S. (2006). Animal Cell and Tissue	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				Culture. India: Agrobios.	
				Clynes, M. (Ed.) (1998). Animal Cell Culture	
				Techniques. Germany: Springer-Verlag Berlin	
				Heidelberg.	
				Pollard, J.W. &Walker, J.M. (Eds.) (1990).	
				Animal Cell Culture. USA: Humana Press	
				➢ John, R.W. (2000). Animal Cell Culture: A	
				Practical Approach (3 rd ed.). UK: Oxford	
				University Press.	
				Freshney, R.I. (2011). Culture of Animal	
				Cells: A Manual of Basic Technique and	
				Specialized Applications (6 th ed.). USA:	
				Wiley-Blackwell.	
				➢ Davis, J.M. (2011). Animal Cell Culture:	
				Essential Methods. New Jersey, USA: John	
				Wiley & Sons Ltd.	
				Suggested e- Resources:	
				Background of Tissue Culture Technology http://www.biologydiscussion.com/botany/tiss	
				ue-culture/tissue-culture-definition-history-	
				and-importance/42944	
				 Embryogenesis and organogenesis 	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103016/module	
				1/lec8/3.html	
				 Single cell cultures and cloning 	
				http://www.biologydiscussion.com/botany/tiss	
				ue-culture/methods-for-obtaining-single-cell-	
				clones-from-callus-culture-plant-tissue-	
				culture/43004	
				 Protoplasm isolation and regeneration 	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103016/12	
				 Haploid plant production 	
				http://www.biologydiscussion.com/plants/hapl	
				oid-plants/production-of-haploid-plants-with-	
				diagram/10700	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				 Preservation of cell lines https://www.ukessays.com/essays/biology/tec hniques-for-cell-preservation-biology-essay.php Somatic hybridization http://www.biologydiscussion.com/somatic-hybridization/somatic-hybridization-aspects-applications-and-limitations/10686 Animal cell culture products http://www.biologydiscussion.com/biotechnology/animal-biotechnology/applications-of-animal-cell-cultures/10457 Cell Culture Technology https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc17_bt21/p review 	
19.	ZOO 507: Ethology & Neurobiology			Renamed as ZOO-Neurobiology and Animal Behavior with modifications shifted to IV semester	
20.	ZOO 508: Histology		 ZOO 508: Histology Section-A Introduction to Histology, methods for the study of histology and observation of living and killed tissue. Epithelial tissue : Classification, special structural features, and specialization of free surface epithelia. Connective tissue : General types and special properties of connective tissue with special reference to cartilage and bone. Section-B Liquid connective tissue : blood, bone marrow and lymphoid tissue. Muscular tissue : Structure of different types of muscular tissue (Skeletal, Cardiac & Smooth muscles) 	Discontinued in present form	Contents merged as Biology of Chordates and Histology in IV semester

			Nervous tissue : Structure of the elements of nerves tissue, neurons, nerve fibers. neuralgia, synapse and meninges. Section-C		
			synapse and meninges.		
			Section-C		
			Histological study of the organs with special reference		
			to mammal : Skin, Oesophagus, Stomach,		
			Intestine, Rectum, Liver, Pancreas,		
			Trachea, Lung, Blood vessels, Kidney,		
			Testis, Ovary, Uterus, Retina, Chochlea		
			and Vestibule.		
			Books Recommended :		
			Histology : Bloom.		
			□ A Textbook of Histology : Naranyan.		
			Basic Histochemistry : Summner, John		
			Wiley & Sons.		
			□ <u>A Textbook of Histology</u> : Leeson and		
			Leeson. □ Histology : Janquera		
21. Z (OO: Animal	After successful completion of	ZOO 505L: Animal Science Lab-I	ZOO: Animal Science Lab-I	Practicals are revised based
	cience Lab-I	course students will be able to	• Study of protista on the basis of Locomotory	 Study of protista on the basis of locomotory 	on theory papers in this
BC	Lience Lab-1	•Identify and classify museum	organs.	organs.	semester
		specimens belonging to non-	 Study of Parazoans on the basis of Skeletal, Canal 	 Study of parazoans on the basis of skeletal, 	semester
		chordate phyla.	and Reproductive systems.	canal and reproductive systems.	
		•Explain various adaptations		 Study of metazoans on the basis of 	
		evolved in some	layer and coelom basis taking the examples of each	morphology, germ layer and coelom taking the	
		representative non chordate	class or order as necessary.	examples of each class or order as necessary.	
		animals.	• Study of the salient features of non-chordate	 Study of the salient features of non-chordate 	
		•Demonstrate practical	connecting links with the help of specimens or	connecting links with the help of specimens or	
		application of tissue culture	models available in the lab.	models available in the lab.	
		techniques.	 Study of some representative of non-chordate 	 Study of some representative of non-chordate 	
		coominques.	showing protective, feeding and parasitic	showing protective, feeding and parasitic	
			adaptation.	adaptations.	
			 Study of microscepic slides of 	 Study and preparation of mouthparts of house 	
			(i) Mouthparts of House fly/Apis and	fly/honey bee/cockroach and mosquito.	
			Mosquito	 Study the life cycles of honey bee, silk moth 	

S. No	o. Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
			 (ii) Hisological Slides - Skin, Stomach, intestine, pancrease, liver, kidney, lungs, ear, testes, ovary. (iii) Preparation of permanent slides: Microtomy. (iv) Quality analysis of drinking water : (v) Estimation of Total hardness. (vi) Estimation of Calcium content. (vii) Estimation of Calcium content. (viii) Estimation of Chloride content. (viii) Estimation of Alkalinity. (xi) Estimation of Alkalinity. (xi) Estimation of Fluoride (xiii) Study of life cycle of insects of economic importance. (xiv) Lac insect, silkmoth, honeybee and some stored grain pests with the help of specimens/chart/models/CD. 	 and lac insect through nodels Study the evidences of evolution (analogy, homology, and embryology) through charts/ models. Preparation and sterilization of complete media from powdered medium for animal cell culture. Preparation and sterilization of serum from the given blood sample for animal cell culture. Disaggregation and initiation of primary cell culture. Cell viability count using Trypan blue stain Preparation of freezing media for preservation of the animal cells. Short term culture of whole blood and preparation of metaphase chromosome. Preparation of G and C banding in chromosome Suggested Books: Ghose, K., & Manna, B. (2016). <i>Practical Zoology</i> (4th ed.). Kolkata, India: New Central Book Agency. Verma, P.S. (2010). A Manual of Practical Zoology: Invertebrates (11th ed.). New Delhi, India: S Chand Publishing. Lal, S.S. (2015). Practical Zoology: Invertebrates (11th ed.). Meerut, India: Rastogi 	
22.	Z00 509D: Literature dissertation	After successful completion of course students will be able to:• Accessthe primary literature, understand the scientific reportsscientificreports and 	Z00 509D: Literature dissertation	Publication. No modifications	

S. No. Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
	 Write a scientific document highlighting introduction of the research problem, review of literature, conclusions, future prospects and literature cited. Communicate significant findings in the form of distributed. 			
	scientific papers, reports, poster and oral			
	presentations.			
M.Sc. Bioscience	(Animal Science) IV Semester			
23. ZOO- Biology of Chordates and Histology	 After successful completion of course students will be able to: Identify and classify the major groups of organisms belonging to chordate phylum Compare and contrast the characteristics of fishes, amphibians, reptiles, birds, and mammals Describe the histological techniques and basic structure of different tissues 		 ZOO- Biology of Chordates and Histology Section A Modern interpretation of origin of early chordates. Characteristic features and affinities of urochordata and cephalochordata. Transition from agnatha to gnathostomes. Fish: Origin and classification up to order, general organization and affinities of ostracoderms and placoderms, general organization of elasmobranchii, holocephali, crossopterygii, dipnoi. Amphibia: Origin and classification up to order, general organization of amphibia, adaptive radiation, parental care. Section B Reptiles: Origin and classification up to order; general organization and affinities of chelonia, rhynococephalia, squamata, crocodalia, dinosaurs, venom in ophidians. Birds: Origin and classification up to order; 	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				origin of flight, flight adaptations, flightless	
				birds.Mammals: Origin and classification up to order,	
				characteristic features of prototheria and	
				metatheria, adaptive radiation.	
				Section C	
				 Introduction to histology, methods for the study of histology and observation of living and killed tissue. 	
				• Epithelial tissue: Classification, special structural features, and specialization of free surface epithelia.	
				 Connective tissue: General types and special, 	
				properties of connective tissue with special	
				reference to cartilage and bone.	
				• Muscular tissue: Structure of different types of muscular tissue (Skeletal, Cardiac & Smooth	
				muscles).	
				Suggested Books:	
				→ Hildebrand, (1995). Analysis of vertebrate	
				structure (4 th ed.). New Jersey, USA: John Wiley.	
				➢ Pugh, F.H., Heiser, J.B., McFarland, W.N.	
				(1979). Vertebrate life (4 th ed.). London, UK:	
				Macmillan Publishing.	
				Parker, T.J. & Haswell, W.A (1978). Text book of zoology, Vol II., Vertebrates. London,	
				UK: Macmillan co.	
				➢ Young, (1981). The life of vertebrates (3 rd ed.).	
				Oxford, UK: Oxford University Press.	
				Bloom, W. & Fawcett, D.W. A Textbook of histology (10 th ed.). Philadelphia, USA: W.B.	
				Saunders Company.	
				> Junqueira, L.C. & Carneiro, J. (2005). Basic	
				histology: Text and Atlas (11th ed.). New York,	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				USA: McGraw Hill Medical.	
				▶ Rej, S.K. (2015). General concepts of	
				histology & endocrinology. Kolkata, India:	
				New Central Book Agency.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				Origin of early chordates	
				https://manoa.hawaii.edu/exploringourfluideart	
				h/biological//phylum-chordata	
				> Mammals	
				https://courses.lumenlearning.com/boundless-	
				biology/chapter/mammals/	
				➢ Birds	
				https://courses.lumenlearning.com/boundless-	
				biology/chapter/birds/	
				Methods for the study of histology	
				https://www.microscopemaster.com/histochemi	
				stry.html	
				Epithelial tissue and Connective tissue	
				www.academia.edu/25115428/Histology_of_a	
				nimal_tissue	
				Muscular tissue	
				http://medcell.med.yale.edu/histology/muscle_l	
				ab.php	
		After successful completion of		ZOO-5: Animal Physiology and Endocrinology	
	Physiology and	course students will be able to:	Section-A	Section A	A general idea, about the
	Endocrinology	•Understand the process of	A general idea, about the functions of exoskeletion in	• Thermoregulation in ectotherms and	functions of exoskeletion in
		nutrition and respiration in	animals, thermoregulation in ectotherms and	endotherms	animals, different types of
		mammals	endotherms, occurrence of bioluminescence among	• Nutritional pattern in animals, mechanism of	respiratory organs in animals,
		•Comprehend the physiology of	animals.	digestion absorption and assimilation of	different types of hearts on
		mammalian circulatory,	An idea about mechanoreception, equilibrium	different food materials, digestive enzymes and	physiological basis (these
		respiratory and excretory	reception phonoreception, chemoreception	the regulation of their secretion in mammals,	contents will be covered in
		systems	electroreception and photoreception.	physiology of defecation.	courses Biology of Non-
		•Explain the role of hormones	Nutritional pattern in animals, mechanism of digestion	• Mechanism of respiration and its regulation in	Chordates and Biology of
		and their endocrine and neural	absorption and assimilation of different food	mammals, mechanism of exchange of CO_2 and	Chordates and Histology)
		control.	materials, digestive enzymes and the regulation of	O ₂ at cellular level, respiratory pigments in	

S. No. Cou	Irse Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
		their secretion in mammals, physiology of defecation.	animals, respiratory quotient, oxygen	An idea about
			equilibrium curves, Bohr's effect, Haldane effect.	mechanoreception, equilibrium reception
		Section-B	Section B	phonoreception,
		Different types of respiratory organs in animals,	• An idea about types of circulating systems in	chemoreception
		mechanism of respiration and its regulation in	animals, cardiac cycle, cardiac output and its	electroreception and
		mammals, mechanism of exchange of CO2 and O2 at	nervous and hormonal regulation in mammals.	photoreception(moved to
		cellular level, respiratory pigments in animals,	• Composition and functions of mammalian	Neurobiology and Animal Behavior)
		respiratory quotient, oxygen equilibrium curves, Bohr's effect.	blood, blood volume, blood pressure, mechanism of blood coagulation, blood group	Benavior)
		An idea about types of circulating systems in animals,	system.	Section C includes
		different types of hearts on physiological basis	• Concept of excretion and nitrogenous wastes,	Endocrinology
		cardiac cycle, cardiac output and its regulation in	functional structure of nephron, ornithine cycle,	
		mammals.	production of urine and its regulation, counter	
		Composition and functions of mammalian blood, blood volume, blood pressure, mechanism of blood	current mechanism, micturition and its control.	
		coagulation, blood group system.	• Fluid, electrolytes and acid base balance, homeostasis in mammals.	
		Congulation, crood group system	 Mechanism of muscle contraction of different 	
			types of vertebrate muscles, energy supply and	
			heat production, mechanical properties of	
			muscles, invertebrate muscles and mechanism	
			of their contraction.	
		Section-C	Section C	
		An idea about the various types of excreting organs	• Introduction and scope of endocrinology, classes of hormones, biosynthesis of hormones.	
		and excreting products in animals, functional structure	 Hormonal receptors and mechanism of 	
		of nephron, ornithine cycle, production of urine and	hormonal action.	
		its regulation, counter current mechanism, micturition and its control.	 General survey of endocrine glands in 	
		Fluid, electrolytes and acid base balance, homeostasis	vertebrates, structure and functions of pituitary,	
		in mammals.	hypophysial- hypothalamus complex, pineal	
		Mechanism of muscle contraction of different types of	thyroid, parathyroid, adrenal and pancreas. Suggested Books:	
		vertebrate muscles, energy supply and heat	Suggested Books: \rightarrow Prosser, L.C., & Brown, F.A. (1973).	
		production, mechanical properties of muscles,	Comparative animal physiology. Philadelphia,	
		invertebrate muscles and mechanism of their	USA: W. B. Saunders Co.	

Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
			 movement/temperature-regulation.html Circulatory System https://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/Human_Physiol ogy/The_cardiovascular_system https://courses.lumenlearning.com/boundless-ap/chapter/physiology-of-circulation Muscular System http://www.lamission.edu/lifesciences/lecture note/aliphysio1/muscles.pdf https://genius.com/Human-physiology- introduction-to-the-muscular-system- annotated https://opentextbc.ca/anatomyandphysiology/c hapter/10-3-muscle-fiber-contraction-and- relaxation Endocrine System https://www.innerbody.com/image/urinov.htm Endocrine System https://www.endocrineweb.com/endocrinolog y/about-endocrine-system https://www.britannica.com/science/human- 	
Z OO 502: Animal Cell and			Discontinued	
Fissue Culture Fechniques				
ZOO 504: Animal Diversity-II		ANIMAL DIVERSITY-II Note: The paper is divided into three sections. Students are required to attempt five questions in all, selecting not more than two questions from each section. Section-A • Diagnostic features and phylogeny of Fishes &	Discontinued	
I	200-502: Animal Cell and Fissue Culture Fechniques ZOO-504: Animal	200 502: Animal Cell and Pissue Culture Pechniques ZOO 504: Animal	200-502: nnimal Cell-and issue Culture echniques ZOO-504: Animal Diversity-II Diversity-II Note: The paper is divided into three sections. Students are required to attempt five questions in all, selecting not more than two questions from each section.	With the second seco

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
5. 110.	Course	Learning Outcomes	 Diagnostic features and phylogeny of Reptilia & Birds. Diagnostic features and phylogeny of Mammals. Section-B Basic idea about origin of life. Mechanism of evolution (a) Species & Speciation (b) Variation (c) Mutation (d) Isolation (e) Natural Selection (f) Hardy-Weinberg law (g) Adaptations (h) Concept of Modern Synthetic theory. Section-C Distribution of animals in time and space. An introduction to the science of Palaentology, Fossil record, Dating & significance. Evolution of Horse and <i>Homo sapiens</i>. Books Recommended : Text book of Vertebrate Zoology : S.N. Prasad. Vertebrate Zoology: Parker & Haswell. Vertebrate Biology: R.T. Orr. 		
	ZOO 510: Medical Pathology		 Anatomy & Physiology: C.C. Chaterjee. ZOO 510: Medical Pathology 	To be discontinued	
	ZOO 511: Reproductive Biology and Endocrinolog y		ZOO 511: Reproductive Biology and EndocrinologySection-AIntroduction and scope of endocrinology and reproduction biology.General survey of endocrine gland in vertebrates, study of structure and functions of pituitary, hypophysial - hypothalamus complex, thyroid, parathyroid, adrenal and pancreas.Neuroendocrine system in invertebrates with special reference to insects and crustaceans.Section-B	To be discontinued	Reproductive Biology part is merged with Developmental Biology and Endocrinology part is shifted to Animal Physiology

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
			Synthesis, secretion, transport and mechanism of		
			action of hormones.		
			Origin of primordial germ cells, spermatogenesis and		
			spermeiogenesis, ogenesis and fertilization.		
			Breeding seasons, reproductive cycles and their		
			hormonal regulation in animals.		
			Section-C		
			Endocrine control of gestation, lactation and		
			parturition in mammals.		
			Hormonal control of growth and metamorphosis in		
			insects, Pheromones.		
			Hormonal control of migration in birds and fishes.		
			Books Recommended :		
			≻Endocrinology : Turner.		
			≻Endocrinology : Hadley, Pearson Education.		
			≻Comparative endocrinology : P.S. Bentley.		
			→Comparative endocrinology : Gorbman.		
			Reproduction : Cohen.		
			→Reproductive physiology : B. Nalabandhov.		
			→Physiology of reproductions : Marshall.		
			→Reproduction in Domestic animals : H.H. Cole		
			and P.T. Ceeps.		
			➤Comparative spermatology : Baccio Daccet.		
			Textbook of Medical Physiology : A.C. Guyton.		
29. Z	OO: -Animal	After successful completion of	ZOO 506L: Animal Science Lab-II	ZOO: -Animal Science Lab-II	
Se	cience Lab-II	course students will be able to	• Evolution of chordates on the basis of skeletal and	• Evolution of chordates on the basis of skeletal	
		•Identify and classify museum	integumentary systems.	and integumentary systems.	
		specimens belonging chordate	• Study of connecting links of chordates with the	• Study of connecting links of chordates with the	
		class	help of specimens or models available in the lab.	help of specimens or models available in the	
		•Observe and describe	• Study of some representatives of chordates	lab.	
		ecological adaptations in	shawing following adaptations :	• Study of types of scales in fish	
		chordates	- Aquatic	• Study of some representatives of chordates	
		•Perform clinical procedures for	□ Desert	showing following adaptations :	
		blood and urine analysis	Fossorial and curssorial	 Aquatic 	
		•Develop skill in tissue	 Aerial and arboreal 	 Desert 	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
		preservation, microtomy and	Haemtoalogical determinations :	 Fossorial and curssorial 	
		preparation of permanent	 Estimation of blood sugar 	 Aerial and arboreal 	
		microscopic slides.	Estimation of serum total proteins	Haematological determinations:	
			 Estimation of serum cholesterol 	 Estimation of blood sugar 	
			 Estimation of blood calcium 	Estimation of serum total proteins	
			 SGPT and SGOT 	 Estimation of serum cholesterol 	
			 Estimation of Hemoglobin by light absorbance 	 Estimation of blood calcium SOPT and SOOT 	
			method TLC, DLC	 SGPT and SGOT Estimation of haemoglobin by light 	
			 The, ble Reutrophil phagocytic index 	absorbance method	
			 ESR 	 Complete Blood Count (CBC) using 	
			Examination of abnormal or pathological	hematoanalyzer	
			constituents of urine	TLC (WBC count), DLC	
			Reducing sugars	□ ESR	
			Proteins	Examination of abnormal or pathological	
			Blood	constituents of urine	
			Bile pigment and salts	Reducing sugars	
			Experiments based on reproduction biology	Proteins	
			Study of vaginal smear of rat or mice to detect	Blood	
			various stages of estrous cycle.	 Bile pigment and salts 	
			Pregnancy Test	• Experiments based on reproduction biology	
			Prepartion of report on local/wild fauna.	 Study of vaginal smear of rat or mice to 	
			Prepartion of phylogenic tree of animal kingdom	detect various stages of estrous cycle.Pregnancy test	
			Microscopic study :	 Microscopic study of different developmental 	
			 Microscopic study of different developmental stages of blastula and gastrula. 	stages of blastula and gastrula.	
			 Identification of stages of oogenesis and 	 Identification of stages of oogenesis and 	
			spermatogenesis.	spermatogenesis.	
			 Microscopic study of endocrine glands: 	 Microscopic study of endocrine glands: 	
			Pituitary, Parathyroid Adrenal, Thymus,	pituitary, parathyroid adrenal, thymus,	
			Hypothalamus.	hypothalamus.	
				• Preparation of histological slides of different	
				tissues.	
				• Study of permanent histological slides of skin,	
				stomach, intestine, pancreas, liver, kidney,	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				 lungs, ear, testes, and ovary. Preparation of report on local/wild fauna. Suggested Books: Ghose, K., & Manna, B. (2016). <i>Practical Zoology</i> (4th ed.). Kolkata, India: New Central Book Agency. Lal, S.S. (2015). <i>Practical Zoology: Vertebrates</i> (11th ed.). Meerut, India: Rastogi Publication. Verma, P.S. (2010). <i>A Manual of Practical Zoology: Chordates</i> (11th ed.). New Delhi, India: S Chand Publishing. 	
F a	ZOO: Reproduction and Developmental Biology	 After successful completion of course students will be able to: Understand events that lead up to the process of fertilization, differentiation and organogenesis in animals. Describe reproductive organs and their functions. Develop an understanding of methods for assisted reproductive technologies. 		 ZOO: Reproduction and Developmental Biology Section-A History and scope of reproduction and developmental biology. General concept of potency, commitment, specification, induction, competence and determination Gametogenesis: Spermatogenesis, oogenesis, hormonal regulation of gametogenesis Fertilization: Hormonal control of gamete interaction, recognition of gametes and acrosomal reaction, prevention of polyspermy and gamete fusion, activation of egg metabolism. Cleavage patterns and formation of blastula in amphibians and birds. Gastrulation: fate maps, cell movement and formation of germ layers in amphibians and birds. Section B Differentiation and Pattern formation: Stalk and fruiting body formation in <i>Dictyostellium</i>, origin of anterior-posterior and dorsal-ventral 	

S. No.	Course Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
			polarity in drosophila (role of maternal,	
			segmentation and homeotic genes).	
			• Axis formation in amphibians (Nieuwkoop	
			centre and primary organizer), axis formation	
			in birds and mammals: role of pattern forming	
			genes.	
			• Neurogenesis and neural tube in vertebrates,	
			development of limb in vertebrates: role of	
			HOX and other pattern forming genes.	
			Section C	
			• Ovary: Anatomy, histological structure, female	
			accessory sex organs in mammals (oviduct,	
			uterus, vagina, mammary gland).	
			• Testes: Anatomy, histological structure,	
			structural organization and endocrine	
			regulation of prostate, functions of male	
			accessory sex glands in mammals.	
			• Regulation of reproduction processes: breeding	
			seasons, menstrual cycle/estrous cycle,	
			endocrine control of implantation, gestation, lactation and parturition in mammals	
			 Assisted reproductive techniques: principles, 	
			 Assisted reproductive techniques. principles, methods and types of ART, cryopreservation of 	
			gametes, modern contraceptive technologies.	
			Suggested Books:	
			 Carlson, B.M. (1999). Patten's foundations in 	
			<i>embryology.</i> (6 th ed.). New York, USA:	
			McGraw Hill.	
			Gillbert, S.F. (2006). Developmental biology	
			(8 th ed.). Sunderland, USA: Sinauer	
			Associates.	
			► Kalthoff, K. (2001). Analysis of biological	
			development (2 nd ed.). New York, USA:	
			McGraw Hill.	
			➤ Wolpert, L., & Tickle, C. (2007). Principles	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				 of development (3rd ed.). Oxford, London: Oxford University Press. Chattopadhyay, S. (2017). An introduction to developmental Biology. Kolkata, India: Books and Allied 	
				 Plant, T.M., & Zeleznik, A.J. (2014). Knobil and Neill's Physiology of reproduction Vol. I & II (4th ed.). London, UK: Academic Press 	
				Lamming, G.E. (1992). Marshall's physiology of reproduction. Volume 2: Reproduction in the male (4 th ed.). London, Churchill Livingstone	
				 Findlay, J.K. (Ed.). (1994). Molecular biology of the female reproductive system. London, UK: Academic Press Suggested e-Resources: 	
				Origin of anterior-posterior and dorsal- ventral polarity in Drosophila https://people.ucalgary.ca/~browder/D_m_seg ment_I.html	
				Nieuwkoop centre http://life.bio.sunysb.edu/biochem/holdener/ho 16_s99.html	
				Ovary https://courses.lumenlearning.com/boundless- ap/chapter/the-female-reproductive-system/	
				 Testes https://courses.lumenlearning.com/boundless- ap/chapter/the-male-reproductive-system/ Assisted reproductive techniques 	
31. Z	00-7:	After successful completion of	ZOO 507: Ethology & Neurobiology	https://www.varta.org.au/information- support/assisted-reproductive-treatment ZOO-7: Neurobiology and Animal Behavior	
Ν	leurobiology nd Animal	•Understand nervous system	 Section-A An introduction to the field of neurobiology. 	 Section-A An introduction to the field of neurobiology. 	

S. No. Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
Behavior	 anatomy and physiology Describe neural and genetic control of animal behaviour Explain learning, sexual, social behavior and animal communication. 	 Introduction to nervous system. Anatomy of brain, spinal cord and nerve. Neuroglia and Blood brain barrier. Physiology of nerve impulse conduction, synapse and neuromuscular junction. Classification & anatomy of receptors and sense organs. 	 Introduction to nervous system: Anatomy of brain, spinal cord and nerve, physiology of nerve impulse conduction, synapse and neuromuscular junction. Classification & anatomy of receptors, mechanism of reception: mechanoreception, equilibrium reception phonoreception, chemoreception, electroreception and 	
		 An idea about the physiology of sleep and pain. Section-B Definition of Ethology, ethological approach to the study of behaviour, a brief outline of classical and modern theories of ethology. Development of behaviour-Instinct, learning, imprinting and motivation. 	 photoreception. An idea about the physiology of sleep and pain. Section-B Definition of ethology, ethological approach to the study of behaviour, a brief outline of classical and modern theories of ethology. Development of behaviour-Instinct, learning, 	
		 Neural mechanism of learning. Genes and behaviour. Section-C Biological communication. 	 imprinting and motivation. Neural mechanism of learning. Genes and behaviour. Section-C Biological communication, biological clocks and rhythms, migration in birds and fishes. 	
		 Biological clocks and rhythms. Social behaviour - The advantages of grouping, sociology, social insects, social organisation of vertebrates, primates Applied Ethology Ways in which an ethological research can be applied to practical problems 	 Social behaviour: The advantages of grouping, sociology, social insects, social organisation of vertebrates; primates. 	
		 Books recommended > Human physiology : C.C. Chatterjee > Text book of medical physiology : Guyton. > The Study of Animal Behaviour : Fellicity Hunt Ingford. > An Introduction to Animal behaviour : A. Manning, Cambridge Univ. Press. > Ethology : R. Mathur, Rastogi Publications. > The oxford companion to Animal Behaviour : 	 Suggested Books: ➢ Tortora, G.M., & Derrickson, B. (2009). <i>Principles of Anatomy and Physiology</i> (12th ed.). New Jersey, USA: John Wiley and Sons ➢ Mathur, R. (2014). <i>Animal behaviour</i> (5th ed.). Meerut, India: Rastogi publications ➢ Shukla, J. P. (2010). <i>Fundamentals of Animal Behaviour</i> (1st ed.). New Delhi, India: Atlantic Publishers & Distributors 	

Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus M.C. David → Animal Behaviour : M.P. Arora. → An Introduction to Ethology : P.J.B. Slaters, Cambridge Univ. Press. > Principles of Anatomy & Physiology - GM Tortora.	 Alcock, J. (2009). Animal Behavior: An evolutionary approach (9th ed.). Sunderland, USA: Sinauer Associates Hall, J. E. (2011). Guyton and Hall Textbook of Medical Physiology (6th ed.). Philadelphia, USA: Saunders Elsevier. Suggested e-Resources: Anatomy of Brain and Spinal cord https://www.seattlecca.org/diseases/brain-spinal-cord-cancers/brain-spinal-cord-cancers-facts/anatomy-brain-and-spinal-cord Neuroglia and Blood brain barrier https://www.wikilectures.eu/w/Glial_cells,_brai n_barrier_systems Physiology of sleep and pain https://www.myvmc.com/anatomy/sleep-physiology/ Neural mechanism of learning https://kundoc.com/pdf-neural-mechanisms-of-learning-and-memory.html Biological clock 	Remarks
		of-time/biological-clock/	
	111 & IV Semester	C. A	
 course students will be able to: Identify, classify and describe insect morphology and physiology. Understand insect life cycle and development 		 Insect diversity-Origin and evolution of insects; historical aspects of entomology in India, classification of phylum arthropoda; cassification of insects up to orders. Characteristic features of economically important families of insect orders (orthoptera, hemiptera isoptera; diptera; coleoptera; lepidoptera; hymenoptera); collection and preservation of insects. 	
	 ctive courses to be offered in the After successful completion of course students will be able to: Identify, classify and describe insect morphology and physiology. Understand insect life cycle and development Describe incest social behavior and effect of various biotic 	M.C. David → Animal Behaviour : M.P. Arora. → An Introduction to Ethology : P.J.B. Slaters, Cambridge Univ. Press. ▷ Principles of Anatomy & Physiology - GM Tortora. Tortora. → Animal Behaviour : M.P. Arora. > Principles of Anatomy & Physiology - GM Tortora. Tortora. → Animal Behaviour : M.P. Arora. > Principles of Anatomy & Physiology - GM Tortora. Animal Behaviour : M.P. Arora. > Principles of Anatomy & Physiology - GM Tortora. Animal Behaviour : M.P. Arora. > Principles of Anatomy & Physiology - GM Tortora. Tortora. After successful completion of course students will be able to: •Identify, classify and describe insect morphology and physiology. •Understand insect life cycle and development •Describe incest social behavior and effect of various biotic and abiotic factors on insect	M.G. David > Alcock, J. (2009). Animal Behavior: An evolutionary approach (9 th ed.). Studerland, USA: Sinauer Associates > An Introduction to Ethology : P.J.B. Slaters, Cambridge Univ. Press. > Principles of Anatomy & Physiology • GM Ifortoral > Section 4 Weak and the second of the s

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				integument; head; thorax; abdomen;	
				appendages; mouth parts; antennae; types of	
				wings; wing coupling apparatus.	
				Section-B	
				• Insect anatomy-Structure and functions of insect	
				cuticle and molting,	
				• Circulatory system; respiratory system;	
				digestive system; excretory system and waste	
				disposal; reproductive system; nervous system	
				and co-ordination; endocrine system and	
				function of hormones; sensory systems- mechanical stimuli;	
				• Thermoregulation; chemical stimuli; insect	
				vision; sound and light producing organs.	
				Section-C	
				• Insect development and life history- Types of	
				larvae and pupae; types of reproduction;	
				metamorphosis and diapause in insects;	
				polymorphism and polyphenism.	
				• Social life of insects: Termite and honey bee.	
				• Insect ecology: Effect of abiotic factors	
				(temperature, moisture, humidity, rainfall, light, atmospheric pressure and air currents) and biotic	
				factors (food competition, natural and	
				environmental resistance).	
				Suggested Books	
				Chapman, R.F. (2013). The insects structure	
				and function (5 th ed.). Cambridge, UK:	
				Cambridge Univ. Press.	
				▶ Imms, A.D. (1992). A general text book of	
				entomology. Vol. I and II. London, UK:	
				Chapman & Hall.	
				Snodgrass, R.E. (1935). Principles of insect	
				morphology. New York, USA: Mc Graw Hill.	
				▶ Blum, M.S. (1985). Fundamentals of insect	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
5. 110.		Learning Outcomes		 physiology. New York, USA: John Willey & Sons. Wigglesworth, V.B. (1982). Principles of insect physiology (7th ed.). Netherland: Springer, ELBS edition. Klowden, M. (2007). Physiological systems in insects (2nd ed.). London, UK: Academic Press. Singh, R. (2018). Elements of entomology (2nd ed.). Meerut, India: Rastogi publication. Suggested e- Resources Origin and Evolution of Insects https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0960982215009276 General Characters of Insect Orders https://texasinsects.tamu.edu/insect-orders Identification of Insects https://www.insectidentification.org/orders_ins ect.asp Insect Anatomy and Physiology http://krishikosh.egranth.ac.in/handle/1/204901 0?mode=full http://www.agrimoon.com/insect-morphology-and-systematics-pdf-book/ https://www.researchgate.net/publication/2761 75248_Insect_Morphology_and_Systematics_ 	
		After successful completion of		Ento-131Notes Section-A	
	and Insect Pest • Management	course students will be able to: Comprehend role of insects in agriculture Describe types of insecticides and evaluate their toxicity Develop skill in insect pest management		 Distribution, habitat, appearance, life history, importance and control measures of house hold insects- Cockroaches and house fly. Polyphagous insects (locust; termites; white grub and red hairy caterpillar). Characteristic features, life cycle, nature of damage and control measures of- important 	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				insect pests of cotton; sugarcane; paddy; wheat;	
				cereals & pulses; maize; vegetables; oil seeds;	
				fruit trees; stores grains pest and their	
				management.	
				Section-B	
				• Classification of insecticides; Structure and	
				mode of action of various chemical	
				insecticides-Organochlorides;	
				organophosphates; carbamates; pyrethroides;	
				neonicotinoids. Insect growth regulators;	
				Concepts of I, II and III generation of	
				insecticides.	
				• Evaluation of toxicity of insecticides; toxicity	
				parameters- LD_{50} , LC_{50} , LT_{50} , KD_{50} ,	
				ED ₅₀ /EC ₅₀ , formulation of insecticides; insect resistance, insecticidal act-1968. Insecticide	
				poisoning- symptoms first aid and	
				antidotes.	
				Section-C	
				• Methods of Insect Pest Management (IPM):	
				Concepts, scope and limitations of IPM,	
				different IPM strategies (physical; mechanical;	
				cultural; genetic; botanical; legal/regulatory	
				control and chemical control).	
				• Methods of biological control- Parasitoids;	
				parasitic nematodes; microbial agents-	
				baculoviruses; bacteria; fungi and protozoans.	
				insect attractants, repellents and antifeedants.	
				• Industrial entomology- Apiculture, sericulture,	
				lac culture.	
				Suggested Books:	
				Srivastava, K.P., & Dhaliwal, G.S. (2010). A	
				Text Book of Applied Entomology Vol I & II.	
				New Delhi, India: Kalyani Publishers.	
				➢ Singh, R. (2018). Elements of Entomology (2 nd)	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				d.). Meerut, India: Rastogi publication.	
				Atwal, A.S. (1986). Agricultural Pests of	
				INDIA and South East ASIA (2 nd ed.). New	
				Delhi, India: Kalyani Publishers.	
				Awasthi, V.B. (2009). Introduction to General	
				and Applied Entomology (3 rd ed.). New Delhi,	
				India: Scientific Publishers.	
				Eldridge, B. (2004) <i>Medical Entomology</i> (2 nd	
				ed.). Netherland: Springer.	
				Fenemore, P.G., & Prakash, A. (2009). Applied	
				Entomology (2^{nd} ed.) . New Delhi, India: New	
				Age Publishers.	
				Pedigo, L.P. (2004). Entomology and pest management (6 th ed.). New Jersey, US:	
				Prentice Hall Inc.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				➤ Insect Ecology and Integrated Pest	
				Management	
				http://www.agrimoon.com/insect-ecology-	
				integrated-pest-management-pdf-book/	
				> Applied Entomology	
				https://www.researchgate.net/publication/3272	
				82644_A_Text-	
				book_of_Economic_Entomology_M_Dayib	
				Chemical Insecticides	
				https://www.britannica.com/technology/insecti	
				cide	
				http://npic.orst.edu/ingred/ptype/index.html	
				https://www.slideshare.net/gill0094/insecticide	
				-classification-of-insecticide-insecticidal-act-	
				and-spraying-techniques-davinder-gill-	
				135021014	
3)	Fish Biology	After successful completion of		Section A	
		course students will be able to		• Skin: Structure, pigmentation and barbels, scales	
		•Understand aquatic adaptations		and tails, fins and locomotion, gills, air	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
		in fish.		breathing organs, swim bladder, weberian	
		•Describe general organization,		ossicles, sound producing organs, electric and	
		diversity and different		luminescence organs.	
		systems of fish.		Section B	
		•Develop an understanding of		• Digestive system, blood vascular system,	
		fish endocrinology and		respiration: aquatic respiration, gills and	
		behavior.		mechanisms of respiration, excretion and	
				osmoregulation: glomerular and aglomerular	
				kidneys, excretion of nitrogenous wastes, water	
				and ion balance and urea cycle.	
				• Nervous system: brain and cranial nerves, sense	
				organs: eye: structure and function; acoustico-	
				lateralis system: labyrinth, lateral line organs,	
				chemoreceptors: gustatory and olfactory and	
				electroreceptors.	
				Section C	
				• Function of pituitary, thyroid, ultimobranchials,	
				pancreas, adrenal, corpuscles of stannius, urophysis, pineal,	
				reproduction and development, sex	
				dimorphism, courtship, mating and parental	
				care and migration	
				Suggested Books:	
				\succ Khanna, S.S., & Singh, H.R. (2014). A text	
				book of fish biology and fisheries. New Delhi,	
				India: Narendra Publishing House	
				▶ Pandey, K. C. (2012). Concepts of indian	
				fisheries. New Delhi, India: Shree Publishers &	
				Distributors	
				➢ Khanna, S.S. (2019). An introduction to fishes.	
				New Delhi, India: Surjeet Publications.	
				➢ Gupta S.K., & Gupta P.C. (2006). General &	
				applied ichthyology. New Delhi, India: S chand	
				Krishnaveni, G., Rao, V. N., &	
				Veeranjaneyulu, K. (2016). Recent	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				 technologies in fish and fisheries. Punjab, India: Rigi Publications Brown, M.E. (1957). Physiology of fishes, Vols. I and II. London, UK: Academic press Suggested e-Resources: Electric and Luminescence organs http://www.yourarticlelibrary.com/fish/anatom y-and-physiology/luminous-organs-or- photophore-of-the-fishes-with-diagram/88411 Alimentary canal http://www.yourarticlelibrary.com/fish/anatom y-and-physiology/digestive-system-in-fishes- with-diagram/88195 Respiratory system https://www.britannica.com/animal/fish/The- respiratory-system https://www.britannica.com/animal/fish/The- respiratory-system https://www.scribd.com/document/357935799/ Excretory-Organs Nervous system, Sensory organs http://www.yourarticlelibrary.com/fish/anatom y-and-physiology/sensory-organs-of-fishes- 	
/	Capture Fishery	After successful completion of course students will be able to •Identify highly diverse capture fisheries resources •Understand sustainable harvesting and responsible aquaculture practices •Pursue a career in fisheries research, resource		 with-diagram/88385 Section A Fishes of deep sea: characteristics of deep sea, adaptations, bioluminescence, inland fisheries, hill streams fishes: characteristics, adaptations, exotic and transplanted fishes, marine, coastal and estuarine. Section B Fishing techniques: technologies for localizing catches- remote sensing, sonar and radar; crafts 	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
		extension and production.		farm, polyculture, monoculture and integrated	
				fish farming, fish culture: fresh water, paddy	
				fields and manmade lakes, plankton and its role	
				in fisheries.	
				• Common diseases of fishes (Red pest, mouth	
				fungus, tail rot/fin rot, icththyosporidium,	
				ergasilus, lymphocystis and tumor/cancer) and economic value of fishes.	
				Section C	
				• Post harvest technology: Fish spoilage, rigor	
				mortis, rancidity, enzymatic spoilage and	
				microbial spoilage.	
				• Fish preservation and processing: Handling of	
				fish at harvest/on board, principles of fish	
				preservations, methods of preservation,	
				problems associated with fish preservations,	
				quality control and fishery by-products.	
				Suggested Books:	
				Khanna, S.S., & Singh, H.R. (2014). A Text	
				Book of Fish Biology and fisheries. New Delhi,	
				India: Narendra Publishing House → Pandey, K. C. (2012). <i>Concepts of indian</i>	
				<i>fisheries</i> . New Delhi, India: Shree Publishers &	
				Distributors	
				➢ Khanna, S.S. (2019). An Introduction to	
				Fishes. New Delhi, India: Surjeet	
				Publications.	
				➢ Gupta S.K., & Gupta P.C. (2006). General &	
				Applied Ichthyology. New Delhi, India: S	
				chand	
				Krishnaveni, G., Rao, V. N. & Veeranjaneyulu,	
				K. (2016). Recent Technologies in Fish and	
				<i>Fisheries</i> . Punjab, India: Rigi Publications	
				Brown, M.E. (1957). Physiology of fishes, Vola Land H. Landan, IW: Academia press.	
				Vols. I and II. London, UK: Academic press.	

S. No.	Course Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
			 Suggested e-Resources: Fishes of deep sea https://news.nationalgeographic.com/2018/04/fi sh-black-oceans-deep-sea-animals/ Hill streams fishes http://www.fishfarmingtechniques.com/fish- types/hill-stream-fishes Fishing techniques http://www.historyoffishing.com/fishing- facts/types-of-fishing-techniques/ Fish Culture https://krishijagran.com/featured/all-about-fish- farming-in-india/ Economic value of fishes http://www.notesonzoology.com/phylum- chordata/fishes/economic-importance-of-fish- vertebrates-chordata-zoology/8038 	
	 Animal Biotechnology-I I At successful completion of this course students will be able to: Comprehend tools of molecular biology and biotechnology for the improved production and protection of animals. Evaluate and discuss public and ethical concerns over the use of animal biotechnology. Demonstrate an understanding of the key topics in tissue engineering 		 Section-A History and importance of animal biotechnology, cryopreservation of gametes and embryos in mammals, artificial insemination (AI) techniques and their development: estrus synchronization; semen collection, evaluation, storage. <i>In vitro</i> fertilization and embryo transfer; superovulation, microinjection and macroinjection: Introduction, procedure, applications, advantages and limitations. Ethical, social and moral issues related to cloning, in situ and ex situ preservation of germplasm. Section-B Introduction to stem cell-definition, classification, characteristics, differentiation and dedifferentiation, stem cell niche, stem 	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				cells vs somatic cells, mechanism of	
				pleuripotency in stem cells, different kinds of	
				stem cells: adult stem cells, embryonic stem	
				cells, fetal tissue stem cell, umbilical cord	
				blood stem cells.	
				• Human embryonic stem cells and society: The	
				religious, legal, ethical and scientific debate,	
				stem cell banking and ethical approaches on	
				stem cells.	
				• Stem cell therapies: Clinical applications of	
				stem cell therapy, parkinsons and alzheimers	
				disease, diabetes, kidney failure, lymphoma	
				and leukemic malignancies requiring stem cell	
				therapy.	
				Section-C	
				• Principles of tissue engineering- History and	
				scope, basics of tissue engineering, cell-ecm	
				interaction, wound healing mechanism, tissue engineering bioreactors, models of tissue	
				engineering, biomaterials in tissue engineering.	
				 Bioartificial organs: source of cells, choosing 	
				the right scaffold material, mode of	
				transplantation.	
				• Tissue Engineering and future perspectives:	
				commercial products.	
				Suggested Books:	
				 Portner, R. (2007). Animal cell biotechnology. 	
				New York, USA: Humana Press.	
				▶ Butler, M. (Ed.). Mammalian cell	
				biotechnology; A practical approach, London,	
				UK: Oxford university press	
				Lanza, R., Gearhart, J., & Hogan, B. Essentials	
				of stem cell biology (2 nd ed.). London, UK:	
				Academic Press.	
				Lanza, R., Langer, R., & Vacanti, J. Principles	

S. No. Cours	se Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
			 of tissue engineering (4th ed.). London, UK: Academic Press. Kumaresan, V. (2008). Applied animal biotechnology. Tamil Nadu, India: Saras Publication. Singh, B., Gautam, S.K., & Chauhan, M.S. (2015). Textbook of animal biotechnology. New Delhi, India:Teri Publication. Suggested e-Resources Cryopreservation of gametes and embryos in mammals https://www.glowm.com/section_view/heading /Gamete and Embryo Cryopreservation Human embryonic stem cell https://www.eurostemcell.org/origins-ethics- and-embryos-sources-human-embryonic-stem- cells Stem cell therapies https://www.closerlookatstemcells.org/stem- cells-medicine History and scope of Tissue Engineering https://www.stoodnt.com/blog/tissue- engineering- applications-scopes/ 	
6) Animal Biotechno II	 At successful completion of this course students will be able to: Explain the basic concepts and methods of animal breeding Understand importance of new generation vaccines in animal biotechnology Pursue research using animal models for human and animal diseases 		 Section-A Sex determination; principles of animal breeding; structure of the livestock breeding industry: dairy cattle, sheep and poultry. Selection for qualitatively inherited characters - gene frequency and selecting against recessive genes; detecting heterozygotes for recessives. Parental determination and verification; the use of markers and/or molecular probes, selection criteria: multiple records, pedigree selection, family selection. Section-B 	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				• Principles and methods of hybridoma	
				technology, production and characterization of	
				monoclonal antibodies and their application in	
				animal health and production.	
				• Biotechnological approaches to vaccine	
				production: Development of animal vaccines for	
				rabbies and anthrax. subunit-vaccines; peptide vaccines; dna vaccines; recombinant vaccines;	
				edible vaccines; fusion protein vaccines;	
				synthetic peptide vaccines; anti-ideotype	
				antibody vaccines.	
				Section-C	
				• Animal right activities; Blue cross in India:	
				Society for prevention of cruelty against	
				animals.	
				• Cloning of domestic animals (Dolly, Molly and	
				Polly); Somatic Cell Nuclear Transfer	
				(Conventional & HMC); ICSI and preservation	
				of endangered species. Transgenic animal as	
				models for human diseases and genetic	
				disorders;	
				• In utero testing of foetus for genetic defects,	
				anti-fertility animal vaccines. Suggested Books:	
				Suggested Books: ➤ Singh, B., Gautam, S.K., & Chauhan, M.S.	
				(2015). Textbook of animal biotechnology.	
				New Delhi, India: Teri Publication.	
				 Sasidhara, R. (2006). Animal biotechnology. 	
				Tamil Nadu, India: MJP publishers	
				Sateesh, M.K. (2010). Biotechnology: V:	
				(Including Animal Cell Biotechnology,	
				Immunology and Plant Biotechnology) (2 nd	
				ed.). New Delhi, India: New Age International	
				Pvt. Ltd. Publishers.	
				➢ Babink, L.A., & Phillips, J.P. (Ed.). (1989).	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				 Animal biotechnology: Comprehensive biotechnology first supplement. Oxford, UK: Pregamon press. Gordon, I. (2005). Reproductive techniques in farm animals. Oxford, UK: Oxford University Press. Levine, M.M., Kaper, J.B., Rappuoli, R., Liu, M.A., & Good, M.F. (2004). New generation vaccines (3rd ed.). London, UK: Informa Healthcare. Suggested e- Resources: Principles of animal breeding; structure of the livestock breeding, Selection for qualitatively inherited characters https://www.britannica.com/science/animal-breeding Animal vaccines https://virology-online.com/general/typesofvaccines.htm Blue cross in India bluecrossofindia.org Cloning of domestic animals https://www.fda.gov/AnimalVeterinary/Safety 	
7)	BT 516:	After successful completion of		Health/AnimalCloning/ Section- A	
	Immunotechn ology	 the course, students should be able to: Describe various theories describing antibody formation Explain the mechanism of immune response to various stimuli 		 Structure, genomic organization, expression and functions of major histocompatibility complex (MHC). Organization and expression of immunoglobulin genes. T-cell receptors- genomic organization, structure and isolation of TCR. Antibody diversity- mini gene theory, mutation 	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
		• Elucidate on vaccines and		theory, germ line theory, somatic recombination,	
		their development.		V(D) J recombination. Combinatorial diversity,	
				junctional diversity.	
				Section-B	
				• ABO Blood groups, blood transfusion, Bombay	
				phenotype, Rh blood group, DAT test, MN	
				blood group.	
				• Immunity to infectious diseases: Viral, bacterial,	
				fungal and parasitic infections.	
				• Immunodeficiency disease: Primary and	
				secondary immunodeficiency disease (AIDS). Section –C	
				 History of vaccination, immunization types and 	
				 Pristory of vaccination, minumzation types and vaccination properties. 	
				• Types of vaccines: Live, killed, subunit,	
				recombinant viral, synthetic peptide, anti-	
				idiotype, DNA, toxoid, conjugate, recombinant	
				vector & plant based vaccines.	
				• Stages of vaccine development and some	
				common vaccines used in human MMR,	
				poliovaccine & BCG vaccines.	
				Suggested Books:	
				Austyn, J.M. &Wood, K.J. (1993).	
				Principles Of Cellular and Molecular	
				Immunology. London, U.K: Oxford	
				University Press.	
				Benjaminin, E., Coico, R. & Sunshine, G.	
				(2000).im: A short course (4 th ed.). New	
				York, USA: Wiley-Liss.	
				Cunnigham, A.J. (1978).Understanding	
				Immunology. London, U.K.: Academic	
				Press Inc.	
				▶ Hildemann, W.H. (1984). Essentials of	
				Immunology. USA: Elsevier Science Ltd.	
				➢ Johnstone, A. & Thorpe, R. (1996)	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				Immunochemistry In Practice (3 rd ed.). US:	
				Wiley-Blackwell.	
				➢ Joshi, K.R. & Osama, N.O. (2004).	
				Immunology and Serology. India:	
				Agrobios.	
				≻ Khan, F.H. (2009). The Elements Of	
				Immunology. India: Pearson Education.	
				Punt, J., Stranford, S., Jones, P. & Owen, J.	
				(2018). Kuby Immunology (8 th ed.). New	
				York, USA: W. H. Freeman and Company.	
				▶ Reeves, G. & Todd, I. (2001). Lecture	
				Notes on Immunology (4 th ed.). US: Wiley-	
				Blackwell.	
				➢ Rich, R.R., Fleisher, T. A, Shearer, W.T.,	
				Schroeder, H., Frew, A.J. & Weyand, C.M.	
				(2018). Clinical Immunology: Principles	
				and Practice (5 th ed.). USA: Elsevier	
				Science Ltd.	
				➢ Tizard, I. R. (1995). Immunology:	
				<i>Introduction</i> , (4 th ed.). Philadelphia, USA:	
				Saunders College Publishing.	
				Suggested e- Resources:	
				Antibodies and antigens	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103038/downloa	
				d/module2.pdf	
				> Vaccines	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104108055/37	
				DNA vaccines	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103041/18	
				Transplantation immunology	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103038/31	
8)	Immunotechnol	After successful completion of		Section A	
	ogy-I	the course, students should be		• Cytokines: Introduction, general properties &	
		able to:		structure, classification of cytokines, cytokines	
		• Perform various		receptors and cytokines antagonists,	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
<u>S. No.</u>	Course	 Learning Outcomes experiment using different techniques covered in the course. Understand how clinical immunology is performed. Compare and describe various diagnostic techniques. 	Existing Syllabus	 Suggested syllabus therapeutic uses of cytokines. Chemokines: General structure, classification, function, chemokine receptor, chemokine-chemokine receptor interaction, diseases associated with receptor expression. Interferons: Introduction, types, effect of interferons on immune system and therapeutic uses. Section B Autoimmunity: introduction, autoimmune diseases (hashinoto diseases, SLE, autoimmune hemolytic anemia, multiple sclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis, psoriasis, insulin dependent diabetes mellitus, myasthenia gravis). Tumor immunology: Introduction, types, origin, stages of tumor formation, metastasis, oncogenes, tumor ags, effector mechanism, tumor immunity, escape of tumor cells from immune surveillance & immunotherapy in cancer. Transplantation: immunologic basis of graft rejection, clinical manifestation, tissue typing, 	Remarks
				 general immunosuppressive therapy, Mab therapy. Section C Antigen antibody reaction, cross reactivity, immunoprecipitation, Western Blot (Immunoplot), FACS, cytotoxicity, immunodiffusion, immunoelectrophoresis, rocket immunoelectrophoresis, counter immunoelectropheresis. Agglutination: Direct & indirect; Widal test; VDRL test; Radioimmunoassay; ELISA-principle, methodology & applications. 	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				 Immunoflorescence- Direct, indirect & sandwich; ELISPOT. 	
				Suggested Books:	
				Austyn, J.M. &Wood, K.J. (1993). Principles	
				Of Cellular and Molecular Immunology.	
				London, U.K: Oxford University Press.	
				> Benjaminin, E., Coico, R. & Sunshine, G.	
				(2000).im: A short course (4 th ed.). New	
				York, USA: Wiley-Liss.	
				Cunnigham, A.J. (1978).Understanding	
				Immunology. London, U.K.: Academic Press	
				Inc.	
				Hildemann, W.H. (1984). Essentials of Immunology. USA: Elsevier Science Ltd.	
				 ➢ Johnstone, A. & Thorpe, R. (1996) 	
				<i>Immunochemistry In Practice</i> (3 rd ed.). US:	
				Wiley-Blackwell.	
				> Joshi, K.R. & Osama, N.O. (2004).	
				Immunology and Serology. India: Agrobios.	
				≻ Khan, F.H. (2009). The Elements of	
				Immunology. India: Pearson Education.	
				Punt, J., Stranford, S., Jones, P. & Owen, J.	
				(2018). <i>Kuby Immunology</i> (8 th ed.). New	
				York, USA: W. H. Freeman and Company.	
				Reeves, G. & Todd, I. (2001). Lecture Notes on Immunology (4 th ed.). US: Wiley-	
				Blackwell.	
				 Rich, R.R., Fleisher, T. A, Shearer, W.T., 	
				Schroeder, H., Frew, A.J. & Weyand, C.M.	
				(2018). Clinical Immunology: Principles and	
				Practice (5 th ed.). USA: Elsevier Science	
				Ltd.	
				➢ Tizard, I.R. (1995). Immunology:	
				Introduction, (4 th ed.). Philadelphia, USA:	
				Saunders College Publishing.	

S. No. Cours	e Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
			 Suggested e-Resources: Laboratory techniques https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103038/39 Cellular and molecular immunotechnology https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103038/40 Transplantation immunology https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103038/31 	
9) Bio Physic	 After completion of this course, the students will be able to- Understand the concepts of physical principles in the biomolecular systems. Know properties and conformations of biomolecules Understand the interaction between physics and biology 		 Section A Introduction: Brief introduction to all aspects of Biology, cellular automata, Conway's Game of life. Cell structure and function: Cell theory, cell membrane and transport, membranous organelles, Non-membranous organelles, Nuclear components and major cell types, viruses. Molecules in the cell: carbohydrates, lipids, proteins and nucleic acids, their structure and function. Code of life: Central dogma, DNA replication, transcription and translation. Energy in life forms: Cellular Respiration, Glycolysis, Krebs cycle, Electron transportchain, ATP calculation, Photosynthesis, C4 pathway. Section B Intermolecular interactions: Covalent interactions, disulphide bonds, van der Waals interactions, bond angles and torsions. Role of hydrogen bonding and hydrophobicinteraction in biomolecular structures. Examples of α-helices and β-sheets in proteins, Watson-Crick pairs in DNA, stacking interactions in DNA and RNA. Protein Conformation: Conformational 	(New Introduced Elective Course, cw M.Sc. Physics)

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				properties of polypeptides, Ramachandran plot,	
				Helical parameters and conformation,	
				organization as secondary and super secondary	
				structures in proteins, domains and motifs.	
				Protein folding in vivo and in vitro of globular	
				proteins, basic idea.	
				Section C	
				• Molecular Mechanics: Force field equation,	
				Lennard Jones Potential, Potential	
				energysurface, Z-matrix, Molecular modeling,	
				Energy minimization techniques, Exhaustive	
				search method, steepest descent and conjugate	
				gradient methods, Molecular dynamics	
				simulation, Verlet algorithm and simulated annealing protocol.	
				 Experimental techniques used to determine 	
				• Experimental techniques used to determine biomolecular structure:	
				Principles and application of UV-visible,	
				circular dichroism and fluorescence	
				spectroscopy.	
				• Case studies on Helix to coil transitions, melting	
				curves in proteins and DNA structures.	
				X-ray crystallography of biomolecules:	
				Obtaining single crystals of biomolecules,	
				Single crystal data collection, Determination of	
				point group, space group from symmetry of	
				diffraction patterns, deducing cell parameters,	
				interpretation of intensity data, Calculation of	
				electron density, Solving the phase problem,	
				Structure validation.	
				Suggested Books:	
				Tuszynski, J. A. &Kurzynski, M.	
				(2003). Introduction to molecular biophysics.	
				CRC press.	
				Schlick, T. (2010). Molecular modeling and	

S. No. Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
			 Simulation: An Interdisciplinary Guide: An Interdisciplinary Guide (Vol. 21). Springer Science & Business Media. Voet, D., Voet, J. G. & Pratt, C. W. (2013). Fundamentals of Biochemistry: Life At The Molecular Level (No. 577.1 VOE). Hoboken: Wiley. Cantor, C. R., & Schimmel, P. R. (1980). Biophysical CHEMISTRY: PART III: THE BEHAVIOR OF BIOLOGICAL MACROMOLECULES. Macmillan. Van Holde, K. E. J. W. Principles Of Physical Biochemistry/Kensal E. Van Holde, W. Curtis Johnson, P. Shing Ho. Jensen, J. H. (2010). Molecular Modeling Basics. CRC Press. Nelson, P. (2004). Biological Physics. New York: WH Freeman. Suggested e-Resources: Non-Conventional Energy Systems https://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/1021 Quantum-mechanics of molecular structure https://bit.ly/2SoEqof 	
10) Bio Physics-II	 After completion of this course, the students will be to- Understand the concepts of physical principles in the biomolecular systems. Know Properties and conformations of biomolecules Understand the interaction between physics and biology 		 https://bit.ly/2SoEqof Section A Physics of macromolecules: Biological polymers, modeling polymers as elasticity models, Random walk model, radius of gyration, freely jointed chain, calculation of the distribution of end-to-end distances, statistical segment, persistence length, relation to characteristic ratio, worm like chain, behavior of chain dimension, DNA Elasticity, Application of Porod-Kraty model to DNA. Protein folding: Anfinsen's thermodynamic 	New proposed Elective Course, introduced from M.Sc. Physics

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				hypothesis, Case study: Ribonuclease A,	
				renaturation and denaturation, mechanism of	
				disulphide exchange, determinants of protein	
				folding, Levinthal's paradox, classical view of	
				protein folding, the hydrophobic collapse,	
				Energy landscape theory, Protein Folding	
				problem as a NP-hard problem.	
				Section B	
				• Self assembly and membrane equilibria: Self	
				assembly in miscelles as monolayers and bilayers, Thermodynamics of miscelle	
				formation, co-operativity, packing parameter,	
				Tanford's free energy model, Packing model,	
				influence of tail packing, Fluid mosaic model,	
				Langmuir adsorption model.	
				• Electrical conduction in the nervous system:	
				Structure of the neuron, Hodgkin-Huxley	
				model and generation of action potential,	
				Nernst relation in membrane potentials,	
				Donnan equilibrium, ion pumping, voltage	
				gating.	
				Transport in cells: Diffusion, Fick's law, cells	
				with sources, low Reynolds-number, friction in	
				fluids, Transport across cells - osmosis.	
				Section CBlood flow: Blood as non-Newtonian fluid,	
				 Blood now: Blood as non-Newtoman fluid, Blood flow models, Navier Stokes equation, 	
				Dissipative particle dynamics, Erythrocyte	
				model, elastic model.	
				• Energy in muscle: Cytoskeleton, Muscle	
				Contraction, biopolymers of the cytoskeleton,	
				Tubulin, microtubules, associated protein,	
				micro filaments, actin and Myosin. Molecular	
				motors, Kinesin and Dyenin. Sliding filament	
				model of contraction, ATP and muscle	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				contraction, stochastic model of contraction.	
				• Radiation Physics: Dosimetery, Photon	
				interaction coefficients, Relations between	
				exposure, Kerma and absorbed dose,	
				Measurement of exposure, Bragg-Gray Cavity	
				theory, determination of absorbed dose in a	
				medium, radiotherapy, geometrical factors,	
				specification of dose ratios, nuclear medicine.	
				Suggested Books	
				Tuszynski, J. A., & Kurzynski, M.	
				(2003). Introduction to molecular biophysics.	
				CRC press. ➤ Schlick, T. (2010). <i>Molecular modeling and</i>	
				simulation: an interdisciplinary guide: an	
				interdisciplinary guide (Vol. 21). Springer	
				Science & Business Media.	
				 ➢ Nelson, P. (2004). Biological physics. New 	
				York: WH Freeman.	
				Cantor, C. R., & Schimmel, P. R.	
				(1980). Biophysical chemistry: Part III: the	
				behavior of biological macromolecules.	
				Macmillan.	
				Smith, F. A. (2000). A primer in applied	
				radiation physics. World Scientific Publishing	
				Company.	
				➢ Van Holde, K. E., Johnson, W. C., & Ho, P. S.	
				(2006). Principles of physical biochemistry.	
				▶ Jensen, J. H. (2010). Molecular modeling	
				basics. CRC Press.	
				Voet, D., Voet, J. G., & Pratt, C. W.	
				(2013). Fundamentals of biochemistry: life at	
				the molecular level (No. 577.1 VOE).	
				Hoboken: Wiley.	
				Suggested a Dessures	
				Suggested e-Resources:	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				https://www.coursera.org/learn/dynamicalmod eling?specialization=systems-biology	
11)	ENVS 402: Ecology and Environment	 After the completion of this course, students will be able to: Describe the interaction of organisms with their environment. Identify the various threats to biodiversity. Explain the concept of biomes. Describe the various biogeochemical cycles. 		 Section A Introduction to Environment Concept of Environment, Factors of the environment: Physiographic, Climatic, Edaphic, Biotic and Anthropogenic. Bio Geochemical Cycles: The Carbon cycle, the Oxygen cycle, the Nitrogen cycle, The Hydrological cycle. Section B Concept of Ecology, Ecosystem and Biomes Concept of Ecosystem: With special reference to desert, forest and aquatic ecosystem. Food chain, Food web & succession. Ecological Pyramids and their types. Energy flow in ecosystem, Concepts of Biomes. Major biomes of the world: Tropical forest, Temperate forest, Grassland and Tundra. Section C Environmental pollution and its Effect Environmental pollution. Air pollution and, Noise pollution. Greenhouse Effect, Global warming Biodiversity: Threats and Conservation. Suggested Books: Atkinson, Raw, M. (2007). Biogeography. Philip Allan Updates. Gautam, A. (2007). Environmental Geography. Allahabad, India: Sharda Pustak Bhawan. Huggett, R. J. (1998). Fundamental of Biogeography. London, UK: Routledge. 	Introduced from M.Sc. Environmental Science

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				 Kayastha, S.L. & Kumra, V.K. (1986). Environmental Studies. Varanasi, India: Tara Book Agency. Mathur, H.S. (1998). Essentials of Biogeography. Jaipur, India: Pointer. Mehtani, S. &Sinha, A. (2010). Biogeography. Commonwealth. Odum, E. P. (1975). Ecology. Lanham, MD:Rowman and Littlefield. Odum, E.P. (1968).Fundamentals of Ecology. London, UK:W.B. Sanders Company Saxena, H. M. (1999). Environmental Geography. Jaipur, India:Rawat. Saxena, H. M. (2000). Environmental Management. Jaipur, India:Rawat. Saxena, H. M. (2000). Environmental Management. Jaipur, India:Rawat. Saxena, H. M. (2000). Environmental Management. Jaipur, India:Rawat. Seugested e-Resources: Environment and Ecology, IIT Delhi https://nptel.ac.in/courses/122102006/16 Ecology and Environment, IIT Madras, https://swayam.gov.in/courses/4905-july-2018- ecology-and-environment 	
	ENVS 502 Biodiversity and Conservation	 After the completion of this course, students will be able to: Explain importance of biological diversity. Describe major threats to biodiversity. Recognize and implement the various methods of biodiversity conservation with co-existence of various environmental pressures. Identify different geographical biodiversity hotspots and mega-diversity 		 Section A Introduction to biodiversity concepts, significance, magnitude and distribution. Biodiversity trends, diversity gradients and related hypotheses methods for monitoring biodiversity trends. Threats to biodiversity, major causes, extinction's, vulnerability of species to extinction, IUCN threat categories, Red data book. Section B Principles of biodiversity conservation Ex situ and In situ methods of conservation, Genetical and evolutionary principles in conservation. 	

S. No. Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
	centers.		 Conservation of biological diversity and its significance- source of food, medicine, raw material, aesthetic, cultural and ecosystem services. Concepts, distribution and importance of Hot spots. Strategies for sustainable exploitation of biodiversity. Section C Conservation – efforts in India, Endangered flora & fauna of India. Ethno botany in India & selected medicinal plants. Wildlife conservation in India- Project Tiger, Project crocodile, silent valley controversy. Conservation of Himalayan, Gangetic 	
			 ecosystems. Suggested Books: Kumar, U. &Asija, M.J. (2007). <i>Biodiversity –</i> <i>Principles and Conservation</i> (2nded.). Jodhpur, India: Agrobios. Mishra, R. (1968). <i>Ecology Workbook</i> (2nd ed.). Calcutta, India: Oxford and IBH. Odum, E.P. (1983). <i>Basic Ecology</i> (2nd ed.). Philadelphia,PA: Holt-Saunders International. Odum, E.P. (2004). <i>Fundamentals of Ecology</i>. Dehradun, India: Natraj. Singh, M.P., Singh, J.K., Mohanka, R., &Sah, R.B. (2007). <i>Forest Environment and Biodiversity</i> (2nded.). New Delhi, India: Daya. Sinha, B.N. (1990). <i>Ecosystem Degradation in India</i>. New Delhi, India: Ashish. Tewari, D.N. (1994) <i>Biodiversity and Forest Genetic Resources</i>. Dehradun, India: 	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
Prop	osed Reading E	lective-I & II to be offered in the	• IV Semester	International Book. Suggested e-resources: ➤ Aquatic Biodiversity and Environmental Pollution, IISc, Bangalore https://nptel.ac.in/courses/120108002/16 ➤ Wildlife Conservation, Indira Gandhi National Forest Academy, Dehradun https://nptel.ac.in/noc/individual_course.php?id= noc18-bt26	common with Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology for Sem III
1)	BT: Drug Discovery	 On completion of this course, students should be able to: Understand basics of R&D in drug discovery and should be able to apply knowledge gained in respective fields of pharmaceutical industry. Understand the role of synthetic chemistry in the development of pharmaceutical agents; and the modification of chemical structures to develop new drug molecules. Have an advanced understanding of the chemical structure of a pharmaceutical agent and 		Modern drug discovery involves the identification of a target or drug lead using different techniques including molecular modeling, combinatorial libraries and high-throughput screening (HTS). Rational drug design is based on the understanding of the three-dimensional structures and physicochemical properties of drugs and receptors. Knowledge of molecular mechanisms, molecular dynamics simulations and homology modeling is necessary for studying drug/receptor interactions. The different conformational sampling techniques, fitness functions used in molecular docking and computational receptor- based and ligand-based drug design approaches are mostly used to design compounds with improved biological activity in rational drug design. Quantitative drug design using QSAR models are used to correlate structural molecular properties (descriptors) with functions (i.e. physicochemical properties, biological activities, toxicity, etc.) of the compounds. Understanding	and IV, Bioscience Sem IV

S. No. Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
S. No. Course	Learning Outcomesdetermine the chemical group/s responsible for a given biological effect.Demonstrate a basic understanding of pharmacogenomics and bioinformatics as it relates to drug design and discovery.Develop an understanding of drug targets as a recognition site for pharmaceutical agents; how the chemical structure of a	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus the structure activity relationship between the 3D structure of a molecule and its biological activity may act as the basis for the prediction of compounds with improved biological activities. Different bio-analytical assays (LC/MS/MS, GC/MS and ELISA) could be developed further in support of <i>in vitro</i> and <i>in vivo</i> studies. Understanding the principles as well as an early characterization of drug toxicity, adsorption, distribution, metabolism and excretion (ADME) along with drug-drug interactions, plasma protein binding assays and metabolite profile studies helps in eliminating compounds with unacceptable pharmacokinetic characteristics, which is critical to successful drug discovery programs.	Remarks
	substance influences interaction with a drug target; and the identification of new drug targets for future drug discovery.		 Suggested Books: Krogsgaard-Larsen et. al. (2016). Textbook of Drug Design and Discovery. 5th Edition. CRC Press. Satyanarayanajois, S. D. (2011). Drug Design and Discovery: Methods and Protocols. Humana Press. Rahman, A. U., Caldwell, G. W. & Chemistry Methods and Protocols. 	
			 Choudhary, M. I. (2007). Frontiers in Drug Design and Discovery. Bentham Science publishers Limited. Dastmalchi, S. et. al. (2016). Methods and Algorithms for Molecular Docking-Based Drug Design and Discovery. IGI Global. Suggested e- Resources: Drug Discovery https://bit.ly/2tCqdtE Peptide therapeutics 	

S. No	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				 https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/ pii/S1359644614003997 Bio-analytical techniques https://www.pharmatutor.org/articles/bioanalyt ical-techniques-overview 	
2)	BT: Human Genetics and Diseases	 After successful completion of the course students will be able to: Understand hereditary and molecular genetics with a strong human disease perspective. Describe genetic abnormalities underlying human disease and disorders Develop interest in biomedical research, genetic counseling, medicine, and clinical genetics 		Since the rediscovery of Mendel's work in 1900, investigations on the genetic nature of human traits have gained significant importance. Understanding the genetic basis behind human disease is one of the most important reasons to study human chromosome structure, human karyotype, banding techniques, chromosome identification and nomenclature (ISCN). Classical genetics has considerable importance in constructing genetic hypothesis from pedigree data analysis in monogenetic traits, autosomal dominant, autosomal recessive, sex linked dominant, sex linked recessive and sex influenced traits. The impact of consanguinity in causing sex linked anomalies (haemophilia, colour blindness and Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy) has been observed in human population. Current knowledge on genetic variations across populations is applied to study human health and diseases which include chromosomal disorders, structural and numerical chromosomal anomalies (Klinefelter syndrome, Achondroplasia), inborn errors of metabolism (Phenylketonuria (PKU), Alkaptonuria, Albinism, Galactosemia), haemoglobinopathies, Thalassemia syndromes, multifactorial disorders (diabetes, schizophrenia, huntington disease). Medical genetics involves ethical issues therefore serious discussion is required for prenatal/adult diagnosis	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				of genetic disorders, medical ethics, risks and benefits, informed consent and right of choice. Suggested Books:	
				 Strachan T. & Read. A. (2011). Human Molecular Genetics (4thed.). Garland Science 	
				Pasternak J. Fitzgerald. (1999). An introduction to Human Molecular Genetics- Mechanism of Inherited Diseases. Science Press.	
				 Thompson and Thompson.(2007).Genetics in Medicine (7th Ed.).Saunders 	
				Suggested e- Resources	
				Chromosome identification and nomenclature (ISCN)	
				http://www.cydas.org/Resources/ISCN_Discu ssion.html	
				Pedigree data analysis	
				https://learn.genetics.utah.edu/content/disorde rs/	
				Genetic disorders	
				https://www.genome.gov/10001204/specific-genetic-disorders/	
				Prenatal/ adult diagnosis of genetic disorders, medical ethics	
				https://www.michiganallianceforfamilies.org/ all/#sectionD	
3)	Intellectual Property	After completing this course, students will be able to:		Intellectual property rights (IPR) have an old history and are very relevant for economic	
	Rights	• Understand the concept of		development. Various types of IPR (patents,	
		IPR and its types		trademarks, copyright & related rights, industrial design, traditional knowledge, geographical	
		• Describe the steps for		indications) are recognized with specific uses.	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
		patenting		There is currently an emergence of specific IP	
		• Discuss the role of WTO		pertaining to plants and animals (UPOV, Plant	
		and WIPO on IPR		Breeder's rights and plant variety protection and	
				farmers rights act, patent protection of plant and	
				animal inventions (WTO) and Law on the protection of New plant varieties and animal breeds	
				(WIPO)). It is important to know about types of	
				patent applications and the process of patenting	
				with special emphasis to India. The role of WTO	
				(GATT and TRIPS) and WIPO in implementation	
				of IPR is significant as is understanding the	
				relevance of Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT) in	
				patenting. IPR also are associated with certain	
				ethical dilemma and there are some interesting case	
				studies which highlight its relevance.	
				Suggested Books:	
				 Sateesh, M.K. (2008). <i>Bioethics and Biosafety</i>. I.K. International Publishing House. 	
				> Goel D. & Parashar S. (2013). <i>IPR</i> , <i>Biosafety</i>	
				and Bioethics (1 st ed.) Pearson Education India.	
				 Pandey, N. & Dharni, K. (2014). Intellectual Property Rights. PHI Learning 	
				➢ Ramakrishna, B. &Kumar, A. (2017).	
				Fundamentals of Intellectual Property Rights: For Students, Industrialist and Patent Lawyers	
				(1 st ed.). Notion Press	
				Suggested e-resources:	
				> World Trade Organisation.	
				http://www.wto.org	
				> World Intellectual Property Organisation.	
				http://www.wipo.int	
				> International Union for the Protection of	
				New Varieties of Plants.	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				http://www.upov.int	
				> National Portal of India.	
				http://www.archive.india.gov.in	
4)	BT: Medical Microbiology	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Identify various bacterial, fungal, viral and protozoan diseases and their epidemiology Understand the relevance of emerging and reemerging diseases 	 Medical Microbiology and Immunology Section-A Innate and Acquired Immunity Antigens : types of Antigens, Antigen specificity, haptens, Antibody structure and functions MHC, Complement System Cell mediated cytotoxicity : Origin, maturation and characterization of T-lymphocytes, Monocytes & Macrophages, Mechanism of T cell and NK cell mediated lysis, ADCC, Macrophage mediated cytotoxicity, lymphokines - the product of T cell activation. Humoral immune response : Origin, maturation and characterization of B-lymphocytes, Activation and proliferation of B-cells, Formation of plasmablast, Plasma cells and memory cells, Interaction of B and T cells. Section-B Hypersensitivity, Monoclonal antibodies and its applications. Radioimmunoassay, Enzyme linked immunosorbant assay, immunoblotting, immunofluorescence and flowcytometry Characteristics of infectious diseases, Herd immunity. 		This course was earlier run as a core course in AMBT IIIrd sem.
			 Disease cycle (Source of disease, reservoir, carriers) Transmission of pathogens (Air borne, contact 	Pelczar Jr., M.J., Chan, E.C.S. & Krieg, N.R. (2011). <i>Microbiology</i> . New York, USA:Tata	

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
			transmission and vector transmission).	McGraw-Hill.	
			Section-C	Suggested e- resources:	
			• Bacterial Diseases : Epidemiology, Pathogenicity,	Emerging Diseases	
			Laboratory diagnosis, Prevention & control of the following diseases : Anthrax, Tuberculosis,	https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PM C3701702/	
			Typhoid, Whooping cough, Tetanus, Diphtheria, Leprosy.	> Epidemiology	
			• General Account of fungal diseases : Mycosis,	https://bit.ly/2SUmzum	
			Subcutaneous and deep.	Nosocomial Infections	
			• General Account of viral & protozoan diseases : Pneumonia, Influenza, Mumps, Measles, Polio, Hepatitis B, Chickenpox, AIDS and Malaria, Leishmaniasis.	https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PM C3470069/	
			• Brief account of sexually transmitted diseases.		
			Books Recommended :		
			Text Book of Microbiology : R. Ananthanarayanan and C.K. JayaramPanicker, Orient Longman, 1997.		
			 Medical Microbiology, Vol, 1 : Microbial infection Mackie and MaCartney, Churchil Livingstone, 1996. 		
			Bailey and Scott's Diagnostic Microbiology : Baron EJ, Peterson LR and Finegold, SM Mosby, 1990.		
			Essential immunology (1995) :Roitt, I.M. Black well Scientific Publications, Oxford.		
			Fundamental immunology : W.E. Paul 1984, Raven Press, New York.		
			Fundamentals of Immunology : R.M. Coleman, M.F. Lombord and R.E. Sicard (1992) - 2nd ed. C. Brown publishers.		
			Immunology : D.M. Weir and J Steward 7th Ed. (1993).		

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
			 Broude A.I. (1981) : Medical "Microbiology" : and Infectious Diseases W.B. Saunders & Co. Philadelphia. Immunology : Janis Kuby. An Introduction to Immunology :lan R. Tizzard. 		
5)	BT: Molecular Plant Breeding	 After completing this course, students will be able to: Understand strategies and applications of plant breeding technologies. Comprehend the knowledge of different plat molecular markers Plan a research career in the area of plant biotechnology 		 Plant breeding study involves breeding methods for self and cross pollinated crops. There are several limitations of conventional breeding. Thus, there is need to have a better breeding approaches to overcome this limitation. Development of molecular markers (RFLP, RAPD, SSRs, ISSRs, SNPs), construction of molecular maps and linkage analysis, mapping populations for QTLs using molecular markers play an important role in plant breeding. In order to develop potential plant having better qualities, Marker Assisted Selection (MAS) is also a viable approach which can be done by using selection of traits and markers, trait association, marker assisted backcrossing and recurrent selection, marker assisted improved varieties/germplasm. Suggested Books: Chawla, H. S. (2000). Introduction to Plant Biotechnology. USA: Science Publishers. Slater, A., Scott, N. & Fowler, M. (2008). Plant Biotechnology: The Genetic Manipulation of Plants (2nded.). UK: Oxford University Press. Primrose, S.B., Twyman R.H. & Old R.W. (2001). Principles of Gene Manipulation (6thed.). Wiley-Blackwell. Nicholl, D.S.T. (2008). An introduction to Plant 	

S. No	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				<i>Genetic Engineering</i> (3 rd ed). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.	
				Glick, B.R., Pasternak, J.J. & Patten C.L. (2010). Molecular Biotechnology: Principles and Applications of Recombinant DNA (4 th ed.). American Society for Microbiology.	
				 Watson, J.D., Gilman, M., Witkowski J. & Zoller, M. (1992). <i>Recombinant DNA</i> (2nded.). W. H. Freeman publisher. 	
				Suggested e- Resources:	
				Plant breeding	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103013/pdf/mod 6.pdf	
				Molecular marker	
				https://bit.ly/2XmNm0M	
				Gene mapping in plant	
				https://bit.ly/2TaegKm	
6)	BT: Protein Engineering	On completion of this course, students should be able to:		An introduction to protein engineering for developing proteins with desired functions.	
		• Analyse structure and construction of proteins by		Various methods (rational design and directed evolution) of protein engineering are employed to	
		computer-based methods		manipulate the different features or characteristics (affinity, specificity and stability etc) of proteins.	
		• Describe structure and classification of proteins		Engineering various physicochemical and	
		*		biological properties (stability to changes in	
		• Analyse and compare the amino acid sequence and		parameters as pH, temperature, amino acid sequence and aggregation propensities etc) of the	
		structure of proteins, and		proteins could be important in their use as protein	
		relate this information to		drugs and/or catalysts in bioreactors. The insight	
		the function of proteins		into the fundamental understanding of the	
		• Explain how proteins can		mechanisms and forces (Van der waals,	
		be used for different		electrostatic, hydrogen bonding, weakly polar interactions, and hydrophobic effects), by which	
		industrial and academic		interactions, and nyurophobic effects), by which	

 purposes such as structure determination. organic synthesis and drug design. Plan and carry out activity measurements of isolated proteins and characterize their purity and stability. Plan and carry out activity measurements of isolated proteins and characterize their purity and stability. Plan and characterize their purity and stability. Control of the stability of the stability of the stability. Plan and carry out activity and stability. Plan and characterize their purity and stability. Plan
Suggested Books: ➤ Walsh, G. (2014). Proteins: biochemistry and biotechnology, Second edition. Chichester,

S. No.	Course	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested syllabus	Remarks
				University press.	
				 Cleland, J. L. & Craik, C. S. (2006). Protein Engineering, Principles and Practice, Vol 7. Springer Netherlands. 	
				Mueller, K., and Arndt, K. (2006). Protein Engineering Protocols, 1st Edition. Humana Press.	
				 Robertson, D., and Noel, J. P. (2004). Protein Engineering Methods in Enzymology, Vol 388. Elsevier Academic Press. 	
				 Kyte, J. (2006). Structure in Protein Chemistry, 2nd Edition. Garland publishers. 	
				 Williamson, M. P. (2012). How proteins Work. New York: Garland Science. 	
				Suggested e- Resources:	
				> Protein Engineering:	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103017/pdf/lectu re%2022.pdf	
				Conformational stability of proteins: https://bit.ly/2y85mid	
				Protein Engineering with Non-Natural Amino Acids: https://library.umac.mo/ebooks/b2805488x.pdf	

List of online courses in M.Sc. Bioscience Animal Science Programme

S. No.	Portal	Name of course	Core/Elective/ Reading elective (Additional/ Alternate)	Credit point(s)	URL	Paid/ Free	Fee (course/ examination)	Remarks
III S	emester Online Elective	Course						
1	Harvard	Fundamentals of Ecology for Sustainable Ecosystem	Elective course	4	https://www.extension.harvard.edu/academ ics/courses/fundamentals-ecology/12779	Paid	\$1550	
IV S	emester Online Reading	g electives						
1	NPTEL	Bio- organic Chemistry	Reading Elective	4	http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104103018/#	Paid	Certification exam fee	
2	IIT, Delhi	Enzyme Science and Engineering	Reading Elective	2	http://freevideolectures.com/Course/85/Enz yme-Science-and-Engineering/1	Free	-	
3	NPTEL	Biocatalysis in organic synthesis	Reading Elective	3	http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104105032/	Paid	Rs. 1000 for certification exam fee	

S. No.	Portal	Name of course	Core/Elective/ Reading elective (Additional/ Alternate)	Credit point(s)		Paid/ Free	Fee (course/ examination)	Remarks
4	National Institute of Disaster Management (Ministry of Home Affairs, New Delhi)	-	Reading Elective	2	www.nidm.gov.in/online.asp	Paid	Rs. 1500 Exam fee	
5	WIPO Academy - [DL] Distance Learning Program	DL101E - DL- 101 General Course on Intellectual Property	Reading Elective	4	https://welc.wipo.int/acc/index.jsf?page=co urseCatalog.xhtml	Free	-	
6	Algonquin college	Environmental Management - An Introduction	Reading Elective	-	http://www.algonquincollege.com/ccol/cou rses/environmental-management-an-i		-	



BANASTHALI VIDYAPITH Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology M.Sc. BIOSCIENCE-PLANT SCIENCE PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES

The M.Sc. Bioscience-Plant Science programme aims at holistic development of the students through the innovative and unique Five fold Educational ideology of Banasthali Vidyapith. As a component of the ecosystem, botanists are instrumental regarding their all inclusive and widespread understanding of plants and their importance. Botanists require an understanding of the identification of various plant groups, their taxonomy, physiology, biochemistry, genetics, ecology and economic importance along with the modern approach of plant biotechnology, secondary metabolite production and their medicinal value. The program has identified necessary competencies in the respective areas for which all essential theoretical, practical and field based skills will be provided. On completion of the Programme, the student will be able to:

- become competent botanists at different levels
- elevate understanding regarding professional ethical codes of conduct, societal values and respect for all
- demonstrate standards of digital literacy that would support professional needs in botanical studies
- create awareness in society about the efficient, safe and sustainable use of plants and plant parts
- create awareness about environmental and anthropological threats on plant species, especially pollution and habitat loss
- develop a lifelong respect and perfect coordination towards all other species on this planet
- nurture a temperament that would enable our students to set and work towards selfdriven performance-goals, entrepreneurial ventures and overall leadership.



BANASTHALI VIDYAPITH

Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology M.Sc. BIOSCIENCE-PLANT SCIENCE PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

PO1: Botanical Knowledge: Possess acquaintance and command of the core and basic knowledge associated with the botany, including systematics, morphology, anatomy, physiology, genetics, biochemistry, plant pathology, economic botany, ecology, embryology; and lower plants.

PO2: Planning abilitiy: Demonstrate effective planning abilities, including time and resource management, delegation skills and organizational skills. Develop and execute plans and organize work to meet deadlines.

PO3: Problem analysis: Utilize the principles of scientific enquiry, thinking analytically, clearly and critically, while solving problems and making decisions during routine work. Find, analyse, appraise and apply information logically and will make justifiable decisions.

PO4: Modern tool usage: Learn, select, and apply appropriate methods and procedures, resources, and modern botanical science-related computing tools with an understanding of their limitations.

PO5: Leadership skills: Recognize and believe the as a most gifted species on earth we have to change and motivate others for the betterment of all life on this green planet. For this students will raise related issues, and appear as leaders of the team building when planning changes required for fulfilment of practice, professional and societal responsibilities.

PO6: Professional Identity: Understand, analyse and communicate the value of their professional roles in society (e.g. botanists, ecologists, researchers, educators, managers, employers, employees).

PO7: Botanical Ethics: Honour personal values and apply ethical principles in professional and social contexts. Demonstrate behaviour that recognizes cultural and personal variability in values, communication and lifestyles. Use ethical frameworks; apply ethical principles while making decisions and take responsibility for the outcomes associated with the decisions.

PO8: Communication: Communicate efficiently with the botanical community and with society at large, such as, being able to realize and write effectively, make effective presentations and documentation, and give and receive clear instructions.

PO9: The Botanist and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual acquaintance to assess societal, environmental, health, safety and legal issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional botanical practice.

PO10: Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional botanical solutions to societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development in eco-friendly manner.

PO11: Life- long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change. Self access and use feedback effectively from others to identify learning needs and to satisfy theses needs on an ongoing basis.

Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology, Banasthali Vidyapith M.Sc. Bioscience (Plant Science) Programme

	Existing Courses									
M.Sc. Biosci	M.Sc. Bioscience (Plant Science) Sem. I									
BIO 407	Cell & Molecular Biology	4	0	0	4					
BIO 403	Biochemistry & Biophysics	4	0	0	4					
BIO 416	Microbiology	4	0	0	4					
BIN 401	Bioinformatics	4	0	0	4					
BIO 401	Analytical Techniques-I	4	0	0	4					
BIO 404L	Bioscience Lab-I	0	0	12	6					
	Total	20	0	12	26					

	Proposed Courses							
M.Sc. Biosc	ience (Plant Science) Sem. I	L	Т	Р	С			
BIO	Cell and Molecular Biology	4	0	0	4			
BIO	Biochemistry	4	0	0	4			
BIO	Microbiology	4	0	0	4			
BIN	Bioinformatics	4	0	0	4			
BIO	Analytical Techniques-I	4	0	0	4			
BIO								
	Total	20	0	12	26			

	Existing Courses									
M.Sc. Biosci	M.Sc. Bioscience (Plant Science) Sem. II									
BIO 406	Biostatistics and Research Methodology	4	0	0	4					
BIO 410	Genetics	4	0	0	4					
BIO 411	Immunology	4	0	0	4					
BT 406	Enzymology and Enzyme Technology	4	0	0	4					
BT 408	Genetic Engineering	4	0	0	4					
BIO 405L	Bioscience Lab-II	0	0	12	6					
	Total	20	0	12	26					

Proposed Courses							
M.Sc. Biosc	M.Sc. Bioscience (Plant Science) Sem. II L T P C						
BIO 406	BIO 406 Biostatistics and Research Methodology						
BIO	Genetics	4	0	0	4		
BIO 411	IO 411 Immunology						
BIO	Environmental Biology and Biotechnology	4	0	0	4		
ВТ	Genetic Engineering	4	0	0	4		
BIO	BIO Bioscience Lab-II						
	Total	20	0	12	26		

Course proposed to be discontinued
Course content modified
Course shifted to/ from different semester
New course proposed
Course shifted to/from different programme

	Existing Courses							
M.Sc. Bios	M.Sc. Bioscience (Plant Science) Sem. III L T P C							
BIO 408	O 408 Environmental Biology & Toxicology 4 0 0 (Common with M.Sc. Animal Science BIO 408)							
BOT 511	OT 511 Plant Tissue Culture & Experimental Embryology			0	4			
BOT 507	Plant Pathology	4	0	0	4			
BOT 502	Angiosperm Taxonomy	4	0	0	4			
BOT 505D	Literature Dissertation	0	0	8	4			
BOT 509L	OT 509L Plant Science Lab-I							
	Total	16	0	20	26			

Proposed Courses							
M.Sc. Biosci	M.Sc. Bioscience (Plant Science) Sem. III L T P C						
BIO	Phycology, Mycology and Lichenology	4	0	0	4		
BOT	Bryophyta, Pteridophyta and Gymnosperms				4		
BT 507	Cell and Tissue Culture Technology	4	0	0	4		
BOT 505D	Literature Dissertation	0	0	8	4		
BOT 509L	0	0	12	6			
Discipline Elective					4		
	Total	16	0	20	26		

Existing Courses							
M.Sc. Bio	M.Sc. Bioscience (Plant Science) Sem. IV L T P C						
BOT 501	Advance Horticulture and Ethnobotany	4	0	0	4		
BOT 503	Currents Trends in Plant Biotechnology	4	0	0	4		
BOT 504	Cytogenetics and Plant Breeding	4	0	0	4		
BOT 506	Plant Ecology and Biodiversity Conservation	4	0	0	4		
BOT 508	Plant Physiology Plant Science Lab II	4	0	12	4		
	BOT 510L Plant Science Lab-II Total						

Proposed Courses							
M.Sc. Biosci	ience (Plant Science) Sem. IV	L	Т	Р	С		
BOT 501	Angiosperms	4	0	0	4		
BOT 504	Cytogenetics and Plant Breeding	4	0	0	4		
BOT 508	Plant Physiology	4	0	0	4		
	Alternate online core course						
	Plant Physiology and Taxonomy						
	https://www.acs.edu.au/courses/botany-i-plant-physiology-						
	and-taxonomy-199.aspx						
BOT 507	Plant Pathology	4	0	0	4		
BOT 510L	Plant Science Lab-II	0	0	12	6		
	4	0	0	4			
BIO	BIO Reading Elective-I&II						
	Total	20	0	12	28		

	Proposed List of Elective courses to be offered in III & IV Semester
BOT	Phycology-I
BOT	Bryology-I
BOT	Angiosperms Taxonomy and Systematics-I
BT	Plant Biotechnology
	Biophysics-I
ENVS 402	Ecology and Environment
	Fundamentals of Ecology for Sustainable Ecosystem
	https://www.extension.harvard.edu/academics/courses/fundamentals-ecology/12779
BOT	Phycology-II
BOT	Bryology-II
BOT	Angiosperms Taxonomy and Systematics-II
BT	Advanced Plant Biotechnology
	Biophysics-II
ENVS 502	Biodiversity and Conservation

	Proposed List of Reading Elective-I & II to be offered in IV Semester
BT	Drug Discovery
BT	Human Genetics and Diseases
	Intellectual Property Rights
BT	Medical Microbiology
BT	Molecular Plant Breeding
BT	Protein Engineering
BIO	Bio- organic Chemistry: http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104103018/#
BT	Enzyme Science and Engineering
	http://freevideolectures.com/Course/85/Enzyme-Science-and-Engineering/1
BT	Biocatalysis in organic synthesis: http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104105032/
BT	Comprehensive Disaster Risk Management Framework
	www.nidm.gov.in/online.asp
BT	General Course on Intellectual Property:
	https://welc.wipo.int/acc/index.jsf?page=courseCatalog.xhtml
BT	Environmental Management - An Introduction: www.algonquincollege.com/
	ccol/courses/environmental-management-an-introduction/

S. N	o Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
M. 5	Sc. Bioscience (Pla	ant Science) I Semester			
1.	BIN 401: Bioinformatics	After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: • Describe and identify various databases and tools used for phylogenetic analysis. • Apply protein structure prediction • Demonstrate and apply different tools for data- mining ·	 Section-A Introduction of computers: Basic components and their functions, hardware and software, Input-Output devices. Basic concepts about data and information, Representation of data in computers in binary, bits and bytes. Computer words coding (ASCII and EBCDIC), Number System Conversion. Conceptual understanding of assemblers, Compilers, Operating System. Introduction to Programming languages, C++, Perl. Section-B Information Retrieval: LAN, WAN, Introduction to Internet, WWW, NICNET, ERNET, On-line publishing ventures eg. Biomed Central, BTIS Network in India. Introduction to Microarray Technology and its applications. Biological Databases: Primary Sequence databases (Protein and DNA databases), Secondary databases, Composite databases. Online international database access. Section-C Sequence Alignment and Databases searching: Evolutionary basis of sequence alignment, Optimal alignment methods; Dot Plot, Dynamic Programming. Databases similarity searching: Algorithms of FASTA BLAST. 	 Section A Introduction and scope of bioinformatics, Introduction to biological databases: primary, composite, secondary databases and structural database. Description of specific databases: UniGene,UniProt, and RCSB – PDB). Introduction to genomics, proteomics and phylogenetics resources available at ExPassy. Introduction to sequence analysis: Dot Plot, scoring matrices (PAM matrix) and gap penalty. Section B Description and application of global and local sequence alignment. Sequence based database searching working algorithms of BLAST, variations of BLAST. Multiple Sequence alignment. Evolutionary significance of sequence alignment. Evolutionary models: Jukes – Cantor and Kimura two parameter. Phylogenetic Analysis: distance based (UPGMA, N-J Methods) and character based (Maximum Parsimony). Section C Protein 3D structure prediction: Chou – Fasman algorithm Protein 3D structure prediction: homology modeling, its advantage and limits. Concept of structure optimization and energy minimization. Forces stabilizing biomolecular interaction. 	The components were very basic and mostly covered in undergraduate programs in almost every stream of science as compulsory computer knowledge. Learning languages such as C++ and Perl are extremely tedious; syntax of these two languages is very different to each other and not of use without hands-on sessions. More computer science information instead of bioinformatics. Further, the proposed syllabus is comprehensive for introductory course of bioinformatics. ClustalW is obsolete, progressive methods will include all the concept and methodology of programs like ClustalW. Protein structure prediction is the new introduction in the content to satisfy the need and requirement of a complete bioinformatics course.

Comparative Table: M.Sc. Bioscience (Plant Science): Existing and Modified syllabus, Suggested Books and Suggested E-Resources

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Statistical significance of alignment, Substitution Scores and Gap penalties. Multiple Sequence alignment: CLUSTAL W. EMBOSS. Books Recommended : A textbook of Bioinformatics : Sharma, Munjal&Shanker, Rastogi Publication, Meerut Fundamental of computer : P.K. Sinha Introduction to Bioinformatics : Parrysmith and Attwood Introduction to Bioinformatics : Baxevenis and Oulette Internet for Molecular Biologist : Swindell Molecular databases for protein sequences and structure studies - An Introduction Silence : J., Sillince M., Springerberlagd, Berlin 1972 Leaping from Basic to C++ : Robert J. Traister, A.P. Professional Cambridge Perl 5 Unleashed : Kamran Husain & Robert F Breedlore SAMS Publishing. Bioinformatics: David, Mount. 		
2	DIO 401.	After successful completion	Faction A	https://www.expasy.org/	
2.	BIO 401: Analytical Techniques-I	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Comprehend the principles of various instrumentation techniques: 	 Section-A Chromatographic methods for macromolecule separation- TLC and Paper chromatography, gel permeation; ion exchange; hydrophobic, Reverse-phase and Affinity chromatography; HPLC, FPLC and GLC. Electrophoretic techniques : 	 Section-A Chromatographic methods for macromolecule separation: TLC and Paper chromatography, Gel permeation, Ion exchange, Hydrophobic, Reverse-phase & Affinity chromatography; HPLC, FPLC & GLC. 	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		 Identify suitable and relevant tools for use in research problems Utilize the scope of the content for designing and performing future 	• Theory and application of polyacrylamide and agarose gel electrophoresis, capillary electrophoresis; 2D electrophoresis; Disc gel electrophoresis; Gradient electrophoresis; Pulse field gel electrophoresis, Isoelectric focusing.	• Electrophoretic techniques: Theory and applications of polyacrylamide and agarose gel electrophoresis, capillary electrophoresis, 2D electrophoresis, Disc gel electrophoresis, Gradient electrophoresis, Pulse field gel electrophoresis & Isoelectric focusing.	
		experiments	 Section-B Microscopy- Microscope and its modifications- Light, Phase contrast and interference, Fluorescence, Confocal, Electron (TEM & SEM), Electron tunneling and Atomic Force Microscopy Centrifugation -Basic principle & theory, Types of centrifuges- Micro centrifuge, High speed & Ultracentrifuges; Preparative centrifugation, differential & density gradient centrifugation. Analytical centrifugation & its applications. 	 Section-B Microscopy: Microscope and its modifications- Light, Phase contrast and interference, Fluorescence, Confocal, Electron (TEM & SEM), Electron tunneling & Atomic Force Microscopy Centrifugation: Basic principle & theory, types of centrifuges- Micro centrifuge, High speed & Ultracentrifuges. Preparative centrifugation: differential & density gradient centrifugation. Analytical centrifugation & its applications. 	
			 Section-C Spectroscopy-Principle, instrumentation applications in biological sciences: UV-visible spectrophotometry Florometry& Atomic absorption Spectrophotometer (AAS). Principle and application of NMR, X-ray crystallography, API-electrospray, mass spectroscopy and MALDI-TOF, Circular Dichroism Radioactivity : Radioactive and stable isotopes; Pattern and rate of radioactive decay; Measurement of radioactivity; Geiger-Muller counter; solid and liquid scintillation counters (Basic principal, instrumentation and technique); brief idea of radiation dosimetry; Cerenkov radiation; autoradiography. 	Principle, instrumentation applications in biological sciences. UV-visible spectrophotometry, Florometry & Atomic absorption spectrophotometer (AAS). Principle & applications of NMR, X-ray crystallography, Mass spectroscopy and MALDI-TOF, Circular Dichroism.	Typographical errors have been rectified.

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Books Recommended : Practical Biochemistry: Keith Wilson and John Walker, Cambridge University Press. Physical Biochemistry : David Friefelder. Instrumental methods of chemical analysis : Chatwal and Anand, Himalaya Publishing House. Instrumental methods of chemical analysis : B.K. Sharma, Goel Publishing House. X-Ray Methods : C. Whiston. The Electron Microscope in Biology : A. V. Grimstone. Tertiary level biology - Methods in Experimental biology : R. Ralph Blackie. Animal Tissue Technique : G.L. Humason. NMR and Chemistry : J.W. Akitt, Chapman and Hall. 	 Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. Cambridge, UK: Cambridge University Press. Friefelder, D. (1982). Physical Biochemistry: Applications to Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. New York, USA: W.H. Freeman and Company. Chatwal, G.R. & Anand, S.K. (2018). Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis. New Delhi, India: Himalaya Publishing House. Sharma,B.K. (2004). Instrumental methods of Chemical Analysis, In: Introduction to Analytical Chemistry. New Delhi, India: Goel 	
3.	BIO 403: Biochemistry	After successful completion of the course, students should	· · · ·	Biochemistry Section-A	The title is changed as Biophysics component has

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	&Biophysics	be able to:	• Hydrogen bonding and structure of water	• Bioenergetics: First and Second law of	been removed as it does not
<u>S. No</u>			 Hydrogen bonding and structure of water molecule, lonization of water, pH and colligative properties of water. Bioenergetics: First & second law of thermodynamics, concept of free energy, change in standard free energy, ATP and its hydrolysis. Carbohydrates: general classification, Polysaccharides: &proteoglycans: Starch, glycogen, cellulose, chitin &bacterial cell wall. Glycosaminoglycans& proteoglycans in extracellular matrix. Section-B Electron transport system in mitochondria & chloroplasts. Oxidative phosphorylation, P/O ratio, Uncouplers. Lipids - Glycerophospholipids, sphingolipids, gangliosides, Eicosanoids & prostaglandins-Cholesterol & its biosynthesis. Proteins & amino acids - Zwitterionic properties of amino acids & titration curves. Peptide bonds, disulphide cross links, various levels of structural organization of proteins. Ramachandran plot, Alpha-helix, Beta sheet, Helix-coil transitions. 	 Bioenergetics: First and Second law of thermodynamics, concept of free energy, change in standard free energy. Carbohydrates: general classification, Polysaccharides: Starch, glycogen, cellulose & chitin. Glycolysis, Citric acid cycle. Electron transport system in mitochondria & chloroplasts. Oxidative phosphorylation, Photosynthetic phosphorylation, P/O ratio, Uncouplers. Section-B Lipids - glycerophospholipids, sphingolipids, gangliosides, eicosanoids & prostaglandins. Proteins & amino acids – Zwitterionic properties of amino acids & titration curves. Peptide bonds, disulphide crosslinks, various levels of structural organization of proteins. Ramachandran plot, Alpha-helix, Beta sheet, Structure function relationship in model proteins like ribonuclease A, haemoglobin and chymotrypsin. Biosynthesis of purines and pyrimidines, <i>de novo</i> and salvage pathway, 	
			Helix-coil transitions. Section-C Structure function relationship in model proteins	 <i>novo</i> and salvage pathway, Section-C Introduction to enzymes: Classification of 	
			 like ribonuclease A, haemoglobin, chymotrypsin. Biosynthesis of purines and pyrimidines, <i>de novo</i> and salvage pathway, various confirmations of nucleotides, glycosidic bond rotation, base-stacking. Mechano-Chemical Process: Molecular structure of 	 enzymes Nomenclature of enzymes, E.C. Number Enzyme kinetics (Michaelis – Menten kinetics), importance and determination of Vmax and Km values, L & B plots. Enzyme inhibition: competitive, non- 	
			muscle-Actin, myosin, troponin, tropomyosin, Muscle Contraction.	 Competitive and un-competitive. Coenzymes and Isozymes. 	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
5.110			 Action Potential and propagation of neuronal computation through nerve fibre. Books Recommended : Principles of Biochemistry : A.L. Lehninger, Nelson and Cox, McMillan Worth Publishers. Biochemistry :Voet and Voet, John Wiley and Sons, Inc. USA. Biophysical Chemistry Vol. I, II &III : Cantor and Schimmel, Freeman. Biochemistry :Zubey, WCB. Biochemistry :Garrett and Grisham, Harcourt. Biochemistry :Stryer, W. H. Freeman. Understanding Enzymes : T. Palmer, Horwood. Harper's review of Biochemistry : R.K. Murray et al., Prentice-Hall International Inc. Fundamentals of Biochemistry : Cohn and Stumf. Molecular Biophysics-Structure in Motion :Michel Daune, Oxford University Press. 	 Suggested Books: Nelson, D. L. & Cox, M.M. (2012). Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry (6thed.). New York, USA: W. H. Freeman and Company. Rodwell, V.W., Bender, D., Botham, K.M., Kenelly, P.J.& Weil., P.A. (2018). Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry (31sted.). New York, USA: McGraw-Hill Education. Voet, D. &Voet, J.G. (2010). Biochemistry (4thed.). New Jersey, USA: Wiley. Berg, J.M., Tymoczko, J.L., Gatto Jr., G.J. & Stryer, L. (2015). Biochemistry (8thed.). New York, USA: W. H. Freeman and Company. Garrett, R. H. & Grisham, C. M. (2012). Biochemistry (5thed.). Belmont, USA: Wadsworth Publishing Co Inc. Palmer, T.& Bonner, P. (2014). Enzymes: Biochemistry, Biotechnology and Clinical Chemistry. UK: Woodhead Publishing Limited. Cantor, C.R. & Schimmel, P.R. (1980). Biophysical Chemistry Part I, II & III. New York, USA: W. H. Freeman and Company. Ferdinand, W. (1976). The Enzyme Molecule. New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd. Suggested e- Resources: Metabolic pathways, Biomolecules https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=2 Mechanism of enzyme action http://www.biologydiscussion.com/enzymes/en zymes-properties-and-mechanism-of-enzyme- action/6145 E-book for Garrett and Grisham https://bit.ly/2TbDWWR 	
4.	BIO 404L:	After successful completion	1. Demonstration, principle and use of lab	Analytical Techniques-I	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	Bioscience	of the course, students should	equipments: Centrifuges (Table top and high	U	The experiments have been
	Lab-I	be able to:	speed), Balances (electrical and digital).	applications of	reframed and modified
		• Demonstrate use of	2. Demonstration, principle and use of lab	- Centrifuges (high speed refrigerated	keeping in consideration, the
		various tools and	equipments: Spectrophotometer, pH meter.	centrifuge & ultracentrifuge),	suggested syllabus
		techniques for detection	3. Estimation of proteins by Lowry's and TCA	- Fluorescence microscope.	
		and quantification of	methods.	- Atomic absorption spectrophotometer,	
		biomolecules.	5. Estimation of carbohydrates (reducing and non-	HPLC, FPLC, GC-MS	
		• Perform various	reducing sugar).	2. Separation of amino acids by TLC and Paper	
		biochemical assays for	6. Estimation of fats (cholesterol).	Chromatography.	
		fats, carbohydrate, protein	7. Preparation and purification of casein from		
		and enzymes	buffalo milk.	3. Study of different stages of mitosis (onion root	
		• Demonstrate	8. Separation of amino acids by TLC and paper	tip) and meiosis (onion buds/grasshopper testis)	
		microbiological	chromatography.	and determine the mitotic index.	
		techniques	9. Determination of Logic properties (pH value of		
		• Access, retrieve, and	Lysine by titration). 10. To find λmax for proteins.	gradient centrifugation	
		analyze nucleotide and	10. 10 find Amax for proteins. 11. Use of selective and diagnostic media for	Biochemistry	
		protein sequences using	cultivation, isolation, enumeration and purification	5. To prepare sodium acetate buffer and validate the Henderson-Hasselbach equation.	
		bioinformatics tools	of microorganisms.	6. Extraction of crude enzyme from germinating	
			12. Measurement of bacterial and fungal growth.	mung bean seeds.	
			13. Isolation and enumeration of microbes from	7. Estimation of total protein content by Lowry's	
			air/soil by serial dilution/agar plating method.	method	
			14. Antibiotic sensitivity test.	8. Separation of protein by SDS PAGE.	
			15. Microbiological examination of food.	9. Estimation of acid phosphatase activity using	
			16. Citric acid production by A. niger.	standard curve of p-nitrophenol.	
			17. Study of cell division in plants and animals, Giant		
			chromosomes.	Expt. 6) using ammonium sulphate	
			18. Separation of different organelles/molecules by	precipitation and ion exchange/ affinity	
			sucrose density gradient/differential gradient.	chromatography (demonstration).	
				11. Determination of kinetic properties $(K_m and$	
			proteins/plant proteins by gel electrophoresis.	V_{max} values) of acid phosphatase.	
				12. Estimation of total carbohydrates using	
			(protein, carbohydrate or any other).	Anthrone method.	
			21. Bioinformatics exercise 1	13. Estimation of reducing sugar by Nelson-	
			22. Bioinformatics exercise 2.	Somogyi method.	

	 14. Estimation of fats (cholesterol). Microbiology 15. Isolation and enumeration of microbes from soil and water. 16. Staining of selected bacterial and fungal strains. 17. Estimation of bacterial growth by turbidometric 	
	 15. Isolation and enumeration of microbes from soil and water. 16. Staining of selected bacterial and fungal strains. 	
	soil and water. 16. Staining of selected bacterial and fungal strains.	
	16. Staining of selected bacterial and fungal strains.	
	17. Estimation of bacterial growth by turbidometric	
	method.	
	18. Antibiotic sensitivity test.	
	19. Estimation of infectivity titre of a virus sample	
	using Plaque assay	
	Bioinformatics	
	20. Database Search: Use and analysis of BLAST	
	tool for protein and DNA sequences.	
	21. Molecular Evolution: Multiple sequence	
	alignment and phylogenetic analysis. (Clustal	
	X/Mega/Tree-View)	
	22. Structure Prediction: Protein secondary and tertiary structure prediction using online tools.	
	23. Molecular Visualization: Structural analysis of	
	PDB entries for active and inactive states of	
	protein (Pymol).	
	Suggested Books:	
	Aneja, K. R. (2001). Experiments in	
	Microbiology, Plant Pathology, Tissue Culture	
	and Mushroom Production Technology. New	
	Delhi, India: New Age International Ltd.	
	➤ Cappuccino, J. G. & Welsh, C. (2019).	
	Microbiology: A Laboratory Manual. New	
	York, USA: Pearson.	
	Sadasivam, S., & Manickam, A. (1996). <i>Biashamiagl Mathods</i> (2 nd ad) Naw Dalhir	
	<i>Biochemical Methods</i> (2 nd ed.). New Delhi: New Age International Publishers.	
	 Saxena, J., Baunthiyal., & Ravi, I. (2015). 	
	Laboratory Manual of Microbiology,	

S. No. Course	List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. Jodhpur: Scientific Publishers. Suggested e- Resources: Harisha, S. Biotechnology procedures and experiments handbook http://site.iugaza.edu.ps/mwhindi/files/BIOTE CHNOLOGY-PROCEDURES-AND- EXPERIMENTS-HANDBOOK.pdf Introduction to biotechnology http://www.austincc.edu/awheeler/Files/BIOL %201414%20Fall%202011/BIOL1414_Lab%2 0Manual_Fall%202011.pdf 	
5. BIO Cell Molecula Biology	407: and ar	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Understand membrane transport and cell signalling mechanisms. Develop comprehensive understanding of endo- membrane system Understand molecular mechanisms of prokaryotes and eukaryotes 	 Section-A Molecular structure and function: Structural models, Composition and dynamics; Transport of ions and macromolecules; Pumps, carriers and channels; Membrane carbohydrates and their significance in cellular recognition; cellular junctions and adhesions; structure and functional significance of plasmodesmata. Endocytosis and exocytosis, clathrin & coatomer coated vesicles, SNARE proteins. Cell to cell signaling :autocrine, paracrine and endocrine stimulation. Signaling via G-protein linked cell-surface receptors, adenylatecyclase system, inositol phosphate pathway, role of Ca²⁺ -ions. Steroid receptors. Section-B Mitochondrial membrane organization, transport of proteins into mitochondria and cholorplasts. Genome of mitochondria and cholorplasts. 	 Section-A Molecular structure and function of plasma membrane; Transport of ions & macromolecules; Pumps, carriers and channels; Membrane carbohydrates & their significance in cellular recognition; Cellular junctions & adhesions. Endocytosis & exocytosis, clathrin coated vesicles, SNARE proteins. Cell to cell signalling: autocrine, paracrine and 	Plasmodesmata already covered in 'cell junctions' The deleted portion has been replaced with more relevant topic Cell Cycle and its

S. No Course Li	st Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		 transport of soluble and membrane bound proteins in Endoplasmic Reticulum, ER Resident proteins, ER chaperone proteins and their functions, glycosylation of proteins in ER. Golgi apparatus, role in protein glycosylation and transport. Lysosomes, intracellular digestion, sorting of lysosomal enzymes in Golgi, lysosomal storage diseases. 	 Golgi apparatus, role in protein glycosylation and transport. Lysosomes, intracellular digestion, sorting of lysosomal enzymes in Golgi, lysosomal storage diseases. Transport of proteins into mitochondria & chloroplasts. Cell Cycle & its regulation,apoptosis. 	regulation and division.
		 Section-C Replication of genetic material in prokaryotes and eukaryotes: initiation, elongation and termination; Replication of single stranded circular DNA. Prokaryotic transcription: Transcription units; RNA polymerase structure and assembly; Promotors; Rho-dependent and Rho-independent termination; Anti-termination. Eukaryotic transcription: RNA polymerase structure and assembly; RNA polymerase structure and assembly; RNA polymerase structure and assembly; RNA polymerase is tructure and assembly; RNA polymerase is transcription factors; TATA binding proteins (TBP) and TBP associated factors (TAF). Post transcriptional modifications: processing of hnRNA, tRNA and rRNA; 5'-Cap formation; 3'- end processing and polyadenylation; Splicing; RNA editing; Nuclear export of mRNA; mRNA stability; Catalytic RNA. Translation: Translation machinery; Ribosomes: composition and assembly; Genetic code in mitochondria; IsoacceptingtRNA; Mechanism of initiation, elongation and termination; Co- and post-translational modifications. 	 Section-C Replication of genetic material in prokaryotes &eukaryotes: initiation, elongation & termination; Replication of single stranded circular DNA. Prokaryotic transcription: Transcription units; RNA polymerase structure & assembly; Promotors, Rho-dependent & Rho-independent termination; Anti-termination. Eukaryotic transcription: RNA polymerase structure and assembly; RNA polymerase I, II, III; eukaryotic promoters & enhancers; general transcription factors; TATA binding proteins (TBP) and TBP associated factors (TAF). Post transcriptional modifications: processing of hnRNA, tRNA and rRNA; 5'-Cap formation; 3'-end processing and polyadenylation; splicing; RNA editing; nuclear export of mRNA; catalytic RNA. Genetic code,IsoacceptingtRNA; Translation: Translation machinery: initiation, elongation and termination; Co- and post-translational modifications. Suggested Books: De Robertis, E.D.R. & De Robertis, E.M.F. (2017). <i>Cell and Molecular Biology</i>. New 	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Cell and Molecular Biology : De Robertis& De Robertis, B.I. Waverly Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. The world of the cell : W.M. Becker, Pearson Education. Cell and Molecular Biology : G. Karp, John Wiley & Sons. The Cell - A Molecular Approach : Cooper, Sinauer. Cell and Molecular Biology : P.K. Gupta, Rastogi Publications. Molecular Cell Biology :Lodish, Baltimore, W. H. Freeman & Co. Molecular Biology of the Cell : Bruce Albert, Garland Publication, NY. Essentials of Cytology : C.B. Powar, Himalaya Publications. Principles of Genetics : Gardner, Simmons, Snustad, John Wiley & Sons. Gene VIII :Lewin, Pearson Education. Molecular Biology of Gene : J.D. Watson, Pearson Education. Molecular Biology : David Freifelder, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi. Molecular Biology : R. Weaver, WCB McGraw Hill. 	 York, USA: Lippincott Williams & Wilkins. Hardin, J., Bertoni, G. & Lewis, K.J. (2011). Becker's World of the Cell. Essex, UK: Pearson Education Limited. Karp, G., Lwasa, J. & Larshall, W. (2015). Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd. Cooper, G., M. & Hausman, R. E. (2004). The Cell: A Molecular Approach. Washington, D.C.: ASM Press. Lodish, H., Berk, A., Kaiser, C. A., Krieger, M., Bretsher, A., Ploegh, H., Amon, A. & Martin, K. C. (2007). Molecular Cell Biology. New York, USA: W. H. Freeman and Company. Alberts, B., Johnson, A., Lewis, J., Raff, M., Roberts, K.& Walter, P. (2007). Molecular Biology of the Cell. UK: Garland Science. Freifelder, D. M. (1986). Molecular Biology. USA: Jones & Bartlett Publishers. Suggested e- Resources https://www.nature.com/scitable Sorting and trafficking of proteins https://www.vcell.science/project/proteintraffick ing RNA editing study.com/academy/lesson/rna-editing- 	
	BIO 416: Microbiology	After successful completionof the course, students shouldbe able to:• Describe differentmethodologies for	 Section-A Discovery of Micro-organisms. Criteria for classification; molecular approaches Bacteria: General features, Structural organisation, Nutrition, Growth, Respiration and Reproduction. 	 definition-processes.html Section-A History andscope of microbiology. Bacteria: Structural organization. Archaea: Structural organization and brief overview of major physiological groups 	The current syllabus is too bulky and inadequately distributed in the three sections. Contents of section C will be taken up by

S. No.	Course List		Learning Outcome	E	xisting Syllabus	S		Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			classification of microbes.	 Methanogens 	and	Methylotrophs,		(Halophiles, Methanogens, Thermophiles).	biotechnology students in
		•	Understand structural,		hs, Phototrophs,	Sulphur reducing	٠	Growth of bacteria- bacterial growth curve,	bioprocess engineering and
			functional and metabolic	bacteria.				factors affecting growth,	environmental
			diversity of bacteria	Archaebacteria			٠	Nutrition in bacteria- nutritional classes, modes	biotechnology papers. Also,
		•	Explain viral structure,					of nutritional uptake, media (types) and culture	the last two points of section
			properties, replication and					methods.	B are more suited to bioprocess.
			cultivation					Modes of bacterial reproduction.	bioprocess.
							•	Regulation in bacteria-operon concept-lac, trp	In the proposed syllabus, the
				Section-B			500	and ara tion-B	syllabus is more evenly
					organisation	of virion, Animal,		Classification of bacteria and approaches used	distributed and pertinent
				Plant and Bacter		or virion, minimar,		(conventional and modern)	content has been added for a
						of viruses &		Metabolic diversity in bacteria- aerobic and	more cohesive syllabus.
				Virulence factor				anaerobic respiration (suphate, nitrate),	
				• Isolation and so	creening of indu	ustrially important		fermentation (lactic, mixed, acetone-butanol,	
				microbes.	U			stickland fermentations and acetogenesis),	
				• Improvement of	strains.			chemolithotrophy(hydrogen, sulphur, nitrate	
								and iron oxidizers), phototrophy (oxygenic and	
							_	anoxygenic).	
							•	Unculturable microbes.	
				Section C			•	Bacterial quorum sensing.	
				Section-C Biofertilizer an	nd Compost		Sec	tion-C	
					Biopolymers and	Riosurfactants		General properties, structure, taxonomy (ICTV & Baltimore classification) of virus	
						s metabolites with		General features of viral replication, sub-viral	
				L		organic acids and		particles – satellite virus, viroids& prions.	
				alcohol	,	e		Bacteriophages: one step growth curve,	
				Microbes in	the disposal of	sewage: sewage		structure & life cycle of T_4 and lambda phages,	
						ige water and		molecular control of lytic & lysogenic cycle.	
				transmission of	f diseases, indica	itor organisms<mark>.</mark>		Animal virus: structure and life cycle of-	
								herpes simplex virus, papovavirus, reovirus &	
								retroviruses.	
								Plant virus: structure & life cycle of -	
								geminivirus, caulimovirus & tobacco mosaic	
								virus; virus-vector relationship.	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				Virus assay: Plaque, pock, hemagglutination &	
				transformation assays and concept of ID50.	
				Cultivation of viruses.	
			Books Recommended :	Suggested Books:	
			Introductory Microbiology : F.C. Ross, Columbus Charles E. Mehrill.	► Willey, J. M., Sherwood, L.M. & Woolverton,	
			 Microbiology - Fundamentals and Applications : 	C.J. (2014). <i>Prescott's Microbiology</i> (9 th ed.).	
			S.S. Purohit, Agro Botanical Publishers,	New York, USA: McGraw-Hill Education. ➤ Madigan, M., Martinko, J., Stahl, D. & Clark,	
			Bikaner.	D. (2010). Brock Biology of Microorganisms	
			Modern Concepts of Microbiology : H.D.	(13thed.). UK: Pearson Education.	
			Kumar and S. Kumar, Vikas Publishing House,	 Pelczar Jr., M.J., Chan, E.C.S.& Krieg, N.R. 	
			New Delhi.	(2011). <i>Microbiology</i> . New York, USA: Tata	
			➤ Microbiology : M.J. Pelczar,C.E.C. Sun and	McGraw-Hill.	
			N.R. Krieg, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.	≻ Kungo, R. (Ed.). (2017). Nanthnarayanand	
			A Text book of Microbiology : R.C. Dubey and	Paniker's Textbook of Microbiology (10th ed.).	
			D.K. Maheshwari, S. Chand and Company.	New Delhi, India: Universities Press.	
			Microbiology : K.L. Burdon and R.P. Williams,	Moat, A. G., Foster, J.W. & Spector, M.P.	
			Mcmillan Worth Publishers.	(2003). Microbial Physiology (4 th ed.). US:	
			Microbiology : B.D. Davis et al. : Harper and Row Publishers.	WileyLiss Inc.	
			 Microbiology : E.W. Nester et al., Saunders 	Atlas, R.M.& Bartha, R. (1998), Microbial Ecology: Fundamentals and Applications	
			international edition.	(4thed.). UK: Pearson Education.	
			 Principle of Fermentation Technology : P.F. 	 Dimmock, N.J., Easton, A.J. & Leppard, K.N. 	
			Stanbury and A. Whittaker, Pegamon Press.	(2016). Introduction to Modern Virology (8 th	
			> Fundamental principles of Bacteriology : A.J.	ed.). Hoboken, NJ: Wiley Blackwell.	
			Salle, Tata McGraw Hill.	> Cann, A.J. (2015). Principles of Molecular	
			T.D. Boock's World of Microbiology : Madigan	Virology (6 th ed.). Massachusetts, USA:	
			Microbiology :Presscott.	Academic Press.	
				Suggested e- Resources:	
				 Bacteria structure 	
				http://www.biologydiscussion.com/bacteria/cel	
				l-structure-of-bacteria-with-diagram/47058	
				Bacterial growth & nutrition http://www.biologydicoussion.com/bacteria/put	
				http://www.biologydiscussion.com/bacteria/nut	
				rition-and-growth-in-bacteria/47001	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Bacterial quorum sensing https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PM C3543102/ Chemolithotrophy https://courses.lumenlearning.com/boundless- microbiology/chapter/chemolithotrophy/ Bacterial metabolism https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK7919 Structure and classification of Viruses https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK8174 / https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK8174 / https://www.pnas.org/content/101/44/15556 Virus replication https://bit.ly/2BQLTa5 	
M.Sc	. Bioscience (Pl	ant Science) II Semester			
	BIO 405L: Bioscience Lab-II	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Demonstrate techniques used in immunology and genetic engineering Perform key experiments for water quality analysis and other contaminants Solve problems based on gene mapping and population genetics 	 To obtain standard curve of p-nitrophenol solution. To prepare a sample of enzyme extract. To determine activity of acid phosphatase from peas/moong seedlings. Purification of an enzymatic protein by salt precipitation. Determination of kinetic properties (Km and Vmax values) of an enzyme. To check time and protein linearity of an enzymatic reaction. Immobilization of an enzyme. Blood film preparation and identification of leucocytes. Lymphoid organs and their microscopic organization. Immunization, collection of serum. Double diffusion and immuno- electrophoresis. 	 Environmental Biology and Biotechnology Determination of total hardness of water. Determination of fluoride content in water. Determination of BOD values. Determination of LD₅₀ for common pesticides/weedicides. Bacteriological analysis of waste water. Immunology To perform differential leucocytes count. Lymphoid organs and their microscopic organization To perform immune diffusion by ouchterlony double diffusion method. To perform immune diffusion by ouchterlony double diffusion method. ELISA: Determination of antibody titre. Immunodiagnostics (Demonstration using commercial kits). Genetic Engineering Extraction of genomic DNA by CTAB method 	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			8. ELISA : Determination of antibody titre.	and determination of its purity.	
			9. Immunodiagnostics (Demonstration using		
			commercial kits).	(DPA) method.	
			10. Extraction and estimation of RNA.	14. PCR amplification of 'n' number of genotypes	
			11. Extraction and estimation of DNA.	of a species using random primers	
			$\frac{12.}{12}$	(Demonstration).	
			13.Preparation of metaphase chromosomes.14.Detection of ADH activity in tissue/cells by	15. Extraction of RNA by Phenol-Chloroform method and estimation by orcinol method.	
			cytochemical staining using Drosophila.	Genetics	
			15. Statistical problem.	16. Study of sex chromatin from buccal epithelial/	
			16. Genetic problem - (chromosome mapping).	hair bud cells.	
			ro. Genetie problem (emonosome mapping).	17. Genetic exercise	
				- Chromosome mapping, two and three point	
				cross.	
				- Quantitative genetics/ population genetics.	
				Biostatistics and Research Methodology	
				18. Biostatistics problems based on following:	
				- Measures of dispersion (variance).	
				- Correlation analysis.	
				- Probability and probability distribution.	
				- Testing hypothesis by student t- test, Fisher's test, chi-square test and one way	
				analysis of variance.	
				Suggested Books:	
				Aneja, K.R. (1996). Experiments in	
				Microbiology, Plant Pathology, Tissue Culture	
				and Mushroom Cultivation (2 nd ed.). New	
				Delhi: Wishwa Prakashan.	
				➢ Green, M. R., & Sambrook, J. (2012).	
				Molecular Cloning: a Laboratory Manual.	
				Cold Spring Harbor, NY: Cold Spring Harbor	
				Laboratory Press.	
				Gupta S.P. (2000). Statistical Methods. S.	
				Chand Publications.	
				Suggested e- Resources:	

3. INU	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Harisha, S. Biotechnology procedures and experiments handbook https://bit.ly/2U0e39D Introduction to biotechnology https://bit.ly/2IICkzE 	
8.	BIO 406: Biostatistics and Research Methodology	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Apply statistical analysis to biological data Identify ethics in scientific research and associated methodologies Develop skills in scientific writing. 	 collection, classification, tabulation of data. Frequency distribution, diagrammatic and graphical presentation of statistical data, sampling techniques. 	No change in the syllabus	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	 Existing Syllabus Central publishing, Ludhiana. Gupta S.P. (2000). Statistical Methods. S. Chand Publications. Khan and Khanum (2012). Fundamentals of Biostatistics.Ukaz Publications. Zerold J. (2009). BiostatisticalAnalysis. UK: Pearson Education. Marcello P. and Kimberlee G. (2000). Principles of Biostatistics. Duxbury. Prasad S. (2012). Elements of Biostatistics.Rastogi Publications. Rastogi V. B. (2015). Biostatistics. Medtec publications. Basotia, G.R. and Sharma K.K. (1999). Research Methodology.Mangal Deep Publications. Chaudhary C.M. (1991). Research Methodology. RBSA Publications. Dorendro A. (2016). Research Methodology in Zoology.Pearlbooks . Kadam R.M. and Allapure R. B. (2016). Research Methodology in Botany.Gaurav Books 	 Singh S. (1988). Statistical methods for Research. Central publishing, Ludhiana. Gupta S.P. (2000). Statistical Methods. S. Chand Publications. Khan and Khanum (2012). Fundamentals of Biostatistics. Ukaz Publications. Zerold J. (2009). BiostatisticalAnalysis.UK: Pearson Education. Marcello P. and Kimberlee G. (2000). Principles of Biostatistics. Duxbury. Prasad S. (2012). Elements of Biostatistics.Rastogi Publications. Rastogi V. B. (2015). Biostatistics. Medtec publications. Basotia, G.R. & Sharma K.K. (1999). Research Methodology. Mangal Deep Publications. Chaudhary C.M. (1991). Research Methodology. RBSA Publications. Dorendro A. (2016). Research Methodology in 	Remarks
				 Regression Analysis https://bit.ly/2s9vHdM Student's t Test- Interactive tutorial https://www.ruf.rice.edu/~bioslabs/Stats_tutori al/index.html 	
9.	BIO 410:	After successful completion	Section-A	Section A	Genetic recombination
	Genetics	of the course, students should be able to:	• Definition of gene: genetic & biochemical view; Gene: unit of structure & function,	• Definition of gene: genetic & biochemical view; Gene: unit of structure & function,	models is important to be discussed to understand

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		• Understand the theoretical	complementation test.	complementation test.	result of crossing over, gene
		and experimental foundations of classical and molecular genetics.	design; Mendelian Genetics in humans: Pedigree	design; Mendelian Genetics in humans: Pedigree	conversion is important consequence of recombination.
		and molecular genetics.	 analysis. Extensions of Mendelian Genetics Principles: Modification of dominance relationships, Gene interactions and modified Mendelian ratios, Multiple alleles, Essential and lethal genes. Non Mendelian inheritance: Extrachromosomal inheritance; Genomic imprinting; isodisomy; Complex inheritance-genetic and environmental variation; Heritability; Twin studies; Behavioral traits; Analysis of quantitative traits. Linkage & Crossing over: Tetrad analysis, mapping of gene order and centromere location in fungi Section-B Genome organization: Organization of bacterial genome; Structure of eukaryotic chromosomes; organization of DNA into chromosomes; Heterochromatin and euchromatin. Regulation of gene expression in prokaryotes: transcriptional regulation Positive and negative; Operon concept lac, trp and ara operons; transcriptional control in phage. 	 analysis. Extensions of Mendelian Genetics: Modification of dominance relationships, gene interactions and modified Mendelian ratios, multiple alleles, essential and lethal genes. Non Mendelian inheritance: Extrachromosomal inheritance. Genomic imprinting. Complex inheritance-genetic and environmental variation; Heritability; Twin studies; Behavioral traits; Analysis of quantitative traits. Section-B Linkage & crossing over, models of genetic recombination, gene conversion, Tetrad analysis, mapping of gene order & centromere location in fungi. 	consequence of recombination. Gene regulation can be deleted because this content is covered in Cell and Molecular Biology After modification students will have basic understanding of cytogenetics and its application
			 Regulation of gene expression in eukaryotes. Mutations: Nonsense, missense and point mutations; Intragenic and intergenicsuppression; Frameshift mutations; Mutagens; Molecular mechanism of mutations. Transposable genetic elements in prokaryotes and eukaryotes: Insertion sequences, composite and complex transposons, replicative and non-replicative transposons; Mechanism of transposition; Role of transposons in mutation; Genetic analysis using transposons. 	 Heterochromatin and euchromatin Mutations: Nonsense, missense & point mutations; Frameshift mutations; Mutagens; Molecular mechanism of mutations; Suppressor mutation. 	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Section-C	Section-C	
			• Cytogenetics: Cell division and errors in cell	• Cytogenetics: Cytogenetics introduction,	
			division; Non disjunction; Structural and numerical	karyotype analysis, chromosome banding	
			chromosomal abnormalities-deletion; duplication; translocation; Sex determination; Lyon hypothesis;	techniques Call division & amore in call division. Non	
			Role of Y chromosome; Genetic recombination;	• Cell division & errors in cell division; Non disjunction.	
			Disorders of sex chromosomes and autosomes;	• Structural and numerical chromosomal	
			Molecular cytogenetics-Fluorescence In Situ	abnormalities- deletion, duplication,	
			Hybridization (FISH); Comparative Genomic	translocation; Sex determination; Lyon	
			Hybridization (CGH).	hypothesis; Role of Y chromosome; Disorders of	
			• Genetics of bacteria and bacteriophages: Genetic	sex chromosomes & autosomes.	
			analysis of Bacteria; Genetic mapping in bacteria	• Molecular cytogenetics-Fluorescence in Situ	
			by conjugation, transformation and transduction;	Hybridization (FISH); Comparative Genomic	
			Mapping of bacteriophage gene.	Hybridization (CGH).	
			• Population genetics: the Hardy-Weinberg law; Genetic variation in natural populations; Forces	• Genetics of bacteria and bacteriophages; Genetic	
			that change gene frequency in populations; Genetic	mapping in bacteria by conjugation, transformation and transduction	
			basis of speciation.	 Mapping of bacteriophage gene. 	
				• Population genetics: Hardy-Weinberg law;	
				Genetic variation in natural populations; Forces	
				that change gene frequency in populations;	
				Genetic basis of speciation.	
			Books Recommended :	Suggested Books:	
			Principles of Genetics 4th Ed :Snustad& Simmons, John Wiley & Sons.		
			 i-Genetics : P.J. Russel, Pearson Education. 	Palladine, M.A. (2015). Concepts of Genetics	
			 Principles of Genetics 8th Ed : Gardner, 	 (11thed.). UK: Pearson Education. ➢ Gardner, E.J., Simmons, M.J., & Snustad, D.P. 	
			Simmons, Snustad, John Wiley & Sons.	(2005). <i>Principles of Genetics</i> (8 th ed.). New	
			➢ Genetics : P.K. Gupta, Rastogi Publications.	Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd.	
			Genetics - A molecular approach : T.A. Brown,	 Benjamin, A.P. (2003). Genetics: A conceptual 	
			Chapman and Hall.	approach. New York, USA: W. H. Freeman and	
			Concepts of Genetics 7th Ed. : William S. Klug,	Company.	
			Pearson Education.	Russel, P.J. (2010). <i>iGenetics</i> (3^{rd} ed.). UK:	
			Principles of Genetics : R.H. Tamarin, Tata McGraw Hill.	Pearson Education.	
				Brown, T.A. (1992). Genetics- A Molecular	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Genetics-From Genes to Genomes : Hartwell, McGraw Hill. Genetics 5th Eds. : D.L. Hartl and E.W. Jones, Jones and Barlett Publishers, Canada. An Introduction to Genetic Ananlysis : Suzuki, Griffith, Miller &Lewonith. Molecular Biology : Weaver, WCB McGraw Hill. 	 Approach. London, UK: Chapman & Hall. Gupta, P.K. (2010).Genetics. Meerut, India: Rastogi Publications. Suggested e- Resources: Cytogenetic methods and Disease www.nature.com/scitable/topicpage/cytogenetic -methods-and-disease-flow-cytometry-cgh-772 CGH Analysis www.cs.cmu.edu/~epxing/Class/10810- 05/Lecture11.pdf Population Genetics https://biomed.brown.edu/Courses/BIO48/6.Pop Gen1.HW.drift.HTML 	
10.	BIO 411: Immunology	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Evaluate and compare the role of various components and mechanisms of the immune system. Describe various immune response mechanisms Develop concept of antibody generation and various immunological techniques 	 Section-A Basic concepts of immunology: specific and nonspecific defense mechanisms (innate and acquired immunity), organs and cells of immune system. Antigen and Antigenicity: concept of immunogens, antigens, heptans, mitogens and superantigens. Properties of antigens, eross reactivity, special group of antigens: bacterial antigens, viral antigens, cell surface antigens (MHC), autoantigens, isoantigens and frossman antigens (Heterophilic antigens). Immunoglobulins: structure and properties of immunoglobulins, isotypes and their significance.Immunoglobulins as antigens: isotypes, allotypes and idiotypes. Complement System. 	 Section-A Basic concepts of immunology: Historical background of immunology, specific and nonspecific defense mechanisms (innate and acquired immunity), cells and organs of immune system. Antigen and Antigenicity: Concept of immunogens, antigens, haptens, mitogens and superantigens. Properties of antigens, special group of antigens: bacterial antigens, viral antigens, cell surface antigens (MHC), autoantigens, isoantigens and frossman antigens (Heterophilic antigens). 	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			• Cell - mediated immune responses : origin,	maturation and characterization of T-	
			maturation and characterization of T-Lymphocytes,	Lymphocytes, monocytes and macrophages,	
			monocytes and macrophages, characteristics of	characteristics of antigen presentation and its	
			antigen presentation and its significance, concepts	significance, concepts of memory cell, mode of	
			of memory cell, mode of action and functioning of	action and functioning of TH, TC, CTLS and	
			TH, TC, CTLS and NK cells, lymphokines, the	NK cells, lymphokines, the product of T-cell	
			product of T cell activation.	activation.	
			• Humoral immune responses: Origin, maturation	• Humoral immune responses: Origin, maturation	
			and characterisation of B Lymphocytes, activation	and characterization of B-Lymphocytes,	
			and proliferation of B and T cells, antibody	activation and proliferation of B and T cells,	
			generation in vivo.	antibody generation in vivo.	
			• Immunological tolerance and Autoimmunity:	• Immunological tolerance and characteristics and	
			characteristics and mechanism of immunologic	mechanism of immunologic tolerance, factors	
			tolerance, factors affecting immunologic tolerance	affecting immunologic tolerance of	
			and mechanisms of autoimmunity.	autoimmunity. Immune regulation, positive,	
			Hypersensitivity: Type I, II, III and IV.	negative selection, apoptosis.	
				Section-C	
				Hypersensitivity: Type I, II, III and IV.	
			Section-C	• Hybrid and Chimeric monoclonal antibodies,	
			• Hybrid and Chimeric monoclonal antibodies,	catalytic antibodies.	
			catalytic antibodies	• Surface plasmon resonance, biosensor assay for	
			• Surface plasmon resonance, Biosensor assay for	assessing ligand-receptor interaction.	
			assessing ligand-receptor interaction.	• Advanced immunological techniques:	
			• Measurement of low molecular weight non-	Immunofluorescent and immunogold labelling.	
			immunogenic compounds (such as secondary	Suggested Books:	
			metabolites); phytohormones immunoassays.	Abbas, A.K. & Lichtman, A.H. (2001). Basic Immunology Experience and Disorders of	
			• Advanced immunological techniques:	Immunology: Functions and Disorders of	
			Immunofluorescent and Immunogoldlabelling	<i>Immune System.</i> US: W.B. Saunders. Delves, P.J., Martin, S.J., Burton, D.R., & Roitt,	
			De des De commende de	I.M (2011). Roitt's Essential Immunology	
			Books Recommended: \land A bloc \land K blichtman \land H (2001) Rasia	(12 th ed.). New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons	
			➢ Abbas, A.K.,&Lichtman, A.H. (2001). Basic immunology: Functions and Disorders of Immuno	Ltd.	
			<i>immunology: Functions and Disorders of Immune</i> <i>System.</i> US: W.B. Saunders.	Goldsby, R. A., Kindt, T.J. & Osborne, B. A.	
			 Delves, P.J., Martin, S.J., Burton, D.R., & Roitt, 	(2006). <i>Kuby Immunology</i> (6 th ed.). New York,	
			I.M (2011). Roitt's Essential Immunology	USA: W.H. Freeman & Co. Ltd.	
			1.1vi (2011). Rom s Essential Intilliology		

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		9	 (12thed.). New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd. Goldsby, R. A., Kindt, T.J., & Osborne, B. A. (2006). <i>Kuby Immunology</i> (6thed.). New York, USA: W.H. Freeman & Co. Ltd. Paul, W.E. (1999). <i>Fundamental Immunology</i> (14thed.). USA: Lippincott-Raven. Peakman, M.,&Vergani, D. (2009). <i>Basic and Clinical Immunology</i> (2nded.). US: Elsevier Health Sciences. Tizard, I.R. (2017). <i>Veterinary Immunology</i> (10thed.). US: Elsevier Health Sciences. 	 Paul, W.E. (1999). Fundamental Immunology (14thed.). USA: Lippincott-Raven. Peakman, M. &Vergani, D. (2009). Basic and Clinical Immunology (2nded.). US: Elsevier Health Sciences. Tizard, I.R. (2017).Veterinary Immunology (10thed.). US: Elsevier Health Sciences. Suggested e- Resources: Basic Immunology https://bit. y/2E6Zz16l 	
11.	BT 406: Enzymology and Enzyme Technology	At the end of this course, the students will have fundamental knowledge of enzymes and varioustechniques involved in their production and purification. They would also learn about theirapplication in different fields such as medical, textile, chemical processes, etc. They can applythis knowledge for better understanding of other basic and advanced courses in biologicalsciences as well as to solve research based problems.	 Section-A History and introduction to enzymes: Classification of enzymes. IUPAC system, nomenclature, E.C. numbers. Enzyme kinetics (Michaelis - Menten laws), importance and determination of Vmax and Km values, Hofstee's plot, L & B plots. Bisubstrate reactions-ordered & random sequential mechanism. Theorell chance mechanism, ping pong mechanism, products of inhibition in bisubstrate reactions. Enzyme inhibition: competitive, non-competitive and other types. Section-B Extraction of soluble and membrane bound enzymes from microbial, plant and animal tissues. Purification of enzymes: salt precipitation, gel filtration, ion exchange and affinity chromatography. 	Course proposed to be discontinued	Some part of the syllabus is integrated with I Semester course "Biochemistry".

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			• Regulation of enzyme activity, various controls		
			(metabolic compartmentation, covalent		
			modifications and others), feedback regulation,		
			allosteric enzymes.		
			• Coenzymes, Isozymes and Multienzyme		
			complexes.		
			• Methods of storing enzymes.		
			Section-C		
			• Large scale production of enzymes including		
			genetic engineering approaches for their over		
			production.		
			• Enzyme engineering; identification of active sites,		
			approaches for modification of catalytic properties.		
			• Techniques of enzyme immobilization and their		
			applications in:		
			a. Food industry- High fructose syrup, cheese		
			making and beer industry.		
			b. Antibiotics and other Pharamaceuticals		
			c. Medical applications		
			d. Analysis of substances, enzyme electrodes, enzyme thermistors.		
			Basic idea of proteomics		
			Suggested Books:		
			Understanding Enzymes : T. Palmer.		
			▶ Fundamentals of Enzymology : Price and		
			Stevenson.		
			➢ The Enzyme : Dixon and Webb, Academic Press,		
			London.		
			Methods in Enzymology : Academic Press.		
			The Enzyme Molecule: W. Ferdinan, John Wiley		
			and sons.		
			Protein Methods: D.M. Bollag and S.J. Edelstein,		
			Wiley-Liss.		
			The Nature of Enzymology : F.L. Foster, John		
			Wiley and sons.		

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
S. No	Course List Environmen tal Biology and Biotechnolog y	Learning Outcome After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: • Identify key factors responsible for ecosystem balance and explain different efforts which can be undertaken for restoration and	 Existing Syllabus Enzyme technology, biotechnology Vol7 : John Wiley and sons. Enzyme, Biomass, Food and Feed Biotechnology Vol. 9 : John Wiley and Sons. M.Sc. III Semester Bioscience core course BIO 408: Environmental Biology and Toxicology Section-A Concept of energy, conventional & non-conventional energy sources. Fossil fuels, hydro, wind and nuclear power, geothermal, solar and bioenergy. Energy flow in organisms, energy pathways & models, energy efficiencies, 	Suggested Syllabus Environmental Biology and Biotechnology Section A ➤ Structure and functions of ecosystem. ➤ Energy flow in organisms, energy pathways & models, energy efficiencies. ➤ Basic concept of Population Ecology – Inter & intra-specific interactions among populations. ➤ Community structure & dynamics:	Remarks "Environmental Biology and Biotechnology" is proposed to be included as a new core course in the second semester instead of the existing core course "Enzymology and Enzyme Technology". The syllabus of "Environmental Biology
		 restoration and environmental remediation. Comprehend the toxicity of various environmental pollutants and their influence on ecosystem. Understand different waste management processes and generation of energy from waste. Describe various roles played by microbes in biodegradation, bioremediation and plant growth promotion. 	 pathways & models, energy efficiencies, conservation of energy. Classification & characteristics of resources: water, soil, forest, wild life, land use. Conservation of natural resources: water, soil, forest and wild life. Section-B Origin of pollutants : industrial, agricultural, domestic and vehicular sources. Pollutant & their toxicology : Heavy metals and trace elements. Agrochemicals (Pesticides, herbicides, rodenticides & fungicides, detergents) & particulate matter. Types of radiations including ionizing & non ionizing radiations & their interaction with matter. Radiations as environmental pollutants. 	 Ecological succession. Natural resources & conservation: water, soil, forest, wild life. Environmental challenges & sustainable development; Environmental Laws & Acts. Section B Heavy metal toxicity, agrochemical pollutants. Bioremediation of heavy metal pollution and oil spills, phytoremediation. Radiations—as environmental pollutants. Effects of radiations at cellular, molecular & genetic level. Disposal of radioactive waste. Waste water treatment- sources of waste water, strategies used in primary, secondary & tertiary treatments, water reclamation. 	and Biotechnology" is designed by updating and merging the contents of existing courses BIO 408 "Environmental Biology and Toxicology" which is running as a core course in third semester of M.Sc. Bioscience programme and another course BT 509 "Environmental Biotechnology" which is running as a core course in the third semester of M.Sc. Biotechnology programme.

S. No Course	e List Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		& genetic level.	biohydrogen. Biodegradable plastics.	
		Section-C	Biodegradation of xenobiotic compounds:	
		- Mutagenecity, carcinogencity.	Simple aromatics, chlorinated polyaromatic petroleum products &	
		- Green house effect, acid rains.	pesticides; role of degradative plasmids.	
		- Ozone layer depletion, photochemical	Solid waste management: types, treatment	
		smog .	& disposal strategies.	
		- Types of solid wastes, transport, reuse & recycling.	 Bioleaching of metals, microbially enhanced oil recovery. Bioindicators. Suggested Books 	
		M.Sc. III Semester Biotechnology core course	Allen, K. (2016). Environmental	
		BT 509: Environmental Biotechnology	Biotechnology. New Delhi, India: CBS	
		Section-A	Publishers.	
		- Current status of biotechnology in environmental protection.	Miller, G.T. (2004). Environmental Science: Working With The Earth (10 th)	
		- Sewage & waste water treatment: Physical, Chemical and biological treaments;	 ed.). Singapore: Thomson Asia. Milton, W. (Ed.). (1999). An Introduction to Environmental Biotechnology. USA: 	
		Aerobic processes & anaerobic processes, Primary, secondary and tertiary treatments; Sludge dewatering & its disposal; Water reclamation.	 Springer. Milton, W. (Ed.). (1999). An Introduction to Environmental Biotechnology. USA: 	
		 Solid waste management: Methods & disposal of non hazardous and hazardous solid wastes, recycling, methods of 	 Springer. Modi, P. N. (2015). Sewage treatment & disposal and waste water engineering. New Delhi, India: Rajsons Publications 	
		disposal of radioactive waste.	Pvt. Ltd.	
		 Conservation of Biodiversity: Ex situ & in- situ methods. 	➢ Odum E. P. (2006). Fundamentals of Eastern (5 th od) Postern US: Concerns.	
			<i>Ecology</i> (5 th ed.). Boston, US: Cengage. → Sharma, P.D. (2008). <i>Environmental</i>	
		Section-B	Biology and Toxicology. Meerut, India:	
		- Environmental Biotechnology in Agriculture: Biofertilizers and microbial inoculants, Biopesticides.	 Rastogi Publications. Sodhi, G.S. (2002). Fundamental Concepts 	
		- Biodegradation of xenobiotic compounds: Simple aromatics, chlorinated polyaromatic petroleum products,	 of Environmental Chemistry. New Delhi, India: Narosa Publishing House. ➢ Tripathi, B. N., Shekhawat, G. S., & 	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Pesticides and surfactants. - Bioremediation & Biorestoration: Reforestation through micro propagation, development of stress tolerant plants, and use of mycorrhiza in reforestation of soil contaminated with heavy metals. Section-C - Biofuels: Energy crops, Conventional sources of biofuel, Second and third generation of biofuel, Biogas, Bioethanol, Biohydrogen. Biodegradable plastics. - Bioindicators and Biosensers for detection of environmental pollution. - Environmental genetics: Degradative plasmids, release of GE microbes in environment.	 Sharma, V. (Ed.). (2009). Applications of Biotechnology. Jaipur, India: Aavishkar Publishers. Vallero, D.A. (2016). Environmental Biotechnology: Abiosystems approach. US: Elsevier. Wright, R. T. (2015). Environmental Science: Toward a Sustainable Future. UK: Pearson Education. Suggested e-resources Ecosystem structure http://www.biologydiscussion.com/ecosystem/ ecosystem-its-structure-and-functions-with- diagram/6666 Radioactive waste treatment https://ehs.unc.edu → Manuals → Radiation Safety Manual Environmental Remediation https://www.iaea.org/sites/default/files/18/05/e nvironmental_remediation.pdf Biological treatment of wastewater http://www.biologydiscussion.com/biomass/pr oduction-of-biogas-from-biomass/10436 Biological treatment of wastewater http://uru.ac.in/uruonlinelibrary/BioFuels/Biom ass% 20and% 20biofuels.pdf Biological treatment of wastewater http://www.neoakruthi.com/blog/biological- treatment-of-wastewater.html Xenobiotic compound biodegradation https://bit.ly/2GHRoMj 	
13.	BT 408:	After successful completion	Section-A	Section-A	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
5.110	Genetic Engineering	 of the course, students should be able to: Develop comprehensive understanding of gene manipulation techniques Describe various cloning and expression vectors Develop skills for primer designing, gene amplification and expression 		 Basic concepts of DNA structure and properties, restriction enzymes, DNA ligase, Klenow enzyme, T₄ DNA polymerase, polynucleotide kinase, alkaline phosphatase. Cohesive & blunt end ligation, linkers, adapters, homopolymeric tailing, labeling of DNA, nick translation, random priming, radioactive & non-radioactive probes. Hybridization techniques: Colony hybridization, Northern, Southern,South-Western & farwestern blotting. DNA-Protein Interaction: Chromatin immunoprecipitation, electromobility shift assay, DNaseIfootprinting, methyl interference assay. Protein-protein interaction: Yeast two hybrid system, split ubiquitin system, co-immunoprecipitation, Forster Resonance Energy Transfer, phage display. Isolation of genomic DNA from prokaryotes and eukaryotes, isolation of total RNA and Bacteriophage DNA.Isolation of total RNA and 	Already covered in the Genetics course Yeast vectors have been covered in Recombinant DNA Technology paper. Relevant vectors have been added.
			 Section-B Plasmids, Bacteriophages, pBR322 and pUC series of vectors, M13 and P2 phage based vectors, High capacity vectors: Cosmids, phagemid, phasemid, YAC, BAC, Animal and Plant virus based cloning vectors, Shuttle vectors, Expression vectors, pMal, GST, pET-based vectors, Insertion of foreign DNA into Host Cells, Transformation, Constructions of libraries, cDNA and genomic libraries, cDNA and genomic cloning, Expression cloning, Jumping and hopping libraries, South-western and Far-western cloning, Protein-protein interactive cloning and 	 mRNA. Section-B Plasmids, Bacteriophages, pBR322 & pUCseries of vectors, M13 based vectors. High capacity vectors:cosmids, phagemids, BAC, animal & plant virus based cloning vectors, shuttle vectors; expression vectors: pMal, GST, pET-based vectors; <i>Baculovirus</i> and <i>Pichia</i> vectors. Introduction of DNA into mammalian cells. cDNA& genomic libraries, expression, cloning, jumping & hopping libraries. 	Repeating topics have been removed

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Yeast two hybrid system, Phage display.		
			Section-C	Section-C	
			• Primer designing, Fidelity of thermostable	• Primer designing, fidelity of thermostable	Repeating topics have been
			enzymes, DNA polymerase, Types of PCR- multiplex,	enzymes.	removed
			nested, reverse transcriptase, real time PCR,	• Types of PCR- multiplex, nested, reverse	
			touchdown PCR, hot start PCR, colony PCR, in	transcriptase, real time PCR, touchdown PCR,	
			situ PCR, cloning of PCR products, T-vectors,	hot start PCR, colony PCR, in situ PCR, T-	
			Proof reading enzymes, Principles in maximizing	vectors.	
			gene expression, Gene expression analyses,	• Principles in maximizing gene expression, gene	
			differential gene expression methods, Introduction	expression analyses, differential gene	
			of DNA into mammalian cells, transfection	expression methods.	
			techniques.	Suggested Books:	
			Books Recommended :	➢ Old, R. W., Primrose, S. B. & Twyman, R. M.	
			Molecular Cloning Vol. 1, 2 and 3 :Sambrook,	(2001). Principles of Gene Manipulation: an	
			Russell and Maniatis, Cold Spring Harber	Introduction to Genetic Engineering. Oxford:	
			laboratory, 2001.	Blackwell Scientific Publications.	
			Molecular Biology of Gene : J.D. Watson,		
			Pearson Education.	York: Garland Science.	
			An Introduction to Gene Technology-From genes	Glick, B.R. & Pasternak, J.J. (1998).	
			to clones :Winnacker, VCH.	Molecular Biotech: Principles and Application	
			> Principles of Gene Manipulation : Old and	of Recombinant DNA. US: ASM Press.	
			Primrose.	Richard J. R. (2004). Analysis of Genes and	
			MoleculerBiotechnology : B.R. Glick and J.J.	Genome. New Jersey, USA: John Wiley &	
			Pasternak, ASM Press Washington, USA.	Sons Ltd.	
			 Genetic Engineering : Science and ethics on new 	Green, M. R. & Sambrook, J. (2012).	
			frontier : Michael Boylan, Pearson Education.	Molecular Cloning: a Laboratory Manual.	
			> An Introduction to Genetic Engineering : S.T.	Cold Spring Harbor, NY: Cold Spring Harbor	
			Nicholl, Cambridge University Press.	Laboratory Press.	
			Recombinant DNA Methodology : Grossman and Netdous Academic Press	Suggested e- Resources:	
			Noldave, Academic Press.	➢ Genetic engineering − Basics, New	
				Applications and Responsibilities	
				http://library.umac.mo/ebooks/b28055287.pdf	
				Construction of genomic libraries	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103013/20	
				Enzymes in genetic engineering	

S. No Course	e List Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103013/7	
M.Sc. Bioscie	ence (Plant Science) III Semester			
M.Sc. Bioscie 14. BIO 408 Environ al Biolo and Toxicolo	8: nment ogy	 Environmental Biology and Toxicology Section-A Concept of energy, conventional & nonconventional energy sources. Fossil fuels, hydro, wind and nuclear power, geothermal, solar and bioenergy. Energy flow in organisms, energy pathways & models, energy efficiencies, conservation of energy. Classification & characteristics of resources: water, soil, forest, wild life, land use. Conservation of natural resources: water, soil, forest and wild life. Section-B Origin of pollutants : industrial, agricultural, domestic and vehicular sources. Pollutant & their toxicology : Heavy metals and trace elements. Agrochemicals (Pesticides, herbicides, rodenticides & fungicides, detergents) & particulate matter. Types of radiations including ionizing & non ionizing radiations & their interaction with matter. Radiations as environmental pollutants. Effects of radiations at cellular, molecular & genetic level. Section-C Mutagenecity, carcinogencity. Green house effect, acid rains. 	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103013/7 This course is discontinued in the present form from Semester III. With some modification, revision and merging with another course it is proposed to be shifted in the II Semester as a new core course "Environmental Biology and Biotechnology" Biotechnology"	The course contents are proposed to be modified and merged with M.Sc. Biotechnology III Semester core course "Environmental Biotechnology" to propose new core course named as "Environmental Biology and Biotechnology" in the II Semester.

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 smog. Types of solid wastes, transport, reuse & recycling. 		
15.	BIO Phycology, Mycology and Lichenology	 After successful completion of the course, students will be able to: Acquire the knowledge related to various life forms, ecological and economical importance of these groups. After completion of this course student will be able to identify these forms in their surroundings and will convey the importance to the community which will help in the conservation of these forms to get better ecosystem. 		 Section A Introduction, scope and general principles of classification of fungi Myxomycotina: Plasmodiophorales Mastigomycotina: Chytridiales, Blastocladiales, Saprolegniales and Peronosporales Zygomycotina:Mucorales and Entomophthorales and Entomophthorales Ascomycotina: Endomycetales, Protomycetales, Taphrinales, Erysiphales, Eurotiales, Sphaeriales, Helotiales, Phacidiales and Pezizales Basidiomycotina: Uredinales, Ustilaginales, Lycoperdales, Nidulariales, Sclerodermatales, Phallales, Agaricales, Aphyllophorales, Tremellales and Auriculariales Deuteromycotina: Sphaeropsidales, Melanconiales, Moniliales and Mycelia sterilia Section B Algae-general characters, definitions and scope. Comparative survey of important systems of classification and modern trends. Diagnostic features of algal phyla: range of Thallus and reproductive diversity. Life history patterns: parallelism in evolution. Comparative account of algal pigments; light microscopic structure, ultra structure, function and importance of cell wall, flagella chloroplasts pyrenoids eyespots, nucleus, contractile vacuole and their importance in taxonomy. 	New course proposed

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	 Suggested Syllabus Study of Cyanophyta (<i>Microcystis, Stigonema</i>), Prochlorophyta (<i>Prochloron</i>), Chlorophyta (<i>Chlorella Hydrodictyon, Nitella</i>) Xanthophyta (<i>Botrydium</i>), Bacillariophyta (<i>Navicula</i>), Phaeophyta (<i>Dictyota</i>) Algae in biotechnology. Economic importance of algae. Section C A general account of Lichens and its symbionts, thallus structure, reproduction, physiology, classification and distribution, Chemistry of Lichens, Isolation of symbiont and synthesis of Thallus, Economic importance. Study types: <i>Dermatocarpon, Parmelia</i>, <i>Heterodermia</i>. Suggested Books: Alexopoulus, C.J., Mims. C.W. & Blackwel, M. (1996). <i>Introductory Mycology</i>. John Wiley & Sons Ind. Mehrotra, R.S. and Aneja, R.S. (1998). <i>An</i> <i>Introduction to Mycology</i>.New Age Intermediate Press. Morris, I.(1986). <i>An Introduction to the Algae</i>. Cambridge University Press, U.K. Round, F.E. (1986). <i>The Biology of Algae</i>. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge. 	Remarks
				 Mehrotra, R.S. and Aneja, R.S. (1998). An Introduction to Mycology.New Age Intermediate Press. Morris, I.(1986). An Introduction to the Algae. Cambridge University Press, U.K. 	
				 Kumar, H.D. and Singh, H.N. (1979). A Textbook On Algae. Macmillan Publishers Limited. Nash, T.H. 2011. Lichen Biology. Cambridge University Press. Suggested e-Resources: Lichen: General account 	
				https://www.anbg.gov.au/lichen/what-is- lichen.html	

S. No Course L	ist Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Introduction to Lichen https://www.nybg.org/bsci/lichens/ Algae: General account https://www.livescience.com/54979-what-are- algae.html Classification, Economic Uses of Algae https://naturalhistory.si.edu/research/botany Fungi: General account https://microbiologyonline.org/about- microbiology/introducing-microbes/fungi Fungal Biology https://www.highveld.com/microbiology/what- are-fungi.html 	
16. BOT Bryophyta, Pteridophy and Gymnospe:	ta able to: • Acquire the knowledge		 Section A General characteristics of bryophytes, alternation of generation and classification. Lifecycle of bryophytes, asexual and sexual reproduction in various groups. Ecology - habitat diversity, growth forms, growth factors. Role of bryophytes in pollution monitoring, geobotanical prospecting, horticultural uses, economic importance. Moss protonema, protonemal differentiation and bud induction. Comparative morphological and anatomical studies of gametophytes and sporophytes in various orders of: Bryopsida: Sphagnales (<i>Sphagnum</i>), Andreaeales (<i>Andreaea</i>), Takakiales (<i>Takakia</i>), Buxbaumiales (<i>Buxbaumia</i>), Bryales (<i>Physcomitrium</i>), Polytrichales (<i>Polytrichum</i>) Hepaticcopsida: Calobryales (<i>Calobryum</i>), Metzgeriales (<i>Metzgeria</i>), Jungermanniales (<i>Jungermannia</i>), Sphaerocarpoles (<i>Sphaerocarpous</i>), 	New course proposed

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		Pteridophytes, and		Monocleales (Monoclea), Marchantiales	
		connections between		(Plagiochasma, Lunularia, Dumortiera,	
		gymnosperms and		Cyathodium)	
		angiosperms.		• Anthocerotopsida:	
		• They will know why		• Anthocerotaceae – (Anthoceros, Folioceros),	
		these plants have to		Notothyladaceae (Notothylas),	
		conserve for the		Dendrocerotaceae (<i>Dendroceros</i>).	
		sustainable ecosystem.		Section B	
		• After passing this course		• General characteristics features and	
		they will be placed as researchers in research		classification (Smith, 1955 and Bierhorst, 1971)	
		institutes and		of Pteridophytes. Morphology, anatomy and	
		universities as these		reproduction of Psilophyta (<i>Psilotum</i>), Lycophyta (<i>Lycopodium</i> , <i>Selaginella</i>),	
		branches of botany		Sphenophyta (<i>Equisetum</i>), Pteropsida	
		searching for passionate		(<i>Marsilea</i>). Telome theory, Classification and	
		young researchers.		evolution of steles. Heterospory and origin of	
				seed habit. Apogamy, Apospory and	
				Alternation of generations.	
				• General account of fossil vascular cryptogams:	
				Rhynia, Horneophyton, Asteroxylon, Calamites	
				and Lepidodendron. Origin of cryptogams.	
				Evolution of sorus in ferns. Economic	
				importance of Pteridophytes	
				Section C	
				• General diagnostic features of gymnosperms	
				with special reference to drop mechanism,	
				vessel-less and fruitless seed plants. General	
				account of anatomical variations in	
				gymnospermic leaves (Abies, Cedrus, Picea,	
				Cycas and Taxus)	
				• Outline classification of gymnosperms as	
				proposed by Sporne (1965) and Sandra Holms	
				(1986), distribution of Gymnosperms with	
				special reference to India. Economic importance	
				of gymnosperms.	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				• A study of morphology, structure, outline life	
				history of the following: .	
				– Cycadopsida	
				• Medullosaceae – Medullosa	
				• Glossopteridaceae – Glossopteris	
				• Cycadeoideaceae - Cycadeoidea	
				(Bennittites)	
				• Cycadaceae-Cycas	
				– Coniferopsida	
				• Ginkgoaceae – Ginkgo	
				• Pinaceae – Pinus	
				– Gnetopsida	
				• Gnetales - Gnetum	
				• Welwitschiales - Welwitschia	
				Suggested Books:	
				Bhatnagar, S.P. and Moitra, A. (1996).	
				Gymnosperm. New Delhi: New Age	
				International Pvt. Ltd.	
				▶ Parihar, N.S. (1996). Biology and Morphology	
				of Pteridophytes. Allahabad: Central Book	
				Depot.	
				Singh, M. (1978). Embryology of Gymnosperms,	
				Encyclopaedia of Plant Anatomy. Berlin: X.	
				Gebruder Bortraeger.	
				Sporne, K.K. (1991). The morphology of	
				pteridophytes. Mumbai : B.I. Publishing Pvt.	
				Ltd.	
				Stewart, W.N and Rathwell, G.W. (1993).	
				Paleobotany and the evolution of plants.	
				Cambridge University press.	
				Sunderrajan, S. (2007). Introduction to	
				pteridophyta, New Delhi: New Age	
				International Publishers.	
				Alam, A. (2015). <i>Textbook of Bryophyta</i> . New Delhi: LV International Publishers	
				Delhi: I K International Publishers.	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
5.10				 Suggested e-Resources: Bryophytes: General account http://bryophytes.plant.siu.edu/ Bryophytes: Classification, structure https://www.toppr.com/guides/biology/plant- kingdom/bryophytes/ Bryophytes: Online lectures https://www.swayamprabha.gov.in/index.php/p rogram/ Pteridophytes: General account, Classification, Life cycle https://www.toppr.com/guides/biology/plant- kingdom/pteridophytes/ Gymnosperms: General account, Classification, Life cycle https://www.thoughtco.com/what-are- gymnosperms-4164250 Gymnosperms: Economic importance https://www.toppr.com/guides/biology/plant- kingdom/gymnosperms/ 	
	BT 507 Cell and Tissue Culture Technology	 able to: Virtually develop an idea of cell culture laboratory. Learn different techniques/methods of 	 sterilization, aseptic tissue transfer, concept of totipotency. Nutritional requirement of cell in vitro, various types of nutrient media. Contamination and cytotoxicity 	No change in syllabus, suggested books and E resources added Suggested Books:	Proposed to be introduced from M.Sc. Biotechnology, No modification

S. No Course List Learning Outcome Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
S. No Course List Learning Outcome Existing Syllabus animal and plant cell culture which will help them to join any of the cellculture based research institution and industry of repute besides the academics employability. • Production of disease free plants by tissue methods. • Protoplast isolation and culture, fus protoplasts. • Establish theirown cell culture laboratory as an entrepreneur. • Somatic hybrids, selection methods. • Establish theirown cell culture laboratory as an entrepreneur. • Disaggregation of animal tissue, isolation single cell culture, routine maintenance of cell lines. • Cloning & selection of specific animal cell t • Transfection: gene transfer methods for a and non-adherent cell culture. • Cell fusion: fusogen, animal somatic cell fu selection of cybrids. • Animal organ culture. • Elementary idea about animal cell culture p Books Recommended : • Plant Tissue Culture : S.S. Bhojwani an Razdan. Elsevier Science, The Netherlands. • Cell and Tissue Culture - A Practical Approan Dixon, IRL Press. • Diat cell and Tissue Culture: Rienert and Y Plant cell Culture: Butenko.	ogenesisTechnology (2 nd ed.). UK: Taylor & Francis.>Mathur, S. (2006). Animal Cell and Tissue Culture. India: Agrobios.>Clynes, M. (Ed.) (1998). Animal Cell Culture Techniques. Germany: Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg.>gene>Pollard, J.W., & Walker, J.M. (Eds.). (1990). Animal Cell Culture. USA: Humana Press >John, R. W. (2000). Animal Cell Culture: A Practical Approach (3 rd ed.). UK: Oxford University Press.>John, R. W. (2000). Animal Cell Culture: A Practical Approach (3 rd ed.). UK: Oxford University Press.>Freshney, R. I. (2011). Culture of Animal Cells: A Manual of Basic Technique and Specialized Applications (6 th ed.). USA: Wiley-Blackwell.>Davis, J. M. (2011). Animal Cell Culture: Essential Methods. New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd.ston andSuggested e- Resources: > Background of Tissue Culture Technology http://www.biologydiscussion.com/botany/tiss ue-culture/tissue-culture-definition-history- and-importance/42944Vol. 4:Embryogenesis and organogenesis https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103016/module 1/lec8/3.htmlVol. 4:Single cell cultures and cloning http://www.biologydiscussion.com/botany/tiss ue-culture/43004Y.P.S.Protoplasm isolation and regeneration https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103016/12	Remarks

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Agriculture : T.A. Thorpe, Academic Press Inc.	 oid-plants/production-of-haploid-plants-with- diagram/10700 Preservation of cell lines https://www.ukessays.com/essays/biology/tec hniques-for-cell-preservation-biology- essay.php Somatic hybridization http://www.biologydiscussion.com/somatic- hybridization/somatic-hybridization-aspects- applications-and-limitations/10686 Animal cell culture products http://www.biologydiscussion.com/biotechnol ogy/animal-biotechnology/applications-of- animal-cell-cultures/10457 Cell Culture Technology https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc17_bt21/p review 	
	BOT 505D Literature Dissertation	 After successful completion of the course, students will be able to: Acquire the knowledge related to various life forms, ecological and economical importance of these groups. After completion of this course student will be able to identify these forms in their surroundings and will convey the importance to the community which will help in the conservation of these forms to get better 			

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		ecosystem.			
19.	BOT 509L Plant Science Lab I	After successful completion of the course, students will be able to: • Explain the puzzles of lower plants i.e., crytpogams.	technique/Agar plate method. 8. Study of important bacterial, fungal and viral diseases of plants mentioned in syllabus.	Crustose, Foliose, Fruticose forms of lichen	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<u>S. No</u>	Course List	plants in our ecosystem.	Existing Syllabus	 Cryptomeria, Taxodium, Pedocarpus, Agathis, Taxus, Ephedra and Gnetum and the members in their natural habitat found in your locality. Study of important fossil of Pteridophytes and Gymnosperms from specimens. 7. Preparation of media for tissue culture. 8. Embryo culture Suggested Books: Pandey, B.P. (2018). Botany for Degree Students. S. Chand Publishing, India > Bendre, A. and Kumar, A. (2018). A Text book of Practical Botany Vol -I. Rastogi Publications, Meerut (India). > Pandey, B.P. (2011). Modern Practical Botany, Vol-I. S. Chand Publishing, India > Chaudhary, S.S., Chaudhary, P. and Prasad, T. (2010). Practical Botany (Cryptogams and Gymnosperms). CBS Publishers and Distributors. India. > Kumar, S., Mishra, S. and Mishra, A.P. (2008). 	Remarks
				<i>Plant Tissue Culture: Theory and Techniques.</i> Scientific Publishers. India.	
		ant Science) IV Semester			
	BOT 501 Angiosperms	 After successful completion of the course, students will be able to: Increase their capacity to think critically; ability to design and execute an experiment; confidence and ability in communicating ideas. Serve as a lasting and practical basis for a 		 Section-A Botanical explorations, historical perspectives. Botanical survey of India, its organization and role. Botanical nomenclature, History ICBN, Familiarity with Botanical literature, monographs, icones, floras, important periodicals with emphasis on Indian floristics, methods of literature Consultation. Phytogeography with reference to discontinuous areas, endemism, floristic regions of the world. Principles of plant classification with emphasis 	New course proposed

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		research whether		palyno- and Numerical taxonomy: Taxonomy as	
		industry or academia - as		a synthetic discipline; utility of taxonomy;	
		well as teaching, media,		biosystematics. Phylogenetic systems of	
		law, commerce,		classification with emphasis on comparative	
		government or		critical study of: Engler & Prantl, APG system	
		management.		of classification.	
				• Phylogeny of Angiosperms: Origin, evolution,	
				and interrelationships in dicots and monocots	
				Interesting taxonomic features and phylogeny of	
				the following families:	
				- Dicotyledons: Magnoleaceae,	
				Nymphaeaceae, Ranunculaceae,	
				Papaveraceae, Fumariaceae,	
				Caryophylaceae, Bombacaceae, Malvaceae,	
				Cucurbitaceae, Capparaceae, Brassicaceae,	
				Rosaceae, Fabaceae, Myrtaceae, Rutaceae,	
				Apiaceae, Apocynaceae, Asclepiadaceae,	
				Solanaceae, Convolvulaceae, Cuscutaceae,	
				Boraginaceae, Orobanchaceae,	
				Acanthaceae, Rubiaceae, Asteraceae,	
				Lamiaceae, Verbenaceae, Bignoniaceae,	
				Moraceae, Cannabinaceae, Fagaceae.	
				Betulaceae, Juglandaceae, Casuarinaceae,	
				Nyctaginaceae, Chenopodiaceae,	
				Amaranthaceae, Polygonaceae.	
				- Monocotyledons: Alismatacea,	
				Commelinaceae, Cyperaceae, Poaceae,	
				Cannaceae, Arecaceae, Araceae, Lillaceae,	
				Amaryliidaceae, Agavaceae, Smilacaceae	
				and Orchidaceae.	
				Section B	
				• Origin, growth, differentiation and ultra	
				structure of cells and tissues. Meristems-their	
				structure and kinds; theories concerning root and	
				shoot apices; organogenesis. Structure, ultra	

 secondary xyler phylogenetic rol Normal and and cambium; cork 	omalous functioning of vascular
 phylogenetic rol Normal and and cambium; cork 	le. omalous functioning of vascular
Normal and and cambium; cork	omalous functioning of vascular
cambium; cork	
	a compliant nonidary formation
abagiasian and w	cambium-periderm formation,
	wound healing.
	bility in leaves, leaf histogenesis,
	origin, development and ultra
	homes and stomata.
	natomy of typical dicot and
	stems and leaves.
	he primary and secondary root
and stem structu	
	floral parts and floral biology.
Section C	
	ective of the development of our
knowledge in Er	
	m-structure and function of wall
	ar behaviour in tapetum,
	esis, microgametogenesis.
	m-structure, development and
	Morphological nature of ovules,
	sis and megagametogenesis, bes and morphological nature of
the embryo sac.	
	atural and artificial, self and
	incompatibility, methods of
·	ncompatibilities. Fertilization-
	triple fusion, post fertilization
	es and embryo sac.
	icture, kinds and morphological
	erm haustoria, pseudo-embryo
	netaxenia. mosaic endosperm,
endosperm cultu	
	re and kinds of embryo

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				development, embryo culture.	
				• Apomixis-vegetative propagation and	
				agamospermy (adventive embryony, apospory	
				and diplospory), parthenogenesis.	
				• Polyembryony-origin, kinds and significance.	
				Suggested Books:	
				Some fer, W.B. (1995). Flowering Plant	
				Families. USA: University of North Carolina	
				Press.	
				Gary, L. (2011). Flowering Plants: A Pictorial	
				<i>Guide to the World Flora</i> . Firefly Books, Canada: Richmond Hill.	
				 Bhojwani, S.S., Bhatnagar , S.P. , Dantu, P.K. 	
				(1979). The Embryology of Angiosperms (6th	
				ed.). India: Vikas Publishing House.	
				 ➤ Lawrence, G.H.M. (2017). Taxonomy of 	
				Vascular Plants. Jodhpur (Raj.): SENTIFIC	
				Publishers,	
				Alam, A., and Sharma, V. (2013). Text Book of	
				Economic Botany. India: Pointer Publishers.	
				→ Hill, A.F. (1952). Economic Botany A Textbook	
				of Useful Plants and Plant Products. McGraw-	
				Hill.	
				➤ Judd, W.S., & Campbell, C.S. (2007). Plant	
				Systematics A Phylogenetic Approach. New	
				York: Sinarue Publication.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				Angiosperms: General account and	
				Classification	
				https://www.toppr.com/guides/biology/plant-	
				kingdom/angiosperms/	
				Angiosperms: Taxonomy and evolution https://www.britannica.com/plant/angiosparm	
				https://www.britannica.com/plant/angiosperm	
				Angiosperms: Tree of Life Web project http://tolwob.org/Angiosporms	
				http://tolweb.org/Angiosperms	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Angiosperms: General account http://landau.faculty.unlv.edu//angiosperms.ht m Angiosperm: Recent nomenclatural www.theplantlist.org Angiosperm: Palynology https://www.floridamuseum.ufl.edu/index.php/ paleobotany/palynology/about/ https://www.environmentalscience.org/palynol ogy 	
	BOT 504 Cytogentics and Plant Breeding	 evolutionary consequences of polyploidy and aneuploidy on fertility in plants. Learn about the fundamental concepts 	 Breeding methods of self pollinated & cross pollinated crops. Improvement of Rice, Wheat & Maize through breeding in India Inbreeding depression & heterosis. Incompatibility, pollen fertility, male sterility. 	 Section A Architecture of chromosome in prokaryotes and eukaryotes; Chromonemata, chromosome matrix, chromomeres, centromere, secondary constriction and telomere; artificial chromosome construction and its uses; Special types of chromosomes. Introduction to techniques for karyotyping; Chromosome banding and painting - in situ hybridization and various applications Origin, cytology, effect & uses of structural chromosomal aberrations. Numerical variations of chromosomes and their implications. 	
		 basic diagnostic tools of cytogenetics. Familiarize with the common chromosomal aberrations and their evolutionary 	 Section-B Field technique including randomized block design (RBD) & complete randomized design (CRD). Origin, cytology, effect & uses of structural chromosomal aberrations : translocations, inversions, duplications, deficiencies and their role in evolution and genotypic & phenotypic variations. Karyotype analysis, uses and its evolution. Heterozygote systems in Oenathera. 	 Section B History of Plant Breeding (Pre and post-Mendelian era); Objectives of plant breeding, characteristics improved by plant breeding; Patterns of Evolution in Crop Plants-Centres of Origin-biodiversity and its significance. Genetic basis of breeding self- and cross - pollinated crops including mating systems and response to selection - nature of variability, components of variation; Heritability and genetic advance, genotype environment 	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		implications of		interaction.	
		chromosomal structural		• General and specific combining ability.	
		variation to plant		• Self-incompatibility and male sterility in crop	
		breeding.	haploids in agriculture.	plants and their commercial exploitation.	
		• Attain the ability to			
		operate basic	genome analysis.	• Plant introduction and role of plant genetic	
		consideration in order		resources in plant breeding.	
		to analyze genetic data	origin, cytology, genetics, tranmission, effect &	• Pure line theory, pure line selection and mass	
		from cytogenetic	uses of Monosomics, trisomics & nullisomics.	selection methods; Line breeding, pedigree,	
		diagnostic. An ability	• Extra nuclear inheritance.	bulk, backcross, single seed descent and	
		to incorporate cytogenetic		multiline method; Population breeding in self-	
		considerations in		pollinated crops	
		breeding programs, in		• Breeding methods in cross pollinated crops;	
		evolutionary studies,		Population breeding-mass selection and ear-to-	
		and in genetic analyses.		row methods; S1 and S2 progeny testing, progeny selection schemes, recurrent selection	
		······ 8······ 9······ 9·····		schemes for intra and interpopulation	
				improvement and development of synthetics and	
				composites; Hybrid breeding - heterosis and	
				inbreeding.	
				• Improvement of Rice, Wheat & Maize through	
				breeding in India.	
			Books Recommended :	Suggested Books:	
			➢ Principles of Plant Breeding: Allard, R.W. 1990	Gupta, P.K. (2007). Cyotgenetics. Meerut:	
			John Willey & Sons.	Rastogi Publications.	
			➢ Cytogenetics & Plant Breeding : Chandrasekharan		
			& F. Parthasarthy & Varadrachary & Co. Madras.	<i>Evolution</i> . Meerut: Rastogi Publications	
			> Methods in Plant breeding : Hayas, H.K., F.R.	Mahabal, R. (2014). <i>Plant Breeding Methods</i> .	
			Immer & I.D.C. Smith, Mc-graw Hill Book		
			Company.	Singh, B.D. (2009). <i>Plant Breeding, Principles &</i>	
			► Introduction to Plant breeding : Biggs, F.N. &	5	
			Knowles P.F. Reinhold.	Allard, R. W. (1999). Principles of Plant	
			Genetics, Plant breeding: B.D. Singh, Kalyani Publications.	Breeding (II ed.). Willey.	
			 Publications. Cytogenetics, Plant breeding and Evolution: P.K. 	▶ Brown, J., Caligari, P.D.S. & Campos, H.A.	
			Vytogenetics, Flant breeding and Evolution: P.K.	(2014). Plant Breeding (II ed.). Wiley	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
5. 110			Gupta, Rastogi Publication. ➤ Elementary Principles of Plant breeding: H.K. Chaudhary, Oxford & IBH Publishing Co., New Delhi, Bombay.	Blackwell. Hayes, H., Immer, F.R. (2015). <i>Methods of Plant</i>	
	BOT 508 Plant Physiology	organization of plants	 Section-A Assimilation of Carbon in Plants: Photosynthetic pigments, their distribution & functions. Mechanism of Photosynthesis, Photosynthetic electron transport chain (Photophosphoryation). Carbon dioxide reduction cycles in C3 & C4 Plants: Enzymes of C3 & C4 cycles & their location in the chloroplast. 	 Physiology. New York: Van Norstand. Salisburry, F.B. and Ross, CW (1974). Plant Physiology. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India. 	No modification in the syllabus

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		 Demonstrate understanding of developmental patterns and processes of plants. Demonstrate understanding of organellar function at the cellular level of architecture. Demonstrate 	 Photorespiration: pathway, enzymes & metabolic significance. Crassulacean acid metabolism in plants. Section-B Cell wall; Structure & functions, microfibril & matrix polysaccharides, proteins, lignins. Plant growth regulators: Physiological importance & mechanism of action of: (a) Auxins (b) Gibberellins (c) Cytokinins (d) Abscissic acid (e) Ethylene. Nitrogen Metabolism : Nitrogen Metabolism : Nitrogen fixation; mechanism and enzymes. Role of temperature and light in plant development with reference to Photoperiodism & vernalization. Phytochrome: Structure, function and mechanism of action. Section-C Dormancy : Nature and forms of dormancy, Mechanism of dormancy, Methods of breaking dormancy, Physiological basis of dormancy. Macro & Micronutrients: Availability & Uptake, Role & specific functions of plant nutrients. Biosynthesis of secondary metabolites, Major pathways : Shikimic acid, Acetate-malonate & acetate - mevalonate pathways. 	 Taiz, L. and Zeiger, E. (2010). <i>Plant Physiology</i>. London: Sinauer Associate. Hopkins, W.G., and Huner, N.P.A. (2009). <i>Introduction to Plant Physiology</i>. John Wiley and Sons Inc. Pandey, S.N., and Sinha, B.K. (2005). <i>Plant Physiology</i>. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. Buchanan, B.B., Greissum, G., and Jones, R.L. (2015). <i>Biochemistry and Molecular Biology of Plants</i>. Wiley Blackwell. Suggested e-Resources Plant Physiology: Recent researches http://www.plantphysiol.org/ Plant Physiology: Online content http://www.plantphysiol.org/ 	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	DOT 505	synthesis and use.	 Sons Inc. Plant Physiology: Pandey & Sinha. Biochemistry and Molecular Biology of Plants: Buchanan, Greissum and Jons, I K International Publications. 		
	BOT 507 Plant Pathology	 After successful completion of the course, students will be able to: Develop learning goals and objectives in their courses and programs, in prioritizing and focusing the learning experiences, and in the selection of appropriate assessment tools. Develop potential in outside agencies to assess the quality of our academic programs. These learning outcomes areas include: Scholar, content and technical expertise, social accountability, communicator, and professional. 	 Host parasite relationship, Infection, development and establishment of the disease. Epiphytotics : Compound and simple interest diseases, mathematical model, essential condition and analysis. Effect of environment in epidemiology of the disease. Genetic variability of plant pathogens. Genetic basis of host pathogen interactions, its role in specificity of plant disease. Section-B Plant disease control: Physical, Chemical and Biological (Biocontrol, Breeding, Genetic Engineering). A general account of diseases caused by Bacteria, Viruses and Mycoplasma. Bacterial diseases: Red stripe of sugarcane, Angular leaf spot of cotton, Soft rot of vegetables. Viral diseases: Leaf roll of potato & tomato, Mosaic 	 Section-A No modification in the syllabus, suggested books and E resources added. Suggested Books: Alexopoulus, C.M. (1996).Introductory Mycology. New York: John Wiley and Sons. Biswas, S. B., and Biswas, A. (2006) An Introduction to Viruses. India: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. Bilgrami, K.S. and Dubey, H.C. (1998). Text Book of Modern Pathology. India: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. Mehrotra, R.S. (1990). Plant Pathology. Tata McGraw Hill Publication Co. Butler, E.J. (1918). Fungi and Diseases in Plants. Kolkata: Thanker Spink and Co. Singh, R.S. (2017). Plant Disease. IBH, New Delhi: Oxford. Mundkur, B. (1967). Fungi and Plant Diseases. Macmillan and Co. Limited Agrios, G.N. (2005). Plant Pathology. USA: Elsevier Publication. Suggested e-Resources: Fungi: Aspergillus https://www.aspergillus.org.uk/content/mycolo gy-online Plant Pathology https://www.apsnet.org/publications/apsnetfeat ures/Pages/ICPP98PlantPath.aspx 	No modification in the syllabus

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			mildew of Cucurbits & Pea, Die back of Chillies,	https://www.planetnatural.com/pest-problem-	
			Tikka disease of Groundnut, Wilt & root rot of	solver/plant-disease/	
			Gram, Red rot and smut of Sugarcane.	Plant disease control	
			– Nematode diseases: Root knot of vegetable	http://cemerced.ucanr.edu/files/40658.pdf	
			(Cucumber), Molya disease of Wheat and Barley.		
			- Insect diseases: General account of plant and		
			animal galls with special reference to Mango &		
			Ziziphus.		
			Books Recommended :		
			➢ Introductory Mycology: C.M. Alexopoulus, John		
			Wiley & Sons, New York.		
			An Introduction to Viruses: S.B. Biswas, Vani		
			Education.		
			➢ Text Book of Modern Pathology : K.S. Bilgrami &		
			H.C. Dubey, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.		
			Plant Pathology : R.S. Mehrotra, Tata McGraw Hill		
			Publication Co.		
			▶ Fungi & Diseases in Plants: E.J. Butler, Thanker		
			Spink & Co., Kolkata.		
			▶ Plant Disease: Singh, R.S., Oxford & IBH, New		
			Delhi.		
			Fungi & Plant Diseases, B. Mundkur: Macmillan &		
			Co.		
2.4			Plant Pathology, Agrios, Simaner Publisher.		
	BOT 510L	After successful completion	1. Morphotaxonomical and anatomical study of		
	Plant Science	of the course, students will be	available plants mentioned in the syllabus	available plants mentioned in the syllabus	
	Lab-II	able to:	2. Study of economically important plants	2. Emasculation technique	
		• Explain and justify the		· ·	
		use of advanced	efficacy of growth hormones for the induction of	fixation, dehydration, staining and cleaning etc.	
		techniques in taxonomy,	shoot & root.	for light microscopy.	
		microscopy, cytology,	4. Estimation of Chlorophyll pigments.	4. Chromosome banding technique	
		cyto-genetics,	5. Separation of plant pigments by TLC/Paper	6. Study of endomitosis using endosperm of <i>Cocos</i>	
		genotyping, plant	chromatography.6. Isolation of chloroplast and demonstration of	o. Study of endomnosis using endosperin of Cocos nucifera	
		physiology, and plant		7. Preparation of MS media and demonstration of	
		pathology especially	Hill's activity.	7. Freparation of Mis metha and demonstration of	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		 mycology, and to interpret the results of such analyses. Utilize technical skills acquired through lab experience and apply these skills in formulating solutions to life science questions. Communicate proficiently through oral and written scientific media. Identify specific ways training in plant science that can address issues of earthly stewardship and sustainability, and demonstrate a strong desire to help Mankind in a socio-scientific way. 	 Calculation of RQ of Carbohydrates, fatty acids, and organic acids by Ganong's respirometer. Extraction and analysis of phytochemicals from plant samples Screening of seed borne fungi by Blotter technique/Agar plate method. Study of important bacterial, fungal and viral diseases of plants mentioned in syllabus. Preparation of slides and identification of plant pathogens. Effect of temperature/pH/RH on the growth of fungi. 	 efficacy of growth hormones for the induction of shoot & root. 8. Estimation of Chlorophyll pigments. 9. Separation of plant pigments by TLC/Paper chromatography. 10.Isolation of chloroplast and demonstration of Hill's activity. 11.Calculation of RQ of Carbohydrates, fatty acids, and organic acids by Ganong's respirometer. 12.Extraction and analysis of phytochemicals from 	
		ourses to be offered in III & IV	Semester		
	BOT Phycology-I	 After successful completion of the course, students will be able to: Identify these algal forms in their surroundings and will be motivated to better understand this interesting branch of botany. Know the basis of photosynthesis with 		 Section A Diagnostic characters of major algal division Cyanophyta, Glaucophyta, Chlorophyta, Dinophyta, Phaeophyta and Rhodophyta Principles, criteria (pigments, cell wall, flagellation, food reserve and eye spots) and systems of classification Modern criteria of algal classification with special emphasis on chloroplast ultra structure, flagella and pigments. Biodiversity and Conservation of Algae- Habit and Habitat diversity , Importance of 	New course proposed

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		amazing diversification		Conservation : in situ and ex situ conservation	
		in these plants.		• Wetlands and Algal assemblages: Role of Algae	
		• Gain placement as		in Wetlands and structural Environment.	
		researchers in marine		• Work done on freshwater algae with special	
		research, space research		reference to India & Contributions of Prof. M.	
		and biofuel research		O. P. Iyengar.	
		institutes.		• Distribution pattern of Marine algae in Indian coasts.	
				• Endosymbiosis theories and origin of	
				Eukaryotic algae	
				Section B	
				• Cyanophyta: cell structure, heterocyst and	
				akinete development and Physiological aspect ;	
				chromatic adaptation, thallus organization and	
				reproduction	
				• Alternation of generation in Phaeophyta and	
				post -fertilization development and site of	
				meiosis in Rhodophyta	
				Section C	
				• A brief account of Xanthophyta, Chrysophyta,	
				Bacillariophyta, Pyrrophyta, Euglenophyta,	
				Eustigmatophyta, Prasinophyta and Prochlorophyta	
				 Algae in Specialized habitats, Phytoplankton 	
				diversity, algal blooms and Phycoviruses	
				• Algae as source of phycocolloids, types and	
				Importance	
				• Algal Culture brief idea and types	
				• Algae in Human welfare – Nutraceutical,	
				Pharmaceutical, Biofertilizer, Biofuel, CO2	
				Sequestration and pollution control	
				• Algal Biotechnology : Genome shuffling and	
				evolutionary engineering ; application of	
				Synthetic biology in algae	
				Suggested Books:	

S. No Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Kumar, H.D. and Singh, H.N. (1979). A textbook on Algae. Macmillan Publishers Limited. Round, F.E. (1986). <i>The Biology of Algae</i>. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge. Nash, T.H. (2011). <i>Lichen Biology</i>. Cambridge 	
			 University Press. Cambridge. Bilgrami, K.S. and Saha, L. (2007). A textbook of Algae. CBS Publishers and Distributors. 	
			Suggested e-Resources: ➤ Algae https://www.livescience.com/54979-what-are- algae.html	
2) BOT Phycology- II	 After successful completion of the course, students will be able to: Understand the various application and career opportunities in algology. Know the industrialization aspects of these plants. Work in various industries or build their career in algal research. 		 Section A Biochemical taxonomy of algae. Fossil algae: Major events in the geological time scale during evolution of algae in relation to corresponding environment and other life forms; Carbon dioxide concentrating mechanism (CCM) in algae. Phytoplankton Ecology: factors (light, temperature, chemical & current) and distribution. Terrestrial algal ecology: soil algae, cryo algae and subaerial algae Macroalgal and periphyton ecology: biogeography of seaweeds; influence of biological factors Algae of unusual habitats: thermal algae, halotolerant forms and their ecology Section B Phylogeny of algal plastids. Ultrastructure of flagella and its taxonomic importance. Extracellular products of algae & toxic algae. 	New course proposed

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				Algae in Biotic associations.	
				• Algal biotechnology with special reference to	
				health, food, bio cosmetics, medicine,	
				hydrocarbon production, biomonitoring and	
				bioremediation.	
				Control of aquatic algae.Biogeochemical role of algae	
				 Biogeochemical fole of argae Isolation, purification & growth characteristics 	
				in relation to algal culture; indoor and outdoor	
				cultivation culture; photobioreactors.	
				Section C	
				• Models (Monod and Droop) of nutrient-	
				regulated phytoplankton growth; common	
				methods for mass cultivation of microalgae	
				• Causal factors and dynamics of freshwater and	
				marine algal blooms; physical and chemical means and biomanipulation (top-down and	
				bottom-up) for controlling nuisance blooms	
				 Consequences of blooms including toxins of 	
				cyanobacteria and dinoflagellates; algal	
				biofouling of ships and its control	
				• Commercial potential of Spirulina, Dunaliella,	
				Botryococcus and Porphyra; hydrogen	
				production by algae	
				• High-rate algal ponds for the treatment of	
				wastewaters and for the production of useful biomass and energy; immobilized and	
				inactivated algal biomass for metal and nutrient	
				removal	
				• A brief account of cyanobacterial genomics and	
				proteomics	
				• Paddy field cyanobacteria: Qualitative and	
				quantitative assessment of their biodiversity	
				using molecular tools; their use as biofertilizer,	
				reclamation of user lands	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				• Influence of salt, heavy metals and acid rain on	
				algae: Physiological and biochemical effects;	
				biochemical and molecular mechanisms of	
				tolerance	
				Suggested Books:	
				\succ Kumar, H.D., and Singh, H.N. (1979). A	
				textbook on Algae. Macmillan Publishers	
				Limited.	
				➤ Round, F.E. (1986). The Biology of Algae.	
				Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.	
				➤ Nash, T.H. (2011). <i>Lichen Biology</i> . Cambridge:	
				Cambridge University Press.	
				➤ Bilgrami, K.S., and Saha, L. (2007). A textbook	
				of Algae. CBS Publishers and Distributors.	
				≻ Lee, R. E. (2008). <i>Phycology</i> . Cambridge	
				University Press, New York.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				General account on Algae	
				https://www.livescience.com/54979-what-are-	
				algae.html	
				Basic Algology:	
				http://allaboutalgae.com/what-are-algae/	
				Algal Phylogeny and origin	
				http://www.plantphysiol.org/content/116/1/9	
				Economic importance of Algae	
				http://news.algaeworld.org/2017/07/economic-	
	DOF			importance-of-algae/	NT 1
	BOT	After successful completion		Section A	New course proposed
	Bryology-I	of the course, students will be		• General characteristics of bryophytes,	
		able to:		alternation of generations and classification.	
		• Identify these		• Evolution in bryophytes	
		Lilliputians of plant		• Life-cycle of bryophytes, asexual and sexual	
		kingdom in their		reproduction.	
		surroundings and will be		Section B	
		able to collect those		• Comparative morphological and anatomical	

S. No.	Course List Learning Outc	ome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	from their habitats hence r to better unders fascinating gr plants. • Know the h thallus organiza amazing diversi • Gain placem researchers in institutes universities.	natural motivated stand this roup of pasis of ation with fication. ment as		 studies of gametophytes and sporophytes in various orders of the class Bryopsida: Takakiales - Takakia Sphagnales - Sphagnum Andreaeales - Andreaea Buxbaumiales - Buxbaumia Bryales - Physcomitrium, Fontinalis, Splachnum Polytrichales – Polytrichum Section C Comparative morphological and anatomical studies of gametophytes and sporophytes in various orders of the class Hepaticopsida Calobryales - Calobryum, Haplomitrium Metzgeriales - Pallavicinia, Riccardia, Metzgeria Jungermanniales - Jungermannia, Porella, Ptychanthus, Radula Sphaerocarpales - Riella, Sphaerocarpous Monocleales - Monoclea Marchantiales - Reboulia, Plagiochasma, Asterella, Lunularia, Dumortiera, Targionia, Cyathodium Suggested Books: Alam, A. (2015). Textbook of Bryophyta. New Delhi : I K International Publishers. Schofield, W. B. (2001). Introduction to Biology (Reprint ed.). Caldwell, New Jersey: The Blackburn Press. Chopra, R.N. (2005). Biology of Bryophytes. India: New Age International Publishers. Pope, R. (2016). Mosses, Liverworts, and Hornworts: A Field Guide to Common Bryophytes of the Northeast. Ithaca, NY: 	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			> (} Sug > 1 > 1	Comstock Publishing Associates. Gangulee, H.C. (1978). <i>Mosses of Eastern</i> <i>India and adjacent regions</i> . India: Kalyani Publishers. gested e-Resources: Bryophytes: Identification, Ecology https://openlibrary.org/subjects/bryophytes Bryophytes: General account, classification and structure http://nsdl.niscair.res.in/jspui/bitstream/123456 789/150/1/BRYOPHYTES%20.pdf Bryophytes: Ecology https://digitalcommons.mtu.edu/bryophyte- ecology/ Bryophyte: Phylogenetic classification	
	BOT Bryology-II	 After successful completion of the course, students will be able to: Know the various advances in the field of bryology. Know the modern trends in bryology. Carry on their research in India and abroad. Gain good opportunities as researchers in various institutes and universities. 	Sect Con of g of tt • A • N • D • D • C P A Sect • E g • R g • R g • S Sect • S g	http://bryophytes.plant.siu.edu/class.html tion A nparative morphological and anatomical studies gametophytes and sporophytes in various orders he class Anthocerotopsida: Anthocerotaceae - Anthoceros, Folioceros Notothyladaceae - Notothylas, Phaeoceros Dendrocerotaceae - Dendroceros, Megaceros Dendrocerotaceae - Dendroceros, Megaceros Drigin, evolution, fossil history, phylogeny of principal classes: Bryopsida, Hepaticopsida and Anthocerotopsida tion B Ecology - habitat diversity, growth forms, growth factors. Role of bryophytes in pollution monitoring, geobotanical prospecting, horticultural uses, economic importance. Spore diversity, dispersal mechanism and their germination. Moss protonema, protonemal differentiation and	New course proposed

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				bud induction.	
				Section C	
				• Ecological aspects of bryophytes: Bryophytes in	
				relation to nutrient cycling, water restoration,	
				bryophytes associations	
				Ethnobryology	
				Molecular Bryology	
				 Phytochemicals from bryophytes 	
				 Horticultural uses of bryophytes 	
				Suggested Books:	
				\triangleright Rashid, A. (1998). An Introduction to	
				Bryophyta. India: Vikas Publishing,	
				≻ Udar, R. (1978). Bryology in India. Chronica	
				Botanica Company.	
				➤ Alam, A. (2015). Text book of Bryophyta. New	
				Delhi: I K International Publishers.	
				Schofield, W. B. (2001). Introduction to Biology	
				(Reprint edition). The Blackburn Press.	
				≻ Chopra, R.N. (2005). Biology of Bryophytes.	
				India: New Age International Publishers.	
				▶ Pope, R. (2016). Mosses, Liverworts, and	
				Hornworts: A Field Guide to Common	
				Bryophytes of the Northeast. Ithaca, NY:	
				Comstock Publishing Associates.	
				Gangulee, H.C. (1978). Mosses of Eastern India	
				and adjacent regions. Kalyani Publishers, India.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				Bryophyta: Classification	
				http://bryophytes.plant.siu.edu/class.html	
				Bryophyta: Phylogenetic classification	
				https://bryology.uconn.edu/classification/	
				Bryophyta: Conventional classification	
				https://www.google.com/search?client=firefox-	
				b&q=recent+classification%3A+liverworts	
				Bryophytes: Overall account	

S. No Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 https://openlibrary.org/subjects/bryophytes Bryophyta: Cryptogamic account http://nsdl.niscair.res.in/jspui/bitstream/1234567 89/150/1/BRYOPHYTES%20.pdf Bryophyta: Ecology https://digitalcommons.mtu.edu/bryophyte- ecology/ 	
5) BOT Angiosperm Taxonomy and Systematics-I	 After successful completion of the course, students will be able to: Understand methods and principles of plant classification and nomenclature. Learn representative plant families and genera of flowering plants will also help students to identify the plants. Learn the embryology, biosystematics, bryodiversity and conservation methods of economically important plants. 		 Section A Systematics: Outline of classification of Angiosperms; Hutchinson, Takhtajan, Cronquist, merits and demerits Botanical nomenclature: International code of Botanic Nomenclature; principles: Rules and recommendations; priority; typification; Rules of effective and valid publications; retention and choice of names Taxonomic features, systematic phylogeny and economic importance of families: Magnoliaceae, Capparidaceae, Combretaceae, Rosaceae, Amaranthaceae, Asteraceae, Apocynaceae, Asclepiadaceae, Convolvulaceae, Scrophulariaceae, Acanthaceae, Bignoniaceae, Lamiaceae, Verbenaceae, Polygonaceae, Euphorbiaceae, Orchidacae, Zingiberaceae, Araceae, Cyperaceae and Poaceae Numerical taxonomy: Aims and objectives, characters and attributes, OTUs, coding, cluster analysis, merits and demerits Chemotaxonomy: Role of phytochemicals (nonprotein amino acids, alkaloids, betalins, cynogenic glucosides, silica, gypsum, raphides, glucosinolate, flavonoids, terpenoids) in taxonomy Embryology in relation to taxonomy 	New course proposed

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				• Molecular approaches to plant taxonomy:	
				Application of DNA markers in angiosperm taxonomy; molecular phylogeny	
				 Self incompatibility: Structural and biochemical 	
				aspects; methods to overcome incompatibility –	
				mixed pollination, bud pollination; intra -	
				ovarian pollination, in vitro pollination	
				• Experimental embryology: Haploid production;	
				diploidization of haploids, importance of	
				haploids; embyro culture; culture of	
				differentiated and mature embryos; role of	
				natural plant extracts and growth hormones;	
				embryo-nurse endosperm transplantation; culturing of embryonal segments; practical	
				aspects of embryo culture	
				Section C	
				• Biosystematics principles, practice, limitations	
				and scope, phenotypic plasticity, epigenetics;	
				• Biodiversity: general concept, values, isolation	
				and assessment of Genetic Diversity.	
				• Distribution of endemic plant families in the	
				southern hemisphere of the globe.	
				• Conservation: Principles, categories of	
				threatened plants (IUCN), strategies of conservation, Red Data Book.	
				 Botanical Survey of India, its contribution and 	
				• Botanical Survey of India, its contribution and functions	
				• Molecular markers in Taxonomy and	
				phylogenetic analysis: Nuclear ribosomal DNA,	
				Chloroplast DNA and Mitochondrial DNA	
				Suggested Books:	
				Naik V.N. (1988). Taxonomy of Angiosperms.	
				New Delhi: Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publishing Co.	
				Hoorn, C., Perrigo, A., & Antonelli, A. (2018).	
				Mountains, Climate and Biodiversity: A	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	 comprehensive and up-to-date synthesis for students and researchers. Wiley Science Publishers, USA. Rathod, M.M. (2016). Floristic Ecology and Phytogeography. Chandralok Prakashan, Kanpur, India Graf, A. B. (2010). Flora of India. Rajat Publications, India. Judd, W.S., & Campbell, C.S. (2007). Plant Systematics Aphyllogenetic Approach. Sinarue Publication, New York. Suggested e-Resources: General account of angiosperms: http://www.nhptv.org/natureworks/nwep14f.htm Angiosperm-Life tree http://tolweb.org/Angiosperms Angiosperms: Classification and Reproduction https://www.toppr.com/guides/biology/plant-kingdom/angiosperms/ Angiosperms: Phylogeny http://www.mobot.org/MOBOT/research/APwe b/ 	Remarks
6)	вот	After successful completion		 Angiosperms: APG system of classification https://academic.oup.com/botlinnean/article/181 /1/1/2416499 Section A 	New course proposed
6)	Angiosperms Taxonomy and Systematics-II	 After successful completion of the course, students will be able to: Describe the evolution by natural selection and other causes. Get knowledge about the nature of "species" and can compare 		 Plant taxonomy through ages in India: Major contributions of W. Roxburgh, N. Wallich, J.D. Hooker, C. B. Clarke, G. King and K.P. Biswas. Current status of Botanical Survey of India (B.S.I), Central National Herbarium (CAL): role in systematic study in India. Acharya Jagadish Chandra Bose Indian Botanic Garden (AJCBIBG) & National Botanical Research 	New course proposed

S. No Course Li	st Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	contrasting concepts of		Institute (NBRI): activities in relation to	
	species.		taxonomic studies and conservation.	
	• Describe binomial		• Taxonomic Literature: Categories, brief concept	
	nomenclature and use		with examples.	
	scientific names of		• Floristic regions of the world (Takhtajan, 1987);	
	species correctly.		Floristic Composition of India: description and	
	• List levels of the Linnaean hierarchical		composition of Himalayan, Peninsular and	
	Linnaean hierarchical classification system and		Desert vegetation. Biodiversity Act, Role of National Biodiversity Authority (NBA) in	
	use it properly.		biodiversity management; CBD and	
	 Discuss advantages and 		environmental protocols.	
	disadvantages of the		Section B	
	Linnaean system		• Latest changes, addition and alteration in	
	describe systematics.		International Code of Botanical Nomenclature	
	• Correctly interpret		(ICBN); Valid Publication: provision of new	
	phylogenetic trees and		taxa (Genus); Nomenclature of Hybrid Plants;	
	explain their		Nomenclature of Cultivated Plants (ICNCP).	
	construction.		• Evolutionary concepts: monophyly, paraphyly,	
			polyphyly, plesiomorphy, apomorphy,	
			anagenesis, stasigenesis, cladogenesis,	
			homology, analogy, homoplasy, parallelism and	
			convergence, synapomorphy and symplesiomorphy.	
			 Modern trends in Taxonomy: Nodal Anatomy: 	
			structure, types, evolution and applications.	
			 Palynotaxonomy: pollen structure, types and 	
			evolution of pollen grains, applications.	
			Serology, Ultra structures.	
			Section C	
			• Biodiversity: components, levels, values,	
			Hotspots and conservation.	
			• Concept of Phytogeography: Endemism, Plant	
			migration, Disjunction, Vicariance,	
			Phytochorionomy (Brief introduction).	
			• Major Phytochona of the World and India.	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				• Ministry of Environment and Forest, India	
				Suggested Books:	
				≻ Hoorn, C., Perrigo, A., and Antonelli, A.	
				(2018). Mountains, Climate and Biodiversity: A	
				comprehensive and up-to-date synthesis for	
				students and researchers. USA: Wiley Science	
				Publishers.	
				➤ Rathod, M.M. (2016). Floristic Ecology and	
				Phytogeography. Kanpur, India: Chandralok	
				Prakashan.	
				≻ Graf, A. B. (2010). <i>Flora of India</i> . India: Rajat	
				Publications.	
				➤ Judd, W.S., and Campbell, C.S. (2007). Plant	
				Systematics A phylogenetic Approach. New	
				York: Sinarue Publication.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				IUCN Red List	
				https://www.iucnredlist.org/	
				Angiosperms: Herbarium resources	
				http://apps.kew.org/herbcat/gotoWhatIsHerbarium.	
				do	
				Angiosperms: Herbarium techniques	
				https://herbarium.duke.edu/about/what-is-a-	
				herbarium	
				> International Code of Botanical	
				Nomenclature	
				https://www.iapt-taxon.org/icbn/main.htm	
				> Biodiversity:	
				https://www.greenfacts.org/en/biodiversity/l-	
				3/1-define-biodiversity.htm	
				Conservation of Biodiversity:	
				http://enviroeducation.com/resources/biodiversi	
				ty-academic-requirements-professional-outlook	
				Angiosperms: Playnotaxonomy	
ı I				https://openlibrary.org/subjects/palynotaxonom	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				у	
S. No	Course List BT 521: Plant Biotechnolog y	Learning Outcome After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: • Demonstrate principles for development of various stress resistant plants • Understand various techniques used in plant biotechnology	 Section-A Introduction, examples of current use of plant biotechnology. Development of pathogen resistant plants (virus & insect resistance). Development of plants of improved seed quality. Artificial seeds. Development of plants resistant to environmental stress. Development of herbicide resistant plants. Future outlook. Section-B Immobilization of cells. Gene delivery methods in intact and cultured tissues and cells. Agrobacterium, Ti plasmids, co-integrate and binary vectors. Other vectors - viral vectors. Direct DNA uptake, microprojectile delivery, electroporation, microinjection, Liposomes. Chloroplast transgenies, applications in production of biopharmaceuticals, introduction of agronomic traits, viz. disease resistance; phytoremediation etc. Biotechnology of Biological Nitrogen fixation: <i>nif</i> genes 	 y Section A Introduction, examples of current use of plant biotechnology. Development of pathogen resistant plants (virus & insect resistance). Development of plants of improved seed quality; Artificial seeds. Development of plants resistant to environmental stress and herbicides. Future outlook. Section-B Immobilization of cells. Direct gene delivery methods. Vector based gene delivery methods: <i>Agrobacterium</i> mediated, Ti plasmid based vectors, viral vectors. Chloroplast engineering: Advantages of transplastomics, applications in production of biopharmaceuticals, introduction of agronomic traits, viz. disease resistance, herbicide resistance; phytoremediation etc. 	Modifications have been
			 genes Section-C Production of metabolites; metabolic engineering and industrial products: plant secondary metabolites; control mechanisms and manipulation of phenyl propanoids and shikimate pathways; general strategy towards production of plant cell products. Biotransformation using plant cells. 	 Section-C Production of metabolites; metabolic engineering and industrial products: Overview of plant secondary metabolites; control mechanisms and manipulation of phenyl propanoids and shikimate pathways; general strategy to regulate the production of plant cell 	Modifications have been done in the light of current technologies.

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			• Cryobiology of plant cell culturesand	products.	
			establishment of gene banks.	• Biotransformation using plant cells.	
			• Edible vaccines.	 Cryobiology of plant cell cultures. 	
			 Radiobiology of cultured plant cells. 	• Edible vaccines.	
			Books Recommended :	• Molecular markers - hybridization and PCR	
			➢ Biotechnology - A Laboratory Course: J. M.	based markers RFLP, RAPD, STS, SSR, AFLP,	
			Becker, G.A. Coldwell and E.A. Zachgo,	SNP markers.	
			Academic Press, New York.	Suggested Books:	
			➢ Genetic Engineering Technology in Industrial		
			Pharmacy: Ed J.M. Tabor.	(2 nd ed.). New Delhi, India: Kalyani Publisher.	
			Tissue Culture, Methods and Applications: P.F.		
			Kruse.	(3 rd ed.). New Delhi, India: Oxford & IBH	
			Plant Tissue Culture: Sharma and Alam; IK International Publisher Pvt. Ltd.	Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd.	
			International Publisher Pvt. Ltd.	Slater, A. (2008). Plant Biotechnology: The	
				<i>Genetic Manipulation of Plants</i> (2 nd ed.). Oxford, UK: Oxford Publisher.	
				 Peter, K.V., & Keshavachandran, R. (2008). 	
				Plant Biotechnology: Methods in Tissue Culture	
				and Gene Transfer. India: Universities Press.	
				Murphy, D. (2007). <i>Plant Breeding and</i>	
				Biotechnology: Societal Context and the Future	
				of Agriculture (1 st ed.). UK: Cambridge	
				University Press.	
				Singh, B.S. (2007). Fundamentals of Plant	
				Biotechnology. New Delhi, India: Satish Serial	
				Publishing House.	
				Suggested e- Resources:	
				Chloroplast Biotechnology	
				https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/page/journal/146	
				77652/homepage/chloroplast_biotechnology_sp	
				ecial_issue.htm	
				Plant transformation technologies	
				http://repository.ias.ac.in/57240/1/23-pub.pdf	
				Abiotic stress and transgenics http://www.ive.com/abiotics/200222/1/1 with a 16	
				http://repository.ias.ac.in/89833/1/1-pub.pdf	

S. No Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
8) BT:	After successful completion of		Section A	New course proposed
Advanced	the course, students will be		• Molecular Pharming - concept of plants as	
Plant	able to:		Biofactories, production of industrial enzymes	
Biotechnolog	• Gain advance		and	
У	knowledge in plant		Pharmaceutically important compounds.	
	biotechnology and their		• Heavy metal toxicity in plants, metal	
	applications in crop		hyperaccumulation & resistance mechanisms.	
	improvement, large		• Concept of Phytoremediation and its	
	scale production of plant		applications	
	metabolites		• Bioremediation of inorganic (Metals and	
	• Get practical insight of		radionucloides) and organics (TCE/petroleum	
	techniques.		hydrocarbons/ solvents/ explosives etc.) in the	
	• Carry out further		environment	
	research in plant		Section B	
	biotechnology.		The improvement of crop yield and quality;	
			- The genetic manipulation of fruit ripening	
			- Genetic modifications of ethylene biosynthesis	
			and ethylene based fruit sensor;	
			– Golden Rice	
			 Role of phytohormones in improving the yield 	
			of oil seed crops	
			- CRISPER-CAS and marker free technology	
			Section C	
			 Production of Bio-fuels from Algal and Plant 	
			based biomass	
			 Regulation of Abiotic and Biotic Stress 	
			Responses by Plant Hormones	
			- Nanobiotechnology in Plant research: Effect of	
			different nanomaterials and nanoparticles on	
			Plant The Regulation of CM arong and products and	
			 The Regulation of GM crops and products and the surrent status of the CM erong 	
			the current status of the GM crops	
			 Intellectual Property in Agriculture 	
			Biotechnology	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks	
				 The future of Plant Biotechnology 		
				Suggested Books:		
				Stewart C. Neal (2018) Plant Biotechnology		
				and Genetics Wiley Publications.		
				≻ Prasad, R (2018) Mycoremediation and		
				Environmental sustainability, Springer		
				Publication		
				≻ Evans, G. M. & Furlong, J. C. (2011),		
				Environmental Biotechnology: Theory and		
				Applications, Wiley Publishers.		
				Oksman-Caldentey, Kirsi-Marja. (2014). Plant		
				biotechnology and transgenic plants. Marcel		
				Dekker.		
				Slater, A. Scott, N.W. & MR Fowler. (2014).		
				Plant bio technology (2nd ed.). Oxford		
				University Press.		
				≻ Kumar, A. (2008) Recent advances in plant		
				<i>biotechnology and its applications</i> . New Delhi:		
				I.K. International Pub. ➤ Ahmed, P (2017). Oil seeds Crops. Wiley		
				Publication		
				Suggested e- Resources:		
				 ➢ Book Oil Seed crops(
				https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/book/10.1		
				002/9781119048800		
				 Plant environment interactions 		
				http://fmipa.umri.ac.id/wp-		
				content/uploads/2016/03/Frantisek_Baluska_Pl		
				ant-Environment_InteractionsBookFi.orgpdf		
				Biotechnology for crop improvement		
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103013/pdf/mod		
				6.pdf		
				https://www.intechopen.com/books/plants-for-		
				the-future/molecular-farming-in-plants		
9)	Bio Physics-I	After completion of this		Section A	(New Introduced	Elective

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus		Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		course, the students will be		•	Introduction: Brief introduction to all aspects of	Course, cw M.Sc. Physics)
		able to-			Biology, cellular automata, Conway's Game of	
		• Understand the concepts			life.	
		of physical principles in the biomolecular systems.		•	Cell structure and function: Cell theory, cell	
		 Know properties and 			membrane and transport, membranous organelles, Non-membranous organelles,	
		conformations of			Nuclear components and major cell types,	
		biomolecules			viruses.	
		• Understand the interaction		•	Molecules in the cell: carbohydrates, lipids,	
		between physics and			proteins and nucleic acids, their structure and	
		biology			function.	
				•	Code of life: Central dogma, DNA replication,	
				-	transcription and translation. Energy in life forms: Cellular Respiration,	
				•	Glycolysis, Krebs cycle, Electron transport	
					chain, ATP calculation, Photosynthesis, C4	
					pathway.	
				Se	ection B	
				•	Intermolecular interactions: Covalent	
					interactions, disulphide bonds, van der Waals	
					Interactions, bond angles and torsions. Role of	
					hydrogen bonding and hydrophobic interaction in biomolecular structures. Examples of α -	
					helices and β -sheets in proteins, Watson-Crick	
					pairs in DNA, stacking interactions in DNA and	
					RNA.	
				•	Protein Conformation: Conformational	
					properties of polypeptides, Ramachandran plot,	
					Helical parameters and conformation,	
					organization as secondary and supersecondary	
					structures in proteins, domains and motifs. Protein folding <i>in vivo</i> and <i>in vitro</i> of globular	
					proteins, basic idea.	
				Se	ection C	
				•	Molecular Mechanics: Force field equation,	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				Lennard Jones Potential, Potential energy	
				surface, Z-matrix, Molecular modeling, Energy	
				minimization techniques, Exhaustive search	
				method, steepest descent and conjugate gradient	
				methods, Molecular dynamics simulation,	
				Verlet algorithm and simulated annealing	
				protocol.	
				• Experimental techniques used to determine	
				biomolecular structure:	
				Principles and application of UV-visible,	
				circular dichroism and fluorescence	
				spectroscopy.	
				• Case studies on Helix to coil transitions, melting	
				curves in proteins and DNA structures.	
				X-ray crystallography of biomolecules:	
				Obtaining single crystals of biomolecules,	
				Single crystal data collection, Determination of	
				point group, space group from symmetry of	
				diffraction patterns, deducing cell parameters,	
				interpretation of intensity data, Calculation of	
				electron density, Solving the phase problem,	
				Structure validation.	
				Suggested Books:	
				Tuszynski, J. A. & Kurzynski, M.	
				(2003). Introduction to Molecular Biophysics.	
				CRC press.	
				Schlick, T. (2010). Molecular Modeling and	
				Simulation: An Interdisciplinary Guide: An	
				Interdisciplinary Guide (Vol. 21). Springer	
				Science & Business Media.	
				Voet, D., Voet, J. G. & Pratt, C. W.	
				(2013). Fundamentals of Biochemistry: Life at	
				<i>The Molecular Level</i> (No. 577.1 VOE).	
				Hoboken: Wiley.	
				➢ Cantor, C. R., & Schimmel, P. R.	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 (1980). Biophysical chemistry: Part III: The Behavior Of Biological Macromolecules. Macmillan. Van Holde, K. E. J. W. Principles of physical biochemistry/Kensal E. Van Holde, W. Curtis Johnson, P. Shing Ho. Jensen, J. H. (2010). Molecular Modeling Basics. CRC Press. Nelson, P. (2004). Biological Physics. New York: WH Freeman. Suggested e-Resources: Non-Conventional Energy Systems https://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/1021 Quantum-mechanics of molecular structure https://bit.ly/2SoEqof https://bit.ly/2SoEqof 	
10)		 After completion of this course, the students will be to- Understand the concepts of physical principles in the biomolecular systems. Know Properties and conformations of biomolecules Understand the interaction between physics and biology 		 Section A Physics of macromolecules: Biological polymers, modeling polymers as elasticity models, Random walk model, radius of gyration, freely jointed chain, calculation of the distribution of end-to-end distances, statistical segment, persistence length, relation to characteristic ratio, worm like chain, behavior of chain dimension, DNA Elasticity, Application of Porod-Kraty model to DNA. Protein folding: Anfinsen's thermodynamic hypothesis, Case study: Ribonuclease A, renaturation and denaturation, mechanism of disulphide exchange, determinants of protein folding, Levinthal's paradox, classical view of protein folding, the hydrophobic collapse, Energy landscape theory, Protein Folding problem as a NP-hard problem. 	New proposed Elective Course, introduced from M.Sc. Physics

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				• Self assembly and membrane equilibria: Self assembly in miscelles as monolayers and bilayers, Thermodynamics of miscelle formation, co-operativity, packing parameter, Tanford's free energy model, Packing model, influence of tail packing, Fluid mosaic model, Langmuir adsorption model.	
				 Electrical conduction in the nervous system: Structure of the neuron, Hodgkin-Huxley model and generation of action potential, Nernst relation in membrane potentials, Donnan equilibrium, ion pumping, voltage gating. Transport in cells: Diffusion, Fick's law, cells 	
				 with sources, low Reynolds-number, friction in fluids, Transport across cells - osmosis. Section C Blood flow: Blood as non-Newtonian fluid, Blood flow models, Navier Stokes equation, Dissipative particle dynamics, Erythrocyte model, elastic model. 	
				• Energy in muscle: Cytoskeleton, Muscle Contraction, biopolymers of the cytoskeleton, Tubulin, microtubules, associated protein, micro filaments, actin and Myosin. Molecular motors, Kinesin and Dyenin. Sliding filament model of contraction, ATP and muscle contraction, stochastic model of contraction.	
				 Radiation Physics: Dosimetery, Photon interaction coefficients, Relations between exposure, Kerma and absorbed dose, Measurement of exposure, Bragg-Gray Cavity theory, determination of absorbed dose in a medium, radiotherapy, geometrical factors, specification of dose ratios, nuclear medicine. 	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			× ·	Suggested Books	
				Tuszynski, J. A., & Kurzynski, M.	
				(2003). Introduction to molecular biophysics.	
				CRC press.	
				Schlick, T. (2010). <i>Molecular modeling and</i>	
				simulation: an interdisciplinary guide: an	
				interdisciplinary guide (Vol. 21). Springer	
				Science & Business Media.	
				▶ Nelson, P. (2004). <i>Biological physics</i> . New	
				York: WH Freeman.	
				Cantor, C. R., & Schimmel, P. R.	
				(1980). Biophysical chemistry: Part III: the	
				<i>behavior of biological macromolecules.</i> Macmillan.	
				Smith, F. A. (2000). A primer in applied	
				<i>radiation physics</i> . World Scientific Publishing	
				Company.	
				 Van Holde, K. E., Johnson, W. C., & Ho, P. S. 	
				(2006). Principles of physical biochemistry.	
				➢ Jensen, J. H. (2010). Molecular modeling	
				basics. CRC Press.	
				≻ Voet, D., Voet, J. G., & Pratt, C. W.	
				(2013). Fundamentals of biochemistry: life at	
				the molecular level (No. 577.1 VOE).	
				Hoboken: Wiley.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				https://www.coursera.org/learn/dynamicalmod	
				eling?specialization=systems-biology	
11)	ENVS 402 :	After the completion of this		Section A	Introduced from M.Sc.
	Ecology and	course, students will be able		Introduction to Environment	Environmental Science
	Environment	to:		• Concept of Environment, Factors of the	
		• Describe the interaction of		environment: Physiographic, Climatic, Edaphic,	
		organisms with their		Biotic and Anthropogenic.	
		environment.		• Bio Geochemical Cycles: The Carbon cycle, the	
		• Identify the various		Oxygen cycle, the Nitrogen cycle, The	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		threats to biodiversity.		Hydrological cycle.	
		• Explain the concept of		Section B	
		biomes.		Concept of Ecology, Ecosystem and Biomes	
		• Describe the various		• Concept of Ecosystem: With special reference	
		biogeochemical cycles.		to desert, forest and aquatic ecosystem. Food	
				chain, Food web & succession. Ecological	
				Pyramids and their types.	
				• Energy flow in ecosystem, Concepts of Biomes.	
				Major biomes of the world: Tropical forest,	
				Temperate forest, Grassland and Tundra.	
				Section C	
				Environmental Pollution and its Effect	
				• Environmental pollution-Pollutants and	
				sources:	
				• Water pollution, Soil pollution, Air pollution	
				and, Noise pollution.	
				Greenhouse Effect, Global warming	
				• Biodiversity: Threats and Conservation.	
				Suggested Books:	
				Atkinson, Raw, M. (2007). Biogeography.	
				Philip Allan Updates.	
				 Gautam, A. (2007). Environmental Geography. Allababad. India: Sharda Duatak Dhawan 	
				Allahabad, India: Sharda Pustak Bhawan. ➤ Huggett, R. J. (1998). <i>Fundamental of</i>	
				Biogeography. London, UK: Routledge.	
				\rightarrow Kayastha, S.L. & Kumra, V.K. (1986).	
				<i>Environmental Studies</i> . Varanasi, India: Tara	
				Book Agency.	
				Mathur, H.S. (1998). Essentials of	
				Biogeography. Jaipur, India: Pointer.	
				 Mehtani, S. & Sinha, A. (2010). <i>Biogeography</i>. 	
				Commonwealth.	
				> Odum, E. P. (1975). <i>Ecology</i> . Lanham, MD:	
				Rowman and Littlefield.	
				▶ Odum, E.P. (1968).Fundamentals of Ecology.	

S. No Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 London, UK:W.B. Sanders Company Saxena, H. M. (1999). Environmental Geography. Jaipur, India:Rawat. Saxena, H. M. (2000). Environmental Management. Jaipur, India:Rawat. Suggested e-Resources: Environment and Ecology, IIT Delhi https://nptel.ac.in/courses/122102006/16 Ecology and Environment, IIT Madras, https://swayam.gov.in/courses/4905-july-2018- ecology-and-environment 	
12) ENVS 502 Biodiversity and Conservation	 After the completion of this course, students will be able to: Explain importance of biological diversity. Describe major threats to biodiversity. Recognize and implement the various methods of biodiversity conservation with co-existence of various environmental pressures. Identify different geographical biodiversity content the varies and mega-diversity centers. 		 Section A Introduction to biodiversity concepts, significance, magnitude and distribution. Biodiversity trends, diversity gradients and related hypotheses methods for monitoring biodiversity trends. Threats to biodiversity, major causes, extinction's, vulnerability of species to extinction, IUCN threat categories, Red data book. Section B Principles of biodiversity conservation <i>ex situ</i> and <i>in situ</i> methods of conservation. Genetical and evolutionary principles in conservation. Conservation of biological diversity and its significance- source of food, medicine, raw material, aesthetic, cultural and ecosystem services. Concepts, distribution and importance of Hot spots. Strategies for sustainable exploitation of biodiversity. Section C Conservation – efforts in India, Endangered 	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				flora & fauna of India.	
				• Ethno botany in India & selected medicinal	
				plants.	
				• Wildlife conservation in India- Project Tiger,	
				Project crocodile, silent valley controversy.	
				• Conservation of Himalayan, Gangetic	
				ecosystems.	
				Suggested Books:	
				≻ Kumar, U. &Asija, M.J. (2007). Biodiversity –	
				Principles and Conservation (2 nd ed.). Jodhpur,	
				India: Agrobios.	
				➤ Mishra, R. (1968). <i>Ecology Workbook</i> (2 nd ed.).	
				Calcutta, India: Oxford and IBH.	
				➢ Odum, E.P. (1983). Basic Ecology (2nd ed.).	
				Philadelphia, PA: Holt-Saunders International.	
				➢ Odum, E.P. (2004). Fundamentals of Ecology.	
				Dehradun, India: Natraj Publications.	
				Singh, M.P., Singh, J.K., Mohanka, R., &Sah,	
				R.B. (2007). Forest Environment and	
				<i>Biodiversity</i> (2 nd ed.). New Delhi, India: Daya	
				Publications.	
				Sinha, B.N. (1990). <i>Ecosystem Degradation in</i>	
				India. New Delhi, India: Ashish Publications.	
				Tewari, D.N. (1994) Biodiversity and Forest	
				Genetic Resources. Dehradun, India:	
				International Book Publications.	
				Suggested e-learning resources:	
				> Aquatic Biodiversity and Environmental	
				Pollution, IISc, Bangalore	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/120108002/16	
				> Wildlife Conservation, Indira Gandhi	
				National Forest Academy, Dehradun	
				https://nptel.ac.in/noc/individual_course.php?id=	
				noc18-bt26	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	Proposed Read	ding Elective-I & II to be offered in	n IV Semester		common with Applied
					Microbiology and Biotechnology for Sem III
					and IV, Bioscience Sem IV
1)	BT: Drug	On completion of this course,		Modern drug discovery involves the identification	
1)	Discovery	students should be able to:		of a target or drug lead using different techniques	
	Discovery	 Understand basics of R&D 		including molecular modeling, combinatorial	
		in drug discovery and		libraries and high-throughput screening (HTS).	
		should be able to apply		Rational drug design is based on the	
		knowledge gained in		understanding of the three-dimensional structures	
		respective fields of		and physicochemical properties of drugs and	
		pharmaceutical industry.		receptors. Knowledge of molecular mechanisms,	
		 Understand the role of 		molecular dynamics simulations and homology	
		synthetic chemistry in the		modeling is necessary for studying drug/receptor	
		development of		interactions. The different conformational	
		pharmaceutical agents;		sampling techniques, fitness functions used in	
		and the modification of		molecular docking and computational receptor-	
		chemical structures to		based and ligand-based drug design approaches	
		develop new drug		are mostly used to design compounds with	
		molecules.		improved biological activity in rational drug	
		• Have an advanced		design. Quantitative drug design using QSAR	
		understanding of the		models are used to correlate structural molecular	
		chemical structure of a		properties (descriptors) with functions (i.e.	
		pharmaceutical agent and		physicochemical properties, biological activities,	
		determine the chemical		toxicity, etc.) of the compounds. Understanding	
		group/s responsible for a		the structure activity relationship between the 3D	
		given biological effect.		structure of a molecule and its biological activity	
		• Demonstrate a basic		may act as the basis for the prediction of	
		understanding of		compounds with improved biological activities.	
		pharmacogenomics and		Different bio-analytical assays (LC/MS/MS,	
		bioinformatics as it relates		GC/MS and ELISA) could be developed further in	
		to drug design and		support of in vitro and in vivo studies.	
		discovery.		Understanding the principles as well as an early	
		• Develop an understanding		characterization of drug toxicity, adsorption,	
		of drug targets as a		distribution, metabolism and excretion (ADME)	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
Ι Τ		recognition site for		along with drug-drug interactions, plasma protein	
		pharmaceutical agents;		binding assays and metabolite profile studies helps	
		how the chemical structure		in eliminating compounds with unacceptable	
		of a substance influences		pharmacokinetic characteristics, which is critical	
		interaction with a drug		to successful drug discovery programs.	
		target; and the		Suggested Books:	
		identification of new drug		➤ Krogsgaard-Larsen et. al. (2016). Textbook of	
		targets for future drug		Drug Design and Discovery. 5th Edition. CRC	
		discovery.		Press.	
				Satyanarayanajois, S. D. (2011). Drug Design	
				and Discovery: Methods and Protocols.	
				Humana Press.	
				▶ Rahman, A. U., Caldwell, G. W. and	
				Choudhary, M. I. (2007). Frontiers in Drug	
				Design and Discovery. Bentham Science	
				publishers Limited.	
				▶ Dastmalchi, S. et. al. (2016). Methods and	
				Algorithms for Molecular Docking-Based	
				Drug Design and Discovery. IGI Global.	
				Suggested e- Resources:	
				> Drug Discovery	
				https://bit.ly/2tCqdtE	
				> Peptide therapeutics	
				https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/	
				pii/S1359644614003997	
				Bio-analytical techniques	
				https://www.pharmatutor.org/articles/bioanalyt	
				ical-techniques-overview	
2)	BT: Human	After successful completion		Since the rediscovery of Mendel's work in 1900,	
	Genetics and	of the course students will be		investigations on the genetic nature of human traits	
	Diseases	able to:		have gained significant importance. Understanding	
		• Understand hereditary and		the genetic basis behind human disease is one of	
		molecular genetics with a		the most important reasons to study human	
		strong human disease		chromosome structure, human karyotype, banding	
		perspective.		techniques, chromosome identification and	

S. No Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	• Describe genetic		nomenclature (ISCN). Classical genetics has	
	abnormalities underlying		considerable importance in constructing genetic	
	human disease and		hypothesis from pedigree data analysis in	
	disorders		monogenetic traits, autosomal dominant, autosomal	
	• Develop interest in		recessive, sex linked dominant, sex linked	
	biomedical research,		recessive and sex influenced traits. The impact of	
	genetic counseling,		consanguinity in causing sex linked anomalies	
	medicine, and clinical		(haemophilia, colour blindness and Duchenne	
	genetics		Muscular Dystrophy) has been observed in human	
			population. Current knowledge on genetic	
			variations across populations is applied to study	
			human health and diseases which include	
			chromosomal disorders, structural and numerical	
			chromosomal anomalies (Klinefelter syndrome,	
			Down's syndrome, Turner syndrome,	
			Achondroplasia), inborn errors of metabolism	
			(Phenylketonuria (PKU), Alkaptonuria, Albinism,	
			Galactosemia), haemoglobinopathies, Thalassemia	
			syndromes, multifactorial disorders (diabetes,	
			schizophrenia, huntington disease). Medical	
			genetics involves ethical issues therefore serious	
			discussion is required for prenatal/adult diagnosis	
			of genetic disorders, medical ethics, risks and	
			benefits, informed consent and right of choice.	
			Suggested Books:	
			Strachan T. and Read. A. (2011). Human	
			<i>Molecular Genetics</i> (4 th ed.). Garland Science	
			Pasternak J. Fitzgerald. (1999). An	
			introduction to Human Molecular Genetics-	
			Mechanism of Inherited Diseases. Science	
			Press.	
			Thompson and Thompson. (2007). <i>Genetics in</i>	
			Medicine (7th Ed.).Saunders	
			Suggested e- Resources	
			Chromosome identification and	

S. No Course Lis	t Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 nomenclature (ISCN) http://www.cydas.org/Resources/ISCN_Discu ssion.html Pedigree data analysis 	
3) Intellectual Property Rights	 After completing this course, students will be able to: Understand the concept of IPR and its types Describe the steps for patenting Discuss the role of WTO and WIPO on IPR 		all/#sectionD Intellectual property rights (IPR) have an old history and are very relevant for economic development. Various types of IPR (patents, trademarks, copyright & related rights, industrial design, traditional knowledge, geographical indications) are recognized with specific uses. There is currently an emergence of specific IP pertaining to plants and animals (UPOV, Plant Breeder's rights and plant variety protection and farmers rights act, patent protection of plant and animal inventions (WTO) and Law on the protection of New plant varieties and animal breeds (WIPO)). It is important to know about types of patent applications and the process of patenting with special emphasis to India. The role of WTO (GATT and TRIPS) and WIPO in implementation of IPR is significant as understands the relevance of Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT) in patenting. IPR also are associated with certain ethical dilemma and there are some interesting case studies which highlight its relevance. Suggested Books:	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Sateesh, M.K. (2008). Bioethics and Biosafety. I.K. International Publishing House. Goel D. & Parashar S. (2013). IPR, Biosafety and Bioethics (1sted.) Pearson Education India. Pandey, N. and Dharni, K. (2014). Intellectual Property Rights. PHI Learning Ramakrishna, B. and Kumar, A. (2017). Fundamentals of Intellectual Property Rights: For Students, Industrialist and Patent Lawyers (1sted.). Notion Press Suggested e-resources: World Trade Organisation. http://www.wto.org World Intellectual Property Organisation. http://www.wipo.int International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants. http://www.upov.int National Portal of India. http://www.archive.india.gov.in 	
· ·	BT: Medical Microbiology	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Identify various bacterial, fungal, viral and protozoan diseases and their epidemiology Understand the relevance of emerging and reemerging diseases 	 Medical Microbiology and Immunology Section-A Innate and Acquired Immunity Antigens : types of Antigens, Antigen specificity, haptens, Antibody structure and functions MHC, Complement System Cell mediated cytotoxicity : Origin, maturation and characterization of T-lymphocytes, Monocytes & Macrophages, Mechanism of T cell and NK cell mediated lysis, ADCC, Macrophage mediated cytotoxicity, lymphokines - the product of T cell activation. Humoral immune response: Origin, maturation and characterization of B-lymphocytes, Activation and proliferation of B-cells, Formation of plasmablast, 	Medical Microbiology (Reading Elective) Medical Microbiology describes the cause, transmission, epidemiology, pathogenesis, symptoms, diagnosis and treatment of various bacterial (tuberculosis, typhoid, leprosy), fungal (superficial, subcutaneous, systemic mycosis), protozoan (Malaria, amoebiasis) and viral (AIDS, Influenza, measles) diseases. Currently, it is necessary to understand the impact of emerging and remerging diseases (cholera, dengue, multidrug resistant tuberculosis, H5N1 avian influenza, drug resistant malaria, chikungunya) on human health. Global assessment for various diseases also shows an increasing trend of nosocomial infections and	This course was earlier run as a core course in AMBT IIIrd sem.

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Essential immunology (1995):Roitt, I.M. Black well Scientific Publications, Oxford. Fundamental immunology: W.E. Paul 1984, Raven Press, New York. Fundamentals of Immunology: R.M. Coleman, M.F. Lombord and R.E. Sicard (1992) - 2nd ed. C. Brown publishers. Immunology : D.M. Weir and J Steward 7th Ed. (1993). Broude A.I. (1981): Medical "Microbiology" : and Infectious Diseases W.B. Saunders & Co. Philadelphia. Immunology: Janis Kuby. 		
	BT: Molecular Plant Breeding	 After completing this course, students will be able to: Understand strategies and applications of plant breeding technologies. Comprehend the knowledge of different plat molecular markers Plan a research career in the area of plant biotechnology 	An Introduction to Immunology: lan R. Tizzard.	 Plant breeding study involves breeding methods for self and cross pollinated crops. There are several limitations of conventional breeding. Thus, there is need to have a better breeding approaches to overcome this limitation. Development of molecular markers (RFLP, RAPD, SSRs, ISSRs, SNPs), construction of molecular maps and linkage analysis, mapping populations for QTLs using molecular markers play an important role in plant breeding. In order to develop potential plant having better qualities, Marker Assisted Selection (MAS) is also a viable approach which can be done by using selection of traits and markers, trait association, marker assisted backcrossing and recurrent selection, marker assisted improved varieties/germplasm. Suggested Books: Chawla, H. S. (2000). Introduction to Plant Biotechnology. USA: Science Publishers. Slater, A., Scott, N. and Fowler, M. (2008). 	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Plant Biotechnology: The Genetic Manipulation of Plants (2nded.). UK: Oxford University Press. Primrose, S.B., Twyman R.H. and Old R.W. (2001). Principles of Gene Manipulation (6thed.). Wiley-Blackwell. Nicholl, D.S.T. (2008). An introduction to Genetic Engineering (3rded). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. Glick, B.R., Pasternak, J.J. and Patten C.L. (2010). Molecular Biotechnology: Principles and Applications of Recombinant DNA (4thed.). American Society for Microbiology. Watson, J.D., Gilman, M., Witkowski J. and Zoller, M. (1992). Recombinant DNA (2nded.). W. H. Freeman publisher. Suggested e- Resources: Plant breeding https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103013/pdf/mod 6.pdf Molecular marker https://bit.ly/2XmNm0M Gene mapping in plant 	
6)	BT: Protein	On completion of this course,	https://bit.ly/2TaegKm An introduction to protein engineering for	
	Engineering	students should be able to:	developing proteins with desired functions.	
		• Analyse structure and construction of proteins	Various methods (rational design and directed evolution) of protein engineering are employed to	
		by computer-based	manipulate the different features or characteristics	
		methods	(affinity, specificity and stability etc) of proteins.	
		• Describe structure and	Engineering various physicochemical and	
		classification of proteins	biological properties (stability to changes in	
		• Analyse and compare the amino acid sequence and	parameters as pH, temperature, amino acid sequence and aggregation propensities etc) of the	
		structure of proteins, and	proteins could be important in their use as protein	

S. No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		relate this information to		drugs and/or catalysts in bioreactors. The insight	
		the function of proteins		into the fundamental understanding of the	
		• Explain how proteins can		mechanisms and forces (Van der waals,	
		be used for different		electrostatic, hydrogen bonding, weakly polar	
		industrial and academic		interactions, and hydrophobic effects), by which	
		purposes such as		protein stabilizes, will help in the formulation of	
		structure determination,		protein based pharmaceuticals. Protein	
		organic synthesis and		engineering with site-specifically incorporation of	
		drug design.		unnatural or non-canonical amino acids has been	
		• Plan and carry out		used to improve protein function for medical and	
		activity measurements of		industrial applications. Different computational	
		isolated proteins and		approaches (sequence and 3D structure analysis,	
		characterize their purity		data mining, Ramachandran map etc) to protein	
		and stability.		engineering would help to address the	
				requirements in order to find amino acid	
				sequences that will optimize a desired property	
				(physicochemical property and/or biological	
				function) of a protein. Determination of the	
				physicochemical properties of proteins using	
				various spectroscopic methods (Far-UV and Near-	
				UV CD, Fluorescence, UV absorbance and	
				Optical rotatory dispersion) would further support	
				the drug development process. Yeast surface	
				display (YSD)has become a valuable protein	
				engineering tool for modifying the affinity,	
				specificity, and stability of antibodies, as well as	
				other proteins. YSD could be successfully used for	
				protein epitope mapping, identification of protein-	
				protein interactions, and uses of displayed proteins	
				in industry and medicine. Developing vaccines	
				and peptidomimetics will further allow the	
				investigators to identify novel therapeutic leads for	
				numerous unmet clinical needs.	
				Suggested Books:	
				→ Walsh, G. (2014). Proteins: biochemistry and	

S. No Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			biotechnology, Second edition. Chichester,	
			West Sussex: Wiley Blackwell.	
			Creighton, T. E. (1997). Protein Structure: a	
			Practical Approach, 2nd Edition. Oxford	
			University press.	
			Cleland, J. L. &Craik, C. S. (2006). Protein	
			Engineering, Principles and Practice, Vol 7.	
			Springer Netherlands.	
			Mueller, K., and Arndt, K. (2006). Protein	
			Engineering Protocols, 1st Edition. Humana	
			Press.	
			▶ Robertson, D., and Noel, J. P. (2004). Protein	
			Engineering Methods in Enzymology, Vol 388.	
			Elsevier Academic Press.	
			▶ Kyte, J. (2006). Structure in Protein Chemistry,	
			2nd Edition. Garland publishers.	
			Williamson, M. P. (2012). <i>How proteins Work</i> .	
			New York: Garland Science.	
			Suggested e- Resources:	
			Protein Engineering:	
			https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103017/pdf/lectu	
			re%2022.pdf	
			Conformational stability of proteins:	
			https://bit.ly/2y85mid	
			Protein Engineering with Non-Natural	
			Amino Acids:	
			https://library.umac.mo/ebooks/b2805488x.pdf	

* Matter in contrast (black background & white letters) is shifted to some other units, and material brought as a result of shift is also in contrast. * Matter in square brackets, bold, italic and crossed is deleted. * Proposed added materials are shaded in grey.

Annexure- VD

List of online courses of M.Sc. Bioscience-Plant Science Programme

S No	Portal	Name of course	Duration	Semester (Core/Electi ve/ Additional)	Credit point(s)	URL	Paid/ Free	Fee	Remark
III S	Semester Online	elective course		•					
1	Harvard	Fundamentals of Ecology for Sustainable Ecosystem	-	Elective course	4	https://www.extensio n.harvard.edu/acade mics/courses/fundam entals- ecology/12779	Paid	\$1550	
IV S	Semester: Online	e core course BOT	508: Plant	Physiology	-				
1	ACS distance education	Plant Physiology and Taxonomy	100 h	Alternative Core course	6	https://www.acs.edu. au/courses/botany-i- plant-physiology- and-taxonomy- 199.aspx	Paid	Australian dollars 646	Suggested as Core course of BOT 508 Plant Physiology
IV S	Semester: Readi	ng Elective I/II		•	I				
1	NPTEL	Bio- organic Chemistry		Reading elective	4	http://nptel.ac.in/cour ses/104103018/#	Paid	Certification exam fee	
2	IIT, Delhi	Enzyme Science and Engineering		Reading Elective	2	http://freevideolectur es.com/Course/85/En zyme-Science-and- Engineering/1	Free	-	

S No	Portal	Name of course	Duration	Semester (Core/Electi ve/ Additional)	Credit point(s)	URL	Paid/ Free	Fee	Remark
3	NPTEL	Biocatalysis in organic synthesis		Reading Elective	3	http://nptel.ac.in/cour ses/104105032/		Rs. 1000 for certification exam fee	
4	National Institute of Disaster Management (Ministry of Home Affairs, New Delhi)	Comprehensive Disaster Risk Management Framework		Reading Elective	2	www.nidm.gov.in/on line.asp		Rs. 1500 Exam fee	
5	WIPO Academy - [DL] Distance Learning Program	DL101E - DL- 101 General Course on Intellectual Property		Reading Elective	4	https://welc.wipo.int/ acc/index.jsf?page=c ourseCatalog.xhtml	Free	-	
6	Algonquin college	Environmental Management - An Introduction		Reading Elective	-	http://www.algonqui ncollege.com/ccol/co urses/environmental- management-an-i		-	



BANASTHALI VIDYAPITH Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology M.Sc. APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY AND BIOTECHNOLOGY PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES

The M.Sc Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology programme aims for the holistic development of students through the unique and innovative five fold educational ideology of Banasthali Vidyapith and targets an extremely broad and yet specialized sector of microbial biotechnology having application in environmental, medical, agricultural, food and beverage industries. Due to the immense potential of research and entrepreneurial ventures present within these sectors, the curriculum has been devised specifically for students who wish to enter any of these sectors to develop their career as academicians, researchers, entrepreneurs or professionals. Through a well balanced and well distributed curriculum, the student will gain knowledge about diverse courses of biotechnology, microbiology, biochemistry, bioinformatics etc. This knowledge should find an amalgamative outcome in the practicals and eventually in the project work to be performed by the students. On completion of the Programme, students will be able to:

- use the fundamentals and concepts taught and translate it practically
- explore, interpret and analyse research literature and utilize it for scientific writing and designing experimental methodologies
- design and execute research problems relating to microbes and their various roles (pathogenesis, epidemiology studies, diagnostics, industrial applications, environmental remediation and molecular biology).
- identify potential domains and develop scope for entrepreneurial ventures.
- inculcate self-appraisal skills for fostering value added learning
- foster skills for public interaction to develop more awareness about microbes and their role in facilitating biotechnological advances.
- engage in lifelong learning in the broadest context of technological change.



BANASTHALI VIDYAPITH Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology M.Sc. APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY AND BIOTECHNOLOGY PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

PO1: Knowledge: Generate knowledge and skills to interpret, experiment, formulate and evaluate various theories and hypotheses associated with microbiology, biochemistry, molecular biology, immunology, environmental sciences, statistics, bioinformatics, industrial biotechnology, microbial physiology and genetics.

PO2: Planning abilities: Practice setting up of time and resource efficient working while managing delegation and organizational skill to improve output.

PO3: Problem analysis: Developing scientific methodology for formulating hypothesis, testing and experimentation to select and propose logical outcomes.

PO4: Modern tool usage: Identify, employ and inventorize the procedures and resources available to use the best combination for achieving the goal.

PO5: Leadership skills: By acknowledging the limitations of individualistic efforts, learn to work in team and simultaneously develop organizational skills, recognize and accept contributions to decisively and effectively compete while fulfilling professional responsibilities.

PO6: Professional Identity: Recognize and appraise various roles (researchers, entrepreneurs, diagnostician, quality control, academia, industry professional, publication houses, patent agents etc) to identify one's role as a productive and informed citizen.

PO7: Bioethics and Biosafety: Implementation of safe practices for containment following good lab practices and associated protocols are necessary to ensure protection and manage any risk for people and environment. Debate, argue and then conclude upon the most ethical route to pursue in research and subsequent commercialization is a must to overcome negative criticism and improve public perception.

PO8: Communication: Develop oral, written and presentation skill to achieve effective documentation procedures, standard operating protocols, along with research publications. Clarity in communication also helps in building transparency and generating good public support.

PO9: Role in society: Appraise the role played in society for solving various problems (technical, moral, ethical) to ensure social sustainability leading to generation of value added services and social recognition.

PO10: Environment and sustainability: Utilize the knowhow generated to create environmentally sustainable technology and work towards development of methodologies and practices for remediation and environment conservation.

PO11: Life- long learning: Formulate strategies for self appraisal, analysis and evolution to constantly innovate oneself and be a positive contributor to technology advancement.

Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology, Banasthali Vidyapith M.Sc. Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology Programme

	Existing Courses										
M.Sc. Appli	ed Microbiology and Biotechnology Sem. I	L	Τ	Р	С						
BIO 407	Cell and Molecular Biology	4	0	0	4						
BIO 403	Biochemistry and Biophysics	4	0	0	4						
BIO 409	General Microbiology	4	0	0	4						
BIN 401	Bioinformatics	4	0	0	4						
BIO 401	Analytical Techniques-I	4	0	0	4						
BIO 404L	Bioscience Lab-I	0	0	12	6						
	Total	20	0	12	26						

	Proposed Courses										
M.Sc. Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology Sem. I L T P											
BIO	Cell and Molecular Biology	4	0	0	4						
BIO	Biochemistry	4	0	0	4						
BIO	General Microbiology	4	0	0	4						
BIN	Bioinformatics	4	0	0	4						
BIO	Analytical Techniques-I	4	0	0	4						
BIO	Bioscience Lab-I	0	0	12	6						
	Total	20	0	12	26						

	Existing Courses										
M.Sc. Appli	M.Sc. Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology Sem. II L T P C										
BIO 406	Biostatistics and Research Methodology	4	0	0	4						
BIO 414	Microbial Physiology and Genetics	4	0	0	4						
BIO 413	Medical Microbiology and Immunology	4	0	0	4						
BT 406	Enzymology and Enzyme Technology	4	0	0	4						
BT 408	Genetic Engineering	4	0	0	4						
BIO 415L	Microbial Technology Lab-I	0	0	12	6						
	Total	20	0	12	26						

	Proposed Courses										
M.Sc. Appl	ied Microbiology and Biotechnology Sem. II	L	Т	Р	С						
BIO 406	Biostatistics and Research Methodology	4	0	0	4						
BIO	Microbial Physiology and Genetics	4	0	0	4						
BIO 411	Immunology	4	0	0	4						
BIO	Environmental Biology and Biotechnology	4	0	0	4						
BT	Genetic Engineering	4	0	0	4						
BIO	Microbial Technology Lab-I	0	0	12	6						
	Total	20	0	12	26						

Course proposed to be discontinued
Course content modified
Course shifted to/from different semester
New course proposed
Course shifted to/from different programme
Course shifted from core to elective course

	Existing Courses									
M.Sc. Appl	ied Microbiology and Biotechnology Sem. III	L	Т	Р	С					
BT 522	Recombinant DNA Technology	4	0	0	4					
BT 504	Bioprocess Engineering and Technology	4	0	0	4					
BT 507	Cell and Tissue Culture Technology	4	0	0	4					
BIO 504	Microbial Ecology and Diversity	4	0	0	4					
BIO 506L	Microbial Technology Lab-II	0	0	12	6					
	Elective	4	0	0	4					
	Total	20	0	12	26					
	List of Electives									
BIO 503	Fundamentals of Bioentrepreneurship									
BIO 505	Microbial Technology									
BT 513	Food Process & Biotechnology									
BT 515	Genomics and Proteomics									
BT 516	Immunotechnology									
BT 521	Plant Biotechnology									

	Proposed Courses										
M.Sc. Appl	M.Sc. Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology Sem. III										
BT	Bioprocess Engineering and Technology	4	0	0	4						
BIO	Critical Analysis of Classical Papers/ Landmark Discoveries (Seminar)	0	2	0	2						
BIO	Microbial Ecology and Diversity	4	0	0	4						
BIO	Microbial Technology Lab-II	0	0	12	6						
	Discipline Elective	4	0	0	4						
	Open Elective	4	0	0	4						
BT	Reading Elective-I/ II	0	0	0	2						
	Total	16	2	12	26						

	Existing Courses								
M.Sc. Appli	ed Microbiology and Biotechnology Sem. IV								
BT 508D	Dissertation	0	0	52	26				
	Total	0	0	52	26				

	Proposed Courses							
M.Sc. Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology Sem. IV								
	Reading Elective-I/ II	0	0	0	2			
BT 508D	Dissertation	0	0	48	24			
	Total	0	0	48	26			

Proposed List of Elective courses to be offered in III Semester				
BIO Fundamentals of Bioentrepreneurship				
BIO 505	Microbial Technology			
BT	Food Process and Biotechnology			
BT	Genomics and Proteomics			
BT	Immunotechnology			

BT	Plant Biotechnology			
BT	Recombinant DNA Technology			
BT	Animal Biotechnology-I			
PHY	Biophysics-I			
BT	Enzyme Technology			
	Forensic Biology and Serology			
BT	https://swayam.gov.in/course/264-forensic-biology-and-serology			
BT	Water and Waste Treatment Engineering: Biochemical Technology			
	https://www.edx.org/course/water-wastewater-treatment-engineering-tsinghuax			
	40050455-2x-0			
BT	Industrial Biotechnology			
	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc17_bt23/preview			
	https://swayam.gov.in/search?keyword=Industrial%20Biotechnology			
BT	Fundamentals of Ecology for Sustainable Ecosystem			
	https://www.extension.harvard.edu/academics/courses/fundamentals-			
ecology/12779				
-	st of Reading Elective-I/II to be offered in III & IV Semester			
BT	Drug Discovery			
BT	Human Genetics and Diseases			
	Intellectual Property Rights			
BT	Medical Microbiology			
BT	Molecular Plant Breeding			
BT	Protein Engineering			
BIO	Bio- organic Chemistry			
	http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104103018/#			
BT	Enzyme Science and Engineering			
	http://freevideolectures.com/Course/85/Enzyme-Science-and-Engineering/1			
BT	Biocatalysis in Organic Synthesis			
	http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104105032/			
BT	Comprehensive Disaster Risk Management Framework			
	www.nidm.gov.in/online.asp			
	General Course on Intellectual Property			
BT	https://welc.wipo.int/acc/index.jsf?page=courseCatalog.xhtml			
	Environmental Management - An Introduction			
	http://www.algonquincollege.com/ccol/courses/environmental-management-an-			
BT	introduction/			

S	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks	
No.		Outcome				
M. S	M.Sc. Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology I Semester					
1.	BIN 401:	After successful	Section-A	Section A	The components were	
	Bioinformatics	completion of the	• Introduction of computers: Basic components and their	• Introduction and scope of bioinformatics, Introduction to	very basic and mostly	
		course, students	functions, hardware and software, Input-Output devices.	biological databases: primary, composite, secondary	covered in	
		should be able to:	• Basic concepts about data and information, Representation	databases and structural database. Description of specific	undergraduate	
		• Describe and	of data in computers in binary, bits and bytes. Computer	databases: UniGene, UniProt, and RCSB - PDB).	programs in almost	
		identify various	words coding (ASCII and EBCDIC), Number System	Introduction to genomics, proteomics and phylogenetics	every stream of	
		databases and	Conversion.	resources available at ExPassy.	science as	
		tools used for	• Conceptual understanding of assemblers, Compilers,	• Introduction to sequence analysis: Dot Plot, scoring	compulsory	
		phylogenetic	Operating System.	matrices (PAM matrix) and gap penalty.	computerknowledge.	
		analysis.	• Introduction to Programming languages, C++, Perl.	Section B	Learning languages	
		• Apply protein	Section-B	• Description and application of global and local sequence	such as C++ and Perl	
		structure	• Information Retrieval: LAN, WAN, Introduction to	alignment. Sequence based database searching working	are extremely tedious;	
		prediction	Internet, WWW, NICNET, ERNET, On-line publishing	algorithms of BLAST, variations of BLAST. Multiple	syntax of these two	
		• Demonstrate	ventures eg. Biomed Central, BTIS Network in India.	Sequence alignment. Evolutionary significance of	languages is very	
		and apply	Introduction to Microarray Technology and its applications.	sequence alignment.	different to each other	
		different tools	Biological Databases: Primary Sequence databases (Protein	• Evolutionary models: Jukes - Cantor and Kimura two	and not of use	
		for data-mining	and DNA databases), Secondary databases, Composite	parameter.	without hands-on	
			databases. Online international database access	• Phylogenetic Analysis: distance based (UPGMA, N-J	sessions.	
				Methods) and character based (Maximum Parsimony).	More computer	
			Section-C	Section C	science information	
			• Sequence Alignment and Databases searching:	• Protein 2D structure prediction: Chou – Fasman algorithm	instead of	
			Evolutionary basis of sequence alignment, Optimal	• Protein 3D structure prediction: homology modeling, its	bioinformatics.	
			alignment methods; Dot Plot, Dynamic Programming .	advantage and limits.	Further, the proposed	
			• Databases similarity searching: Algorithms of FASTA	• Concept of structure optimization and energy	syllabus is	
			BLAST.	minimization.	comprehensive for	
			Statistical significance of alignment, Substitution Scores	• Forces stabilizing biomolecular interaction.	introductory course of	
			and Gap penalties.	• Principle of Molecular Docking. Types of molecular	bioinformatics.	
			• Multiple Sequence alignment: CLUSTAL W.	docking, its advantage and limits.	clustalWis obsolete,	
			. EMBOSS		progressive methods will include all the	
			Books Recommended :	Suggested Books:		
			A textbook of Bioinformatics : Sharma, Munjal&Shanker,	Rastogi, S.C. & Rastogi, P. (2013). <i>Bioinformatics</i>	concept and methodology of	
			,		methodology 01	

Comparative Table: M.Sc. Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology: Existing and Modified syllabus, Suggested Books and Suggested e-Resources

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Rastogi Publication, Meerut Fundamental of computer : P.K. Sinha Introduction to Bioinformatics : Parrysmith and Attwood Introduction to Bioinformatics : Baxevenis and Oulette Internet for Molecular Biologist : Swindell Molecular databases for protein sequences and structure studies - An Introduction Silence : J., Sillince M., Springerberlagd, Berlin 1972 Leaping from Basic to C++ : Robert J. Traister, A.P. Professional Cambridge Perl 5 Unleashed : Kamran Husain & Robert F Breedlore SAMS Publishing. Bioinformatics : David, Mount. 	 Methods and Applications (4thed.). New Delhi: PHI Learning Private Limited. Lesk, A.M. (2008). Introduction to Bioinformatics.UK: Oxford University Press. Krane, D.E. & Reymer, M.L. (2003). Fundamental Concepts of Bioinformatics. UK: Pearson Education. Attwood, T.K., Parry-Smith, D.J. & Phukam, S. (2009). Introduction to Bioinformatics (4thed.). UK: Pearson Education. Sharma, V., Munjal, A. & Shanker, A. (2017). A Text Book of Bioinformatics (2nded.). Meerut: Rastogi Publications. Suggested e- Resources: Chou-Fasman Method for protein secondary structure prediction https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/fd8c/c95aec2d7af19ed2 8eea3688b3c231d0e745.pdf Homology modeling https://proteinstructures.com/Modeling/homology- modeling.html ExPASy https://www.expasy.org/ 	programs like clustalW. Protein structure prediction is the new introduction in the content to satisfy the need and requirement of a complete bioinformatics course.
2.	BIO 401: Analytical Techniques-I	After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Comprehend the principles of various instrumentation techniques: • Identify suitable and relevant tools		 Section-A Chromatographic methods for macromolecule separation: TLC and Paper chromatography, Gel permeation, Ion exchange, Hydrophobic, Reverse-phase & Affinity chromatography; HPLC, FPLC & GLC. Electrophoretic techniques: Theory and applications of polyacrylamide and agarose gel electrophoresis, capillary electrophoresis, 2D electrophoresis, Disc gel electrophoresis, Gradient electrophoresis, Pulse field gel electrophoresis & Isoelectric focusing. 	Typographical errors have been rectified.

S	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.		Outcome			
		for use in	Section-B	Section-B	
		research	• Microscopy- Microscope and its modifications- Light,	• Microscopy:	
		problems	Phase contrast and interference, Fluorescence, Confocal,	Microscope and its modifications- Light, Phase contrast	
		• Utilize the	Electron (TEM & SEM), Electron tunneling and Atomic	and interference, Fluorescence, Confocal, Electron (TEM	
		scope of the	Force Microscopy	& SEM), Electron tunneling & Atomic Force	
		content for	• Centrifugation -Basic principle & theory, Types of	Microscopy	
		designing and	centrifuges- Micro centrifuge, High speed &	• Centrifugation:	
		performing	Ultracentrifuges; Preparative centrifugation, differential &	Basic principle & theory, types of centrifuges- Micro	
		future	density gradient centrifugation. Analytical centrifugation &	centrifuge, High speed & Ultracentrifuges. Preparative	
		experiments	its applications.	centrifugation: differential & density gradient	
				centrifugation. Analytical centrifugation & its	
			Section-C	applications.	
			• Spectroscopy-Principle, instrumentation applications in		
			biological sciences: UV-visible spectrophotometry	• Spectroscopy:	
			Florometry& Atomic absorption Spectrophotometer (AAS).	Principle, instrumentation applications in biological	
			Principle and application of NMR, X-ray crystallography,	sciences. UV-visible spectrophotometry, Florometry &	
			API electrospray, mass spectroscopy and MALDI-TOF,	Atomic absorption spectrophotometer (AAS). Principle	
			Circular Dichroism	& applications of NMR, X-ray crystallography, Mass	
			• Radioactivity :	spectroscopy and MALDI-TOF, Circular Dichroism.	
			• Radioactive and stable isotopes; Pattern and rate of		
			radioactive decay; Measurement of radioactivity; Geiger-	Radioactive and stable isotopes, Pattern and rate of	
			Muller counter; solid and liquid scintillation counters	radioactive decay, Measurement of radioactivity, Geiger-	
			(Basic principal, instrumentation and technique); brief idea	Muller counter, solid and liquid scintillation counters	
			of radiation dosimetry; Cerenkov radiation;	(Basic principle, instrumentation and technique), brief	
			autoradiography.	idea of radiation dosimetry, Cerenkov radiation &	
				autoradiography.	
			Books Recommended :	Suggested Books: Wilson K = Wellkor L (2010) = Principles and	
			Practical Biochemistry: Keith Wilson and John Walker, Combridge University Press	Wilson, K. & Walker, J. (2010). Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology.	
			Cambridge University Press.	Cambridge, UK: Cambridge University Press.	
			 Physical Biochemistry : David Friefelder. Instrumental methods of chemical analysis :Chatwal and 		
			2	Applications to Biochemistry and Molecular Biology.	
			Anand, Himalaya Publishing House.➢ Instrumental methods of chemical analysis : B.K.	New York, USA: W.H. Freeman and Company.	
			Sharma, Goel Publishing House.	 Chatwal, G.R. & Anand, S.K. (2018). Instrumental 	
		1	Sharma, Ooti rubisimig nouse.	r Chatwai, O.K. & Ananu, S.K. (2010). Instrumentut	l

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 X-Ray Methods : C. Whiston. The Electron Microscope in Biology : A. V. Grimstone. Tertiary level biology - Methods in Experimental biology : R. Ralph Blackie. Animal Tissue Technique : G.L. Humason. NMR and Chemistry : J.W. Akitt, Chapman and Hall. 	 Methods of Chemical Analysis. New Delhi, India: Himalaya Publishing House. Sharma,B.K. (2004). Instrumental methods of Chemical Analysis, In: Introduction to Analytical Chemistry. New Delhi, India: Goel Publishing House. Talluri, S. (2012). Bioanalytical techniques. New Delhi, India: I.K. International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. Chatanta, D.K. & Mehra, P.S. (2012). Instrumental Methods of Analysis in Biotechnology. New Delhi, India: I.K. International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. Suggested e- Resources: Chromatographic Techniques https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103108100/module7/module7. pdf Spectroscopic techniques https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103044/pdf/mod2.pdf Microscopic techniques www.nptel.ac.in/courses/102103015/pdf/mod3.pdf 	
3.	BIO 403: Biochemistry &	After successful completion of the	Biochemistry & Biophysics Section-A	Biochemistry Section-A	The title is changed as Biophysics
	-	 completion of the course, students should be able to: Understand the structure and role of various biomolecules Identify, assess and explain 	 Hydrogen bonding and structure of water molecule, lonization of water, pH and colligative properties of water. Bioenergetics: First & second law of thermodynamics, concept of free energy, change in standard free energy, ATP and its hydrolysis. Carbohydrates: general classification, Polysaccharides: &proteoglycans: Starch, glycogen, cellulose, chitin &bacterial cell wall. Glycosaminoglycans& proteoglycans 	 Bioenergetics: First and Second law of thermodynamics, concept of free energy, change in standard free energy. Carbohydrates: general classification, Polysaccharides: Starch, glycogen, cellulose & chitin. Glycolysis, Citric acid cycle. Electron transport system in mitochondria & chloroplasts. Oxidative phosphorylation, Photosynthetic phosphorylation, P/O ratio, Uncouplers. 	component has been removed as it does not fit in two year M.Sc. Biotechnology programme.
		 and explain various biochemical pathways Develop understanding of enzymes and 	 Section-B Electron transport system in mitochondria & chloroplasts. Oxidative phosphorylation, P/O ratio, Uncouplers. Lipids - Glycerophospholipids, sphingolipids, gangliosides, Eicosanoids & prostaglandins. Cholesterol & its 	 Section-B Lipids-glycerophospholipids, sphingolipids, gangliosides, eicosanoids & prostaglandins. Proteins & amino acids – Zwitterionic properties of amino acids & titration curves, Peptide bonds, disulphide crosslinks, various levels of structural organization of 	Section B: Relevant topics, which were earlier not part of the syllabus, have been added. These topics are essential part of

S	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.		Outcome			
		their	biosynthesis .	proteins.	the carbohydrate
		mechanism of		Ramachandran plot, Alpha-helix, Beta sheet,	metabolism, a key
		action	acids & titration curves. Peptide bonds, disulphide cross	• Structure function relationship in model proteins like	component of the
			links, various levels of structural organization of proteins.	ribonuclease A, haemoglobin and chymotrypsin.	living organisms.
			• Ramachandran plot, Alpha-helix, Beta sheet, Helix-coil transitions.	• Biosynthesis of purines and pyrimidines, <i>de novo</i> and salvage pathway,	Section C:
			Section-C	Section-C	Biophysics topics
			• Structure function relationship in model proteins like	• Introduction to enzymes: Classification of enzymes	have been deleted.
			ribonuclease A, haemoglobin, chymotrypsin.	Nomenclature of enzymes, E.C. Number.	Reshuffling done in
			• Biosynthesis of purines and pyrimidines, de novo and	• Enzyme kinetics (Michaelis – Menten kinetics),	order to coherently
			salvage pathway, various confirmations of nucleotides,	importance and determination of Vmax and Km values, L	organize various
			glycosidic bond rotation, base-stacking.	& B plots.	topics of the syllabus
			Mechano-Chemical Process: Molecular structure of muscle-	• Enzyme inhibition: competitive, non-competitive and un-	
			Actin, myosin, troponin, tropomyosin, Muscle Contraction.	competitive.	
			• Action Potential and propagation of neuronal computation	 Coenzymes and Isozymes. 	
			through nerve fibre.		
			Books Recommended :	Suggested Books:	
			> Principles of Biochemistry : A.L. Lehninger, Nelson and	Nelson, D. L. & Cox, M.M. (2012). Lehninger Principles	
			Cox, McMillan Worth Publishers.	of Biochemistry (6 th ed.). New York, USA: W. H.	
			➢ Biochemistry :Voet and Voet, John Wiley and Sons, Inc.	Freeman and Company.	
			USA.	▶ Rodwell, V.W., Bender, D., Botham, K.M., Kenelly, P.J.	
			▶ Biophysical Chemistry Vol. I, II &III : Cantor and	& Weil., P.A. (2018). Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry	
			Schimmel, Freeman.	(31 st ed.). New York, USA: McGraw-Hill Education.	
			Biochemistry :Zubey, WCB.	➢ Voet, D. &Voet, J.G. (2010). Biochemistry (4 th ed.). New	
			Biochemistry : Garrett and Grisham, Harcourt.	Jersey, USA: Wiley.	
			Biochemistry :Stryer, W. H. Freeman.	▶ Berg, J.M., Tymoczko, J.L., Gatto Jr., G.J. & Stryer, L.	
			Understanding Enzymes : T. Palmer, Horwood.	(2015). Biochemistry (8 th ed.). New York, USA: W. H.	
			➢ Harper's review of Biochemistry : R.K. Murray et al.,	Freeman and Company.	
			Prentice-Hall International Inc.	Garrett, R. H. & Grisham, C. M. (2012). <i>Biochemistry</i>	
			Fundamentals of Biochemistry : Cohn and Stumf.	(5 th ed.). Belmont, USA: Wadsworth Publishing Co Inc.	
			Molecular Biophysics-Structure in Motion :Michel	Palmer, T.& Bonner, P. (2014). Enzymes: Biochemistry,	
			Daune, Oxford University Press.	Biotechnology and Clinical Chemistry. UK: Woodhead	
				Publishing Limited.	
				Cantor, C.R. & Schimmel, P.R. (1980). <i>Biophysical</i>	

S	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.		Outcome			
				 Chemistry Part I, II & III. New York, USA: W. H. Freeman and Company. Ferdinand, W. (1976). The Enzyme Molecule. New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd. Suggested e- Resources: Metabolic pathways, Biomolecules https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=2 Mechanism of enzyme action http://www.biologydiscussion.com/enzymes/enzymes- 	
				properties-and-mechanism-of-enzyme-action/6145	
				 E-book for Garrett and Grisham 	
				https://bit.ly/2TbDWWR	
4.	BIO 404L:	After successful		Analytical Techniques-I	
	Bioscience	completion of the	Centrifuges (Table top and high speed), Balances		The experiments have
	Lab-I	course, students	(electrical and digital).	- Centrifuges (high speed refrigerated centrifuge &	been reframed and
		should be able to:	2. Demonstration, principle and use of lab equipments:	ultracentrifuge),	modified keeping in
		• Demonstrate	Spectrophotometer, pH meter.	- Fluorescence microscope.	consideration, the
		use of various	3. Estimation of proteins by Lowry's and TCA methods.	- Atomic absorption spectrophotometer, HPLC, FPLC,	suggested syllabus.
		tools and	5. Estimation of carbohydrates (reducing and non-reducing	GC-MS	
		techniques for	sugar).	2. Separation of amino acids by TLC and Paper	
		detection and	6. Estimation of fats (cholesterol).	Chromatography.	
		quantification	7. Preparation and purification of casein from buffalo milk.	Cell and Molecular Biology	
		of	8. Separation of amino acids by TLC and paper		
		biomolecules.	chromatography.	meiosis (onion buds/grasshopper testis) and determine	
		• Perform	9. Determination of Logic properties (pH value of Lysine by	the mitotic index.	
		various	titration). 10. Το find λmax for proteins.	4. Separation of chloroplast by sucrose density gradient	
		biochemical	11. Use of selective and diagnostic media for cultivation,	centrifugation Biochemistry	
		assays for fats,	isolation, enumeration and purification of microorganisms.	5. To prepare sodium acetate buffer and validate the	
		carbohydrate,		Henderson-Hasselbach equation.	
		protein and	13. Isolation and enumeration of microbes from air/soil by	 Extraction of crude enzyme from germinating mung bean 	
		enzymes	serial dilution/agar plating method.	seeds.	
		Demonstrate microbiologica	14. Antibiotic sensitivity test.	 7. Estimation of total protein content by Lowry's method. 	
		microbiologica	15. Microbiological examination of food.	 Separation of protein by SDS PAGE. 	
		l techniques		or separation of proton of 5005 terest.	

S Course List No.	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	 Outcome Access, retrieve, and analyze nucleotide and protein sequences using bioinformatics tools 	 Citric acid production by A. niger. Study of cell division in plants and animals, Giant chromosomes. Separation of different organelles/molecules by sucrose density gradient/differential gradient. Separation and identification of serum proteins/plant proteins by gel electrophoresis. Histochemical localization of biomolecules (protein, earbohydrate or any other). Bioinformatics exercise 1 Bioinformatics exercise 2. 	 P. Estimation of acid phosphatase activity using standard curve of p-nitrophenol. 10. Purification of the crude enzyme extract (from Expt. 6) using ammonium sulphate precipitation and ion exchange/affinity chromatography (demonstration). 11. Determination of kinetic properties (Km and Vmax values) of acid phosphatase. 12. Estimation of total carbohydrates using Anthrone method. 13. Estimation of reducing sugar by Nelson-Somogyi method. 14. Estimation of fats (cholesterol). Microbiology 15. Isolation and enumeration of microbes from soil and water. 16. Staining of selected bacterial and fungal strains. 17. Estimation of infectivity titre of a virus sample using Plaque assay. Bioinformatics 20. Database Search: Use and analysis of BLAST tool for protein and DNA sequences. 21. Molecular Evolution: Multiple sequence alignment and phylogenetic analysis. (Clustal X/ Mega/ Tree-View). 22. Structure Prediction: Protein secondary and tertiary structure prediction: Structural analysis of PDB entries for active and inactive states of protein (Pymol). Suggested Books: Aneja, K. R. (2001). Experiments in Microbiology, Plant Pathology, Tissue Culture and Mushroom Production Technology. New Delhi, India: New Age International Ltd. 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Cappuccino, J. G. & Welsh, C. (2019). <i>Microbiology: A Laboratory Manual</i>. New York, USA: Pearson. Sadasivam, S., & Manickam, A. (1996). <i>Biochemical Methods</i> (2nd ed.). New Delhi: New Age International Publishers. Saxena, J., Baunthiyal., & Ravi, I. (2015). <i>Laboratory Manual of Microbiology, Biochemistry and Molecular Biology</i>. Jodhpur: Scientific Publishers. Suggested e- Resources: Harisha, S. Biotechnology procedures and experiments handbook http://site.iugaza.edu.ps/mwhindi/files/BIOTECHNOLO GY-PROCEDURES-AND-EXPERIMENTS-HANDBOOK.pdf Introduction to biotechnology http://www.austincc.edu/awheeler/Files/BIOL%201414 %20Fall%202011/BIOL1414_Lab%20Manual_Fall%20 2011.pdf 	
5.	BIO 407: Cell and Molecular Biology	After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: • Understand membrane transport and cell signalling mechanisms. • Develop comprehensive understanding of endo- membrane system • Understand	 Section-A Molecular structure and function: Structural models, Composition and dynamics; Transport of ions and macromolecules; Pumps, carriers and channels; Membrane carbohydrates and their significance in cellular recognition; cellular junctions and adhesions; structure and functional significance of plasmodesmata. Endocytosis and exocytosis, clathrin&coatomer coated vesicles, SNARE proteins. Cell to cell signaling :autocrine, paracrine and endocrine stimulation. Signaling via G-protein linked cell-surface receptors, adenylatecyclase system, inositol phosphate pathway, role of Ca²⁺ -ions. Signallingvia enzyme-linked surface receptors, tyrosine kinases. 	 Section-A Molecular structure and function of plasma membrane; Transport of ions & macromolecules; Pumps, carriers and channels; Membrane carbohydrates & their significance in cellular recognition; Cellular junctions & adhesions. Endocytosis & exocytosis, clathrin coated vesicles, SNARE proteins. Cell to cell signalling: autocrine, paracrine and endocrine stimulation. Signaling via G-protein linked cell surface receptors, adenylate cyclase system, inositol phosphate pathway, role of Ca²⁺ ions. 	Plasmodesmata already covered in 'cell junctions'

S Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.	Outcome			
	0	 Steroid receptors. Section-B Mitochondrial membrane organization, transport of proteins into mitochondria and chloroplasts. Genome of mitochondria and cholorplasts. Concept of signal peptide, SRP, SRP Receptor, transport of soluble and membrane bound proteins in Endoplasmic Reticulum, ER Resident proteins, ER chaperone proteins and their functions, glycosylation of proteins in ER. Golgi apparatus, role in protein glycosylation and transport. Lysosomes, intracellular digestion, sorting of lysosomal enzymes in Golgi, lysosomal storage diseases. Section-C Replication of genetic material in prokaryotes and eukaryotes: initiation, elongation and termination; Replication of single stranded circular DNA. Prokaryotic transcription: Transcription units; RNA polymerase structure and assembly; Promotors; Rho-dependent and Rho-independent termination; Antitermination. Eukaryotic transcription: RNA polymerase structure and assembly; RNA polymerase I, II, III; eukaryotic promoters and enhancers; general transcription factors; TATA binding proteins (TBP) and TBP associated factors (TAF). Post transcriptional modifications: processing of hnRNA, tRNA and rRNA; 5'-Cap formation; 3'-end processing and polyadenylation; Splicing; RNA editing; Nuclear export of mRNA; mRNA stability; Catalytic RNA. Translation: Translation machinery; Ribosomes: composition and assembly; Genetic code: degeneracy of eodons, initiation, and termination, Co- and post-translational 	 Section-B Protein sorting and targeting: Signal hypothesis, SRP, SRP Receptor, ER Resident proteins, ER chaperone proteins & their functions, glycosylation of proteins in ER. Golgi apparatus, role in protein glycosylation and transport. Lysosomes, intracellular digestion, sorting of lysosomal enzymes in Golgi, lysosomal storage diseases. Transport of proteins into mitochondria & chloroplasts. Cell Cycle & its regulation, apoptosis. Section-C Replication of genetic material in prokaryotes & eukaryotes: initiation, elongation & termination; Replication of single stranded circular DNA. Prokaryotic transcription: Transcription units; RNA polymerase structure & assembly; Promotors, Rhodependent & Rho-independent termination; Antitermination. Eukaryotic transcription: RNA polymerase structure and assembly; RNA polymerase I, II, III; eukaryotic promoters & enhancers; general transcription factors; TATA binding proteins (TBP) and TBP associated factors (TAF). Post transcriptional modifications: processing of hnRNA, tRNA and rRNA; 5'-Cap formation; 3'-end processing and polyadenylation; splicing; RNA editing; nuclear export of mRNA; catalytic RNA. Genetic code, Isoaccepting t-RNA; Translation: 	The deleted portion has been replaced with more relevant topic Cell Cycle and its regulation and division.

S	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.		Outcome	 modifications. Books recommended : Cell and Molecular Biology : De Robertis& De Robertis, B.I. Waverly Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. The world of the cell : W.M. Becker, Pearson Education. Cell and Molecular Biology : G. Karp, John Wiley & Sons. The Cell - A Molecular Approach : Cooper, Sinauer. Cell and Molecular Biology : P.K. Gupta, Rastogi Publications. Molecular Cell Biology :Lodish, Baltimore, W. H. Freeman & Co. Molecular Biology of the Cell : Bruce Albert, Garland Publication, NY. Essentials of Cytology : C.B. Powar, Himalaya Publications. Principles of Genetics : Gardner, Simmons, Snustad, John Wiley & Sons. Gene VIII :Lewin, Pearson Education. Molecular Biology : David Freifelder, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi. Molecular Biology : R. Weaver, WCB McGraw Hill. 	 Suggested Books: De Robertis, E.D.R. & De Robertis, E.M.F. (2017). <i>Cell and Molecular Biology</i>. New York, USA: Lippincott Williams & Wilkins. Hardin, J., Bertoni, G. & Lewis, K.J. (2011). <i>Becker's World of the Cell</i>. Essex, UK: Pearson Education Limited. Karp, G., Lwasa, J. & Larshall, W. (2015). <i>Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments</i>. New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd. Cooper, G., M. & Hausman, R. E. (2004). <i>The Cell: A Molecular Approach</i>. Washington, D.C.: ASM Press. Lodish, H., Berk, A., Kaiser, C. A., Krieger, M., Bretsher, A., Ploegh, H., Amon, A. & Martin, K. C. (2007). <i>Molecular Cell Biology</i>. New York, USA: W. H. Freeman and Company. Alberts, B., Johnson, A., Lewis, J., Raff, M., Roberts, K.& Walter, P. (2007). <i>Molecular Biology of the Cell</i>. UK: Garland Science. Freifelder, D. M. (1986). Molecular Biology. USA: Jones & Bartlett Publishers. Suggested e- Resources: Cell Biology resources https://www.nature.com/scitable Sorting and trafficking of proteins http://www.vcell.science/project/proteintrafficking RNA editing study.com/academy/lesson/rna-editing-definition-processes.html 	
6.	BIO 409: General Microbiology		80	 General Microbiology Section-A History of Microbiology. Classification of Eubacteria (upto sections based on 	Course specific to M.Sc. AMBT.

S	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.		Outcome			
		Describe	Manual), Ultrastructure and morphology of Bacteria.	Bergey's manual) & Archaebacteria.	
		bacterial	• Composition of Cell wall of archaebacteria & eubacteria, L-	 Classical & molecular tools used for classification. 	
		structure,	forms, cell membrane, capsules, reserve food materials,	• Structure of eubacteria & archaebacteria.	
		nutrition,	nutrition and reproduction.	• Nutrition in bacteria- nutritional classes, modes of	
		growth and	• Brief Idea about Prochlorons & cyanelles.	nutritional uptake, media (types) & culture methods.	
		tools used for		• Bacterial growth, factors affecting growth, measurement	
		microbial		of bacterial growth & modes of bacterial reproduction.	
		classification.	Section-B	Section –B	
		• Explain	Classification of fungi and algae.	• Classification of fungi- a brief overview.	
			• Ultrastructure and characteristics of Fungi, nutrition and	• Ultrastructure of fungi, nutrition, growth, metabolism	
		protists and	metabolism, reproduction, heterothallism, physiological	heterothallism, physiological specialization.	
		fungi.	specialization.	• Classification of protists -brief overview.	
		Develop	• Brief idea about Cyanobacteria, Mycorrhiza and Lichens.	• Brief idea about Cyanobacteria, Mycorrhiza, Lichens,	
		comprehensive		Cyanelles & Prochlorons.	
		concepts of		Section-C	
		virology	• Classification of Viruses (Plant, animal and bacteriophage)	• Classification of Viruses- ICTV classification, Baltimore	
		including viral	- Distillet properties of viruses.	classification.	
		structure, replication,	• Morphology and ultrastructure of viruses Animal, plant and	• Structure & properties of viruses.	
		classification,	bacteriophages, one step growth curve, replication of	• General scheme of viral replication.	
			viruses, cultivation of viruses.	• Bacteriophages: one step growth curve, structure and life	
		assay.	 Serological and immunological assay of viruses. 	cycle of T ₄ and lambda phages, molecular control of lytic	
		assay.	Brief idea about prions	& lysogenic cycle.	
				• Animal virus: structure and life cycle of herpes simplex	
				virus, papovavirus, reovirus and retroviruses.	
				• Plant virus: structure and life cycle of geminivirus,	
				caulimovirus & tobacco mosaic virus; virus-vector	
				relationship.	
				• Assay methods for viruses; virus cultivation.	
			Recommended Books:	• Brief idea about prions, satellites & viroids.	
			▶ Bergey's Manual of Systematic Bacteriology - P.H.A.	Suggested Books:	
			Sneath, N.S. Mair, M. Elizabeth.	> Willey, J. M., Sherwood, L.M. & Woolverton, C.J.	
			➢ General Microbiology : RY Stainer, JL Ingharam, ML Wheeling → DR Drinter (1000) Magmillan Educational	(2014). <i>Prescott's Microbiology</i> (9 th ed). New York, USA:	
			Wheelis, PR Painter (1999) Macmillan Educational	McGraw-Hill Education.	
			Ltd. London.		

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Microbiology : MJ Pelczar, ECS Chan, NR Kreig, Mc Graw Hill. Microbiology : B.D. Davis, R. Dulbecco, H.N. Eisen and H.S. Guisberg. Harper and Row Publishers, Hagerstorn, 3rd Ed. Microbiology, A Laboratory Manual : Cappuccino, J.G. and Sherman, N., Addison Wesley. 	Pelczar Jr., M.J., Chan, E.C.S. & Krieg, N.R. (2011). <i>Microbiology</i> . New York, USA: Tata McGraw-Hill.	

S	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.		Outcome			
				https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3577227/	
				pdf/jmbe-11-1-64b.pdf	
M. 5	Sc. Applied M	icrobiology and Bio	technology II Semester		
7.	BT 415L:		Microbial Technology Lab - I	Microbial Technology Lab-I	The experiments have
	Microbial	completion of the		Environmental Biology and Biotechnology	been reframed and
	Technology	course, students		1. Determination of total hardness of water.	modified keeping in
	Lab - I	should be able to:	3. To determine activity of acid phosphatase from	2. Determination of fluoride content in water.	consideration, the
		• Demonstrate	peas/moong seedlings.	3. Determination of BOD values.	suggested syllabus.
		techniques used		4. Determination of LD50 for common	
		in immunology	5. Determination of kinetic properties (Km and Vmax values)	pesticides/weedicides.	
		and genetic	of an enzyme.	5. Bacteriological analysis of waste water.	
		engineering.	6. To check time and protein linearity of an enzymatic	Immunology	
		• Perform key	reaction.	6. To perform differential leucocytes count.	
		experiments for	7. Immobilization of an enzyme.	7. Lymphoid organs and their microscopic organization	
		water quality	8. Blood film preparation and identification of leucocytes.	8. To perform immune diffusion by ochterlony double	
		analysis and	9. Lymphoid organs and their microscopic organization.	diffusion method.	
		microbial	10. Immunization, collection of serum.	9. To perform immunoelectrophoresis.	
		physiology.	11. Double diffusion and immuno-electrophoresis.	10. ELISA: Determination of antibody titre.	
		• Solve problems	12. ELISA : Determination of antibody titre.	Genetic Engineering	
		based on	13. Immunodiagnostics (Demonstration using commercial	11.Extraction of genomic DNA by CTAB method and	
		bacterial gene	kits).	determination of purity.	
		mapping.	14. Clinical tests : eg. malarial parasite and widal test.	12. Estimation of DNA content by diphenyl amine (DPA)	
			15. Extraction and estimation of RNA.	method.	
			16. Extraction and estimation of DNA.	13.PCR amplification of 'n' number of genotypes of a	
			17. To find λ max for nucleic acids.	species using random primers (Demonstration).	
			18. Preparation of metaphase chromosomes.	14. Extraction of RNA by Phenol chloroform method and	
			19. Detection of ADH activity in tissue/cells by cytochemical	estimation by orcinol method.	
			staining using Drosophila.	Microbial Physiology and Genetics	
			20. Statistical problem.	15. Measurement of superoxide dismutase activity in	
			21. Genetic problem - (chromosome mapping).	bacteria under different physiological conditions	
				(Temperature, pH).	
				16. Analysis of photopigments of Rhodospirillaceae /	
				Cyanobacteria.	
				17. Genetic exercise: bacterial mapping.	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Biostatistics and Research Methodology 18. Biostatistics problems based on following: Measures of dispersion (variance). Correlation analysis. Probability and probability distribution. Testing hypothesis by student t- test, Fisher's test, chi-square test and one way analysis of variance. Suggested Books: Aneja, K.R. (1996). Experiments in Microbiology, Plant Pathology, Tissue Culture and Mushroom Cultivation (2nd ed.). New Delhi: Wishwa Prakashan. Green, M. R. & Sambrook, J. (2012). Molecular Cloning: a Laboratory Manual. Cold Spring Harbor, NY: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press. Gupta S.P. (2000). Statistical Methods. S. Chand Publications. Suggested e- Resources: Harisha, S. Biotechnology procedures and experiments handbook http://site.iugaza.edu.ps/mwhindi/files/BIOTECHNOLO GY-PROCEDURES-AND-EXPERIMENTS-HANDBOOK.pdf Introduction to biotechnology : http://www.austincc.edu/awheeler/Files/BIOL%201414 %20Fall%202011/BIOL1414_Lab%20Manual_Fall%20 2011.pdf 	
8.	BIO 406: Biostatistics and Research Methodology	After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: • Apply statistical analysis to biological data	 Section-A Scope of Biostatistics, variables in biology, collection, classification, tabulation of data. Frequency distribution, diagrammatic and graphical presentation of statistical data, sampling techniques. Measures of central location and dispersion, simple measure of skewness and kurtosis. Probability, conditional probability. 	No change in the syllabus	

S	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.		Outcome			
		 Identify ethics in scientific research and associated methodologies Develop skills in scientific writing. 	 Binomial, Poisson and Normal Distribution. Correlation and Regression: Least Square method of fitting, Standard error of estimate, Correlation and regression coefficient. 	 Suggested Books: Singh S. (1988). Statistical methods for Research. Central publishing, Ludhiana. Gupta S.P. (2000). Statistical Methods. S. Chand Publications. Khan and Khanum (2012). Fundamentals of Biostatistics. Ukaz Publications. Zerold J. (2009). Biostatistical Analysis.UK: Pearson Education. Marcello P. and Kimberlee G. (2000). Principles of Biostatistics. Duxbury. Prasad S. (2012). Elements of Biostatistics. Rastogi Publications. Rastogi V. B. (2015). Biostatistics. Medtec Publications. 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Zoology.Pearlbooks.	 Basotia, G.R. & Sharma K.K. (1999). Research Methodology. Mangal Deep Publications. Chaudhary C.M. (1991). Research Methodology. RBSA Publications. Dorendro A. (2016). Research Methodology in Zoology. Pearlbooks. Kadam R.M. & Allapure R. B. (2016). Research Methodology in Botany. Gaurav Books Suggested e- Resources: ANOVA https://www.analyticsvidhya.com/blog/2018/01/anova- analysis-of-variance/ Regression Analysis https://bit.ly/2s9vHdM Student's t Test- Interactive tutorial https://www.ruf.rice.edu/~bioslabs/Stats_tutorial/index.ht ml 	
9.	BIO 414 :	After successful	Microbial Physiology and Genetics	Section A	Topics need to be
	Microbial	completion of the	Section-A	• Overview of metabolic diversity among micro-organisms.	elaborative.
	Physiology and Genetics	should be able to: • Demonstrate differences between bacteria on basis of	 Metabolic diversity among micro-organisms Photosynthesis in micro-organisms, Role of chlorophylls, carotenoids and phycobilins; Calvin cycle; chemolithotrophy; Hydrogen-iron-nitrite-oxidising bacteria; Nitrate and sulfate reduction; Methanogenesis and Acetogenesis. Nitrogen metabolism Nitrogen fixation Hydrocarbon transformation 	 Phototrophy- Oxygenic & Anoxygenic Photosynthetic reactions; Role of chlorophylls, carotenoids and phycobilins. Calvin cycle. Chemolithotrophy: hydrogen, sulfur, iron oxidizing bacteria; nitrate & sulfate reduction. Nitrogen metabolism : Nitrifying and denitrifying bacteria. Nitrogen fixation: Mechanism of N₂ fixation, nif genes organization & regulation. 	
		 Compare and interpret various regulatory mechanisms in a bacterial cell. Conceptualize 	 Frydrocarbon transformation Section-B Microbial development, sporulation and morphogenesis, hyphae vs. yeast forms and their significance. Respiratory metabolism - Embedden - Mayerhoff-Parnas pathway, Entner-Duodroff pathway, Glyoxylate pathways, 	 Microbial development, hyphae vs. yeast forms & their significance. Regulation of cellular processes: Quorum sensing by <i>Vibrio sp</i>, Sporulation in <i>Bacillus subtilis</i>. Metabolic pathways & regulation - Embedden - Mayerhoff-Parnas pathway, Entner-Duodroff pathway, 	Hydrocarbon transformation Repeated in AMBT III sem

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		microbial genetics and utilize it for mapping.	 Krebs Cycle, Oxidative and substrate level phosphorylation, ATP generation. Prokaryotic genome : Organization of DNA into chromosomes. Gene unit of structure and function : complementation test. Section-C Genetics of bacteriophages. Mapping of bacterial chromosomes. Gene transfer mechanisms - conjugation, transduction and transformation. Transposable genetic elements. Regulation of gene expression in prokaryotes (lac & trp), genetic code, extrachromosomal inheritance. 	 Pentose phosphate pathway. Glyoxylate pathways, Krebs Cycle, Oxidative & Substrate level phosphorylation, ATP generation. Section-C Genetics of bacteriophages: Classification of bacteriophages, genome map & replication cycle of T4, T7 phages, <i>λ</i> -phages, ØX174, & M13 bacteriophages. Mapping of bacterial chromosomes. Gene transfer mechanisms - conjugation, transduction & transformation. Transposable genetic elements: Different types of mobile DNA elements, IS- elements, composite transposons, Retrotransposons. Regulation of gene expression in prokaryotes (<i>lac & trp</i>), Superstad Backer. 	We need to specify all types of bacteriophages to be covered in the syllabus.
			 Suggested Books: Microbial Genetics : Maloy et. al., Jones & Bartlett Publishers. Molecular Genetics of Bacteria : J.W. Dale, John Wiley & Sones. Microbial Physiology and Metabolism : D.R. Caldwell, Brown Publishers. Microbial Physiology : A.G. Moat & J.W. Foster, Wiley. Microbial Genetics : D. Friefelder. Genetics of Bacteria and their Bacteriophasge : W. Hayes. 	 Suggested Books: Willey, J. M., Sherwood, L.M. & Woolverton, C.J. (2014). Prescott's Microbiology (9thed.). New York, USA: McGraw-Hill Education. Madigan, M., Martinko, J., Stahl, D. & Clark, D. (2010). Brock Biology of Microorganisms (13thed.). UK: Pearson Education. Maloy, S.R., Cronan, J.E. & Freifelder, D. (1994). Microbial Genetics (2nd ed.). US:Jones & Bartlett Publishers. Dale, J.W. & Park, S.F. (2010). Molecular Genetics of Bacteria (5th ed.). Hoboken, NJ: Wiley Blackwell. Caldwell, D.R. (1995). Microbial Physiology and Metabolism. Dubuque, Iowa, US: W C Brown. Moat, A. G., Foster, J. W. & Spector, M. P. (2002). Microbial Physiology (4th ed.). US: Wiley. Atlas, R.M. & and Bartha, R. (1998). Microbial Ecology: Fundamentals and Applications (4th ed.). UK: Pearson Education. Barton, L.L. & Northup, D.E. (2011). Microbial 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 <i>Ecology.</i> Hoboken, NJ: Wiley Blackwell. Suggested e- Resources: Microbial metabolism https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103015/pdf/mod6.pdf Bacteriophages and Their Structural Organization http://eprints.bbk.ac.uk/9131/1/doc.pdf Nitrogen fixation https://bit.ly/2SXz3RZ Transposable elements https://opencourses.auth.gr/modules/document/file.php/O CRS474/Presentations/9.%20Transposable% 20elements.pdf Bacterial quorum sensing https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3543102 Chemolithotrophy https://courses.lumenlearning.com/boundless- https://courses.lumenlearning.com/boundless- 	
10.	BIO 411: Immunology	After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: • Evaluate and compare the role of various components and mechanisms of the immune system. • Describe various immune response mechanisms • Develop	 Section-A Basic concepts of immunology: specific and nonspecific defense mechanisms (innate and acquired immunity), organs and cells of immune system. Antigen and Antigenicity: concept of immunogens, antigens, heptans, mitogens and superantigens. Properties of antigens, eross reactivity, special group of antigens: bacterial antigens, viral antigens, cell surface antigens (MHC), autoantigens, isoantigens and frossman antigens (Heterophilic antigens). Immunoglobulins: structure and properties of immunoglobulins, immunoglobulin isotypes and their significance.Immunoglobulins as antigens: isotypes, allotypes and idiotypes. Complement System. 	 microbiology/chapter/chemolithotrophy/ Section-A Basic concepts of immunology: Historical background of immunology, specific and nonspecific defense mechanisms (innate and acquired immunity), cells and organs of immune system. Antigen and Antigenicity: Concept of immunogens, antigens, haptens, mitogens and superantigens. Properties of antigens, special group of antigens: bacterial antigens, viral antigens, cell surface antigens (MHC), autoantigens, isoantigens and frossman antigens (Heterophilic antigens). Immunoglobulins: Structure and properties of immunoglobulins, immunoglobulin isotypes and their significance. Immunoglobulins as antigens: isotypes, allotypes and idiotypes, brief idea about instructive, selective & clonal selection theory of antibody formation. Complement system. 	

S	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.		Outcome			
		concept of		Section-B	
		antibody	Section-B	• Cell - mediated immune responses: origin, maturation and	
		generation and	1 6 1	characterization of T-Lymphocytes, monocytes and	
		various	characterization of T-Lymphocytes, monocytes and	macrophages, characteristics of antigen presentation and	
		immunological	macrophages, characteristics of antigen presentation and its	its significance, concepts of memory cell, mode of action	
		techniques	significance, concepts of memory cell, mode of action and	and functioning of TH, TC, CTLS and NK cells,	
			functioning of TH, TC, CTLS and NK cells, lymphokines,	lymphokines, the product of T-cell activation.	
			the product of T cell activation.	• Humoral immune responses: Origin, maturation and	
			• Humoral immune responses: Origin, maturation and	characterization of B-Lymphocytes, activation and	
			characterisation of B Lymphocytes, activation and	proliferation of B and T cells, antibody generation <i>in vivo</i> .	
			proliferation of B and T cells, antibody generation in vivo.	• Immunological tolerance and characteristics and	
			• Immunological tolerance and Autoimmunity: characteristics	mechanism of immunologic tolerance, factors affecting	
			and mechanism of immunologic tolerance, factors affecting	immunologic tolerance of autoimmunity. Immune	
			immunologic tolerance and mechanisms of autoimmunity.	regulation, positive, negative selection, apoptosis.	
			Hypersensitivity: Type I, II, III and IV.	Section-C	
				Hypersensitivity: Type I, II, III and IV.	
			Section-C	• Hybrid and Chimeric monoclonal antibodies, catalytic	
			• Hybrid and Chimeric monoclonal antibodies, catalytic antibodies	antibodies.	
				• Surface plasmon resonance, biosensor assay for assessing	
			• Surface plasmon resonance, Biosensor assay for assessing ligand-receptor interaction.	ligand-receptor interaction.	
				• Advanced immunological techniques: Immunofluorescent and immunogold labelling.	
			Measurement of low molecular weight non immunogenic compounds (such as secondary metabolites);	and minunogold labelling.	
			phytohormones immunoassays.		
			Advanced immunological techniques: Immunofluorescent		
			and Immunogoldlabelling	Suggested Books:	
				Abbas, A.K. & Lichtman, A.H. (2001). Basic	
			Books Recommended:	Immunology: Functions and Disorders of Immune System.	
			Abbas, A.K., &Lichtman, A.H. (2001). <i>Basic immunology:</i>	US: W.B. Saunders.	
			Functions and Disorders of Immune System. US: W.B.		
			Saunders.	(2011). Roitt's Essential Immunology (12 th ed.). New	
			Delves, P.J., Martin, S.J., Burton, D.R., & Roitt, I.M (2011).	Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd.	
			Roitt's Essential Immunology (12 th ed.). New Jersey, USA:		
			John Wiley & Sons Ltd.	Kuby Immunology (6 th ed.). New York, USA: W.H.	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Goldsby, R. A., Kindt, T.J., & Osborne, B. A. (2006). <i>Kuby Immunology</i> (6thed.). New York, USA: W.H. Freeman & Co. Ltd. Paul, W.E. (1999). <i>Fundamental Immunology</i> (14thed.). USA: Lippincott-Raven. Peakman, M.,&Vergani, D. (2009). <i>Basic and Clinical Immunology</i> (2nded.). US: Elsevier Health Sciences. Tizard, I.R. (2017). <i>Veterinary Immunology</i> (10thed.). US: Elsevier Health Sciences. 	 USA: Lippincott-Raven. Peakman, M. &Vergani, D. (2009). Basic and Clinical Immunology (2nded.). US: Elsevier Health Sciences. Tizard, I.R. (2017).Veterinary Immunology (10thed.). US: Elsevier Health Sciences. Suggested e- Resources: Basic Immunology https://bit. y/2E6Zz16l Monoclonal Antibodies https://www.genscript.com/how-to-make-monoclonal- antibodies.html Complement system 	
12.	BT 406: Enzymology and Enzyme Technology	At the end of this course, the students will have fundamental knowledge of enzymes and varioustechniques involved in their production and purification. They would also learn about theirapplication in different fields such as medical, textile, chemical processes, etc. They can applythis knowledge for	 Section-A History and introduction to enzymes: Classification of enzymes. IUPAC system, nomenclature, E.C. numbers. Enzyme kinetics (Michaelis - Menten laws), importance and determination of Vmax and Km values, Hofstee's plot, L & B plots. Bisubstrate reactions-ordered & random sequential mechanism. Theorell chance mechanism, ping pong mechanism, products of inhibition in bisubstrate reactions. Enzyme inhibition: competitive, non-competitive and other types. Section-B Extraction of soluble and membrane bound enzymes from microbial, plant and animal tissues. Purification of enzyme activity, various controls (metabolic compartmentation, covalent modifications and others), feedback regulation, allosteric enzymes 	https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3956958/ This course is proposed to be discontinued in the present form from the II Semester.	Some part of the syllabus is integrated with core course "Biochemistry". Remaining part of the syllabus is revised as per the present need and proposed as an elective course named as "Enzyme Technology" in the III Semester.

S	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.		Outcome			
		better	Coenzymes, Isozymes and Multienzyme complexes		
		understanding of	• Methods of storing enzymes.		
		other basic and			
		advanced courses	• Large scale production of enzymes including genetic		
		in	engineering approaches for their over production.		
		biologicalsciences	• Enzyme engineering; identification of active sites,		
		as well as to solve	approaches for modification of catalytic properties.		
		research based	 Techniques of enzyme immobilization and their applications 		
		problems.	in:		
			i. Food industry- High fructose syrup, cheese making and		
			beer industry.		
			ii. Antibiotics and other Pharamaceuticals		
			iii. Medical applications		
			iv. Analysis of substances, enzyme electrodes, enzyme		
			thermistors.		
			Basic idea of proteomics		
			Suggested Books:		
			 Understanding Enzymes: T. Palmer. 		
			 Fundamentals of Enzymology: Price and Stevenson. 		
			> The Enzyme: Dixon and Webb, Academic Press, London.		
			> Methods in Enzymology: Academic Press.		
			> The Enzyme Molecule: W. Ferdinan, John Wiley and		
			sons.		
			> Protein Methods: D.M. Bollag and S.J. Edelstein, Wiley-		
			Liss.		
			> The Nature of Enzymology : F.L. Foster, John Wiley and		
			sons.		
			> Enzyme technology, biotechnology Vol7 : John Wiley and		
			sons.		
			> Enzyme, Biomass, Food and Feed Biotechnology Vol. 9 :		
			John Wiley and Sons.		
13.	Environmen	After successful	M.Sc. III Semester Bioscience core course	Environmental Biology and Biotechnology	"Environmental
	tal Biology	completion of the	BIO 408: Environmental Biology and Toxicology	Section A	Biology and
	and	course, students	Section-A	Structure and functions of ecosystem.	Biotechnology" is

S	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.		Outcome			
	Biotechnolo	should be able to:	- Concept of energy, conventional & non-	Energy flow in organisms, energy pathways &	proposed to be
	gy	• Identify key	conventional energy sources. Fossil fuels, hydro,	models, energy efficiencies.	included as a new
		factors	wind and nuclear power, geothermal, solar and	Basic concept of Population Ecology – Inter & intra-	core course in the
		responsible for	bioenergy.	specific interactions among populations.	second semester
		ecosystem	- Energy flow in organisms, energy pathways &	Community structure & dynamics: Ecological	instead of the existing
		balance and	models, energy efficiencies, conservation of energy.	succession.	core course
		explain	- Classification & characteristics of resources: water,	Natural resources & conservation: water, soil, forest,	"Enzymology and
		different efforts	soil, forest, wild life, land use.	wild life.	Enzyme
		which can be	- Conservation of natural resources: water, soil, forest	Environmental challenges & sustainable	Technology". The
		undertaken for	and wild life.	development; Environmental Laws & Acts.	syllabus of
		restoration and	Section-B	Section B	"Environmental
		environmental	- Origin of pollutants : industrial, agricultural,	Heavy metal toxicity, agrochemical pollutants.	Biology and
		remediation.	domestic and vehicular sources.	▶ Bioremediation of heavy metal pollution and oil	Biotechnology" is
		• Comprehend	- Pollutant & their toxicology : Heavy metals and	spills, phytoremediation.	designed by updating
		the toxicity of	trace elements. Agrochemicals (Pesticides,	Radiations-as environmental pollutants. Effects of	and merging the
		various	herbicides, rodenticides & fungicides, detergents) &	radiations at cellular, molecular & genetic level.	contents of existing
		environmental	particulate matter.	Disposal of radioactive waste.	courses BIO 408
		pollutants and	- Types of radiations including ionizing & non-	> Waste water treatment- sources of waste water,	"Environmental
		their influence	ionizing radiations & their interaction with matter.	strategies used in primary, secondary & tertiary	Biology and
		on ecosystem.	- Radiations as environmental pollutants.	treatments, water reclamation.	Toxicology" which is
		 Understand 	- Effects of radiations at cellular, molecular & genetic	Section C	running as a core
		different waste	level.	Biofertilizers, biopesticides, compost &	course in third
		management	Section-C	vermicompost.	semester of M.Sc.
		processes and	- Mutagenecity, carcinogencity.	Biofuels: Biogas, bioethanol, biodiesel, biohydrogen.	Bioscience
		generation of	- Green house effect, acid rains.	Biodegradable plastics.	programme and
		energy from	- Ozone layer depletion, photochemical smog.	Biodegradation of xenobiotic compounds: Simple	another course BT
		waste.	- Types of solid wastes, transport, reuse & recycling.	aromatics, chlorinated polyaromatic petroleum	509 "Environmental
		• Describe	M.Sc. III Semester Biotechnology core course	products & pesticides; role of degradative plasmids.	Biotechnology"
		various roles	BT 509: Environmental Biotechnology	Solid waste management: types, treatment &	which is running as a
		played by	Section-A	disposal strategies.	core course in the
		microbes in	- Current status of biotechnology in environmental	Bioleaching of metals, microbially enhanced oil recovery. Bioindicators.	third semester of
		biodegradation,	protection. Source & woote water treatment, Dhusical		M.Sc. Biotechnology
		bioremediation	- Sewage & waste water treatment: Physical,	Suggested Books	programme.
		and plant	Chemical and biological treaments; Aerobic	➢ Allen, K. (2016). Environmental Biotechnology.	

S	Course List Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.	Outcome			
	8	Existing Syllabus processes & anaerobic processes, Primary, secondary and tertiary treatments; Sludge dewatering & its disposal; Water reclamation. Solid waste management: Methods & disposal of non hazardous and hazardous solid wastes, recycling, methods of disposal of radioactive waste. Conservation of Biodiversity: Ex-situ & in-situ methods. Section-B Biofertilizers and microbial inoculants, Biopesticides. Biodegradation of xenobiotic compounds: Simple aromatics, chlorinated polyaromatic petroleum products, Pesticides and surfactants. Bioremediation & Biorestoration: Reforestation through micro-propagation, development of stress tolerant plants, and use of mycorthiza in reforestation of soil contaminated with heavy metals. Section-C Biofuels: Energy crops, Conventional sources of biofuel, Second and third generation of biofuel, Biogas, Bioethanol, Biohydrogen. Biodegradable plastics. Bioindicators and Biosensers for detection of environmental pollution. Environmental genetics: Degradative plasmids, release of GE microbes in environment.	 Suggested Syllabus New Delhi, India: CBS Publishers. Miller, G.T. (2004). Environmental Science: Working With The Earth (10th ed.). Singapore: Thomson Asia. Milton, W. (Ed.). (1999). An Introduction to Environmental Biotechnology. USA: Springer. Milton, W. (Ed.). (1999). An Introduction to Environmental Biotechnology. USA: Springer. Modi, P. N. (2015). Sewage treatment & disposal and waste water engineering. New Delhi, India: Rajsons Publications Pvt. Ltd. Odum E. P. (2006). Fundamentals of Ecology (5thed.). Boston, US: Cengage. Sharma, P.D. (2008). Environmental Biology and Toxicology. Meerut, India: Rastogi Publications. Sodhi, G.S. (2002). Fundamental Concepts of Environmental Chemistry. New Delhi, India: Narosa Publishing House. Tripathi, B. N., Shekhawat, G. S., & Sharma, V. (Ed.). (2009). Applications of Biotechnology. Jaipur, India: Aavishkar Publishers. Vallero, D.A. (2016). Environmental Biotechnology: Abiosystems approach. US: Elsevier. Wright, R. T. (2015). Environmental Science: Toward a Sustainable Future. UK: Pearson Education. Suggested e-resources Ecosystem structure http://www.biologydiscussion.com/ecosystem/ecosystem -its-structure-and-functions-with-diagram/6666 	Remarks
			 Radioactive waste treatment https://ehs.unc.edu > Manuals > Radiation Safety Manual Environmental Remediation https://www.iaea.org/sites/default/files/18/05/environme 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 ntal_remediation.pdf Biological treatment of wastewater http://www.neoakruthi.com/blog/biological-treatment-of- wastewater.html Biogas http://www.biologydiscussion.com/biomass/production- of-biogas-from-biomass/10436 Biofuel http://uru.ac.in/uruonlinelibrary/BioFuels/Biomass%20an d%20biofuels.pdf Biological treatment of wastewater http://www.neoakruthi.com/blog/biological-treatment-of- wastewater.html Xenobiotic compound biodegradation https://it.lk/2CUD.aMi 	
14.	BT 408: Genetic Engineering	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Develop comprehensive understanding of gene manipulation techniques Describe various cloning and expression vectors Develop skills for primer designing, gene amplification and expression 		 https://bit.ly/2GHRoMj Section-A Basic concepts of DNA structure and properties, restriction enzymes, DNA ligase, Klenow enzyme, T₄ DNA polymerase, polynucleotide kinase, alkaline phosphatase. Cohesive & blunt end ligation, linkers, adapters, homopolymeric tailing, labeling of DNA, nick translation, random priming, radioactive & non-radioactive probes. Hybridization techniques: Colony hybridization, Northern, Southern, South-Western & far-western blotting. DNA-Protein Interaction: Chromatin immunoprecipitation, electromobility shift assay, DNaseI footprinting, methyl interference assay. Protein-protein interaction: Yeast two hybrid system, split ubiquitin system, co-immunoprecipitation, Forster Resonance Energy Transfer, phage display. Isolation of genomic DNA from prokaryotes and eukaryotes, isolation of Plasmid DNA and Bacteriophage 	Already there in the genetics paper

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Plasmids, Bacteriophages, pBR322 and pUC series of vectors, M13 and P2 phage based vectors, High capacity vectors: Cosmids, phagemid, phasemid, YAC, BAC, Animal and Plant virus based cloning vectors, Shuttle vectors, Expression vectors, pMal, GST, pET-based vectors, Insertion of foreign DNA into Host Cells, Transformation, Constructions of libraries, cDNA and genomic cloning, Expression cloning, Jumping and hopping libraries, South-western and Far-western cloning, Protein-protein interactive cloning and Yeast two hybrid system, Phage display. Section-C Primer designing, Fidelity of thermostable enzymes, DNA polymerase, Types of PCR- multiplex, nested, reverse transcriptase, real time PCR, cloning of PCR products, T-vectors, Proof reading enzymes, Principles in maximizing gene expression, Gene expression analyses, differential gene expression methods, Introduction of DNA into mammalian cells, transfection techniques. 	 DNA. Isolation of total RNA and mRNA. Section-B Plasmids, Bacteriophages, pBR322 & pUCseries of vectors, M13 based vectors. High capacity vectors:cosmids, phagemids, BAC, animal & plant virus based cloning vectors, shuttle vectors; expression vectors: pMal, GST, pET-based vectors; <i>Baculovirus</i> and <i>Pichia</i> vectors. Introduction of DNA into mammalian cells. cDNA & genomic libraries, expression, cloning, jumping & hopping libraries. Section-C Primer designing, fidelity of thermostable enzymes. Types of PCR- multiplex, nested, reverse transcriptase, real time PCR, touchdown PCR, hot start PCR, colony PCR, <i>in situ</i> PCR, T-vectors. Principles in maximizing gene expression methods. 	Yeast vectors have been covered in Recombinant DNA Technology course. Relevant vectors have been added. Repeated topics have been removed
			 Molecular Cloning Vol. 1, 2 and 3 :Sambrook, Russell and Maniatis, Cold Spring Harber laboratory, 2001. Molecular Biology of Gene : J.D. Watson, Pearson Education. An Introduction to Gene Technology-From genes to clones :Winnacker, VCH. Principles of Gene Manipulation : Old and Primrose. MoleculerBiotechnology : B.R. Glick and J.J. Pasternak, ASM Press Washington, USA. Genetic Engineering : Science and ethics on new frontier : Michael Boylan, Pearson Education. An Introduction to Genetic Engineering : S.T. Nicholl, Cambridge University Press. 	 Suggested Books: Brown, T. A. (2006). Genomes (3rded.). New York: Garland Science. Glick, B.R. & Pasternak, J.J. (1998). Molecular Biotech: Principles and Application of Recombinant DNA. US: ASM Press. Green, M. R. & Sambrook, J. (2012). Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual. Cold Spring Harbor, NY: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press. Old, R. W., Primrose, S. B. & Twyman, R. M. (2001). Principles of Gene Manipulation: an Introduction to Genetic Engineering. Oxford: Blackwell Scientific Publications. 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Recombinant DNA Methodology : Grossman and Noldave, Academic Press.	 Richard J. R. (2004). Analysis of Genes and Genome. New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd. Suggested e- Resources: Genetic engineering – Basics, New Applications and Responsibilities http://library.umac.mo/ebooks/b28055287.pdf Construction of genomic libraries https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103013/20 Enzymes in genetic engineering https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103013/7 	
		crobiology and Bio	technology III Semester		
15.	BT 522: Recombinant DNA Technology				The course BT 522: Recombinant DNA Technology which is offered as a core course in the existing syllabus but now contents of this course have been modified and proposed to be offered as an elective course.
16.	BT504: Bioprocess Engineering and Technology	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Identify bioreactor design and differentiate between types Explain 	 Section-A Microbial growth and death kinetics. Mass balance, maintenance coefficient and yield concepts in bioprocesses engineering. Substrate utilization and product formation kinetics. Basic concept of volumetric mass transfer coefficient (kLa) and Medium Rheology. Sterilization. 	 Section – A General concept of Fermentation, Types of bioreactors (CSTR, Bubble driven bioreactor, Packed bed bioreactor, Fluidized Bed bioreactor). Basic concept of mass balance & yield coefficient. Unstructured & structured growth model. Batch, continuous & fed batch processes with substrate utilization & product formation kinetics. Sterilization kinetics. 	The syllabus has been remodeled to include more relevant topics which are of current significance. Certain topics have been accommodated in different sections of the paper and other courses as per to their

	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.		Outcome kinetics of scale up and sterilization along with processes of downstreaming . Demonstrate large large scale production production of biomolecules	 Batch, continuous and fed batch processes. Brief overview of different bioreactor configurations (Stirred tank, Air lift and Bubble columns). Downstream processing: Bioseparation-filtration, centrifugation, sedimentation, flocculation; Cell disruption; Liquid-liquid extraction; Purification by chromatographic techniques; Reverse osmosis and ultra filtration; Drying; Crystallization. 	 Section-B Volumetric mass transfer coefficient (kLa). Medium Rheology in bioprocesses engineering. Downstream processing: Bioseparation-ultrafiltration, precipitation, Cell disruption, Liquid-liquid extraction, chromatography, drying, crystallization. Upscaling of bioprocess. Enzyme immobilization & immobilized cell systems. Section-C Screening, maintenance & strain improvement of industrially important microbes. 	suitability. In Section C, the numbers of examples have been limited in order to generate a balance between sections.

S Course List No.	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
110.	Outcome		 Prentice Hall PTR Upper Saddle River. Suggested e- Resources: Microbial Enzymes https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5387804 /pdf/BMRI2017-2195808.pdf Acetone-Butanol Fermentation https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4894279 /pdf/fnw134.pdf Microbial culture fermentation https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/b4d3/7ed66ef2e37ce22ff 7a3be09e3df7568fe49.pdf Reverse Osmosis https://www.oas.org/dsd/publications/unit/oea59e/ch20.htm 	
17. BIO 506L: Microbial Technology Lab-II	Aftersuccessful completion of the course, students should be able to:•Perform production and scale up of some industrially relevant bioactive molecules from microbes•Demonstrate gene 	 Microbial Technology Lab - II Degradation of pesticide in soil and estimation of its residue. Determination of LD50 for common pesticides/weedicides. Bacteriological analysis of waste water. Detection of mutagens by Ames test. Isolation and determination of plasmid DNA from E.coli. Electrophoretic separation of plasmid DNA. Restriction digestion of plasmid DNA. To obtain transposon Tn5 insertion into the genome of AK 631 strain of Rhizobium meliloti using suicide plasmid vector PGS 9. To transfer plasmid PJB3JI from J53 strain of E. coli to HB101 strain of E.coli. Estimation of growth and product yield. Estimation of Biomass. Comparison between aerobic and anaerobic process. Enzyme biosynthesis and measurement of its activity. 	 Microbial Technology Lab – II Bioprocess Engineering and Technology 1. Production of citric acid from <i>Aspergillus</i> sp.and its estimation by titration. 2. Estimation of K_{La} by sodium sulphite method. 3. Production of alpha amylase from <i>Bacillus</i> sp. and its estimation. 4. Scale up of alpha amylase production from100 ml to 1 L. 5. Immobilization of enzyme by sodium alginate method. 6. Estimation of growth and product yield in a Bioconversion process. 7. Comparison between aerobic and anaerobic process Genetic Engineering 8. Preparation of competent cells (<i>E. coli</i> DH5α strain). 9. Transformation of <i>E. coli</i> with plasmid and calculation of transformation efficiency. 10. Isolation of plasmid DNA from <i>E. coli</i>by alkaline lysis method. 11. Restriction digestion of plasmid DNA and its 	The experiments have been reframed and modified keeping in consideration, the suggested syllabus.

S	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.		Outcome			
		specific habitats	15. Embryo culture.	electrophoretic separation.	
		and their role in	16. Identification of Microbes through permanent slides.	12. To transfer plasmid PJB3JI from J53 strain of <i>E. coli</i> to	
		environmental	17. Preparation of permanent mounts of various microbes.	HB101 strain of <i>E.coli</i> .	
		processes.	18. Antagonistic activity of Trichoderma viridae against few	Microbial Ecology and Diversity	
			plant pathogens.	13. Biochemical tests for identification of bacteria- (IMVic	
				tests, carbohydrate fermentation)	
				14. Degradation of pesticide in soil & estimation of its	
				residue.	
				15. Study of diversity in rhizosphere soil	
				16. Antagonistic activity of <i>Trichoderma</i> against selected	
				fungal strains.	
				Suggested Books:	
				➤ Kulandaivel, S. & Janarthanan, S. (2012). Practical	
				Manual of Fermentation Technology. New Delhi, India:	
				I.K.International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.	
				Cappuccino, J. G. & Welsh, C. (2016). <i>Microbiology: A</i>	
				Laboratory Manual. USA: Benjamin-Cummings	
				Publishing Company.	
				Collins, C. H., Lyne, P. M., Grange, J. M. & Falkinham,	
				J.O. (2004). Collins and Lyne's Microbiological	
				Methods (8th ed.). London, UK: Arnold.	
				Green, M. R. & Sambrook, J. (2012). Molecular	
				Cloning: a Laboratory Manual. Cold Spring Harbor,	
				NY: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press.	
				Suggested e- Resources:	
				Harisha, S. Biotechnology procedures and	
				experiments handbook	
				http://site.iugaza.edu.ps/mwhindi/files/BIOTECHNOLO	
				GY-PROCEDURES-AND-EXPERIMENTS-	
				HANDBOOK.pdf	
				> Introduction to biotechnology	
				http://www.austincc.edu/awheeler/Files/BIOL%201414	
				%20Fall%202011/BIOL1414_Lab%20Manual_Fall%20	
				2011.pdf	

S	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
~ No.		Outcome			
	BT 507: Cell and Tissue Culture Technology	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Develop comprehensive concepts of cell and tissue culture techniques and methodology Demonstrate use of various plant and animal tissue culture techniques Explain applications of cell and tissue culture, horticulture, medicine and pharmaceutical industry 	 Historical background and terminologies used in cell & tissue culture. Basic techniques of cell and tissue culture, sterilization, aseptic tissue transfer, concept of totipotency. Nutritional requirement of cell in vitro, various types of nutrient media. 	 Proposed to be discontinued in AMBT, will continue in MSc Biotechnology and MSc Bioscience Suggested Books: > Bhojwani, S.S. & Razdan, M.K. (1996). Plant Tissue Culture. USA: Elsevier Science. Chawla, H. S. (2000). Introduction to Plant Biotechnology. US: Science 	Proposed to be discontinued in AMBT, will continue in MSc Biotechnology and MSc Bioscience

S Course I No.	List Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		 US: Science Publishers. Razdan, M. K. (2006). Introduction to Plant Tissue Culture. New Delhi, India: Oxford and IBH Pub. Smith, R. H (Ed.). (2013). Plant tissue culture: Techniques and experiments. Amsterdam: Academic Press. Butler, M. (2003). Animal Cell Culture and Technology (2nded.). UK: Taylor & Francis. Mathur, S. (2006). Animal Cell and Tissue Culture. India: Agrobios. Clynes, M. (Ed.) (1998). Animal Cell Culture Techniques. Germany: Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg. Pollard, J.W., & Walker, J.M. (Eds.). (1990). Animal Cell Culture. USA: Humana Press John, R. W. (2000). Animal Cell Culture: A Practical Approach (3rded.). UK: Oxford University Press. Freshney, R. I. (2011). Culture of Animal Cells: A Manual of Basic Technique and Specialized Applications (6thed.). USA: Wiley-Blackwell. Davis, J. M. (2011). Animal Cell Culture: Essential Methods. New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd. 	 Publisher Razdan, M. K. (2006). Introduction to Plant Tissue Culture. New Delhi, India: Oxford and IBH Pub. Smith, R. H (Ed.). (2013). Plant Tissue Culture: Techniques and Experiments. Amsterdam: Academic Press. Buler, M. (2003). Animal Cell Culture and Technology (2nded.). UK: Taylor & Francis. Mathur, S. (2006). Animal Cell and Tissue Culture. India: Agrobios. Clynes, M. (Ed.) (1998). Animal Cell Culture Techniques. Germany: Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg. Pollard, J.W. &Walker, J.M. (Eds.). (1990). Animal Cell Culture. USA: Humana Press John, R. W. (2000). Animal Cell Culture: A Practical Approach (3rded.). UK: Oxford University Press. Freshney, R. I. (2011). Culture of Animal Cells: A Manual of Basic Technique and Specialized Applications (6thed.). USA: Wiley-Blackwell. Davis, J. M. (2011). Animal Cell Culture: Essential Methods. New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd. Suggested e- Resources: Background of Tissue Culture Technology https://bit.ly/2EsffNI Embryogenesis and organogenesis https://ptel.ac.in/courses/102103016/module1/lec8/3.ht ml Single cell cultures and cloning https://bit.ly/2E5i1ae Protoplasm isolation and regeneration https://ptel.ac.in/courses/102103016/12 Haploid plant production https://ptel.ac.im/courses/102103016/12 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		outcome		 diagram/10700 Preservation of cell lines https://www.ukessays.com/essays/biology/techniques- for-cell-preservation-biology-essay.php Somatic hybridization https://bit.ly/2Ix8Tk1 Animal cell culture products http://www.biologydiscussion.com/biotechnology/anim al-biotechnology/applications-of-animal-cell-	
19.	BIO 504:	After successful	Microbial Ecology and Diversity	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc17_bt21/preview Microbial Ecology and Diversity	Students should have
	Microbial	completion of the		Section –A	some idea about
	Ecology and		• Microbial diversity : Distribution; Abundance and		history and scope of
	Diversity	should be able to:	Ecological niche; Different types of microbial interactions.	scope, Microbial community dynamics (r and K	the subject which is
		• Describe	• Study of different ecological groups : Oxygenic and	selection, succession within microbial communities),	lacking in present the
		microbial	anoxygenic photosynthetic microbes.	species diversity indices, Microbial ecosystem models.	syllabus.
			Oxidative transformation of Sulphur, Iron, Ammonia and		Distribution,
		special	Hydrogen.	microbe, Plant-microbe, Animal-microbe).	Abundance and
		reference to	• Culturable and Unculturable bacteria, Conventional and	• Biogeochemical cycling of sulphur, Iron, ammonia &	Ecological niche(All
		microbial	modern methods to study microbial diversity.	hydrogen.	will be covered in microbial community
		ecosystem.Identify various		• Unculturable bacteria & approaches to culture,	dynamics) Microbial
		• Identify various habitats of		Conventional & modern methods to study microbial	ecosystem models
		extremophiles	Section-B	diversity. Section –B	will provide a better
		-	• Extremophiles : Mechanisms and adoption of Psychrophiles,	• Extremophiles: Adaptations of Psychrophiles,	understanding of how
		mechanism of	Acidophiles, Alkaliphiles, Hyperthermophiles, Basophiles	Acidophiles, Alkaliphiles, Hyperthermophiles,	microbial
		survival.	and Osmophiles.	Barophiles & Osmophiles.	communities
		• Explain	 Halophiles, membrane variation, electron transport. 	 Halophiles, membrane variation, electron transport. 	assemble and operate
			 Methanogens and Biogas production, Rumen microbiology - 	 Methanogens & Biogas production, Rumen 	
		interactions of	action of rumen microorganisms, microbial fermentation in	microbiology - action of rumen microorganisms,	This part of syllabus
		relevance in	the rumen.	microbial fermentation in the rumen.	is not defined. It will
		environmental	• Applications of thermophiles and extremophiles.	• Applications of thermophiles & extremophiles.	be better if we define

S	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.		Outcome			
		remediation.			the relevant topics to
			Section-C	Section-C	be covered. (Type of
			• Stress microbiology : Environmental stress (density	• Stress response systems in microbes: Heat shock	interactions)
			dependent & density independent) strain, Methanotrophs and	response, envelope stress response, cold shock response,	It will be appropriate
			Methylotrophs.	starvation strategies.	if we include
			• Bioleaching - Microbes and mechanism of Bioremediation	Methanotrophs and Methylotrophs.	complete
			of iron and copper ores, Heavy metal detoxicants (Metal	• Bioleaching - Microbes and mechanism of	biogeochemical
			microbe interaction, biosorption, bioaccumulation-and-metal	Bioremediation of iron and copper ores, metal microbe	cycles as it is
			scavenging by microbes).	interaction: biosorption, bioaccumulation, redox	important to discuss
			• Catabolic pathway of recalcitrant molecule degradation and	transformation and biomineralization	complete redox cycle
			mineralization.	• Catabolic pathway of recalcitrant molecule degradation	Students should have
				and mineralization (halocarbons, nitroaromatic,	an idea of different
				•	recent approaches to
			Recommended Books	petroleum hydrocarbons, pesticides)	grow unculturable
			Extremophiles: Johri, B.N. 2000. Spinger Verlag, New	Suggested Books:	bacteria
			York.	➢ Atlas, R.M. & Bartha, R. (1998). Microbial Ecology:	It's a printing mistake
			Microbial Diversity: Colwd, D. 1999. Academic Press.	Fundamentals and Applications (4th ed.). UK: Pearson	in syllabus
			> Introduction to Environmental Microbiology Michel, R.,	Education.	There is no proper
			1999.	Satyanarayan, T. & Johri, B.N. (2005). Microbial	concept of
			Microbial Ecology: Alexander, M. (1971) John Wiley and	Diversity: Current Perspectives and Potential (1st ed.).	Environmental stress
			Sons, Inc. New York.	New Delhi, India: I.K International Publishing House.	in microbiology
				▶ Barton, L.L. & Northup, D.E. (2011). Microbial	related to density.
				Ecology. Hoboken, NJ: Wiley Blackwell.	Different types of
				Mitchell, R. & Gu, J.D. (Ed.). (2010). Environmental	stress are already
				<i>Microbiology</i> (2 nd ed.). Hoboken, NJ: Wiley Blackwell.	discussed under
				Suggested e- Resources:	extremophiles in
				Microbial Ecology: History & Importance	section B. There is no
				https://study.com/academy/lesson/microbial-ecology-	concept of strain
				history-importance.html	microbiology the
				Modern methods to study microbial diversity	term 'strain' in
				https://www.highveld.com/microbiology/microbial-	microbiology is used
				ecology.html	to denote species
				Biogeochemical cycle, Catabolic pathway of	type. Instead we can
				recalcitrant molecule degradation	include different

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				https://bit.ly/2E7X661 Microbial Ecology https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/book/10.1002/978111 8015841 Environmental Microbiology https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/book/10.1002/978047 0495117	Stressresponsesystems in microbesand study importantsystems such as (Heatshockresponse,Envelopestressresponse, Cold shockresponse, and Generalstress response)These four modes ofmetal-microbeinteraction are mostcommon so we canelaborate on these.'metal scavenging bymicrobes' may bedeleted from presentsyllabus. As this partis also covered whendiscussingbioleachingbioleachingmetal-microbeinteractionThere is no properconceptofenvironmental stressinmicrobiologyrelated to density.Different types ofstress are alreadydiscussedunderextremophilesinSection-B
20.	Critical	After successful		Suggested reading:	Seminar mode

papers/ Landmark Discoveriesshould be able to:of transformation by a desoxyribe fraction isolated from <i>Pneumococcus</i> type OT, Macleod CM, McCarty M.; J Exp M 1;79(2):137-58.Image: Should be able to: BiscoveriesImage: Should be able to: fraction isolated from <i>Pneumococcus</i> type OT, Macleod CM, McCarty M.; J Exp M 1;79(2):137-58.	
classical papers/ Landmark Discoveriescourse, students should be able to:transformation of Pneumococcus ty of transformation by a desoxyribe fraction isolated from <i>Pneumococcus</i> ty OT, Macleod CM, McCarty M.; J Exp M 1;79(2):137-58.Independent functions of viral protein and in growth of bacteriophage.Independent functions of viral protein and in growth of bacteriophage.	
 Molecular structure of nucleic acids; a deoxyribose nucleic acid. Watson JD Nature. 1953 Apr 25;171(4356):737-8. mating type genes in Saccharomyce James Hicks, Jeffrey N. Strathern& An Nature 282, 478-483,1979. Messelson& Stahl experiment demonic conservative replication of DNA. Me Stahl FW:; Proc Natl Acad Sci U S 15;44(7):671-82 In vivo alteration of telomere sequences a caused by mutated <i>Tetrahymena</i> telle Guo-Liang Yu, John D. Bradley, Laura Elizabeth H. Blackburn; Nature 344, A protein-conducting channel in the reticulum Simon SM and Blobel G; C 3;65(3):371-80 Identification of 23 complementation gift for post-translational events in the pathway Novick P, Field C, Schel 1980 Aug;21(1):205-15 A yeast mutant defective at an early stag 	ypes: Induction onucleic acid ype III. Avery Med. 1944 Feb and nucleic acid AD and Chase 5. a structure for D and Crick FH; Transposable <i>ces cerevisiae</i> mar J.S. Klar; instrating semi- eselson M and G A. 1958 Jul and senescence omerase RNAs a D. Attardi & , 126-132, 1990 e endoplasmic Cell. 1991 May groups required yeast secretory kman R.; Cell.

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				• Reconstitution of the Transport of Protein between Successive Compartments of the Golgi Balch WE, Dunphy WG, Braell WA, Rothman JE.; Cell. 1984 Dec; 39(2 Pt 1):405-16	
				• A complete immunoglobulin gene is created by somatic recombination Brack C, Hirama M, Lenhard-Schuller R, Tonegawa S.; Cell. 1978 Sep;15(1):1-	
				• A novel multigene family may encode odorant receptors: a molecular basis for odor recognition Buck L and Axel R; Cell. 1991 Apr 5;65(1):175-87	
				 Kinesin walks hand-over-hand Yildiz A, Tomishige M, Vale RD, Selvin PR.; Science. 2004 Jan 30;303(5658):676-8 	
				• Mutations affecting segment number and polarity in <i>Drosophila</i> Christiane Nusslein-Volhard and Eric Weischaus; Nature 287, 795-801,	
				• Information for the dorsalventral pattern of the <i>Drosophila</i> embryo is stored as maternal mRNA Anderson KV and Nüsslein-Volhard C; Nature. 1984 Sep 20-26;311(5983):223-7	
				• Hedgehog signalling in the mouse requires intraflagellar transport proteins Huangfu D, Liu A, Rakeman AS, Murcia NS, Niswander L, Anderson KV.; Nature. 2003 Nov 6;426(6962):83-7	
Elec	ctive courses to	be offered in III Sem	ester		(Common with M.Sc. Biotechnology III Sem.)
1)	BT: Enzyme Technology	completion of the		Enzyme Technology Section-A	The course "Enzyme Technology" is
		course, studentsshould be able to:Develop	 History and introduction to enzymes: Classification of enzymes. IUPAC system, nomenclature, E.C. numbers. Enzyme kinetics (Michaelia, Monton laws), importance and 	 Enzymes: Scope, historical developments, distinguishing features. Mashanisms of anyuma action. Concert of active site 	proposed as a new elective course by updating and shifting
		• Develop understanding of enzymes and	 Enzyme kinetics (Michaelis – Menten laws), importance and determination of Vmax and Km values, Hofstee's plot, L & B plots. 	 Mechanisms of enzyme action: Concept of active site, specificity of enzyme action. Methods of characterization of enzymes – Development of 	the existing core course BT 406

 mechanism of action and regulation. Explain the production of enzymes. Learn wide applications of 	mechanism. Theorell chance mechanism, ping pong mechanism, products of inhibition in bisubstrate reactions. Regulation of enzyme activity, various controls (metabolic compartmentation, covalent modifications and others),	"Enzymology and Enzyme Technology" from the II Semester to III Semester.
 mechanism of action and regulation. Explain the production of enzymes. Learn wide applications of 	 Bisubstrate reactions-ordered & random sequential mechanism. Theorell chance mechanism, ping pong mechanism, products of inhibition in bisubstrate reactions. Regulation of enzyme activity, various controls (metabolic compartmentation, covalent modifications and others), 	Enzyme Technology" from the II Semester
their potential.future potential.Regulation of enzyme activity, various controls (metabolic compartmentation, covalent modifications and others); feedback regulation, allosteric enzymes Coenzymes, Isozymes and Multienzyme complexesm•Methods of storing enzymes.••Methods of storing enzymes.••Large scale production of enzymes including genetic engineering approaches for their over production.••Enzyme engineering; identification of active sites, approaches for modification of catalytic properties.••Techniques of enzyme immobilization and their applications in: v. Food industry- High fructose syrup, cheese making and beer industry.•viiiAntibiotics and other Pharamaceuticals viii: Analysis of substances, enzyme electrodes, enzyme thermistors.••Basic idea of proteomics••	 feedback regulation, allosteric enzymes. Section-B Extraction of soluble and membrane bound enzymes from microbial, plant and animal tissues. Purification of enzymes: salt precipitation, gel filtration, ion exchange, affinity chromatography, enzyme crystallization, drying and freeze drying. Large scale production of enzymes including genetic engineering approaches for their over production Methods of storing enzymes. Multienzyme complexes. Designer enzymes, Thermophilic enzymes, Metal degrading enzymes. Section-C Enzyme engineering; identification of active sites, approaches for modification of catalytic properties. Synzymes. Techniques of enzyme immobilization: Adsorbtion, Covalent bonding, Gel Entrapment and Microencapsulation. Applications of enzymes in: Food industry- Baking industry, Dairy industry, Beverage industry Antibiotics and other pharamaceuticals 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				v. Leather industryvi. Textile industryEnzyme biosensors.	
				 Suggested Books: Palmer, T. & Bonner, P. (2014). Enzymes: Biochemistry, Biotechnology and Clinical Chemistry. UK: Woodhead Publishing Limited. Buchholz, K., Kasche, V. and Bornscheuer, U. (2005). Biocatalysts and Enzyme Technology, WILEY–VCH. Pandey A., Webb C., Soccol, C. R. and Larroche, C. (2006). Enzyme Technology. Springer. Price N. & Stevenson L. (1999). Fundamentals of Enzymology: Cell and Molecular Biology of catalytic Proteins, Oxford University Press. Daniel L. Purich (2009). Contemporary Enzyme Kinetics and Mechanism. Atlantic Publishers and Distributers. Blanch, H.W., & Clark, D.S. (1997). Biochemical Engineering, Marcel Dekker. Drauz K., Gröger, H. and May, O. (2012). Enzyme Catalysis in Organic Synthesis: A Comprehensive 	
				 Handbook, Volume 1, Wiley-VCH Verlag & Co. Suggested e-resources: Enzymes: properties and mechanisms http://www.biologydiscussion.com/enzymes/enzyme s-properties-and-mechanism-of-enzyme-action/6145 Enzyme technology: metagenomics, evolution and biocatalysis https://searchworks.stanford.edu/view/8775255 	
2)	BIO 503: Fundamentals of Bioentreprene urship	After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: • Understand		 Section-A Concept of entrepreneurship; Classification and types of entrepreneurship, Myths about entrepreneurship; Role of entrepreneurship in wealth building and creating an impact; Society, Technology and Entrepreneurship. 	

S Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.	Outcome			
	 role of entrepreneurshi p in promoting innovation and wealth generation. Develop skills for writing business models for new ideas and market segments. Explain various 	 loans from financial institution and banks; Funds from bank for capital expenditure and for working; Statutory and legal requirements for starting a company/venture; Budget planning and cash flow management. Basics in accounting practices: concepts of balance sheet, P & L account and double entry book keeping; Estimation of income, expenditure, income tax etc. Section-B Marketing: Assessment of market demand for potential product (s) of interest; Market conditions, segments; prediction of market changes; Identifying needs of customers including gaps in the market, packaging the product; Market linkages, branding issues; Developing distribution channels; Pricing/Policies/Competition; 	 Creativity and Innovation; Types and forms of Innovation; Sources of innovative opportunity; Entrepreneurship as a career option. Section-B Introduction to the Design Thinking Process; Problem identification; Idea Generation; Value Proposition; Lean Canvas. Identifying Customer Segments; Idea Validation; Developing Business Model; Sizing the opportunity; Building MVP; Concept of Start-up, Importance of Incubation. 	
	 Explain various financial, marketing, sales and legal issues associated with entrepreneurshi p. 	 Promotion/Advertising; Services Marketing. Negotiations/Strategy: with financiers, bankers etc; with government/law enforcement authorities: with companies/Institutions for technology transfer; Dispute resolution skills; External environment/changes; Crisis/Avoiding/Managing; Broader version-Global thinking. 	 Section-C Financial and Non financial support: Revenue streams; Pricing and Costs; Sources of funds; Importance of project management. Marketing and Sales: Positioning; Channels and Strategy; Sales Planning. Team: Importance of teambuilding; Complementary skill 	
		 Section-C Information Technology: How to use IT for business administration; Use of IT in improving business performance; Available software for better financial management; E business setup, management. Human Resource Development (HRD): Leadership skills; Managerial skills; Organization structure, pros & cons of different structures; Team building, teamwork; Appraisal; Rewards in small scale set up. Fundamentals of Entrepreneurship, Support mechanism for entrepreneurship in India, Role of knowledge centre and R & D, knowledge centres like universities and research 	 sets. Legal issues: Brief overview of- intellectual property rights, patents, trademarks, copy rights, trade secrets, licensing and GI. Business Plan writing. Policies and Initiatives to promote Entrepreneurship in India. Suggested Books: Jain, P.C. (2001). Hand Book for New Entrepreneurs. UK: Oxford University Press. 	

Course List Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
Outcome			
8	 institutions; Role of technology and upgradation; Managing Technology Transfer; Regulations for transfer of foreign technologies; Technology transfer agencies. Recommended Books: Patzelt, H., &Bernner, T. (Eds.). (2008). Handbook of Bioentrepreneurship. Berlin, Germany: Springer. Robert, D. H., & Peters, M. P. (2002). Entrepreneurship. New York, USA: McGraw-Hill Education Shane, S. (2004). Academic Entrepreneurship: University Spinoffs and Wealth Creation. Northampton, M.A.: Edward Elgar 	 Hisrich R. D., Manimala M. J., Peters Michael P. & Shepherd D. A. Entrepreneurship (9th ed.). McGraw Hill Publication. Roy, R. (2011). Entrepreneurship (2nd ed.). UK: Oxford University Press. Drucker, P. (2015). Innovation and Entrepreneurship (1st ed.). Routledge Classics. Kotler, P & Keller, K.L. (2017).Marketing Management (15th ed.). Pearson Publications Desai, V. (2011) Dynamics of Entrepreneurial Development & Management (6t ed.). Mumbai: Himalaya Publishing House. Khanka, S.S. (2007) Entrepreneurial Development. New Delhi: S. Chand & Company Ltd. Mohanty, S K. (2005). Fundamentals of Entrepreneurship. EEE Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited. Gupta C.B. & Srinivasan N.P. (2013). Entrepreneurship Development in India. Sultan Chand & Sons. Gupta A.K. (2016).Grassroots Innovations (Minds On the Margin Are Not Marginal Minds). Random House. Patzelt, H., & Bernner, T. (Eds.). (2008). Handbook of Bioentrepreneurship. Berlin, Germany: Springer. Robert, D. H., & Peters, M. P. (2002). Entrepreneurship. New York, USA: McGraw-Hill Education Shane, S. (2004). Academic Entrepreneurship: University Spinoffs and Wealth Creation. Northampton, M.A.: Edward Elgar 	
		 Managing Technology Transfer; Regulations for transfer of foreign technologies; Technology transfer agencies. Recommended Books: ▷ Patzelt, H., &Bernner, T. (Eds.). (2008). Handbook of Bioentrepreneurship. Berlin, Germany: Springer. ▷ Robert, D. H., & Peters, M. P. (2002). Entrepreneurship. New York, USA: McGraw-Hill Education ▷ Shane, S. (2004). Academic Entrepreneurship: University Spinoffs and Wealth Creation. Northampton, M.A.: 	 Managing Technology Transfer Regulations for transfer of foreign technology transfer agencies. Recommended Books: Patzelt, H., &Bernner, T. (Eds.). (2008). Handbook of Bioentrepreneurship. Berlin, Germany: Springer. Robert, D. H., & Peters, M. P. (2002). Entrepreneurship: University Press. Drucker, P. (2015). Innovation and Entrepreneurship (1st ed.). Roy, R. (2011). Entrepreneurship (1st ed.). Roy, R. (2011). Marketing Management (15th ed.). Pearson Publications Shane, S. (2004). Academic Entrepreneurship: University Edward Elgar Kotler, P. & Keller, K.L. (2017). Marketing Management (15th ed.). Pearson Publications Desai, V. (2011). Dynamics of Entrepreneural Edward Elgar Khanka, S.S. (2007). Entrepreneural Development. New Delhi: S. Chand & Company Ltd. Mohanty, S K. (2005). Fundamentals of Entrepreneurship. Ele Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited. Gupta C.B. & Srinivaan N.P. (2013). Entrepreneurship. Development. India Sultan Chand & Sons. Gupta A.K. (2016). Grassroots Innovations (Minds On the Margin Are Not Marginal Minds). Random House. Patzelt, H., & Bernner, T. (Eds.). (2008). Handbook of Bioentrepreneurship. Berlin, Germany: Springer. Robert, D. H., & Peters, M. P. (2002). Entrepreneurship. New York, USA: McGraw-Hill Education

		Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.		<u>Outcome</u>	Section A	 https://www.coursera.org/learn/wharton-launching-startup https://www.coursera.org/learn/wharton-entrepreneurship- opportunity http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewdoc/download?doi=10.1.1. 463.4354&rep=rep1&type=pdf Accounts and Bioentrepreneur https://www.nature.com/bioent/2003/031101/full/bioent77 9.html Bioentrepreneurship www.birac.nic.in/webcontent/jk.pdf Biotechnology and entrepreneurship http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewdoc/download?doi=10.1.1. 463.4354&rep=rep1&type=pdf 	Tymological
Mici	crobial chnology	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Utilize various strategies for strain improvement, overexpression, maintenance and containment of microbes Describe strategies used for large scale production of various industrially relevant bioactive 	 Section-A Biotechnological innovation in pharmaceutical, health, agricultural and industrial sectors. Strategies for selection and improvement of industrial strains. Measurement and control of bioprocess parameters. Genetic and environmental control of metabolic pathways. Section-B Industrial production of Biofuel, Biotransformation of Steroids, Single Cell Protein. Biofertilizers (Rhizobium and BGA); Biopesticides (Bt toxin) Biosensors (NH4, Sulphide); Biofilms. Biopolymers (-PHB, Xanthum gum) Section-C Microbial overproduction of recombinant molecules: Selection of suitable promoter sequences, ribosome binding sites, fusion protein tags, purification tags, protease cleavage sites and enzymes, inducible expression systems, limitations of metabolic engineering. Large scale production using recombinant microorganisms: 	 strains. Measurement & control of bioprocess parameters. Genetic & environmental control of metabolic pathways. Section-B Industrial production of Biofuel, Biotransformation of Steroids, Single Cell Protein. 	Typological corrections have been made.

S Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.	Outcome molecules from microorganism s	 peptic hormones (secretin), metabolic engineering of antibiotics, basic ides of biohydrometallury. Maintenance and containment of recombinant microorganisms. Books Recommended : Biotechnological Innovations in Chemical Synthesis, BIOTOL, Butterworth - Heinemann. Industrial Microbiology, G. Reed (editor), CBS Publishers (A VI Publishing Company) Genetics and Biotechnology of Industrial Microorganisms. C.L. I-le' -shnergev, S.W. Queener and Q Hegen. American Society of Microbiology. Protein Expression A Practical Approach: Edited by S.J. Higgins and B.D. Hames (OUP). 	 Large scale production using recombinant microorganisms: peptic hormones (secretin), metabolic engineering of antibiotics, basic idea of biohydrometallurgy. Maintenance and containment of recombinant microorganisms. Suggested Books: BIOTOL, Currell, B.C. & Dam-Miera, R.C.E. (1997). <i>Biotechnological Innovations in Chemical Synthesis (BiotolSer).</i> Oxford, UK: Butterworth-Heinemann, Elsevier. 	

S No	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<u>No.</u> 4)	BT 513: Food Process and Biotechnology	Outcome After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:	 Section-A Introduction and development of food biotechnology; Current status of Transgenic crops for crop improvement and enhanced agronmic performance. 	 applications/ Biofertilizer www.krishisewa.com/articles/organic-agriculture/115-biofertilizers.html Biopesticide 	Some typological errors have been corrected. Butter has been replaced by kefir
		 Explain strategies of food preservation, spoilage and quality assessment Understand various policies related to GM food and its safety assessment Demonstrate the principles for production of various processed food 	 International and National guidelines for safety assessment of genetically modified (GM) foods. Contemporary food related policy issue and their implications. General principals of Food spoilage, factors affecting spoilage; Methods of food preservation. Food products with enhanced shelf-life. Section-B Mechanism of enzyme function and reactions in Food processing; Enzymic bioconversions e.g. starch and sugar conversion process; HFCS; Interesterified fat, hydrolysed protein etc. and their downstream processing. Baking by amylases; Deoxygenation and desugaring by glucose oxidases; Beer mashing and chill proofing. Cheese making by proteases and various other enzyme catalytic actions in food processingFermented dairy products: cheese, yogurt, butter; Bacteriocin from lactic acid bacteria and Alcoholic beverages. Fermented vegetables, oriental foods, meat products, Fish& poultry products. 	 International and National guidelines for safety assessment of genetically modified (GM) foods. Contemporary food related policy issue & their implications. General principles of food spoilage, factors affecting spoilage; Methods of food preservation. Food products with enhanced shelf-life. Section-B Mechanism of enzyme function and reactions in food processing; Enzymic bioconversions e.g. starch and sugar conversion process; HFCS; Interesterified fat, hydrolysed protein etc. and their downstream processing. 	as it is a more important fermentation product of milk. Also food yeasts have been deleted as it is more relevant in fermentation.

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Biotechnology applications in the production of additives/ingredients: Enzymes. Carotenoids, amino acids, organic acids, vitamins, colouringflavours and nutraceuticals. Production of new protein foods-Single cell proteins (SCP), mushroom, food yeasts, algal proteins. Quality control of food-Detection system, Enzyme Immunoassay and Radio-immunoassay. Books Recommended : Food Microbiology: W.C. Fragier, D.C. 1995. Westhoft 3rd Ed. Tata McGraw Hill. Food Microbiology : M.R. Adams, M.O. Moss, 1998 New Age International (P) Ltd. Principles of Fermentation Technology: P.F. Stanbury, A. Whittaker, S.J. Hall 1995. 2nd Edn. Pergamon Press. Basic Food Microbiology: R.K. Robinson (1990) Elsevier Applied Sciences, London. 	 additives/ingredients: enzymes, carotenoids, amino acids, organic acids, vitamins, colouring flavours and nutraceuticals. Production of new protein foods- Single cell proteins (SCP), mushroom, algal proteins. Quality control of food- detection system, Enzyme Immunoassay and Radio-immunoassay. Suggested Books: Frazier, W.C. & Westhoff, D.C. (2003). Food Microbiology. New York, USA: Tata McGraw Hill. Adams, M. R. & Moss, M. O. (2007). Food Microbiology. UK: Royal Society of Chemistry. Stanbury, P.F., Hall, S. J. & Whitaker, A. (1999). Principles of Fermentation Technology. Oxford, UK: Butterworth-Heinemann, Elsevier. Banwart, G.J. (1989). Basic Food Microbiology. New Delhi, India: CBS Publishers. Robinson, R.K. (1990). Dairy Microbiology. London, UK: Elsevier Applied Sciences. Pandey, A., Larroche, C., Soccol, C. R. & Dussap, C. (2008). Advances in Fermentation Technology. New Delhi, India: Asiatech Publishers, Inc. Joshi, V. K. & Pandey, A. (1999). Biotechnology: Food Fermentation. New Delhi, India: Asiatech Publishers, Inc. Suggested e- Resources: Quality control of food detection system https://www.engineersgarage.com/Contribution/Arduinobased-Smart-IoT-Food-Quality-Monitoring-System Food Preservation https://sciencesamhita.com/methods-of-food-preservation/ History of microorganisms in food 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 https://faculty.weber.edu/coberg/class/3853/3853%20His toryofFood.htm Genetically modified food http://anrcatalog.ucdavis.edu/pdf/8180.pdf 	
5)	BT 515:	After successful		Section – A	The syllabus has been
,	Genomics and Proteomics	 completion of the course, students should be able to: Describe principles of functional genomics Develop an understanding of proteomics and associated techniques Understand 	 reading frames, annotation of genes, EST. Conserved protein motifs related structure/function 	 assembly & annotation. Genome databases of plants, animals & pathogens. Metagenomics: Gene networks: basic concepts, computational model such as Lambda receptor & lac operon. Prediction of genes, promoters, splices sites, regulatory 	remodeled keeping in mind the current advances in technology.
		comprehensive concept of nucleotide and		regions: basic principles, application of methods to prokaryotic & eukaryotic genomes. Section – B	
		protein sequencing.	 Section-B DNA microarray: printing of oligonucleotides and PCR products on glass slides, nitrocellulose paper. Analysis of SNP using DNA chips. Whole genome analysis for global patterns of gene expression using fluorescent labeled cDNA or end labeled RNA probes. 	 Introduction to proteome and proteomics; protein chemistry <i>vs.</i> proteomics. Analytical techniques of proteomics; working principles of 2D – gel electrophoresis, mass spectrometry with their merits and demerits. Mass spectrometers for protein and peptide sequencing; MALDI – TOF, electospray ionization coupled tandem Mass spectrometry. Tandem mass analyzer, triple quadrupole mass analyzer, ion – trap mass analyzer and FT – ion cyclotron resonance MS. Peptide Mass Fingerprinting. Sequencing the protein fragments: Scoring Algorithm for Spectral analysis. Application of SALSA in amino acid – 	

S	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.		Outcome			
			Section-C	Motif searching.	
			Proteomics Technology - Separation & isolation of protein,	Section – C	
			acquisition of protein structure database utilization.	• Next generation sequencing & assembly: elements of big	
			• Applications of Mass spectroscopy in proteomics :	data analysis, NGS Platforms based on pyrosequencing,	
			Isolation and sequence analysis of individual protein spots.	sequencing by synthesis, emulsion PCR approach with	
			 Types of Proteomics. 	small magnetic beads & single molecule real time	
			 Proteomics Applications. 	(SMRT) sequencing.	
			 Protein and Peptide microarray. 	• Genome assembly algorithms, De-novo assembly	
			Advantages & disadvantages of DNA & Protein	algorithms.	
			microarrays.	• Sequence Alignment formats: Sequence Alignment/Map	
				(SAM) format, Binary Alignment/Map (BAM) format.	
				Protein function prediction using Machine learning tools:	
				supervised/unsupervised learning, neural network, SVM.	
				• Protein-protein interactions: databases such as	
			Books Recommended :	STRINGS, DIP, PPI server & tools for analysis of	
			Introduction to Bioinformatics - Parrysmith and Attwood.	protein-protein interactions.	
			Introduction to Bioinformatics - Baxevenis and Oulette	Suggested Books: ➤ Brown, S.M. (2015). Next-generation DNA sequencing	
				<i>Informatics</i> (2 nd ed.). Cold Spring Harbor, NY: Cold	
				Spring Harbor Laboratory Press.	
				 Liebler, D. C. (2001). Introduction to proteomics tools 	
				for the new biology. US: Humana Press.	
				 ➢ Lesk, A.M. (2015). Introduction to Genomics (2nd ed.). 	
				Oxford, UK: Oxford University Press.	
				> Pevsner, J. (2017). Bioinformatics and Functional	
				Genomics (3 rd ed.). New Jersey, USA: John Wiley &	
				Sons Ltd.	
				> Twyman, R.M. (2004). Principles of Proteomics. New	
				Delhi, India: CBS Publishers.	
				▶ Thangadurai, D. & Sangeetha, J. (2015). <i>Genomics and</i>	
				Proteomics: Principles, Technologies, and Applications.	
				USA: CRC Press.	
				Pennington, S. R. & Dunn, M. J. (Eds.).	
				(2000). Proteomics: From protein sequence to function.	

S No	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<u>No.</u> 6)	BT 516: Immunotech nology	Outcome After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: • Describe various theories describing antibody	 Section-A Structure, genomic organisation, expression and functions of major histocompatibility complex. Organisation and expression of immunoglobulin genes-and antibody diversity. T cell receptors - genomic organisation, structure and isolation of TCR. Immune regulation, positive and negative selection in thymus, apoptosis. 	 Oxford, UK: Bios Scientific Pub Ltd. Suggested e- Resources: Proteomics https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102101055/4 Genomics https://bit.ly/2Nq86jQ Section- A Structure, genomic organization, expression and functions of major histocompatibility complex (MHC). Organization and expression of immunoglobulin genes. T-cell receptors- genomic organization, structure and isolation of TCR. Antibody diversity- mini gene theory, mutation theory, germ line theory, somatic recombination, V(D) J recombination. Combinatorial diversity, junctional 	
		 formation Explain the mechanism of immune response to various stimuli Elucidate on vaccines and their development. 	 Section-B Immunity to infectious diseases. Immunodeficiency and AIDS. Transplantation Immunology. Tumor Biology. Section-C Various approaches to vaccines. T cell cloning,engineered antibodies production. Radioimmunoassay, Enzyme linked immunosorbant assay, ELISPOT, Immunoblotting (western blotting). Immunofluroescence, Immunoelectron microscopy, cell 	 diversity. Section-B ABO Blood groups, blood transfusion, Bombay phenotype, Rh blood group, DAT test, MN blood group. Immunity to infectious diseases: Viral, bacterial, fungal and parasitic infections. Immunodeficiency disease: Primary and secondary immunodeficiency disease (AIDS). Section -C History of vaccination, immunization types and vaccination properties. Types of vaccines: Live, killed, subunit, recombinant viral, synthetic peptide, anti-idiotype, DNA, toxoid, conjugate, recombinant vector and plant based vaccines. 	
			 cytotoxicity assays and flow cytometry. Books Recommended: ➢ Abbas, A. K., Lichtman, A. H., &Pillai, S. (2017). Cellular and Molecular Immunology (9th ed.). Amsterdam, 	 Stages of vaccine development and some common vaccines used in human MMR, poliovaccine & BCG vaccines. Suggested Books: 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Netherlands: Elsevier. Delves, P. J., Martin, S. J., Burton, D. R., &Roitt, I. M. (2006). <i>Roitt's Essential Immunology</i> (11thed.). New Jersey, USA: Wiley-Blackwell. Punt, J., Stranford, S., Jones, P., & Owen, J. (2018). <i>Kuby Immunology</i> (8th ed.). New York, USA: W. H. Freeman and Company. Tizard, I. R. (1995). <i>Immunology: Introduction</i>, (4th ed.). Philadelphia, USA: Saunders College Publishing. 	 Austyn, J.M. &Wood, K.J. (1993). Principles Of Cellular and Molecular Immunology. London, U.K: Oxford University Press. Benjaminin, E., Coico, R. & Sunshine, G. (2000).im: A short course (4th ed.). New York, USA: Wiley- Liss. Cunnigham, A.J. (1978).Understanding Immunology. London, U.K.: Academic Press Inc. Hildemann, W.H. (1984). Essentials of Immunology. USA: Elsevier Science Ltd. Johnstone, A. & Thorpe, R. (1996) Immunochemistry In Practice (3rded.). US: Wiley-Blackwell. Joshi, K.R. & Osama, N.O. (2004). Immunology and Serology. India: Agrobios. Khan, F.H. (2009). The Elements Of Immunology. India: Pearson Education. Punt, J., Stranford, S., Jones, P. & Owen, J. (2018). Kuby Immunology (8th ed.). New York, USA: W. H. Freeman and Company. Reeves, G. & Todd, I. (2001). Lecture Notes on Immunology (4th ed.). US: Wiley-Blackwell. Rich, R.R., Fleisher, T. A, Shearer, W.T., Schroeder, H., Frew, A.J. & Weyand, C.M. (2018). Clinical Immunology: Principles and Practice (5th ed.). USA: Elsevier Science Ltd. Tizard, I. R. (1995). Immunology: Introduction, (4th ed.). Philadelphia, USA: Saunders College Publishing. Suggested e- Resources: Antibodies and antigens https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103038/download/module 2.pdf Vaccines https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104108055/37 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.	Course List BT 521: Plant Biotechnology	Learning Outcome	 Section-A Introduction, examples of current use of plant biotechnology. Development of pathogen resistant plants (virus & insect resistance). Development of plants of improved seed quality. Artificial seeds. Development of plants resistant to environmental stress. Development of herbicide resistant plants. Future outlook. Section-B Immobilization of cells. Gene delivery methods in intact and cultured tissues and cells. Agrobacterium, Ti plasmids, co integrate and binary vectors. Other vectors - viral vectors. Direct DNA uptake, microprojectile delivery, electroporation, microinjection, Liposomes. 	 DNA vaccines https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103041/18 Transplantation immunology https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103038/31 Section A Introduction, examples of current use of plant biotechnology. Development of pathogen resistant plants (virus & insect resistance). Development of plants of improved seed quality; Artificial seeds. Development of plants resistant to environmental stress and herbicides. Future outlook. Section-B Immobilization of cells. Direct gene delivery methods. Vector based gene delivery methods: Agrobacterium, Ti plasmid based vectors, viral vectors. Chloroplast engineering: Advantages of transplastomics, applications in production of biopharmaceuticals, introduction of agronomic traits, viz. disease resistance, 	Remarks Modifications have been done in the light of current technologies.
			• Chloroplast engineering : Advantages of chloroplast transgenics, applications in production of biopharmaceuticals, introduction of agronomic traits, viz. disease resistance, herbicide resistance, salt and drought resistance; phytoremediation etc.	 herbicide resistance, salt and drought resistance; phytoremediation etc. Biotechnology of biological nitrogen fixation : <i>nif</i> genes. 	
			 Biotechnology of Biological Nitrogen fixation : <i>nif</i> genes Section-C Production of metabolites; metabolic engineering and industrial products : plant secondary metabolites; control mechanisms and manipulation of phenyl propanoids and shikimate pathways; general strategy towards production of plant cell products. 	 Section-C Production of metabolites; metabolic engineering and industrial products: Overview of plant secondary metabolites; control mechanisms and manipulation of phenyl propanoids and shikimate pathways; general strategy to regulate the production of plant cell products. Biotransformation using plant cells. 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Biotransformation using plant cells. Cryobiology of plant cell culturesand establishment of gene banks. Edible vaccines. Radiobiology of cultured plant cells. Books Recommended : Biotechnology - A Laboratory Course : J. M. Becker, G.A. Coldwell and E.A. Zachgo, Academic Press, New York. Genetic Engineering Technology in Industrial Pharmacy : Ed J.M. Tabor. Tissue Culture, Methods and Applications : P.F. Kruse. Plant Tissue Culture : Sharma and Alam; IK International Publiser Pvt. Ltd. 	Delhi, India: Kalyani Publisher.	
8)	BT 522: Recombinant DNA Technology	After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: • Explain		 Section-A Chemical synthesis of DNA: phosphodiester, phosphotriester, phosphite triester approaches, phosphoramidite solid phase automated synthesis of DNA, post-synthetic processing. 	

S	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.		Outcome			
		techniques used for DNA synthesis, amplification and sequencing Describe strategies of cloning in both prokaryotes and eukaryotes. Identify novel diagnostic tools of rDNA and gene therapy	 random and directed approaches, automated DNA sequencing, improved gel based sequencers, mass spectrometry based sequencing, pyrosequencing, 454 sequencing technologies. PCR in gene recombination, Deletion, Addition, Overlap extension. PCR in molecular diagnostics. Viral and bacterial detection. PCR based mutagenesis. Mutation detection: SSCP, DGGE, RFLP, Oligo ligation assay (OLA), Mismatch chemical cleavage (MCC), High resolution melt analyses, Allele-specific amplification (ASA). Applications of Transposons in genetic engineering : construction of R plasmids, gene tagging and isolation, mutagenesis genome characterization etc. Section-B Vectors expressing cloned DNA in <i>E. coli</i>. Molecular cloning in <i>E. coli</i> & Bacillus subtilis. Cloning in yeast. DNA cloning in mammalian cells with SV-40 vector. Cloning in plants: Direct and vector based approaches. Section-C Site directed mutagenesis. New Diagnostics in rDNA technology: Detection of genetic disorders, test for pathogens, DNA finger printing. Gene Silencing techniques, Introduction of siRNA and siRNA technology, Micro RNA, Construction of siRNA vectors, Principle and application of gene targeting, Transgenics, gene therapy. Basic idea of drug designing. Cloning and expression of human interferon gene 	 Sequencing of DNA: Maxam-Gilbert method, Sanger sequencing technique, automated DNA sequencing, improved gel based sequencers, primer walking method, whole genome shotgun sequencing, mass spectrometry based sequencing, pyrosequencing, 454 sequencing technologies. Overlap-extension PCR in gene recombination, deletion and addition. Mutation detection: SSCP, DGGE, RFLP, Oligo ligation assay (OLA), Mismatch chemical cleavage (MCC), High resolution melt analyses, Allele-specific amplification (ASA). Applications of Transposons in genetic engineering: construction of R plasmids, gene tagging and isolation, mutagenesis, genome characterization etc. Section-B Molecular cloning in <i>Bacillus subtilis</i>. Cloning in yeast. DNA cloning in mammalian cells with SV-40 vector. Cloning in plants: Direct and vector based approaches. Site directed mutagenesis: Oligonucleotide directed mutagenesis, PCR based mutagenesis. Introduction to genome editing by CRISPR-CAS and its applications. Section-C New diagnostics in rDNA technology: detection of genetic disorders, PCR in molecular diagnostics: Viral and bacterial detection, DNA finger printing. Gene silencing techniques: RNAi, siRNA technology, construction of siRNA vectors, micro RNA, ribozymes, applications of gene silencing. Knockout mice. Gene therapy: types, viral and non viral vectors. An overview of structure & ligand based drug designing. 	"Gene cloning and expression in <i>E. coli</i> ," is a repetition of the paper Genetic Engineering taught in M.Sc. II Semester. The same has been replaced with recent genome editing technique "CRISPR- CAS"

S	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.		Outcome	 Molecular Cloning Vol. 1, 2 and 3 :Sambrook and Russell, Cold Spring Harberlaboratory, 2001. Molecular Biology of Gene : J.D. Watson, Pearson Education. An Introduction to Gene Technology-From genes to clones :Winnacker, VCH. Principles of Gene Manipulation : Old and Primrose. Molecular Biotechnology : B.R. Glick and J.J. Pasternak, ASM Press, Washington, USA. Genetic Engineering : Science and ethics on new frontier : Michael Boylan, Pearson Education. An Introduction to Genetic Engineering : S.T. Nicholl, Cambridge University Press. Recombinant DNA : J.D. Watson, W.H. Freeman. Nucleic acid and biotechnology : H.D. Kumar. Understanding DNA and Gene Cloning :Darlica, John Wiley and Sons. 	 Cloning and expression of human interferon gene. Suggested Books: Sambrook, J.F. & Russell, D.W. (2001). Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual (3rd ed.) Vol. 1, 2 and 3. Cold Spring Harbor laboratory. NY: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press. Watson,J. D., Baker, T.A. & Bell, S.P. (2014). Molecular Biology of the Gene (7th ed.). US: Pearson. Winnacker, E.L. (1987). From Genes to Clones: Introduction to Gene Technology. Germany: Wiley VCH. Primrose, S. B. & Old, R.W. (2001). Principles of Gene Manipulation (6th ed.). New Jersey, USA: Wiley-Blackwell. Glick, B.R., Pasternak, J.J. & Patten, C.L. (2010). Molecular Biotechnology: Principles and Applications of Recombinant DNA (4thed.). US: American Society for Microbiology. Boylan, M. & Brown, K.E. (2001). Genetic Engineering: Science and Ethics on New Frontier. UK: Pearson Education. Nicholl, D.S.T. (2008). An Introduction to Genetic Engineering (3rded.). UK: Cambridge University Press. Watson, J.D., Meyers, R.M., Caudy, A.A. & Witkowski, J.A. (2007). Recombinant DNA: Genes and Enomes-A short Course (3rded.). Cold Spring Harbor, NY: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press. Kumar, H.D. (1990). Nucleic Acid And Biotechnology. New Delhi, India: Vikas Publication. Drlica, K. (2003). Understanding DNA and Gene Cloning (4thed.). New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd. 	

S Course List No.	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 synthesis:https://www.atdbio.com/content/17/Solid-phase-oligonucleotide-synthesis DNA sequencing approaches:https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK21 117/CRISPR/ Cas technology https://bit.ly/2Edvm06 Construction of siRNA expression vectors https://bit.ly/2EqNL18 Gene knockout and transgenic mice https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK21632/ 	
9) Bio Physics-I	 After completion of this course, the students will be able to- Understand the concepts of physical principles in the biomolecular systems. Know properties and conformations of biomolecules Understand the interaction between physics and biology 		 Section A Introduction: Brief introduction to all aspects of Biology, cellular automata, Conway's Game of life. Cell structure and function: Cell theory, cell membrane and transport, membranous organelles, Non-membranous organelles, Nuclear components and major cell types, viruses. Molecules in the cell: carbohydrates, lipids, proteins and nucleic acids, their structure and function. Code of life: Central dogma, DNA replication, transcription and translation. Energy in life forms: Cellular Respiration, Glycolysis, Krebs cycle, Electron transportchain, ATP calculation, Photosynthesis, C4 pathway. Section B Intermolecular interactions: Covalent interactions, disulphide bonds, Van der Waals interactions, bond angles and torsions. Role of hydrogen bonding and hydrophobic interaction in biomolecular structures. Examples of α-helices and β-sheets in proteins, Watson-Crick pairs in DNA, stacking interactions in DNA and RNA. 	New proposed Elective Course, c.w. M.Sc. Physics

S	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.		Outcome			
				polypeptides, Ramachandran plot,	
				Helical parameters and conformation, organization as	
				secondary and super secondary structures in proteins,	
				domains and motifs. Protein folding in vivo and in vitro of	
				globular proteins, basic idea.	
				Section C	
				Molecular Mechanics: Force field equation, Lennard	
				Jones Potential, Potential energy surface, Z-matrix,	
				Molecular modeling, Energy minimization techniques,	
				Exhaustive search method, steepest descent and conjugate	
				gradient methods, Molecular dynamics simulation, Verlet	
				algorithm and simulated annealing protocol.	
				Experimental techniques used to determine biomolecular	
				structure:	
				Principles and application of UV-visible, circular	
				dichroism and fluorescence spectroscopy.	
				Case studies on Helix to coil transitions, melting curves in	
				proteins and DNA structures.	
				X-ray crystallography of biomolecules: Obtaining single	
				crystals of biomolecules, Single crystal data collection,	
				Determination of point group, space group from symmetry	
				of diffraction patterns, deducing cell parameters,	
				interpretation of intensity data, Calculation of electron	
				density, Solving the phase problem, Structure validation.	
				Suggested Books:	
				Tuszynski, J. A. &Kurzynski, M. (2003). Introduction	
				to molecular biophysics. CRC press.	
				Schlick, T. (2010). <i>Molecular modeling and Simulation:</i>	
				An Interdisciplinary Guide: An Interdisciplinary	
				Guide (Vol. 21). Springer Science & Business Media.	
				≻ Voet, D., Voet, J. G. & Pratt, C. W.	
				(2013). Fundamentals of Biochemistry: Life At The	
				Molecular Level (No. 577.1 VOE). Hoboken: Wiley.	
				Cantor, C. R., & Schimmel, P. R. (1980). <i>Biophysical</i>	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks	
				 Chemistry: PART III: The Behavior of Biological Macromolecules. Macmillan. Van Holde, K. E. J. W. Principles of Physical Biochemistry/Kensal E. Van Holde, W. Curtis Johnson, P. Shing Ho. Jensen, J. H. (2010). Molecular Modeling Basics. CRC Press. Nelson, P. (2004). Biological Physics. New York: WH Freeman. Suggested e-Resources: Non-Conventional Energy Systems https://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/1021 Quantum-mechanics of molecular structure https://bit.ly/2SoEqof https://bit.ly/2SoEqof 		
10)	Animal Biotechnolog y-I	At successful completion of this course students will be able to: • Comprehend tools of molecular biology and biotechnology for the improved production and protection of animals. • Evaluate and discuss public and ethical concerns over the use of		 Section-A History and importance of animal biotechnology, cryopreservation of gametes & embryos in mammals, artificial insemination (AI) techniques & their development: estrus synchronization; semen collection, evaluation & storage. <i>In Vitro</i> fertilization and embryo transfer; superovulation, Microinjection & macroinjection: introduction, procedure, applications advantages and limitations. Ethical, social & moral issues related to cloning, in situ & ex situ preservation of germplasm. Section-B Introduction to stem cell-definition, classification, characteristics, differentiation and dedifferentiation, stem cell niche, stem cells vs somatic cells, mechanism of pleuripotency in stem cells, different kinds of stem cells: adult stem cells, embryonic stem cells. Human embryonic stem cells and society: The religious. 	New elective	proposed

S	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.		Outcome			
		animal		legal, ethical and scientific debate, stem cell banking	
		biotechnology.		and ethical approaches on stem cells.	
		• Demonstrate an		• Stem cell therapies: Clinical applications of stem cell	
		understanding		therapy, parkinsons and alzheimers disease, diabetes,	
		of the key		kidney failure, lymphoma and leukemic malignancies	
		topics in tissue		requiring stem cell therapy.	
		engineering		Section-C	
				• Principles of Tissue Engineering- History & scope,	
				basics of tissue engineering, cell- ecm interaction,	
				wound healing mechanism, tissue engineering	
				bioreactors, models of tissue engineering, biomaterials	
				in tissue engineering, bioartificial organs: source of	
				cells, choosing the right scaffold material, mode of	
				transplantation.	
				• Tissue Engineering & future perspectives: commercial	
				products.	
				Suggested Books:	
				▶ Portner, R. (2007). Animal Cell Biotechnology. New	
				York, USA: Humana Press.	
				➢ Butler, M. (Ed.). (1991). Mammalian Cell	
				Biotechnology; A Practical Approach, London, UK:	
				Oxford university press	
				Lanza, R., Gearhart, J., & Hogan, B. (2009). Essentials	
				of Stem Cell Biology (2nd ed.).London, UK: Academic	
				Press.	
				Lanza, R., Langer, R. & Vacanti, J.(2013). Principles of	
				Tissue Engineering (4th ed.). London, UK: Academic	
				Press.	
				► Kumaresan, V. (2008). Applied Animal Biotechnology.	
				Tamil Nadu, India: Saras Publication.	
				Singh, B., Gautam, S.K., & Chauhan, M.S. (2015).	
				Textbook of Animal Biotechnology. New Delhi,	
				India: Teri Publication.	
				Suggested e-Resources	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
110.		Outcome		 Cryopreservation of gametes and embryos in mammals https://www.glowm.com/section_view/heading/Gamete and Embryo Cryopreservation Human embryonic stem cell	
Pro	oposed Reading	g Elective-I & II to be	offered in III & IV Semester	applications-scopes/	common with
					Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology for Sem III and IV, Bioscience Sem IV
1)	Drug Discovery	On completion of this course,		Modern drug discovery involves the identification of a target or drug lead using different techniques including molecular	
		 students should be able to: Understand basics of R&D in drug discovery and should be able to apply knowledge gained in respective fields of pharmaceutical industry. 		modeling, combinatorial libraries and high-throughput screening (HTS). Rational drug design is based on the understanding of the three-dimensional structures and physicochemical properties of drugs and receptors. Knowledge of molecular mechanisms, molecular dynamics simulations and homology modeling is necessary for studying drug/receptor interactions. The different conformational sampling techniques, fitness functions used in molecular docking and computational receptor-based and ligand-based drug design approaches are mostly used to design compounds with improved biological activity in rational drug design. Quantitative drug design using QSAR models are used to correlate structural molecular properties (descriptors) with functions (i.e. physicochemical properties,	

S	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.		Outcome			
		• Understand the		biological activities, toxicity, etc.) of the compounds.	
		role of synthetic		Understanding the structure activity relationship between the	
		chemistry in the		3D structure of a molecule and its biological activity may	
		development of		act as the basis for the prediction of compounds with	
		pharmaceutical		improved biological activities. Different bio-analytical	
		agents; and the		assays (LC/MS/MS, GC/MS and ELISA) could be	
		modification of		developed further in support of in vitro and in vivo studies.	
		chemical		Understanding the principles as well as an early	
		structures to		characterization of drug toxicity, adsorption, distribution,	
		develop new		metabolism and excretion (ADME) along with drug-drug	
		drug molecules.		interactions, plasma protein binding assays and metabolite	
		• Have an		profile studies helps in eliminating compounds with	
		advanced		unacceptable pharmacokinetic characteristics, which is	
		understanding		critical to successful drug discovery programs.	
		of the chemical		Suggested Books:	
		structure of a		➤ Krogsgaard-Larsen et. al. (2016). Textbook of Drug	
		pharmaceutical		Design and Discovery. 5th Edition. CRC Press.	
		agent and		Satyanarayanajois, S. D. (2011). Drug Design and	
		determine the		Discovery: Methods and Protocols. Humana Press.	
		chemical		Rahman, A. U., Caldwell, G. W. & Choudhary, M. I.	
		group/s		(2007). Frontiers in Drug Design and Discovery.	
		responsible for		Bentham Science publishers Limited.	
		a given		Dastmalchi, S. et. al. (2016). Methods and Algorithms for	
		biological		Molecular Docking-Based Drug Design and Discovery.	
		effect.		IGI Global.	
		• Demonstrate a		Suggested e- Resources:	
		basic		Drug Discovery	
		understanding		https://bit.ly/2tCqdtE	
		of		Peptide therapeutics	
		pharmacogeno		https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S13596	
		mics and		44614003997	
		bioinformatics		Bio-analytical techniques	
		as it relates to		https://www.pharmatutor.org/articles/bioanalytical-	
		drug design and		techniques-overview	

S Na	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.		Outcome			
		discovery.			
2)	Human	After successful		Since the rediscovery of Mendel's work in 1900,	
	Genetics and	completion of the		investigations on the genetic nature of human traits have	
	Diseases	course students		gained significant importance. Understanding the genetic	
		will be able to:		basis behind human disease is one of the most important	
		• Understand		reasons to study human chromosome structure, human	
		hereditary and		karyotype, banding techniques, chromosome identification	
		molecular		and nomenclature (ISCN). Classical genetics has	
		genetics with a		considerable importance in constructing genetic hypothesis	
		strong human		from pedigree data analysis in monogenetic traits, autosomal	
		disease		dominant, autosomal recessive, sex linked dominant, sex	
		perspective.		linked recessive and sex influenced traits. The impact of	
		• Describe		consanguinity in causing sex linked anomalies (haemophilia,	
		genetic		colour blindness and Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy) has	
		abnormalities		been observed in human population. Current knowledge on	
		underlying		genetic variations across populations is applied to study	
		human disease		human health and diseases which include chromosomal	
		and disorders		disorders, structural and numerical chromosomal anomalies	
		• Develop interest		(Klinefelter syndrome, Down's syndrome, Turner syndrome,	
		in biomedical		Achondroplasia), inborn errors of metabolism	
		research,		(Phenylketonuria (PKU), Alkaptonuria, Albinism,	
		genetic		Galactosemia), haemoglobinopathies, Thalassemia	
		counseling,		syndromes, multifactorial disorders (diabetes, schizophrenia,	
		medicine, and		huntington disease). Medical genetics involves ethical issues	
		clinical genetics		therefore serious discussion is required for prenatal/adult diagnosis of genetic disorders, medical ethics, risks and	
				benefits, informed consent and right of choice.	
				Suggested Books:	
1				Suggested Books: Strachan T. & Read. A. (2011). Human Molecular	
				<i>Genetics</i> (4 th ed.). Garland Science	
				 Pasternak J. Fitzgerald. (1999). An introduction to 	
				Human Molecular Genetics-Mechanism of Inherited	
				Diseases. Science Press.	
				Diseases. Science riess.	

S Co No.	ourse List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Thompson and Thompson.(2007).<i>Genetics in Medicine</i> (7th Ed.).Saunders Suggested E-Resources: Chromosome identification and nomenclature (ISCN) http://www.cydas.org/Resources/ISCN_Discussion.html Pedigree data analysis https://learn.genetics.utah.edu/content/disorders/ Genetic disorders https://www.genome.gov/10001204/specific-genetic-disorders/ Prenatal/ adult diagnosis of genetic disorders, medical ethics https://www.michiganallianceforfamilies.org/all/#sectio nD 	
Pr	ntellectual roperty ights	 After completing this course, students will be able to: Understand the concept of IPR and its types Describe the steps for patenting Discuss the role of WTO and WIPO on IPR 		Intellectual property rights (IPR) have an old history and are very relevant for economic development. Various types of IPR (patents, trademarks, copyright & related rights, industrial design, traditional knowledge, geographical indications) are recognized with specific uses. There is currently an emergence of specific IP pertaining to plants and animals (UPOV, Plant Breeder's rights and plant variety protection and farmers rights act, patent protection of plant and animal inventions (WTO) and Law on the protection of New plant varieties and animal breeds (WIPO)). It is important to know about types of patent applications and the process of patenting with special emphasis to India. The role of WTO (GATT and TRIPS) and WIPO in implementation of IPR is significant as is understanding the relevance of Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT) in patenting. IPR also are associated with certain ethical dilemma and there are some interesting case studies which highlight its relevance. Suggested Books : ➤ Sateesh, M.K. (2008). <i>Bioethics and Biosafety</i> . I.K.	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 International Publishing House. Goel D. & Parashar S. (2013). <i>IPR, Biosafety and Bioethics</i> (1st ed.) Pearson Education India. Pandey, N. & Dharni, K. (2014). <i>Intellectual Property Rights</i>. PHI Learning Ramakrishna, B. & Kumar, A. (2017). <i>Fundamentals of Intellectual Property Rights: For Students, Industrialist and Patent Lawyers</i> (1st ed.). Notion Press Suggested e- Resources: World Trade Organisation. http://www.wto.org World Intellectual Property Organisation. http://www.wipo.int International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants. http://www.upov.int National Portal of India. http://www.archive.india.gov.in 	
4)	Medical Microbiology	 should be able to: Identify various bacterial, fungal, viral and protozoan diseases and their epidemiology 		Medical Microbiology Medical Microbiology describes the cause, transmission, epidemiology, pathogenesis, symptoms, diagnosis and treatment of various bacterial (tuberculosis, typhoid, leprosy), fungal (superficial, subcutaneous, systemic mycosis), protozoan (Malaria, amoebiasis) and viral (AIDS, Influenza, measles) diseases. Currently, it is necessary to understand the impact of emerging and remerging diseases (cholera, dengue, multidrug resistant tuberculosis, H5N1 avian influenza, drug resistant malaria, chikungunya) on human health. Global assessment for various diseases also shows an increasing trend of nosocomial infections and opportunistic infections which cause significant mortality and health concerns.	The immunology portion is very relevant and should be taught separately. This paper should focus only on human pathogen interaction. The importance is that students become well versed with clinical microbiology and epidemiology studies.

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Hypersensitivity, Monoclonal antibodies and its applications. Radioimmunoassay, Enzyme linked immunosorbant assay, immunoblotting, immunofluorescence and flowcytometry Characteristics of infectious diseases, Herd immunity. Disease cycle (Source of disease, reservoir, carriers) Transmission of pathogens (Air borne, contact transmission and vector transmission). Section-C Bacterial Diseases : Epidemiology, Pathogenicity, Laboratory diagnosis, Prevention & control of the following diseases : Anthrax, Tuberculosis, Typhoid, Whooping cough, Tetanus, Diphtheria, Leprosy. General Account of fungal diseases : Mycosis, Subcutaneous and deep. General Account of viral & protozoan diseases : Pneumonia, Influenza, Mumps, Measles, Polio, Hepatitis B, Chickenpox, AIDS and Malaria, Leishmaniasis. Brief account of sexually transmitted diseases. Books Recommended : > Text Book of Microbiology : R. Ananthanarayanan and C.K. Jayaram Panicker, Orient Longman, 1997. Medical Microbiology, Vol, 1 : Microbial infection : Mackie and MaCartney, Churchil Livingstone, 1996. Bailey and Scott's Diagnostic Microbiology : Baron EJ, Peterson LR and Finegold, SM Mosby, 1990. Essential immunology (1995) : Roitt, I.M. Black well Scientific Publications, Oxford. Fundamental immunology : W.E. Paul 1984, Raven Press, New York. Fundamentals of Immunology : R.M. Coleman, M.F. Lombord and R.E. Sicard (1992) - 2nd ed. C. Brown publishers. Immunology : D.M. Weir and J Steward 7th Ed. (1993). 	 Suggested Books: > Brooks, G.F., Carroll, K.C., Butel, J.S., Morse, S.A. & Mietzner, T.A. (2013) Jawetz, Melnick and Adelberg's Medical Mcirobiology (26th ed.). US: Lange Medical Books, Mc Graw-Hill. > Madigan, M., Martinko, J., Stahl, D. & Clark, D. (2010). Brock Biology of Microorganisms (13thed.). UK: Pearson Education. > Pelczar Jr., M.J., Chan, E.C.S. & Krieg, N.R. (2011). Microbiology. New York, USA:Tata McGraw-Hill. Suggested e- Resources: > Emerging Diseases https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3701702 / > Epidemiology 	

S	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.		Outcome			
			▶ Broude A.I. (1981) : Medical "Microbiology" : and	https://bit.ly/2SUmzum	
			Infectious Diseases W.B. Saunders & Co. Philadelphia.	Nosocomial Infections	
			Immunology : Janis Kuby.	https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3470069	
			➤ An Introduction to Immunology : lan R. Tizzard.	/	
5)	Molecular	After completing		Plant breeding study involves breeding methods for self and	
	Plant	this course,		cross pollinated crops. There are several limitations of	
	Breeding	students will be		conventional breeding. Thus, there is need to have a better	
		able to:		breeding approaches to overcome this limitation.	
		• Understand		Development of molecular markers (RFLP, RAPD, SSRs,	
		strategies and		ISSRs, SNPs), construction of molecular maps and linkage	
		applications of		analysis, mapping populations for QTLs using molecular	
		plant breeding		markers play an important role in plant breeding. In order to	
		technologies.		develop potential plant having better qualities, Marker	
		• Comprehend		Assisted Selection (MAS) is also a viable approach which	
		the knowledge		can be done by using selection of traits and markers, trait	
		of different plat		association, marker assisted backcrossing and recurrent	
		molecular		selection, marker assisted hybrid breeding and marker	
		markers		assisted improved varieties/germplasm.	
		 Plan a research 		Suggested Books:	
		career in the		→ Chawla, H. S. (2000). Introduction to Plant	
		area of plant		Biotechnology. USA: Science Publishers.	
				Slater, A., Scott, N. & Fowler, M. (2008). Plant	
		biotechnology		Biotechnology: The Genetic Manipulation of Plants (2 nd	
				ed.). UK: Oxford University Press.	
				 Primrose, S.B., Twyman R.H. & Old R.W. (2001). 	
				<i>Principles of Gene Manipulation</i> (6 th ed.). Wiley-	
				Blackwell.	
				Nicholl, D.S.T. (2008). An introduction to Genetic	
				<i>Engineering</i> (3 rd ed). Cambridge: Cambridge University	
				Press.	
				Glick, B.R., Pasternak, J.J. & <u>Patten</u> C.L. (2010).	
				Molecular Biotechnology: Principles and applications of	
				recombinant DNA (4 th ed.). American Society for	
				Microbiology.	

S	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.		Outcome			
				▶ Watson, J.D., Gilman, M., Witkowski J. & Zoller, M.	
				(1992). Recombinant DNA (2 nd ed.). W. H. Freeman	
				publisher.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				Plant breeding	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103013/pdf/mod6.pdf	
				Molecular marker	
				https://bit.ly/2XmNm0M	
				Gene mapping in plant	
				https://bit.ly/2TaegKm	
6)	Protein	On completion of		An introduction to protein engineering for developing	
	Engineering	this course,		proteins with desired functions. Various methods (rational	
		students should be		design and directed evolution) of protein engineering are	
		able to:		employed to manipulate the different features or	
		Analyse		characteristics (affinity, specificity and stability etc) of	
		structure and		proteins. Engineering various physicochemical and	
		construction of		biological properties (stability to changes in parameters as	
		proteins by		pH, temperature, amino acid sequence and aggregation	
		computer-based		propensities etc) of the proteins could be important in their	
		methods		use as protein drugs and/or catalysts in bioreactors. The	
		• Describe		insight into the fundamental understanding of the	
		structure and		mechanisms and forces (Van der waals, electrostatic,	
		classification of		hydrogen bonding, weakly polar interactions, and	
		proteins		hydrophobic effects), by which protein stabilizes, will help	
		• Analyse and		in the formulation of protein based pharmaceuticals. Protein	
		compare the		engineering with site-specifically incorporation of unnatural	
		amino acid		or non-canonical amino acids has been used to improve	
		sequence and		protein function for medical and industrial applications.	
		structure of		Different computational approaches (sequence and 3D	
		proteins, and		structure analysis, data mining, Ramachandran map etc) to	
		relate this		protein engineering would help to address the requirements	
		information to		in order to find amino acid sequences that will optimize a	
		the function of		desired property (physicochemical property and/or	
		proteins		biological function) of a protein. Determination of the	

S	Course List	Learning	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
No.		Outcome			
<u>No.</u>		 Explain how proteins can be used for different industrial and academic purposes such as structure determination, organic synthesis and drug design. Plan and carry out activity measurements of isolated proteins and characterize their purity and stability. 		 physicochemical properties of proteins using various spectroscopic methods (Far-UV and Near-UV CD, Fluorescence, UV absorbance and Optical rotatory dispersion) would further support the drug development process. Yeast surface display (YSD) has become a valuable protein engineering tool for modifying the affinity, specificity, and stability of antibodies, as well as other proteins. YSD could be successfully used for protein epitope mapping, identification of protein-protein interactions, and uses of displayed proteins in industry and medicine. Developing vaccines and peptidomimetics will further allow the investigators to identify novel therapeutic leads for numerous unmet clinical needs. Suggested Books: > Walsh, G. (2014). Proteins: Biochemistry and Biotechnology, Second edition. Chichester, West Sussex: Wiley Blackwell. > Creighton, T. E. (1997). Protein Structure: a Practical Approach, 2nd Edition. Oxford University press. > Cleland, J. L. & Craik, C. S. (2006). Protein Engineering, Principles and Practice, Vol 7. Springer Netherlands. > Mueller, K. & Arndt, K. (2006). Protein Engineering Protocols, 1st Edition. Humana Press. > Robertson, D. & Noel, J. P. (2004). Protein Engineering Methods in Enzymology, Vol 388. Elsevier Academic Press. > Kyte, J. (2006). Structure in Protein Chemistry, 2nd Edition. Garland publishers. > Williamson, M. P. (2012). How Proteins Work. New York: Garland Science. Suggested e-Resources: > Protein Engineering: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103017/pdf/lecture%2022. 	

S No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 pdf Conformational stability of proteins: https://bit.ly/2y85mid Protein Engineering with Non-Natural Amino Acids: https://library.umac.mo/ebooks/b2805488x.pdf 	

* Matter in contrast (black background & white letters) is shifted to some other units, and material brought as a result of shift is also in contrast. * Matter in square brackets, bold, italic and crossed is deleted. * Proposed added materials are shaded in grey.

S. No.	Portal	Name of course			Credit point(s)	URL	Paid/ Free	Fee (course/ examination)	Remarks
	III Semester Elective C	ourses							
1	SWAYAM Dr. Adarsh Kumar Additional Professor, Department of Forensic Medicine & Toxicology AIIMS, New Delhi.	Forensic Biology and Serology	15 weeks (2 weeks for revision and assessment)	Elective	4	https://swayam.gov.in/course/264-forensic- biology-and-serology	Free	-	
2	edX TsinghuaX	Water and waste treatment engineering: Biochemical Technology	10 weeks 5-6 h/week	Elective	4	https://www.edx.org/course/water- wastewater-treatment-engineering- tsinghuax-40050455-2x-0	Paid	Add a Verified Certificate for \$49	
3	NPTEL	Industrial Biotechnology	12 weeks	Elective	4	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc17_bt2 3/preview https://swayam.gov.in/search?keyword=Ind ustrial%20Biotechnology	Paid	Certificate exam fee	
4	Harvard	Fundamentals of Ecology for Sustainable Ecosystem	-	Elective	4	https://www.extension.harvard.edu/academ ics/courses/fundamentals-ecology/12779	Paid	\$1550	

S. No.	Portal	Name of course	Core/Elective/ Reading elective (Additional/ Alternate)	Credit point(s)	URL	Paid/ Free	Fee (course/ examination)	Remarks
	III/IV Semester Readin	g elective						
1	NPTEL	Bio- organic Chemistry	Reading elective	4	http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104103018/#	Paid	Certification exam fee	
2	IIT, Delhi	Enzyme Science and Engineering	Reading Elective	2	http://freevideolectures.com/Course/85/Enz yme-Science-and-Engineering/1	Free	-	
3	NPTEL	Biocatalysis in organic synthesis	Reading Elective	3	http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104105032/	Paid	Rs. 1000 for certification exam fee	
4	National Institute of Disaster Management (Ministry of Home Affairs, New Delhi)	Disaster Risk Management	Reading Elective	2	www.nidm.gov.in/online.asp	Paid	Rs. 1500 Exam fee	
5	WIPO Academy - [DL] Distance Learning Program	DL101E - DL- 101 General Course on Intellectual Property	Reading Elective	4	https://welc.wipo.int/acc/index.jsf?page=co urseCatalog.xhtml	Free	-	

S. No.	Portal	Name of course	Core/Elective/ Reading elective (Additional/ Alternate)	Credit point(s)		Free	Fee (course/ examination)	Remarks
6	Algonquin college	Environmental Management - An Introduction	Reading Elective		http://www.algonquincollege.com/ccol/cou rses/environmental-management-an-i			



BANASTHALI VIDYAPITH Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology M.Sc. BIOTECHNOLOGY PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES

The M.Sc Biotechnology programme aims for the holistic development of students through the unique and innovative five fold educational ideology of Banasthali Vidyapith. Biotechnology is identified as a potential technology which can impact all facets of life particularly agriculture and health sectors. The Programme has been designed to develop technically skilled personnel who as academicians, researchers, entrepreneurs and professionals can play a pivotal role in biotechnology and its allied sectors. Through a comprehensively designed course structure it is envisaged that students will realise their potential in academics as well as industry. The programme would inculcate moral values accompanied with an understanding of ethical and societal issues and safety concerns that a biotechnologist is increasingly facing. On completion of the Programme, students will be able to:

- identify, analyze and formulate solutions for complex biotechnological problems through team work and multidisciplinary approach
- design and apply appropriate tools for biotechnological manipulations.
- apply knowledge to solve societal problems keeping in mind the legal and ethical issues concerning genetic manipulation technologies
- develop scientific communication skills and be well versed with the latest technologies
- improve public perception of biotechnology and its role
- identify and generate ideas for entrepreneurial ventures
- engage in lifelong learning in the broadest context of technological change.



BANASTHALI VIDYAPITH Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology M.Sc. BIOTECHNOLOGY PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

PO1: **Knowledge**: Develop skills and theories associated with reconstruction, explanation and interpretation of knowledge associated with diverse fields of biochemistry, molecular biology, immunology, microbiology, tissue culture, environmental sciences, statistics, bioinformatics, genetics and industrial biotechnology.

PO2: Planning abilities: Demonstrate, design and execute research problems to highlight skills in planning, resource management, organsization and execution in a timely manner.

PO3: Problem analysis: Interpret, compare and analyze following rules of scientific methodology to arrive at a defensible conclusion of a problem.

PO4: Modern tool usage: Learn, identify, select and apply biotechnological tools and techniques for problem solving; choose correct statistical methods for data validation and bioinformatics computational tools and techniques for further analyses and interpretation.

PO5: Leadership skills: Understand the value of organization and team support to form and build units addressed towards problem solving. Ability to motivate, encourage, support and empathize.

PO6: Professional Identity: Cognition of the professional niche to be fulfilled in society as a part of social and economic capital.

PO7: Bioethics and Biosafety: Understand principle of bioethics to govern profession behavior to enable development of biotechnology with more positivity. Develop thorough understanding and knowledge of levels and types of biosafety to facilitate formation and development of infrastructure and methodology which imposes minimal to no damage to the stakeholders including society and environment.

PO8: Communication: Ability to perceive and to facilitate the understanding of science and its associated technology. Develop good written and oral skills, prepare effective presentations, development of standard operating procedures and publish research documents.

PO9: The biotechnologist and society: Identify problems in society related to biotechnology and its scope, formulate a solution, apply and execute it while taking responsibilities for ethical, moral and legal consequences.

PO10: Environment and sustainability: Comprehend and describe the environmental impact of biotechnology research and advancements. Identify possible solutions and methodologies to eliminate or mitigate or restore any negative influences while developing technologies as part of sustainable development highlighted by Convention of Biological Diversity.

PO11: Life- long learning: Self analysis, appraisal and constructive criticism to be used for further improvement which facilitates continued involvement and developments in mediating technological advances.

Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology, Banasthali Vidyapith M.Sc. Biotechnology Programme

	Existing Courses				
M.Sc. Biotec	chnology Sem. I	L	Т	Р	С
BIO 407	Cell and Molecular Biology	4	0	0	4
BIO 403	Biochemistry & Biophysics	4	0	0	4
BIO 416	Microbiology	4	0	0	4
BIN 401	Bioinformatics	4	0	0	4
BIO 401	Analytical Techniques-I	4	0	0	4
BIO 404L	Bioscience Lab-I	0	0	12	6
	Total	20	0	12	26

	Proposed Courses				
M.Sc. Biote	chnology Sem. I	L	Т	P	С
BIO	Cell and Molecular Biology	4	0	0	4
BIO	Biochemistry	4	0	0	4
BIO	Microbiology	4	0	0	4
BIN	Bioinformatics	4	0	0	4
BIO	Analytical Techniques-I	4	0	0	4
BIO	Bioscience Lab-I	0	0	12	6
	Total	20	0	12	26

	Existing Courses				
M.Sc. Biotec	chnology Sem. II	L	Т	Р	С
BIO 406	Biostatistics and Research Methodology	4	0	0	4
BIO 410	Genetics	4	0	0	4
BIO 411	Immunology	4	0	0	4
BT 406	Enzymology and Enzyme Technology	4	0	0	4
BT 408	Genetic Engineering	4	0	0	4
BIO 405L	Bioscience Lab-II	0	0	12	6
		20	0	12	26
	Course proposed to be discontinued				
	Course content modified				
	Course shifted to different semester				
	New course proposed	1			
	Course shifted from different programme	1			
	Course shifted from core to elective course				

	Proposed Courses				
M.Sc. Biote	chnology Sem. II	L	Т	P	С
BIO 406	Biostatistics and Research Methodology	4	0	0	4
BIO	Genetics	4	0	0	4
BIO 411	Immunology	4	0	0	4
BIO 408	Environmental Biology and Biotechnology	4	0	0	4
BT	Genetic Engineering	4	0	0	4
BIO	Bioscience Lab-II	0	0	12	6
		20	0	12	26

	Existing Courses						
M.Sc. Biote	chnology Sem. III	L	Т	Р	С		
BT 522	Recombinant DNA Technology	4	0	0	4		
BT 504	Bioprocess Engineering and Technology	4	0	0	4		
BT 507	Cell and Tissue Culture Technology	4	0	0	4		
BT 509	Environmental Biotechnology	4	0	0	4		
BT 505L	Biotechnology Lab-I	0	0	12	6		
	Elective	4	0	0	4		
	Total	20	0	12	26		
	List of Electives						
BIO 503	Fundamentals of Bioentrepreneurship						
BIO 505	Microbial Technology						
BT 513	Food Process and Biotechnology						
BT 515	Genomics and Proteomics						
BT 516	Immunotechnology						
BT 521	Plant Biotechnology						

	Existing Courses				
M.Sc. Biote	chnology Sem. IV				
BT 508D	Dissertation	0	0	52	26
	Total	0	0	52	26

Proposed Courses						
M.Sc. Biote	chnology Sem. III	L	Т	Р	С	
BT	Bioprocess Engineering and Technology	4	0	0	4	
BT 507	Cell and Tissue Culture Technology	4	0	0	4	
BIO	Critical Analysis of Classical Papers/ Landmark	0	2	0	2	
	Discoveries (Seminar)					
ВТ	Biotechnology Lab-I	0	0	12	6	
	Discipline Elective	4	0	0	4	
	Open Elective	4	0	0	4	
BT	Reading Elective-I/ II	0	0	0	2	
	Total	16	2	12	26	

	Proposed Courses						
M.Sc. Biote	echnology Sem. IV						
	Reading Elective-I/ II	0	0	0	2		
BT 508D	Dissertation	0	0	48	24		
	Total	0	0	48	26		

Proposed List of Elective courses to be offered in III Semester					
BIO	Fundamentals of Bioentrepreneurship				
BIO 505	Microbial Technology				
BT	Food Process and Biotechnology				
BT	Genomics and Proteomics				
BT	Immunotechnology				
BT	Plant Biotechnology				
BT	Recombinant DNA Technology				
BT	Animal Biotechnology-I				
PHY	Biophysics-I				
ВТ	Enzyme Technology				
BT	Forensic Biology and Serology https://swayam.gov.in/course/264-forensic-biology-and-serology				
BT	Water and Waste Treatment Engineering: Biochemical Technology				
	https://www.edx.org/course/water-wastewater-treatment-engineering- tsinghuax-40050455-2x-0				
BT	Industrial Biotechnology				
	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc17_bt23/preview				
	https://swayam.gov.in/search?keyword=Industrial%20Biotechnology				
BT	Fundamentals of Ecology for Sustainable Ecosystem				
	https://www.extension.harvard.edu/academics/courses/fundamentals- ecology/12779				

Proposed List of Reading Electives-I/II to be offered in III & IV Semester				
BT	Drug Discovery			
BT	Human Genetics and Diseases			
	Intellectual property rights			
BT	Medical Microbiology			
BT	Molecular Plant Breeding			
BT	Protein Engineering			
BIO	Bio- organic Chemistry			
	http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104103018/#			
BT	Enzyme Science and Engineering			
	http://freevideolectures.com/Course/85/Enzyme-Science-and-Engineering/1			
BT	Biocatalysis in organic synthesis			
	http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104105032/			
BT	Comprehensive Disaster Risk Management Framework			
	www.nidm.gov.in/online.asp			
BT	General Course on Intellectual Property			
	https://welc.wipo.int/acc/index.jsf?page=courseCatalog.xhtml			
BT	Environmental Management - An Introduction			
	http://www.algonquincollege.com/ccol/courses/environmental-management-			
	an-introduction/			

Comparative Table: M.Sc. Biotechnology: Existing and Modified syllabus, Suggested Books and Suggested E-Resources

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks			
M. Se	M. Sc. Biotechnology I Semester							
<u>M. S</u>	Biotechnology I S BIN 401: Bioinformatics	After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Describe and identify various databases and tools used for phylogenetic analysis. Apply protein structure prediction Demonstrate and apply different tools for data-mining 	 Section-A Introduction of computers: Basic components and their functions, hardware and software, Input-Output devices. Basic concepts about data and information, Representation of data in computers in binary, bits and bytes. Computer words coding (ASCII and EBCDIC), Number System Conversion. Conceptual understanding of assemblers, Compilers, Operating System. Introduction to Programming languages, C++, Perl. Section-B Information Retrieval: LAN, WAN, Introduction to Internet, WWW, NICNET, ERNET, On line publishing ventures eg. Biomed Central, BTIS Network in India. Introduction to Microarray Technology and its applications. Biological Databases: Primary Sequence databases (Protein and DNA databases), Secondary databases, Composite databases. Online international database access. Section-C Sequence Alignment and Databases searching: Evolutionary basis of sequence alignment, Optimal alignment methods; Dot Plot, Dynamic Programming. Databases similarity searching: Algorithms of FASTA BLAST. 	 Introduction to biological databases: primary, composite, secondary databases and structural database. Description of specific databases: UniGene,UniProt, and RCSB – PDB). Introduction to genomics, proteomics and phylogenetics resources available at ExPassy. Introduction to sequence analysis: Dot Plot, scoring matrices (PAM matrix) and gap penalty. Section B Description and application of global and local sequence alignment. Sequence based database searching working algorithms of BLAST, variations of BLAST. Multiple Sequence alignment. Evolutionary significance of sequence alignment. Evolutionary models: Jukes – Cantor and Kimura two parameter. Phylogenetic Analysis: distance based (Maximum Parsimony). Section C Protein 3D structure prediction: Chou – Fasman algorithm Protein 3D structure prediction: homology modeling, its advantage and limits. 	The components were very basic and mostly covered in undergraduate programs in almost every stream of science as compulsory computer knowledge. Learning languages such as C++ and Perl are extremely tedious; syntax of these two languages is very different to each other and not of use without hands-on sessions. More computer science information instead of bioinformatics. Further, the proposed syllabus is comprehensive for introductory course of bioinformatics. ClustalW is obsolete, progressive methods will include all the concept and methodology of programs like ClustalW. Protein structure prediction is the new introduction in the content to satisfy the need and requirement of a complete bioinformatics course.			

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Statistical significance of alignment, Substitution Scores and Gap penalties. Multiple Sequence alignment: CLUSTAL W. EMBOSS. 	 Forces stabilizing biomolecular interaction. Principle of Molecular Docking. Types of molecular docking, its advantage and limits. 	
			 Books Recommended : A textbook of Bioinformatics : Sharma, Munjal&Shanker, Rastogi Publication, Meerut Fundamental of computer : P.K. Sinha Introduction to Bioinformatics : Parrysmith and Attwood Introduction to Bioinformatics : Baxevenis and Oulette Internet for Molecular Biologist : Swindell Molecular databases for protein sequences and structure studies - An Introduction Silence : J., Sillince M., Springerberlagd, Berlin 1972 Leaping from Basic to C++ : Robert J. Traister, A.P. Professional Cambridge Perl 5 Unleashed : Kamran Husain & Robert F Breedlore SAMS Publishing. Bioinformatics : David, Mount. 	 Suggested Books: Rastogi, S.C. & Rastogi, P. (2013). Bioinformatics Methods and Applications (4thed.). New Delhi: PHI Learning Private Limited. Lesk, A.M. (2008). Introduction to Bioinformatics.UK: Oxford University Press. Krane, D.E. & Reymer, M.L. (2003).Fundamental Concepts of Bioinformatics. UK: Pearson Education. Attwood, T.K., Parry-Smith, D.J. & Phukam, S.(2009). Introduction to Bioinformatics (4thed.). UK: Pearson Education. Sharma, V., Munjal, A. & Shanker, A.(2017). A Text Book of Bioinformatics (2nded.). Meerut: Rastogi Publications. Suggested e- Resources: Chou-Fasman Method for protein secondary structure prediction https://pdfa.samentiascholar.org/fd8o/p05apo2d 	
				 https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/fd8c/c95aec2d 7af19ed28eea3688b3c231d0e745.pdf Homology modeling https://proteinstructures.com/Modeling/homol ogy-modeling.html ExPASy https://www.expasy.org/ 	
2.	BIO401:AnalyticalTechniques-I	After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Comprehend the principles of	 Section-A Chromatographic methods for macromolecule separation- TLC and Paper chromatography, gel 	 Section-A Chromatographic methods for macromolecule separation: 	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		various instrumentation techniques:	permeation; ion exchange; hydrophobic, Reverse-	TLC and Paper chromatography, Gel	
		• Identify suitable and relevant	phase and Affinity chromatography; HPLC, FPLC	permeation, Ion exchange, Hydrophobic,	
		tools for use in research	and GLC.	Reverse-phase & Affinity chromatography;	
		problems	• Electrophoretic techniques :	HPLC, FPLC & GLC.	
		• Utilize the scope of the content	• Theory and application of polyacrylamide and		
		for designing and performing	agarose gel electrophoresis, capillary	Theory and applications of polyacrylamide and	
		future experiments	electrophoresis; 2D electrophoresis; Disc gel	agarose gel electrophoresis, capillary	
			electrophoresis; Gradient electrophoresis; Pulse	electrophoresis, 2D electrophoresis, Disc gel	
			field gel electrophoresis, Isoelectric focusing.	electrophoresis, Gradient electrophoresis, Pulse	
				field gel electrophoresis & Isoelectric focusing.	
			Section-B	Section-B	
			• Microscopy- Microscope and its modifications-	Microscopy:	
			Light, Phase contrast and interference,	Microscope and its modifications- Light, Phase	
			Fluorescence, Confocal, Electron (TEM & SEM),	contrast and interference, Fluorescence,	
			Electron tunneling and Atomic Force Microscopy	Confocal, Electron (TEM & SEM), Electron tunneling & Atomic Force Microscopy.	
			• Centrifugation -Basic principle & theory, Types of centrifuges- Micro centrifuge, High speed &		
			Ultracentrifuges; Preparative centrifugation,	Basic principle & theory, types of centrifuges-	
			differential & density gradient centrifugation.	Micro centrifuge, High speed &	
			Analytical centrifugation & its applications.	Ultracentrifuges. Preparative centrifugation:	
			r marytical continugation & its applications.	differential & density gradient centrifugation.	
			Section-C	Analytical centrifugation & its applications.	
			• Spectroscopy-Principle, instrumentation		
			applications in biological sciences: UV-visible		
			spectrophotometry Florometry& Atomic	Principle, instrumentation applications in	
			absorption Spectrophotometer (AAS). Principle	biological sciences. UV-visible	Typographical errors have
			and application of NMR, X-ray crystallography,	spectrophotometry, Florometry & Atomic	been rectified.
			API electrospray, mass spectroscopy and MALDI-	absorption spectrophotometer (AAS). Principle	
			TOF, Circular Dichroism	& applications of NMR, X-ray	
			Radioactivity :	crystallography, Mass spectroscopy and	
			• Radioactive and stable isotopes; Pattern and rate of	MALDI-TOF, Circular Dichroism.	
			radioactive decay; Measurement of radioactivity;	Radioactivity:	
			Geiger-Muller counter; solid and liquid	Radioactive and stable isotopes, Pattern and	
			scintillation counters (Basic principal,	rate of radioactive decay, Measurement of	

S. No. Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		instrumentation and technique); brief idea of	radioactivity, Geiger-Muller counter, solid and	
		radiation dosimetry; Cerenkov radiation;	liquid scintillation counters (Basic principle,	
		autoradiography.	instrumentation and technique), brief idea of	
			radiation dosimetry, Cerenkov radiation &	
		Books Recommended :	autoradiography.	
		Practical Biochemistry: Keith Wilson and John		
		Walker, Cambridge University Press.	➢ Wilson, K. & Walker, J. (2010). Principles and	
		Physical Biochemistry : David Friefelder.	Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular	
		Instrumental methods of chemical analysis	Biology. Cambridge, UK: Cambridge	
		:Chatwal and Anand, Himalaya Publishing	University Press.	
		House.	Friefelder, D. (1982). <i>Physical Biochemistry:</i>	
		► Instrumental methods of chemical analysis :	Applications to Biochemistry and Molecular	
		B.K. Sharma, Goel Publishing House.	<i>Biology</i> . New York, USA: W.H. Freeman and	
		X-Ray Methods : C. Whiston.	Company. $C P = 0$ $A = 1$ $C V = (2010)$	
		The Electron Microscope in Biology : A. V. \Box		
		Grimstone.	Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis.	
		Tertiary level biology - Methods in Experimental biology - Delab Blacking	·	
		Experimental biology : R. Ralph Blackie.	Sharma, B.K. (2004). Instrumental methods of	
		 Animal Tissue Technique : G.L. Humason. NMR and Chemistry : J.W. Akitt, Chapman and 	Chemical Analysis, In: Introduction to Analytical Chemistry. New Delhi, India: Goel	
		Hall.	Publishing House.	
		11a11:	 Talluri, S. (2012). Bioanalytical techniques. 	
			New Delhi, India: I.K. International	
			Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.	
			$\succ \text{ Chatanta, D.K. & Mehra, P.S. (2012).}$	
			Instrumental Methods of Analysis in	
			Biotechnology. New Delhi, India: I.K.	
			International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.	
			Suggested e- Resources:	
			 Chromatographic Techniques 	
			https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103108100/module7	
			/module7.pdf	
			 Spectroscopic techniques 	
			https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103044/pdf/mod	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 2.pdf Microscopic techniques www.nptel.ac.in/courses/102103015/pdf/mod3 .pdf 	
3.	BIO 403: Biochemistry &Biophysics	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Understand the structure and role of various biomolecules Identify, assess and explain various biochemical pathways Develop understanding of enzymes and their mechanism of action 	 Biochemistry & Biophysics Section-A Hydrogen bonding and structure of water molecule, lonization of water, pH and colligative properties of water. Bioenergetics: First & second law of thermodynamics, concept of free energy, change in standard free energy, ATP and its hydrolysis. Carbohydrates: general classification, Polysaccharides: &proteoglycans: Starch, glycogen, cellulose, chitin &bacterial cell wall. Glycosaminoglycans& proteoglycans in extracellular matrix. Section-B Electron transport system in mitochondria & chloroplasts. Oxidative phosphorylation, P/O ratio, Uncouplers. Lipids - Glycerophospholipids, sphingolipids, gangliosides, Eicosanoids & prostaglandins-Cholesterol & its biosynthesis. Proteins & amino acids - Zwitterionic properties of amino acids & titration curves. Peptide bonds, disulphide cross links, various levels of structural organization of proteins. Ramachandran plot, Alpha-helix, Beta sheet, Helix-coil transitions. Structure function relationship in model proteins like ribonuclease A, haemoglobin, chymotrypsin. 	 Biochemistry Section-A Bioenergetics: First and Second law of thermodynamics, concept of free energy, change in standard free energy. Carbohydrates: general classification, Polysaccharides: Starch, glycogen, cellulose & chitin. Glycolysis, Citric acid cycle. Electron transport system in mitochondria & chloroplasts. Oxidative phosphorylation, Photosynthetic phosphorylation, P/O ratio, Uncouplers. Section-B Lipids - glycerophospholipids, sphingolipids, gangliosides, eicosanoids & prostaglandins. Proteins & amino acids – Zwitterionic properties of amino acids & titration curves. Peptide bonds, disulphide crosslinks, various levels of structural organization of proteins. Ramachandran plot, Alpha-helix, Beta sheet, Structure function relationship in model proteins like ribonuclease A, haemoglobin and chymotrypsin. Biosynthesis of purines and pyrimidines, <i>de novo</i> and salvage pathway, Section-C Introduction to enzymes: Classification of 	The title is changed as Biophysics component has been removed as it does not fit in two year M.Sc. Biotechnology programme. Section B: Relevant topics, which were earlier not part of the syllabus, have been added. These topics are essential part of the carbohydrate metabolism, a key component of the living organisms. Section C: Biophysics topics have been deleted. Reshuffling done in order to coherently organize various topics of the syllabus.

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	 Biosynthesis of purines and pyrimidines, <i>de novo</i> and salvage pathway, various confirmations of nucleotides, glycosidic bond rotation, base- stacking. Mechano Chemical Process: Molecular structure of muscle Actin, myosin, troponin, tropomyosin, Muscle Contraction. Action Potential and propagation of neuronal computation through nerve fibre. Books Recommended : Principles of Biochemistry : A.L. Lehninger, Nelson and Cox, McMillan Worth Publishers. Biochemistry :Voet and Voet, John Wiley and Sons, Inc. USA. Biophysical Chemistry Vol. I, II &III : Cantor and Schimmel, Freeman. Biochemistry :Zubey, WCB. Biochemistry :Stryer, W. H. Freeman. Understanding Enzymes : T. Palmer, Horwood. Harper's review of Biochemistry : R.K. Murray et al., Prentice-Hall International Inc. Fundamentals of Biochemistry : Cohn and Stumf. Molecular Biophysics-Structure in Motion 	 enzymes Nomenclature of enzymes, E.C. Number Enzyme kinetics (Michaelis – Menten kinetics), importance and determination of Vmax and Km values, L & B plots. Enzyme inhibition: competitive, noncompetitive and un-competitive. Coenzymes and Isozymes. Suggested Books: Nelson, D. L. & Cox, M.M. (2012). Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry (6thed.). New York, USA: W. H. Freeman and Company. Rodwell, V.W., Bender, D., Botham, K.M., Kenelly, P.J.& Weil., P.A. (2018). Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry (31sted.). New York, USA: McGraw-Hill Education. Voet, D. &Voet, J.G.(2010). Biochemistry (4thed.). New Jersey, USA: Wiley. Berg, J.M., Tymoczko, J.L., Gatto Jr., G.J. & Stryer, L. (2015). Biochemistry (8thed.). New York, USA: W. H. Freeman and Company. Garrett, R. H. & Grisham, C. M. (2012). Biochemistry (5thed.). Belmont, USA: Wadsworth Publishing Co Inc. 	Remarks
			Molecular Biophysics-Structure in Motion :Michel Daune, Oxford University Press.	 Wadsworth Publishing Co Inc. Palmer, T. & Bonner, P. (2014). <i>Enzymes:</i> <i>Biochemistry, Biotechnology and Clinical</i> <i>Chemistry</i>. UK: Woodhead Publishing Limited. Cantor, C.R. & Schimmel, P.R. (1980). <i>Biophysical Chemistry Part I, II & III</i>. New York, USA: W. H. Freeman and Company. Ferdinand, W. (1976). <i>The Enzyme Molecule</i>. New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd. 	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Suggested e- Resources: Metabolic pathways, Biomolecules https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=2 Mechanism of enzyme action http://www.biologydiscussion.com/enzymes/en zymes-properties-and-mechanism-of-enzyme- action/6145 E-book for Garrett and Grisham https://bit.ly/2TbDWWR 	
4.	BIO 404L: Bioscience Lab-I	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Demonstrate use of various tools and techniques for detection and quantification of biomolecules. Perform various biochemical assays for fats, carbohydrate, protein and enzymes Demonstrate microbiological techniques Access, retrieve, and analyze nucleotide and protein sequences using bioinformatics tools 	 Demonstration, principle and use of lab equipments: Centrifuges (Table top and high speed), Balances (electrical and digital). Demonstration, principle and use of lab equipments: Spectrophotometer, pH meter. Estimation of proteins by Lowry's and TCA methods. Estimation of carbohydrates (reducing and non- reducing sugar). Estimation of fats (cholesterol). Preparation and purification of casein from buffalo milk. Separation of amino acids by TLC and paper chromatography. Determination of Logic properties (pH value of Lysine by titration). To find λmax for proteins. Use of selective and diagnostic media for cultivation, isolation, enumeration and purification of microorganisms. Isolation and enumeration of microbes from air/soil by serial dilution/agar plating method. Microbiological examination of food. 	 applications of Centrifuges (high speed refrigerated centrifuge & ultracentrifuge). Fluorescence microscope. Atomic absorption spectrophotometer, HPLC, FPLC, GC-MS. Separation of amino acids by TLC and Paper Chromatography. Cell and Molecular Biology Study of different stages of mitosis (onion root tip) and meiosis (onion buds/grasshopper testis) and determine the mitotic index. Separation of chloroplast by sucrose density gradient centrifugation. Biochemistry 	The experiments have been reframed and modified keeping in consideration, the suggested syllabus.

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			16. Citric acid production by A. niger.	standard curve of p-nitrophenol.	
			17. Study of cell division in plants and animals, Giant		
			chromosomes.	Expt. 6) using ammonium sulphate	
			18. Separation of different organelles/molecules by	precipitation and ion exchange/ affinity	
			sucrose density gradient/differential gradient. 19. Separation and identification of serum	chromatography (demonstration).	
			proteins/plant proteins by gel electrophoresis.	V_{max} values) of acid phosphatase.	
				v_{max} values) of actor phosphatase. 12. Estimation of total carbohydrates using	
			(protein, carbohydrate or any other).	Anthrone method.	
			21. Bioinformatics exercise 1	13. Estimation of reducing sugar by Nelson-	
			22. Bioinformatics exercise 2.	Somogyi method.	
				14. Estimation of fats (cholesterol).	
				Microbiology	
				15. Isolation and enumeration of microbes from	
				soil and water.	
				16. Staining of selected bacterial and fungal	
				strains. 17. Estimation of bacterial growth by	
				17. Estimation of bacterial growth by turbidometric method.	
				18. Antibiotic sensitivity test.	
				19. Estimation of infectivity titre of a virus sample	
				using Plaque assay.	
				Bioinformatics	
				20. Database Search: Use and analysis of BLAST	
				tool for protein and DNA sequences.	
				21. Molecular Evolution: Multiple sequence	
				alignment and phylogenetic analysis (Clustal	
				X/ Mega/ Tree-View).	
				22. Structure Prediction: Protein secondary and tertiary structure prediction using online tools.	
				23. Molecular Visualization: Structural analysis of	
				PDB entries for active and inactive states of	
				protein(Pymol).	
				Suggested Books:	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				➢ Aneja, K. R. (2001). Experiments in	
				Microbiology, Plant Pathology, Tissue Culture	
				and Mushroom Production Technology. New	
				Delhi, India: New Age International Ltd.	
				➤ Cappuccino, J. G. & Welsh, C. (2019).	
				Microbiology: A Laboratory Manual. New	
				York, USA: Pearson.	
				➢ Sadasivam, S., & Manickam, A. (1996).	
				Biochemical Methods (2 nd ed.). New Delhi:	
				New Age International Publishers.	
				Saxena, J., Baunthiyal., & Ravi, I. (2015).	
				Laboratory Manual of Microbiology,	
				Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. Jodhpur:	
				Scientific Publishers.	
				➤ Tille, P. M. & Forbes, B. A. (2017). <i>Bailey</i> &	
				Scott's Diagnostic Microbiology. St. Louis,	
				Missouri: Elsevier.	
				Suggested e- Resources:	
				Harisha, S. Biotechnology procedures and	
				experiments handbook	
				http://site.iugaza.edu.ps/mwhindi/files/BIOTE	
				CHNOLOGY-PROCEDURES-AND-	
				EXPERIMENTS-HANDBOOK.pdf	
				Introduction to biotechnology	
				http://www.austincc.edu/awheeler/Files/BIOL	
				%201414%20Fall%202011/BIOL1414_Lab%	
5		After messesful sevented as a C (1		20Manual_Fall%202011.pdf	
5.		After successful completion of the	Section-A	Section-A	Diagmodogmoto alreader
	and Molecular	course, students should be able to:	• Molecular structure and function: Structural	• Molecular structure and function of plasma	Plasmodesmata already
	Biology	• Understand membrane transport	models, Composition and dynamics; Transport of	membrane: Transport of ions &	covered in 'cell junctions'
		and cell signalling mechanisms.	ions and macromolecules; Pumps, carriers and	macromolecules; Pumps, carriers and channels;	
		• Develop comprehensive	channels; Membrane carbohydrates and their significance in cellular recognition; cellular	Membrane carbohydrates & their significance in cellular recognition; Cellular junctions &	
		understanding of endo-	junctions and adhesions; structure and functional	adhesions.	
		membrane system	junctions and adhesions; structure and functional	aunesions.	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		Understand molecular mechanisms of prokaryotes and eukaryotes	 significance of plasmodesmata. Endocytosis and exocytosis, clathrin&coatomer coated vesicles, SNARE proteins. Cell to cell signaling :autocrine, paracrine and endocrine stimulation. Signaling via G-protein linked cell-surface receptors, adenylatecyclase system, inositol phosphate pathway, role of Ca²⁺ -ions. Signallingvia enzyme-linked surface receptors, tyrosine kinases. Steroid receptors. 	 Endocytosis & exocytosis, clathrin coated vesicles, SNARE proteins. Cell to cell signalling: autocrine, paracrine and endocrine stimulation. Signaling via G-protein linked cell surface 	
			Section-B	Section-B	
			 Mitochondrial membrane organization, transport of proteins into mitochondria and chloroplasts. Genome of mitochondria and cholorplasts. Concept of signal peptide, SRP, SRP Receptor, transport of soluble and membrane bound proteins in Endoplasmic Reticulum, ER Resident proteins, ER chaperone proteins and their functions, glycosylation of proteins in ER. Golgi apparatus, role in protein glycosylation and transport. Lysosomes, intracellular digestion, sorting of lysosomal enzymes in Golgi, lysosomal storage diseases. 	 Protein sorting and targeting: Signal hypothesis, SRP, SRP Receptor, ER Resident proteins, ER chaperone proteins & their functions, glycosylation of proteins in ER. Golgi apparatus, role in protein glycosylation and transport. Lysosomes, intracellular digestion, sorting of lysosomal enzymes in Golgi, lysosomal storage diseases. Transport of proteins into mitochondria & 	The deleted portion has been replaced with more relevant topic Cell Cycle and its regulation and division.
			 Replication of genetic material in prokaryotes and eukaryotes: initiation, elongation and termination; Replication of single stranded circular DNA. Prokaryotic transcription: Transcription units; 	• Replication of genetic material in prokaryotes & eukaryotes: initiation, elongation & termination; Replication of single stranded circular DNA.	
			RNA polymerase structure and assembly; Promotors; Rho-dependent and Rho-independent termination; Anti-termination.	Prokaryotic transcription: Transcription units; RNA polymerase structure & assembly; Promotors, Rho-dependent & Rho-independent	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Eukaryotic transcription: RNA polymerase structure and assembly; RNA polymerase I, II, III; eukaryotic promoters and enhancers; general transcription factors; TATA binding proteins (TBP) and TBP associated factors (TAF). Post transcriptional modifications: processing of hnRNA, tRNA and rRNA; 5'-Cap formation; 3'-end processing and polyadenylation; Splicing; RNA editing; Nuclear export of mRNA; mRNA stability; Catalytic RNA. Translation: Translation machinery; Ribosomes: composition and assembly; Genetic code: degeneracy of codons, initiation and termination codons, wobble hypothesis,genetic code in mitochondria;IsoacceptingtRNA; Mechanism of initiation, elongation and termination; Co- and 	 termination; Anti-termination. Eukaryotic transcription: RNA polymerase structure and assembly; RNA polymerase I, II, III; eukaryotic promoters & enhancers; general transcription factors; TATA binding proteins (TBP) and TBP associated factors (TAF). Post transcriptional modifications: processing of hnRNA, tRNA and rRNA; 5'-Cap formation; 3'-end processing and polyadenylation; splicing; RNA editing; nuclear export of mRNA; catalytic RNA. 	
			post-translational modifications. Books recommended :	Suggested Books:	
			 Cell and Molecular Biology : De Robertis& De Robertis, B.I. Waverly Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. The world of the cell : W.M. Becker, Pearson 	De Robertis, E.D.R. & De Robertis, E.M.F. (2017). Cell and Molecular Biology. New York, USA: Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.	
		:	 Education. Cell and Molecular Biology : G. Karp, John Wiley & Sons. 	Hardin, J., Bertoni, G. & Lewis, K.J. (2011). Becker's World of the Cell. Essex, UK: Pearson Education Limited.	
		:	 The Cell - A Molecular Approach : Cooper, Sinauer. 		
			Cell and Molecular Biology : P.K. Gupta, Rastogi Publications.	<i>Experiments</i> . New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd.	
			Freeman & Co.	 Cooper, G., M. & Hausman, R. E. (2004). The Cell: A Molecular Approach. Washington, 	
			Molecular Biology of the Cell : Bruce Albert, Garland Publication, NY.	D.C.: ASM Press.Lodish, H., Berk, A., Kaiser, C. A., Krieger,	
			Essentials of Cytology : C.B. Powar, Himalaya Publications.	M., Bretsher, A., Ploegh, H., Amon, A. & Martin, K. C. (2007). <i>Molecular Cell Biology</i> .	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Principles of Genetics : Gardner, Simmons, Snustad, John Wiley & Sons. Gene VIII :Lewin, Pearson Education. Molecular Biology of Gene : J.D. Watson, Pearson Education. Molecular Biology : David Freifelder, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi. Molecular Biology : R. Weaver, WCB McGraw Hill. 	 New York, USA: W. H. Freeman and Company. Alberts, B., Johnson, A., Lewis, J., Raff, M., Roberts, K. & Walter, P. (2007). <i>Molecular Biology of the Cell</i>. UK: Garland Science. Freifelder, D. M. (1986). Molecular Biology. USA: Jones & Bartlett Publishers. 	
6.	BIO 416: Microbiology	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Describe different methodologies for classification of microbes. Understand structural, functional and metabolic diversity of bacteria Explain viral structure, properties, replication and cultivation 	 Section-A Discovery of Micro-organisms. Criteria for classification; molecular approaches Bacteria: General features, Structural organisation, Nutrition, Growth, Respiration and Reproduction. Methanogens and Methylotrophs, Chemolithotrophs, Phototrophs, Sulphur reducing bacteria. Archaebacteria Section-B Nature of viruses, Organisation of virion, Animal, Plant and Bacterial Viruses. Virus replication, Cultivation of viruses & 	 Section-A History and scope of microbiology. Bacteria: Structural organization. Archaea: Structural organization and brief overview of major physiological groups (Halophiles, Methanogens, Thermophiles). Growth of bacteria- bacterial growth curve, factors affecting growth. Nutrition in bacteria- nutritional classes, modes of nutritional uptake, media (types) and culture methods. Modes of bacterial reproduction. Regulation in bacteria-operon concept-lac, trp and ara. Section-B Classification of bacteria and approaches used (conventional and modern). 	The current syllabus is too bulky and inadequately distributed in the three sections. Contents of section C will be taken up by biotechnology students in bioprocess engineering and environmental biotechnology papers. Also, the last two points of section B are more suited to bioprocess. In the proposed syllabus, the syllabus is more evenly distributed and pertinent content has been added for a more cohesive syllabus.

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Virulence factor. Isolation and screening of industrially important microbes. Improvement of strains. 	 Metabolic diversity in bacteria- aerobic and anaerobic respiration (suphate, nitrate), fermentation (lactic, mixed, acetone-butanol, stickland fermentations and acetogenesis), chemolithotrophy(hydrogen, sulphur, nitrate and iron oxidizers), phototrophy (oxygenic and anoxygenic). Unculturable microbes. 	
			 Section-C Biopesticides, Biopolymers and Biosurfactants Industrial production of various metabolites with special example of antibiotics, organic acids and alcohol Microbes in the disposal of sewage: sewage treatment processes, sewage water and transmission of diseases, indicator organisms. 	 Bacterial quorum sensing. Section-C General properties, structure, taxonomy (ICTV & Baltimore classification)of virus. General features of viral replication, sub-viral particles – satellite virus, viroids& prions. Bacteriophages: one step growth curve, structure & life cycle of T₄ and lambda phages, molecular control of lytic & lysogenic cycle. Animal virus: structure and life cycle of-herpes simplex virus, papovavirus, reovirus & retroviruses. Plant virus: structure & life cycle of -geminivirus, caulimovirus & tobacco mosaic 	
			 Books Recommended : Introductory Microbiology : F.C. Ross, Columbus Charles E. Mehrill. Microbiology - Fundamentals and Applications : S.S. Purohit, Agro Botanical Publishers, Bikaner. Modern Concepts of Microbiology : H.D. Kumar and S. Kumar, Vikas Publishing House, 	 Seminivirus, etailinovirus te tooleeo mostile virus; virus-vector relationship. Virus assay: Plaque, pock, hemagglutination & transformation assays and concept of ID50. Cultivation of viruses. Suggested Books: Willey, J. M., Sherwood, L.M. & Woolverton, C.J. (2014). <i>Prescott's Microbiology</i> (9th ed.). New York, USA: McGraw-Hill Education. Madigan, M., Martinko, J., Stahl, D. & Clark, D. (2010). <i>Brock Biology of Microorganisms</i> (13thed.). UK: Pearson Education. 	

S. No. Course	List Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
S. No. Course]	List Learning Outcome	 Existing Syllabus New Delhi. Microbiology : M.J. Pelczar,C.E.C. Sun and N.R. Krieg, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi. A Text book of Microbiology : R.C. Dubey and D.K. Maheshwari, S. Chand and Company. Microbiology : K.L. Burdon and R.P. Williams, Mcmillan Worth Publishers. Microbiology : B.D. Davis et al. : Harper and Row Publishers. Microbiology : E.W. Nester et al., Saunders international edition. Principle of Fermentation Technology : P.F. Stanbury and A. Whittaker, Pegamon Press. Fundamental principles of Bacteriology : A.J. Salle, Tata McGraw Hill. T.D. Boock's World of Microbiology : Madigan Microbiology :Presscott. 	 Pelczar Jr., M.J., Chan, E.C.S. & Krieg, N.R. (2011). <i>Microbiology</i>. New York, USA: Tata McGraw-Hill. Kungo, R. (Ed.). (2017). Nanthnarayanand Paniker's <i>Textbook of Microbiology</i> (10th ed.). New Delhi, India: Universities Press. Moat, A. G., Foster, J.W. & Spector, M.P. (2003). <i>Microbial Physiology</i> (4th ed.). US: WileyLiss Inc. 	Remarks

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Structure and classification of Viruses https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK817 4/ https://www.pnas.org/content/101/44/15556 Virus replication https://bit.ly/2BQLTa5 	
	Biotechnology II			1	
7.	BIO 405L: Bioscience Lab- II	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Demonstrate techniques used in immunology and genetic engineering Perform key experiments for water quality analysis and other contaminants Solve problems based on gene mapping and population genetics 	 To obtain standard curve of p-nitrophenol solution. To prepare a sample of enzyme extract. To determine activity of acid phosphatase from peas/moong seedlings. Purification of an enzymatic protein by salt precipitation. Determination of kinetic properties (Km and Vmax values) of an enzyme. To check time and protein linearity of an enzymatic reaction. Immobilization of an enzyme. Blood film preparation and identification of leucocytes. Lymphoid organs and their microscopic organization. Immunization, collection of serum. Double diffusion and immuno-electrophoresis. ELISA : Determination of antibody titre. Immunodiagnostics (Demonstration using commercial kits). Extraction and estimation of DNA. To find □ max for nucleic acids. Preparation of ADH activity in tissue/cells by cytochemical staining using Drosophila. 	 Determination of total hardness of water. Determination of fluoride content in water. Determination of BOD values. Determination of LD₅₀ for common pesticides/weedicides. Bacteriological analysis of waste water. Immunology To perform differential leucocytes count. Lymphoid organs and their microscopic organization. To perform immune diffusion by ouchterlony double diffusion method. To perform immune diffusion by ouchterlony double diffusion method. To perform immunelectrophoresis. ELISA: Determination of antibody titre. Immunodiagnostics (Demonstration using commercial kits). Genetic Engineering Extraction of genomic DNA by CTAB method and determination of its purity. Estimation of DNA content by diphenyl amine (DPA) method. PCR amplification of 'n' number of genotypes of a species using random primers (Demonstration). 	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			15. Statistical problem.	Genetics	
			16. Genetic problem - (chromosome mapping).	16. Study of sex chromatin from buccal epithelial/	
				hair bud cells.	
				17. Genetic exercise	
				- Chromosome mapping, two and three	
				point cross.	
				- Quantitative genetics/ population	
				genetics.	
				Biostatistics and Research Methodology	
				18. Biostatistics problems based on following:	
				- Measures of dispersion (variance).	
				- Correlation analysis.	
				- Probability and probability distribution.	
				- Testing hypothesis by student t- test,	
				Fisher's test, chi-square test and one way	
				analysis of variance.	
				Suggested Books:	
				Aneja, K.R. (1996). Experiments in	
				Microbiology, Plant Pathology, Tissue Culture	
				and Mushroom Cultivation (2 nd ed.). New	
				Delhi: Wishwa Prakashan.	
				➢ Green, M. R., & Sambrook, J. (2012).	
				Molecular Cloning: a Laboratory Manual.	
				Cold Spring Harbor, NY: Cold Spring Harbor	
				Laboratory Press.	
				➤ Gupta S.P. (2000). Statistical Methods. S.	
				Chand Publications.	
				Suggested e- Resources:	
				> Harisha, S. Biotechnology procedures and	
				experiments handbook	
				https://bit.ly/2U0e39D	
				Introduction to biotechnology	
				https://bit.ly/2IICkzE	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
8.	BIO 406:	After successful completion of the	Section-A		
	Biostatistics and	course, students should be able to:	• Scope of Biostatistics, variables in biology,	No change in the syllabus	
	Research	• Apply statistical analysis to	collection, classification, tabulation of data.		
	Methodology	biological data	• Frequency distribution, diagrammatic and graphical		
		• Identify ethics in scientific	presentation of statistical data, sampling techniques.		
			• Measures of central location and dispersion, simple		
		methodologies	measure of skewness and kurtosis.		
			• Probability, conditional probability.		
		writing.	Section-B		
			• Binomial, Poisson and Normal Distribution.		
			• Correlation and Regression: Least Square method		
			of fitting, Standard error of estimate, Correlation		
			and regression coefficient.		
			• Basic idea of significance testing, level of		
			significance, students 't' test, χ^2 (chi-square) test		
			and F-test, Analysis of variance.		
			Section-C		
			• Introduction of Research Methodology: meaning		
			and importance, nature and areas of research in		
			Biological Sciences.		
			• Formulation of a research problem (Hypothesis).		
			• Elements in Research Methodology; Research		
			Designs (CRD, RBD, LSD).		
			• Ethical, legal and social issues in Biological Research.		
			• Writing of Research Report/Research Paper:		
			various components and their organization.		
			Recommended Books:	Suggested Books:	
			Singh S. (1988). Statistical methods for Research.	Singh S. (1988). Statistical methods for	
			Central publishing, Ludhiana.	Research, Central publishing, Ludhiana.	
			Gupta S.P. (2000). Statistical Methods. S. Chand	Gupta S.P. (2000). Statistical Methods. S.	
			Publications.	Chand Publications.	
			► Khan and Khanum (2012). Fundamentals of	➤ Khan and Khanum (2012). Fundamentals of	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Biostatistics.Ukaz Publications.	Biostatistics. Ukaz Publications.	
			➤ Zerold J. (2009). BiostatisticalAnalysis. UK:		
			Pearson Education.	Pearson Education.	
			Marcello P. and Kimberlee G. (2000). Principles		
			of Biostatistics. Duxbury.	Principles of Biostatistics. Duxbury.	
			Prasad S. (2012). Elements of		
			Biostatistics.Rastogi Publications.	Biostatistics. Rastogi Publications.	
			Rastogi V. B. (2015). Biostatistics. Medtec	-	
			publications.	publications.	
			Basotia, G.R. and Sharma K.K. (1999). Research		
			Methodology.Mangal Deep Publications.	Methodology. Mangal Deep Publications.	
			Chaudhary C.M. (1991). Research Methodology.	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
			RBSA Publications.	Methodology. RBSA Publications.	
			Dorendro A. (2016). Research Methodology in Zoology Poorthooks	Dorendro A. (2016). Research Methodology in Zoology. Pearlbooks.	
			Zoology.Pearlbooks .Kadam R.M. and Allapure R. B. (2016). Research		
			Methodology in Botany.Gaurav Books	<i>Research Methodology in Botany.</i> Gaurav	
			Methodology in Botany.Gaurav Books	Books.	
				Suggested e- Resources:	
				> ANOVA	
				https://www.analyticsvidhya.com/blog/2018/0	
				1/anova-analysis-of-variance/	
				Regression Analysis	
				https://bit.ly/2s9vHdM	
				Student's t Test- Interactive tutorial	
				https://www.ruf.rice.edu/~bioslabs/Stats_tutori	
				al/index.html	
9.	BIO 410:	After successful completion of the	Section-A	Section A	Genetic recombination
	Genetics	course, students should be able to:	• Definition of gene: genetic & biochemical view;		models is important to be
		• Understand the theoretical and	Gene: unit of structure & function,	Gene: unit of structure & function,	discussed to understand
		experimental foundations of	complementation test.	complementation test.	result of crossing over, gene
		classical and molecular	1	1	conversion is important
		genetics.	design; Mendelian Genetics in humans: Pedigree	design; Mendelian Genetics in humans: Pedigree	consequence of
		• Describe the basics of genetic	analysis.	analysis.	recombination.

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		mapping in bacteria, virus and	• Extensions of Mendelian Genetics Principles:	• Extensions of Mendelian Genetics: Modification	Gene regulation can be
		eukaryotes	Modification of dominance relationships, Gene	of dominance relationships, gene interactions	deleted because this content
		• Understand the scope of	interactions and modified Mendelian ratios,	and modified Mendelian ratios, multiple alleles,	is covered in Cell and
		cytogenetics and its	Multiple alleles, Essential and lethal genes.	essential and lethal genes.	Molecular Biology
		applications.	• Non Mendelian inheritance: Extrachromosomal	• Non Mendelian inheritance: Extrachromosomal	
			inheritance; Genomic imprinting; isodisomy;	inheritance.	After modification students
			Complex inheritance-genetic and environmental	• Genomic imprinting.	will have basic understanding
			variation; Heritability; Twin studies; Behavioral	• Complex inheritance-genetic and environmental	of cytogenetics and its
			traits; Analysis of quantitative traits.	variation; Heritability; Twin studies; Behavioral	application
			Linkage & Crossing over: Tetrad analysis, mapping	traits; Analysis of quantitative traits.	
			of gene order and centromere location in fungi		
			Section-B	Section-B	
			• Genome organization: Organization of bacterial	Linkage & crossing over, models of genetic	
			genome; Structure of eukaryotic chromosomes,	recombination, gene conversion, Tetrad analysis,	
			organization of DNA into chromosomes; Heterochromatin and euchromatin.	mapping of gene order & centromere location in	
				fungi.	
			Regulation of gene expression in prokaryotes: transcriptional regulation Positive and negative;	• Genome organization: Organization of bacterial	
			Operon concept lac, trp and ara operons;	genome.	
			transcriptional control in phage.	• Structure of eukaryotic chromosomes, organization of DNA into chromosomes;	
			 Regulation of gene expression in eukaryotes. 	Heterochromatin and euchromatin	
			 Mutations: Nonsense, missense and point 		
			mutations; Intragenic and intergenicsuppression;	mutations; Frameshift mutations; Mutagens;	
			Frameshift mutations; Mutagens; Molecular	Molecular mechanism of mutations; Suppressor	
			mechanism of mutations.	mutation.	
			Transposable genetic elements in prokaryotes and	• Transposon mutagenesis, transposons as genetic	
			eukaryotes: Insertion sequences, composite and	tools: signature tagging mutagenesis, insertional	
			complex transposons, replicative and non-	inactivation, P- elements as genetic tool.	
			replicative transposons; Mechanism of		
			transposition; Role of transposons in mutation;		
			Genetic analysis using transposons.		
			Section-C	Section-C	
			• Cytogenetics: Cell division and errors in cell	• Cytogenetics: Cytogenetics introduction,	
			division; Non disjunction; Structural and numerical		

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 chromosomal abnormalities-deletion; duplication; translocation; Sex determination; Lyon hypothesis; Role of Y chromosome; Genetic recombination; Disorders of sex chromosomes and autosomes; Molecular cytogenetics-Fluorescence In Situ Hybridization (FISH); Comparative Genomic 	• Cell division & errors in cell division; Non disjunction.	
			 Hybridization (CGH). Genetics of bacteria and bacteriophages: Genetic analysis of Bacteria; Genetic mapping in bacteria by conjugation, transformation and transduction; Mapping of bacteriophage gene. Population genetics: the Hardy-Weinberg law; 	 translocation; Sex determination; Lyon hypothesis; Role of Y chromosome; Disorders of sex chromosomes & autosomes. Molecular cytogenetics-Fluorescence in Situ Hybridization (FISH); Comparative Genomic Hybridization (CGH). 	
			Genetic variation in natural populations; Forces that change gene frequency in populations; Genetic basis of speciation.	 mapping in bacteria by conjugation, transformation and transduction. Mapping of bacteriophage gene. Population genetics: Hardy-Weinberg law; Genetic variation in natural populations; Forces that change gene frequency in populations; 	
			 Books Recommended : Principles of Genetics 4th Ed :Snustad& Simmons, John Wiley & Sons. i-Genetics : P.J. Russel, Pearson Education. Principles of Genetics 8th Ed : Gardner, Simmons, Snustad, John Wiley & Sons. Genetics : P.K. Gupta, Rastogi Publications. Genetics - A molecular approach : T.A. Brown, Chapman and Hall. 	 Klug, W. S., Cummings, M.R., Spencer, C.A. & Palladine, M.A. (2015). <i>Concepts of Genetics</i> (11thed.). UK: Pearson Education. Gardner, E.J., Simmons, M.J., & Snustad, D.P. (2005).<i>Principles of Genetics</i> (8thed.). New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd. Benjamin, A.P. (2003). <i>Genetics: A conceptual</i> 	
			 Concepts of Genetics 7th Ed. : William S. Klug, Pearson Education. Principles of Genetics : R.H. Tamarin, Tata McGraw Hill. Genetics-From Genes to Genomes : Hartwell, McGraw Hill. 	 <i>approach.</i> New York, USA: W. H. Freeman and Company. Russel, P.J. (2010). <i>iGenetics</i> (3rd ed.). UK: Pearson Education. 	

 BIO 411: Immunology BIO 411: Immunology After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: inceptonentsisms Evention A Section A Section A Section A Bio 411: Immunology BIO 411: Immunology After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: inceptonentsisms Eventone and various concepts of immunology; specific and negociation dimmunoj. Bio 411: Immunology Bio 411: Immunology Bio 411: Immunology Bio 411: Immunology Bio 411: Immunology Certion A Section A Section A Section A Basic concepts of immunology; specific and negociation dimmunoj. Section A Basic concepts of immunology; specific and negociation dimmunoj. Section A Basic concepts of immunology; specific and negociation frace antigens, wiral antigens, system. Antigen and Antigenicity: concept of immunology, specific and nospecific defense mechanisms (innate and acquired immunity), cells and organs of immunology. Specific definese mechanisms (intate and superation and various immunological techniques Immunological techniques Immunologioulins: structure and properties of immunoglobulins, immunoglobulins sa antigens, isotypes, allotypes and diotypes. Complement System. Immunoglobulins, immunoglobulins sa antigens, isotypes, allotypes and diotypes. Complement System. 	S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
Immunologycourse, students should be able to: • Evaluate and compare the role of various components and mechanisms of the immune system. • Describe various immunological techniques• Basic concepts of immunology: specific and nonspecific defense mechanisms (innate and acquired immunity), organs and cells of immun system. • Antigen and Antigenicity: concept of immunogens, antigens, heptans, mitogens and superantigens, Properties of antigens, eross-reaetivity, special group of antigens: bacterial antigens, viral antigens, isoantigens and frossman antigens (MHC), autoantigens, isoantigens, and frossman antigens (MHC), autoantigens, isoantigens, and frossman antigens (MHC), autoantigens, isoantigens and frossman antigens (Heterophili antigens).• Basic concepts of immunology: Historical background of immunology, specific and nonspecific defense mechanisms (innate and acquired immunoly, cells and organs of immunogens, antigens, haptens, mitogens and superantigens, Properties of antigens, special group of antigens; bacterial antigens, viral antigens, cell surface antigens (MHC), autoantigens, isoantigens and frossman antigens (Heterophilic antigens, complement System.• Basic concepts of immunology: Historical background of immunology. specific and acquired immunoly, cells and organs of immunogens, antigens, cell surface antigens, viral autoantigens, isoantigens and frossman antigens (Heterophilic antigens).• Immunoglobulins: immunoglobulins: stotypes, allotypes and idiotypes. • Complement System.• Antigen and Antigenicity: Concept of immunoglobulins as antigens (Heterophilic antigens, viral autoantigens, isoantigens and idiotypes, brief idea about instructive, selective & clonal selection theory of antibody formation. • Complement system.				 Jones and Barlett Publishers, Canada. An Introduction to Genetic Ananlysis : Suzuki, Griffith, Miller & Lewonith. Molecular Biology : Weaver, WCB McGraw 	 Rastogi Publications. Suggested e- Resources: Cytogenetic methods and Disease www.nature.com/scitable/topicpage/cytogenetic -methods-and-disease-flow-cytometry-cgh-772 CGH Analysis www.cs.cmu.edu/~epxing/Class/10810- 05/Lecture11.pdf Population Genetics https://biomed.brown.edu/Courses/BIO48/6.Pop 	
Section-B • Cell - mediated immune responses: origin,	10.		 course, students should be able to: Evaluate and compare the role of various components and mechanisms of the immune system. Describe various immune response mechanisms Develop concept of antibody generation and various 	 Basic concepts of immunology: specific and nonspecific defense mechanisms (innate and acquired immunity), organs and cells of immune system. Antigen and Antigenicity: concept of immunogens, antigens, heptans, mitogens and superantigens. Properties of antigens, eross reactivity, special group of antigens: bacterial antigens, viral antigens, cell surface antigens (MHC), autoantigens, isoantigens and frossman antigens (Heterophilic antigens). Immunoglobulins: structure and properties of immunoglobulins, immunoglobulin isotypes and their significance.Immunoglobulins as antigens: isotypes, allotypes and idiotypes. Complement System. 	 Section-A Basic concepts of immunology: Historical background of immunology, specific and nonspecific defense mechanisms (innate and acquired immunity), cells and organs of immune system. Antigen and Antigenicity: Concept of immunogens, antigens, haptens, mitogens and superantigens. Properties of antigens, special group of antigens: bacterial antigens, viral antigens, cell surface antigens (MHC), autoantigens, isoantigens and frossman antigens (Heterophilic antigens). Immunoglobulins: Structure and properties of immunoglobulins, immunoglobulin isotypes and their significance. Immunoglobulins as antigens: isotypes, allotypes and idiotypes, brief idea about instructive, selective & clonal selection theory of antibody formation. Complement system. 	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<u> </u>			• Cell - mediated immune responses : origin,	maturation and characterization of T-	
			maturation and characterization of T-Lymphocytes,	Lymphocytes, monocytes and macrophages,	
			monocytes and macrophages, characteristics of	characteristics of antigen presentation and its	
			antigen presentation and its significance, concepts	significance, concepts of memory cell, mode of	
			of memory cell, mode of action and functioning of	action and functioning of TH, TC, CTLS and	
			TH, TC, CTLS and NK cells, lymphokines, the	NK cells, lymphokines, the product of T-cell	
			product of T cell activation.	activation.	
			• Humoral immune responses: Origin, maturation	• Humoral immune responses: Origin, maturation	
			and characterisation of B Lymphocytes, activation	and characterization of B-Lymphocytes,	
			and proliferation of B and T cells, antibody generation in vivo.	activation and proliferation of B and T cells, antibody generation <i>in vivo</i> .	
			• Immunological tolerance and Autoimmunity:	• Immunological tolerance and characteristics and	
			characteristics and mechanism of immunologic	mechanism of immunologic tolerance, factors	
			tolerance, factors affecting immunologic tolerance	affecting immunologic tolerance of	
			and mechanisms of autoimmunity.	autoimmunity. Immune regulation, positive,	
			Hypersensitivity: Type I, II, III and IV.	negative selection, apoptosis.	
				Section-C	
				Hypersensitivity: Type I, II, III and IV.	
			Section-C	• Hybrid and Chimeric monoclonal antibodies,	
			• Hybrid and Chimeric monoclonal antibodies,	catalytic antibodies.	
			catalytic antibodies	• Surface plasmon resonance, biosensor assay for	
			• Surface plasmon resonance, Biosensor assay for	assessing ligand-receptor interaction.	
			assessing ligand-receptor interaction.	• Advanced immunological techniques:	
			Measurement of low molecular weight non-	Immunofluorescent and immunogold labelling.	
			immunogenic compounds (such as secondary		
			metabolites); phytohormones immunoassays.		
			• Advanced immunological techniques:	Suggested Books	
			Immunofluorescent and Immunogoldlabelling	Suggested Books: ➤ Abbas, A.K. & Lichtman, A.H. (2001). Basic	
			Deeles Decommonded	<i>Immunology: Functions and Disorders of</i>	
			Books Recommended: A block $A K $ & Lichtman $A H (2001)$ Rasia	Immunology. Functions and Disorders of Immune System. US: W.B. Saunders.	
			➢ Abbas, A.K.,&Lichtman, A.H. (2001). Basic immunology: Functions and Disorders of Immuno		
			<i>immunology: Functions and Disorders of Immune</i> <i>System.</i> US: W.B. Saunders.	I.M (2011). Roitt's Essential Immunology	
			 Delves, P.J., Martin, S.J., Burton, D.R., & Roitt, 	(12 th ed.). New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons	
			F Derves, T.J., Marun, S.J., Burton, D.K.,&Kont,		

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 I.M (2011). Roitt's Essential Immunology (12thed.). New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd. Goldsby, R. A., Kindt, T.J., & Osborne, B. A. (2006). Kuby Immunology (6thed.). New York, USA: W.H. Freeman & Co. Ltd. Paul, W.E. (1999). Fundamental Immunology (14thed.). USA: Lippincott-Raven. Peakman, M.,&Vergani, D. (2009). Basic and 	 Ltd. Goldsby, R. A., Kindt, T.J. & Osborne, B. A. (2006). <i>Kuby Immunology</i> (6th ed.). New York, USA: W.H. Freeman & Co. Ltd. Paul, W.E. (1999). <i>Fundamental Immunology</i> (14thed.). USA: Lippincott-Raven. Peakman, M. &Vergani, D. (2009). <i>Basic and Clinical Immunology</i> (2nded.). US: Elsevier 	
11.	BT 406: Enzymology and Enzyme Technology	At the end of this course, the students will have fundamental knowledge of enzymes and varioustechniques involved in their production and purification. They would also learn about theirapplication in different fields such as medical, textile, chemical processes, etc. They can applythis knowledge for better understanding of other basic and advanced courses in biologicalsciences as well as to solve research based problems.	 Section-A History and introduction to enzymes: Classification of enzymes. IUPAC system, nomenclature, E.C. numbers. Enzyme kinetics (Michaelis Menten laws), importance and determination of Vmax and Km values, Hofstee's plot, L & B plots. Bisubstrate reactions-ordered & random sequential mechanism. Theorell chance mechanism, ping pong mechanism, products of inhibition in bisubstrate reactions. Enzyme inhibition: competitive, non competitive and other types. Section-B 	This course is proposed to be discontinued from II Semester.	Some part of the syllabus is integrated with I Semester course "Biochemistry". Remaining part of the syllabus is revised as per the present need and proposed as an elective course named as "Enzyme Technology" in the III Semester.

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			• Extraction of soluble and membrane bound		
			enzymes from microbial, plant and animal tissues.		
			• Purification of enzymes: salt precipitation, gel		
			filtration, ion exchange and affinity		
			chromatography.		
			Regulation of enzyme activity, various controls		
			(metabolic compartmentation, covalent		
			modifications and others), feedback regulation,		
			allosteric enzymes		
			Coenzymes, Isozymes and Multienzyme		
			complexes		
			• Methods of storing enzymes.		
			Section-C		
			• Large scale production of enzymes including		
			genetic engineering approaches for their over		
			production.		
			• Enzyme engineering; identification of active sites,		
			approaches for modification of catalytic properties.		
			• Techniques of enzyme immobilization and their		
			applications in:		
			 Food industry- High fructose syrup, cheese making and beer industry. 		
			ii. Antibiotics and other Pharamaceuticals		
			iii. Medical applications		
			iv. Analysis of substances, enzyme electrodes,		
			enzyme thermistors.		
			Basic idea of proteomics		
			Suggested Books:		
			 Understanding Enzymes : T. Palmer. 		
			> Fundamentals of Enzymology : Price and		
			Stevenson.		
			> The Enzyme : Dixon and Webb, Academic Press,		
			London.		
			Methods in Enzymology : Academic Press.		

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 The Enzyme Molecule: W. Ferdinan, John Wiley and sons. Protein Methods: D.M. Bollag and S.J. Edelstein, Wiley-Liss. The Nature of Enzymology : F.L. Foster, John Wiley and sons. Enzyme technology, biotechnology Vol7 : John Wiley and sons. Enzyme, Biomass, Food and Feed Biotechnology Vol. 9 : John Wiley and Sons. 		
12.	Environmental Biology and	After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:	M.Sc. III Semester Bioscience core course BIO 408: Environmental Biology and Toxicology	Environmental Biology and Biotechnology Section A	"Environmental Biology and Biotechnology" is proposed
	Biotechnology	 Identify key factors responsible 	Section-A	Structure and functions of ecosystem.	to be included as a new core
	Diotechnology	for ecosystem balance and	• Concept of energy, conventional & non-	 ➢ Energy flow in organisms, energy 	course in the second semester
		explain different efforts which	conventional energy sources. Fossil fuels, hydro,	pathways & models, energy efficiencies.	instead of the existing core
		can be undertaken for	wind and nuclear power, geothermal, solar and	➢ Basic concept of Population Ecology −	course "Enzymology and
		restoration and environmental	bioenergy.	Inter & intra-specific interactions among	Enzyme Technology". The
		remediation.	• Energy flow in organisms, energy pathways &	populations.	syllabus of "Environmental
		• Comprehend the toxicity of	models, energy efficiencies, conservation of	Community structure & dynamics: Ecological succession.	Biology and Biotechnology"
		various environmental	 energy. Classification & characteristics of resources: 	 ➢ Natural resources & conservation: water, 	is designed by updating and merging the contents of
		pollutants and their influence on ecosystem.	• <u>Classification & characteristics of resources</u> : water, soil, forest, wild life, land use.	soil, forest, wild life.	existing courses BIO 408
		• Understand different waste	 Conservation of natural resources: water, soil, 	Environmental challenges & sustainable	"Environmental Biology and
		management processes and	forest and wild life.	development; Environmental Laws &	Toxicology" which is
		generation of energy from	Section-B	Acts.	running as a core course in
		waste.	• Origin of pollutants : industrial, agricultural,	Section B	third semester of M.Sc.
		• Describe various roles played	domestic and vehicular sources.	➢ Heavy metal toxicity, agrochemical netlutents	Bioscience programme and
		by microbes in biodegradation,	• Pollutant & their toxicology : Heavy metals and	pollutants.Bioremediation of heavy metal pollution	another course BT 509 "Environmental
		bioremediation and plant	trace elements. Agrochemicals (Pesticides,	and oil spills, phytoremediation.	Biotechnology" which is
		growth promotion.	herbicides, rodenticides & fungicides, detergents) & particulate matter.	 Radiations—as environmental pollutants. 	running as a core course in
			 Types of radiations including ionizing & non- 	Effects of radiations at cellular, molecular	the third semester of M.Sc.
			ionizing radiations & their interaction with	& genetic level. Disposal of radioactive	Biotechnology programme.
			matter.	waste.	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Radiations as environmental pollutants. Effects of radiations at cellular, molecular & genetic level. Section-C 	Waste water treatment- sources of waste water, strategies used in primary, secondary & tertiary treatments, water reclamation.	
			<u>Mutagenecity, carcinogencity</u> .	Section C ➤ Biofertilizers, biopesticides, compost &	
			 Green house effect, acid rains. Ozone layer depletion, photochemical smog. 	vermicompost.	
			 Types of solid wastes, transport, reuse & recycling. 	Biofuels: Biogas, bioethanol, biodiesel, biohydrogen. Biodegradable plastics.	
			M.Sc. III Semester Biotechnology core course	 Biodegradation of xenobiotic compounds: Simple aromatics, chlorinated 	
			BT 509: Environmental Biotechnology Section-A	polyaromatic petroleum products &	
			Current status of biotechnology in environmental	pesticides; role of degradative plasmids.	
			protection.	Solid waste management: types, treatment & disposal strategies.	
			 Sewage & waste water treatment: Physical, Chemical and biological treaments; Aerobic 	➢ Bioleaching of metals, microbially	
			processes & anaerobic processes, Primary,	enhanced oil recovery. Bioindicators. Suggested Books	
			secondary and tertiary treatments; Sludge	→ Allen, K. (2016). Environmental	
			dewatering & its disposal; Water reclamation. Solid waste management: Methods & disposal of	Biotechnology. New Delhi, India: CBS	
			non hazardous and hazardous solid wastes,	Publishers. ➤ Miller, G.T. (2004). <i>Environmental</i>	
			recycling, methods of disposal of radioactive	Science: Working With The Earth (10^{th})	
			 waste. Conservation of Biodiversity: Ex situ & in situ 	ed.). Singapore: Thomson Asia.	
			methods.	Milton, W. (Ed.). (1999). An Introduction to Environmental Biotechnology. USA:	
			Section-B	Springer.	
			 Environmental Biotechnology in Agriculture: Biofertilizers and microbial inoculants, 	➢ Milton, W. (Ed.). (1999). An Introduction to Empirical Piotochard USA:	
			Biopesticides.	to Environmental Biotechnology. USA: Springer.	
			 Biodegradation of xenobiotic compounds: Simple aromatica, ablaringtad, polyaromatica, patralaum 	Modi, P. N. (2015). Sewage treatment &	
			aromatics, chlorinated polyaromatic petroleum products, Pesticides and surfactants.	disposal and waste water engineering. New Delhi, India: Rajsons Publications	
			Bioremediation & Biorestoration: Reforestation	Pvt. Ltd.	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			through micro-propagation, development of	➢ Odum E. P. (2006). Fundamentals of	
			stress tolerant plants, and use of mycorrhiza in	<i>Ecology</i> (5 th ed.). Boston, US: Cengage.	
			reforestation of soil contaminated with heavy	Sharma, P.D. (2008). Environmental	
			metals.	Biology and Toxicology. Meerut, India:	
			Section-C	Rastogi Publications.	
			• Biofuels: Energy crops, Conventional sources of		
			biofuel, Second and third generation of biofuel,	of Environmental Chemistry. New Delhi,	
			Biogas, Bioethanol, Biohydrogen. Biodegradable	India: Narosa Publishing House.	
			plastics.	➢ Tripathi, B. N., Shekhawat, G. S., &	
			• Bioindicators and Biosensers for detection of	Sharma, V. (Ed.). (2009). Applications of	
			environmental pollution.	Biotechnology. Jaipur, India: Aavishkar	
			• Environmental genetics: Degradative plasmids,	Publishers.	
			release of GE microbes in environment.	➢ Vallero, D.A. (2016). Environmental	
				Biotechnology: Abiosystems approach.	
				US: Elsevier.	
				➢ Wright, R. T. (2015). Environmental	
				Science: Toward a Sustainable Future.	
				UK: Pearson Education.	
				Suggested e-resources	
				Ecosystem structure	
				http://www.biologydiscussion.com/ecosystem/	
				ecosystem-its-structure-and-functions-with-	
				diagram/6666	
				Radioactive waste treatment	
				$https://ehs.unc.edu \rightarrow Manuals \rightarrow Radiation$	
				Safety Manual	
				> Environmental Remediation	
				https://www.iaea.org/sites/default/files/18/05/e	
				nvironmental_remediation.pdf	
				Biological treatment of wastewater http://www.neeelwithi.com/blog/biological	
				http://www.neoakruthi.com/blog/biological-	
				treatment-of-wastewater.html	
				Biogas http://www.biologudioguesion.com/biogas/an	
				http://www.biologydiscussion.com/biomass/pr	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 oduction-of-biogas-from-biomass/10436 Biofuel http://uru.ac.in/uruonlinelibrary/BioFuels/Biomass%20and%20biofuels.pdf Biological treatment of wastewater http://www.neoakruthi.com/blog/biological-treatment-of-wastewater.html Xenobiotic compound biodegradation https://bit.ly/2GHRoMj 	
	BT 408: Genetic Engineering	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Develop comprehensive understanding of gene manipulation techniques Describe various cloning and expression vectors Develop skills for primer designing, gene amplification and expression 	 Section-A Basic concepts of DNA structure and properties, restriction enzymes, DNA ligase, Klenow enzyme, T4 DNA polymerase, Polynucleotide kinase, Alkaline phosphatase, Cohesive and blunt end ligation, Linkers, Adapters, Homopolymeric tailing, Labeling of DNA, Nick translation, Random priming, Radioactive and non-radioactive probes, Hybridization techniques, Northern, Southern and Colony Hybridization, Fluorescence in situ hybridization, Chromatin immunoprecipitation, DNA-Protein Interaction-Electromobility shift assay, DNaselfootprinting, Methyl interference assay, Isolation of genomic DNA from prokaryotes and eukaryotes, Isolation of Plasmid DNA and Bacteriophage DNA. Isolation of total RNA and mRNA. 	 Section-A Basic concepts of DNA structure and properties, restriction enzymes, DNA ligase, Klenow enzyme, T₄ DNA polymerase, polynucleotide kinase, alkaline phosphatase. Cohesive & blunt end ligation, linkers, adapters, homopolymeric tailing, labeling of DNA, nick translation, random priming, radioactive & non-radioactive probes. Hybridization techniques: Colony hybridization, Northern, Southern,South- 	Already covered in the Genetics course Yeast vectors have been covered in Recombinant DNA Technology paper. Relevant vectors have been added.

S. No. Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		 Plasmids, Bacteriophages, pBR322 and pUC series of vectors, M13 and P2 phage based vectors, High capacity vectors: Cosmids, phagemid, phasemid, YAC, BAC, Animal and Plant virus based cloning vectors, Shuttle vectors, Expression vectors, pMal, GST, pET-based vectors, Insertion of foreign DNA into Host Cells, Transformation, Constructions of libraries, cDNA and genomic libraries, cDNA and genomic cloning, Expression cloning, Jumping and hopping libraries, South-western and Far-western cloning, Protein-protein interactive cloning and Yeast two hybrid system, Phage display. 	 Plasmids, Bacteriophages, pBR322 & pUCseries of vectors, M13 based vectors. High capacity vectors: cosmids, phagemids, BAC, animal & plant virus based cloning vectors, shuttle vectors; expression vectors: pMal, GST, pET-based vectors; <i>Baculovirus</i> and <i>Pichia</i> vectors. Introduction of DNA into mammalian cells. cDNA& genomic libraries, expression, cloning, jumping & hopping libraries. 	Repeating topics have been removed
		Section-C	Section-C	
		 Primer designing, Fidelity of thermostable enzymes, DNA polymerase, Types of PCR- multiplex, nested, reverse transcriptase, real time PCR, touchdown PCR, hot start PCR, colony PCR, in situ PCR, cloning of PCR products, T-vectors, Proof reading enzymes, Principles in maximizing gene expression, Gene expression analyses, differential gene expression methods, Introduction of DNA into mammalian cells, transfection techniques. Books Recommended : Molecular Cloning Vol. 1, 2 and 3 :Sambrook, Russell and Maniatis, Cold Spring Harber laboratory, 2001. Molecular Biology of Gene : J.D. Watson, Pearson Education. An Introduction to Gene Technology-From genes to clones :Winnacker, VCH. Principles of Gene Manipulation : Old and Primrose. MoleculerBiotechnology : B.R. Glick and J.J. 	 Primer designing, fidelity of thermostable enzymes. Types of PCR- multiplex, nested, reverse transcriptase, real time PCR, touchdown PCR, hot start PCR, colony PCR, <i>in situ</i> PCR, T-vectors. Principles in maximizing gene expression, gene expression methods. Suggested Books: Brown, T. A. (2006). <i>Genomes</i> (3rded.). New York: Garland Science. Glick, B.R. & Pasternak, J.J. (1998). <i>Molecular Biotech: Principles and Application of Recombinant DNA</i>. US: ASM Press. Green, M. R. & Sambrook, J. (2012). <i>Molecular Cloning: a Laboratory Manual</i>. Cold Spring Harbor, NY: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press. 	Repeating topics have been removed

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Genetic Engineering : Science and ethics on new frontier : Michael Boylan, Pearson Education. An Introduction to Genetic Engineering : S.T. Nicholl, Cambridge University Press. Recombinant DNA Methodology : Grossman and Noldave, Academic Press. 	 Introduction to Genetic Engineering. Oxford: Blackwell Scientific Publications. Richard J. R. (2004). Analysis of Genes and Genome. New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd. Suggested e- Resources: Genetic engineering – Basics, New Applications and Responsibilities http://library.umac.mo/ebooks/b28055287.pdf Construction of genomic libraries https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103013/20 Enzymes in genetic engineering https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103013/7 	
	. Biotechnology III	Semester	1	1	
14.	BT 522: Recombinant DNA Technology				The course BT 522: Recombinant DNA Technology which is offered as a core course in the existing syllabus but now contents of this course have been modified and proposed to be offered as an elective course.
15.	BT504: Bioprocess Engineering and Technology	sterilization along with processes of downstreaming.	• Microbial growth and death kinetics.	 Section – A General concept of Fermentation, Types of bioreactors (CSTR, Bubble driven bioreactor, Packed bed bioreactor, Fluidized Bed bioreactor). Basic concept of mass balance & yield coefficient. Unstructured & structured growth model. Batch, continuous & fed batch processes with substrate utilization & product formation 	The syllabus has been remodeled to include more relevant topics which are of current significance. Certain topics have been accommodated in different sections of the paper and other courses as per to their suitability. In Section C, the numbers of

S. No. Cou	rse List Learning Outcon	ne Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
S. No. Cou	rse List Learning Outcon	neExisting SyllabusSection-B• Batch, continuous and fed batch processes.• Brief overview of different bioreactor configurations (Stirred tank, Air-lift and Bubble columns).• Downstream processing: Bioseparation- filtration,centrifugation,sedimentation, flocculation; Cell disruption; Liquid-liquid extraction; Purification bychromatographic techniques; Reverse osmosis and ultra filtration; Drying; Crystallization.Section-C • Analysis of a few industrially important bioprocesses/products such as (taking into	 kinetics. Sterilization kinetics. Section-B Volumetric mass transfer coefficient (kLa). Medium Rheology in bioprocesses engineering. Downstream processing: Bioseparation- ultrafiltration, precipitation, Cell disruption, Liquid-liquid extraction, chromatography, drying, crystallization. Upscaling of bioprocess. Enzyme immobilization & immobilized cell systems. Section-C Screening, maintenance & strain improvement 	Remarks examples have been limited in order to generate a balance between sections.
		5 5 1	 of industrially important microbes. Analysis of a few industrially important bioprocesses/products (taking into consideration- the raw material, media, organism metabolic pathway, bioreactor, product separation and uses): a. Organic acids (acetic acid, citric acid). b. Solvents (butanol, acetone, ethanol). c. Enzymes (α amylases, proteases, lipases) d. Antibiotics (penicillin, streptomycin). e. Recombinant product (humulin, erythropoietin) 	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Inc. Bailey, J.E. & Ollis, D.F. (1986). <i>Biochemical Engineering Fundamentals</i> (2nded.). New York, USA: McGraw-Hill Education. Clark, D.S. & Blanch, H.W. (1997). <i>Biochemical Engineering</i>. USA: CRC Press. Shuler, M.L., & Kargi, F. (2002). <i>Bioprocess Engineering Basic Concepts</i> (2nded.). New Jersey, USA: Prentice Hall PTR Upper Saddle River. Suggested e- Resources: Microbial Enzymes https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PM C5387804/pdf/BMRI2017-2195808.pdf Acetone-Butanol Fermentation https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PM C4894279/pdf/fnw134.pdf Microbial culture fermentation https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/b4d3/7ed66ef 2e37ce22ff7a3be09e3df7568fe49.pdf Reverse Osmosis https://www.oas.org/dsd/publications/unit/oea5 9e/ch20.htm 	
16.	BT 505L: Biotechnology Lab-I	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Perform production and scale up of some industrially relevant bioactive molecules from microbes Demonstrate gene transfer techniques Perform cell and tissue culture techniques 	water/soil/biosamples. 4. Determination of BOD values.	 Bioprocess Engineering and Technology Production of citric acid from <i>Aspergillus</i> sp.and its estimation by titration. Estimation of K_{La} by sodium sulphite method. Production of alpha amylase from <i>Bacillus</i> sp. and its estimation. Scale up of alpha amylase production from100 ml to 1 L. Immobilization of enzyme by sodium alginate method. 	The experiments have been reframed and modified keeping in consideration, the suggested syllabus.

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			E. coli.	6. Estimation of growth and product yield in a	
			9. Electrophoretic separation of plasmid DNA.	Bioconversion process.	
			10. Restriction digestion of plasmid DNA.	7. Comparison between aerobic and anaerobic	
			11. To obtain transposon Tn5 insertion into the	process	
			genome of AK 631 strain of Rhizobium meliloti	Genetic Engineering	
			using suicide plasmid vector PGS 9.	8. Preparation of competent cells (<i>E. coli</i> DH5α	
			12. To transfer plasmid PJB3JI from J53 strain of E.	strain).	
			coli to HB101 strain of E.coli.	9. Transformation of E. coli with plasmid and	
			13. Estimation of Biomass.	calculation of transformation efficiency.	
			14. Estimation of growth and product yield in a	10. Isolation of plasmid DNA from E. coli by	
			Bioconversion process.	alkaline lysis method.	
			15. Comparison between aerobic and anaerobic	11. Restriction digestion of plasmid DNA and its	
			process.	electrophoretic separation.	
			16. Enzyme biosynthesis and measurement of its	12. To transfer plasmid PJB3JI from J53 strain	
			activity.	of <i>E. coli</i> to HB101 strain of <i>E.coli</i> .	
			17. Culture of stem explants.	Cell and Tissue Culture Technology	
			18. . Embryo culture.	13. To perform embryo culture from germinated	
				mung bean seeds.	
				14. Shoot tip culture.	
				15. Protoplast culture and somatic hybridization.	
				16. Blood cell culture and determination of cell	
				viability using Trypan blue method.	
				17. Preparation of metaphase chromosome from	
				whole blood culture.	
				Suggested Books:	
				≻ Kulandaivel, S. & Janarthanan, S. (2012).	
				Practical Manual of Fermentation	
				Technology. New Delhi, India: I.K.	
				International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.	
				➤ Cappuccino, J. G., & Welsh, C. (2016).	
				Microbiology: A laboratory Manual. USA:	
				Benjamin-Cummings Publishing Company.	
				Collins, C. H., Lyne, P. M., Grange, J. M., &	
				Falkinham, J.O. (2004). Collins and Lyne's	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Microbiological Methods (8th ed.). London, UK: Arnold. Green, M. R., & Sambrook, J. (2012). Molecular Cloning: a Laboratory Manual. Cold Spring Harbor, NY: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press. Suggested e- Resources: Harisha, S. Biotechnology procedures and experiments handbook https://bit.ly/2U0e39D Introduction to biotechnology https://bit.ly/2IICkzE 	
17.	BT 507: Cell and Tissue Culture Technology	 culture techniques and methodology Demonstrate use of various plant and animal tissue culture techniques 	 Historical background and terminologies used in cell & tissue culture. Basic techniques of cell and tissue culture, sterilization, aseptic tissue transfer, concept of totipotency. 	 No change in syllabus, suggested books and E resources added Bhojwani, S.S. & Razdan, M.K. (1996). <i>Plant Tissue Culture</i>. USA: Elsevier Science. Chawla, H. S. (2000). <i>Introduction to Plant Biotechnology</i>. US: Science Publishers. Razdan, M. K. (2006). <i>Introduction to Plant Tissue Culture</i>. New Delhi, India: Oxford and IBH Pub. Smith, R. H (Ed.). (2013). <i>Plant tissue culture: Techniques and experiments</i>. Amsterdam: Academic Press. Buler, M. (2003). <i>Animal Cell Culture and Technology</i> (2nded.). UK: Taylor & Francis. Mathur, S. (2006). <i>Animal Cell and Tissue Culture</i>. India: Agrobios. Clynes, M. (Ed.) (1998). <i>Animal Cell Culture Techniques</i>. Germany: Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg. Pollard, J.W., & Walker, J.M. (Eds.). (1990). <i>Animal Cell Culture</i>. IA 	No Modification. c.w. M.Sc. Bioscience

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Somatic hybrids, selection methods, gene expression in somatic hybrids. Section-C Disaggregation of animal tissue, isolation of cells, single cell culture, routine maintenance of animal cell lines. Cloning & selection of specific animal cell types. Transfection: gene transfer methods for adherent and non-adherent cell culture. Cell fusion: fusogen, animal somatic cell fusion and selection of cybrids. Animal organ culture. Elementary idea about animal cell culture products. Recommended Books: Bhojwani, S.S. &Razdan, M.K. (1996). <i>Plant Tissue Culture</i>.USA: Elsevier Science. Chawla, H. S. (2000). <i>Introduction to Plant Biotechnology</i>. US: Science Publishers. Razdan, M. K. (2006). <i>Introduction to Plant Tissue Culture</i>. New Delhi, India: Oxford and IBH Pub. Smith, R. H (Ed.). (2013). <i>Plant tissue culture: Techniques and experiments</i>. Amsterdam: Academic Press. Butler, M. (2003).<i>Animal Cell Culture and Technology</i> (2nded.). UK: Taylor & Francis. Mathur, S. (2006). <i>Animal Cell and Tissue Culture</i>. India: Agrobios. Clynes, M. (Ed.) (1998). <i>Animal Cell Culture Techniques</i>. Germany: Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg. Pollard, J.W.,&Walker, J.M. (Eds.). (1990). <i>Animal Cell Culture</i>. USA: Humana Press 	 Practical Approach (3rded.). UK: Oxford University Press. Freshney, R. I. (2011). Culture of Animal Cells: A Manual of Basic Technique and Specialized Applications (6thed.). USA: Wiley-Blackwell. Davis, J. M. (2011). Animal Cell Culture: Essential Methods. New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd. Suggested e- Resources: Background of Tissue Culture Technology http://www.biologydiscussion.com/botany/tis sue-culture/tissue-culture-definition-history-and-importance/42944 Embryogenesis and organogenesis https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103016/module 1/lec8/3.html Single cell cultures and cloning http://www.biologydiscussion.com/botany/tis sue-culture/methods-for-obtaining-single-cell-clones-from-callus-culture-plant-tissue-culture/43004 Protoplasm isolation and regeneration https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103016/12 Haploid plant production http://www.biologydiscussion.com/plants/hap loid-plants/production-of-haploid-plants-with-diagram/10700 Preservation of cell lines https://www.ukessays.com/essays/biology/tec hniques-for-cell-preservation-biology-essay.php Somatic hybridization http://www.biologydiscussion.com/somatic- 	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 John, R. W. (2000). Animal Cell Culture: A Practical Approach (3rded.). UK: Oxford University Press. Freshney, R. I. (2011). Culture of Animal Cells: A Manual of Basic Technique and Specialized Applications (6thed.). USA: Wiley-Blackwell. Davis, J. M. (2011). Animal Cell Culture: Essential Methods. New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd. 	 hybridization/somatic-hybridization-aspects- applications-and-limitations/10686 Animal cell culture products http://www.biologydiscussion.com/biotechnol ogy/animal-biotechnology/applications-of- animal-cell-cultures/10457 Cell Culture Technology 	
	BT 509	*	BT 509: Environmental Biotechnology	This course is proposed to be discontinued in the	The course contents are
	Environmental	course, students should be able to:	Section-A	present form from the III Semester.	proposed to be revised and
	Biotechnology	 Understand different waste management processes and generation of energy from waste Explain impact of GMOs on environment. Describe various roles played by microbes in biodegradation, bioremediation and plant growth promotion. 	 Current status of biotechnology in environmental protection. Sewage & waste water treatment: Physical, Chemical and biological treaments; Aerobic processes & anaerobic processes, Primary, secondary and tertiary treatments; Sludge dewatering & its disposal; Water reclamation. Solid waste management: Methods & disposal of non hazardous and hazardous solid wastes, recycling, methods of disposal of radioactive waste. Conservation of Biodiversity: <i>Ex situ & in situ</i> methods. Section-B Environmental Biotechnology in Agriculture: Biofertilizers and microbial inoculants, Biopesticides. Biodegradation of xenobiotic compounds: Simple aromatics, chlorinated polyaromatic petroleum products, Pesticides and surfactants. Bioremediation & Biorestoration: 	 Suggested Books: Jogdand, S. N. (2010). Environmental Biotechnology (Industrial pollution management) (3rded.). Mumbai, India: Himalaya Publishing House. Srinivasan, D. (2009). Environmental Engineering. New Delhi, India: PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd. Thakur, I. S. (2012). Environmental Biotechnology: Basic concepts and Application (2nded.). New Delhi: I K International Publishing House. Modi, P. N. (2015). Sewage treatment & disposal and waste water engineering. New Delhi, India: Rajsons Publications Pvt. Ltd. Milton, W. (Ed.). (1999). An Introduction to Environmental Biotechnology. USA: Springer. Tripathi, B. N., Shekhawat, G. S., & Sharma, V. (Ed.). (2009). Applications of Biotechnology. Jaipur, India: Aavishkar 	merged with the M.Sc. Bioscience III Semester core course BIO 408 "Environmental Biology and Toxicology" to propose a new core course i.e. "Environmental Biology and Biotechnology in the II Semester.

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Reforestation through micro-propagation,	Publishers.	
			development of stress tolerant plants, and	➤ Tchobanoglous, G., Burton, F. L., Stensel, H.	
			use of mycorrhiza in reforestation of soil	D., & Metcalf & Eddy. (2014). Wastewater	
			contaminated with heavy metals.	engineering: Treatment and reuse. New Delhi,	
			Section-C	India: Tata McGraw Hill Edition.	
			- Biofuels: Energy crops, Conventional	Suggested e- Resources:	
			sources of biofuel, Second and third	Biological treatment of wastewater	
			generation of biofuel, Biogas, Bioethanol,	http://www.neoakruthi.com/blog/biological-	
			Biohydrogen. Biodegradable plastics.	treatment-of-wastewater.html	
			- Bioindicators and Biosensers for detection	Biogas	
			of environmental pollution.	http://www.biologydiscussion.com/biomass/pr	
			- Environmental genetics: Degradative	oduction-of-biogas-from-biomass/10436	
			plasmids, release of GE microbes in	> Biofuel	
			environment.	http://uru.ac.in/uruonlinelibrary/BioFuels/Bio	
			Books Recommended :	mass%20and%20biofuels.pdf	
			➢ Environmental Impact Assessment : Clark,	Biosensor	
			Bissel&Watham.	https://www.edgefx.in/biosensors-types-its-	
			Introduction to Toxicology : J.A. Timberell.	working-and-applications/	
			Fundamentals of Ecology :Eugen P. Odum.	Xenobiotic compound biodegradation	
			➢ Field Biology : R.L. Smith.	https://bit.ly/2GHRoMj	
			Encyclopedia of Pollution & its Control :Vol.I-		
			VI.		
			Environmental Chemistry : B.K. Sharma and H.		
			Kaue, Goel Publishing House, Meerut.		
			Environmental Biotechnology : S.K. Aggarwal,		
			APH Publishing Corporation.		
			Environmental Chemistry : A.K. Bhagi and G.R.		
			Chatwal, Himalaya Publishing House, New		
			Delhi.		
19.	Critical Analysis	After successful completion of the		Suggested Reading:	Seminar mode
	of classical	course, students should be able to:		• Studies on the chemical nature of the	Proposed to be introduced
	papers/	• Analyze and give a critical		substance inducing transformation of	
	Landmark	description of the papers		Pneumococcal types: Induction of	
	Discoveries	studied.		transformation by a desoxyribonucleic acid	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus		Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		• Discuss the significance of the			fraction isolated from <i>Pneumococcus type</i> III.	
		research work.			Avery OT, Macleod CM, McCarty M.; J Exp Med. 1944 Feb 1;79(2):137-58.	
				•	Independent functions of viral protein and	
				•	nucleic acid in growth of bacteriophage	
					Hershey AD and Chase M.; J Gen Physiol.	
					1952 May;36(1):39-56.	
				•	Molecular structure of nucleic acids; a	
					structure for deoxyribose nucleic acid	
					Watson JD and Crick FH; Nature. 1953 Apr 25;171(4356):737-8. Transposable mating	
					type genes in Saccharomyces cerevisiae	
					James Hicks, Jeffrey N. Strathern& Amar J.S.	
					Klar; Nature 282, 478-483,1979.	
				•	Messelson & Stahl experiment demonstrating	
					semi-conservative replication of DNA.	
					Meselson M and Stahl FW.; Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 1958 Jul 15;44(7):671-82	
				•	In vivo alteration of telomere sequences and	
					senescence caused by mutated	
					Tetrahymena telomerase RNAs Guo-	
					Liang Yu, John D. Bradley, Laura D.	
					Attardi& Elizabeth H. Blackburn; Nature	
				•	344, 126-132, 1990 A protein-conducting channel in the	
				•	endoplasmic reticulum Simon SM AND	
					BlobelG.; Cell. 1991 May 3;65(3):371-80	
				•	Identification of 23 complementation groups	
					required for post-translational events in	
					the yeast secretory pathway Novick P,	
					Field C, Schekman R.; Cell. 1980	
				•	Aug;21(1):205-15 A yeast mutant defective at an early stage in	
				•	import of secretory protein precursors	

. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus		Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
					into the endoplasmic reticulum Deshaies	
					RJ and Schekman R.; J Cell Biol. 1987	
					Aug;105(2):633-45	
				•	Reconstitution of the Transport of Protein	
					between Successive Compartments of	
					the Golgi Balch WE, Dunphy WG,	
					Braell WA, Rothman JE.; Cell. 1984	
					Dec;39(2 Pt 1):405-16	
				•	A complete immunoglobulin gene is created	
					by somatic recombination Brack C,	
					Hirama M, Lenhard-Schuller R, Tonegawa S.;	
					Cell. 1978 Sep;15(1):1-	
				•	A novel multigene family may encode	
					odorant receptors: a molecular basis for	
					odor recognition Buck L and Axel R;	
					Cell. 1991 Apr 5;65(1):175-87	
				•	Kinesin walks hand-over-hand Yildiz A,	
					Tomishige M, Vale RD, Selvin PR.; Science.	
					2004 Jan 30;303(5658):676-8	
				•	Mutations affecting segment number and	
					polarity in Drosophila Christiane	
					Nusslein-Volhard and Eric Weischaus; Nature	
					287, 795-801,	
				•	Information for the dorsalventral pattern of	
					the Drosophila embryo is stored as	
					maternal mRNA Anderson KV and	
					Nüsslein-Volhard C; Nature. 1984 Sep 20-	
					26;311(5983):223-7	
				•	Hedgehog signalling in the mouse requires	
					intraflagellar transport proteins Huangfu	
					D, Liu A, Rakeman AS, Murcia NS,	
					Niswander L, Anderson KV.; Nature.	
					2003 Nov 6;426(6962):83-7	
octiv	a Courses to be of	fered in III Semester	1	1		(Common with M.Sc.

Elective Courses to be offered in III Semester

(Common with M.Sc.

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	~ ~ ~ ·		AMBT III Sem.)
1)	BT: Enzyme Technology		 BT 406: Enzymology and Enzyme Technology Section-A History and introduction to enzymes: Classification of enzymes. IUPAC system, nomenclature, E.C. numbers. Enzyme kinetics (Michaelis Menten laws), importance and determination of Vmax and Km values, Hofstee's plot, L & B plots. Bisubstrate reactions-ordered & random sequential mechanism. Theorell chance mechanism, ping pong mechanism, products of inhibition in bisubstrate reactions. 	 Enzyme Technology Section-A Enzymes: Scope, historical developments, distinguishing features. Mechanisms of enzyme action: Concept of active site, specificity of enzyme action. Methods of characterization of enzymes – Development of enzymatic assays Bisubstrate reactions-ordered & random sequential mechanism. Theorell chance mechanism, ping pong mechanism, products of inhibition in bisubstrate reactions. 	
			 Enzyme inhibition: competitive, non competitive and other types. Section-B Extraction of soluble and membrane bound enzymes from microbial, plant and animal tissues. Purification of enzymes: salt precipitation, gel filtration, ion exchange and affinity chromatography. 	 Regulation of enzyme activity, various controls (metabolic compartmentation, covalent modifications and others), feedback regulation, allosteric enzymes. Section-B Extraction of soluble and membrane bound enzymes from microbial, plant and animal 	
			 modifications and others), feedback regulation, allosteric enzymes <u>Coenzymes</u>, <u>Isozymes</u> and <u>Multienzyme</u> complexes Methods of storing enzymes. Section-C Large scale production of enzymes including genetic engineering approaches for their over 	• Large scale production of enzymes including genetic engineering approaches for their over production.	
			production.Enzyme engineering; identification of active sites,	• Designer enzymes, Thermophilic enzymes, Metal degrading enzymes.	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<u>S. No.</u>	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus approaches for modification of catalytic properties. • Techniques of enzyme immobilization and their applications in: • Food industry- High fructose syrup, cheese making and beer industry. vi. Antibiotics and other Pharamaceuticals viii. Medical applications viiii. Analysis of substances, enzyme electrodes, enzyme thermistors. • Basic idea of proteomics	 Section-C Enzyme engineering; identification of active sites, approaches for modification of catalytic properties. Synzymes. Techniques of enzyme immobilization: Adsorbtion, Covalent bonding, Gel Entrapment and Microencapsulation. Applications of enzymes in: i. Food industry- Baking industry, Dairy industry, Beverage industry ii. Antibiotics and other pharamaceuticals iii. Medical applications iv. Analysis of substances v. Leather industry 	Remarks
				 vi. Textile industry Enzyme biosensors. Suggested Books: Palmer, T. & Bonner, P. (2014). Enzymes: Biochemistry, Biotechnology and Clinical Chemistry. UK: Woodhead Publishing Limited. Buchholz, K., Kasche, V. and Bornscheuer, U. (2005). Biocatalysts and Enzyme Technology, WILEY–VCH. Pandey A., Webb C., Soccol, C. R. and Larroche, C. (2006). Enzyme Technology. Springer. Price N. & Stevenson L. (1999). Fundamentals of Enzymology: Cell and Molecular Biology of catalytic Proteins, Oxford University Press. Daniel L. Purich (2009). Contemporary 	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Enzyme Kinetics and Mechanism. Atlantic Publishers and Distributers. Blanch, H.W., & Clark, D.S. (1997). Biochemical Engineering, Marcel Dekker. Drauz K., Gröger, H. and May, O. (2012). Enzyme Catalysis in Organic Synthesis: A Comprehensive Handbook, Volume 1, Wiley- VCH Verlag & Co. Suggested e-resources: Enzymes: properties and mechanisms http://www.biologydiscussion.com/enzymes/e nzymes-properties-and-mechanism-of-enzyme- action/6145 Enzyme technology: metagenomics, evolution and biocatalysis https://searchworks.stanford.edu/view/877525 5 	
2)	BIO 503: Fundamentals of Bioentrepreneurs hip	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Understand role of entrepreneurship in promoting innovation and wealth generation. Develop skills for writing business models for new ideas and market segments. Explain various financial, marketing, sales and legal issues associated with entrepreneurship. 	balance sheet, P & L account and double entry book keeping; Estimation of income, expenditure, income tax etc.	 and types of entrepreneurship, Myths about entrepreneurship; Role of entrepreneurship in wealth building and creating an impact; Society, Technology and Entrepreneurship. Creativity and Innovation; Types and forms of Innovation; Sources of innovative opportunity; Entrepreneurship as a career option. 	
			 Section-B Marketing: Assessment of market demand for 	Section-BIntroduction to the Design Thinking Process;	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			potential product (s) of interest; Market	Problem identification; Idea Generation; Value	
			conditions, segments; prediction of market	Proposition; Lean Canvas.	
			changes; Identifying needs of customers including	• Identifying Customer Segments; Idea	
			gaps in the market, packaging the product; Market	Validation; Developing Business Model;	
			linkages, branding issues; Developing distribution	Sizing the opportunity; Building MVP;	
			channels; Pricing/Policies/Competition;	Concept of Start-up, Importance of Incubation.	
			Promotion/Advertising; Services Marketing.		
			Negotiations/Strategy: with financiers, bankers		
			etc; with government/law enforcement authorities:		
			with companies/Institutions for technology		
			transfer; Dispute resolution skills; External		
			environment/changes; Crisis/Avoiding/Managing;		
			Broader version-Global thinking.		
			Section-C	Section-C	
			Information Technology: How to use IT for	• Financial and Non financial support: Revenue	
			business administration; Use of IT in improving	streams; Pricing and Costs; Sources of funds;	
			business performance; Available software for	Importance of project management.	
			better financial management; E-business setup,	• Marketing and Sales: Positioning; Channels	
			management.	and Strategy; Sales Planning.	
			Human Resource Development (HRD):	• Team: Importance of teambuilding;	
			Leadership skills; Managerial skills; Organization	Complementary skill sets.	
			structure, pros & cons of different structures;	• Legal issues: Brief overview of- intellectual	
			Team building, teamwork; Appraisal; Rewards in	property rights, patents, trademarks, copy	
			small scale set up.	rights, trade secrets, licensing and GI.	
			• Fundamentals of Entrepreneurship, Support		
			mechanism for entrepreneurship in India, Role of	• Policies and Initiatives to promote	
			knowledge centre and R & D, knowledge centres	Entrepreneurship in India.	
			like universities and research institutions; Role of		
			technology and upgradation; Managing		
			Technology Transfer; Regulations for transfer of		
			foreign technologies; Technology transfer		
			agencies.		
			Recommended Books:	Suggested Books:	
			➢ Patzelt, H., &Bernner, T. (Eds.). (2008).	➤ Jain, P.C. (2001). Hand Book for New	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Handbook of Bioentrepreneurship. Berlin,	Entrepreneurs. UK: Oxford University Press.	
			Germany: Springer.	Hisrich R. D., Manimala M. J., Peters Michael	
			Robert, D. H., & Peters, M. P. (2002).	P. & Shepherd D. A. Entrepreneurship (9th	
			Entrepreneurship. New York, USA: McGraw-	ed.). McGraw Hill Publication.	
			Hill Education	\succ Roy, R. (2011). Entrepreneurship (2 nd ed.).	
			Shane, S. (2004). Academic Entrepreneurship:	UK: Oxford University Press.	
			University Spinoffs and Wealth Creation.	\triangleright Drucker, P. (2015). Innovation and	
			Northampton, M.A.: Edward Elgar	Entrepreneurship (1 st ed.). Routledge Classics.	
				≻ Kotler, P & Keller, K.L. (2017).Marketing	
				Management (15 th ed.). Pearson Publications	
				Desai, V. (2011) Dynamics of Entrepreneurial	
				Development & Management (6t ed.).	
				Mumbai: Himalaya Publishing House.	
				≻ Khanka, S.S. (2007) Entrepreneurial	
				Development. New Delhi: S. Chand &	
				Company Ltd.	
				Mohanty, S K. (2005). Fundamentals of	
				Entrepreneurship. EEE Prentice Hall India	
				Learning Private Limited.	
				Gupta C.B. & Srinivasan N.P. (2013).	
				Entrepreneurship Development in India.	
				Sultan Chand & Sons.	
				Gupta A.K. (2016).Grassroots Innovations	
				(Minds On the Margin Are Not Marginal	
				Minds). Random House.	
				▶ Patzelt, H., &Bernner, T. (Eds.). (2008).	
				Handbook of Bioentrepreneurship. Berlin,	
				Germany: Springer.	
				▶ Robert, D. H., & Peters, M. P. (2002).	
				Entrepreneurship. New York, USA: McGraw-	
				Hill Education	
				Shane, S. (2004). Academic	
				Entrepreneurship: University Spinoffs and	
				Wealth Creation. Northampton, M.A.: Edward	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
3. 140.				Elgar Suggested e-Resources: Entrepreneurship https://www.startupcommons.org/what-is-startup-ecosystem.html https://getproductmarketfit.com/how-to-select-test-to-get-market-validation-for-new-product-or-business-idea/ https://www.coursera.org/learn/wharton-launching-startup https://www.coursera.org/learn/wharton-entrepreneurship-opportunity http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewdoc/download?d oi=10.1.1.463.4354&rep=rep1&type=pdf Accounts and Bioentrepreneur https://www.nature.com/bioent/2003/031101/ful /bioent779.html Bioentrepreneurship www.birac.nic.in/webcontent/jk.pdf Biotechnology and entrepreneurship http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewdoc/download?d oi=10.1.1.463.4354&rep=rep1&type=pdf	
3)	BIO 505: Microbial Technology	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Utilize various strategies for strain improvement, overexpression, maintenance and containment of microbes Describe strategies used for large scale production of various industrially relevant bioactive molecules from microorganisms 	 Section-A Biotechnological innovation in pharmaceutical, health, agricultural and industrial sectors. Strategies for selection and improvement of industrial strains. Measurement and control of bioprocess parameters. Genetic and environmental control of metabolic pathways. Section-B Industrial production of Biofuel, 	 Section-A Biotechnological innovation in pharmaceutical, health, agricultural & industrial sectors. Strategies for selection & improvement of industrial strains. Measurement & control of bioprocess parameters. Genetic & environmental control of metabolic pathways. Section-B 	Typological corrections have been made.

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Biotransformation of Steroids, Single Cell Protein. Biofertilizers (Rhizobium and BGA); Biopesticides (Bt toxin) Biosensors (NH4, Sulphide); Biofilms. Biopolymers (-PHB, Xanthum gum) Section-C Microbial overproduction of recombinant molecules: Selection of suitable promoter sequences, ribosome binding sites, fusion protein tags, purification tags, protease cleavage sites and enzymes, inducible expression systems, limitations of metabolic engineering. Large scale production using recombinant microorganisms: peptic hormones (secretin), metabolic engineering of antibiotics, basic ides of biohydrometallury. Maintenance and containment of recombinant microorganisms. 	 Biotransformation of Steroids, Single Cell Protein. Biofertilizers (<i>Rhizobium</i> and BGA); Biopesticides (Bt toxin). Biosensors (NH₄, Sulphide); Biofilms. Biopolymers (PHB, Xanthum gum). Section-C Microbial overproduction of recombinant molecules: Selection of suitable promoter sequences, ribosome binding sites, fusion protein tags, purification tags, protease cleavage sites and enzymes, inducible expression systems, limitations of metabolic engineering. Large scale production using recombinant microorganisms: peptic hormones (secretin), metabolic engineering of antibiotics, basic idea of biohydrometallurgy. 	
			 Books Recommended : Biotechnological Innovations in Chemical Synthesis, BIOTOL, Butterworth - Heinemann. Industrial Microbiology, G. Reed (editor), CBS Publishers (A VI Publishing Company) Genetics and Biotechnology of Industrial Microorganisms. C.L. I-le' -shnergev, S.W. Queener and Q Hegen. American Society of Microbiology. Protein Expression A Practical Approach: Edited by S.J. Higgins and B.D. Hames (OUP). 	 Maintenance and containment of recombinant microorganisms. Suggested Books: BIOTOL, Currell, B.C., & Dam-Miera, R.C.E. (1997). <i>Biotechnological Innovations in Chemical Synthesis (BiotolSer)</i>. Oxford, UK: Butterworth-Heinemann, Elsevier. Reed, G. (2004). Prescott and Dunn's Industrial Microbiology. New Delhi, India: CBS Publishers. Glazer, A.N., & Nikaido, H. (2008). <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i>. UK: Cambridge University Press. Kun, L.Y. (Ed.) (2003). <i>Microbial Biotechnology: Principles and Applications</i>. 	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<u>S. No.</u>	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	 Suggested Syllabus Singapore: World Scientific Publication Co.Ptv. Ltd. Braun,V. & Gotz, F. (Eds.). (2002). Microbial Fundamentals of Biotechnology. Germany: Wiley-Vch. Gupta, V.K. (Ed.), Sharma, G.D. (Ed.),Tuohy, M.G. (Ed.), Gaur, R. (Ed.). (2016). The Handbook of Microbial Bioresources (1st ed.). New Delhi, India: CABI Publishing. Crueger, W. & Crueger, A. (1990). Biotechnology (2nd ed.). U.S: Sinauer Associates Inc. Suggested e- Resources: Microbial Biotechnology https://bit.ly/2XmRZs2 Biosensor https://www.edgefx.in/biosensors-types-its- working-and-applications/ Biofertilizer www.krishisewa.com/articles/organic- agriculture/115-biofertilizers.html Biopesticide www.agriinfo.in/default.aspx?page=topic⊃ 	Remarks
4)	BT 513: Food	After successful completion of the	Section_A	erid=3&topicid=1950 Section-A	Some typological errors have
(T)	Process and	course, students should be able to:	• Introduction and development of food		been corrected. Butter has
	Biotechnology	 Explain strategies of food preservation, spoilage and quality assessment Understand various policies related to GM food and its safety assessment Demonstrate the principles for 	 biotechnology; Current status of Transgenic crops for crop improvement and enhanced agronmic performance. International and National guidelines for safety assessment of genetically modified (GM) foods. Contemporary food related policy issue and their implications. 	biotechnology; Current status of transgenic crops for crop improvement & enhanced agronomic performance.	been replaced by kefir as it is a more important fermentation product of milk. Also food yeasts have been deleted as it is more relevant in fermentation.

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		production of various processed food	• General principals of Food spoilage, factors affecting spoilage; Methods of food preservation. Food products with enhanced shelf-life.	 implications. General principles of food spoilage, factors affecting spoilage; Methods of food preservation. Food products with enhanced shelf-life. 	
			Section-B	Section-B	
			 Mechanism of enzyme function and reactions in Food processing; Enzymic bioconversions e.g. starch and sugar conversion process; HFCS; Interesterified fat, hydrolysed protein etc. and their downstream processing. Baking by amylases; Deoxygenation and desugaring by glucose oxidases; Beer mashing and chill proofing. Cheese making by proteases and various other enzyme catalytic actions in food processing Fermented dairy products: cheese, yogurt, butter; Bacteriocin from lactic acid bacteria and Alcoholic beverages. Fermented vegetables, oriental foods, meat 	 Mechanism of enzyme function and reactions in food processing; Enzymic bioconversions e.g. starch and sugar conversion process; HFCS; Interesterified fat, hydrolysed protein etc. and their downstream processing. Baking by amylases; Deoxygenation and desugaring by glucose oxidases; Beer mashing and chill proofing. 	
			products, Fish& poultry products. Section-C	Section-C	
			 Process wastes-whey, molasses, starch substrates and other food wastes for bioconversion to useful products. Biotechnology applications in the production of additives/ingredients: Enzymes. Carotenoids, amino acids, organic acids, vitamins, colouringflavours and nutraceuticals. Production of new protein foods-Single cell proteins (SCP), mushroom, food-yeasts, algal proteins. Quality control of food-Detection system, Enzyme 	 Bioconversion of process wastes to useful products -whey, molasses, starch substrates and other food wastes. Biotechnology applications in the production of additives/ingredients: enzymes, carotenoids, amino acids, organic acids, vitamins, colouring flavours and nutraceuticals. 	

S. No.	Course List Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
5. 1\0.		 Immunoassay and Radio-immunoassay. Books Recommended : Food Microbiology: W.C. Fragier, D.C. 1995. Westhoft 3rd Ed. Tata McGraw Hill. Food Microbiology : M.R. Adams, M.O. Moss, 1998 New Age International (P) Ltd. Principles of Fermentation Technology: P.F. Stanbury, A. Whittaker, S.J. Hall 1995. 2nd Edn. Pergamon Press. Basic Food Microbiology: G.J. Banwart (1898) CBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi. 	 Suggested Books: Frazier, W.C. & Westhoff, D.C. (2003). Food Microbiology. New York, USA: Tata McGraw Hill. Adams, M. R. & Moss, M. O. (2007). Food Microbiology. UK: Royal Society of Chemistry. Stanbury, P.F., Hall, S. J. & Whitaker, A. (1999). Principles of Fermentation Technology. Oxford, UK: Butterworth- Heinemann, Elsevier. 	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				Genetically modified food	
				http://anrcatalog.ucdavis.edu/pdf/8180.pdf	
5)	BT 515:	After successful completion of the	Section-A	Section – A	The syllabus has been
	Genomics and	course, students should be able to:	Whole genome analysis: preparation of ordered	• Genomics – Introduction to genome &	remodeled keeping in mind
	Proteomics	• Describe principles of	cosmid libraries, bacterial artificial chromosome	genomics; genetics vs. genomics. DNA	the current advances in
		functional genomics	libraries. Shotgun libraries and sequencing, YAC.	microarray; preparation, understanding of	technology.
		• Develop an understanding of	• Sequence analysis: computational methods,	microarray data, normalizing microarray data,	
		proteomics and associated	homology algorithms (BLAST) for proteins and	detecting differential gene expression,	
		techniques	nucleic acids, open reading frames, annotation of	correlation of gene expression data to biological process & analysis tools. Gene	
		• Understand comprehensive concept of nucleotide and	genes, EST. Conserved protein motifs related	Expression Omnibus (GEO).	
		concept of nucleotide and protein sequencing.	Conserved protein motifs related structure/function (PROSITE, PI'-AM,	·	
		protein sequencing.	Profilescan).	Genome assembly & annotation. Genome	
			 Physical and Genetic mapping. 	databases of plants, animals & pathogens.	
			r nysiour and Conorio mapping.	• Metagenomics: Gene networks: basic	
				concepts, computational model such as	
				Lambda receptor & lac operon.	
				• Prediction of genes, promoters, splices sites,	
				regulatory regions: basic principles,	
				application of methods to prokaryotic &	
				eukaryotic genomes.	
			Section-B	Section – B	
			DNA microarray: printing of oligonucleotides and	A A	
			PCR products on glass slides, nitrocellulose paper.	protein chemistry vs. proteomics. Analytical	
			Analysis of SNP using DNA chips.	techniques of proteomics; working principles	
			Whole genome analysis for global patterns of gene	of $2D - gel$ electrophoresis, mass spectrometry with their merits and demerits.	
			expression using fluorescent labeled cDNA or end	 Mass spectrometers for protein and peptide 	
			labeled RNA probes.	 Mass spectrometers for protein and peptide sequencing; MALDI – TOF, electospray 	
				ionization coupled tandem Mass spectrometry.	
				Tandem mass analyzer, triple quadrupole mass	
				analyzer, ion – trap mass analyzer and FT –	
				ion cyclotron resonance MS. Peptide Mass	
				Fingerprinting.	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				• Sequencing the protein fragments: Scoring Algorithm for Spectral analysis. Application of SALSA in amino acid – Motif searching.	
			Section-C	Section – C	
			 Proteomics Technology - Separation & isolation of protein, acquisition of protein structure database utilization. Applications of Mass spectroscopy in proteomics : Isolation and sequence analysis of individual protein spots. Types of Proteomics. 	 elements of big data analysis, NGS Platforms based on pyrosequencing, sequencing by synthesis, emulsion PCR approach with small magnetic beads & single molecule real time (SMRT) sequencing. Genome assembly algorithms, De-novo 	
			 Proteomics Applications. 	assembly algorithms.	
			 Protein and Peptide microarray. Advantages & disadvantages of DNA & Protein microarrays. 	• Sequence Alignment formats: Sequence Alignment/Map (SAM) format, Binary Alignment/Map (BAM) format. Protein function prediction using Machine learning tools: supervised/unsupervised learning, neural network, SVM.	
				• Protein-protein interactions: databases such as STRINGS, DIP, PPI server & tools for analysis of protein-protein interactions.	
			Books Recommended :	Suggested Books:	
			 Introduction to Bioinformatics - Parrysmith and Attwood. Introduction to Bioinformatics - Baxevenis and Oulette 	Brown, S.M. (2015). Next-generation DNA sequencing Informatics (2 nd ed.). Cold Spring Harbor, NY: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press.	
				Liebler, D. C. (2001). Introduction to proteomics tools for the new biology. US: Humana Press.	
				 Lesk, A.M. (2015). Introduction to Genomics (2nd ed.). Oxford, UK: Oxford University Press. 	
				Pevsner, J. (2017). Bioinformatics and Functional Genomics (3 rd ed.). New Jersey,	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd.	
				➤ Twyman, R.M. (2004). Principles of	
				Proteomics. New Delhi, India: CBS	
				Publishers.	
				➢ Thangadurai, D. & Sangeetha, J. (2015).	
				Genomics and Proteomics: Principles,	
				Technologies, and Applications. USA: CRC	
				Press.	
				➢ Pennington, S. R. & Dunn, M. J. (Eds.).	
				(2000). Proteomics: From protein sequence to	
				function. Oxford, UK: Bios Scientific Pub Ltd.	
				Suggested e- Resources:	
				Proteomics	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102101055/4	
				Genomics	
				https://bit.ly/2Nq86jQ	
6)	BT 516:	After successful completion of the	Section-A	Section- A	
	Immunotechnolo	course, students should be able to:	• Structure, genomic organisation, expression and	• Structure, genomic organization, expression and	
	gу	• Describe various theories	functions of major histocompatibility complex.	functions of major histocompatibility complex	
		describing antibody formation	• Organisation and expression of immunoglobulin	(MHC).	
		• Explain the mechanism of	genes-and antibody diversity.	• Organization and expression of immunoglobulin	
		immune response to various	• T cell receptors - genomic organisation, structure	genes.	
		stimuli	and isolation of TCR.	• T-cell receptors- genomic organization,	
		• Elucidate on vaccines and their	Immune regulation, positive and negative selection	structure and isolation of TCR.	
		development.	in thymus, apoptosis.	• Antibody diversity- mini gene theory, mutation	
				theory, germ line theory, somatic	
				recombination, V(D) J recombination.	
				Combinatorial diversity, junctional diversity.	
				Section-B	
			Section-B	ABO Blood groups, blood transfusion, Bombay	
			 Immunity to infectious diseases. 	phenotype, Rh blood group, DAT test, MN	
			 Immunodeficiency and AIDS. 	blood group.	
			 Transplantation Immunology. 	• Immunity to infectious diseases: Viral, bacterial,	
			 Tumor Biology. 	fungal and parasitic infections.	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Immunodeficiency disease: Primary and 	
				secondary immunodeficiency disease (AIDS).	
			Section-C	Section –C	
			 Various approaches to vaccines. 	• History of vaccination, immunization types and	
			• T cell cloning, engineered antibodies production.	vaccination properties.	
			Radioimmunoassay, Enzyme linked	• Types of vaccines: Live, killed, subunit,	
			immunosorbant assay, ELISPOT, Immunoblotting	recombinant viral, synthetic peptide, anti-	
			(western blotting).	idiotype, DNA, toxoid, conjugate, recombinant	
			Immunofluroescence, Immunoelectron	vector & plant based vaccines.	
			microscopy, cell cytotoxicity assays and flow	• Stages of vaccine development and some	
			cytom etry.	common vaccines used in human MMR,	
			Books Recommended:	poliovaccine & BCG vaccines.	
			Abbas, A. K., Lichtman, A. H., &Pillai, S. (2017).	Suggested Books:	
			<i>Cellular and Molecular Immunology</i> (9 th ed.).	→ Austyn, J.M. &Wood, K.J. (1993).	
			Amsterdam, Netherlands: Elsevier.	Principles Of Cellular and Molecular	
			Delves, P. J., Martin, S. J., Burton, D. R., &Roitt,	Immunology. London, U.K: Oxford	
			I. M. (2006). Roitt's Essential Immunology	University Press.	
			(11 th ed.). New Jersey, USA: Wiley-Blackwell.	➢ Benjaminin, E., Coico, R. & Sunshine, G. (2000) inv. A short source (4 th ad). Nov.	
			> Punt, J., Stranford, S., Jones, P., & Owen, J. (2018) Kirky Insurance and (8th ad.) New York	(2000). <i>im</i> : A short course (4 th ed.). New York, USA: Wiley-Liss.	
			(2018). <i>Kuby Immunology</i> (8th ed.). New York, USA: W. H. Freeman and Company.	Cunnigham, A.J. (1978).Understanding	
			 Tizard, I. R. (1995). Immunology: Introduction, 	<i>Immunology</i> . London, U.K.: Academic	
			(4th ed.). Philadelphia, USA: Saunders College	Press Inc.	
			Publishing.	→ Hildemann, W.H. (1984). Essentials of	
				<i>Immunology</i> . USA: Elsevier Science Ltd.	
				➢ Johnstone, A. & Thorpe, R. (1996)	
				Immunochemistry In Practice (3 rd ed.). US:	
				Wiley-Blackwell.	
				➢ Joshi, K.R. & Osama, N.O. (2004).	
				Immunology and Serology. India:	
				Agrobios.	
				≻ Khan, F.H. (2009). The Elements Of	
				Immunology. India: Pearson Education.	
				Punt, J., Stranford, S., Jones, P. & Owen,	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				J. (2018). Kuby Immunology (8 th ed.). New	
				York, USA: W. H. Freeman and Company.	
				➤ Reeves, G. & Todd, I. (2001). Lecture	
				Notes on Immunology (4th ed.). US: Wiley-	
				Blackwell.	
				➢ Rich, R.R., Fleisher, T. A, Shearer, W.T.,	
				Schroeder, H., Frew, A.J. & Weyand,	
				C.M. (2018). Clinical Immunology:	
				Principles and Practice (5 th ed.). USA:	
				Elsevier Science Ltd.	
				Tizard, I. R. (1995). Immunology:	
				Introduction, (4 th ed.). Philadelphia, USA:	
				Saunders College Publishing.	
				Suggested e- Resources:	
				Antibodies and antigens	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103038/downloa	
				d/module2.pdf	
				Vaccines	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104108055/37	
				DNA vaccines	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103041/18	
				Transplantation immunology	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103038/31	
7)	BT 521: Plant	After successful completion of the	Section-A	Section A	
	Biotechnology	course, students should be able to:	• Introduction, examples of current use of plant	• Introduction, examples of current use of plant	
		• Demonstrate principles for	biotechnology.	biotechnology.	
		development of various stress	• Development of pathogen resistant plants (virus &	• Development of pathogen resistant plants (virus	
		resistant plants	insect resistance).	& insect resistance).	
		• Understand various techniques	• Development of plants of improved seed quality.	• Development of plants of improved seed	
		used in plant biotechnology	• Artificial seeds.	quality; Artificial seeds.	
			• Development of plants resistant to environmental	• Development of plants resistant to	
			stress.	environmental stress and herbicides.	
			• Development of herbicide resistant plants.	• Future outlook.	
			• Future outlook.		

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Section-B	Section-B	
			Immobilization of cells.	Immobilization of cells.	
			• Gene delivery methods in intact and cultured	• Direct gene delivery methods.	
			tissues and cells.	• Vector based gene delivery methods:	
			• Agrobacterium, Ti plasmids, co integrate and binary vectors. Other vectors - viral vectors.	<i>Agrobacterium</i> , Ti plasmid based vectors, viral vectors.	
			 → Direct DNA uptake, microprojectile delivery, electroporation, microinjection, Liposomes. 	• Chloroplast engineering: Advantages of transplastomics, applications in production of	
			• Chloroplast engineering : Advantages of chloroplast transgenics, applications in production	biopharmaceuticals, introduction of agronomic traits, viz. disease resistance, herbicide	
			of biopharmaceuticals, introduction of agronomic traits, viz. disease resistance, herbicide resistance,	resistance, salt and drought resistance; phytoremediation etc.	
			salt and drought resistance; phytoremediation etc.	 Biotechnology of biological nitrogen fixation: 	
			• Biotechnology of Biological Nitrogen fixation : <i>nif</i>	nif genes.	
			genes		
			Section-C	Section-C	
			 Production of metabolites; metabolic engineering and industrial products : plant secondary metabolites; control mechanisms and manipulation of phenyl propanoids and shikimate pathways; general strategy towards production of plant cell products. Biotransformation using plant cells. Cryobiology of plant cell culturesand establishment of gene banks. Edible vaccines. Radiobiology of cultured plant cells. 	 Production of metabolites; metabolic engineering and industrial products: Overview of plant secondary metabolites; control mechanisms and manipulation of phenyl propanoids and shikimate pathways; general strategy to regulate the production of plant cell products. Biotransformation using plant cells. Cryobiology of plant cell cultures. Edible vaccines. Molecular markers - hybridization and PCR based markers RFLP, RAPD, STS, SSR, AFLP, SNP markers. 	Modifications have been done in the light of current technologies.
			Books Recommended :	Suggested Books:	
			➤ Biotechnology - A Laboratory Course : J. M.		
			Becker, G.A. Coldwell and E.A. Zachgo,	(2 nd ed.). New Delhi, India: Kalyani Publisher.	
			Academic Press, New York.	Chawla, H.S. (2009). <i>Plant Biotechnology</i>	
			➢ Genetic Engineering Technology in Industrial		

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<u>5. No.</u>	Course List	Learning Outcome	 Existing Syllabus Pharmacy : Ed J.M. Tabor. > Tissue Culture, Methods and Applications : P.F. Kruse. > Plant Tissue Culture : Sharma and Alam; IK International Publiser Pvt. Ltd. 	 Suggested Syllabus (3rded.). New Delhi, India: Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd. Slater, A. (2008). <i>Plant Biotechnology: The</i> <i>Genetic Manipulation of Plants</i> (2nded.). Oxford, UK: Oxford Publisher. Peter, K.V., & Keshavachandran, R. (2008). Plant Biotechnology: Methods in Tissue Culture and Gene Transfer. India: Universities Press. Murphy, D. (2007). <i>Plant Breeding and</i> <i>Biotechnology: Societal Context and the Future</i> of Agriculture (1sted.). UK: Cambridge University Press. Singh, B.S. (2007). <i>Fundamentals of Plant</i> <i>Biotechnology</i>. New Delhi, India: Satish Serial Publishing House. Suggested e- Resources: Chloroplast Biotechnology https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/page/journal/14 677652/homepage/chloroplast_biotechnology_s pecial_issue.htm Plant transformation technologies http://repository.ias.ac.in/57240/1/23-pub.pdf Abiotic stress and transgenics http://repository.ias.ac.in/89833/1/1-pub.pdf 	Kemarks
8)	BT 522:	After successful completion of the	Section-A	Section-A	
	Recombinant DNA Technology	 course, students should be able to: Explain techniques used for DNA synthesis, amplification and sequencing Describe strategies of cloning in both prokaryotes and eukaryotes. Identify novel diagnostic tools 	 Chemical synthesis of DNA: Phosphodiester, triester approaches, amidite method, solid phase automated synthesis of DNA. Sequencing of DNA : Chemical and dideoxy methods, random and directed approaches, automated DNA sequencing, improved gel based sequencers, mass spectrometry based sequencing, pyrosequencing, 454 sequencing technologies. 	 Chemical synthesis of DNA: phosphodiester, phosphotriester, phosphite triester approaches, phosphoramidite solid phase automated synthesis of DNA, post-synthetic processing. Sequencing of DNA: Maxam-Gilbert method, Sanger sequencing technique, automated DNA sequencing, improved gel based sequencers, primer walking method, whole genome shotgun 	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		of rDNA and gene therapy	 PCR in gene recombination, Deletion, Addition, Overlap extension. PCR in molecular diagnostics. Viral and bacterial detection, PCR based mutagenesis; Mutation detection: SSCP, DGGE, RFLP, Oligo ligation assay (OLA), Mismatch chemical cleavage (MCC), High resolution melt analyses, Allele-specific amplification (ASA). Applications of Transposons in genetic engineering : construction of R plasmids, gene tagging and isolation, mutagenesis genome characterization etc. Section-B Vectors expressing cloned DNA in <i>E. coli</i>. Molecular cloning in <i>E. coli & Bacillus subtilis</i>. Cloning in yeast. DNA cloning in mammalian cells with SV-40 vector. Cloning in plants: Direct and vector based approaches. 	 sequencing, mass spectrometry based sequencing, pyrosequencing, 454 sequencing technologies. Overlap-extension PCR in gene recombination, deletion & addition. Mutation detection: SSCP, DGGE, RFLP, Oligo ligation assay (OLA), Mismatch chemical cleavage (MCC), High resolution melt analyses, Allele-specific amplification (ASA). Applications of Transposons in genetic engineering: construction of R plasmids, gene tagging and isolation, mutagenesis, genome characterization etc. Section-B Molecular cloning in <i>Bacillus subtilis</i>. Cloning in yeast. DNA cloning in mammalian cells with SV-40 vector. Cloning in plants: Direct and vector based approaches. Site directed mutagenesis: Oligonucleotide directed mutagenesis, PCR based mutagenesis. Introduction to genome editing by CRISPR-CAS and its applications. 	"Gene cloning and expression in <i>E. coli</i> ," is a repetition of the paper Genetic Engineering taught in M.Sc. II Semester. The same has been replaced with recent genome editing technique "CRISPR-CAS"
			 Section-C Site directed mutagenesis. New Diagnostics in rDNA technology: Detection of genetic disorders, test for pathogens, DNA finger printing. Gene Silencing techniques, Introduction of siRNA and siRNA technology, Micro RNA, Construction of siRNA vectors, Principle and application of gene silencing, Gene knockouts, Gene replacement, Gene targeting, Transgenics, gene 	 Section-C New diagnostics in rDNA technology: detection of genetic disorders, PCR in molecular diagnostics: Viral and bacterial detection, DNA finger printing. Gene silencing techniques: RNAi, siRNA technology, construction of siRNA vectors, micro RNA, ribozymes, applications of gene silencing. Knockout mice. 	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			therapy. Basic idea of drug designing.	• Gene therapy: types, viral and non viral vectors.	
			• Cloning and expression of human interferon gene	An overview of structure and ligand based drug	
				designing.	
				• Cloning and expression of human interferon	
				gene.	
			Books recommended :	Suggested Books:	
			Molecular Cloning Vol. 1, 2 and 3 :Sambrook		
			and Russell, Cold Spring Harberlaboratory, 2001.	ed.) Vol. 1, 2 and 3. Cold Spring Harbor	
			 Molecular Biology of Gene : J.D. Watson, 	laboratory. NY: Cold Spring Harbor	
			Pearson Education.	Laboratory Press.	
			 An Introduction to Gene Technology-From 	-	
			genes to clones :Winnacker, VCH.	Molecular Biology of the Gene (7th ed.). US:	
			> Principles of Gene Manipulation : Old and		
			Primrose.	▶ Winnacker, E.L. (1987). From Genes to	
			Molecular Biotechnology : B.R. Glick and J.J.	Clones: Introduction to Gene Technology.	
			Pasternak, ASM Press, Washington, USA.	Germany: Wiley VCH.	
			Genetic Engineering : Science and ethics on new		
			frontier : Michael Boylan, Pearson Education.	<i>Principles of Gene Manipulation</i> (6 th ed.). New	
			An Introduction to Genetic Engineering : S.T.	•	
			Nicholl, Cambridge University Press.	Glick, B.R., Pasternak, J.J. & Patten, C.L.	
			Recombinant DNA : J.D. Watson, W.H.		
			Freeman.Nucleic acid and biotechnology : H.D. Kumar.	<i>and Applications of Recombinant</i> DNA (4 th ed.). US: American Society for	
			 Nucleic acid and blocechnology . H.D. Kulhar. Understanding DNA and Gene Cloning :Darlica, 		
			John Wiley and Sons.	➢ Boylan, M. & Brown, K.E. (2001). Genetic	
			John Whey and Johns.	<i>Engineering: Science and Ethics on New</i>	
				Frontier. UK: Pearson Education.	
				➢ Nicholl, D.S.T. (2008). An Introduction to	
				Genetic Engineering (3 rd ed.). UK: Cambridge	
				University Press.	
				▶ Watson, J.D., Meyers, R.M., Caudy, A.A. &	
				Witkowski, J.A. (2007). Recombinant DNA:	
				Genes and Enomes-A short Course (3 rd ed.).	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Cold Spring Harbor, NY: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press. Kumar, H.D. (1990). Nucleic Acid And Biotechnology. New Delhi, India: Vikas Publication. Drlica, K. (2003). Understanding DNA and Gene Cloning (4thed.). New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons Ltd. Suggested e-Resources : Solid phase oligonucleotide synthesis:https://www.atdbio.com/content/17/S olid-phase-oligonucleotide-synthesis DNA sequencing approaches:https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/boo ks/NBK21117/CRISPR/ Cas technology https://bit.ly/2Edvm06 Construction of siRNA expression vectors https://bit.ly/2EqNL18 Gene knockout and transgenic mice https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK216 32/ 	
9)	Bio Physics-I	 After completion of this course, the students will be able to- Understand the concepts of physical principles in the biomolecular systems. Know properties and conformations of biomolecules Understand the interaction between physics and biology 		 Section A Introduction: Brief introduction to all aspects of Biology, cellular automata, Conway's Game of life. Cell structure and function: Cell theory, cell membrane and transport, membranous organelles, Non-membranous organelles, Nuclear components and major cell types, viruses. Molecules in the cell: carbohydrates, lipids, proteins and nucleic acids, their structure and function. 	(New Introduced Elective Course, cw M.Sc. Physics)

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				• Code of life: Central dogma, DNA replication,	
				transcription and translation.	
				• Energy in life forms: Cellular Respiration,	
				Glycolysis, Krebs cycle, Electron transport	
				chain, ATP calculation, Photosynthesis, C4	
				pathway.	
				Section B	
				• Intermolecular interactions: Covalent	
				interactions, disulphide bonds, van der Waals	
				interactions, bond angles and torsions. Role of	
				hydrogen bonding and hydrophobicinteraction	
				in biomolecular structures. Examples of α -	
				helices and β -sheets in proteins, Watson-Crick	
				pairs in DNA, stacking interactions in DNA and	
				RNA.	
				Protein Conformation: Conformational	
				properties of polypeptides, Ramachandran plot, Helical parameters and conformation,	
				Helical parameters and conformation, organization as secondary and supersecondary	
				structures in proteins, domains and motifs.	
				Protein folding in vivo and in vitro of globular	
				proteins, basic idea.	
				Section C	
				• Molecular Mechanics: Force field equation,	
				Lennard Jones Potential, Potential energy	
				surface, Z-matrix, Molecular modeling, Energy	
				minimization techniques, Exhaustive search	
				method, steepest descent and conjugate gradient	
				methods, Molecular dynamics simulation,	
				Verlet algorithm and simulated annealing	
				protocol.	
				• Experimental techniques used to determine	
				biomolecular structure:	
				Principles and application of UV-visible,	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				circular dichroism and fluorescence	
				spectroscopy.	
				• Case studies on Helix to coil transitions,	
				melting curves in proteins and DNA structures.	
				X-ray crystallography of biomolecules:	
				Obtaining single crystals of biomolecules,	
				Single crystal data collection, Determination of	
				point group, space group from symmetry of	
				diffraction patterns, deducing cell parameters,	
				interpretation of intensity data, Calculation of	
				electron density, Solving the phase problem,	
				Structure validation.	
				Suggested Books:	
				Tuszynski, J.A. & Kurzynski, M.	
				(2003). Introduction to molecular biophysics.	
				CRC press.	
				Schlick, T. (2010). <i>Molecular modeling and</i>	
				Simulation: An Interdisciplinary Guide: An	
				Interdisciplinary Guide (Vol. 21). Springer	
				Science & Business Media.	
				▹ Voet, D., Voet, J. G. & Pratt, C. W.	
				(2013). Fundamentals of Biochemistry: Life	
				At The Molecular Level (No. 577.1 VOE).	
				Hoboken: Wiley.	
				Cantor, C. R., & Schimmel, P. R.	
				(1980). Biophysical CHEMISTRY: PART III:	
				The Behavior Of Biological Macromolecules.	
				Macmillan.	
				> Van Holde, K. E. J. W. <i>Principles of Physical</i>	
				Biochemistry/ Kensal E. Van Holde, W.	
				Curtis Johnson, P. Shing Ho.	
				▶ Jensen, J. H. (2010). Molecular Modeling	
				Basics. CRC Press.	
				▶ Nelson, P. (2004). <i>Biological Physics</i> . New	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				York: WH Freeman.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				Non-Conventional Energy Systems	
				https://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/1021	
				Quantum-mechanics of molecular	
				structure	
				https://bit.ly/2SoEqof	
				https://bit.ly/2SoEqof	
10)	Animal	At successful completion of this		Section-A	New proposed elective
	Biotechnology-I	course students will be able to:		• History and importance of animal	
		• Comprehend tools of molecular		biotechnology, cryopreservation of gametes &	
		biology and biotechnology for		embryos in mammals, artificial insemination	
		the improved production and		(AI) techniques & their development: estrus	
		protection of animals.		synchronization; semen collection, evaluation	
		• Evaluate and discuss public and		& storage.	
		ethical concerns over the use of		• In Vitro fertilization and embryo transfer;	
		animal biotechnology.		superovulation, Microinjection &	
		• Demonstrate an understanding		macroinjection: introduction, procedure,	
		of the key topics in tissue		applications advantages and limitations.	
		engineering		Ethical, social & moral issues related to	
				cloning, in situ & ex situ preservation of	
				germplasm.	
				Section-B	
				• Introduction to stem cell-definition,	
				classification, characteristics, differentiation	
				and dedifferentiation, stem cell niche, stem	
				cells vs somatic cells, mechanism of	
				pleuripotency in stem cells, different kinds of	
				stem cells: adult stem cells, embryonic stem	
				cells, fetal tissue stem cell, umbilical cord	
				blood stem cells.	
				• Human embryonic stem cells and society: The	
I				religious, legal, ethical and scientific debate,	
1				stem cell banking and ethical approaches on	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				stem cells.	
				• Stem cell therapies: Clinical applications of	
				stem cell therapy, parkinsons and alzheimers	
				disease, diabetes, kidney failure, lymphoma	
				and leukemic malignancies requiring stem cell	
				therapy.	
				Section-C	
				• Principles of Tissue Engineering- History &	
				scope, basics of tissue engineering, cell- ecm	
				interaction, wound healing mechanism, tissue	
				engineering bioreactors, models of tissue	
				engineering, biomaterials in tissue	
				engineering, bioartificial organs: source of	
				cells, choosing the right scaffold material,	
				mode of transplantation.	
				• Tissue Engineering & future perspectives:	
				commercial products.	
				Suggested Books:	
				➢ Portner, R. (2007). Animal Cell Biotechnology.	
				New York, USA: Humana Press.	
				▶ Butler, M. (Ed.). (1991). Mammalian Cell	
				Biotechnology; A Practical Approach,	
				London, UK: Oxford university press	
				Lanza, R., Gearhart, J., & Hogan, B. (2009).	
				Essentials of Stem Cell Biology (2nd	
				ed.).London, UK: Academic Press.	
				\blacktriangleright Lanza, R., Langer, R. & Vacanti, J.(2013).	
				Principles of Tissue Engineering (4th ed.).	
				London, UK: Academic Press.	
				Kumaresan, V. (2008). Applied Animal Biotechnology Tomil Nedy India: Some	
				Biotechnology. Tamil Nadu, India: Saras	
				Publication.	
				Singh, B., Gautam, S.K., & Chauhan, M.S.	
				(2015). Textbook of Animal Biotechnology.	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				New Delhi, India: Teri Publication.	
				Suggested e-Resources	
				> Cryopreservation of gametes and embryos	
				in mammals	
				https://www.glowm.com/section_view/heading	
				/Gamete and Embryo Cryopreservation	
				Human embryonic stem cell	
				https://bit.ly/2GX5SXW	
				Stem cell therapies	
				https://www.closerlookatstemcells.org/stem-	
				cells-medicine	
				History and scope of Tissue Engineering	
				https://www.stoodnt.com/blog/tissue-	
				engineering-applications-scopes/	
Prop	osed Reading Elec	tive –I & II to be offered in III & IV	Semester		common with Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology for Sem III and IV, Bioscience Sem IV
1)	Drug Discovery	On completion of this course,		Modern drug discovery involves the identification	
		students should be able to:		of a target or drug lead using different techniques	
		• Understand basics of R&D in		including molecular modeling, combinatorial	
		drug discovery and should be		libraries and high-throughput screening (HTS).	
		able to apply knowledge gained		Rational drug design is based on the	
		in respective fields of		understanding of the three-dimensional structures	
		pharmaceutical industry.		and physicochemical properties of drugs and	
		• Understand the role of synthetic		receptors. Knowledge of molecular mechanisms,	
		chemistry in the development of		molecular dynamics simulations and homology	
		pharmaceutical agents; and the		modeling is necessary for studying drug/receptor	
		modification of chemical		interactions. The different conformational	
		structures to develop new drug		sampling techniques, fitness functions used in	
		molecules.		molecular docking and computational receptor-	
		• Have an advanced		based and ligand-based drug design approaches	
		understanding of the chemical		are mostly used to design compounds with	
		structure of a pharmaceutical		improved biological activity in rational drug	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		agent and determine the		design. Quantitative drug design using QSAR	
		chemical group/s responsible for		models are used to correlate structural molecular	
		a given biological effect.		properties (descriptors) with functions (i.e.	
		• Demonstrate a basic		physicochemical properties, biological activities,	
		understanding of		toxicity, etc.) of the compounds. Understanding	
		pharmacogenomics and		the structure activity relationship between the 3D	
		bioinformatics as it relates to		structure of a molecule and its biological activity	
		drug design and discovery.		may act as the basis for the prediction of	
		• Develop an understanding of		compounds with improved biological activities.	
		drug targets as a recognition site		Different bio-analytical assays (LC/MS/MS,	
		for pharmaceutical agents; how		GC/MS and ELISA) could be developed further in	
		the chemical structure of a		support of in vitro and in vivo studies.	
		substance influences interaction		Understanding the principles as well as an early	
		with a drug target; and the		characterization of drug toxicity, adsorption,	
		identification of new drug		distribution, metabolism and excretion (ADME)	
		targets for future drug		along with drug-drug interactions, plasma protein	
		discovery.		binding assays and metabolite profile studies	
				helps in eliminating compounds with	
				unacceptable pharmacokinetic characteristics,	
				which is critical to successful drug discovery	
				programs.	
				Suggested Books:	
				Krogsgaard-Larsen et. al. (2016). Textbook of	
				Drug Design and Discovery. 5th Edition.	
				CRC Press.	
				Satyanarayanajois, S. D. (2011). Drug Design	
				and Discovery: Methods and Protocols.	
				Humana Press.	
				▶ Rahman, A. U., Caldwell, G. W. & Chaudharry M. L. (2007). Foundations in Dama	
				Choudhary, M. I. (2007). Frontiers in Drug	
				Design and Discovery. Bentham Science	
				publishers Limited.	
				> Dastmalchi, S. et. al. (2016). Methods and	
				Algorithms for Molecular Docking-Based	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				Drug Design and Discovery. IGI Global.	
				Suggested e- Resources:	
				Drug Discovery	
				https://bit.ly/2tCqdtE	
				Peptide therapeutics	
				https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/	
				pii/S1359644614003997	
				Bio-analytical techniques	
				https://www.pharmatutor.org/articles/bioanalyt	
				ical-techniques-overview	
2)	Human	After successful completion of the		Since the rediscovery of Mendel's work in 1900,	
	Genetics and	course students will be able to:		investigations on the genetic nature of human traits	
	Diseases	• Understand hereditary and		have gained significant importance. Understanding	
		molecular genetics with a		the genetic basis behind human disease is one of	
		strong human disease		the most important reasons to study human	
		perspective.		chromosome structure, human karyotype, banding	
		• Describe genetic abnormalities		techniques, chromosome identification and	
		underlying human disease and		nomenclature (ISCN). Classical genetics has	
		disorders		considerable importance in constructing genetic	
		• Develop interest in biomedical		hypothesis from pedigree data analysis in	
		research, genetic counseling,		monogenetic traits, autosomal dominant,	
		medicine, and clinical genetics		autosomal recessive, sex linked dominant, sex	
				linked recessive and sex influenced traits. The	
				impact of consanguinity in causing sex linked	
				anomalies (haemophilia, colour blindness and	
				Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy) has been observed	
				in human population. Current knowledge on	
				genetic variations across populations is applied to	
				study human health and diseases which include	
				chromosomal disorders, structural and numerical	
				chromosomal anomalies (Klinefelter syndrome,	
				Down's syndrome, Turner syndrome,	
				Achondroplasia), inborn errors of metabolism	
				(Phenylketonuria (PKU), Alkaptonuria, Albinism,	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<u>S. INO.</u>	Course List			 Galactosemia), haemoglobinopathies, Thalassemia syndromes, multifactorial disorders (diabetes, schizophrenia, huntington disease). Medical genetics involves ethical issues therefore serious discussion is required for prenatal/adult diagnosis of genetic disorders, medical ethics, risks and benefits, informed consent and right of choice. Suggested Books: Strachan T. & Read. A. (2011). Human Molecular Genetics (4thed.). Garland Science Pasternak J. Fitzgerald. (1999). An introduction to Human Molecular Genetics Mechanism of Inherited Diseases. Science Press. Thompson and Thompson.(2007).Genetics in Medicine (7th Ed.).Saunders Suggested e- Resources Chromosome identification and nomenclature (ISCN) http://www.cydas.org/Resources/ISCN_Discu ssion.html Pedigree data analysis https://learn.genetics.utah.edu/content/disorde rs/ Genetic disorders https://www.genome.gov/10001204/specific-genetic-disorders/ Prenatal/ adult diagnosis of genetic disorders/ https://www.michiganallianceforfamilies.org/ all/#sectionD 	Kemarks
3)	Intellectual Property Rights	After completing this course, students will be able to:		Intellectual property rights (IPR) have an old history and are very relevant for economic	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		• Understand the concept of IPR		development. Various types of IPR (patents,	
		and its types		trademarks, copyright & related rights, industrial	
		• Describe the steps for patenting		design, traditional knowledge, geographical	
		• Discuss the role of WTO and		indications) are recognized with specific uses.	
		WIPO on IPR		There is currently an emergence of specific IP	
				pertaining to plants and animals (UPOV, Plant	
				Breeder's rights and plant variety protection and	
				farmers rights act, patent protection of plant and	
				animal inventions (WTO) and Law on the	
				protection of New plant varieties and animal	
				breeds (WIPO)). It is important to know about	
				types of patent applications and the process of	
				patenting with special emphasis to India. The role	
				of WTO (GATT and TRIPS) and WIPO in	
				implementation of IPR is significant as is	
				understanding the relevance of Patent Cooperation	
				Treaty (PCT) in patenting. IPR also are associated with certain ethical dilemma and there are some	
				interesting case studies which highlight its	
				relevance.	
				Suggested Books:	
				 > Sateesh, M.K. (2008). Bioethics and Biosafety. 	
				I.K. International Publishing House.	
				Goel D. & Parashar S. (2013). <i>IPR</i> , <i>Biosafety</i>	
				<i>and Bioethics</i> (1 st ed.) Pearson Education India.	
				> Pandey, N. & Dharni, K. (2014). Intellectual	
				Property Rights. PHI Learning	
				▶ Ramakrishna, B. & Kumar, A. (2017).	
				Fundamentals of Intellectual Property Rights:	
				For Students, Industrialist and Patent Lawyers	
				(1 st ed.). Notion Press	
				Suggested e-resources:	
				➢ World Trade Organisation.	
				http://www.wto.org	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
4)	Medical		Medical Microbiology and Immunology	 World Intellectual Property Organisation. http://www.wipo.int International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants. http://www.upov.int National Portal of India. http://www.archive.india.gov.in Medical Microbiology 	This course was earlier run as
	Microbiology	 course, students should be able to: Identify various bacterial, fungal, viral and protozoan diseases and their epidemiology Understand the relevance of emerging and reemerging diseases 	 Section-A Innate and Acquired Immunity Antigens : types of Antigens, Antigen specificity, haptens, Antibody structure and functions MHC, Complement System Cell mediated cytotoxicity : Origin, maturation and characterization of T-lymphocytes, Monocytes & Macrophages, Mechanism of T cell and NK cell mediated lysis, ADCC, Macrophage mediated cytotoxicity, lymphokines - the product of T cell activation. Humoral immune response : Origin, maturation and characterization of B-lymphocytes, Activation and proliferation of B-cells, Formation of plasmablast, Plasma cells and memory cells, Interaction of B and T cells. Section-B Hypersensitivity, Monoclonal antibodies and its applications. Radioimmunoassay, Enzyme linked immunosorbant assay, immunoblotting, immunofluorescence and flowcytometry Characteristics of infectious diseases, Herd immunity. Disease cycle (Source of disease, reservoir, 	Medical Microbiology describes the cause, transmission, epidemiology, pathogenesis, symptoms, diagnosis and treatment of various bacterial (tuberculosis, typhoid, leprosy), fungal (superficial, subcutaneous, systemic mycosis), protozoan (Malaria, amoebiasis) and viral (AIDS, Influenza, measles) diseases. Currently, it is necessary to understand the impact of emerging and remerging diseases (cholera, dengue, multidrug resistant tuberculosis, H5N1 avian influenza, drug resistant malaria, chikungunya) on human health. Global assessment for various diseases also shows an increasing trend of nosocomial infections and opportunistic infections which cause significant mortality and health concerns.	a core course in AMBT IIIrd sem.

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 carriers) Transmission of pathogens (Air borne, contact transmission and vector transmission). Section-C Bacterial Diseases : Epidemiology, Pathogenicity, Laboratory diagnosis, Prevention & control of the following diseases : Anthrax, Tuberculosis, Typhoid, Whooping cough, Tetanus, Diphtheria, Leprosy. General Account of fungal diseases : Mycosis, Subcutaneous and deep. General Account of viral & protozoan diseases : Pneumonia, Influenza, Mumps, Measles, Polio, Hepatitis B, Chickenpox, AIDS and Malaria, Leishmaniasis. Brief account of sexually transmitted diseases. Books Recommended : Text Book of Microbiology : R. Ananthanarayanan and C.K. JayaramPanicker, Orient Longman, 1997. Medical Microbiology, Vol, 1 : Microbial infection : Mackie and MaCartney, Churchil Livingstone, 1996. Bailey and Scott's Diagnostic Microbiology : Baron EJ, Peterson LR and Finegold, SM Mosby, 1990. Essential immunology (1995) :Roitt, I.M. Black well Scientific Publications, Oxford. Fundamental immunology : W.E. Paul 1984, Raven Press, New York. Fundamental of Immunology : R.M. Coleman, M.F. Lombord and R.E. Sicard (1992) - 2nd ed. C. Brown publishers. Immunology : D.M. Weir and J Steward 7th Ed. (1993). 	 Suggested Books: Brooks, G.F., Carroll, K.C., Butel, J.S., Morse, S.A. & Mietzner, T.A. (2013) Jawetz, Melnick and Adelberg's Medical Microbiology (26thed.). US: Lange Medical Books, McGraw-Hill. Madigan, M., Martinko, J., Stahl, D. & Clark, D. (2010). Brock Biology of Microorganisms (13thed.). UK: Pearson Education. Pelczar Jr., M.J., Chan, E.C.S. & Krieg, N.R. (2011). Microbiology. New York, USA:Tata McGraw-Hill. Suggested e- resources: Emerging Diseases https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PM C3701702/ Epidemiology https://bit.ly/2SUmzum 	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			 Broude A.I. (1981) : Medical "Microbiology" : and Infectious Diseases W.B. Saunders & Co. Philadelphia. Immunology : Janis Kuby. An Introduction to Immunology :lan R. Tizzard. 	Nosocomial Infections https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PM C3470069/	
5)	Molecular Plant Breeding	 After completing this course, students will be able to: Understand strategies and applications of plant breeding technologies. Comprehend the knowledge of different plat molecular markers Plan a research career in the area of plant biotechnology 		 Plant breeding study involves breeding methods for self and cross pollinated crops. There are several limitations of conventional breeding. Thus, there is need to have a better breeding approaches to overcome this limitation. Development of molecular markers (RFLP, RAPD, SSRs, ISSRs, SNPs), construction of molecular maps and linkage analysis, mapping populations for QTLs using molecular markers play an important role in plant breeding. In order to develop potential plant having better qualities, Marker Assisted Selection (MAS) is also a viable approach which can be done by using selection of traits and markers, trait association, marker assisted backcrossing and recurrent selection, marker assisted improved varieties/germplasm. Suggested Books: Chawla, H. S. (2000). Introduction to Plant Biotechnology. USA: Science Publishers. Slater, A., Scott, N. & Fowler, M. (2008). Plant Biotechnology: The Genetic Manipulation of Plants (2nded.). UK: Oxford University Press. Primrose, S.B., Twyman R.H. & Old R.W. (2001). Principles of Gene Manipulation (6thed.). Wiley-Blackwell. Nicholl, D.S.T. (2008). An introduction to Genetic Engineering (3rded). Cambridge: 	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				Cambridge University Press.	
				➢ Glick, B.R., Pasternak, J.J. & Patten C.L. (2010) Malandary Biotechnology Bringiday	
				(2010). Molecular Biotechnology: Principles	
				and Applications of Recombinant DNA (4 th ed.).	
				American Society for Microbiology. ➤ Watson, J.D., Gilman, M., Witkowski J. &	
				Zoller, M. (1992). <i>Recombinant DNA</i> (2 nd ed.).	
				W. H. Freeman publisher.	
				Suggested e- Resources:	
				 Plant breeding 	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103013/pdf/mo	
				d6.pdf	
				 Molecular marker 	
				https://bit.ly/2XmNm0M	
				 Gene mapping in plant 	
				https://bit.ly/2TaegKm	
6)	Protein	On completion of this course,		An introduction to protein engineering for	
	Engineering	students should be able to:		developing proteins with desired functions.	
		• Analyse structure and		Various methods (rational design and directed	
		construction of proteins by		evolution) of protein engineering are employed to	
		computer-based methods		manipulate the different features or characteristics	
		• Describe structure and		(affinity, specificity and stability etc) of proteins.	
		classification of proteins		Engineering various physicochemical and	
		• Analyse and compare the		biological properties (stability to changes in	
		amino acid sequence and		parameters as pH, temperature, amino acid	
		structure of proteins, and relate		sequence and aggregation propensities etc) of the	
		this information to the function		proteins could be important in their use as protein	
		of proteins		drugs and/or catalysts in bioreactors. The insight	
		• Explain how proteins can be		into the fundamental understanding of the	
		used for different industrial and		mechanisms and forces (Van der waals,	
		academic purposes such as		electrostatic, hydrogen bonding, weakly polar	
		structure determination,		interactions, and hydrophobic effects), by which	
		organic synthesis and drug		protein stabilizes, will help in the formulation of	
		design.		protein based pharmaceuticals. Protein	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		• Plan and carry out activity		engineering with site-specifically incorporation of	
		measurements of isolated		unnatural or non-canonical amino acids has been	
		proteins and characterize their		used to improve protein function for medical and	
		purity and stability.		industrial applications. Different computational	
				approaches (sequence and 3D structure analysis,	
				data mining, Ramachandran map etc) to protein	
				engineering would help to address the	
				requirements in order to find amino acid	
				sequences that will optimize a desired property	
				(physicochemical property and/or biological	
				function) of a protein. Determination of the	
				physicochemical properties of proteins using various spectroscopic methods (Far-UV and Near-	
				UV CD, Fluorescence, UV absorbance and	
				Optical rotatory dispersion) would further support	
				the drug development process. Yeast surface	
				display (YSD)has become a valuable protein	
				engineering tool for modifying the affinity,	
				specificity, and stability of antibodies, as well as	
				other proteins. YSD could be successfully used	
				for protein epitope mapping, identification of	
				protein-protein interactions, and uses of displayed	
				proteins in industry and medicine. Developing	
				vaccines and peptidomimetics will further allow	
				the investigators to identify novel therapeutic	
				leads for numerous unmet clinical needs.	
				Suggested Books:	
				Walsh, G. (2014). Proteins: biochemistry and	
				biotechnology, Second edition. Chichester,	
				West Sussex: Wiley Blackwell.	
				Creighton, T. E. (1997). Protein Structure: a	
				Practical Approach, 2nd Edition. Oxford	
				University press.	
				Cleland, J. L. & Craik, C. S. (2006). Protein	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<u>S. No.</u>	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	 Suggested Syllabus Engineering, Principles and Practice, Vol 7. Springer Netherlands. Mueller, K., & Arndt, K. (2006). Protein Engineering Protocols, 1st Edition. Humana Press. Robertson, D., & Noel, J. P. (2004). Protein Engineering Methods in Enzymology, Vol 388. Elsevier Academic Press. Kyte, J. (2006). Structure in Protein Chemistry, 2nd Edition. Garland publishers. Williamson, M. P. (2012). How proteins Work. New York: Garland Science. Suggested e- Resources: Protein Engineering: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103017/pdf/lectu re%2022.pdf Conformational stability of proteins: https://bit.ly/2y85mid Protein Engineering with Non-Natural Amino Acids: https://library.umac.mo/ebooks/b2805488x.pdf 	Remarks

* Matter in contrast (black background & white letters) is shifted to some other units, and material brought as a result of shift is also in contrast. # Matter in square brackets, bold, italic and crossed is deleted. @ Proposed added materials are shaded in grey.

List of online courses in M.Sc. Biotechnology Programme

S. No.	Portal	Name of course	Duration	Core/Elective/ Reading elective (Additional/ Alternate)	Credit point(s)	URL	Paid/ Free	Fee (course/ examination)	Remarks
	III Semester Elective C	ourses							
1	SWAYAM Dr. Adarsh Kumar Additional Professor, Department of Forensic Medicine & Toxicology AIIMS, New Delhi.	Forensic Biology and Serology	15 weeks (2 weeks for revision and assessment)	Elective	4	https://swayam.gov.in/course/264-forensic- biology-and-serology	Free	-	
2	edX TsinghuaX	Water and waste treatment engineering: Biochemical Technology	10 weeks 5-6 h/week	Elective	4	https://www.edx.org/course/water- wastewater-treatment-engineering- tsinghuax-40050455-2x-0	Paid	Add a Verified Certificate for \$49	
3	NPTEL	Industrial Biotechnology	12 weeks	Elective	4	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc17_bt2 3/preview https://swayam.gov.in/search?keyword=Ind ustrial%20Biotechnology	Paid	Certificate exam fee	
4	Harvard	Fundamentals of Ecology for Sustainable Ecosystem	-	Elective	4	https://www.extension.harvard.edu/academ ics/courses/fundamentals-ecology/12779	Paid	\$1550	

S. No.	Portal	Name of course		Core/Elective/ Reading elective (Additional/ Alternate)	Credit point(s)	URL	Paid/ Free	Fee (course/ examination)	Remarks
	III/IV Semester Readin	g elective							
1	NPTEL	Bio- organic Chemistry	56 h	Reading	4	http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104103018/#	Paid	Certification exam fee	
2	IIT, Delhi	Enzyme Science and Engineering		Reading Elective	2	http://freevideolectures.com/Course/85/Enz yme-Science-and-Engineering/1	Free	-	
3	NPTEL	Biocatalysis in organic synthesis		Reading Elective	3	http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104105032/	Paid	Rs. 1000 for certification exam fee	
4	National Institute of Disaster Management (Ministry of Home Affairs, New Delhi)	e Disaster Risk		Reading Elective	2	www.nidm.gov.in/online.asp	Paid	Rs. 1500 Exam fee	
5	WIPO Academy - [DL] Distance Learning Program	DL101E - DL- 101 General Course on Intellectual Property		Reading Elective	4	https://welc.wipo.int/acc/index.jsf?page=co urseCatalog.xhtml	Free	-	

S. No.	Portal	Name of course	Core/Elective/ Reading elective (Additional/ Alternate)	Credit point(s)		Free	Fee (course/ examination)	Remarks
6	Algonquin college	Environmental Management - An Introduction	Reading Elective		http://www.algonquincollege.com/ccol/cou rses/environmental-management-an-i			



BANASTHALI VIDYAPITH Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology M.Sc. BIOINFORMATICS PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES

The M.Sc Bioinformatics programme aims for the holistic development of the students through the unique and innovative fivefold education ideology of Banasthali Vidyapith.

Bioinformatics is an interdisciplinary approach to study of biological processes including gene expression, protein modifications or interactions as well as the molecular evolution. The programme focuses on specific knowledge of computational biology and the associated academic disciplines including molecular cell biology, structural biology, mathematics and statistics, computer programming, drug designing, database management systems and genetic engineering. The program fulfills the requirements of the students to become familiar with basic and advanced concepts of the subject thus providing them the scientific background they need to find career opportunities in any related field of bioinformatics.

Main objectives of M.Sc Bioinformatics programme are to:

- develop interdisciplinary approach for learning about the biological processes and their significance ranging from single cell to multicellular system.
- enable students to solve complex biological questions by developing the the mathematical and computational skills.
- decipher the process of molecular evolution and phylogenetic reconstruction.
- develop understanding of organisms functioning at the molecular level of the gene, genome, cell.
- apply bioinformatics for biological database management, exploring behavior of the biomacromolecules and drug discovery programs.
- gain the ability to work as computational biophysicist, computational chemist in chemical biology projects, medical bioinformatician and evolutionary biologist.
- access the primary literature, recognize relevant works for a particular topic, and evaluate the scientific content of these works.
- demonstrate ability in the experimental and computational techniques and methods of analysis appropriate for their area of specialization within bioinformatics.



BANASTHALI VIDYAPITH Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology M.Sc. BIOINFORMATICS PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

PO1: Knowledge: Equipped with an in-depth knowledge in the area of basic and applied bioinformatics including molecular evolution, computational structural molecular biology, cell biology, computer programming and database management system. Enable them to specialize in one of the many branches of bioinformatics through dissertation work.

PO2: Planning abilities: Develop efficient planning abilities with time management, analytical and decisive skills to reach achievable goals.

PO3: Problem analysis: Devise and sustain logical thinking to tackle detailed problem-solving and analytical tasks associated with questions in core and applied bioinformatics.

PO4: Bioinformatics tool usage: Learn, select, and apply statistical, mathematical and computational tools of bioinformatics. Develop competence in the handling of research facilities and work in a laboratory environment, both individually and as a team member.

PO5: Leadership skill: Develop leadership skills to work in a team and take initiative for fulfillment of professional and societal responsibilities.

PO6: Professional Identity: Understand, analyze and communicate the value of their professional roles in different research and development laboratories, information technology, pharmaceutical industries etc.

PO7: Communication: Develop skills used in reasoning and communication with scientific community and society. To synthesize information from literature and its communication in form of scientific papers, reports, poster and oral presentations.

PO8: The Bioinformatics and society: Contribute to society, in the realms of the agriculture, biological resource management, human and animal health well being.

PO9: Environment and sustainability: Development of efficient predictive bioinformatics methods for sustainable development conservation and preservation of biodiversity.

PO10: Life-long learning: Develop independent, critical and creative thinker who has a self-motivated passion for life-long learning.

Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology, Banasthali Vidyapith

M.Sc. Bioinformatics

	Existing						Proposed				
	M.Sc. Bioinformatics Ist Sem	L	Т	Р	С		M.Sc. Bioinformatics Ist Sem	L	Т	Р	С
BIO 402	Basic Cell, Molecular Biology and	4	0	0	4		Cell & Molecular Biology (c.w MSc AMBT, BT,	4	0	0	4
	Biological Databases						Biosci I Sm)				
BIO 417	Structural Biology	4	0	0	4	BIO	Structural Biology	4	0	0	4
CS 410	Computer Fundamentals and Perl Programming	4	0	0	4	CS	Fundamentals of Computer and Programming	2	0	0	2
CS 410L	Computer Fundamentals and Perl Programming Lab	0	0	8	4	CS	Fundamentals of Computer and Programming Lab	0	0	4	2
MATH 406	Introductory Mathematics	4	0	0	4	MATH	Introductory Mathematics	4	0	0	4
STAT 405	Statistical Techniques	4	0	0	4	BIN	Biological Databases	4	0	0	4
STAT 405L	Statistical Techniques Lab	0	0	4	2	BIO404 L	Bioscience Lab I (c.w MSc AMBT, BT, Biosci I Sm)	0	0	12	6
	Total				26		Total				26

	Existing						Proposed				
	M.Sc. Bioinformatics IInd Sem	L	Т	Р	С		M.Sc. Bioinformatics IInd Sem	L	Т	Р	С
BIN402	Computational Biology and Molecular Modeling	4	0	0	4		Algorithms in Computational Biology	4	0	0	4
BIN402L	Computational Biology and Molecular Modeling Lab	0	0	4	2		Sequence analysis and Phylogenetics	4	0	0	4
BIN 403	Proteomics, Sequence Analysis and Systems Biology	4	0	0	4		Programming with Perl and R	4	0	0	4
BIO413	Medical Microbiology and Immunology	4	0	0	4		Programming with Perl and R Lab	0	0	8	4
CS 418	Database Management Systems	4	0	0	4		Genetic Engineering (c.w MSc,AMBT, BT, Biosci II Sem)	4	0	0	4
CS 418L	Database Management Systems Lab	0	0	4	2	CS 418	Database Management System	4	0	0	4
CS412	Computer Networks and Web Technologies	4	0	0	4	CS 418L	Database Management System Lab	0	0	4	2
CS412L	Computer Networks and Web Technologies Lab	0	0	4	2		-	-	-	-	-
	Total				26		Total				26

Course proposed to be discontinued	Course content modified
Common course with other programmes	New course proposed

	Existing						Proposed				
	M.Sc. Bioinformatics IIIrd Sem	L	Т	Р	С		M.Sc. Bioinformatics IIIrd Sem	I	L T	Р	С
BIN 502	Computer Aided Drug Designing	4	0	0	4		Biomolecular Modeling and Computational Drug Design	4	0	0	4
BIN 505	Functional and Comparative Genomics	4	0	0	4		Biomolecular Modeling and Computational Drug Design Lab	0	0	8	4
BIN 505L	Functional and Comparative Genomics Lab	4	0	0	4	BT	Genomics and Proteomics (c.w MSc AMBT, BT III Sem) 4	0	0	4
BIN504	Evolutionary Computing	0	0	4	2		Python Programming	4	0	0	4
BIN 507	Mining and Warehousing of Biological Data	4	0	0	4		Python Programming Lab	0	0	4	2
BIN 508	Molecular Structure Prediction and Visualization	4	0	0	4		RNA Structure Function and Transcriptomics	4	v	0	4
BIN 508	Molecular Structure Prediction and Visualization Lab	0	0	4	2		Elective	4	0	0	4
	Total				24		Total				26
							List of Electives				
						BIN507	Mining and Warehousing of Biological Data				
						CS512	Cloud Computing				
						CS530	Neural Networks				
						D. 10.1	Artificial Intelligence		*** ~		
						BIO 503	Fundamentals of Bioentrepreneurship (c.w MSc AMB)	<u>', BT</u>	III S	em)	
						BIN	Systems Biology				
	Existing						Proposed				
	M.Sc. Bioinformatics IVth Sem	L	Т	Р	С		M.Sc. Bioinformatics IVth Sem	I	L T	Р	С
			~	\cap		DDI					
BT514	Genetic Manipulation Technology	4	0	0	4	BIN	Dissertation	0	-	48	24
BIN 510	Genetic Manipulation Technology Transcriptomics and Metabolomics	4	0	0	4	BIN	Reading Elective	0	_	48 0	24 2
BIN 510 BIN 506L	Genetic Manipulation Technology Transcriptomics and Metabolomics In silico Studies Lab	4 0	0 0	0 8	4 4	BIN	Reading Elective Total	-			24
BIN 510 BIN 506L CS 518	Genetic Manipulation TechnologyTranscriptomics and MetabolomicsIn silico Studies LabData Structure and Java Programming	4 0 4	0 0 0	0 8 0	4 4 4		Total List of Reading Elective	0	0	0	24 2 26
BIN 510 BIN 506L	Genetic Manipulation TechnologyTranscriptomics and MetabolomicsIn silico Studies LabData Structure and Java ProgrammingData Structure and Java Programming Lab	4 0 4 0	0 0 0 0	0 8 0 4	4 4 4 2	BIN601R	Total List of Reading Elective Chemoinformatics	0	0	0	24 2 26 2
BIN 510 BIN 506L CS 518	Genetic Manipulation TechnologyTranscriptomics and MetabolomicsIn silico Studies LabData Structure and Java Programming	4 0 4	0 0 0	0 8 0	4 4 2 4		Reading Elective Total List of Reading Elective Chemoinformatics Immunoinformatics	0	0	0	24 2 26 2 2
BIN 510 BIN 506L CS 518	Genetic Manipulation TechnologyTranscriptomics and MetabolomicsIn silico Studies LabData Structure and Java ProgrammingData Structure and Java Programming Lab	4 0 4 0	0 0 0 0	0 8 0 4	4 4 4 2	BIN601R	Total List of Reading Elective Chemoinformatics	0	0 0	0	24 2 26 2
BIN 510 BIN 506L CS 518 CS 518L	Genetic Manipulation TechnologyTranscriptomics and MetabolomicsIn silico Studies LabData Structure and Java ProgrammingData Structure and Java Programming LabElectiveTotalList of Elective	4 0 4 0	0 0 0 0	0 8 0 4 0	4 4 2 4 22 22	BIN601R	Reading Elective Total List of Reading Elective Chemoinformatics Immunoinformatics Human Genetics and Diseases Drug Discovery	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	24 2 26 2 2 2 2 2
BIN 510 BIN 506L CS 518	Genetic Manipulation TechnologyTranscriptomics and MetabolomicsIn silico Studies LabData Structure and Java ProgrammingData Structure and Java Programming LabElectiveTotal	4 0 4 0	0 0 0 0	0 8 0 4	4 4 2 4	BIN601R	Reading Elective Total List of Reading Elective Chemoinformatics Immunoinformatics Human Genetics and Diseases	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	24 2 26 2 2 2 2
BIN 510 BIN 506L CS 518 CS 518L BIO 501 CS 512	Genetic Manipulation Technology Transcriptomics and Metabolomics In silico Studies Lab Data Structure and Java Programming Data Structure and Java Programming Lab Elective Total List of Elective Bioentrepreneurship Cloud Computing	4 0 4 0 4	0 0 0 0 0	0 8 0 4 0 0 0 0	4 4 2 4 22 22	BIN601R	Reading Elective Total List of Reading Elective Chemoinformatics Immunoinformatics Human Genetics and Diseases Drug Discovery	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	24 2 26 2 2 2 2 2
BIN 510 BIN 506L CS 518 CS 518L BIO 501	Genetic Manipulation TechnologyTranscriptomics and MetabolomicsIn silico Studies LabData Structure and Java ProgrammingData Structure and Java Programming LabElectiveTotalList of ElectiveBioentrepreneurship	4 0 4 0 4 4	0 0 0 0	0 8 0 4 0	4 4 2 4 22 4 22 4	BIN601R	Reading Elective Total List of Reading Elective Chemoinformatics Immunoinformatics Human Genetics and Diseases Drug Discovery	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	24 2 26 2 2 2 2 2
BIN 510 BIN 506L CS 518 CS 518L BIO 501 CS 512	Genetic Manipulation Technology Transcriptomics and Metabolomics In silico Studies Lab Data Structure and Java Programming Data Structure and Java Programming Lab Elective Total List of Elective Bioentrepreneurship Cloud Computing	4 0 4 0 4 4 4	0 0 0 0 0	0 8 0 4 0 0 0 0	4 4 2 4 22 4 22 4 4 4	BIN601R BIN602R	Reading Elective Total List of Reading Elective Chemoinformatics Immunoinformatics Human Genetics and Diseases Drug Discovery		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	24 2 26 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	Ist Semester				
1.	BIO 407: Cell and Molecular Biology (c.w.– M.Sc. BT/ AMBT /Bot/ Zoo I Sem BIO407)	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Understand membrane transport and cell signalling mechanisms. Develop comprehensive understanding of endomembrane system. Understand molecular mechanisms of prokaryotes and eukaryotes 	Basic Cell, Molecular Biology and Biological Databases Section A Cell Biology: Prokaryotic & Eukaryotic Cells, Introduction of cell organelles (Mitochondria, Chloroplast, ER, Golgi, Lysosomes & Peroxisomes, Nucleus & Nucleolus) Cellular Membrane: Structure and function of membranes, Cell Cell interactions & signal transduction: signaling by hormones and neurotransmitters, receptors, G proteins, protein kinases & second messengers, Concepts of Signal hypothesis and protein targeting. Section B Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic genomes, structure, organization, function, Evolution of Genomes. Prokaryotic gene expression, Operons – Positive & Negative regulation. Mechanism of Gene Expression in Eukaryotes, Promoter & regulatory sequences, transcription factors. Processing of RNA, Basic mechanism involved in translation & its regulation.	 Cell & Molecular Biology Section-A Molecular structure and function of plasma membrane; Transport of ions and macromolecules; Pumps, carriers and channels; Membrane carbohydrates and their significance in cellular recognition; Cellular junctions and adhesions. Endocytosis and exocytosis, clathrin coated vesicles, SNARE proteins. Cell to cell signalling: autocrine, paracrine and endocrine stimulation. Signaling via G-protein linked cellsurface receptors, adenylatecyclase system, inositol phosphate pathway, role of Ca²⁺ ions. Signaling via enzyme-linked surface receptors, tyrosine kinases. Steroid receptors. Section-B Protein sorting and targeting: Signal hypothesis, SRP, SRP Receptor, ER Resident proteins, ER chaperone proteins in ER. Golgi apparatus, role in protein glycosylation and transport. Lysosomes, intracellular digestion, sorting of lysosomal enzymes in Golgi, lysosomal storage diseases. Cell Cycle and its regulation, apoptosis. 	 different signaling approaches are introduced. 3. Structure and functions of various cellular organelles are defined clearly. 4. Cell cycle regulation and Cancer Biology DNA repair mechanisms is introduced.

Comparative Table: M.Sc. Bioinformatics: Existing and Modified syllabus, Suggested Books and Suggested E-Resources

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus Section C Biological Databases: Primary Secondary, Composite Databases & their file format. Nucleic Acids (GenBank, DDBJ, EMBL), Proteins (SWISS PROT, PIR, PDB), Specialized (KEGG, Transfac, ReBase), NCBI, Entry & Retrieval of data from public databases.	 Section-C Replication of genetic material in prokaryotes and eukaryotes: initiation, elongation and termination; Replication of single stranded circular DNA. Prokaryotic transcription: Transcription units; 	Remarks

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 C. (2007). Molecular Cell Biology. W.H.Freeman & Co Ltd. Alberts, B., Johnson, A., Lewis, J., Raff, M., Roberts, K., & Walter, P. (2007). Molecular Biology of the Cell. Garland Science. Freifelder , D. M. (1986). Molecular Biology. Jones & Bartlett Publishers. Suggested e-Resources: Cell Biology resources https://www.nature.com/scitable Sorting and trafficking of proteins http://www.vcell.science/project/proteintraffickin g RNA editing study.com/academy/lesson/rna-editing-definition-processes.html 	
2.	BIO 417 : Structural Biolgy	 After the successful completion of the course, students should be able to: understand the biophysical processes working at molecular level. develop analytical understanding of macromolecular folding and interactions. 	Structural BiologySection AIntroduction to proteinstructure: Physical andchemical properties of amino acids andpolypeptides, secondary, super secondary, tertiaryand quaternary structure of proteins, Helix-coiltransition, and Ramachandran plot.Protein structure determination: Isolation andpurification of proteins, Methods fordetermination of size of proteins, Basic principlesof X-ray diffraction studies, Electroncrystallography of proteins.Section BProtein secondary structure prediction methods:Chou and Fasman, Garnier-Osguthorpe-	 Structural Biology Section A Introduction to proteins: – Amino acids classification and their physicochemical properties. Hierarchical organization of protein structures – primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structure of proteins. 	 The Section A is covers the structural features of all the three biological macromolecules associated to biological information. The Section B focuses on the purification and structure determination experimental techniques for biomolecules. The CD spectroscopy is being proposed to be introduced as part of experimental

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
54 (0)			Robson.Classification of three dimensional structure of protein: Prediction of structural classes, motifs, folds and domains, classification of three dimensional structures in Protein Data Bank (HSSP, SCOP, FSSP, CATH). Structures Structures	 & purification of biomacromolecules. Circular Dichroism Spectroscopy. X-Ray crystallography: Introduction, Bragg's law; Crystal system, Bravais Lattices, Space group, symmetry. Protein crystallization, Phase problem and its solutions. Calculation and analysis of electron density map. Nuclear magnetic resonance: Introduction, chemical shift, NOE and coupling constant, spin – spin coupling and relaxation; 2D – NMR 	technique of protein secondary structure prediction.4. NMR being more suitable experimental technique is being put here instead of III semester course Molecular Structure Prediction and Visualization since it
			Section C Nucleic acid structure: Nucleic acid conformation, A-DNA, B-DNA, Z-DNA and C- DNA, their geometrical and structural features, RNA secondary and tertiary structures, idea about local doublet parameters. Molecular interactions: Protein-Protein interactions, Protein-DNA interactions. Techniques for the studies of these interactions. Forces that stabilize bimolecular structure. Recommended Books	 spectroscopy (COSY, NOESY). Section C Three dimensional structure comparison and classification of proteins (VAST, DALI). Assignment of protein secondary structural elements; DSSP and STRIDE methods. Various types of weak interactions and their roles in stabilizing the biomolecular structures and their interactions. Macromolecular interactions. Protein-Protein, Protein – DNA and Protein – Ligand interactions 	 visualization since it is more suitable for structural biology course. 5. More advanced computational methods are introduced to study the macromolecular structures.
			 Principles of Biochemistry-Lehninger. Biochemistry-Stryer. Biophysical Chemistry-Cantor and Schimmel. Practical Biochemistry-Wilson and Walker. Bioinformatics –Sequence and Genome analysis-David W. mount. Structural Bioinformatics-Philip E.Bourne and Helge Weissig 	 Suggested Books: ➢ Cantor, C.R. & Schimmel, P.R. (1980). Biophysical Chemistry (1st Ed.). W. H. Freeman. ➢ Nelson, D.L. & Cox, M.M. (2017) Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry (7th Ed.). W.H. Freeman. ➢ Schulz, G.E.& Schirmer, R.H. (1979). Principles of Protein Structure. Springer. ➢ Schwede, T. & Peitsch, M. (2008). Computational Structural Biology: methods and applications. World Scientific Press. ➢ Wilson, K. & Walker, J. (2010). Practical Biochemistry (7th Ed.). Cambridge University Press 	

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 Suggested e-Resourses: X-ray crystallography https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC11 86895/ VAST https://structure.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Structure/VAST/ vast.shtml DALI https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC28 96194/. 	
3.	Fundamentals of Computer and Programming	 The candidates should be able to: understand working of computation. write simple programs to carry out bioinformatics analyses. 	ComputerFundamentalsandPerlProgrammingSection ABlock diagram of computer, Its components and functions, Representation of data, Number System—Conversion, IntroductorySystem—Conversion, IntroductoryBoolean algebra, Concept of program, Programming languages, Introduction to Operating Systems; Linux OS, Compilers, Interpreters, Algorithms and flowcharts.Section B Overview of Perl language: Perl language and syntax, strings, arrays, hashes, pattern matching, file handling.Section C Perl language: Directories, subroutines, references, packages, libraries, modules, classes, objects, introduction to Bioperl.	 Fundamentals of Computer and Programming Section A Block diagram of computers, its components and functions. Data representation. Boolean algebra, Basic definitions and theorems of boolean algebra, logic gates and circuits. Sum of products and product of sums, truth tables and Boolean functions. History of computer evolution. Concept of program, programming language, algorithms and flowcharts, compilers, interpreters. Section B Operating Systems: Unix, Linux and Windows. 	 Keeping in view that most of bioinformatics tools require basic understanding of scientific computing and working of Linux operating systems, this course is being proposed with primary focus on Linux operating systems and scientific computations. Introduction of MatLab programming to enable students, without any programming background, with programming skills and learn data analysis methods with MatLab

S.No	Course List Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
4.	Fundamentalsof ComputerThe candidates should be able to:Programming LabWrite programs te analyze biological an statistical data.•Write programs te analyze biological and statistical data.•Understand different statistical distribution	o d t	 Gilat, A. (2012). MATLAB[®] An Introduction with Applications (4rd Ed.). John Wiley and Sons. Suggested e-Resources: 	 This laboratory course aims to provide the hands experience of programming, writing simple codes for biological data analysis. Relevant exercises from Statistical Techniques Laboratory are being proposed to be part of this course as MatLab enables to write codes for Statistical analysis of Biological data. This laboratory course also aims to provide

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 correlation. 9. Fitting of regression lines. 10. Probability distributions curves : (i) binomial (ii) Poison and (iii) Normal Distribution. 11. Comparative studies of different database file formats: GenBank, FASTA and PIR. 12. Survey of various genomic, proteomic and evolutionary tools available at ExPasy server. 13. Study of Databases: Uniprot, Unigene, PDB and KEGG 	the hands on Experiences with Biological Databases.
]	MATH 406 Introductory Mathematics	 After successful completion the candidates should be able to: understand the principles of algebra. Solve the complex biological problems using calculus methods. Understand the geometrical properties. Develop a basic understanding of statistics and statistical distributions. 	Introductory Mathematics Section A Sequences and series, finite and infinite series. Arithmetic and geometrical progressions. Sum to n terms, arithmetic and geometric means between two numbers, sum of an infinite G.P. Permutation and combination- simple problems under restrictions. Logarithms- Definition and laws regarding product, quotient power and change of base. Application of exponential theorem and logarithmic series in summation of infinite series. Matrices- Definition, order of a matrix, types of matrices rectangular matrix, square matrix, row matrix, column matrix, triangular matrix, diagonal matrix, unit matrix, null matrix, transpose of a matrix, symmetric and skew- symmetric and subtraction of matrices, matrix multiplication commutative, associative and distributive laws for matrix, determinant of a matrix, Characteristic equation of matrix, Eigen values and Eigen vectors.	 Introductory Mathematics Section A Set Theory; Introduction to sets and elements, Universal, and empty sets, subsets. Venn diagrams, Set operations and algebra of sets, ordered sets, cartesian product of sets, Classes of sets, power sets and partition. Relations; product sets, equivalence relations, partial ordering relations. Logarithms- Definition and laws regarding product, quotient, power and change of base. Introduction to complex numbers; algebra of complex number, modulus and conjugate of a complex number. 	 Mathematics and Statistics are integral part of Bioinformatics. All essential ingredients of mathematics and statistics are being introduced here. Probability theory and probability distributions, measure of central tendency and correlation analyses are included here. Repeated terms have been removed.

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Section B Co-ordinate Geometry: Rectangular co-ordinates, quadrants, Distance between two points. The section formula, Area of a triangle. Locus of a point, equation to the locus, graph of a linear function, Equations to straight lines Parallel to axes, the slope form the intercept form, normal form, general linear form, point slope form, two points form, Point of intersection of two straight lines, angle between two lines, relation between the slopes of two lines, which are (i) Parallel and (ii) Perpendicular. Line through the point of intersection of two given lines, concurrency of lines, co-linearity of points. Section C Differential Calculus: Functions, limit of function evaluation of limits of functions, derivative of a function, differentiation of algebraic, circular, exponential and logarithmic functions, differentiation of a function. Derivative of second order, partial differentiation (simple problems) maxima and minima of functions of one independent variable. Introduction to integration. Differential Equations: Formation of differential equation, solution of a differential equation, differential equations for one independent variable. Introduction to integration. Differential Equations: Formation of differential equation, solution of a differential equation, General solution, particular solution and singular solution, Solution of differential equations of first order and first degree variables separable from only.	 Section B Differential Calculus- Derivative of a function, Concept of limit, Continuity, Differentiation, Maxima and Minima of a function. Introduction to Partial Differentiation. Integral Calculus: The Idea of the Integral, The Definite Integrals, Indefinite Integrals, Area under curve. Trigonometric ratios, De Moivre's theorem. The general equation of a Straight line, slope of a line, intercepts of a line, Angle between two lines, Intersection of two lines, The general equations of a Circle, Parabola, Ellipse, Hyperbola, Cylinder, Cone and Sphere. Section C Probability theory and probability distributions; Concepts of random experiment, sample space and events, definition of probability. Conditional probability and Bayes theorem. Random variable, probability mass function and probability distribution function, cumulative distribution function, Binomial, Poisson and Normal(Gaussian) distribution. 	

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				Thomas, G.B. (2013). <i>Thomas Calculus</i> (12 th Ed.)	
				Pearson education.	
				Spiegel, M.R. & Stephens, L. J. (2014). Schaum's	
				<i>Outline Statistics</i> (4 th Ed.) McGraw-Hills	
				Education.	
				➢ Spiegel, M., Schiller, J., Srinivasan, R.A.&	
				Goswami, D. (2017). Schaum's Outline	
				Probability and Statistic (3rd Ed.). McGraw-Hills	
				Education.	
6.	STAT 405		Statistical Techniques	Course proposed to be discontinued	1. The section A of the
	Statistical		Section A		existing syllabus is
	Techniques		Concept of variable, attribute, statistical		graphical
			population and sample Treatment of data-		representation of the
			collection of primary and secondary data,		data therefore is not
			representation of data (tabular, diagrammatic and		required for
			graphical methods) Sample survey verses census		Bioinformatics. The
			survey procedure, advantages and limitations		Correlation and
			Curve fitting through principle of least squares		regression techniques
			fitting of straight line, parabola, exponential and		are useful and
			power curves Bi-variate distribution-correlation		therefore included
			and regression		into section C of
			Section B		Proposed course
			Theory of probability- Random experiment,		MATH 406:
			mutually exclusive and independent events,		Introductory
			classical and axiomatic approaches of probability,		Mathematics
			conditional probability, simple applications of		2. Section B is merged
			addition and multiplication laws of probability,		with MATH 406:
			Bayes Theorem. Probability Distributions-		Introductory
			Binomial, Multinomial, Poisson and normal		Mathematics.
			distributions with their properties, applications		3. Remaining parts of
			and fitting		the existing syllabus
			Section C		either very basic or
			Testing of hypothesis-Meaning and need, one tail		not required for the
			and two tail tests, large and small sample tests.		bioinformatics
			Test of significance of mean, variance, proportion		students.

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			and correlation coefficient, Chi-square test of		
			goodness of fit and independence of attributes.		
			Analysis of variance of one way and two way		
			(one observation per cell) classified data. Design		
			of experiment-layout and analysis of completely		
			randomized design (CRD) and randomized block		
			design (RBD), Basic idea of Cluster analysis and		
			Principle component analysis.		
7.	BIN	After successful		Biological Databases	1. The biological
	Biological Database	completion of the course		Section A	databases are integral
		the candidates should be		• Bioinformatics Sequence Databases–Primary	components of
		able to:		Databases- GenBank, EMBL, DDBJ.	Bioinformatics;
		• understand the		Composite Databases- UniProt.	therefore it is
		architecture of different		• Secondary databases - Prosite, ProDom, Pfam,	necessary to introduce
		sequence and structure		InterPro, gene ontology; sequence file formats:-	them together.
		database.		GenBank, FASTA, PIR, ALN/ClustalW2.	2. Primary, Secondary
		• mine and analyze the		• Literature Databases- Open access and open	and Specialized
		biological information		sources, PubMed, PLoS, Biomed Central, NAR	databases are
		from different		databases;	introduced here.
		database.		• Bioinformatics Resources- NCBI, EBI, ExPASy.	
				Section B	
				• Structure database – Primary structure databases -	
				PDB, NDB, MMDB.	
				• Secondary databases-Structural Classification of	
				Proteins – SCOP, Class Architecture Topology	
				Homology –CATH.	
				• Families of Structurally Similar Proteins –FSSP.	
				• Specialized Databases - Viral genome database-	
				ICTVdb; Microbial genome database-MBGD;	
				Genome browsers- Ensembl, VEGA genome	
				browser, NCBI-NCBI map viewer, KEGG, MIPS,	
				UCSC Genome Browser; Archeal Genomics,	
				Eukaryotic genomes with special reference to	
				model organisms-Yeast (SGD), Drosophila	
				(FlyBase), C.elegans (WormBase), Mouse, Human	

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				(OMIM / OMIA), plants - Arabidopsis (TAIR).	
				Section C	
				• Derived Databases- Catalytic Site Atlas -CSA;	
				Databases of molecular functions /enzymatic	
				catalysis databases - KEGG ENZYME database;	
				• Protein-Protein interaction database - STRING;	
				chemical structure database - Pubchem; gene	
				expression database - GEO, SAGE.	
				• Database search engines - Text-based search	
				engines (Entrez, DBGET /LinkDB). Sequence	
				similarity based search engines (BLAST and	
				FASTA). Motif-based search engines (Scan Prosite	
				and eMOTIF). Structure similarity based search	
				engines (combinatorial extension, VAST and	
				DALI).	
				• Proteomics tools- ExPASy server, EMBOSS.	
				Suggested Books:	
				Baxevanis, A.D. & Ouellette, B.F.F. (2004).	
				Bioinformatics: A Practical Guide to the Analysis	
				of Genes and Proteins (3^{rd} Ed.). John Wiley.	
				▶ Bosu, O. & Thukral, S.K.(2007). <i>Bioinformatics:</i>	
				database, tools and algorithms (1 st Ed.). Oxford	
				University Press.	
				Suggested e-Resources ➤ NCBI	
				https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/	
				► EBI	
				https://www.ebi.ac.uk/	
				> UNIPORT	
				https://www.uniprot.org/	
				EXPASY	
				https://www.expasy.org/	
				Biomed Central	
				https://www.biomedcentral.com/	
				Databases Journal	

S.No.	. Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				https://academic.oup.com/database	
8.	BIO 404L: Bioscience Lab-I	 After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: Demonstrate use of various tools and techniques for detection and quantification of biomolecules. Perform various biochemical assays for fats, carbohydrate, protein and enzymes Demonstrate microbiological techniques Access, retrieve, and analyze nucleotide and protein sequences using bioinformatics tools 		 Bioscience Lab-I 1. BIO 404L Analytical Techniques 1. Demonstration: Working principle & applications of 2. Centrifuges (high speed refrigerated centrifuge & ultracentrifuge), 3. Fluorescence microscope, 4. Atomic absorption spectrophotometer, 5. HPLC, FPLC, GC-MS 6. Separation of amino acids by TLC and Paper Chromatography. Cell And Molecular Biology 7. Study of different stages of mitosis (onion root tip) and meiosis (onion buds/grasshopper testis) and determine the mitotic index. 8. Separation of chloroplast by sucrose density gradient centrifugation Biochemistry 9. To prepare an Acetic-Na Acetate Buffer and validate the Henderson-Hasselbach equation. 10. Extraction of crude enzyme from germinating mung bean seeds. 11. Estimation of protein by SDS PAGE. 13. Estimation of acid phosphatase activity using standard curve of p-nitrophenol. 14. Purification of the crude enzyme extract (from Expt. 6) using ammonium sulphate precipitation and ion exchange/ affinity chromatography (demonstration). 15. Determination of kinetic properties (K_m and V_{max} values) of acid phosphatase. 	This course is being proposed to provide the hands on experiences of Wetlab techniques to study cells and Biomacromolecules.

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				16. Estimation of total carbohydrates using Anthrone	
				method.	
				17. Estimation of reducing sugar by Nelson-Somogyi	
				method.	
				18. Estimation of fats (cholesterol).	
				Microbiology	
				19. Isolation and enumeration of microbes from soil and water.	
				20. Staining of selected bacterial and fungal strains	
				21. Estimation of bacterial growth by turbidometric method.	
				22. Antibiotic sensitivity test.	
				23. Estimation of infectivity titre of a virus sample using Plaque assay	
				Bioinformatics	
				24. Database Search: Use and analysis of BLAST tool for protein and DNA sequences.	
				25. Molecular Evolution: Multiple sequence alignment	
				and phylogenetic analysis. (Clustal X/ Mega/ Tree- View)	
				26. Structure Prediction: Protein secondary and tertiary	
				structure prediction using online tools.	
				27. Molecular Visualization: Structural analysis of	
				PDB entries for active and inactive states of	
				protein(Pymol).	
				Suggested Books:	
				Aneja, K.R. (1996). <i>Experiments in Microbiology</i> ,	
				Plant Pathology, Tissue Culture and Mushroom	
				Cultivation (II Ed.). New Delhi: Wishwa	
				Prakashan. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} C_n \approx Sharman N (2014)$	
				Cappuccino, J. G. & Sherman, N. (2014). <i>Microbiology – A laboratory manual</i> (10 th ed).	
				Pearson	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				Harisha, S. Biotechnology procedures and	

S.No	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				 experiments handbook: http://site.iugaza.edu.ps/mwhindi/files/BIOTECHN OLOGY-PROCEDURES-AND-EXPERIMENTS- HANDBOOK.pdf Introduction to Biotechnology : http://www.austincc.edu/awheeler/Files/ BIOL%201414%20Fall%202011/BIOL1414_ Lab%20Manual_Fall%202011.pdf 	
	IInd Sem				2.
9.	BIN402 Computational Biology and Molecular Modeling		Computational Biology and Molecular Modeling Section A Sequence alignment: Scoring matrices PAM and BLOSUM-Local and Global alignment concepts, Dynamic programming methodology Needleman Wunsch algorithm, Smith Waterman algorithm, Databases similarity searching: Algorithms of FASTA, BLAST and their variants, Multiple sequence alignment, Progressive alignment. Progressive alignment. Section B Gene finding methods: content and signal methods, Background of transform techniques, Fourier transform and signal methods, Background of transform techniques, Fourier transform and gene prediction. Probabilistic models: Markov models. Molecular Walk, Hidden Markov models. Molecular wath Hidden Markov models.	Course is proposed to be dropped	 Section A is being proposed as part of Sequence Analysis and Phyogenetics. Section B of the existing syllabus is being proposed to be part of Algorithms in Computational Biology. Section C is being proposed as part of Biomolecular Modeling and Computational Drug Design.

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		~~~~~	and mutation through modeling.		
10.	BIN403		Proteomics, Sequence Analysis and Systems	Course is proposed to be discontinued	1. Section A is repletion
	Proteomics,		Biology		and is being proposed
	Sequence Analysis		Section A		as part of Sequence
	and Systems		Molecular Biology based Sequence Analysis:		Analysis and
	Biology		Alignment, Primer Selection, Phylogeny,		Phylogenetics.
			Molecular Phylogenetic analysis using NJ,		2. Section B is being
			UPGMA methods. Introduction to Functional and		proposed as part of
			Comparative genomics, Genome Comparison &		Genomics and
			Analysis: Homologues, Orthologues and		Proteomics in IIIrd
			Paralogues, Horizontal gene transfer.		Semester (c.w. MSc.
			Section B		AMBT and BT III
			Proteomics: Basic concepts of Proteomics and		Sem)
			analytical look, 2D-Gel Electrophoresis, Mass		
			Spectroscopy, Peptide Sequencing. Global		
			expression analysis, Serial analysis of gene		
			expression (SAGE), Technique of Micro array,		
			Micro array design, Analysis of Microarray data		
			using, K-Means Clustering, Nearest Neighbor		
			and Hierarchical Clustering. Application of Micro		
			array, Protein Arrays.		
			Section C		
			Genome Sequencing, Genome Assembly.		
			Introduction to Systems Biology, Metabolomics:		
			Metabolic pathways (Shikimate Pathway), Drug		
			target identification method, Biological System:		
			Molecular networks, Ecosystems, Elements of		
			Systems modeling. Gene Regulatory Network		
			and the models (logical, continuous, stochastic		
11	<b>DIO 412</b>		etc.).		
11.	BIO413		Medical Microbiology and Immunology	Course is proposed to be discontinued	Course irrelevant to the
	Medical		Section A		programme
	Microbiology and		Innate and Acquired Immunity, Antigens : types		
i	Immunology		of Antigens, Antigen specificity, haptens,		

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Antibody structure and functions, MHC,		
			Complement System Cell mediated cytotoxicity :		
			Origin, maturation and characterization of T-		
			lymphocytes, Monocytes & Macrophages,		
			Mechanism of T cell and NK cell mediated lysis,		
			ADCC, Macrophage mediated cytotoxicity,		
			lymphokines - the product of T cell activation.		
			Humoral immune response : Origin, maturation		
			and characterization of B-lymphocytes,		
			Activation and proliferation of B-cells, Formation		
			of plasmablast, Plasma cells and memory cells,		
			Interaction of B and T cells.		
			Section B		
			Hypersensitivity, Monoclonal antibodies and its		
			applications. Radioimmunoassay, Enzyme linked		
			immunosorbant assay, immunoblotting,		
			immunofluorescence and flowcytometry		
			Characteristics of infectious diseases, Herd		
			immunity.Disease cycle (Source of disease,		
			reservoir, carriers) Transmission of pathogens		
			(Air borne, contact transmission and vector		
			transmission).		
			Section C		
			Bacterial Diseases : Epidemiology, Pathogenicity,		
			Laboratory diagnosis, Prevention & control of the		
			following diseases : Anthrax, Tuberculosis,		
			Typhoid, Whooping cough, Tetanus, Diphtheria,		
			Leprosy.General Account of fungal diseases :		
			Mycosis, Subcutaneous and deep. General		
			Account of viral & protozoan diseases :		
			Pneumonia, Influenza, Mumps, Measles, Polio,		
			Hepatitis B, Chickenpox, AIDS and Malaria,		
			Leishmaniasis. Brief account of sexually		
			transmitted diseases.		

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
12.	CS 412	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Computer Networks and Web Technologies	Course is proposed to be discontinued	1. This course is being
	Computer Networks		Section A		proposed to
	and Web		Components of a data communication system,		discontinue as it is not
	Technologies		modulation concepts. Computer Networks,		relevant to
	-		Advantages, Transmission media, Local Area		bioinformatics.
			Networks. Types of LAN (Star, Ethernet, Bus,		2. Appropriate contents
			EPABX), Wide Area Networks (WAN),		such as networking
			requirements, advantages.		protocols are being
			Section B		proprosed to be part of
			ISO-OSI model of Networking, different layers		Fundamentals of
			and their functions, definition of protocol,		Computer and
			introduction to TCP/IP, Network devices (Hub,		Programming.
			Switch, Router, Gateway, Bridge) Internet,		
			intranet, internet services.		
			Internet connection methods (Dialup, DSL,		
			Leased Line, ISDN, Broadband) Introduction to		
			HTML; Structure of HTML code, various tags,		
			embedding images in websites.		
			Section C		
			Web Development: Web design, Meaning of web		
			design and building of websites, Web Document,		
			Web Server, Web Browser, characteristics of		
			good website, Publishing & Registering web		
			sites, CSS, Web Scripting: VBScript, JavaScript,		
			ASP : Introduction, features, ASP objects,		
			Database Connectivity.		
13.	BIN	After successful		Algorithms in Computational Biology	1. Algorithms are
	Algorithms in	completion of the course		Section A	critically important for
	Computational	the candidates should be		Algorithms and Data structures in Bioinformatics	bioinformatics studies,
	Biology	able to:		Algorithms and complexity, Iterative and recursive	therefore, all the
		• Develop understanding		algorithms, Fast versus slow algorithms, Big-O	relevant algorithm
		on the efficiency and		Notation, Algorithm design and analysis techniques,	along with their
		speed of computer		Greedy Algorithms, Randomized Algorithms, Divide-	computational
		algorithm.		and-Conquer approach, Searching and Sorting	complexity are put in
		• Understand the		algorithms, Linear and non-linear data structure, Stack,	this course.

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		stochastic process and		Queues, Linked list, Trees-Terminologies, Binary 2	
		sampling methods.		trees, Tree traversal (Pre-order, In-order, post-order).	introduces data
		• Understand the system		Section B	structure and working
		optimization using		Brute Force, Dynamic programming: Shortest	of computer algorithms
		computational tools.		Superstring Problem, Random Walk (1D & 2D),	and their complexities.
				Markov chain; Hidden markov models – Forward, 3	
				Backward, Viterbi and Baum – Welch algorithm.	introduces stochastic
				Population dynamics algorithms; Intraspecies,	and random processes.
				Interspecies, and Pre – Predator (two species Lotka – 4	
				Voltera). Fibonacci series, golden ratio. Introduction to	introduces various
				chaos and fractals; Lorenz equation. Random	optimization methods
				sampling; Monte Carlo, Metropolis algorithms.	useful in
				Section C	bioinformatics studies.
				Introduction to optimization problem, methods of	
				optimization: Newton - Raphson, Quasi - Newton	
				methods, Genetic algorithm, Particle - Swarm	
				algorithm and Ant – colony optimization. Introduction	
				to data clustering; definitions of distance, similarity,	
				cluster, centre and modes. Measure of distances;	
				Euclidean, Maximum, Mahalanobis and average. The	
				EM Algorithm, Center-based Clustering Algorithms;	
				The k-means Algorithm. Hierarchical Clustering;	
				Agglomerative clustering methods; Single link,	
				complete link, group average, centroid and median	
				methods.	
				Suggested Books:	
				> Jones, N.C. & Pevzner, P.A. (2000). $An$	
				Introduction to Bioinformatics Algorithms. The	
				MIT Press.	
				Dediu, A. H., Hernández-Quiroz, F., Martín-Vide,	
				C. & Rosenblueth, D.A. (2015). (Eds.) Algorithms	
				for Computational Biology. Springer.	
				Baxevanis, A.D., Davison, D.B., Page, R. D. M. & Bateling C.A. (2004) Community Protocols in	
				Petsko, G.A. (2004). Current Protocols in	
				Bioinformatics. John Wiley & Sons Inc.	

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				➤ Gibas, C. & Jambeck, P. (2001). Developing	
				Bioinformatics Computer Skills. O'Reilly Media,	
				Inc.,	
				➢ Parida, L. (2008). Pattern Discovery in	
				Bioinformatics: Theory & Algorithms. Chapman	
				and Hall/CRC.	
				Suggested E – Resources:	
				Bio-Informatics:Algorithms and Applications	
				https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_bt01/preview	
				Markovian Processes:	
				https://www.coursera.org/learn/dna-analysis	
14.	BIN	After successful		Sequence Analysis and Phylogeny	1. Sequence analysis and
	Sequence analysis	completion of the course		Section A	phylogenetics are core
	and Phylogeny	the candidates should be		• Sequence Analysis – concepts of sequence	courses of
		able to:		similarity, Sequence identity vs homology.	Bioinformatics to study
		• Understand the		Definitions of homologues, orthologues,	the sequence based
		biological sequence		paralogues and xenologues. Basic methods of	characteristics and
		analysis.		sequence analysis; Dot plot method, sequence	molecular evolution.
		• Identify similar			2. Section A introduces
		sequences in the		their merits and demerits. Scoring matrices: basic	the fundamentals of
		database.		concept and construction of a scoring matrix; PAM	sequence analysis along
		• Understand the		and BLOSUM matrix and their derivatives.	with the mathematical
		phylogenetic analyses		Pairwise sequence alignment: Global and Local	and statistical rational.
				alignment algorithms; gap penalties, ends free	
				alignment. Statistical significance of alignment	the database search
				score.	methods and the MSA.
				Section B	4. The section C
				• Sequence-based database searches: algorithm of	introduces the Dhylogenetics methods
1				BLAST and FASTA and interpretation of results.	Phylogenetics methods
				Algorithms for generation of sequence profiles;	and their applications in
				profile-based database searches using PSI-BLAST,	studying the evolution.
				analysis and interpretation of profile-based	
				searches. Multiple sequence alignments (MSA):	
				the need for MSA. Theory and application of	
				various approaches for MSA; progressive and	

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				hierarchical. Algorithm of CLUSTAL and PileUp	
				and their application for sequence analysis.	
				Section C	
				• The concept of evolutionary tree; types of	
				phylogenetic trees (rooted vs. unrooted trees),	
				Molecular Clock Newick format of tree	
				representation. Introduction to evolutionary	
				models; Jukes Cantor and Kimura two parameter.	
				Algorithms of Phylogenetic Tree Construction:	
				UPGMA, Neighbor-Joining, Maximum Parsimony,	
				Maximum likelihood, and Bayesian Inference.	
				Statistical assessments of phylogenetic methods	
				(Consistency, Efficiency, Robustness, &	
				Computational speed). Evaluation of phylogenetic	
				tree: Bootstrapping, Randomized and jack-knifing	
				methods.	
				Suggested Books:	
				Mount, D.W. (2004). <i>Bioinformatics: Sequence</i>	
				and Genome Analysis. (2 nd Ed.). Cold Spring	
				Harbor Press.	
				Durbin, R., Eddy, S.R., Anders, K. & Graeme, M	
				(2002). Biological Sequence Analysis:	
				Probabilistic models of protein and Nucleic acids.	
				Cambridge University Press.	
				▶ Nei M. & Kumar, S. (2004). <i>Molecular Evolution</i>	
				and Phylogenetics. Oxford University Press	
				Suggested E Resources	
				Sequence Analysis https://www.acurace.org/loom/undefined	
				<ul> <li>https://www.coursera.org/learn/undefined</li> <li>Molecular Evolution:</li> </ul>	
				https://www.ebi.ac.uk/training/online/course/introd	
				uction-phylogenetics	
15.	BIN	After successful		Programming with Perl and R	1. Perl Programming of
15.	Programming with	completion of the course		Section A	existing syllabus
	Perl and R	the candidates should be		Perl Data types: Scalar variables, scalar operations and	CS410: computer

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		able to:		functions, array variables, array representation, array	fundamentals and Perl
		• Understand the perl		operations and functions, hash variables and its	Programming is being
		scripting for string		representation, hash functions. Application of hashes to	adopted here, since,
		manipulations.		write genetic code and gene expression data. Perl	Perl scripting is
		• Understand using the		regular expression: Concepts and use of regular	powerful string
		perl modules.		expression for biological data. Metacharacters, Pattern-	manipulation language
		• Understand the		matching, Substitutions, Transliteration, split and join	and therefore is not
		environment of R and		functions.	suitable for candidates
		Bioconductors.		Subroutines and its advantage, arguments, passing data	without any
				to subroutines. Concept of file handling, opening,	programming
				rading editing and closing a File. Directory handling:	background.
				opening reading and closing a directory.	1 8 8
				Section B	being proposed here to
				Bioperl: Introduction to Bioperl and its installation.	understand develop
				Bioperl architecture: general classes, Sequences -	skills of analyzing big
				Bio::Seq Class, sequence manipulation, alignments -	data from molecular
				AlignIO, Analysis -Blast, Databases- Database Classes. Introduction to common gateway interface	biology.
				module (CGI.pm), CGI program in Context, Perl and	
				the Web.	
				Introduction to R language; R Objects and data	
				structures – Variable classes, Vectors and matrices,	
				Data frames and lists, Data sets included in R	
				packages, Summarizing and exploring data, Reading	
				data from external files, Storing data to external files,	
				Creating and storing R workspaces.	
				Section C	
				Object Manipulating using R – Mathematical	
				operations (recycling rules, propagation of names,	
				dimensional attributes, NA handling), Basic matrix	
				computation (element-wise multiplication, matrix	
				multiplication, outer product, transpose, eigenvalues,	
				eigenvectors), Textual operations, Basic graphics	
				(high-level plotting, low-level plotting, interacting with	
				graphics).	

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
54 10.				<ul> <li>Introduction to Big data in Bioinformatics: Characteristics, data structures and data repositories; exploratory analysis of big data in R environment, Bioconductor, Microarray and next-generation sequencing (NGS) data analysis in R environment.</li> <li>Suggested Books:</li> <li>Schwartz RL et al.; Learning Perl (2008, 5th Ed.) O'Reilly.</li> <li>Wall L et al.; Programming Perl (2012, 4th Ed.) O'Reilly.</li> <li>Gerrard P and Johnson RM.; Mastering Scientific Computing with R (2015), Packt Publishing, UK.</li> <li>Hahne F. et al.; Bioconductor case studies (2008), Springer.</li> <li>Lewis PD.;R for Medicine and Biology (2010), Jones and Bartlett Series.</li> <li>Suggested E Resources</li> <li>Perl Programming https://www.learn-perl.org/</li> <li>R Programming https://www.rstudio.com/online-learning/</li> </ul>	
16.	<b>BIN</b> Programming with Perl and R Lab	<ul> <li>After successful completion of the course the candidates should be able to:</li> <li>Write the perl programs for string manipulations.</li> <li>Develop and use simple perl modules.</li> <li>Install and use the Bioconductor packages from R for statistical analyses of biological data.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Programming with Perl and R Lab</li> <li>1. Use of various arithmetic and logical operators.</li> <li>2. Programming based on string manipulation (concatenation, splitting etc.)</li> <li>3. Regular expression and its applications. Use of s/// and tr/// operators.</li> <li>4. Pattern matching to locate and count motifs in a string.</li> <li>5. Constructing arrays. addition and removal of elements from array, exploring array.</li> <li>6. Use hashes in conversion of three letter code to one letter code and proteing translation.</li> <li>7. Perl subroutines.</li> <li>8. File handling, reading data from a file writing data</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>R exercises are included with Perl exercise.</li> </ol>

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				<ul> <li>biggested bynabus</li> <li>to a file and editing a file.</li> <li>9. Directory handling, make a directory, change present working directory, reading files from a directory.</li> <li>10. Introduction to Perl modules, construction of simple module</li> <li>11. Basic statistical analyses in R.</li> <li>12. Using R for simple problems of molecular biology.</li> <li>13. Use of Bioconductor for analyzing biological data.</li> <li>Suggested Books:</li> <li>Wall L et al.; Programming Perl (2012, 4th Ed.) O'Reilly.</li> <li>Gerrard P and Johnson RM.; Mastering Scientific Computing with R (2015), Packt Publishing, UK.</li> <li>Suggested E-Resources</li> <li>Perl Programming https://www.learn-perl.org/</li> <li>R Programming https://www.rstudio.com/online-learning/</li> </ul>	
17.	CS418: Database Management Systems	<ul> <li>After successful completion of the course the candidates should be able to:</li> <li>Understand relational database systems</li> <li>Calling, processing and optimizing the databases.</li> <li>Mining data from open access biological databases.</li> </ul>	Database Management Systems Section A Introduction: - Data base system concepts, Comparison between traditional file system and DBMS, Database Users, Data models, schemas and instances, Data independence, 3-level architecture of DBMS, Overall data base structure. Data modeling using Entity Relationship Model: - ER model, mapping constraints, Concept of super key, candidate key, primary key, Generalization, aggregation, reducing ER diagrams to tables. Relational Data Model: concepts, integrity constraints, relational	<ul> <li>Suggested Books:</li> <li>Hanery, K. &amp; Abraham, S. (1997). Database System Concepts. New York, Tata Mac- Graw Hill.</li> <li>Date, C. J. (1999). An Introduction to Database Systems(6th Ed.). Addison Wesley.</li> <li>Hanery, K. &amp; Abraham, S. (1997). Database System Concepts. New York, Tata Mac-Graw Hill.</li> <li>Baxevanis, A.D. &amp; Ouellette, B.F.F. (2004). Bioinformatics: A Practical Guide to the Analysis of Genes and Proteins (3rd Ed.). John Wiley.</li> </ul>	No Change

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			algebra, SQL queries. <b>Section B</b> Data Base design: - Functional Dependency and its types, normal forms: first, second, third and BCNF, multi-valued dependency, fourth normal form, join dependency and fifth normal form. Steps in database design. Transaction processing: Introduction, ACID properties, Concurrency control techniques: Locking techniques, Time stamping, Optimistic approach, Multi-version. Management of deadlocks, Query processing and optimization. <b>Section C</b> Recovery, Integrity and security of Databases. Distributed Database systems: Introduction, Fragmentation, Replication, Transparency, Consistency and Concurrency control, Homogeneous Vs Heterogeneous systems. Advanced topic in databases: temporal database, spatial database, data mining, data warehousing and its applications. Case studies using NCBI, SwissProt and PDB.		
	<b>CS418:</b> Database Management Systems lab	<ul> <li>After successful completion of the course the candidates should be able to:</li> <li>Create relational databases.</li> <li>Manage databases for biological purposes.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Database Management System Lab</li> <li>Basic DDL commands (creat, drop, alter) with integrity constraints.</li> <li>DML and DCL commands (Insert, Update, Delete, Select, Commit, Rollback)</li> <li>Operators (Arithmatic, Logical, Relational etc.)</li> <li>Assignment based on DDL and DML with conditions also join (Self join, inner join, outer join, equi join)</li> <li>Complex queries (Retrieval of data from more than one table)</li> </ul>		No Change

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
19.	BT408	After successful		Genetic Engineering	This course is being
	Genetic Engineering	completion of the course,		Section-A	introduced to provide the
		students should be able to:		• Basic concepts of DNA structure and properties,	core knowledge of
		• Develop		restriction enzymes, DNA ligase, Klenow enzyme,	biotechnological methods
		comprehensive		T ₄ DNA polymerase, polynucleotide kinase,	of gene manipulation.
		understanding of gene		alkaline phosphatase.	The course is already
		manipulation		• Cohesive & blunt end ligation, linkers, adapters,	running in M.Sc.
		techniques		homopolymeric tailing, labeling of DNA, nick	Biotechnology, AMBT
		• Describe various cloning and expression		translation, random priming, radioactive & non-radioactive probes.	and Bioscience.
		vectors		• Hybridization techniques: Colony hybridization,	
		• Develop skills for		Northern, Southern, South-Western & far-western	
		primer designing, gene		blotting.	
		amplification and		DNA-Protein Interaction: Chromatin	
		expression		immunoprecipitation, electromobility shift assay,	
				DNaseIfootprinting, methyl interference assay.	
				• Protein-protein interaction: Yeast two hybrid	
				system, split ubiquitin system, co-	
				immunoprecipitation, Forster Resonance Energy Transfer, phage display.	
				• Isolation of genomic DNA from prokaryotes and	
				eukaryotes, isolation of Plasmid DNA and	
				Bacteriophage DNA.Isolation of total RNA and mRNA.	
				Section-B	
				• Plasmids, Bacteriophages, pBR322 & pUCseries of vectors, M13 based vectors.	
				• High capacity vectors:cosmids, phagemids, BAC,	
				animal & plant virus based cloning vectors, shuttle	
				vectors; expression vectors: pMal, GST, pET-based	
				vectors; <i>Baculovirus</i> and <i>Pichia</i> vectors.	
				Introduction of DNA into mammalian cells.	
				• cDNA& genomic libraries, expression, cloning,	
				jumping & hopping libraries.	

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		-		Section-C	
				• Primer designing, fidelity of thermostable enzymes.	
				• Types of PCR- multiplex, nested, reverse	
				transcriptase, real time PCR, touchdown PCR, hot	
				start PCR, colony PCR, <i>in situ</i> PCR, T-vectors.	
				• Principles in maximizing gene expression, gene expression analyses, differential gene expression	
				methods.	
				Suggested Books:	
				Old, R. W., Primrose, S. B. & Twyman, R. M.	
				(2001). Principles of Gene Manipulation: an	
				Introduction to Genetic Engineering. Oxford:	
				Blackwell Scientific Publications.	
				Brown, T. A. (2006). <i>Genomes</i> $(3^{rd}ed.)$ . New York:	
				Garland Science.	
				Glick, B.R. & Pasternak, J.J. (1998). <i>Molecular</i>	
				Biotech: Principles and Application of Recombinant DNA. US: ASM Press.	
				<ul> <li>Richard J. R. (2004). Analysis of Genes and</li> </ul>	
				Genome. New Jersey, USA: John Wiley & Sons	
				Ltd.	
				Green, M. R. & Sambrook, J. (2012). Molecular	
				Cloning: a Laboratory Manual. Cold Spring	
				Harbor, NY: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press.	
				Suggested e- Resources:	
				Genetic engineering – Basics, New Applications	
				and Responsibilities	
				<ul> <li>http://library.umac.mo/ebooks/b28055287.pdf</li> <li>Construction of genomic libraries</li> </ul>	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103013/20	
				<ul> <li>Enzymes in genetic engineering</li> </ul>	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103013/7	
	IIIrd Semester				
	BIN 502 :		Computer Aided Drug Designing	Course is proposed to be discontinued	1. This course is being
	Computer Aided				proposed to

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	Drug Designing		Section A		discontinued, however,
			Introduction to Pharmacogenomics and		the contents from
			Pharmacogenetics, Clinical trials in		section B and
			Pharmacogenomics, Polymorphism of CYP450		Pharmacophore
			enzymes affecting drug response, Role of SNP in		Modeling from section
			Pharmacogenomics, The Multi Drug Resistance		C are being proposed to
			proteins: drug carriers affecting drug response.		be part of Biomolecular
			Section B		Modelling and
			Basics of Drug Pharmacokinetics and		Computaitonal Drug
			Pharmacodynamics, Molecular descriptors,		Design.
			QSAR methodologies 3D QSAR. Structure based		2. Section A of this course
			drug designing, Ligand based drug designing,		is not relevant from the
			Different docking methodologies, success stories		Bioinformatics View
			in docking.		point.
			Section C		_
			Pharmacophore modeling, Pharmacophore		
			generation (Hiphop and HypoGen theories),		
			Combinatorial libraries, High throughput		
			screening, Virtual screening, Lipinski's rule of		
			five and its applications. Chemoinformatics:		
			Introduction, Chemical Databases (ACD, MDDR		
			and WDI), Application of Chemoinformatics in		
			CADD.		
21.	BIN 508: Molecular		Molecular Structure Prediction and	Course is proposed to be discontinued	1. Section A is an
	Structure Prediction		<b>Visualization</b>		experimental method
	and Visualization		Section A		of Structural Biology
			Protein 3Dstructure determination: Basic		therefore is being
			principles of NMR, chemical shift, The Nuclear		proposed to be part of
			Overhauser Effect (NOE), Correlation		BIO417: Structural
			Spectroscopy (COSY), Nuclear Overhauser		biology.
			Effect Spectroscopy (NOESY), Protein 3D		2. Algorithmic parts of
			structure determination using NMR. Structural		section C is being
			features of RNA, RNA structure prediction		proposed to be part of
			algorithms.		Algorithms in
			Section B		Computational

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			<b>Protein</b> structure prediction: Steps in		Biology.
			Homology modeling, Threading; Contact		3. Section B is now part
			potential, structural profile and segment matching		of Biomolecular
			method, Abinitio method. Protein structure		Modelling and
			comparison, Purpose of structure comparison and		Computation Drug
			algorithms (dynamic programming, distance		Design.
			matrix), Predicting Protein Function from		
			Structure.		
			Section C		
			Applications of the visualization softwares like		
			Rasmol and SWISS PDB Viewer. Application of		
			Hidden Markov Model, Support Vector Machine		
			and Artificial Neural Network in structure		
			prediction. Optimization methods: Montecarlo		
			and Simulated annealing.		
22.	BIN 505 Functional		Functional and Comparative Genomics	Course is proposed to be discontinued	1. This course is being
	and Comparative		Section A		proposed as part of
	Genomics		Introduction to Functional and Comparative		Genomics and
			Genomics, Application of molecular markers		Proteomics.
			with references to RAPD, RFLP, AFLP, STS,		2. All the contents of
			SSR etc., Protein Profiling, Transgenic Animals		relevant to Genomics
			& Plants, Knockouts.		are being proposed to
			Section B		be part of Genomics
			Strategies for generating Expressed Sequence		and Proteomics.
			Tags, EST Clustering (TIGR Gene Indices,		3. The databases from
			STACK), ESTs and gene discovery, ESTs and		this course are being
			sequence polymorphisms, EST databases		proposed to be part of
			(DbEST, UNIGene), The nature of Single		Biological Databases
			Nucleotide Polymorphisms (SNP), distribution of		in the first semester.
			SNPs, Applications of SNP technology.		
			Section C		
			Comparative genomics of prokaryotes and		
			eukaryotes, Protein evolution by exon shuffling.		
			General purpose databases for comparative		
			genomics, in silico gene prediction, Phylogenetic		

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Analysis, MUMMER		
23.	BIN 504Evolutionary Computing			Course is proposed to be discontinued	<ol> <li>Section C of this course is basic genetics which essentially irrelevant to Bioinformatics and is part of many undergraduate and school courses.</li> <li>Algorithms from section B are being proposed to be part of Algorithms in Computational Biology.</li> <li>Section A is part of Phylogenetics in the proposed course of</li> </ol>
24.	<b>BIN</b> Biomolecular Modeling and	After successful completion of the course the candidates should be	methods, Mendelian principles of inheritance, sex linked inheritance, Concept of linkage, linkage maps and recombination, Mutations molecular, gene/point and chromosomal, Phenotype and genotype relationships, gene interactions, Genetics of populations, genetics and evolution, Genetics and diseases, cancer.	Biomolecular Modeling and Computational Drug Design Section – A	Sequence analysis and Phylogenetics.
	Computational Drug Design	<ul> <li>able to:</li> <li>Understand the principles of statistical thermodynamics.</li> <li>Develop understanding of principles of biomolecular modelling and</li> </ul>		Basic Thermodynamics - The Laws of Thermodynamics, the Maxwell Relations, the Gibbs- Duhem Equation and Extensive Functions, Intensive Functions. Lagrangian Formulation, Hamiltonian Formulation and Canonical Transformations Classical approach to Ensembles: Ensembles and Phase Space. Partition Function: Review of rotational, vibrational and translational partition functions. Application of	with statistical mechanics.

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks	
		simulations.		partition functions to specific heat of solids and 3.	Section C p	provides
		• Understand the		chemical equilibrium.	computational r	nethods
		computational methods		Section – B	to study	drug
		for drug designing and		Homology modeling, Protein Threading and abinitio	designing	and
		development.		methods. Introduction to Molecular mechanics.	discovery.	
				Optimization of modeled protein 3D structure. Energy		
				minimization (steepest descent, conjugate gradient and		
				Newton-Raphson methods). Molecular dynamics		
				simulation: Equation of motion, integration schemes;		
				Introduction to force fields, its popular variants;		
				Ergodic Hypothesis, Ensembles (Canonical and Micro-		
				Canonical) and their control in MD simulation,		
				periodic boundary conditions and calculation of long		
				range potentials (Particle - Mesh and Ewald		
				summation methods). Potential energy surface:		
				Convergence Criteria, Characterizing Stationary		
				Points, Search for Transition States.		
				Section – C		
				Computational Drug design; Drug likeness: Lipinski's		
				rules, ligand efficiency and lipophilic ligand efficiency.		
				Molecular recognition: affinity determination,		
				intermolecular binding free energy. Ligand based drug		
				design: - pharmacophore, constrained systematic		
				search and genetic algorithm. Structure based drug		
				design: Molecular docking and virtual screening.		
				Introduction to QSPR and QSAR. Molecular		
				descriptors used in QSAR studies: electronic;		
				topological and quantum chemical. QSAR models:		
				Free Wilson and Hansch equation. Statistical methods		
				for QSAR modeling: regression, principle component		
				and partial least squares analysis. Bioisosteres,		
				Hammet substituent constant.		
				Suggested Books:		
				Cramer, C. (2004) Essentials of Computational		
				Chemistry (2 nd Ed); John Wiley.		

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		<b>9</b>		<ul> <li>Leach, A. R. (2001). Molecular Modeling- Principles and applications. Pearson Education.</li> <li>Thomas G. (2003) Fundamentals of Medicinal Chemistry; John Wiley.</li> <li>Alvarez J. and Shoichet B. (Ed.) (2004). Virtual Screening in Drug Discovery. Taylor and Francis.</li> <li>Kukol, A. (Ed.) (2015). Molecular Modeling of Proteins (2nd Ed.). Springer Nature. Young, D.C. (2009). Computational Drug Design. John Wiley.</li> <li>Suggested e-Resources:</li> <li>Statistical Mechanics https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_ph06/preview</li> <li>MD Simulation and SBDD</li> </ul>	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103103036/13	
				https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc18_bt28/preview	
25.	Computational Drug Design Lab	<ul> <li>After successful completion of the course the candidates should be able to:</li> <li>Model the 3D structure of the biomolecules.</li> <li>Carry out biomolecular interaction studies.</li> <li>Perform MD simulations to study the biomolecular dynamics.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Biomolecular Modeling and Computational Drug Design Lab</li> <li>Molecular visualization tool (applications such as molecular interaction, Molecular surface visualization, electrostatics, H-bond calculation etc.)</li> <li>Identification of different structural motifs in proteins.A</li> <li>Analysis of PDB (NMR and X-ray) structures (Quality of structure, analyzing molecular interactions, protein-ligand/protein-protein if any, from PDB).</li> <li>Homology based protein structure prediction.</li> <li>Quality estimation of modeled protein structure (ProCheck, PROSA, Verify 3D, Errat etc.).</li> <li>Contact map based protein structure comparison.</li> <li>Energy minimization based mutational analysis of proteins (using SwissPDB-Viewer).</li> <li>Protein-Ligand docking Autodock and MGL Tools and Pharmacophore analysis.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>This laboratory course provides hands on experience to various softwares used in studying biomolecules.</li> </ol>

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				9. Carry out molecular dynamics simulation.	
				10. Simple analyses of MD data such RMSF, RDF	
				movie making etc.	
26.	BIN	After successful		Genomics and Proteomics	Course already running in
	Genomics and	completion of the course		Section – A	M.Sc. Biotechnology,
	Proteomics	the candidates should be		Genomics – Introduction to genome and genomics;	M.Sc. AMBT as a
		able to:		genetics vs genomics. DNA microarray; prepration,	elective course
		• Understand the		understanding of microarray data, normalizing	1. Section A of this course
		experimental methods		microarray data, detecting differential gene expression,	provides description of
		available to study the		correlation of gene expression data to biological	techniques and
		genome and proteomes.		process and analysis tools. Gene Expression Omnibus	databases used in
		• Develop understanding		(GEO). Genomics and Metagenomics - Large scale	genomics.
		of computational tools		genome sequencing strategies. Genome assembly and	
		of genomics and		annotation. Genome databases of Plants, animals and	about the techniques of
		proteomics.		pathogens. Metagenomics: Gene networks: basic	proteomics studies.
		• Understand the next		concepts, computational model such as Lambda	*
		generation sequencing		receptor and lac operon. Prediction of genes,	applications of
		methods.		promoters, splice sites, regulatory regions: basic	genomics and
				principles, application of methods to prokaryotic and	proteomics tools and
				eukaryotic genomes.	techniques along with
				Section – B	the databases.
				Proteomics – Introduction to proteome and proteomics;	
				protein chemistry vs proteomics. Analytical techniques of proteomics; working principles of 2D – gel	
				electrophoresis, mass spectrometry with their merits	
				and demerits. Mass spectrometers for protein and	
				peptide sequencing; MALDI – TOF, Electospray	
				Ionization coupled tendem Mass spectrometry.Tendem	
				mass analyzer, triple quadrupole mass analyzer, ion –	
				trap mass analyzer and $FT$ – ion cyclotron resonance	
				MS. Peptide Mass Fingerprinting. Sequencing the	
				protein fragments: Scoring Algorithm for Spetral	
				Analysis. Application of SALSA in amino acid – Motif	
				searching.	
				Section – C	

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				Next Generation sequencing & assembly: Elements of	
				big data analysis, NGS Platforms based on	
				pyrosequencing, sequencing by synthesis, emulsion	
				PCR approach with small magnetic beads and single	
				molecule real time (SMRT) sequencing; Genome	
				assembly algorithms, De-novo assembly algorithms,	
				Sequence Alignment formats: Sequence	
				Alignment/Map (SAM) format, Binary Alignment/Map	
				(BAM) format. Protein function prediction using	
				Machine learning tools: supervised/unsupervised	
				learning, Neural network, SVM. Protein-protein	
				interactions: databases such as STRINGS, DIP, PPI	
				server and tools for analysis of protein-protein	
				interactions	
				Suggested Books:	
				Brown, S.M. (2015). Next-generation DNA	
				Sequencing Informatics (2 nd Ed.). Cold Spring	
				Harbor Press.	
				Liebler, D. C. (2001). Introduction to Proteomics Tests for the New Bislesse, Humana Process	
				Tools for the New Biology. Humana Press. Logic $A$ M (2015) Introduction to Computing (2 nd	
				<ul> <li>Lesk, A.M. (2015). Introduction to Genomics (2nd</li> <li>Ed). Oxford University Press.</li> </ul>	
				<ul> <li>Pevsner, J. (2017). Bioinformatics and</li> </ul>	
				<i>Functional Genomics</i> (3 rd Ed). John Wiley.	
				<ul> <li>Twyman, R.M. (2004). Principles of Proteomics;</li> </ul>	
				CBS Publishers.	
				<ul> <li>Thangadurai, D. &amp; Sangeetha, J. (2015).</li> </ul>	
				Genomics and Proteomics: Principles,	
				Technologies, and Applications. CRC Press.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				<ul> <li>Proteomics</li> </ul>	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102101055/4	
				<ul> <li>Genomics</li> </ul>	
				https://edu.t-bio.info/course-category/omics/	
				https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/biology/7-012-	

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				introduction-to-biology-fall-2004/video-	
				lectures/lecture-25-genomics/	
27.	BIN	After the successful		Python Programming	1. To meet the
	Python	completion of course the		Section A	requirements of current
	Programming	candidates should be able		Python interpreter and interactive mode; values and	developments in
		to:		types: int, float, boolean, string, and list; variables,	Bioinformatics python
		• Understand the python		expressions, statements, tuple assignment, precedence	programming is a must
		programming		of operators, comments; modules and functions,	and therefore being
		environment.		function definition and use, flow of execution,	proposed here.
		• Understand using the		parameters and arguments; Illustrative programs:	
		python libraries.		exchange the values of two variables, circulate the	
		• Learn file and directory		values of n variables, distance between two points.	
		handling in python.		Section B	
				Conditionals: Boolean values and operators,	
				conditional (if), alternative (if-else), chained	
				conditional (if-elif-else); Iteration: state, while, for,	
				break, continue, pass; Fruitful functions: return values,	
				parameters, local and global scope, function	
				composition, recursion; Strings: string slices,	
				immutability, string functions and methods, string	
				module; Lists as arrays. Illustrative programs:	
				square root, gcd, exponentiation, sum an array of	
				numbers, linear search, binary search.	
				Section C	
				Lists: list operations, list slices, list methods, list loop,	
				mutability, aliasing, cloning lists, list parameters;	
				Tuples: tuple assignment, tuple as return value;	
				Dictionaries: operations and methods; advanced list	
				processing – list comprehension; Illustrative programs:	
				selection sort, insertion sort, mergesort, histogram.	
				Files and exception: text files, reading and writing	
				files, format operator; command line arguments, errors	
				and exceptions, handling exceptions, modules,	
				packages; Illustrative programs: word count, copy file.	
				Suggested Books:	

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				Sedgewick, R., Wayne, K. & Dondero R. (2015).	
				Introduction to Programming in Python: An Inter-	
				disciplinary Approach. Addison – Wesley	
				Professional.	
				Lambert, K.A. (2011). Fundamentals of Python:	
				<ul> <li><i>First Programs</i>, Cengage Learning.</li> <li>Goodrich, M.T., Tamassia, R. &amp; Goldwasser</li> </ul>	
				M.H. (2016). Data structure and Algorithms in	
				Python. Wiley India Pvt.Ltd.	
				<ul> <li>Bassi, S. (2017). Python for Bioinformatics (2nd)</li> </ul>	
				Ed.). Chapman and Hall/ CRC press.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				Python tutorials	
				https://www.tutorialspoint.com/execute_python_o	
				nline.php	
				https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc16_cs11/previ	
				ew	
28.	BIN	After the successful		Python Programming Lab	1. To provide hands on
	Python	completion of course the		1. Introduction to variables and various arithmetic &	experience with Python
	Programming Lab	candidates should be able		logic operations.	programming this
		to:		2. Introduction to strings and lists	laboratory course is
		Write python programs for		3. Conditionals and Loops in python.	being proposed.
		studying biological		4. Working with files and directories in python.	
		samples.		5. Working with Molecular biology problems such as	
				transcription, translation, GC island identification.	
				6. Working with sequence analysis problems such as	
				global alignment, local alignment Parsing Blast output etc.	
				<ol> <li>Accessing biological databases with Python.</li> </ol>	
29.	BIN	After the successful		<b>RNA Structure Function and Transcriptomics</b>	1. The Section A of this
	RNA Structure	completion of course the		Section A	course introduces the
	Function and	candidates should be able		The biology, chemistry, structure and function of the	description of
	Transcriptomics	to:		RNA molecule in prokaryotic and eukaryotic systems	noncoding RNAs which
		• Understand the		including their viruses. Interaction between RNA	are essential part of

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		structure of various		molecules. Interaction between RNA and proteins.	genome regulators.
		non-coding RNAs and		Interaction between RNA and small ligands. The role	
		their functions		of RNA in an evolutionary perspective. Description of	adopted from the
		• Learn techniques of		non coding RNA and their functions and possible	previously existing
		genome wide		mechanism of action. (SnRNA, SnoRNA, siRNA,	course Transcriptomics
		expression studies.		miRNA, Catelytic RNA and Ribozymes)	and Metabolomics, with
				Section B	slight update.
				Transcriptome and Transcriptomics; Genome Wide	
				Gene Expression Analysis: Microarrays: experiments	
				to annotation. Expressed sequence tags: EST	
				Genration, EST Clustering importance in gene	
				identification. Serial analysis of gene expression	
				(SAGE), SAGE data and its importance. Tools for	
				Transcriptomics and Transcriptome Analysis. Section C	
				Database and web tools for ESTs project. Tissue	
				Specific Transcriptomics and Expression Pattern	
				Analysis. Transcriptional Regulation of Gene	
				Expression in Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes. The	
				Transcriptome Projects. Impact of Transcriptomics on	
				functional genomics, Diseases and drug discovery,	
				Evolutionary analyses and Pharmaceutical Research.	
				Suggested Books:	
				➤ Meister G. (2011), <i>RNA Biology</i> ; Wiley – VCH.	
				Gesteland, R. F., Cech, T & Atkins, J. (2005). The	
				RNA World (3 rd Ed.), CSHL – press.	
				Wu J. (Ed.) (2016), <i>Transcriptomics and Gene</i>	
				Regulation; Springer – Nature.	
				Passos G.A. (Ed.) (2014). Transcriptomics in	
				Health and Disease; Springer Publications.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				Genomics 1 - T-BioInfo in Education	
				https://edu.t-bio.info/course-category/omics/	
				Non coding RNA	
				https://www.nature.com/collections/sqtqxdnvdz	

S.No.	. Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				Epigenetics	
				https://www.whatisepigenetics.com/non-coding-	
				rna/	
30.	BIN	After the successful		Systems Biology	I. This course is being
	Systems Biology	completion of course the		Section A	proposed to develop the
		candidates should be able		Introduction to Graph, forest & Network. Parameters	holistic understanding
		to:		of networks: degree of node, degree distribution and	of the biological
		• Understand the		power law behaviour, shortest path, mean path,	systems.
		different types and		clustering coefficient, node centrality and network	
		properties of biological		centrality. Types of networks: random, small world,	the theory of networks.
		networks		scale-free networks, and Hierarchical networks.	3. Section B and C
		• Understand using the		Robustness of a Network: Topological, Functional and	provides description of
		various databases of		dynamical robustness.	various regulatory
		biological networks.		Section B	networks of proteins
		• Learn to model the		Introduction to biological networks, properties and	and genes.
		metabolic processes.		importance of biological networks. Types of biological	
				networks. Protein interaction network, Types of	
				Protein-Protein interactions (PPI): Stable, Transient,	
				Physical, and Genetic interactions. Prediction of	
				Protein-Protein interactions: experimental and	
				computational methods. Databases of biological	
				networks (STRING, BioGRID, STITCH and KEEG),	
				Designing of network circuitry (CYTOSCAPE),	
				Network layouts.	
				Section C	
				Gene Regulatory network: Methods for regulatory	
				network reconstruction, Boolean and Bayesian network	
				model. Multi-layer hierarchical structure of regulatory	
				networks.Metabolic Network, Signaling networks and	
				their identification methods Methods in system	
				Biology: Interaction based method, Construction based methods, and Mechanism based methods. Visual	
				representations and notations for systems biology,	
				Metabolic Pathway visualization and editing software (MyPioNat MataViz Cytoscana) Future for system	
	L			(MyBioNet, MetaViz, Cytoscape). Future for system	

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus Remarks
5.100.	Course List		Existing Syllabus	<ul> <li>Biology. Synthetic biology and artificial gene circuits.</li> <li>Suggested Books:</li> <li>Klipp, E., Liebermeister W., Wierling C., Kowald A. &amp; Herwig R. (2016). Systems Biology: A Textbook. Wiley – Blackwell.</li> <li>Covert, M.W. (2014). Fundamental of Systems Biology: From Synthetic Circuits to Whole – Cell Models. CRC press.</li> <li>Helms, V. (2008). Principles of Computational Cell Biology. Wiley – Blackwell.</li> <li>Panchenko, A. &amp; Przytycka T.M. (Ed.) (2008). Protein-protein Interactions and Networks: Identification, Computer Analysis, and Prediction. Springer – Verlag London.</li> <li>Vadyanathan, S., Harrigan G.G. &amp; Goodacre R. (2005). Metabolome analyses: Strategies for Systems Biology. Springer – Verlag.</li> <li>Alon, U. (2006). An Introduction to Systems Biology: Design Principles of Biological Circuits. Chapman &amp; Hall/CRC, Tailor &amp; Francis.</li> <li>Suggested e-Resources:</li> <li>Network Biology https://www.coursera.org/learn/network-biology</li> <li>System Biology https://www.coursera.org/learn/systems-biology</li> <li>Synthetic Biology</li> </ul>
				https://www.edx.org/course/principles-of- synthetic-biology
31.	BIN 507	After successful completion of the course	Mining and Warehousing of Biological Data Section A	Suggested Books:No Change> Han, J., Kamber, M. & Pei, J. (2012). Data
	Mining and Warehousing of Biological Data	<ul> <li>the candidates should be able to:</li> <li>Understand the knowledge discovery</li> </ul>	<b>Fundamentals of Data Mining</b> – concept, definitions, why data mining, kind of data for data mining, knowledge discovery in databases (KDD), data mining functionalities, data mining	<ul> <li>Chen, J.Y. &amp; Lonardi, S. (Eds.) (2017). <i>Biological Data Mining</i> (1st Ed.). Chapman and Hall/CRC.</li> </ul>
		knowledge discovery from the databases.	primitives, classification of data mining systems,	

S.No.	<b>Course List</b>		Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus		Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		•	Categorizing the	data mining techniques, major issues in data	$\triangleright$	Baxevanis, A.D. & Ouellette, B.F.F. (2004).	
			biological data based	mining.		Bioinformatics: A Practical Guide to the Analysis	
			on various parameters.	Data Preprocessing – Needs for preprocessing		of Genes and Proteins (3 rd Ed.). John Wiley.	
		•	Learn to use data	the data, data cleaning, data integration and	$\succ$	Morey, D., Maybury, M. & Thuraisinghan, B.	
			mining tools.	transformation, data reduction, data discretization		(Eds) (2002). Knowledge Management, Classic	
				and concept hierarchy generation.		and Contemporary Works; The MIT Press.	
				Data Warehousing – need, definitions,	Su	ggested e-Resources:	
				characteristics, data marts, metadata, operational	$\succ$	Data Mining	
				versus analytical databases, data warehouse		https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105174/	
				architecture, multi dimensional data model,	$\succ$	Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques	
				schemas for multidimensional databases,		https://hanj.cs.illinois.edu/bk3/bk3_slidesindex.ht	
				introduction to DMQL, implementation of data		m	
				warehouse, OLAP, OLTP, ROLAP, MOLAP,			
				HOLAP.			
				Section B			
				Association Rules Mining – market basket			
				analysis, apriori algorithm, FP-growth method,			
				Mining Multilevel Association Rules from			
				Transaction Databases, Mining Multidimensional			
				Association Rules			
				<b>Classification and Prediction</b> – classification by			
				decision tree induction, classification by back			
				propagation, linear and non-linear regression,			
				classifier accuracy.			
				<b>Clustering</b> – types of data in clustering,			
				categorization of clustering methods, Major			
				Clustering Methods (K-means, Hierarchal			
				clustering, DBSCAN).			
				Section C			
				Mining Complex Types of Data - Spatial			
				databases, multimedia databases, time-series and			
				sequence data, text mining, web mining, trends in			
				data mining, Introduction to various data mining			
				tools (SAS Enterprise Miner 5.1, Oracle Data			
				Mining, SPSS Clementine 8.5).			

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Biological databases, Application of data mining		
			in DNA/protein sequence analysis, protein		
			structure analysis, gene expression analysis,		
			application of specific examples of designing		
			biological databases, application of mining and		
			warehousing in bioinformatics.		
32.	CS512	After successful	Cloud Computing	Suggested Books:	No change
	Cloud Computing	completion of the course	Section A	Puttini, R., Erl, T. & Mahmood, Z. (2013) Cloud	
		the candidates should be	Introduction to Cloud Computing, Definition,	Computing: Concepts, Technology & Architecture.	
		able to:	Characteristics, Components, Administering &		
		• Understand	Monitoring cloud services, benefits and	Computing, Implementation, Management, and	
		virtualization of	limitations, Deploy application over cloud, Cloud		
		machines.	computing platforms: Infrastructure as service:		
		• Learn to use various	Platform as Service: Google App Engine,	(2009) Cloud Computing for Dummies. Wiley India	
		cloud platforms.	Introduction to Cloud Technologies, Study of		
			Hypervisors, Compare SOAP and REST, Web		
			services, AJAX and mashups-Web services:	Beginning to End. Createspace Independent	
			SOAP and REST, SOAP versus REST, AJAX:	Publishing.	
			asynchronous 'rich' interfaces, Mashups: user		
			interface services.	Cloud Computing	
			Section B	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105167/1	
			Virtualization Technology: Virtual machine		
			technology, virtualization applications in	https://www.coursera.org/specializations/cloud-	
			enterprises, Pitfalls of virtualization, Multitenant	computing	
			software: Multi-entity support, Multi-schema		
			approach, Multitenance using cloud data stores,		
			Data access control for enterprise applications.		
			Data in the cloud: Relational databases, Cloud		
			file systems: GFS and HDFS, Map-Reduce and		
			extensions: Parallel computing. Section C		
			Cloud security fundamentals, Vulnerability		
			assessment tool for cloud, Privacy and Security in		
			cloud, Cloud computing security architecture:		
			Architectural Considerations- General Issues,		

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Trusted Cloud computing, Secure Execution Environments and Communications, Micro- architectures; Identity Management and Access control Identity management, Access control, Autonomic Security Cloud computing security challenges: Virtualization security management virtual threats, VM Security Recommendations, VM- Specific Security techniques, Secure Execution Environments and Communications in cloud. Issues in cloud computing, Implementing real		
33.	<b>BIO 503</b> Fundamentals of Bioentrepreneurship	<ul> <li>After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:</li> <li>Understand role of entrepreneurship in promoting innovation and wealth generation.</li> <li>Develop skills for writing business models for new ideas and market segments.</li> <li>Explain various financial, marketing, sales and legal issues associated with entrepreneurship.</li> </ul>	time application over cloud platform.	<ul> <li>Fundamentals of Bioentrepreneurship</li> <li>Section-A</li> <li>Concept of entrepreneurship; Classification and types of entrepreneurship, Myths about entrepreneurship; Role of entrepreneurship in wealth building and creating an impact; Society, Technology and Entrepreneurship.</li> <li>Creativity and Innovation; Types and forms of Innovation; Sources of innovative opportunity; Entrepreneurship as a career option.</li> <li>Section-B</li> <li>Introduction to the Design Thinking Process; Problem identification; Idea Generation; Value Proposition; Lean Canvas.</li> <li>Identifying Customer Segments; Idea Validation; Developing Business Model; Sizing the opportunity; Building MVP; Concept of Start-up, Importance of Incubation.</li> <li>Section-C</li> <li>Financial and Non financial support: Revenue streams; Pricing and Costs; Sources of funds; Importance of project management.</li> <li>Marketing and Sales: Positioning; Channels and</li> </ul>	New elective proposed which is c.w. M.Sc BT, AMBT 3 rd sem.

S.No.	<b>Course List</b>	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				<ul><li>Strategy; Sales Planning.</li><li>Team: Importance of teambuilding; Complementary</li></ul>	
				skill sets.	
				• Legal issues: Brief overview of- intellectual	
				property rights, patents, trademarks, copy rights,	
				trade secrets, licensing and GI.	
				<ul><li>Business Plan writing.</li><li>Policies and Initiatives to promote Entrepreneurship</li></ul>	
				in India.	
				Suggested Books:	
				> Jain, P.C. (2001). Hand Book for New	
				Entrepreneurs. UK: Oxford University Press.	
				Hisrich R. D., Manimala M. J., Peters Michael	
				P. & Shepherd D. A. Entrepreneurship (9th	
				ed.). McGraw Hill Publication. ➤ Roy, R. (2011). Entrepreneurship (2nd ed.).	
				UK: Oxford University Press.	
				$\rightarrow$ Drucker, P. (2015). Innovation and	
				Entrepreneurship (1st ed.). Routledge Classics.	
				➤ Kotler, P & Keller, K.L. (2017).Marketing	
				Management (15th ed.). Pearson Publications	
				Desai, V. (2011) Dynamics of Entrepreneurial	
				Development & Management (6t ed.).	
				Mumbai: Himalaya Publishing House. Khanka, S.S. (2007) Entrepreneurial	
				Development. New Delhi: S. Chand &	
				Company Ltd.	
				Mohanty, S K. (2005). Fundamentals of	
				Entrepreneurship. EEE Prentice Hall India	
				Learning Private Limited.	
				➢ Gupta C.B. & Srinivasan N.P. (2013).	
				Entrepreneurship Development in India.	
				Sultan Chand & Sons.	
				➢ Gupta A.K. (2016).Grassroots Innovations	

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	<ul> <li>Suggested Syllabus         <ul> <li>(Minds On the Margin Are Not Marginal Minds). Random House.</li> <li>Patzelt, H., &amp;Bernner, T. (Eds.). (2008). Handbook of Bioentrepreneurship. Berlin, Germany: Springer.</li> <li>Robert, D. H., &amp; Peters, M. P. (2002). Entrepreneurship. New York, USA: McGraw-Hill Education</li> <li>Shane, S. (2004). Academic Entrepreneurship: University Spinoffs and Wealth Creation. Northampton, M.A.: Edward Elgar</li> </ul> </li> <li>Suggested e-Resources:         <ul> <li>https://www.startupcommons.org/what-is-startup-ecosystem.html</li> <li>https://getproductmarketfit.com/how-to-select-test-to-get-market-validation-for-new-product-or-business-idea/</li> <li>https://www.coursera.org/learn/wharton-launching-startup</li> <li>https://www.coursera.org/learn/wharton-entrepreneurship-opportunity</li> <li>Bioentrepreneurship www.birac.nic.in/webcontent/jk.pdf</li> <li>Biotechnology and entrepreneurship http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewdoc/download? doi=10.1.1.463.4354&amp;rep=rep1&amp;type=pdf</li> <li>Accounts and Bioentrepreneur https://www.nature.com/bioent/2003/031101/f</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Remarks
				ull/bioent779.html <b>Bioentrepreneurship</b> www.birac.nic.in/webcontent/jk.pdf	
34.	CS530 Neural Networks	Aftersuccessfulcompletion of the coursethe candidates should be		Suggested Books:➤ Bishop, C.M. (1995). Neural Networks For Pattern Recognition. Oxford University Press.	No Change

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		<ul> <li>able to:</li> <li>Understand the automated classification methods.</li> <li>Learn the basic theory of artificial intelligence.</li> </ul>	Neuron, Network architectures, feedback, learning process - error correction, learning, Hebbian, Competitive, Boltzman, Supervised and unsupervised learning, the perceptron model, Multilayer perceptrons. <b>Section B</b> Recurrent Networks, the Hopfield Network, the Boltzmann machine, its Markov Chain model, self organizing systems : Hebbian learning, Competitive learning. <b>Section C</b> Moduler Networks, associative Model, Stochastic Model, Temporal processing : Back propagation learning, real time recurrent networks. VLSI implementations of Neural Networks : Design considerations, Neurocomputing	<ul> <li>Fausett L.V. (2004). Fundamentals of neural networks. Pearson Education</li> <li>Gurney, K. (1997) An introduction to neural networks. CRC press.</li> <li>Suggested e- Resources:</li> <li>Introduction to Neural Networks http://www.cs.bham.ac.uk/~jxb/NN/</li> </ul>	
35.	<b>BIN 510</b> Transcriptomics and Metabolomics		hardware. Transcriptomics and Metabolomics Section A Transcriptome and Transcriptomics, The Insights of Transcriptomics (mRNA regulation), Transcriptome Project (Human, Mouse, Cancer, Fungal). Genome Wide Gene Expression Analysis: cDNA-Microarrays Analysis of Microarray data, Application of Micro array. EST expressed sequence tags, EST Genration, EST Clustering, ESTs and gene discovery, database and web tools for ESTs project. Serial analysis of gene expression (SAGE), SAGE data and its role in gene discovery, Tissue Specific Transcriptomics and Expression Pattern Analysis. Section B Transcriptomics and Disorders, Transcriptomics in drug design, Transcriptomics in Human cancer	Course is proposed to be discontinued	Course is proposed to be discontinued as the genetic engineering is being introduced in the second semester that fulfills the requirements of this course.

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			hazard assessment, Transcriptomes and		
			Phylogenetics applications, Impact of		
			transcriptomics on Pharmaceutical Research.		
			Tools for Transcriptomics and Transcriptome		
			Analysis, Bioconductor. Introduction to Systems		
			Biology, Computational Challenge in system		
			Biology. Systems biology in drug discovery and		
			<del>pathway analysis.</del>		
			Section C		
			Metabolome and Metabolomics, Metabolic		
			profiling and fingerprinting, Metabolic pathway		
			analysis and metabolic networks, Single Cell		
			Metabolomics, Metabotype Concept.		
			Computational Methods to Interpret and Integrate		
			Metabolomic Data, Metabolomics data		
			processing workflow, Online metabolic databases		
			(Human Metabolome Databases, KEGG, BioCyc)		
			and pipelines. Applications of Metabolomics:		
			Drug-screning, human health etc. Plant		
			metabolomics.		
6.	BT 514		Genetic Manipulation Technology	Course is proposed to be discontinued	Course is proposed to be
	Genetic		Section A		discontinud as the genetic
	Manipulation		Genetic engineering tools: Introduction,		engineering is being
	Technology		Historical perspective of Genetic Manipulation,		introduced in the second
			Enzymes used in genetic engineering, Vectors		semester that fulfills the
			used in genetic engineering pBR322 and pUC		requirements of this
			series, Lambda and M13 based vectors,		course.
			Expression vectors, T-vectors, Animal and plant		
			virus based cloning vectors, Gene cloning and		
			expression in E.coli and yeast (Saccharomyces		
			cerevisia). Construction of gene libraries, cDNA,		
			PCR based cDNA, subtractive cDNA, normalized		
			eDNA, Genomic DNA, BAC and YAC library.		
			Section B		
			Screening and identification of libraries.		

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Automated DNA sequencing, Illumina and		
			Pyrosequencing based Next Generation		
			Sequencing.Primer design, PCR: Nested PCR, 5'		
			and 3' RACE PCR, inverse PCR, hybrid PCR,		
			TAIL PCR, Real Time PCR, Cloning of PCR		
			product. Promoters, Analysis of Gene Expression		
			at transcription and translation level,		
			Hybridization techniques, Transformation and		
			transfection assays, In vitro mutagenesis,		
			Antisense technology.		
			Section C		
			Genetically Modified Organisms: Introduction,		
			Genetic transformation methods (Agrobacterium		
			and virus mediated methods, Direct gene transfer		
			by gene gun, electroporation, microinjection,		
			Embryonic stem cells method). Choloroplast		
			genetic engineering: Methodologies, foreign gene		
			expression, advantages over nuclear transgenics,		
			limitations, production of biopharmaceuticals.		
			Applications of GMO (Agriculture,		
			Pharmaceutical, Food, Beverages, Dairy,		
			Poultry), Ethical, legal and social issues, IPR in		
			transgenic technology, Biosafety guidelines.		
37.	CS 518		Data Structure and Java Programming	Course is proposed to be discontinued	1. This course is proposed
	Data Structure and		Section A		to be discontinued.
	Java Programming		Java Introduction: Evolution, features, concepts		2. To fulfill the
			of Java Virtual Machine (JVM) and its task, Java		requirement of Object
			and Internet, Environment (JRE, JDK, JSDK,		Oriented Programming
			APIs), Application & Applet, Java Programming:		a new updated course
			Structure of program, Data Types, Variables,		on Python
			Operators, Expressions, Control		Programming is being
			statements(sequencing, alteration, looping),		proposed in third
			Object oriented Concepts, Objects, Classes, data		semester.
			encapsulation & abstraction, Recursion,		
			Constructors, Method Overloading, Arrays,		

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			String handling, , Access Specifier, Inheritance,		
			Method Overriding, Interfaces.		
			Section B		
			Inner class, Anonymous classes, Wrapper classes,		
			Vector, packages, Exception handling, Streams		
			and I/O programming, Collection framework		
			(List, Vector, tree), iterator, list iterator, Utility Classes.		
			Concept of data structures, Abstract data type,		
			and linear data structures: stack, queue, circular		
			queue and their array implementations,		
			application of stack and queue.		
			Section C		
			Linked list, implementation of singly, doubly &		
			circular linked list, linked implementation of		
			stack and queue. Non linear data structures: tree,		
			basic terminology, binary tree, binary search tree		
			(tree traversal, searching, insertion, and deletion),		
			application of tree. Searching and sorting		
			techniques: linear search, binary search, selection		
			sort, bubble sort, insertion sort.		
38.	BIO 501		<b>Bioentrepreneurship</b>	Course is proposed to be discontinued	Relevant portions merged
	Bioentrepreneurship		Section A		with other courses.
			Entrepreneurship: meaning and definition;		
			fundamentals of entrepreneurship; development		
			of entrepreneurship through training, achievement		
			motivation training theory and concept,		
			Kakinada experiment: developing achievement		
			motivation, experiential exercises, scoring and		
			coding; Entrepreneurship in area of		
			Biotechnology; MSMEs: definition, role in		
			India's Economic development, regulations		
			covering MSMEs, sources of information and		
			non financial support, Incentives and benefits		
			available to MSMEs entrepreneurs; schemes for		

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			women entrepreneurs, psychological stress		
			encountered by women in the light of her dual		
			role and managing it.		
			Section B		
			Business Opportunity sensing and idea		
			generation, Idea Feasibility testing through		
			market research, Developing Vision and Mission		
			statements, Deciding the offering and identifying		
			target market, Positioning the offering, Designing		
			Sales Process, Marketing mix and promotional		
			strategies, Maintaining and hiring team, Knowing		
			Competitors; preparing revenue model up to		
			break even point, Projecting future moves of		
			business, Product Road Map, writing a detailed		
			Business Plan, Basics of finance & accounting,		
			Raising Funds- banks, financial institutions,		
			venture capitalists, angel investors, bootstrapping;		
			Role of incubation entres		
			Section C		
			Role of Knowledge centres like universities and		
			institutions and R & D; Role of Technology and		
			Upgradation; Managing technology transfer;		
			Regulation for transfer of foreign Technology;		
			Technology Transfer agencies; Business Crisis		
			and its management; Ethical Entrepreneurship;		
			Social Entrepreneurship; Use of IT in business		
			administration, Available Software for better		
			financial management; Setting an E-Business;		
			Key Leadership and Management skills.		
39.	CS 427		Parallel Computing	Course is proposed to be discontinued	This course is being
	Parallel Computing		Section A		proposed to discontinue
			Introduction to parallel computing, advantages of		as it is of no relevance to
			parallel computing. Solving problems in parallel		Bioinformatics.
			: Temporal parallelism, Data parallelism and their		
			comparison. Intertask dependency and task		

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			graphs. Structures of parallel computers:		
			Pipelined		
			Paprallel computers, Array processors, Shared		
			memory multi-processor, message passing		
			multiprocesors, MMC systems. Integer		
			Arithmetic : Carry look ahead addition and carry-		
			save addition on binary tree, integer		
			multiplication and convolution on a linear array.		
			Elementary sorting algorithm.		
			Section B		
			Matrix Algorithms : Matrix-Vector multiplication		
			and solving lower triangular system of equations		
			on a linear array, matrix multiplication, LU		
			decomposition, matrix inversion, Guassian		
			elimination on a mesh.		
			Graph Algorithms : Mesh algorithm for		
			tranisitive closure, connected component,		
			shortest path, breadth first search and		
			minimum spanning tree. Mesh of trees and its		
			applications such as Matrix-Vector		
			multiplication, Convolution and integer		
			multiplication.		
			Section C		
			More fancier networks : r-dimensional mesh of		
			trees, shuffle trees, shuffle-exchange network,		
			hypercube, De-bruijn network and butterfly.		
			Some examples on these networks, sorting and		
			FFT on butterfly.		
			Introduction to dataflow computers. Parallelism		
			in logic programming. Programming parallel		
			computers		
). (	CS 507		Artificial Intelligence	Suggested Books:	No Change
	Artificial		Section A	Elaine, R., & , Kevin, K. (1991) Artificial Intelligence.	e
I	ntelligence		Introduction to Artificial Intelligence, General	Mc-Graw Hill.	
	c			> Patterson, D.W. (1990) Introduction to Artificial	

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			<ul> <li>problem solving, state space and graph model techniques, Heuristic designs, Aim-oriented heuristic algorithms versus solution guaranted algorithms, Game playing strategies.</li> <li>Knowledge representation : Knowledge representation tools, First order predicate calculus. The language PROLOG - sementic nets, partitioned nets, Minsky's frames, case grammer theory, production rules, knowledge base, the inference system, forward and backward deduction.</li> <li>Section B</li> <li>Understanding Natural Language, Parsing techniques, context free and transformational grammer, transition net, augumented transition nets, Fillmore's grammer, Shanks conceptual dependency. Grammer free analysers, Sentence generation, Translation.</li> <li>Expert systems : Structure, development tools, uncertainty considerations, domain exploration, meta knowledge, expertize transfer, existing systems.</li> <li>Section C</li> <li>Pattern recognition : Structured description, symbolic description; machine perception: Vision &amp; Speech; techniques used in solving preceptual problems, analysing visual clues (edge detection) ; speech recognition : Problems in speech recognition, analyzing speech, Introduction to machine</li> <li>Recommended Books</li> <li>Rich Elaine &amp; Knight Kevin, Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems, PHL, India,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Barr, A. &amp; Feigenbauen, E.A. 1982. The Handbook of Artificial Intelligence. Addison-Wesley Pub, Vol I, Vol II, Vol III.</li> <li>Allen, J. (1995) Natural Language Understanding. 2nd Edition, Pearson Education India.</li> <li>Nilsson, N.J. (1991) Principles of Artificial Intelligence. Narosa Publishing.</li> <li>Nilsson, N.J. (1998) AI: A New Synthesis. Morgan Kaufmann Inc.</li> </ul>	

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			<ol> <li>1990.</li> <li>Avron Barr &amp; Edward A. Feigenbauen, The Handbook of Artificial Intelligence., Addison- Wesley Pub, Vol I, Vol II, Vol III, 1982</li> <li>James Allen, Natural Language Understanding, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education India, 1995.</li> <li>Nilsson N.J., Principles of Artificial Intelligence, Narosa Publishing, 1991.</li> <li>Nils J. Nilsson, "AI: A New Synthesis", by,</li> </ol>		
			<ol> <li>Morgan Kaufmann Inc., 1998</li> <li>Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig, "Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach", Prentice Hall, 2002</li> <li>George F. Luger, "Artificial Intelligence: Structures and Strategies for Complex Problem Solving", Addison-Wesley, 2002</li> <li>Jackson Peter, Introduction to Expert Systems, Addison Wesley, 1998.</li> <li>Charniak E. &amp; McDermott D., Introduction to Artificial Intelligence, Addison Wesley, 1985.</li> <li>Tau &amp; Genzales, Pattern Recognition Principles, Addison-Wesley, 1974.</li> </ol>		
41.	BIN601R	On completion of this	Chemoinformatics	Chemoinformatics	New reading elective is
	Chemoinformatics	<ul> <li>course, students should be able to:</li> <li>Understand the computational methods implemented for the chemistry.</li> <li>Learn about different databases and techniques of chemoinformatics.</li> </ul>	Introduction to cheminformatics, History and Evolution of cheminformatics, Use of cheminformatics, Molecular Modeling and Structure Elucidation. Nomenclature; Different types of Notations; SMILES coding; Matrix Representations; Structure of Molfiles and Sdfiles; Libraries and toolkits; Different electronic effects; Reaction classification. Design of Chemical Databases, Metadatabases, Structure databases; Reaction Databases; Literature Databases; Medline; GenBank; PIR; CAS Registry; National Cancer Institute (NCI) Database.	The informatics has influenced the fate of chemical sciences since last quarter of the 20 th century, with evolution of computational methods such as combinatorial libraries, virtual screening and molecular modeling has led the medicinal chemists to speed up the drug discovery. To store the data computational chemists uses different nomenclatures such as SMILES and variety of file formats like MOL, MOL2 and SDF. The entire chemical space has been maintained in various databases such as PUBCHEM, DRUGBANK, NCI and ZINC. Further, the details of chemical reactions and novelty of the chemical species are maintained at chemical abstract service (CAS).	being proposed.

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<u>S.No.</u>	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus           Searching Chemical Structure: Full structure           search; sub structure search; basic ideas;           similarity search; Three dimensional search           methods; Basics of Computation of Physical and           Chemical Data and structure descriptors; Data           visualization and Non-linear Mapping.           Prediction of Properties of Compounds; Model           Building; Modeling Toxicity; Structure Spectra           correlations; Computer Assisted Synthesis           Design, Application of Cheminformatics in Drug           Design.	<ul> <li>Searching full or fragments of chemical structures involves pharmacophore methods, that forms the ground for ligand based drug discovery programs. The methods involve 3D searching of chemical space;</li> <li>Predicting different physico-chemical properties, toxicity of compounds has been a challenging task since the inception of chemoinformatics.</li> <li>Suggested Books:</li> <li>Leach A.R. Gillet V.J. (2007), An Introduction to Chemoinformatics. Springer Netherlands.</li> </ul>	Remarks
42	DINKOOD	On completion of this		https://core.ac.uk/download/pdf/82152489.pdf	Now moding clasting is
42.	<b>BIN602R</b> Immunoinformatics	<ul> <li>On completion of this course, students should be able to:</li> <li>Develop an understanding of immunology.</li> <li>Understand the computational methods implemented for the immunology.</li> <li>Learn about different databases of</li> </ul>	ImmunoinformaticsConcepts in Immunology: Classification ofImmunity, Antigens, Antibodies, TheCompliment System, Antigen AntibodyReactions, The Major HistocompatibilityComples, Antigen Presentation, TAP, T and Bcell receptors.Immune Effector Mechanisms: Cytokines andChemokines, Hypersensitive Reactions.The Immune system in Health and Disease:Autoimmunity, Transplantation Immunology,Classification of Vaccine Haptens, Carrier	Immunoinformatics Immunology is a core biological science course that deals with the immunity, classification of Immunity, antigens, Immunoglobulins and biochemical processes in antigen – antibody reactions. The antigen representation is a challenging task to understand the antigen – antibody reactions, which are followed by th major histocompatibility complexes and variety of receptors such as T and B cell receptors. The immunology has played a great role in human health improvement by development of vaccines and organ transplantation. However, hyper-activation of immune	New reading elective is being proposed.

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
5.140.		immunological importance.	Proteins, and Anti-Hapten Antibodies. Databases searching: Databases related with immunology (eg.dbMHC, IMGT, IPD, SYFPEITHI, Bcipep etc.) Predicting Preptide MHC Binding: Peptide MHC Binding Using Profiles, Machine Learning Techniques for MHC Binders, Artificial Intellingence Methods for Predicting T-Cell Epitopes, MHC Class I and II Binding Affinity MHC-Molecular Affinity and QSAR Models, Support Vector Machine for MHC Binding Peptides.	<ul> <li>system may result in the autoimmune disorders such as psoriasis.</li> <li>The informatics is currently playing great role in immunological sciences such as by developing databases dbMHC, IMGT, IPD, SYFPEITHI, Bcipep etc.). Bioinformatics methods such as molecular modeling, Protein – Protein/Peptide interactions are routinely being used to understand the Preptide-MHC Binding. Further the machine learning techniques are also being used to predict the MHC Binders, T-Cell Epitopes, MHC-Class I and II Binding Affinity.</li> <li>Suggested Books:</li> <li>Punt J., Stranford S., Jones P. &amp; Owens J.A. (2018), Kuby Immunology (8th Ed.); W.H. Freeman &amp; Company.</li> <li>Roitt I.M. &amp; Delves P.J. (2001) Roitt's Essential Immunology(10th Ed.) Blackwell Science Ltd.</li> <li>Flower D.R. (Ed.) (2007) Immunoinformatics: Predicting Immunogenicity in-silico. Humana Press: Methods in Molecular Biology.</li> <li>Suggested E-Resources:</li> <li>Immunoinformatics http://www.imgt.org/about/immunoinformatics.php</li> </ul>	
43.	Drug Discovery	On completion of this course, students should be able to:• Understand basics of R&D in drug discovery and should be able to apply knowledge gained in respective fields of pharmaceutical industry.• Understand the role of		Modern drug discovery involves the identification of a target or drug lead using different techniques including molecular modeling, combinatorial libraries and high-throughput screening (HTS). Rational drug design is based on the understanding of the three-dimensional structures and physicochemical properties of drugs and receptors. Knowledge of molecular mechanisms, molecular dynamics simulations and homology modeling is necessary for studying drug/receptor interactions. The different conformational sampling techniques, fitness functions used in molecular docking and computational	New Course Proposed. c.w. M.Sc BT, AMBT 3 rd /4 th sem.

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		synthetic chemistry in		receptor-based and ligand-based drug design	
		the development of		approaches are mostly used to design compounds with	
		pharmaceutical agents;		improved biological activity in rational drug design.	
		and the modification of		Quantitative drug design using QSAR models are used	
		chemical structures to		to correlate structural molecular properties	
		develop new drug		(descriptors) with functions (i.e. physicochemical	
		molecules.		properties, biological activities, toxicity, etc.) of the	
		• Have an advanced		compounds. Understanding the structure activity	
		understanding of the		relationship between the 3D structure of a molecule	
		chemical structure of a		and its biological activity may act as the basis for the	
		pharmaceutical agent		prediction of compounds with improved biological	
		and determine the		activities. Different bio-analytical assays (LC/MS/MS,	
		chemical group/s		GC/MS and ELISA) could be developed further in	
		responsible for a given		support of <i>in vitro</i> and <i>in vivo</i> studies. Understanding	
		biological effect.		the principles as well as an early characterization of	
		• Demonstrate a basic		drug toxicity, adsorption, distribution, metabolism and	
		understanding of		excretion (ADME) along with drug-drug interactions,	
		pharmacogenomics and		plasma protein binding assays and metabolite profile	
		bioinformatics as it		studies helps in eliminating compounds with	
		relates to drug design		unacceptable pharmacokinetic characteristics, which	
		and discovery.		is critical to successful drug discovery programs.	
		• Develop an		Suggested Books:	
		understanding of drug		► Krogsgaard-Larsen <i>et. al.</i> (2016). <i>Textbook of</i>	
		targets as a recognition		Drug Design and Discovery. 5th Edition. CRC	
		site for pharmaceutical		Press.	
		agents; how the		Satyanarayanajois, S. D. (2011). Drug Design and	
		chemical structure of a		Discovery: Methods and Protocols. Humana	
		substance influences		Press.	
		interaction with a drug		Rahman, A. U., Caldwell, G. W., and Choudhary,	
		target; and the		M. I. (2007). Frontiers in Drug Design and Discourse Porthern Science publishers Limited	
		identification of new		Discovery. Bentham Science publishers Limited.	
		drug targets for future		> Dastmalchi, S. et. al. (2016). Methods and	
		drug discovery.		Algorithms for Molecular Docking-Based Drug Design and Discovery. IGI Global.	
				0	
				Suggested e- Resources:	

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				<ul> <li>Drug Discovery https://bit.ly/2tCqdtE</li> <li>Peptide therapeutics https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/ S1359644614003997</li> <li>Bio-analytical techniques https://www.pharmatutor.org/articles/bioanalytical -techniques-overview</li> </ul>	
44.	Human Genetics and Diseases	<ul> <li>After successful completion of the course students will be able to:</li> <li>Understand hereditary and molecular genetics with a strong human disease perspective.</li> <li>Describe genetic abnormalities underlying human disease and disorders</li> <li>Develop interest in biomedical research, genetic counseling, medicine, and clinical genetics</li> </ul>		Since the rediscovery of Mendel's work in 1900, investigations on the genetic nature of human traits have gained significant importance. Understanding the genetic basis behind human disease is one of the most important reasons to study human chromosome structure, human karyotype, banding techniques, chromosome identification and nomenclature (ISCN). Classical genetics has considerable importance in constructing genetic hypothesis from pedigree data analysis in monogenetic traits, autosomal dominant, autosomal recessive, sex linked dominant, sex linked recessive and sex influenced traits. The impact of consanguinity in causing sex linked anomalies (haemophilia, colour blindness and Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy) has been observed in human population. Current knowledge on genetic variations across populations is applied to study human health and diseases which include chromosomal disorders, structural and numerical chromosomal anomalies (Klinefelter syndrome, Down's syndrome, Turner syndrome, Achondroplasia), inborn errors of metabolism (Phenylketonuria (PKU), Alkaptonuria, Albinism, Galactosemia), haemoglobinopathies, Thalassemia syndromes, multifactorial disorders (diabetes, schizophrenia, huntington disease). Medical genetics involves ethical issues therefore serious discussion is required for prenatal/adult diagnosis of	New Course Proposed. c.w. M.Sc BT, AMBT 3 rd /4 th sem.

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
5.140.				<ul> <li>genetic disorders, medical ethics, risks and benefits, informed consent and right of choice.</li> <li>Suggested Books: Suggested Books:</li> <li>Strachan T. &amp; Read. A. (2011). Human Molecular Genetics(4thed.). Garland Science</li> <li>Pasternak J. Fitzgerald. (1999). An introduction to Human Molecular Genetics-Mechanism of Inherited Diseases. Science Press.</li> <li>Thompson and Thompson.(2007).Genetics in Medicine (7th Ed.).Saunders</li> <li>Suggested e- Resources</li> <li>Chromosome identification and nomenclature (ISCN) http://www.cydas.org/Resources/ISCN_Discussio n.html</li> <li>Pedigree data analysis https://learn.genetics.utah.edu/content/disorders/</li> <li>Genetic disorders</li> <li>https://www.genome.gov/10001204/specific-genetic-disorders/</li> <li>Prenatal/ adult diagnosis of genetic disorders, medical ethics https://www.michiganallianceforfamilies.org/all/# sectionD</li> </ul>	
45.	Protein Engineering	<ul> <li>On completion of this course, students should be able to:</li> <li>Analyse structure and construction of proteins by computer-based methods</li> <li>Describe structure and classification of proteins</li> <li>Analyse and compare</li> </ul>		An introduction to protein engineering for developing proteins with desired functions. Various methods (rational design and directed evolution) of protein engineering are employed to manipulate the different features or characteristics (affinity, specificity and stability etc) of proteins. Engineering various physicochemical and biological properties (stability to changes in parameters as pH, temperature, amino acid sequence and aggregation propensities etc) of the proteins could be important in their use as protein drugs and/or catalysts in bioreactors. The insight into	New Course Proposed. c.w. M.Sc BT, AMBT 3 rd /4 th sem.

<ul> <li>the amino acid sequence and structure of proteins, and relate this information to the function of proteins and relate this information to the function of proteins and hydrophobic effects), by which protein stabilizes, will help in the formulation of protein stabilizes, will help in the formulation of protein stabilizes will help in the formulation of protein based pharmaceuticals. Protein engineering with site-specifically incorporation of unmatrul or non-canonical amino acids has been used to improve protein function for medical and industrial academic purposes such as structure determination, organic synthesis and drug design.</li> <li>Plan and carry out activity measurements of isolated proteins and characterize their purity and stability.</li> <li>Plan and carry out activity measurements of isolated proteins and characterize their purity and stability.</li> <li>Plan at a stability.</li> <li>Plan at a stability.</li> <li>Plan at a carry out activity measurements of isolated proteins and characterize their purity and stability.</li> <li>Plan at activity measurements of isolated proteins and characterize their purity and stability.</li> <li>Plan at a stability.</li> <li>Plan at a stability.</li> <li>Plan at a carry out activity measurements of isolated proteins and characterize their purity and stability.</li> <li>Plan at a carry out activity measurements of isolated proteins and proteins and characterize their purity and stability.</li> <li>Plan at a carry out activity measurements of isolated proteins and proteins and proteins and characterize their purity and stability.</li> <li>Plan at a carry out activity measurements of isolated proteins and proteins and the protein stability of an industrial and activity measurements of isolated proteins and proteins a</li></ul>	S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<ul> <li>of proteins, and relate this information to the function of proteins</li> <li>Explain how proteins can be used for different industrial and academic purposes such as structure determination, organic synthesis and drug design.</li> <li>Plan and carry out activity measurements of isolated proteins and characterize their purity and stability.</li> <li>Plan and stability.</li> <li>Plan stability.</li> </ul>			the amino acid		Ŭ	
<ul> <li>this information to the function of proteins the interval of the inte</li></ul>						
<ul> <li>function of proteins</li> <li>Explain how proteins</li> <li>explain height height</li></ul>			<b>1</b>			
<ul> <li>Explain how proteins can be used for different industrial and academic purposes such as structure analysis, data mining. Bartadamic acids has been used to improve protein function for medical and industrial applications. Different computational approaches (sequence and 3D structure analysis, data mining. Ramachandram map etc) to protein engineering would help to address the requirements in order to find amino acid sequences that will optimize a desired proteins and characterize their purity measurements of isolated proteins and characterize their purity and stability.</li> <li>Plan and carry out activity measurements of their purity and stability.</li> <li>Plan distability.</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>can be used for different industrial and academic purposes such as structure determination, organic synthesis and drug design.</li> <li>Plan and carry out activity measurements of isolated proteins and characterize purity and stability.</li> <li>Plan and carry out activity measurements of isolated proteins and characterize purity and stability.</li> <li>Fluorescence, UV absorbance and Optical rotatory dispersion would further support industrial stability.</li> </ul>			-		· ·	
<ul> <li>different industrial and academic purposes such as structure determination, organic synthesis and drug design.</li> <li>Plan and carry out activity measurements of isolated proteins and characterize their purity and stability.</li> <li>Plan and stability.</li> <li>Plan add their such as a structure determination of the physicochemical property and/or biological function) of a protein. Determination of the physicochemical properties of proteins using various spectroscopic methods (Far-UV and Near-UV CD, Fluorescence, UV absorbance and Optical rotatory dispersion) would further support the drug development process. Yeast surface display(YSD)has become a valuable protein engineering tool for modifying the affinity, specificity, and stability of antibodies, as well as other proteins. wID could be successfully used for protein protein content will optimize a displayed proteins will further allow the investigators to identify novel therapeutic leads for numerous numet clinical needs: Suggested Books:</li> <li>&gt; Walsh, G.(2014). Proteins: Biochemistry and Biotechnology, Second edition. Chichester, West Sussex: Wiley Blackwell.</li> </ul>			· ·			
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Walsh, G.(2014). Proteins: Biochemistry and Biotechnology, Second edition. Chichester, West Sussex: Wiley Blackwell.						
Biotechnology, Second edition. Chichester, West Sussex: Wiley Blackwell.					88	
Sussex: Wiley Blackwell.						
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Practical Approach, 2nd Edition. Oxford						

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				<ul> <li>University press.</li> <li>Cleland, J. L., and Craik, C. S. (2006). Protein Engineering, Principles and Practice, Vol 7. Springer Netherlands.</li> <li>Mueller, K., and Arndt, K. (2006). Protein Engineering Protocols, 1st Edition. Humana Press.</li> <li>Robertson, D., and Noel, J. P. (2004). Protein Engineering Methods in Enzymology, Vol 388. Elsevier Academic Press.</li> <li>Kyte, J. (2006). Structure in Protein Chemistry, 2nd Edition. Garland publishers.</li> <li>Williamson, M. P. (2012). How proteins work. New York: Garland Science.</li> <li>Suggested E- Resources:</li> <li>Protein Engineering: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103017/pdf/lecture% 2022.pdf</li> <li>Conformational stability of proteins: https://bit.ly/2ViS7GQ</li> <li>Protein Engineering with Non-Natural Amino Acids: https://library.umac.mo/ebooks/b2805488x.pdf</li> </ul>	



## BANASTHALI VIDYAPITH Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology M. Tech PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES

The M. Tech. Biotechnology programme aims at overall growth and development of the students considering the exclusive five fold Educational ideology of Banasthali Vidyapith. Biotechnology is a broad discipline of biological science dealing with commercial exploitation of living organisms and their products for the welfare of mankind. Past few decades have witnessed a steady growth towards invention and innovation oriented research. Thus, the M. Tech Biotechnology programme has been designed to provide knowledge, which can be applied by the students in various related R & D sectors and industries, to find solutions pertaining to bioproduct, bioprocesses, and technology development. It will also help them to inculcate the spirit of teamwork together with leadership qualities. The key objectives of the programme are:

- To provide expertise in various tools and techniques of biotechnology
- To facilitate postgraduates to identify, formulate and analyze complex biotechnological challenges
- To address the societal, ethical and environmental issues that a biotechnologist is facing
- To nurture competence in digital literacy that would support professional needs in biotechnology
- To nurture a temperament that would enable students to develop technical proficiency that can be used to cater the performance driven needs of industry, academia, research and startups
- To strengthen communication, entrepreneurial and leadership skills, which will promote a lifelong learning.



## BANASTHALI VIDYAPITH Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology M.Tech. BIOTECHNOLOGY PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

**PO1: Knowledge:** Enriched with the knowledge of core domain like cytology, microbiology, genetics, biochemistry along with applied field including genetic engineering, cell culture, immunology, bioinformatics, bioprocess engineering, food engineering.

**PO2: Planning ability:** Instill effective time and resource management skill accompanied with good team practices and organizational abilities

**PO3: Problem analysis:** Utilize technical skills to design, conduct experiments, analyze and interpret data for investigating problems in biotechnology.

**PO4: Modern tool usage:** Apply appropriate methodologies, resources, and techniques for biological manipulation and data interpretation.

**PO5: Leadership skills:** Work as effective leader by applying his reasoning skill to assess societal, environmental, safety and legal issues of biotechnology sectors..

**PO6: Professional Identity:** Understand their responsibility for biotechnology engineering practices and work efficiently with multi-disciplinary team in research lab and industry

**PO7: Bitechnology ethics :** Understand the regulatory norms and ethics for production of various products and process development in biotechnology sectors.

**PO8: Communication:** Work as impressive personality in industry and research lab with eloquent communication skill of both oral and written form.

**PO9: The Biotechnology and society:** Acquire the technical skills in solving societal challenges related to healthcare, food and environmental sectors through Biotechnological approaches.

**PO10: Environment and sustainability:** Understand the impact of the biotechnology solutions on societal and environmental contexts and need for sustainable development.

**PO11: Life-long learning:** Develop confidence for self education and ability for life-long learning of latest development of technology.

## Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology, Banasthali Vidyapith M. Tech Biotechnology

	Existing Courses										
M. Tech. Bi	M. Tech. Biotechnology Sem. I				С						
BT 501	Advanced Cell Biology	4	0	0	4						
BT 502	Bioprocess Engineering-I	4	0	0	4						
BIN 501	Biological Databases and Computational Biology	4	0	0	4						
BT 511	Enzyme Technology	4	0	0	4						
BT 505L	Biotechnology Lab-I	0	0	12	6						
MATH 506	Engineering Mathematics	4	0	0	4						
	Total	20	0	12	26						

	Proposed Courses										
M. Tech. Bi	M. Tech. Biotechnology Sem. I										
BT	Advanced Cell Biology	4	0	0	4						
BIN	Biological Databases and Computational Biology	4	0	0	4						
MATH 506	Engineering Mathematics	4	0	0	4						
BT	Term Paper-I/Minor Project	0	0	8	4						
BT	Elective I	4	0	0	4						
BT L	Biotechnology Lab-I	0	0	12	6						
	Total	16	0	20	26						

	Existing Courses								
M. Tech. Bi	otechnology Sem. II	L	Т	Р	С				
BT 503	Bioprocess Engineering-II	4	0	0	4				
BT 514	Genetic Manipulation Technology	4	0	0	4				
	(C.W. M.Sc. Sem IV Bioinfo BT 514)								
BT 516	Immunotechnology	4	0	0	4				
BT 520	Plant and Animal Cell Culture Technology	4	0	0	4				
BT 512	Elective*	4	0	0	4				
BT 506L	Biotechnology Lab-II	0	0	12	6				
	Total	20	0	12	26				
	Electives*								
BIN 502	Computer Aided Drug Designing	4	0	0	4				
BIN 503	Elements of Bioinformatics	4	0	0	4				
BIO 417	Structural Biology	4	0	0	4				
BIO 501	Bioentrepreneurship	4	0	0	4				
BIO 502	Cancer Biology	4	0	0	4				
BT 510	Environmental Biotechnology	4	0	0	4				
BT 512	Food Biotechnology	4	0	0	4				
BT 517	Medical Biotechnology	4	0	0	4				
BT 519	Nanobiotechnology	4	0	0	4				

	Proposed Courses										
M. Tech. B	iotechnology Sem. II	L	Т	Р	С						
BT 503	Bioprocess Engineering	4	0	0	4						
BT 514	Genetic Manipulation Technology	4	0	0	4						
BT	Term paper-II/Minor project	0	0	8	4						
BT	Elective-II	4	0	0	4						
	Open Elective	4	0	0	4						
BT 506L	Biotechnology Lab-II	0	0	12	6						
	Total	16	0	20	26						

	Existing Courses									
M. Tech. Bi	M. Tech. Biotechnology Sem. III				С					
	Reading Electives - I*	0	0	4	2					
BT 602P	Project Part - I	0	0	48	24					
	Total	0	0	52	26					

	Proposed Courses				
M. Tech. B	iotechnology Sem. III	L	Т	Р	С
	Reading Elective - I	0	0	0	2
BT 602P	Project Part - I	0	0	48	24
	Total	0	0	48	26

	Existing Courses									
M. Tech. Bi	otechnology Sem. IV	L	Т	Р	С					
	Reading Electives - II	0	0	4	2					
BT 603P	Project Part - II	0	0	48	24					
	Total	0	0	52	26					
<b>Reading Ele</b>	ectives I/ II									
BIO 601R	Biodiversity and Conservation	0	0	4	2					
BIO 602R	Bioethics, Biosafety and IPR	0	0	4	2					
BT 604R	Renewable Energy Sources	0	0	4	2					

Proposed Courses					
M. Tech. Biotechnology Sem. IV L T P			Р	C	
	Reading Elective - II	0	0	0	2
BT 603P	Project Part - II	0	0	48	24
	Total	0	0	48	26

Course proposed to be discontinued	
Course content modified	
Course shifted to different semester	
New course proposed	
Course shifted from different programme	
Course shifted from core to elective course	

	Proposed List of Electives proposed to be offered in I & II Semester			
BIN 502	Computer Aided Drug Designing			
BIN 503	Elements of Bioinformatics			
BIO 417	Structural Biology			
BIO 501	Bioentrepreneurship			
BIO 502	Cancer Biology			
BT 510	nvironmental Biotechnology			
BT	Food Biotechnology			
BT 517	Medical Biotechnology			
BT 519	Nanobiotechnology			
BT	Enzyme Technology			
BT	Immunotechnology			
	Proposed List of Reading Elective-I & II proposed to be offered in II & IV Semester			
BT	Molecular Plant Breeding			
	Intellectual Property Rights			
BT	Human Genetics and Diseases			
BT	Medical Microbiology			
BT	Protein Engineering			
BT	Drug Discovery			
BT	Downstream Processing http://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/102106022			
BT	Bioreactor			
	https://swayam.gov.in/course/1339-bioreactors			
BT	Mass Spectrometry based Proteomics			
	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc15_bt05/preview			
	https://swayam.gov.in/search?keyword=Mass%20spectrometry%20based %20proteomics			

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks	
M. Te	M. Tech. Biotechnology I Semester					
1)	BT 501 Advanced Cell Biology	<ul> <li>After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:</li> <li>Describe processes in cell biology</li> <li>Compare the role of various characteristic bio-molecules of living organisms.</li> <li>Apply concepts of cell biology to relevant and specific problems</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Section A Basic overview of cell organelles, cell cycle, cell membrane, cytoskeleton, cell motility and shape. Mitochondria: membrane organization, transport of proteins into mitochondria and chloroplasts. Semiautonomous organelles concept, cell cell signaling. DNA replication, Transcription and Translation.</li> <li>Section B</li> <li>Lysosomes: intracellular digestion, sorting of lysosomal enzymes in Golgi, lysosomal storage diseases. Signal hypothesis: Concept of signal peptide, SRP, SRP Receptor, transport of soluble and membrane bound proteins in Endoplasmic Reticulum, ER Resident proteins, ER chaperone proteins and their functions, protein glycosylation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Section-A</li> <li>Replication of genetic material in prokaryotes and eukaryotes, Replication of single stranded circular DNA.</li> <li>Prokaryotic transcription and Anti-termination; Eukaryotic transcription</li> <li>Post transcriptional modifications: processing of hnRNA, tRNA and rRNA; 5'-Cap formation; 3'-end processing and polyadenylation; Splicing; RNA editing; Nuclear export of mRNA; Catalytic RNA.</li> <li>Translation: Genetic code; Translation machinery; Isoaccepting tRNA; Mechanism of initiation, elongation and termination; post-translational modifications.</li> <li>Section B</li> <li>Molecular structure and function: Structural models, Composition and dynamics; Transport of ions and macromolecules; Pumps, carriers and channels; Membrane carbohydrates and their significance in cellular recognition; cellular junctions and adhesions; structure and functional significance of plasmodesmata.</li> <li>Endocytosis and exocytosis, clathrin &amp; coatomer coated vesicles, SNARE proteins.</li> <li>Cell to cell signalling : autocrine, paracrine and endocrine stimulation. Signaling via G-protein linked cell-surface receptors, adenylate cyclase system, inositol phosphate pathway, role of Ca²⁺ -ions; signalling via enzyme-linked</li> </ul>	The contents have been rearranged with incorporation of new and relevant topics in all the sections.	
			Section C DNA -protein interaction: Mobility shift DNA binding assay, Methylation and Uracil interference assay, DNase I foot printing, UV cross linking of protein to nucleic acid. Yeast one and two hybrid system for DNA -protein/ protein protein interaction .Expression of	<ul> <li>surface receptors, tyrosine kinases. Steroid receptors.</li> <li>Section C</li> <li>Cell cycle and its regulation, apoptosis.</li> <li>Transport of proteins into mitochondria and chloroplasts.</li> <li>Concept of signal peptide, SRP, SRP Receptor, transport of soluble and membrane bound proteins in Endoplasmic Reticulum, ER Resident proteins, ER chaperone proteins and</li> </ul>		

Comparative Table: M. Tech. Biotechnology: Existing and Modified syllabus, Suggested Books and Suggested e-Resources

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		proteins in E.coli, insect cell and Mammalian cell,		
		GST-fusion protein purification, Far western analysis,	apparatus, role in protein glycosylation and transport.	
		FISH & GISH techniques.	• Lysosomes, intracellular digestion, sorting of lysosomal	
			enzymes in Golgi, lysosomal storage diseases.	
		Books Recommended:	Suggested Books:	
		Cell and Molecular Biology : De Robertis & De		
		Robertis, B.I. Waverly Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.	Walter, P. (2008). <i>Molecular Biology of the Cell</i> (5th Ed.).	
		> The world of the cell : W.M. Becker, Pearson $\Box$	New York: Garland Science.	
		Education.	$\succ$ Cooper, G. M., & Hausman, R. E. (2013). The Cell: a	
		Cell and Molecular Biology : G. Karp, John Wiley & Sons.	Molecular Approach (6th Ed.). Washington: ASM ;	
		<ul> <li>The Cell - A Molecular Approach : Cooper, Sinauer.</li> </ul>	Sunderland. Sunder, E. J., Simmons, M. J., & Snustad, D. P. (1991).	
		<ul> <li>Cell and Molecular Biology : P.K. Gupta, Rastogi</li> </ul>	<i>Principles of genetics</i> . New York: J. Wiley.	
		Publications.	<ul> <li>Hardin, J., Bertoni, G., Kleinsmith, L. J., &amp; Becker, W. M.</li> </ul>	
		Molecular Cell Biology : Lodish, Baltimore, W. H.	(2012). Becker's World of the Cell. Boston (8th Ed.).	
		Freeman & Co.	Benjamin Cummings.	
		Molecular Biology of the Cell : Bruce Albert, Garland		
		Publication, NY.	experiments. John New Jersey: Wiley and Sons	
		➢ Essentials of Cytology : C.B. Powar, Himalaya	▶ Krebs, J. E., Lewin, B., Kilpatrick, S. T., & Goldstein, E. S.	
		Publications.	(2014). Lewin's Genes XI. Burlington, MA: Jones & Bartlett	
		Principles of Genetics : Gardner, Simmons, Snustad,	Learning.	
		John Wiley & Sons.	Lodish, H. F. (2016). <i>Molecular Cell Biology</i> (8th Ed.). New	
		Gene VIII : Lewin, Pearson Education.	York: W.H. Freeman.	
			Watson, J. D. (2008). Molecular Biology of the Gene (5th	
			ed.). Menlo Park, CA: Benjamin/Cummings.	
			Suggested e-Resources:	
			> mRNA export	
			https://www.researchgate.net/profile/Evelina_Tutucci/public	
			ation/51156486_Keeping_mRNPs_in_check_during_assemb ly_and_nuclear_export/links/02e7e5213704c24e86000000/	
			Keeping-mRNPs-in-check-during-assembly-and-nuclear-	
			export.pdf	
			<ul> <li>ER chaperons and folding enzymes</li> </ul>	
			https://iubmb.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/full/10.1002/iub.1	
			272	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				Lysosomal storage disorders https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/pdf/10.1111/j.1365- 2141.2004.05293.x	
2)	BT 502: Bioprocess Engineering I				The contents of the first semester core course BT 502: "Bioprocess Engineering-I" and second semester core course BT 503: "Bioprocess engineering-II" are proposed to be merged, modified and offered as new common course named as "Bioprocess engineering" in the second semester of the programme.
3)	BIN 5 Biological Databases and Computational Biology	<ul> <li>After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:</li> <li>Mine the biological databases to identify relevant sequence/structu re for studies</li> <li>Carry out sequence based evolutionary</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Section A         Biological Databases: Primary Secondary, Composite Databases &amp; their file formats. Nucleic Acids (GenBank, DDBJ, EMBL), Proteins (SWISS-PROT, PIR), Structures (PDB, HSSP, SCOP, FSSP, CATH), Specialized (KEGG, Transfac, ReBase), Submission &amp; Retrieval of data from public databases.     </li> <li>Section B         Sequence alignment: Local and Global alignment concepts, Scoring matrices - PAM and BLOSUM, Gap penalties, Dot Plot, Dynamic programming methodology- Needleman- Wunsch algorithm, Smith-     </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>composite databases.</li> <li>Sequence databases: Nucleic Acids (GenBank, DDBJ, EMBL), Proteins (SWISS-PROT, PIR)</li> <li>Structures Databases: PDB, SCOP, CATH.</li> <li>Specialized databases: KEGG, Transfac, ReBase</li> <li>Submission and retrieval of data to/from public databases.</li> <li>Section B</li> </ul>	HSSP and FSSP are part of PDB annotation system Local is SW algorithm and Global is NW algorithm therefore

S. No.	Course List Learning Outcome	s Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
S. No.	Course List       Learning Outcome         studies       Perform         molecular       modeling studies         with biological       macromolecules         and explain the       results	Waterman algorithm, Databases similarity searching: Algorithms of FASTA, BLAST and their variants, Multiple sequence alignment, Progressive alignment.	<ul> <li>Suggested Syllabus</li> <li>Concept of dynamic programming: Needleman- Wunsch (global alignment) algorithm, Smith-Waterman (local alignment) algorithm.</li> <li>Databases similarity search: algorithms of FASTA, BLAST. Statistical significance of alignment scores.</li> <li>Concept of multiple sequence alignment: Progressive alignment.</li> <li>Section C</li> <li>Computational approaches of ORF and Gene identification.</li> <li>Models of evolution, methods of Phylogenetic analysis Distance based (UPGMA and NJ method) and Character based (Maximum parsimony).</li> <li>Homology based modeling three dimensional structure of proteins.</li> <li>Concept of molecular docking: modeling substrate - receptor interaction and its applications.</li> <li>Suggested Books:</li> <li>Baxevanis, A.D. &amp; Ouellette, B.F.F. (2004). <i>Bioinformatics:</i> <i>A Practical Guide to the Analysis of Genes and Proteins</i> (3rd ed.). Wiley.</li> <li>Bosu, O. &amp; Thukral, S.K. (2007). <i>Bioinformatics: database,</i> <i>tools and algorithms</i> (1st ed.). Oxford University Press.</li> <li>Sharma, V., Munjal, A., &amp; Shanker, A. (2017). <i>A Text Book</i> <i>of Bioinformatics</i> (2rd ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publications.</li> <li>Sinha, P.K &amp; Sinha, P. (2016). <i>Computer Fundamentals</i> (6th ed.). New Delhi: BPB publication.</li> <li>Suggested e-Resources:</li> <li>Chou-Fasman Method for protein secondary structure prediction https://ptfs.semanticscholar.org/fd8c/c95aec2d7af19ed28eea 3688b3c231d0e745.pdf</li> <li>Homology modeling https://ptoteinstructures.com/Modeling/homology- modeling.html</li> </ul>	Remarks repetitions are deleted. Markov chain, random walk and HMM are not relevant to this paper as these statistical techniques are of

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				<ul> <li>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103044/pdf/mod6.pdf</li> <li>Essential bioinformatics</li> <li>http://www.aun.edu.eg/molecular_biology/Procedure%20Bi oinformatics22.23-4-2015/Xiong%20-%20Essential%20Bioinformatics%20send%20by%20Amira.</li> <li>pdf</li> </ul>	
4)	BT 511 Enzyme Technology				The core course BT 511: 'Enzyme Technology' of the first semester is proposed to be offered as an elective course.
5)	<b>BT:</b> Term Paper-I/Minor Project				Newly Introduced
6)	BT 505L Biotechnology Lab - I	<ul> <li>After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:</li> <li>Demonstrate an understanding of microbial production of biomolecules</li> <li>Gain hands on training on extraction and bio-separation techniques for various metabolites</li> <li>Learn basic tools of bioinformatics</li> <li>Analyze and</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Reductase test for milk; dye reduction test.</li> <li>Extraction and determination of protein content by Lowry's method.</li> <li>To-determine the peroxide value in oil/fat sample.</li> <li>Separation of secondary metabolites/ sugars/ phenolic acids/ fatty acids by Thin Layer chromatography.</li> <li>Engineering Mathematics/Statistical problems-I.</li> <li>Engineering Mathematics/Statistical problems-II.</li> <li>Estimation of amylase activity in germinating seeds.</li> <li>Determination of the optimum temperature and effect of pH on amylase enzyme activity.</li> <li>Buccal smear – Identification of Barr Body.</li> <li>Isolation of cell organelles, viz. chloroplast/ mitochondria/ amyloplast.</li> <li>Production of penicillin.</li> <li>Lipase production and estimation.</li> <li>Filtration/Mass balance based problems.</li> <li>Energy balance based problems.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Biological Databases and Computational Biology</li> <li>Molecular Evolution: Multiple sequence alignment alignment and phylogenetic analysis (Clustal X/ Mega/ Tree-View).</li> <li>Database Search: Use and analysis of BLAST tool for protein and DNA sequences.</li> <li>Structure Prediction: Protein secondary and tertiary structure prediction using online ExPASy tools.</li> <li>Molecular Visualization: Structural analysis of PDB entries for active and inactive states of protein (Pymol/Chimera/DeepView).</li> <li>Advanced Cell Biology</li> <li>Buccal smear – Identification of Barr Body.</li> <li>Isolation of cell organelles, viz. chloroplast/ mitochondria/ amyloplast.</li> <li>Determination of hydrogen peroxide scavenging activity of plant.</li> <li>Separation of secondary metabolites/ sugars/ phenolic acids/ fatty acids by Thin Layer chromatography.</li> <li>Enzymology and Bioprocess Engineering</li> <li>Reductase test for milk.</li> </ul>	Repetition has been removed More relevant experiments have been added.

S. No.	Course List	Learning (	Outcomes	Exi	sting Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		solve j	problems		inhibitors of enzyme reactions.	10. Extraction and determination of protein content by Lowry's	
		for s	statistics,	16.	Separation of isoenzymes by native gel	method.	
		mass	balance		electrophoresis.	11. Estimation of amylase activity in germinating seeds.	
		and	energy	17.	Determination of hydrogen peroxide scavenging	12. Determination of the optimum temperature and effect of	
		balance.			activity of plant.	pH on amylase activity.	
				18.	Database similarity search using online BLAST P,	13. To determine inhibition constant (K _i ) for various inhibitors	
					BLAST N and BLAST X.	of enzyme reactions.	
						14. Separation of isoenzymes by native gel electrophoresis.	
						15. Lipase production and estimation	
						16. Production of penicillin.	
						17. Filtration/Mass balance based problems.	
						18. Energy balance based problems.	
						19. To determine the peroxide value in oil/fat sample.	
						Engineering Mathematics	
						20. Engineering Mathematics/Statistical problems-I.	
						21. Engineering Mathematics/Statistical problems-II.	
						Suggested Books:	
						> Datta, A.K. (2014). Basic Biostatistics and Application.	
						Kolkata: New Central Book Agency.	
						➤ Kumar, V. (2011). Laboratory Manual of Microbiology.	
						New Delhi: Scientific Publishers.	
						Mahajan, R., Sharma, J., & Mahajan, R.K. (2010). Practical	
						Manual of Biotechnology (1 st ed.). New Delhi: Vayu	
						Education of India.	
						Rao, P.H., & Janardhan, K. (2014). Fundamentals of	
						Biostatistics. New Delhi: I. K. International Publishing	
						House.	
						Saxena, J., Baunthiyal., & Ravi, I. (2015). Laboratory	
						Manual of Microbiology, Biochemistry and Molecular	
						Biology. Jodhpur: Scientific Publishers.	
						Shuler, M.L., & Kargi, F. (2002). <i>Bioprocess Engineering</i>	
						Basic Concepts (2 nd ed,). Prentice Hall PTR Upper Saddle	
						River, NJ, USA.	
						Swamy, P.M. Laboratory Manual on Biotechnology (1 st	
						ed.). Meerut: Rastogi Publication.	

S. No.	Course List Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus		Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				<ul> <li>Yadav, V.K., &amp; Yadav, N. (2018). Biochemistry &amp; Biotechnology: A Laboratory Manual. Jaipur: Pointer Publisher.</li> <li>Suggested e-Resources:</li> <li>Harisha, S. Biotechnology procedures and experiments handbook http://site.iugaza.edu.ps/mwhindi/files/BIOTECHNOLOG Y-PROCEDURES-AND-EXPERIMENTS- HANDBOOK.pdf</li> <li>Introduction to biotechnology http://www.austincc.edu/awheeler/Files/BIOL%201414%2 0Fall%202011/BIOL1414_Lab%20Manual_Fall%202011. pdf</li> <li>Sequence Alignment https://blast.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Blast.cgi</li> </ul>	
	ch. Biotechnology II Semester				
7)	BT 503: Bioprocess Engineering II				The contents of the second semester core course "Bioprocess Engineering-II" and first semester core course "Bioprocess engineering-I" are proposed to be merged, modified and offered as new common course named as "Bioprocess engineering" in the second semester of the programme.
8)	<b>BT</b> • After successful completion of	Section A Introduction to bioprocess,	Steps in bioproces	Section A Growth stoichiometry, Kinetics of Batch, Fed-batch and	"A typical new product from

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	Engineering	the course,	development: A typical new product from recombinant	Continuous operation of bioreactors, Gas -liquid mass transfer	recombinant DNA" has
		students should	DNA- An overview, growth factors and precursors for	in cellular systems, role of diffusion in bioprocessing,	been already covered in
		be able to:	microorganisms. Isolation, selection and improvement	measurement of volumetric mass transfer coefficient (KLa),	section C of Bioprocess
		<ul> <li>Understand</li> </ul>	of cultures - screening methods, culture preservation,	Sterilization Kinetic, Fluid Rheology, Configuration of	Engineering-II (BT 503
		design of	strain improvement. Kinetics of microbial growth,	biological reactors: Plug-flow, packed bed, fluidized bed,	).
		bioreactor and	thermal death kinetics of micro organisms, growth	photobioreactor, Stirred tank, Advanced cell bioreactor for	
		bioprocess	stoichiometry and elemental balances, kinetics of	cultivation of animal cells and plant cell culture.	"thermal kinetic of
		parameters	Batch, Fed-batch and Continuous operation of	Section B	microorganisms" has
		influencing	bioreactors, design of sterilization systems for liquids	Recovery and purification of products: strategies to recover and	been rearranged as
		production	and gases. <del>Yields in cell culture.</del>	purify products, cell disruption, filtration, centrifugation,	thermal cell death.
		• Describe basic	Section B	sedimentation, coagulation and flocculation, solid-liquid/liquid-	Yield in cell culture has
		concepts of large	Heat transfer: General equipment for heat transfer,	liquid extraction, precipitation, adsorption, membrane	been rearranged.
		scale production	mechanisms of heat transfer, calculation of heat-transfer	separation- reverse osmosis, ultrafiltration, chromatography-	
		of industrially	coefficients. Transport phenomena in bioprocess	FPLC,HPLC and HPTLC, affinity chromatography,	
		important bio-	systems: Gas -liquid mass transfer in cellular systems,	electrophoresis, electrodialysis, crystallization, drying.	
		molecules	role of diffusion in bioprocessing, liquid- solid mass	Section C	
		• Plan a career in	transfer, liquid -liquid mass transfer, gas-liquid mass	Importance of process flow sheeting in bioprocess engineering,	
		the	transfer, measurement of kLa. Classification of fluids,	development and utility of process flow diagrams, symbols for	
		biotechnology	fluids in motion, momentum transfer in fluids, viscosity	equipments, piping, instrumentation and controls, Scale up,	
		industry	measurement, effect of rheological properties on	Scale down, fermentation process economic, bioproduct	
			mixing.	regulation, medical applications of bioprocess engineering.	
			Section C	Biological waste treatment: An example of the industrial	
			Mechanical design and analysis of biological reactors:	utilization of mixed cultures.	
			Ideal bioreactors, bioreactor configurations of: plug-	Books Recommended:	
			flow, packed bed, fluidized bed, trickle bed,		
			photobioreactor, solid-state fermentation, on-line sensors	fundamentals (2 nd ed). McGraw-Hill College.	
			for cell properties, off-line analytical methods, Immobilized biocatalysts: Formulation and		
				Engineering. CRC Press.	
			characterization of immobilized cell biocatalysis,	Crueger, W., & Crueger, A. (2005). Biotechnology- A Text	The word "bioreactor"
			applications of immobilized cell biocatalysts. Animal	Book of Industrial Microbiology. Panima Publishing	
			and plant cell reactor technology: Environmental requirements for animal cell cultivation, reactors for	Corporation, New Delhi. ➤ Harrison, R. G., Todd, P. W., Rudge S. R., & Petrides, D. P.	has been already used for biological reactors.
			<b>A</b> .		for biological reactors.
			large-scale production using animal cells, plant cell cultivation using bioreactors.	(2015). <i>Bioseparations Science and Engineering</i> . USA: Oxford University Press.	
			Books Recommended:	•	
			books kecommendea:	Solution Ogunnaike, B. A., & Ray, W. H. (1994). Process Dynamics,	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Shuler, M.L. and Kargi, F. Bioprocess Engineering :	Modeling and Control. Oxford University Press.	
			Basic concepts, 2 nd ed., Prentice- Hall, 2002.	➤ Pandey, A., Larroche, C., Soccol, C. R., & Dussap, C.	
			Doran Pauline M, Bioprocess Engineering Principles,	(2008). Advances in Fermentation Technology. Asiatech	
			Academic Press, 1995	Publishers, Inc.	
			Nielsen, J. and Villadsen, J. "Bioreaction Engineering	• • • • •	
			Principles". Springer, 2007.	Principles. Wiley India (P.) Ltd.	
			Blanch, H.W and Clark D.S., "Biochemical		
			Engineering", Marcel Dekker, 1997	Basic Concepts (2 nd ed). Prentice Hall PTR Upper Saddle	
			Bailey, J.E. and Ollis, D.F. Biochemical Engineering Eurodementale" and ed McCraw Hill 1086	River, NJ, USA. Stanbury, P.F., Whitaker, A., & Hall S.J. (1995). <i>Principles</i>	
			Fundamentals", 2nd ed.,McGraw Hill 1986. ➤ Stanbury, P.F., Stephen J. Hall & A. Whitaker,	of Fermentation Technology (2 nd ed.). Elsevier Science Ltd.	
			Principles of Fermentation Technology, Science &		
			Technology Books.	of Fermentation Technology (3 rd ed.). Elsevier Science Ltd.	
			<ul> <li>Thakore, S.B. and Bhatt, B.I. Introduction to process</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Thakore, S.B., &amp; Bhatt, B.I. (2007). Introduction to Process</li> </ul>	
			engineering and design, McGraw Hill 2009.	Engineering and Design. Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing	
			Colin Ratledge, Bjorn Kristiansen, Basic	Company Limited	
			Biotechnology, 2nd Edition, Cambridge University	➤ Van Imp, J. F. M., Vanrollegham P. A., & Iserentant, D. I.	
			Press, 2001.	(1998). Advanced Instrumentation, Data Instrumentation,	
			➢ Roger Harrison et al., Bioseparations Science and	and Control of Biotechnological Processes. Kluwer	
			Engineering, Oxford University Press, 2003.	Academic Publishers	
			▶ W. Crueger and A.Crueger, Biotechnology- A Text		
			Book of Industrial Microbiology.	Biochemical Engineering Handbook. Elsevier.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				Microbial culture fermentation https://www.incommentation.com/www.incommentation.com/www.incommentation.com/www.incommentation.com/www.incommentation.com/www.incommentation.com/www.incommentation.com/www.incommentation.com/www.incommentation.com/www.incommentation.com/www.incommentation.com/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/www.incom/wwwiincom/wwww.incom/www.incom/www	
				https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/b4d3/7ed66ef2e37ce22ff7a 3be09e3df7568fe49.pdf	
				Animal Cell Cutivation	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103012/pdf/mod6.pdf	
				Bioprocess Design	
				https://www.cri.or.th/en/mitthai/Announcement%20and%20	
				Discussion%20Pages/BioprocessDesign.pdf	
				Bioprocess Control	
				http://cdn.intechopen.com/pdfs/44372/InTech-	
				Bioprocess_modeling_and_control.pdf	
				Biotechnology- Downstream processing	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102106022/	
9)	BT 514	After successful	Section A	Section A	
	Genetic	completion of the	Genetic engineering tools: Introduction, Historical	• Concept of the structure of DNA, enzymes as tools of	
	Manipulation	course, students	perspective of Genetic Manipulation, Enzymes used in	genetic engineering: restriction endonucleases, methylases,	The contents have been
	Technology	should be able to:	genetic engineering, Vectors used in genetic engineering	DNA ligase, Klenow enzyme, T4 DNA polymerase,	rearranged in all the
		• Comprehend	pBR322 and pUC series, Lambda and M13 based	polynucleotide kinase, alkaline phosphatase; cohesive and	sections with
		tools and	vectors, Expression vectors, T-vectors, Animal and plant	blunt end ligation; linkers; adaptors; homopolymeric tailing;	incorporation of new
		techniques used	virus based cloning vectors, Gene cloning and expression	labelling of DNA: nick translation, random priming,	and relevant topics.
		for genetic	in E.coli and yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisia).	radioactive and non-radioactive probes	
		manipulation of	Construction of gene libraries, cDNA, PCR based cDNA,	• Hybridization techniques: northern, southern, south-western	
		living	subtractive cDNA, normalized cDNA, Genomic DNA,	and far-western and colony hybridization, FISH and GISH.	
		organisms.	BAC and YAC library.	• Study of protein-DNA interactions: electrophoretic mobility	
		• Familiarize with		shift assay, DNase footprinting, methyl interference assay,	
		current genome		chromatin immunoprecipitation.	
		editing		• Protein-protein interactions using yeast two-hybrid system;	
		techniques.	Section D	phage display.	
		Develop	Section B Screening and identification of libraries. Automated	Section B	
		research aptitude	DNA sequencing, Illumina and Pyrosequencing based	• Plasmid vectors; M13 mp vectors; PUC19 and Bluescript	
		and technical	Next Generation Sequencing. Primer design, PCR:	vectors, phagemids; Lambda vectors; Cosmids; YACs,	
		skills to secure a	Nested PCR, 5' and 3' RACE-PCR, inverse PCR, hybrid	BACs; Expression vectors (pMal; GST; pET-based vectors),	
		job in genetic	PCR, TAIL PCR, Real Time PCR, Cloning of PCR	Yeast vectors, Baculovirus and Pichia vectors, SV40 vectors,	
		engineering labs.	product. Promoters, Analysis of Gene Expression at	Ti and Ri vectors.	
			transcription and translation level, Hybridization	• cDNA and genomic libraries, si RNA Technology,	
			techniques, Transformation and transfection assays, In	construction of siRNA vectors, chloroplast engineering,	
			vitro mutagenesis, Antisense technology.	introduction to genome editing by CRISPR-CAS with its	
1			Section C	applications.	
			Genetically Modified Organisms: Introduction, Genetic	Section C	
1			transformation methods (Agrobacterium and virus	• Principles of PCR: primer design, fidelity of thermostable	
			mediated methods, Direct gene transfer by gene gun,	enzymes, types of PCR – multiplex, nested; reverse-	
			electroporation, microinjection, Embryonic stem cells	transcription PCR, real time PCR, touchdown PCR, hot start	
			method). Choloroplast genetic engineering:	PCR, colony PCR, asymmetric PCR; T-vectors, PCR based	
			Methodologies, foreign gene expression, advantages over	site specific mutagenesis, PCR in molecular diagnostics	
			nuclear transgenics, limitations, production of	(viral and bacterial detection).	
			biopharmaceuticals. Applications of GMO (Agriculture,	• Sequencing methods (enzymatic and chemical); automated	
				DNA sequencing; Pyrosequencing and Next Generation	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Pharmaceutical, Food, Beverages, Dairy, Poultry),	Sequencing; mutation detection: SSCP, DGGE, RFLP.	
			Ethical, legal and social issues, IPR in transgenic		
			technology, Biosafety guidelines.	Brown, T.A. (2010). Gene Cloning and DNA analysis: An	
			Books Recommended:	Introduction. Oxford: Wiley-Blackwell.	
			> Primrose S.B., Twyman R.H. and Old R.W.		
			Principles of Gene Manipulation, 6th ed., Blackwell		
			Science, 2001.	recombinant DNA (4 th ed). American Society for	
			> Winnacker E.L. From Genes to clones: Introduction	Microbiology.	
			to Gene Technology, Panima, 2003.	Lemonic, N.R., & Cooper, D.N. (1996). Gene therapy.	
			Glick B.R. and Pasternak J.J. Molecular	BIOS Scientific publisher.	
			Biotechnology: Principles and applications of		
			recombinant DNA, 3rd ed., ASM Press, 2003.	<i>Engineering</i> (3 rd ed). Cambridge: Cambridge University	
			Lemonie, N.R. and Cooper, D.N. Gene therapy, BIOS	Press.	
			Scientific, 1996.	Primrose, S.B., Twyman R.H., & Old R.W. (2001).	
			➢ Allison LA . Fundamental Molecular Biology. ■ Plashenell mehliching 2007	Principles of Gene Manipulation (6 th ed). Wiley-Blackwell.	
			Blackwell publishing. 2007	Watson, J.D., Gilman, M., Witkowski J., & Zoller, M.	
			Watson et al. Recombinant DNA, 5th Ed, Freeman;	(1992). <i>Recombinant DNA</i> (2 nd ed.). W. H. Freeman	
			2006 Proven TA, Cons Cloning and DNA Analysis (5th Ed.)	publisher.	
			Brown TA. Gene Cloning and DNA Analysis ; 5th Ed ; 2006	Suggested e-Resources: Next Generation Sequencing	
			<ul> <li>Reece RJ. Analysis of Genes and Genomes, Wiley;</li> </ul>	file:///C:/Users/all/Downloads/49602.pdf	
			2004.	<ul> <li>DNA sequencing- approaches</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>Kreuzer H and Massey A. Recombinant DNA and</li> </ul>	https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK21117/CRISPR/	
			Biotechnology ; 2nd Ed; ASM; 2006.	<ul> <li>CRISPR-CAS technology</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>Korf BR. Human Genetics and Genomics; 3rd Ed;</li> </ul>	https://www.ucll.be/sites/default/files/documents/gezondhei	
			Blackwell; 2007.	d/crispr_cas_technologymanetsberger.pdf	
			<ul> <li>Sambrook &amp; Russel. Molecular Cloning; 3rd Ed;</li> </ul>	https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/24584096	
			Cold Spring Harbour Laboratory press, NY; 2001.	<ul> <li>Construction of siRNA expression vectors</li> </ul>	
				https://www.thermofisher.com/us/en/home/references/ambi	
				on-tech-support/rnai-sirna/tech-notes/sirna-expression-	
				vectorswith-selectable-markers.html	
				Gene knockout and transgenic mice	
				https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK21632/	
10)	BT 516:				The course BT 516:
	Immunotechno				'Immunotechnology'

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	<del>logy</del>				which is offered as a
					core course in the
					second semester but
					now this course is
					proposed to be
					offered as an elective
					course.
11)	<b>BT:</b> Term				Newly Introduced
11)	Paper-II/Minor				Newly Introduced
	Project				
12)	BT 520	After successful	Section A		This course is
/	Plant and	completion of the	Concept of cell culture, development of tissue culture,		discontinued
	Animal Cell	<del>course, students</del>	cellular totipotency, various terminologies associated		
	Culture	should be able to:	with Plant tissue culture. Nutritional requirements and		
	<b>Technology</b>	• Comprehend the	media preparation for plant and animal tissue culture.		
		tools and	PGR's and their in vitro roles. Callus culture technique		
		techniques used	and applications. Suspension culture: Technique, growth		
		for animal and	measurement and applications. Organ culture techniques.		
		plant cell/tissue	Haploids and its application. Protoplast isolation, culture,		
		culture	Somatic hybridization: protoplast fusion, requirement		
		technology.	and application. Micro propagation: Concept, stages,		
		<ul> <li>Develop skills</li> </ul>	explants, Axillary bud proliferation.		
		for the	Section B		
		production of	Secondary metabolites production and		
		<del>commercially</del>	biotransformations: Introduction, principal, optimization		
		viable animal	of yield. Somatic embryogenesis, somaclonal variation,		
		and plant	Germplasm preservation. Basic concepts and essential		
		products	steps for producing transgenic plants. Development of		
		• Demonstrate the	plants resistant to environmental stress and herbicides		
		techniques	and pathogen resistant (Virus and insect). Introduction to		
		learned for the	animal cell cultures; animal cell growth characteristics,		
		future research	Disaggregation techniques, Primary cell cultures,		
			Establishment and maintenance of primary cell cultures		
			of adherent and non adherent cell lines, . Secondary cell		
			cultures, Establishment and maintenance of secondary		

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			mammalian and insect cell lines, Organ and histotypic		
			culture in animals. Preservation of cell lines:		
			cryopreservation, cell banks, transporting cells.		
			Section C		
			Cell fusion: aim & requirement, fusogens, Somatic cell		
			fusion, Selection of hybrids, Transfection: gene transfer		
			methods for adherent & non- adherent animal cell		
			cultures, Characterization of cell lines: Karyotyping,		
			biochemical and genetic characterization of cell lines,		
			cytotoxicity assays, cell viability assays. Production of		
			vaccine in animal cells: use of Hybridoma for production		
			of monoclonal antibodies, Bioreactors in animal cells:		
			Bioreactors for large-scale culture of animal cells,		
			Transplantation: tissue culturing, Transplantation		
			techniques, General overview of animal cell culture		
			<del>products.</del>		
			Books Recommended:		
			→ Plant Tissue Culture: Applications and Limitations.		
			S.S. Bhojwani (1990), Elsevier, Amsterdam.		
			→ Plant biotechnology In Agriculture: K. Lindsey and		
			M.G.K. Jones (1990), Prentice hall, New Jersey.		
			→ Dashek W.V. Methods in Plant Biochemistry and		
			Molecular Biology, CRC Press, 1997.		
			→ Kirsi-Marja Oksman-Caldentey and Barz W.H. Plant		
			Biotechnology and Transgenic Plants, Marcel Dekker		
			<del>Inc., 2002.</del>		
			→ R.E. Spier and J.B Griffiths (1998). Animal cell		
			Biotechnology, Academic Press.		
			→ Living resources for Biotechnology, Animal cells ;		
			a.Doyle, R.Hay and B.E. Kirsop (1990), Cambridge		
			University Press, Cambridge.		
			→ Freshney, R. Ian, "Culture of Animal Cells: A Manual		
			of Basic Technique and Specialized Applications,"		

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			6th ed., Wiley Blackwell.		
			→ John R.W. (2006) Masters, Animal Cell Culture:		
			Practical Approach, 3rd Edition, Oxford.		
			→ M. Clynes (2006) Animal Cell Culture Techniques,		
			2ndt Edition, Springer.		
			→ Basic Cell Culture Vol. 290 Protocols by Cheryl D		
			Helgason, Cindy L		
			➤— Miller. Humanan Press		
			→ Morgan, S.J. and Darling, D. C., "Animal Cell		
			Culture," Bios Scientific Publishers in Association		
			with the Biochemical society.		
			➤ In vitro Cultivation of Animal Cells: Biotechnology		
			by Open Learning, Elsevier.		
			→ Basic Cell Culture 2nd Edition by JM Davis Oxford		
			Press		
			→ Tissue Culture in Biological Research by G. Penso		
			and D. Balduki.		
			→ Biotechnology by B. D. Singh.		
			→ Principle of Fermentation Technology by Whittaker.		
			→ Gangal, Sudha, "Principles and Practice of Animal		
			Tissue Culture, 2nd ed., Universities Press (India) Private Limited.		
			$\rightarrow \qquad \qquad$		
			Biotechnology by Open Learning, Elsevier.		
			<ul> <li>Mathew, Jennie P., Roberts, Penelope</li> </ul>		
			E.,"Introduction to Cell and Tissue Culture: Theory &		
			Techniques", Plenum Press, New York, 1998		
13)	BT 506L	After successful	1. To study DNA amplification by PCR and resolution	Bioprocess Engineering	The practicals have
10)	Biotechnology	completion of the	of PCR products on agarose gel.	1. Bioethanol production by immobilized <i>Saccharomyces</i>	been properly
	Lab - II	course, students	2. Purification of amplified PCR Product by column	cerevisiae cells.	categorized
		should be able to:	purification.	2. Separation of pigments from leaves or flowers by adsorption	0
		• Gain hands on	3. Preparation of bacterial competent cells for	column chromatography.	Relevant practical has
		training on	transformation.	3. To perform gel exclusion chromatography.	been introduced.
		techniques	4. Transfer of recombinant vector into competent		
		related to	bacterial cells.	5. Estimation of $K_{La}$ by sodium sulphite method.	

S. No. Co	ourse List L	earning Outcomes		Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		genetic	5. Preparation of stock media (RPMI 1640) from	Cell Culture and Genetic Manipulation Technology	
		engineering,	powder, preparation of complete media from stock	6. Preparation of stock media (RPMI 1640) from powder,	
		plant tissue	and sterilization by filtration.	preparation of complete media from stock and sterilization	
		culture and	6. Preparation of metaphase chromosome from	by filtration.	
		immunology	lymphocyte culture.	7. Preparation of metaphase chromosome from lymphocyte	
	•	Demonstrate an	7. Isolation of single cells from intact plant organs by	culture.	
		understanding of	enzymatic method, single cell culture.	8. Isolation of single cells from intact plant organs by	
		different	8. To isolate and inoculate anthers for haploid	enzymatic method, single cell culture.	
		methods for	production.	9. To inoculate anthers for haploid production.	
		chromatography	9. To induce callus from the explants of Phaseolus	10. To induce callus from the explants of Phaseolus mungo	
	•	Demonstrate a	mungo (Green Gram).	(Green Gram).	
		basic	10. Rocket Immunoelectrophoresis.	11. To study DNA amplification by PCR and resolution of PCR	
		understanding of	11. Sandwich ELISA for the detection of an antigen.	products on agarose gel.	
		production and	12. Preparation of an immunoglobulin fraction from	12. Purification of amplified PCR Product by column	
		estimation of	whole serum by ammonium sulphate precipitation.	purification.	
		industrially	13. To perform catalase test by using	13. Preparation of bacterial competent cells for transformation.	
		important	microorganism/plant.	14. Transfer of recombinant vector into competent bacterial	
		biofuel and	14. Bio ethanol production by immobilized	cells.	
		acids.	Saccharomyces cerevisiae cells.	15. In silico Primer designing.	
	•	Demonstrate a	15. Separation of pigments from leaves or flowers by	Immunology	
		basic concept of	adsorption column chromatography. 16. To perform gel exclusion chromatography.	<ol> <li>Rocket Immunoelectrophoresis.</li> <li>Sandwich ELISA for the detection of an antigen.</li> </ol>	
		in silico Primer	<ol> <li>10. To perform get exclusion chromatography.</li> <li>17. Lactic acid production.</li> </ol>	18. Preparation of an immunoglobulin fraction from whole	
		designing	18. in silico Primer designing.	serum by ammonium sulphate precipitation.	
			16. In since i finner designing.	Suggested Books:	
				Saxena, J., Baunthiyal., & Ravi, I. (2015). Laboratory	
				Manual of Microbiology, Biochemistry and Molecular	
				Biology. Jodhpur: Scientific Publishers.	
				<ul> <li>Swamy, P.M. Laboratory Manual on Biotechnology (1st d.).</li> </ul>	
				Meerut: Rastogi Publication.	
				<ul> <li>Mahajan, R., Sharma, J., &amp; Mahajan, R.K. (2010). Practical</li> </ul>	
				Manual of Biotechnology $(1^{st} ed.)$ . New Delhi: Vayu	
				Education of India.	
				> Sharma, R.K., Sangha, S.P.S. (2009). Basic Techniques in	
				Biochemistry & Molecular Biology. New Delhi: I.K.	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				<ul> <li>International Publisher.</li> <li>Green, M. R., &amp; Sambrook, J. (2012). <i>Molecular Cloning: a Laboratory Manual</i>. Cold Spring Harbor, NY: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press.</li> <li>Suggested e-Resources</li> <li>Introduction to biotechnology http://www.austincc.edu/awheeler/Files/BIOL%201414%2 0Fall%202011/BIOL1414_Lab%20Manual_Fall%202011. pdf</li> <li>Harisha, S. Biotechnology procedures and experiments handbook http://site.iugaza.edu.ps/mwhindi/files/BIOTECHNOLOG Y-PROCEDURES-AND-EXPERIMENTS- HANDBOOK.pdf In silico primer design https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/tools/primer-blast/index.cgi</li> </ul>	
Electi	ve Courses propo	sed to be offered in 1	[ & II Semester	https://www.hebi.html.html.gov/tools/printer-blast/htdex.egi	
1)	BIN 502 Computer Aided Drug Designing	<ul> <li>After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:</li> <li>Understand the scope of pharmacogenom ics and computer aided drug designing.</li> <li>Identify and search potential drug leads using various tools of computational biology.</li> <li>Develop datamining skills</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Section A</li> <li>Introduction to computer aided drug designing.</li> <li>Molecular descriptors, QSAR methodologies, structure based drug designing, ligand based drug designing, different docking methodologies.</li> <li>Section B</li> <li>Pharmacophore identification, pharmacophore generation (Hiphop and HypoGen theories), combinatorial libraries, high throughput screening, virtual screening, Lipinski's rule of five and its application in ADMET screening.</li> <li>Chemoinformatics: Introduction, Chemical Databases (ACD, MDDR and WDI), Application of Chemoinformatics in CADD.</li> <li>Section C</li> <li>Introduction to pharmacogenomics and pharmacogenetics, clinical trials in Pharmacogenomics.</li> <li>Polymorphism of CYP450 enzymes affecting drug response, role of SNP in pharmacogenomics.</li> </ul>	Typographical corrections only

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes		Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		pertaining to	Drug Resistance proteins: drug carriers affecting drug	• Multi Drug Resistance proteins: drug carriers affecting drug	
		drug discovery	response.	response.	
			Books Recommended:	Suggested Books:	
			Bioinformatics-from Genomes to drugs- Thomas	Alvarez, J. & amp; Shoichet, B. (2004). Virtual Screening in	
			lengauer.	Drug Discovery. Taylor and Francis.	
			Molecular Modeling-Principles and applications-	Cramer, C. (2004). Essentials of Computational Chemistry (2	
			Andrew R. Leach.	nd Ed). John Wiley.	
			Fundamentals of Medicinal Chemistry by Gareth	Thomas, G. (2003). Fundamentals of Medicinal Chemistry.	
			Thomas.	John Wiley.	
			Principles of Pharmacology: The Pathophysiologic		
			Basis of Drug Therapy-David E. Golan.	Wiley.	
			> Pharmacogenomics: An Approach to New Drug	00	
			Development: Chiranjib Chakraborty, Atanu		
			Bhattacharyya.	https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC2957753/	
				Pharmacodynamics and pharmacokinetics	
				https://www.mheducation.co.uk/openup/chapters/978033524	
				5659.pdf	
				Drug Discovery	
				http://www.kubinyi.de/lectures.html	
				Essential bioinformatics http://www.inscience.com/com/com/com/com/com/com/com/com/com/	
				http://www.aun.edu.eg/molecular_biology/Procedure%20Bi	
				oinformatics22.23-4-2015/Xiong%20- %20Essantial%20Bicinformatics%20cand%20bx%20Amira	
				%20Essential%20Bioinformatics%20send%20by%20Amira.	
2)	BIN 503	After successful	Section A	pdf Section A	Typographical
<i>∠)</i>	Elements of	completion of the	Genome comparison & analysis, Gene prediction, RNA	• Genome comparison & analysis, Gene prediction, RNA	corrections only
	Bioinformatics	course, students	structure prediction algorithms (Minimum free energy	• Genome comparison & analysis, Gene prediction, KNA structure prediction algorithms (Minimum free energy	corrections only
	Diomiormatics	should be able to:	method, MFold, Coevolution method). Protein secondary	method, MFold, Coevolution method).	
		<ul> <li>Understand</li> </ul>	structure prediction methods: Chou and Fasman, Garnier-		
		<ul> <li>Onderstand principles</li> </ul>	Osguthorpe-Robson. Prediction of structural classes,		
		behind the	motifs and domains.	Fasman, Garnier-Osguthorpe-Robson, prediction of structural classes, motifs and domains.	
		genome wide	Section B	Section B	
		coding region	Steps in Homology modeling, Threading; Contact		
		prediction and	potential, structural profile and segment matching	• Steps in homology modeling, Threading, Contact potential, structural profile and segment matching method, <i>ab initio</i>	
		RNA folding.	method, Abinitio method, Protein structure comparison,	method	
		itta ioluling.	method, riomitio method, riotem structure comparison,	memod	

S. No. Course List	Learning Outcomes		Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
S. No. Course List	<ul> <li>Learning Outcomes</li> <li>Predict 3D structure of proteins and their regular structural elements for the integrity of the structure.</li> <li>Analyze, interpret and understand the protein structure informatics.</li> <li>Write perl program to solve the biological problems.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Existing Syllabus</li> <li>Structure comparison algorithms (dynamic programming, distance matrix). Perl language and syntax, scalars, arithmetic and logical operators, arrays, array functions, hashes, hash functions, conditional statements (if/else, elsif), control structures (for, foreach, while).</li> <li>Section C</li> <li>Pattern matching, substitutions, translations, splits and joins, file handling; opening, reading and closing a file, directory handling; opening, reading and closing a directory, subroutines, references, packages, modules, classes, objects, introduction to Bioperl.</li> <li>Books Recommended:</li> <li>Philip E. Bourne and Helge Weissig, Structural Bioinformatics</li> <li>David W. Mount, Bioinformatics - Sequence and Genome analysis.</li> <li>Tom Christian Sen, Nathan Torkington, Perl Cook book, 2nd Edition, O'REILLY</li> <li>James D. Tisdall, Beginning Perl for Bioinformatics, 2001, O'REILLY</li> <li>James D. Tisdall, Mastering Perl for Bioinformatics, 2003, O'REILLY</li> <li>Larry Wall, John Orwant, Tom Christian Sen, Programming Perl, O'REILLY</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Suggested Syllabus</li> <li>Protein structure comparison, structure comparison algorithms (dynamic programming, distance matrix).</li> <li>Perl language and syntax, scalars, arithmetic and logical operators, arrays, array functions, hashes, hash functions, conditional statements (if/else, elsif), control structures (for, foreach, while).</li> <li>Section C</li> <li>Pattern matching, substitutions, translations, splits and joins, file handling, opening, reading and closing a file.</li> <li>Directory handling, opening, reading and closing a directory, subroutines, references, packages, modules, classes, objects, introduction to Bioperl.</li> <li>Suggested Books:</li> <li>Christiansen, T., &amp; Torkington, N. (2003). Perl Cookbook: Solutions &amp; Examples for Perl Programmers. " O'Reilly Media, Inc.".</li> <li>Essen, L. O. (2003). Structural Bioinformatics. Edited by Philip E. Bourne and Helge Weissig. Angewandte Chemie International Edition.</li> <li>Mount, D. W. (2001). Bioinformatics: Sequence and Genome analysis. Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press.</li> <li>Tisdall, J. (2003). Mastering Perl for Bioinformatics: Perl Programming for Bioinformatics. " O'Reilly Media, Inc.".</li> <li>Suggested e-Resources:</li> <li>Chou-Fasman Method for protein secondary structure prediction https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/fd8c/c95aec2d7af19ed28eea 3688b3c231d0e745.pdf</li> <li>Homology modeling https://proteinstructures.com/Modeling/homology-modeling.html</li> <li>Essential bioinformatics http://www.aun.edu.eg/molecular_biology/Procedure%20Bi</li> </ul>	Remarks

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				<ul> <li>%20Essential%20Bioinformatics%20send%20by%20Amira. pdf</li> <li>Bioinformatic tools https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103044/pdf/mod6.pdf</li> </ul>	
3)	BIO 417 Structural Biology	<ul> <li>After the successful completion of the course, students should be able to:</li> <li>Explain the biophysical processes working at molecular level.</li> <li>Answer the biological questions of macromolecular folding and interactions</li> <li>Understand the molecular processes behind locomotion, neuronal signaling and vision.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Section A         Introduction to protein structure: Physical and chemical properties of amino acids and polypeptides, secondary, super secondary, tertiary and quaternary structure of proteins, Helix-coil transition, and Ramachandran plot. Protein structure determination: Isolation and purification of proteins, Methods for determination of size of proteins, Basic principles of X-ray diffraction studies, Phase determination, Calculation and interpretation of electron density map, Electron crystallography of proteins.     </li> <li>Section B         Protein secondary structure prediction methods: Chou and Fasman, Garnier-Osguthorpe-Robson.Classification of three-dimensional structures in Protein Data Bank (HSSP, SCOP, FSSP, CATH).     </li> <li>Section C         Nucleic acid structure: Nucleic acid conformation, A-DNA, B-DNA, Z-DNA and C-DNA, their geometrical and structural features, RNA secondary and tertiary structures, idea about local doublet parameters.Molecular interactions: Protein-Protein interactions, Protein-DNA interactions. Forces that stabilize bimolecular structure.     </li> <li>Books Recommended:</li> <li>Principles of Biochemistry-Lehninger.</li> <li>Biochemistry-Stryer.</li> <li>Biophysical Chemistry-Cantor and Schimmel.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Section A</li> <li>Introduction to protein structure: Physical and chemical properties of amino acids and polypeptides, secondary, super secondary, tertiary and quaternary structure of proteins, Helix-coil transition, and Ramachandran plot.</li> <li>Protein structure determination: Isolation and purification of proteins, Methods for determination of size of proteins, Basic principles of X-ray diffraction studies, Phase determination, Calculation and interpretation of electron density map, Electron crystallography of proteins.</li> <li>Section B</li> <li>Protein secondary structure prediction methods: Chou and Fasman, Garnier-Osguthorpe-Robson.</li> <li>Classification of three-dimensional structure of protein: Prediction of structural classes, motifs, folds and domains, classification of three-dimensional structures in Protein Data Bank (HSSP, SCOP, FSSP, CATH).</li> <li>Section C</li> <li>Nucleic acid structure: Nucleic acid conformation, A-DNA, B-DNA, Z-DNA and C-DNA, their geometrical and structural features.</li> <li>RNA secondary and tertiary structures, idea about local doublet parameters.</li> <li>Molecular interactions: Protein-protein interactions, protein-DNA interactions, techniques for the studies of these interactions. Forces that stabilize bimolecular structure.</li> <li>Suggested Books:</li> <li>Berg, J. M., Tymoczko, J. L., Stryer, L., &amp; Stryer, L. (2002). <i>Biochemistry</i>. New York: W.H. Freeman.</li> <li>Cantor, C. R., &amp; Schimmel, P. R. (1980). <i>Biophysical</i></li> </ul>	Typographical corrections only

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Practical Biochemistry-Wilson and Walker.	Chemistry Part I: The Conformation of Biological	
			➢ Bioinformatics −Sequence and Genome analysis-	Macromolecules. New York: W. H. Freeman & Company.	
			David W. mount.	Gu, J., & Bourne, P. E. (2011). Structural Bioinformatics.	
			Structural Bioinformatics-Philip E.Bourne and Helge	Chicester: Wiley.	
			Weissig	Hoffmann, A., Clokie, S., Wilson, K., & Walker, J. M.	
				(2018). Wilson and Walker's Principles and Techniques of	
				Biochemistry and Molecular Biology: Principles and	
				Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology.	
				Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. ➤ Lehninger, A. L., Nelson, D. L., & Cox, M. M.	
				(2000). Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry. New York:	
				Worth Publishers.	
				Mount, D. W., & Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press.	
				(2006). Bioinformatics: Sequence and Genome analysis.	
				Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory	
				Press.	
				Suggested e-Resources:	
				> Chou-Fasman Method for protein secondary structure	
				prediction	
				https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/fd8c/c95aec2d7af19ed28eea	
				3688b3c231d0e745.pdf	
				Homology modeling https://www.instructures.com/Madaling/homology	
				https://proteinstructures.com/Modeling/homology- modeling.html	
				<ul> <li>Essential bioinformatics</li> </ul>	
				http://www.aun.edu.eg/molecular_biology/Procedure%20Bi	
				oinformatics22.23-4-2015/Xiong%20-	
				%20Essential%20Bioinformatics%20send%20by%20Amira.	
				pdf	
				Protein protein interaction	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103017/pdf/lecture%2020.pdf	
4)	BIO 501	After successful		Section A	Typographical
	Bioentrepreneu	completion of the	Entrepreneurship: meaning and definition; fundamentals		corrections only
	rship	course, students	of entrepreneurship; development of entrepreneurship	entrepreneurship; development of entrepreneurship through	
		should be able to:	through training, achievement motivation training- theory	training, achievement motivation training- theory and	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes		Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		<ul> <li>Comprehend fundamental concepts of entrepreneurship</li> <li>Identify and utilize various schemes promoting entrepreneurship</li> <li>Develop skills to convert a viable idea into start ups</li> </ul>	and concept, Kakinada experiment: developing achievement motivation, experiential exercises, scoring and coding; Entrepreneurship in area of Biotechnology; MSMEs: definition, role in India's Economic development, regulations covering MSMEs, sources of information and non financial support, Incentives and benefits available to MSMEs entrepreneurs; schemes for women entrepreneurs, psychological stress encountered by women in the light of her dual role and managing it. <b>Section B</b> Business Opportunity sensing and idea generation, Idea Feasibility testing through market research, Developing Vision and Mission statements, Deciding the offering and identifying target market, Positioning the offering, Designing Sales Process, Marketing mix and promotional strategies, Maintaining and hiring team, Knowing Competitors; preparing revenue model up to break-even point, Projecting future moves of business, Product Road Map, writing a detailed Business Plan, Basics of finance & accounting, Raising Funds- banks, financial institutions, venture capitalists, angel investors, bootstrapping; Role of incubation entres <b>Section C</b> Role of Knowledge centres like universities and institutions and R & D; Role of Technology and Upgradation; Managing technology; Technology Transfer agencies; Business Crisis and its management; Ethical Entrepreneurship; Social Entrepreneurship; Use of IT in business administration, Available Software for better financial management; Setting an E-Business; Key Leadership and Management skills. <b>Books Recommended:</b>	<ul> <li>concept, Kakinada experiment: developing achievement motivation, experiential exercises, scoring and coding.</li> <li>Entrepreneurship in area of Biotechnology; MSMEs: definition, role in India's economic development, regulations covering MSMEs, sources of information and non financial support, Incentives and benefits available to MSMEs entrepreneurs.</li> <li>Schemes for women entrepreneurs, psychological stress encountered by women in the light of her dual role and managing it.</li> <li>Section B</li> <li>Business opportunity sensing and idea generation, idea feasibility testing through market research, Developing Vision and mission statements, deciding the offering and identifying target market, positioning the offering.</li> <li>Designing sales process, marketing mix and promotional strategies, maintaining and hiring team.</li> <li>Knowing competitors, preparing revenue model up to breakeven point, projecting future moves of business, product road map, writing a detailed business plan, basics of finance &amp; accounting.</li> <li>Raising funds: banks, financial institutions, venture capitalists, angel investors, bootstrapping; role of incubation centres</li> <li>Section C</li> <li>Role of knowledge centres like universities and institutions and R &amp; D, role of technology and upgradation, managing technology transfer, regulation for transfer of foreign technology, technology transfer agencies.</li> <li>Business crisis and its management, ethical entrepreneurship, social entrepreneurship, use of IT in business administration, available software for better financial management skills.</li> <li>Suggested Books:</li> <li>Barringer, B. R., &amp; Ireland, R. D. (2019). Entrepreneurship:</li> </ul>	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			<ul> <li>Jain P.C.: Hand book for new entrepreneurs: Oxford University Press.</li> <li>Lalitha D. Rani : Women Entrepreneurs, A.P.H. Publishing Corporation.</li> <li>Drucker Peter F : Innovation and Entrepreneurship, New Delhi Heineman, UBSPD</li> <li>David Holt : Entrepreneurship and New Venture Creation, Prentice Hall of India.</li> <li>Other Suggested readings apart from text books include motivational titles in air for instance, The Goal, Rich Dad Poor Dad, Count you Chicken Before they Hatch, The Winning, A Monk who sold his Ferrari, Stay Hungry Stay Foolish, 60 Keys to Success etc.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pearson Education</li> <li>Drucker, P. F. (2015). Innovation and entrepreneurship: Practice and principles. London: Routledge.</li> <li>Holt, D. H. (1992). Entrepreneurship: New venture creation. Englewood Cliffs, N.J: Prentice Hall.</li> <li>Jain, P. C. (1998). Handbook for new entrepreneurs. New Delhi, India: Oxford University Press.</li> <li>Schaper, M., &amp; Schaper, M. (2014). Entrepreneurship and small business. Milton, Qld: John Wiley and Sons Australia.</li> <li>Suggested e-Resources:</li> <li>Start up and Technology news https://techcrunch.com/</li> <li>Demo events http://www.demo.com/ehome/DEMO/home/</li> <li>Entrepreunership in biotechnology http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewdoc/download?doi=10.1.1.4</li> </ul>	
5)	BIO 502	After successful	Section-A	63.4354&rep=rep1&type=pdf Section-A	Typographical
3)	Cancer Biology	<ul> <li>Anter successful completion of the course, students should be able to:</li> <li>Explain mechanisms leading to cancer</li> <li>Identify sources of cancer causing agents</li> <li>Understand various therapies involved in cancer treatment</li> </ul>	Basics of cancer biology, Cancer incidence and mortality, Cancer as a cellular disease, Tumor growth kinetics. Different forms of cancers, Diet and cancer. Regulation of cell cycle, Modulation of cell cycle in cancer. Oncogenes and tumor suppressor genes. Aberrant cell signaling in cancer, anti-apoptotic mechanisms for survival of cancer cells <b>Section-B</b> Environmental carcinogens, carcinogen metabolism. Chemical carcinogenesis, Targets of chemical carcinogenesis, initiation, promotion, and progression. Radiation induced carcinogenesis. Animal models of cancer research, athymic nude mice, syngeneic mouse model, transgenic mouse model <b>Section-C</b> Molecular mechanisms of tumor angiogenesis. Cancer	<ul> <li>Basics of cancer biology, cancer incidence and mortality, cancer as a cellular disease, tumor growth kinetics.</li> <li>Different forms of cancers, diet and cancer. Regulation of cell cycle, modulation of cell cycle in cancer.</li> <li>Oncogenes and tumor suppressor genes. Aberrant cell</li> </ul>	corrections only

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	<ul> <li>Existing Syllabus</li> <li>invasion and metastasis. Concept of stem cells in cancer. Advances in cancer detection. Different forms of therapy: chemotherapy, radiotherapy, and surgery. Chemoprevention of cancer.</li> <li>Books Recommended:</li> <li>Biology of Cancer by Robert Weinberg</li> <li>Cancer Biology, R.J.B. King</li> <li>Cancer Biology, R.W. Ruddon</li> <li>Molecular Biology of Human Cancers, W. A. Schulz</li> <li>Molecular Biology of Cancer, F. Macdonald, C.H.J. Ford, and A.G. Casson</li> <li>Chemoprevention of cancer and DNA damage by dietary factors, S. Knasmuller, D. M. DeMarini, I.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Suggested Syllabus <ul> <li>invasion and metastasis.</li> <li>Concept of stem cells in cancer, advances in cancer detection. Different forms of therapy: chemotherapy, radiotherapy, and surgery.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Suggested Books: <ul> <li>King, R., &amp; Robins, M. (2006). <i>Cancer biology</i>. Harlow, England: Pearson/Prentice Hall.</li> <li>Macdonald, F., Ford, C. H. J., &amp; Casson, A. G. (2004). <i>Molecular biology of cancer</i>. London: BIOS Scientific Publishers.</li> <li>Ruddon, R. W. (1995). <i>Cancer biology</i>. New York: Oxford University Press.</li> <li>Weinberg, R. A. (2007). <i>The biology of cancer</i>. New York:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Remarks
			Johnson, and C. Gerhauser.	<ul> <li>Garland Science.</li> <li>Suggested e-Resources:</li> <li>Types of cancer https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104103068/pdf/M4.pdf</li> <li>Carcinogenes http://www.prc.cnrs.fr/IMG/pdf/cmr-criteria-clp.pdf https://www.ilo.org/legacy/english/protection/safework/ghs/ ghsfinal/ghsc10.pdf</li> <li>Cancer Therapy https://www.aafp.org/afp/2008/0201/p311.pdf</li> </ul>	
6)	<b>BT 510</b> Environmental Biotechnology	<ul> <li>After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:</li> <li>Understand sources and role of environmental contaminants</li> <li>Demonstrate various techniques involved in</li> </ul>	Section A Definition and Scope of Environmental Biotechnology; Environmental Pollution; Types, Causes and Effects of Soil, air, water, oil and heavy metal. Pollution, control measures. Social Issues- Green House Gases, Global Warming, Acid Rain, Ozone depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Purification of waste water; Aerobic and anaerobic treatments; Laboratory methods for the detection of coli form organisms in water; Water recycling methods; Management of radioactive pollutants in water, VOC, COD BOD and BOD sensors.	<ul> <li>Section A</li> <li>Definition and scope of environmental biotechnology, environmental pollution: Types, causes and effects on soil, air, water.</li> <li>Control measures of pollution, social issues: Green house gases, global warming, acid rain, ozone depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust.</li> <li>Purification of waste water: Aerobic and anaerobic treatments, laboratory methods for the detection of coliform organisms in water.</li> <li>Water recycling methods, management of radioactive pollutants in water, VOC, COD BOD and BOD sensors.</li> </ul>	Typographical corrections only

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		bioremediation	Section B	Section B	
		<ul> <li>Develop understanding of generation of energy from waste</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Molecular biology tools for Environmental management, rDNA technology in waste treatment, Genetically modified organisms in Waste management, Genetic Sensors, Metagenomics, Bioprospecting, Nanoscience in Environmental management, Phytoremediation for heavy metal pollution, Biosensors development to monitor pollution. Biomass waste as renewable source of energy, Cellulose and Hemi cellulose as source of energy Biocomposting, Vermiculture, Biofertilizers, Organic farming, Biofuels, Biomineralization, Bioethanol and Biohydrogen,</li> <li>Section C</li> <li>Bioelectricity through microbial fuel cell, Conversion of Solid Waste to Methane; Biogas production, Management of Sludge and Solid waste treatment- Land filling, lagooning, Ecofriendly agriculture. Definition, Types- Ex situ and In situ Bioremediation; genetically Engineered Microbes for Bioremediation; Bioremediation of Ground Water; Biodegradation of Hydrocarbons, Pesticides, Herbicides, Insecticides and Xenobiotics.</li> <li>Books Recommended:</li> <li>Indu shekhar Thakur, 2006. Environmental Biotechnology-Basic concepts and Applications.</li> <li>Foster C.F; Johnware D.A, 1987. Environmental Biotechnology.Ellis Harwood Ltd.</li> <li>Chakraborty K.D. Omen G.S. Biotechnology and Bio degradation, Advances in Applied Biotechnology series, Vol. 1, Gulf Publications Co. London 1989.</li> <li>Organic farming BY Dr. Sharma</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Molecular biology tools for environmental management, rDNA technology in waste treatment, genetically modified organisms in Waste management, genetic sensors, metagenomics, bioprospecting, nanoscience in environmental management.</li> <li>Phytoremediation for heavy metal pollution, biosensors development to monitor pollution.</li> <li>Biomass waste as renewable source of energy, cellulose and hemi cellulose as source of energy, biocomposting, vermiculture, biofertilizers, organic farming, biofuels, biomineralization.</li> <li>Section C</li> <li>Bioelectricity through microbial fuel cell, Conversion of Solid Waste to Methane.</li> <li>Biogas production, management of sludge and solid waste treatment: Land filling, lagooning, ecofriendly agriculture.</li> <li><i>Ex situ</i> and <i>in situ</i> bioremediation, genetically engineered microbes for bioremediation, bioremediation of ground water, biodegradation of hydrocarbons, pesticides, herbicides, insecticides and xenobiotics.</li> <li>Suggested Books:</li> <li>Jogdand, S. N. (2010). <i>Environmental Biotechnology (Industrial pollution management)</i> (3rd ed.). Mumbai, India: Himalaya Publishing House.</li> <li>Metcalf &amp; Eddy. (Ed.). (1991). <i>Wastewater Engineering Treatment Disposal and Reuse</i> (3rd Edition). New Delhi, India: Tata McGraw Hill Edition.</li> <li>Milton, W. (Ed.). (1999). <i>An Introduction to Environmental Biotechnology</i>. USA: Springerlink,</li> <li>Modi, P. N. (2015). <i>Sewage treatment &amp; disposal and waste water engineering</i>. New Delhi, India : Rajsons publications Pvt. Ltd.</li> </ul>	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		<b>a i i i i i i i i i i</b>		<ul> <li>Thakur, I. S. (2012). Enviromental Biotechnology: Basic concepts and Application (2nd ed.). New Delhi: I K International Publishing House.</li> <li>Tripathi, B. N., Shekhawat, G. S., &amp; Sharma, V. (Ed.). (2009). Applications of Biotechnology. Jaipur, India: Aavishkar publishers.</li> <li>Suggested e-Resources:</li> <li>Biological treatment of wastewater http://www.neoakruthi.com/blog/biological-treatment-of-wastewater.html</li> <li>Biogas http://www.biologydiscussion.com/biomass/production-of-biogas-from-biomass/10436</li> <li>Biofuel http://uru.ac.in/uruonlinelibrary/BioFuels/Biomass% 20and% 20biofuels.pdf</li> <li>Biosensor https://www.edgefx.in/biosensors-types-its-working-and-applications/</li> <li>Xenobiotic compound biodegradation http://www.biologydiscussion.com/microbiology- 2/bioremediation/xenobiotic-compounds-meaning-hazards-and-biodegradation/55625</li> </ul>	
7)	<b>BT 512</b> Food Biotechnology	<ul> <li>After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:</li> <li>Learn processing and preparation of various food products.</li> <li>Determine role of microbes in food spoilage and understand</li> </ul>	Section A Constituent of food – contribution to texture, flavour and organoleptic properties of food, food additives – intentional and non-intentional and their functions. Enzymes in food processing. Physical Properties of Foods-Rheological, Thermal, Aerodynamic, hydrodynamic and Electrical properties of food. Raw material characteristics, cleaning, sorting and grading of foods; physical conversion operations – mixing, emulsification, extraction, filtration, centrifugation, membrane separation, crystallization, heat processing, evaporation, dehydration. Dehydration-	<ul> <li>Section A</li> <li>Constituent of food – contribution to texture, flavour and organoleptic properties of food.</li> <li>Food additives – intentional and non-intentional and their functions.</li> </ul>	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes		Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		the various methods used for food preservation • Understand the scope of food biotechnology for future endeavors	<ul> <li>principles, Preparation of fruits and vegetables for dehydration Equipments used for drying with their principles, Packaging of Dried slices, Dices and powder.</li> <li>Section B</li> <li>Emerging technologies in food processing- High pressure processing of Foods, Pulsed electric field processing of Foods, Osmotic dehydration of Foods, Ohmic and Ultrasound Processing of Foods, Hurdle technology.</li> <li>Principles of food preservation; UHT, LTT, canning, frozen storage, irradiation, acidulants, salts and sugar. Factors leading to rancidity and reversion. Colloidal systems in food, stability of colloidal system. Bread and baked goods, dairy products milk processing, cheese, butter, vegetable fermentations, meat, poultry and fish products, sugar and distillation industries; Beverages wine, beer; food aroma compounds: microbial and enzymatic techniques.</li> <li>Section C</li> <li>Bread and baked goods, dairy products – milk processing, cheese, butter, ice-cream, vegetable and fruit products; edible oils and fats; meat, poultry and fish products; confectionery, beverages. Colloidal systems in food, stability of colloidal system. Types of Food Starches, Soluble Fibers: Pectin, Gums &amp;Mucilages.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>evaporation, dehydration.</li> <li>Dehydration- Dehydration principles, Preparation of fruits and vegetables for dehydration. Equipments used for drying with their principles, packaging of dried slices, dices and powder.</li> </ul>	The repetitive contents in the section B have been removed. The repetitive contents in the section C have been removed.
			<ul> <li>Popular oils and fats in foods- pulses, dairy products and vegetable oils. Factors leading to rancidity and reversion.</li> <li>Properties of granular food and powders.</li> <li>Books Recommended:</li> <li>Coultate T.P. Food – The chemistry of its components, 2nd ed., Royal society, London, 1992.</li> <li>Sivasankar B. Food processing and preservation, Prentice Hall of India Pvt.Ltd., New Delhi, 2002.</li> <li>Fennema O.R. ed. Principles of food science: Part I, Food chemistry, Marcel Dekker, New York, 1976.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Suggested Books:</li> <li>Adams, M. R., &amp; Moss, M. O. (2007). Food Microbiology. Royal Society of Chemistry.</li> <li>Banwart, G.J. (1989). Basic Food Microbiology. CBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi</li> <li>Frazier, W.C., &amp;Westhoff, D.C. (2003). Food Microbiology. Tata McGraw Hill, Inc., New York.</li> <li>Joshi, V. K., &amp;Pandey, A. (1999). Biotechnology: Food Fermentation. Asiatech Publishers Inc</li> </ul>	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			<ul> <li>Frazier W.C. and Westhoff D.C. Food Microbiology, 4th ed. McGram-Hill Book Co., New York, 1988.</li> <li>Brenner, J.G., Butters, J.R., Cowell, N.D. and Lilly, A.E.V. Food engineering operations, 2nd ed., Applied Sciences Pub.ltd., London,1979.</li> <li>Pyke, M. Food Science and Technology , 4th ed., John Murray, London, 1981</li> <li>Food Biotechnology. Ed. Kalidas Shetty, Gopinadhan Paliyath, Anthony Pometto and Robert E. Levin. Taylor and Francis</li> <li>Banwart, George. J., "Basic Food Microbiology," CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi.</li> <li>Nuri N. Mohsenin: Physical Properties of Plant and Animal Materials Gordon and Reach Science Publishers (1970)</li> <li>Nuri N. Mohsenin: Thermal Properties of Food &amp; Agricultutral materials Gordon and Reach Science Publishers (1970)</li> <li>Da-wen Sun: Emerging Technologies for Food Processing, Elsevier Academic PressMarcel Dekker Inc. NY (1995)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Robinson, R.K. (1990).<i>Dairy Microbiology</i>. Elsevier Applied Sciences, London.</li> <li>Suggested e-Resources:</li> <li>Quality control of food detection system https://www.engineersgarage.com/Contribution/Arduino- based-Smart-IoT-Food-Quality-Monitoring-System</li> <li>Food Preservation https://sciencesamhita.com/methods-of-food-preservation/</li> </ul>	
8)	BT 517	After successful	Section A	Section A	Typographical
	Medical Biotechnology	<ul> <li>completion of the course, students should be able to:</li> <li>Understand various in utero diagnostic techniques</li> <li>Identify gene therapy techniques used for the treatment of diseases</li> <li>Comprehend the</li> </ul>	Prenatal diagnosis - Invasive techniques - Amniocentesis, Fetoscopy, Chorionic Villi Sampling (CVS), Noninvasive techniques - Ultrasonography, X-ray, TIFA, maternal serum and fetal cells in maternal blood. Diagnosis using protein and enzyme markers, monoclonal antibodies. DNA/RNA based diagnosis Hepatitis, HIV - CD 4 receptor. Microarray technology- genomic and cDNA arrays, application to diseases. <b>Section B</b> Clinical management and Metabolic manipulation – PKU, Familial Hypercholesterolemia, Rickets, ADA, Congenital hypothyroidism. Gene therapy - Ex-vivo,	<ul> <li>fetoscopy, chorionic villi sampling (CVS).</li> <li>Noninvasive techniques: Ultrasonography, X-ray, TIFA, maternal serum and fetal cells in maternal blood.</li> </ul>	corrections only

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<u>S. No.</u>	Course List	Learning Outcomes applications of embryonic stem cells	<ul> <li>Existing Syllabus</li> <li>Invivo, Insitu gene therapy, Stratagies of gene therapy: gene augmentation</li> <li>Section C</li> <li>Vectors used in gene therapy Biological vectors – retrovirus, adenoviruses, Herpes Synthetic vectors–liposomes, receptor mediated gene transfer. Gene therapy trials – Familial Hypercholesterolemia, Cystic Fibrosis, Solid tumors. Properties and application of embryonic stem cells and its potential, Nanomedicine.</li> <li>Books Recommended:</li> <li>Diagnostic and Therapeutic Antibodies (Methods in Molecular Medicine by Andrew J.T. George (Editor), Catherine E. Urch (Editor) Publisher: Humana Press; edition (2000)</li> <li>Molecular Diagnosis of Infectious Diseases (Methods in Molecular Medicine) by Jochen Decker, U. Reischl Amazon</li> <li>Human Molecular Genetics by T. Strachan, Andrew Read Amazon Sales Rank:</li> <li>Principles of Biostatistics by Marcello Pagano , Kimberlee Gauvreau</li> <li>Essentials of Epidemiology in Public Health, Second Edition by Ann Aschengrau , George R., III Seage</li> <li>Stem Cells: From Bench to Bedside- Ariff Bongso, Eng Hin Lee.</li> <li>Stem Cells-C S Potten.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Gene therapy: Ex-vivo, in vivo, in situ gene therapy, strategies of gene therapy, gene augmentation</li> <li>Section C</li> <li>Vectors used in gene therapy: retrovirus, adenoviruses, herpes synthetic vectors, liposomes, receptor mediated gene transfer.</li> <li>Gene therapy trials, familial hypercholesterolemia, cystic fibrosis, solid tumors.</li> <li>Properties and application of embryonic stem cells and its potential, nanomedicine.</li> <li>Suggested Books:</li> <li>Aschengrau, A., &amp; Seage, G. R. (2014). Essentials of epidemiology in public health.</li> <li>Bongso, Ariff. &amp; Lee, Eng Hin. (2005). Stem cells : from bench to bedside. Singapore : World Scientific Publishing</li> <li>George, A. J., &amp; Urch, C. E. (Eds.). (2000). Diagnostic and therapeutic antibodies (Vol. 40). Springer Science &amp; Business Media.</li> <li>Pagano, M., &amp; Gauvreau, K. (2000). Principles of biostatistics. Australia: Duxbury.</li> <li>Strachan, T., Read, A. P., &amp; Strachan, T. (2011). Human molecular genetics. New York: Garland Science</li> </ul>	Remarks
9)	BT 519	After successful	Section A	Section A	Typographical changes

S. No. Course List	Learning Outcomes		Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
Nanobiotech	I I	Nanoscale and nanobiotechnology: Introduction to	87	only
logy	course, students	Nanoscience and Nanotechnology; Milestones in	nanoscience and nanotechnology, milestones in	
	should be able to:	Nanotechnology; Overview of Nanobiotechnology and	nanotechnology, overview of nanobiotechnology and	
	• Understand the	Nanoscale processes; Physicochemical properties of	1	
	fundamental	materials in Nanoscales. Fabrication and characterization	• Physicochemical properties of materials in nanoscales.	
	concepts of nanobiotechnolo	of nanomaterials: Types of Nanomaterials (Quantum dots, Nanoparticles, Nanocrystals, Dendrimers,	Fabrication and characterization of nanomaterials: Types of	
	gy	Buckyballs, Nanotubes); Gas, liquid, and solid –phase	nanomaterials (quantum dots, nanoparticles, nanocrystals, dendrimers, buckyballs, nanotubes).	
	• Apply	synthesis of nanomaterials.	<ul> <li>.Gas, liquid, and solid –phase synthesis of nanomaterials.</li> </ul>	
	engineering	Section B	Section B	
	concepts to the	Lithography techniques (Photolithography, Dip-pen and	• Lithography techniques (photolithography, dip-pen and	
	nano-scale	Electron beam lithography); Thin film deposition;	electron beam lithography, Thin film deposition,	
	domain and	Electrospinning. Bio-synthesis of nanomaterials.	Electrospinning.	
	design	Properties and measurement of nanomaterials: Optical	• Bio-synthesis of nanomaterials, properties and measurement	
	processing	Properties: Absorption, Fluorescence, and Resonance;	of nanomaterials, optical properties: absorption,	
	conditions	Methods for the measurement of nanomaterials;	fluorescence, and resonance.	
	• Plan research	Microscopy measurements: SEM, TEM, AFM and STM.	• Methods for the measurement of nanomaterials, microscopy	
	career in	Confocal and TIRF imaging. Nanobiology and	measurements: SEM, TEM, AFM and STM, confocal and	
	institute working	bioconjugation of nanomaterials: Properties of DNA and motor proteins; Lessons from nature on making	TIRF imaging.	
	On man all is to all mails	nanodevices; Reactive groups on biomolecules (DNA &	• Nanobiology and bioconjugation of nanomaterials:	
	nanobiotechnolo	Proteins).	Properties of DNA and motor proteins, Lessons from nature	
	gу		on making nanodevices, reactive groups on biomolecules	
		Section C	(DNA & Proteins).	
		Surface modification and conjugation to nanomaterials.	Section C	
		Fabrication and application of DNA nanowires;	• Surface modification and conjugation to nanomaterials.	
		Nanofluidics to solve biological problems. Nano drug	Fabrication and application of DNA nanowires.	
		delivery and nanomedicine: Properties of nanocarriers;	<ul> <li>Nanofluidics to solve biological problems.</li> <li>Nano drug delivery and nanomedicine: Properties of</li> </ul>	
		drug delivery systems used in nanomedicine; Enhanced	• Nano drug delivery and nanomedicine: Properties of nanocarriers, drug delivery systems used in nanomedicine,	
		Permeability and Retention effect; Blood-brain barrier;	enhanced permeability and retention effect, blood-brain	
		Active and passive targeting of diseased cells; Health and	barrier, active and passive targeting of diseased cells, health	
		environmental impacts of nanotechnology.	and environmental impacts of nanotechnology.	
		Books Recommended:	Suggested Books:	
		<ul> <li>➢ Nanobiotechnology: Concepts, Applications and</li> </ul>	Bhattacharya, S. (2013). Introduction to nanotechnology.	
		runoolocennology. concepts, Applications and	New Delhi: Wisdom Press.	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Perspectives, Christof M. Niemeyer (Editor), Chad A. Mirkin (Editor), Wiley-VCH; 1 edition, 2004.	<ul> <li>Bhushan, B. (2017). Springer Handbook of Nanotechnology. Berlin, Heidelberg: Springer Berlin Heidelberg.</li> <li>Di, V. M. (2008). Introduction to nanoscale science and technology. New York, NY: Springer.</li> <li>Wilson, M. (2004). Nanotechnology: Basic science and emerging technologies. Boca Raton: Chapman &amp; Hall/CRC.</li> <li>Suggested e-Resources:</li> <li>Nanofluidic devices https://aip.scitation.org/doi/pdf/10.1063/1.4794973?class=pd f</li> <li>Quantam dot file:///C:/Users/all/Downloads/9783642449093-c2.pdf</li> <li>Preparation of Nanomaterial https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103103033/module9/lecture2.pdf</li> <li>Nanodrug delivery system http://cdn.intechopen.com/pdfs/40262/InTech- Nanotechnology_in_drug_delivery.pdf http://iapc-obp.com/assets/files/883189NBDD.pdf</li> </ul>	
10)	<b>BT 511</b> Enzyme Technology	<ul> <li>After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:</li> <li>Describe structure, functions and the mechanisms of action of enzymes</li> <li>Get exposure of wide applications of enzymes and their future potential</li> <li>Describe</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Section A</li> <li>Introduction to enzymes, Classification, Sources, Mechanism of enzyme action. Strategies of purification of enzymes, criteria of purity, molecular weight determination and characterization of enzymes. Methods for investigating the kinetics of Enzyme catalysed reactions – Initial velocity Studies, Estimation of Michaelis Menten parameters, Effect of pH and temperature on enzyme activity, Modeling of rate equations for single and multiple substrate reactions.</li> <li>Section B</li> <li>Kinetics of enzyme immobilization; kinetics of immobilized enzymes, effect of solute, Partition &amp; diffusion on the kinetics of immobilized enzymes, design</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Section A</li> <li>Introduction to enzymes, classification, sources, mechanism of enzyme action.</li> <li>Strategies of purification of enzymes, criteria of purity, molecular weight determination and characterization of enzymes.</li> <li>Methods for investigating the kinetics of enzyme catalysed reactions – initial velocity studies, estimation of Michaelis Menten parameters, effect of pH and temperature on enzyme activity, modeling of rate equations for single and multiple substrate reactions.</li> <li>Section B</li> <li>Kinetics of inhibition: Reversible Inhibitors, tight Binding Inhibitors, time-Dependent Inhibition.</li> <li>Techniques of enzyme immobilization, kinetics of immobilized enzymes, effect of solute, partition &amp; diffusion on the kinetics of immobilized enzymes, design and</li> </ul>	Typographical corrections only

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes		Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		methods for enzyme mediated production of drugs, fine chemicals and other industrial intermediates	and configuration of immobilized enzyme reactors, applications of immobilized enzyme technology, Economic argument for immobilization. Functional group interconversion using enzymes (hydrolysis reaction, oxidation/reduction reactions, C-C bond formations). Cooperativity in Enzyme Catalysis. <b>Section C</b> Reaction engineering for enzyme-catalyzed biotransformations. Catalytic antibodies. Biocatalysts from extreme Thermophilic and Hyperthermophilic microorganisms (extremozymes). The design and construction of novel enzymes, artificial enzymes, Biotransformation of drugs (hydroxylation of Steroids), Host Guest Complexation chemistry, enzyme design using steroid templates, enzymes for production of drugs, fine chemicals and chiral intermediates. Enzymes of biological importance- Acetylcholinesterase, angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE), ACE Inhibitors, HMG Co A reductase inhibitors, pseudocholinesterase, 5- nucleotidase(5NT) and glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase(GPD).	<ul> <li>configuration of immobilized enzyme reactors, applications of immobilized enzyme technology, Economic argument for immobilization.</li> <li>Functional group interconversion using enzymes (hydrolysis reaction, oxidation/reduction reactions, C-C bond formations). Cooperativity in enzyme catalysis</li> <li>Section C</li> <li>Reaction engineering for enzyme-catalyzed biotransformations. Catalytic antibodies.</li> <li>Biocatalysts from extreme thermophilic and hyperthermophilic microorganisms (extremozymes).</li> <li>The design and construction of novel enzymes, artificial enzymes</li> <li>Biotransformation of drugs (hydroxylation of Steroids), host guest complexation chemistry, enzyme design using steroid templates, enzymes for production of drugs, fine chemicals and chiral intermediates.</li> <li>Enzymes of biological importance: Acetylcholinesterase, angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE), ACE Inhibitors, HMG Co A reductase inhibitors, pseudocholinesterase, 5-nucleotidase (5NT) and glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>Books Recommended:</li> <li>Blanch, H.W., Clark, D.S. "Biochemical Engineering." Marcel Dekker, 1997.</li> <li>Lee, James M. "Biochemical Engineering." PHI, 1982.</li> <li>Bailey J.E. &amp; Ollis, D.F. "Biochemical Engineering Fundamentals." 2nd Edition. McGraw Hill, 1986.</li> <li>Faber, Kurt "Biotransformations in Organic Chemistry : A Textbook." 5th Edition. Springer, 2008.</li> <li>Palmer, Trevor. "Enzymes : Biochemistry, Biotechnology, Clinical Chemistry." 2nd Edition, East West Press, 2008.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(GPD).</li> <li>Suggested Books:</li> <li>Bhaskar, A., Vidhya, V. G. (2014). Enzyme Technology. India: Mjp Publishers.</li> <li>Copeland, R. A. (2000). Enzymes: A Practical Introduction to Structure, Mechanism, and Data Analysis. USA: John Wiley &amp; Sons.</li> <li>Devasena, T. (2010). Enzymology (3rd ed.). UK: Oxford University Press.</li> <li>Meena, M., &amp; Chauhan, D. (2009). Fundamentals of Enzymology. Jaipur, India: Aavishkar publishers.</li> <li>Palmer, T., &amp; Bonner, P. (2008). Enzymes: Biochemistry, Biotechnology, Clinical Chemistry (2nd ed.). India: East West Publications.</li> </ul>	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes		Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Robert A. Copeland. "A Practical Introduction to Structure, Mechanosm, and Data Analysis." Second Edition, John Wiley & Sons Inc. Publication, 2000.	<ul> <li>Scopes, R. K. (2013). Protein Purification: Principles and Practice (3rd ed.). USA: Springer.</li> <li>Suggested e-Resources:</li> <li>Factors affecting rate of chemical reaction https://www.adichemistry.com/physical/kinetics/factors/fac tors-affecting-rate-reaction.html</li> <li>Extraction and purification of enzyme http://chemsites.chem.rutgers.edu/~kyc/Teaching/Files/543 -05/09%20544-10%20ppt.pdf</li> <li>Catalytic antibodies https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104103018/28</li> </ul>	
11)	BT 516 Immunotechno logy	<ul> <li>After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:</li> <li>Compare and describe the different components of immune system and their functions.</li> <li>Demonstrate and understand the principle techniques used for disease diagnostics.</li> <li>Apply the knowledge of disease resistance and gene therapy in clinical research.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Section A Concept of immunity, cells and organs involved in the immune system, clonal selection theory, ubiquity of innate immunity, antigens, basic structure of antibodies, complementarity determining regions (CDRs) and antigenic determinants, multigene organization of Ig genes, assembly of TCR genes, antibody diversity and its generation</li> <li>Section B Antibody engineering, general organization and immune responsiveness of MHC, roles of APCs, components of immune effector mechanism (cytokines, chemokines, T cells and NKs), antigen antibody interactions and their diagnosis methods: cross reactivity, surface plasmon response (SPR), RIA, ELISA, western blotting, immunoprecipitation, immunofluorescence, flow cytometry, immunoelectron microscopy,</li> <li>Section C Mechanism of self tolerance and autoimmunity hypersensitivity, designing of vaccines, primary and secondary immunodeficiency, cancer immunotherapy, general and specific immunosuppressive therapy, hybridoma technology, SCID mice, SCID- human mice,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Section A</li> <li>Concept of immunity, cells and organs involved in the immune system, clonal selection theory, ubiquity of innate immunity.</li> <li>Antigens, basic structure of antibodies, complementarity determining regions (CDRs) and antigenic determinants.</li> <li>Multigene organization of Ig genes, assembly of TCR genes, antibody diversity and its generation</li> <li>Section B</li> <li>Antibody engineering, general organization and immune responsiveness of MHC, roles of APCs.</li> <li>Components of immune effector mechanism (cytokines, chemokines, T cells and NKs).</li> <li>Antigen antibody interactions and their diagnosis methods: cross reactivity, surface plasmon response (SPR), RIA, ELISA, western blotting, immunoprecipitation, immunofluorescence, flow cytometry, immunoelectron microscopy,</li> <li>Section C</li> <li>Mechanism of self tolerance and autoimmunity, hypersensitivity.</li> <li>Designing of vaccines, primary and secondary immunodeficiency, cancer immunotherapy.</li> </ul>	Typographical corrections only

Image: State of the second	S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
Reading Electives-1 &II to be offered in III & IV Semester         1)       BHO6041 Biodiversity and Conservation       Att         1)       BHO60421 Biodiversity and Conservation       Atter=secessful compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity and compchend biodiversity a				technology for separation or identification of antigen	technology, SCID mice, SCID- human mice, technology for	
Reading Electives-1 &III to be offered in III & IV Semester         1)       BIO 6014 BIO 6014 Biodiversity and Conservation       After — successful conservation       After — successful biodiversity and competion — fit as and management: specifie s winction (fock), escion filed/wersity. Filed/wersity       After — successful biodiversity, comprehend weystor marama Specifies a stingtion of biodiversity.       After — successful biodiversity. Biodiversity.       After — successful biodiversity.       After — successful biodiversity.       After — successful biodiversity.       This is removed and replaced diversity. Section After — successful biodiversity. Section After — successful biodiversity.       This is removed and replaced diversity. Section After — successful biodiversity.					separation or identification of antigen.	
Image: Section 2       Octoorne, Publisher Sara Tenney, 2007       and Molecular Immunolog(9 th ed.), Elsevier.         Image: Section 2       Immunology and Immunotechnology by Ashim K Chakravarty, Oxford University Press, 2006.       Delves, P. J., Martin, S. J., Burton, D. R., & Roit, I. M. (2006). Roit's Essential Immunology, (11th ed.). Wiley- Blackwell.         Image: Section 2       Janeway's Immunobiology (seventh edition) by Kenneth Murphy, Paul Travers , Mark Walport, Publisher Garand Science Taylor and Francis, 2008.       Punt, J., Stranford, S., Jones, P., & Owen, J. (2018). Kuby Immunology (the dub.). Wiley- Blackwell.         Image: Section 2       The elements of Immunology of Paint Halim Khan, Publisher Pearson education, 2009.       Tizard, I. R. (1995). Immunology. Tizard, I. R. (1995). Immunology. Hups://ocw.mit.edu/courses/health-sciences-and- technology/hist-176-cellular-and-molecular-immunology. fail-2005/lecture-notes/       Suggested e-Resources: Suggested e-Resources: Suggested e-Resources: Suggested e-Resources/102103038/download/module2.pdf         1)       BiO 60HR Biodiversity and Conservation       After — successful science- and facts: ceological diversity, organism should be albeitor. Stoid versity, G. d, and Bi; genetic diversity, Megitude and should versity. Competion of biodiversity. Section A       Concert and facts: ceological diversity, organism www.sto.mammi Species e-stinetion (flocal, eeological, biological, Species e-				Books Recommended:		
Reading Electives-I &II to be offered in III & IV Semester         1)       Biodiversity Biodiversity and Conservation       After successful competion of biodiversity. Conservation       After successful competion of biodiversity. Conservation       After successful competion of biodiversity. Conservation       After successful competion of biodiversity. Conservation       This is removed and after successful biodiversity. Conservation       This is removed and after biodiversity. Conservation       This is removed and after biodiversity. Cons						
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Publisher Pearson education, 2009.       Philadelphia: Saunders College Publishing.         Suggested e-Resources:       > Cellular and Molecular Immunology         Network:       Publisher Pearson education, 2009.       Philadelphia: Saunders College Publishing.         Suggested e-Resources:       > Cellular and Molecular Immunology         https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/health-sciences-and-technology/hst176-cellular-and-molecular-immunology.       Philadelphia: Saunders College Publishing.         Network:       Publisher Pearson education, 2009.       Philadelphia: Saunders College Publishing.         Network:       Publisher Pearson education, 2009.       Publisher Pearson education, 2009.         Reading Electives-I & U to be offered in III & IV Semester       Publisher Pearson education, 2009.       Publisher Pearson education, 2009.         Network:       After successful competion of the oncept and biodiversity       Section A       Section A         Conservation       Should be able to: - Understand the oncept and facts: ceological diversity. Magnitude and distribution. Hot spots of biodiversity. Magnitude and distribution. Hot spots of biodiversity. Section B       This is removed and replaced diversity.         Network:       Section B       Species extinction (local, ecological, biological, species extinction (local, ecological, biological,						
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Reading Electives-1 &II to be offered in III & IV Semester         1)       BIO-601R Biodiversity and Conservation       After—succeseful competion of the biodiversity.       Section A Conservation         1)       BIO-601R Biodiversity and conservation       After—succeseful concept and facts: ecological diversity. Section B ways to maname biodiversity and       Section A biodiversity. Section B       This is removed and replaced with relevant replaced withrelay. Section B				Publisher Pearson education, 2009.		
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Reading Electives-I &II to be offered in III & IV Semester         1)       BIO-601R Biodiversity and Conservation       After successful course, students biodiversity, Ga, and a); genetic diversity, organism diversity, (á, a, and a); genetic diversity, Magnitude and distribution. Hot spots of biodiversity. Biodiversity, Concepts of biodiversity, Concepts of biodiversity, Concepts of biodiversity, Section B Threats and management: biodiversity and       This is removed and replaced with relevan reading elective paper						
Reading Electives-I &II to be offered in III & IV Semester         1)       Biodiversity and Conservation       After — successful completion of the eourse, students should be able to: - Understand the eoncepts of biodiversity.       Section A General Account: Concept and facts: ecological diversity; organism diversity (á, â, and ã); genetic diversity. India's biodiversity.       This is removed and replaced with relevan reading elective biodiversity.         - Understand the eoncepts of biodiversity.       Comprehend distribution. Hot spots of biodiversity. Generation of biodiversity.       India's biodiversity.       India's biodiversity.         - Comprehend ways to manama biodiversity and       Section B Threats and management: Species extinction (local, ecological, biological, biological, biological,       biological, biological,       biological, biological,						
Reading Electives-I &II to be offered in III & IV Semester         1)       BIO-601R         Biodiversity and Conservation       After—successful completion of the eoncepts of biodiversity.       Section A General Account: Concept and facts: ecological diversity; organism diversity. (á, â, and ã); genetic diversity.       Indextand the eoncepts of biodiversity.       This is removed and replaced with relevan reading elective paper         Pression       Concept and facts: ecological diversity; organism diversity. (á, â, and ã); genetic diversity.       Indextand the eoncepts of biodiversity.       This is removed and reading elective paper         • Understand the eoncepts of biodiversity and       Concept and facts: ecological diversity.       India's biodiversity.       India's biodiversity.         • Comprehend ways to manama biodiversity and       Section B Threats and management: Species extinction (local, ecological, biological,       biological, biological,						
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Reading Electives-I &II to be offered in III & IV Semester         1)       BIO-601R Biodiversity and Conservation       After successful completion of the course, students should be able to: - Understand the eoncepts of biodiversity, - Comprehend ways to manama biodiversity and       Section A General Account: Concept and facts: ecological diversity; organism diversity, (â, â, and ã); genetic diversity. Magnitude and distribution. Hot spots of biodiversity. Generation of biodiversity.       This is removed and replaced with relevan reading elective paper						
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BIO 601R       After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:       Section A Concept and facts: ecological diversity; organism diversity (á, â, and ã); genetic diversity. Magnitude and distribution. Hot spots of biodiversity. India's biodiversity.       This is removed and replaced with relevan reading elective paper         1)       BIO 601R Biodiversity       After successful completion of the course, students       Section A General Account: Concept and facts: ecological diversity; organism diversity. Magnitude and distribution. Hot spots of biodiversity. biodiversity.       This is removed and replaced with relevan reading elective paper         0       Understand the concepts of biodiversity       Generation of biodiversity. Section B Threats and management: biodiversity and       Magnitude and distribution. Hot spots of biodiversity. Generation of biodiversity.       Section B Threats and management: Species extinction (local, ecological, biological,	Dead	ing Flootings I Q-1	 [] to be offered in III	e W Someston	https://hptef.ac.hl/courses/10210504//FDF/htou5.pdf	
Biodiversity and       completion of the course, students should be able to:       General Account: Concept and facts: ecological diversity; organism diversity (á, â, and ã); genetic diversity. Magnitude and distribution. Hot spots of biodiversity. India's biodiversity       replaced with relevan reading elective paper         • Understand the concepts of biodiversity       • Understand the concepts of biodiversity.       Generation of biodiversity.       India's biodiversity.       Factors that control species diversity.       India's biodiversity.       Factors that control species diversity.         • Comprehend ways to manama biodiversity and       Section B Threats and management: Species extinction (local, ecological, biological,       Biological, biological,						This is removed and
and       course, students       Concept and facts: ecological diversity; organism       reading elective         Conservation       should be able to:       diversity (â, â, and ã); genetic diversity. Magnitude and       diversity: (â, â, and ã); genetic diversity. Magnitude and       paper         • Understand the       concepts of       biodiversity.       Factors that control species diversity.       India's         • Comprehend       ways to manama       biodiversity and       Section B       Threats and management:       Species extinction (local, ecological, biological,       biological,	1)					
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bodies involved of extinction. Chain extinction. Key stone species.			e	<b>e</b>		

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		in making	Extinction vortex.		
		conservation	IUCN and its major activities. IUCN status categories		
		strategies	(extinct, extinct in wild, critically endangered,		
		<ul> <li>Understand</li> </ul>	endangered, vulnerable, lower risk, data deficient, not		
		various	evaluated). Red Data Book. Rare species. Indeterminate		
		biodiversity	species.		
		conservation	Section C		
		strategies	Conservation of biodiversity		
		-	Conservation strategies-		
			In situ- biosphere reserve, national park, wildlife		
			sanctuaries, sacred forests.		
			<i>Ex situ</i> cryo-preservation, Gene banks, DNA banks.		
			Endangered species in India.		
			Books Recommended:		
			→ Textbook of Biodiversity, K V Krishnamurthy,		
			Science Publishers		
			➢ Biodiversity, E.O. Wilson, editor, frances M. Peter,		
			Associate Editor, National Academy press,		
			Washington, D.C., 1988		
2)	BIO 602R	After successful	Section A		This is removed and
	Bioethics,	completion of the	History and principles of bioethics, ethical dimensions of		replaced with relevant
	Biosafety and	course, students	medicine and biotechnology viz. organ transplant, human		reading elective paper
	<del>IPR</del>	should be able to:	genome project, cloning, surrogacy, artificial		
		• Explain role of	insemination, egg donation abortion, euthanasia.		
		biotechnology in	Convention on biological diversity; Overview of		
		sustainable	Cartagena Protocol, Codex Alimentarius, FAO, OECD		
		research and	and their role in enforcing Biosafety; Role of NGOs in		
		various ethical	biotechnology.		
		implications	Section B		
		<ul> <li>Understand</li> </ul>	Issues of Biosafety; Introduction to Biological Safety		
		biosafety	Cabinets; Primary Containment for Biohazards;		
		objective,	Biosafety Levels; Recommended Biosafety Levels for		
		implementation,	Infectious Agents and Infected Animals; Biosafety		
		necessity and	guidelines - Government of India; Roles of Institutional		
		legislations	Biosafety Committee, RCGM, GEAC etc. for GMO		

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes		Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		<ul> <li>Develop</li> </ul>	applications in food and agriculture; Environmental		
		preliminary	release of GMOs; Biosafety management		
		understanding of	Section C		
		Intellectual	History of IPR, types of IPR; Role of WIPO and WTO in		
		Property with	I <del>PR.</del>		
		emphasis on	Classification of patents; granting of patents and		
		patents	patenting authorities; rights and duties of patent owner;		
			Patent infringement- meaning, scope and litigation;		
			Invention in context of "prior art"; Patent databases;		
			Country-wise patent searches (USPTO, EPO, India etc.)		
			US Patent act; Indian Patent act. Filing of a patent		
			application; Precautions before patenting disclosure/non-		
			disclosure; WIPO Treaties; Budapest Treaty; PCT and		
			Implications; Role of a Country Patent Office; Case		
			studies in IPR.s		
			Books Recommended:		
			→ Bioethics and Biosafety by M.K. Sateesh. I.K.		
			International		
			→ Biosafety and bioethics. Ed. Raj Mohan Joshi. Isha		
			Books		
			→ Bioethics. An introduction to the history, methods and		
			practice. By N. Jecker, A.R. Jonsen and R.A.		
			Perlman. Jones and Bartlett publications and		
			Bioethics by Deepa Goel and Shomini Parashar.		
			Pearson		
			→ http:// Bioethics by S. Ignacimuthu s.j. Narosa		
			Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.		
			→ IPR, Biosafety www.w3.org/IPR/		
			→ http://www.wipo.int/portal/index.html.en		
			→ http://www.ipr.co.uk/IP_conventions/		
			patent_cooperation_treaty.html		
			→ www.patentoffice.nic.in		
			→ www.iprlawindia.org/ - 31k - Cached -Similar page		
			→ http://www.cbd.int/biosafety/ background.shtml		
			→ http://www.cdc.gov/OD/ohs/ symp5/jyrtext.html		

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes		Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			http://web.princeton.edu/sites/ehs/biosafety/		
			biosafetypage/section3.html		
3)	BT 604R	After successful	Section A		This is removed and
	<b>Renewable</b>	completion of the	Availability, importance, utilization, economics and		replaced with relevan
	Energy	course, students	growth rates of renewable energy sources. Combustion		reading elective
	Sources	will be able to:	calculations, Conventional thermal power plant design		paper
		<ul> <li>Understand the</li> </ul>	and its operation, Superheat, reheat and regeneration,		
		various forms of	Other auxiliaries of thermal plant. High pressure boilers,		
		conventional and	Steam generator control. Biomass and its types, Biomass		
		non	fuel characterization; thermo chemical and biochemical		
		conventional	processes; reaction kinetics; energy and mass balance		
		energy resources	equations; studies of processes and system design for		
		<ul> <li>Design working</li> </ul>	gasification, pyrolysis and liquefaction of biomass.		
		models of	Biochemical and thermochemical conversion of biomass.		
		renewable	Design of biogas plants and gasifiers; Fuel related		
		energy	properties of biomass; planning and management of		
		• Understand the	biomass collection, utilization, handling and pre-		
		applications and	conditioning processes such as size reduction and		
		limitations of	densification; combustion, pyrolysis and gasification of		
		renewable	biomass, photosynthetic efficiency, plant productivity		
		energy sources	and bio-energy yield, biomass waste.		
			Section B		
			Chemistry, process and performance analysis of biofuels;		
			alcohol production: pre-treatment of biomass,		
			fermentation with process details and dehydration;		
			operational performance of I.C. engines on producer gas,		
			biogas, alcohol, and plant oils and their esters. Solar		
			radiation intensity and solar geometry. Analysis and		
			design of non-concentrating and concentrating solar		
			collectors. Solar energy storage techniques, Steady and		
			transient heat transfer analysis of solar cookers, solar		
			ponds, solar stills and solar dryers. Design of solar		
			thermal systems; hot water systems, space heating and		
ł			cooling systems, solar drying system for agricultural		
1			produce etc. Economic analysis of solar energy systems.		

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes		Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Design of solar energy operated systems for heating,		
			cooling, distillation, drying, dehydration, water pump and		
			power generation for applications in agriculture.		
			Section C		
			Basic principles of wind energy conversion, site selection		
			considerations, classification advantages and		
			disadvantages of Wind Energy Conversion System		
			(WECS), types of wind machines, performance of wind		
			machines, Utilization of wind energy for generating		
			electricity and mechanical power. Types of wind mill and		
			their characteristics. Mechanics of wind mills.		
			Introduction to geothermal energy and storage,		
			hydrothermal resources, geo-pressured resources, petro-		
			thermal resources, prime movers for geothermal energy		
			conversion, applications of geothermal energy. Basic		
			principle of tidal power, components of tidal power plant,		
			site requirements, storage of tidal energy, advantages and		
			limitations of tidal power generation. Photo-Voltaic		
			devices. Applications of renewable energy sources.		
			Books Recommended:		
			→ Godfrey Boyle, Renewable Energy, Power for a		
			Sustainable Future, Oxford University Press, U.K,		
			<del>1996.</del>		
			→ G.D. Rai, Non-Conventional Energy Sources, Khanna		
			Publishers		
			→ H. P. Garg, J. Prakash, Solar Energy :		
			Fundamentalsand Applications : Fundamentals and		
			Applications 1 Edition, Tata Mcgraw Hill Education		
			Private Limited (2000)		
			→ Ching T. Hou and Jei Fu Shaw, Biocatalysis and		
			Bioenergy, John Wiley & Sons, 2008		
			→ L.L. Freris, Wind Energy Conversion systems,		
			Prentice Hall, UK, 1990.		
			➢ Johnson Gary, L., Wind Energy Systems, Prentice		
			Hall, New York, 1985.		

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
4)	BT:	After completing		Plant breeding study involves breeding methods for self and	c.w. M.Sc. AMBT, BT,
	Molecular	this course,		cross pollinated crops. There are several limitations of	Bioscience
	Plant	students will be		conventional breeding. Thus, there is need to have a better	
	Breeding	able to:		breeding approaches to overcome this limitation. Development	
		Understand		of molecular markers (RFLP, RAPD, SSRs, ISSRs, SNPs),	
		strategies and		construction of molecular maps and linkage analysis, mapping	
		applications of		populations for QTLs using molecular markers play an	
		plant breeding		important role in plant breeding. In order to develop potential	
		technologies.		plant having better qualities, Marker Assisted Selection (MAS)	
		• Comprehend the		is also a viable approach which can be done by using selection	
		knowledge of		of traits and markers, trait association, marker assisted	
		different plat		backcrossing and recurrent selection, marker assisted hybrid	
		molecular		breeding and marker assisted improved varieties/germplasm.	
		markers		Suggested Books:	
		• Plan a research		Chawla, H. S. (2000). Introduction to Plant Biotechnology.	
		career in the area		USA: Science Publishers.	
		of plant		Glick, B.R., Pasternak, J.J., & <u>Patten</u> C.L. (2010).	
		biotechnology		Molecular Biotechnology: Principles and applications of	
				<i>recombinant DNA</i> (4 th ed). American Society for	
				Microbiology.	
				▶ Nicholl, D.S.T. (2008). An introduction to Genetic	
				<i>Engineering</i> (3 rd ed). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.	
				Primrose, S.B., Twyman R.H., & Old R.W. (2001). Principles of Cause Manipulation (6 th ad) Wiley Blockwall	
				<ul> <li>Principles of Gene Manipulation (6th ed). Wiley-Blackwell.</li> <li>➢ Slater, A., Scott, N., &amp; Fowler, M. (2008). Plant</li> </ul>	
				<i>Biotechnology: The Genetic Manipulation of Plants</i> (2 nd edition). UK: Oxford University Press.	
				<ul> <li>Watson, J.D., Gilman, M., Witkowski J., &amp; Zoller, M.</li> </ul>	
				(1992). Recombinant DNA $(2^{nd} \text{ ed.})$ . W. H. Freeman	
				publisher.	
				Suggested e-resources:	
				<ul> <li>Plant breeding</li> </ul>	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103013/pdf/mod6.pdf	
				<ul> <li>Molecular marker</li> </ul>	
				<ul> <li>Molecular marker</li> </ul>	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				<ul> <li>http://eacharya.inflibnet.ac.in/data-server/eacharya documents/55d44ff9e41301fd23d8facc_INFIEP_203/734/E T/203-734-ET-V1-S1lec_32.pdf</li> <li>Gene mapping in plant http://eacharya.inflibnet.ac.in/data-server/eacharya- documents/55d44ff9e41301fd23d8facc_INFIEP_203/733/E T/203-733-ET-V1-S1lec_31.pdf</li> </ul>	
5)	Intellectual	After completing		Intellectual property rights (IPR) have an old history and are	c.w. M.Sc. AMBT, BT,
	Property	this course,		very relevant for economic development. Various types of IPR	Bioscience
	Rights	students will be able to:		(patents, trademarks, copyright & related rights, industrial	
		• Understand the		design, traditional knowledge, geographical indications) are recognized with specific uses. There is currently an emergence	
		concept of IPR		of specific IP pertaining to plants and animals (UPOV, Plant	
		and its types		Breeder's rights and plant variety protection and farmers rights	
		• Describe the		act, patent protection of plant and animal inventions (WTO) and	
		steps for		Law on the protection of new plant varieties and animal breeds	
		patenting		(WIPO)). It is important to know about types of patent	
		• Discuss the role		applications and the process of patenting with special emphasis	
		of WTO and		to India. The role of WTO (GATT and TRIPS) and WIPO in	
		WIPO on IPR		implementation of IPR is significant as understands the relevance of Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT) in patenting. IPR	
				also are associated with certain ethical dilemma and there are	
				some interesting case studies which highlight its relevance.	
				Suggested Books:	
				Solution Goel D. & Parashar S. (2013). IPR, Biosafety and Bioethics	
				(1 st ed.) Pearson Education India.	
				> Pandey, N. & Dharni, K. (2014). Intellectual Property	
				Rights. PHI Learning	
				Ramakrishna, B., & Kumar, A. (2017). Fundamentals of	
				Intellectual Property Rights: For Students, Industrialist and	
				<ul> <li>Patent Lawyers (1st ed.). Notion Press</li> <li>➤ Sateesh, M.K. (2008). Bioethics and Biosafety. I.K.</li> </ul>	
				International Publishing House.	
				Suggested e-resource	
				<ul> <li>World Trade Organisation</li> </ul>	

S. No. Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			<ul> <li>http://www.wto.org</li> <li>World Intellectual Property Organisation http://www.wipo.int</li> <li>International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants http://www.upov.int</li> <li>National Portal of India http://www.archive.india.gov.in</li> </ul>	
6) BT: Human Genetics and Diseases	<ul> <li>After successful completion of the course students will be able to:</li> <li>Understand hereditary and molecular genetics with a strong human disease perspective</li> <li>Describe genetic abnormalities underlying human disease and disorders</li> <li>Develop interest in biomedical research, genetic counseling, medicine, and clinical genetics</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Since the rediscovery of Mendel's work in 1900, investigations on the genetic nature of human traits have gained significant importance. Understanding the genetic basis behind human disease is one of the most important reasons to study human chromosome structure, human karyotype, banding techniques, chromosome identification and nomenclature (ISCN). Classical genetics has considerable importance in constructing genetic hypothesis from pedigree data analysis in monogenetic traits, autosomal dominant, autosomal recessive, sex linked dominant, sex linked recessive and sex influenced traits. The impact of consanguinity in causing sex linked anomalies (haemophilia, colour blindness and Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy) has been observed in human population. Current knowledge on genetic variations across populations is applied to study human health and diseases which include chromosomal disorders, structural and numerical chromosomal anomalies (Klinefelter syndrome, Down's syndrome, Turner syndrome, Achondroplasia), inborn errors of metabolism (Phenylketonuria (PKU), Alkaptonuria, Albinism, Galactosemia), haemoglobinopathies, Thalassemia syndromes, multifactorial disorders (diabetes, schizophrenia, huntington disease). Medical genetics involves ethical issues therefore serious discussion is required for prenatal/adult diagnosis of genetic disorders, medical ethics, risks and benefits, informed consent and right of choice.</li> </ul>	c.w. M.Sc. AMBT, BT, Bioscience

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				Elsevier.	
				Pasternak, J. J. (2005). An Introduction to Human Molecular	
				Genetics: Mechanisms of Inherited Diseases (2 nd ed.).	
				Wiley-Blackwell.	
				Strachan, T., & Read, A. P. (2018). Human Molecular Genetics (5 th ed.). Garland Science.	
				Suggested e-resources	
				<ul> <li>Chromosome identification and nomenclature (ISCN)</li> </ul>	
				http://www.cydas.org/Resources/ISCN_Discussion.html	
				<ul> <li>Pedigree data analysis</li> </ul>	
				https://learn.genetics.utah.edu/content/disorders/	
				Genetic disorders	
				https://www.genome.gov/10001204/specific-genetic-	
				disorders/	
				> Prenatal/ adult diagnosis of genetic disorders, medical	
				ethics	
				https://www.michiganallianceforfamilies.org/all/#sectionD	
/	BT: Medical	After successful		Medical Microbiology describes the cause, transmission,	c.w. M.Sc. AMBT, BT,
	Microbiology	completion of the		epidemiology, pathogenesis, symptoms, diagnosis and	Bioscience
		course, students		treatment of various bacterial (tuberculosis, typhoid, leprosy),	
		should be able to:		fungal (superficial, subcutaneous, systemic mycosis), protozoan	
		• Identify various		(Malaria, amoebiasis) and viral (AIDS, Influenza, measles)	
		bacterial, fungal,		diseases. Currently, it is necessary to understand the impact of	
		viral and		emerging and remerging diseases (cholera, dengue, multidrug	
		protozoan		resistant tuberculosis, H5N1 avian influenza, drug resistant	
		diseases and		malaria, chikungunya) on human health. Global assessment for	
		their		various diseases also shows an increasing trend of nosocomial	
		epidemiology		infections and opportunistic infections which cause significant	
		• Understand the		mortality and health concerns. Suggested books:	
		relevance of		<ul> <li>➤ Brooks, G.F., Carroll, K.C., Butel, J.S., Morse, S.A., &amp;</li> </ul>	
		emerging and		Mietzner, T.A. (2013) Jawetz, Melnick and Adelberg's	
		reemerging		Medical Mcirobiology (26 th ed.). US: Lange Medical Books,	
		diseases		Mc Graw-Hill.	
				<ul> <li>Madigan, M., Martinko, J., Stahl, D., &amp; Clark, D. (2010).</li> </ul>	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes			Remarks
			Brock Biology of Microorganisms (13 th	th ed.). UK: Pearson	
			Education.		
			➢ Pelczar Jr., M.J., Chan, E.C.S., & K		
			Microbiology. New York, USA:Tata McC	Graw-Hill.	
			Suggested e- Resources:		
			Emerging Diseases		
			https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/article	es/PMC3701702/	
			> Epidemiology		
			https://www.bmj.com/about-bmj/resource		
			readers/publications/epidemiology-uniniti	tiated/1-what-	
			epidemiology		
			Nosocomial Infections		
			https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/article		
8)	BT: Protein	On completion of	An introduction to protein engineering for a	developing proteins c	c.w. M.Sc. AMBT, BT,
	Engineering	this course,	with desired functions. Various methods (n		Bioscience
		students should be	directed evolution) of protein engineering	g are employed to	
		able to:	manipulate the different features or chara	acteristics (affinity,	
		<ul> <li>Analyse</li> </ul>	specificity and stability etc) of proteins. E		
		structure and	physicochemical and biological properties (		
		construction of	in parameters as pH, temperature, amino		
		proteins by	aggregation propensities etc) of the proteins		
		computer-based	in their use as protein drugs and/or catalysts		
		methods	insight into the fundamental understanding	of the mechanisms	
		• Describe	and forces (Van der waals, electrostatic,		
		structure and	weakly polar interactions, and hydrophobic		
		classification of	protein stabilizes, will help in the formulation		
		proteins	pharmaceuticals. Protein engineering with		
		• Analyse and	incorporation of unnatural or non-canonica		
		compare the	been used to improve protein function		
		amino acid	industrial applications. Different compute		
		sequence and	(sequence and 3D structure analysi		
		structure of	Ramachandran map etc) to protein enginee		
		proteins, and	address the requirements in order to find an		
		relate this	that will optimize a desired property (physic		
		information to	and/or biological function) of a protein. De	Determination of the	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		the function of		physicochemical properties of proteins using various	
		proteins		spectroscopic methods (Far-UV and Near-UV CD,	
		• Explain how		Fluorescence, UV absorbance and Optical rotatory dispersion)	
		proteins can be		would further support the drug development process. Yeast	
		used for		surface display (YSD) has become a valuable protein	
		different		engineering tool for modifying the affinity, specificity, and	
		industrial and		stability of antibodies, as well as other proteins. YSD could be	
		academic		successfully used for protein epitope mapping, identification of	
		purposes such as		protein-protein interactions, and uses of displayed proteins in	
		structure		industry and medicine. Developing vaccines and	
		determination,		peptidomimetics will further allow the investigators to identify	
		organic		novel therapeutic leads for numerous unmet clinical needs.	
		synthesis and		Suggested Books:	
		drug design.		Cleland, J. L., and Craik, C. S. (2006). Protein Engineering,	
		• Plan and carry		Principles and Practice, Vol 7. Springer Netherlands.	
		out activity		Creighton, T. E. (1997). Protein Structure: a Practical	
		measurements of		Approach, 2nd Edition. Oxford University press.	
		isolated proteins		Kyte, J. (2006). Structure in Protein Chemistry, 2nd Edition.	
		and characterize		Garland publishers. ➤ Mueller, K., and Arndt, K. (2006). <i>Protein Engineering</i>	
		their purity and		<i>Protocols</i> , 1st Edition. Humana Press.	
		stability.		<ul> <li>Robertson, D., and Noel, J. P. (2004). Protein Engineering</li> </ul>	
				Methods in Enzymology, Vol 388. Elsevier Academic Press.	
				<ul> <li>➢ Walsh, G. (2014). Proteins: biochemistry and</li> </ul>	
				<i>biotechnology</i> , Second edition. Chichester, West Sussex:	
				Wiley Blackwell.	
				<ul> <li>Williamson, M. P. (2012). <i>How proteins work</i>. New York:</li> </ul>	
				Garland Science.	
				Suggested e-resources:	
				<ul> <li>Protein Engineering:</li> </ul>	
				https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103017/pdf/lecture%2022.pdf	
				<ul> <li>Conformational stability of proteins:</li> </ul>	
				https://www.khanacademy.org/test-	
				prep/mcat/biomolecules/amino-acids-and-	
				proteins1/v/conformational-stability-protein-folding-and-	

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
				denaturation	
				Protein Engineering with Non-Natural Amino Acids:	
				https://library.umac.mo/ebooks/b2805488x.pdf	
9)	BT: Drug	On completion of		Modern drug discovery involves the identification of a target or	c.w. M.Sc. AMBT, BT,
	discovery	this course,		drug lead using different techniques including molecular	Bioscience
		students should be		modeling, combinatorial libraries and high-throughput	
		able to:		screening (HTS). Rational drug design is based on the	
		<ul> <li>Understand</li> </ul>		understanding of the three-dimensional structures and	
		basics of R&D		physicochemical properties of drugs and receptors. Knowledge	
		in drug		of molecular mechanisms, molecular dynamics simulations and	
		discovery and		homology modeling is necessary for studying drug/receptor	
		should be able to		interactions. The different conformational sampling techniques,	
		apply knowledge		fitness functions used in molecular docking and computational	
		gained in		receptor-based and ligand-based drug design approaches are	
		respective fields		mostly used to design compounds with improved biological	
		of		activity in rational drug design. Quantitative drug design using	
		pharmaceutical		QSAR models are used to correlate structural molecular	
		industry.		properties (descriptors) with functions (i.e. physicochemical	
		• Understand the		properties, biological activities, toxicity, etc.) of the	
		role of synthetic		compounds. Understanding the structure activity relationship	
		chemistry in the		between the 3D structure of a molecule and its biological	
		development of		activity may act as the basis for the prediction of compounds	
		pharmaceutical		with improved biological activities. Different bio-analytical $C(MS)$ and $EUSA) could be developed$	
		agents; and the		assays (LC/MS/MS, GC/MS and ELISA) could be developed further in support of <i>in vitro</i> and <i>in vivo</i> studies. Understanding	
		modification of		the principles as well as an early characterization of drug	
		chemical		toxicity, adsorption, distribution, metabolism and excretion	
		structures to		(ADME) along with drug-drug interactions, plasma protein	
		develop new		binding assays and metabolite profile studies helps in	
		drug molecules.		eliminating compounds with unacceptable pharmacokinetic	
		• Have an		characteristics, which is critical to successful drug discovery	
		advanced		programs.	
		understanding of the chemical		Suggested Books:	
		the chemical structure of a		<ul> <li>➢ Dastmalchi, S. et. al. (2016). Methods and Algorithms for</li> </ul>	
		pharmaceutical		Molecular Docking-Based Drug Design and Discovery. IGI	
		pharmaceutical		Literooman Dooming Dasca Drug Design and Discovery, 101	<u> </u>

S. No.	Course List	Learning Outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		agent and determine the chemical group/s responsible for a given biological effect.		<ul> <li>Global.</li> <li>Krogsgaard-Larsen et. al. (2016). Textbook of Drug Design and Discovery. 5th Edition. CRC Press.</li> <li>Rahman, A. U., Caldwell, G. W., and Choudhary, M. I. (2007). Frontiers in Drug Design and Discovery. Bentham Science publishers Limited.</li> <li>Satyanarayanajois, S. D. (2011). Drug Design and</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Demonstrate a basic understanding of pharmacogenom ics and bioinformatics as it relates to drug design and</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Discovery: Methods and Protocols. Humana Press.</li> <li>Suggested e-resources:</li> <li>Drug Discovery         <ul> <li>https://www.studocu.com/en/document/university-of-leeds/drug-development-pre-clinical-to-practice/lecture-notes/lecture-i-drug-discovery-lecture-notes-lectures-1-8/615380/view</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
		discovery.		<ul> <li>Peptide therapeutics         https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S135964         4614003997Bio-analytical techniques         https://www.pharmatutor.org/articles/bioanalytical-techniques-overview     </li> </ul>	

* Matter in contrast (black background & white letters) is shifted to some other units, and material brought as a result of shift is also in contrast. # Matter in square brackets, bold, italic and crossed is deleted. @ Proposed added materials are shaded in grey.

S No	Portal	Name of course	Duration	Semester (Core/Electi ve/ Additional)	Credit point(s)	URL	Paid/ Free	Fee (course/ examinati on)	Reamrks
1	NPTEL: Indian Institute of Technology Madras;	Downstream Processing	12 weeks 36 lectures	Reading Elective course	2	http://nptel.ac.in/sy llabus/102106022/	Paid	Rs. 2000 for online exam and certificate	-
2	NPTEL: Indian Institute of Technology Bombay; SWAYAM, Created by Sanjeeva Srivastava IIT Madras	Mass spectrometry based proteomics	8 weeks	Reading Elective course	2	https://onlinecours es.nptel.ac.in/noc1 5_bt05/preview https://swayam.go v.in/search?keywo rd=Mass%20spectr ometry%20based% 20proteomics	Free	-	-
3	<b>SWAYAM,</b> Created by GK Suraishkumar, IIT Madras	Bioreactor	8 weeks , 27 lectures	Reading Elective	2	https://swayam.go v.in/course/1339- bioreactors	Free	-	-

# List of online elective courses of M.Tech Biotechnology Programme

# Appendix-X

# Certificate Course in Molecular Modelling and Drug Designing

Course Name	L	Т	Р	С
Molecular Modelling and Drug Designing	4	0	0	4
Laboratory	0	0	4	2
Total	4	0	4	6

#### Table: Proposed Examination Scheme – Certificate Course in Molecular Modelling and Drug Designing

	Exam Duration		tact Week	Contin Assess Mar	ment	Semester A Ma			otal Irks	Min. Mai	
		Т	Р	Т	Р	Т	Р	Т	Р	Т	Р
Molecular Modelling and Drug Designing	3 Hours	4	0	20	0	40	0	60	0	24	0
Laboratory	4 Hours	0	4	0	10	0	20	0	30	0	12
Total		4	4	20	10	40	20	60	30	24	12

Eligibility: Students successfully qualified B.Sc. (Biotechnology, Bioscience, Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology, Chemistry, Mathematics group), B.Tech., B.Pharma examination.

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Proposed	Remarks	
1.	Molecular Modelling and Drug Designing	<ul> <li>Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:</li> <li>Understand the structural organization and of drugable targets.</li> <li>Learn the drug discovery process and role of computational techniques.</li> <li>Develop programming skills for analyzing the bioinformatics and chemoinformatics data.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Section – A</li> <li>Protein: Structure of protein; Hierarchical organization of protein structure – primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structure.</li> <li>Ramachandran map. Introduction to enzymes as drug targets; enzymatic activity and its inhibition (Case study of COX-1, HIV-protease and AChE).</li> <li>Transcription factors as drug target, membrane proteins as drug targets.</li> <li>DNA: Structure of DNA, types of base pairing – Watson-Crick and Hoogstein; Structural properties of A-, B- and Z- DNA.</li> <li>DNA as drug target (Case study of Cis-platin).</li> <li>Targeting Biomolecular Interactions: protein – protein interactions and DNA – protein interactions.</li> <li>Introduction to receptors; Drug – receptor interaction.</li> <li>Section – B</li> <li>Drug discovery and design: Structure based drug discovery process. Methods and Tools in Computer-aided drug design.</li> <li>Modeling drug - target interaction; molecular docking, and virtual screening.</li> <li>Principles of Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics: ADME, Bioavailability of drugs - Lipinski's rule; Concept of</li> </ul>	New co proposed	ourse

 Table: Proposed syllabus - Certificate course in Molecular Modelling and Drug Designing

Pharmacophore and QSAR.
Lead Optimization; functional group
replacements: isosteres and bioisosteres.
• Molecular modelling for drug discovery:
Molecular mechanics: energy of a molecule
under stretch, bend, torsional strain, van der
Waals and dipole-diploe interactions.
• Molecular dynamics simulations: introduction
to Newtonian dynamics, Leapfrog Integrations.
Implicit and explicit Solvation models,
Periodic boundary conditions, Temperature and
pressure control in molecular dynamics
simulations.
Section – C
• Perl Programming: Data types: Scalar, Array
and Hash Variables: their representation,
applications and manipulations.
• Perl Regular Expression: concepts and
applications in biological data handling,
Pattern-matching, Substitutions,
Transliteration, split and join functions.
• Concept on File handling, Opening, Closing
and editing a File, Opening, Reading and
Closing a Directory
• Perl Subroutines: Advantage of Subroutines,
Scoping and Subroutines, Arguments, Passing
Data to Subroutines, Modules and Libraries of
Subroutines. Introduction to Bioperl.
Suggested Books:
<ul> <li>➢ Berg J.M., Tymoczoko J.L. &amp; Stryer L. (2006)</li> </ul>
Biochemistry (6 th Ed.); W.H. Freeman and Co
New York.

# Appendix-X

			<ul> <li>Leach A.R. (2001) Molecular Modeling: Principles and Applications (2nd Ed.). Prentice Hall, USA.</li> <li>Gervasio F. L. &amp; Spiwok V. (Ed.) (2019) Biomolecular Simulations in Structure-Based Drug Discovery. Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH &amp; Co.</li> <li>Riccardo B. (Ed) (2012) Computational Drug Discovery and Design Humana Press.</li> <li>Wall L., Christiansen T. &amp; Orwant J. (2007) Programming Perl (3rd Ed). O'Reilly.</li> </ul>	
2.	Laboratory	<ul> <li>Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:</li> <li>Write Perl programs to analyze and interpret biological data.</li> <li>Model and analyze 3D structure of drug targets.</li> <li>Handle sorftware for drug designing and virtual screening.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Drug Designing Exercises <ol> <li>Molecular visualization tool (applications such as molecular interaction, Molecular surface visualization, electrostatics, H-bond calculation etc. with PyMol) and Visualization of structural motifs.</li> <li>Analysis of PDB (NMR and X – ray) structures (Quality of structure, analyzing molecular interactions, protein – ligand/ protein – protein if any, from PDB).</li> <li>Homology based protein structure prediction.</li> <li>Quality estimation of modeled protein structure (ProCheck, PROSA, Verify3D, Errat and MolProbity).</li> <li>Contact map based protein structure comparison.</li> <li>Energy minimization based mutational analysis of proteins.</li> <li>Protein – Ligand docking using Autodock and MGLTools and Pharmacophore analysis.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	New Course proposed

8. Use of various arithmetic and logical operators.
9. Programming based on string manipulation (concatenation, splitting etc.).
10. Regular expression and its applications, use
of s/// and tr/// operators.
11. Pattern matching to locate and count motifs in a string.
12. Calculating nucleotide frequency and GC content., Hydropathy index calculation of
proteins.
13. Constructing arrays, addition and removal of
elements from array, exploring array.
14. Use hashes in conversion of three letter code to one letter code and protein translation.
15. Perl subroutines, generating random DNA
and its comparison with real DNA.
16. File handling, reading data from a file
writing data to a file and editing a file. 17. Directory handling, make a directory, change
current working directory, reading files from
a directory.

First Semester				
Course Name	L	Т	Р	С
Molecular Modelling and Drug Designing	4	0	0	4
Laboratory I	0	0	4	2
Total	4	0	4	6
Second Semester				
Computational Biology	3	0	0	3
Laboratory II	0	0	4	2
Mini Project	0	0	2	1
Total	3	0	6	6

# **Diploma Course in Computational Biology**

## **Table:** Proposed Examination Scheme – Diploma in Computational Biology

		Exam Duration		itact Week	Cont. Ma			Ass. rks		tal rks	Min. Ma	
			Т	Р	Т	Р	Т	Р	Т	Р	Т	Р
Ι	Molecular Modelling and Dru	g 3 Hours	4	0	20	0	40	0	60	0	24	0
Sem	Designing											
	Laboratory – I	4 Hours	0	4	0	10	0	20	0	30	0	12
Total				4	20	10	40	20	60	30	24	12

		Exam Duration	Con Hour/		Cont. Ma			Ass. .rks		otal Irks	Min. Pass. Marks	
			Т	Р	Т	Р	Т	Р	Т	Р	Т	Р
	Computational Biology	3 Hours	3	0	15	0	30	0	45	0	18	0
II Sem.	Laboratory – II	4 Hours	0	4	0	10	0	20	0	30	0	12
	Project	-	0	2	0	5	0	10	0	15	0	6
	Total		3	6	15	15	30	30	45	45	18	18

Eligibility: Students successfully qualified B.Sc. (Biotechnology, Bioscience, Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology, Chemistry, Mathematics group), B.Tech., B.Pharma examination.

Table: Proposed	l syllabus	- Diploma in	Computational	Biology
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S.No.	<b>Course List</b>	Learning Outcome	Existing	Proposed	Remarks
	Ist Sem				
1	Molecular Modelling and Drug Designing	<ul> <li>Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:</li> <li>Understand the structural organization and of drugable targets.</li> <li>Learn the drug discovery process and role of computational techniques.</li> <li>Develop programming skills for analyzing the bioinformatics and chemoinformatics data.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Section – A</li> <li>Protein: Structure of protein; Hierarchical organization of protein structure – primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structure.</li> <li>Ramachandran map. Introduction to enzymes as drug targets; enzymatic activity and its inhibition (Case study of COX-1, HIV-protease and AChE).</li> <li>Transcription factors as drug target, membrane proteins as drug targets.</li> <li>DNA: Structure of DNA, types of base pairing – Watson-Crick and Hoogstein; Structural properties of A-, B- and Z- DNA.</li> <li>DNA as drug target (Case study of Cis-platin).</li> <li>Targeting Biomolecular Interactions: protein – protein interactions and DNA – protein interactions.</li> <li>Introduction to receptors; Drug – receptor interaction; Forces involved in drug receptor interaction.</li> <li>Section – B</li> <li>Drug discovery and design: Structure based drug discovery process. Methods and Tools in Computer-aided drug design.</li> <li>Modeling drug - target interaction; molecular docking, and virtual screening.</li> <li>Principles of Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics: ADME, Bioavailability of</li> </ul>	New course introduced

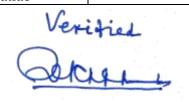
S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing	Proposed	Remarks
				drugs - Lipinski's rule; Concept of	
				Pharmacophore and QSAR.	
				• Lead Optimization; functional group	
				replacements: isosteres and bioisosteres.	
				• Molecular modelling for drug discovery:	
				Molecular mechanics: energy of a molecule under	
				stretch, bend, torsional strain, van der Waals and	
				dipole-diploe interactions.	
				• Molecular dynamics simulations: introduction to	
				Newtonian dynamics, Leapfrog Integrations.	
				Implicit and explicit Solvation models, Periodic	
				boundary conditions, Temperature and pressure	
				control in molecular dynamics simulations. Section – C	
				• Perl Programming: Data types: Scalar, Array and Hash Variables: their representation, applications	
				and manipulations.	
				<ul> <li>Perl Regular Expression: concepts and</li> </ul>	
				applications in biological data handling, Pattern-	
				matching, Substitutions, Transliteration, split and	
				join functions.	
				<ul> <li>Concept on File handling, Opening, Closing and</li> </ul>	
				editing a File, Opening, Reading and Closing a	
				Directory	
				• Perl Subroutines: Advantage of Subroutines,	
				Scoping and Subroutines, Arguments, Passing	
				Data to Subroutines, Modules and Libraries of	
				Subroutines. Introduction to Bioperl.	
				Suggested Books:	
				Berg J.M., Tymoczoko J.L. & Stryer L. (2006)	
				Biochemistry (6 th Ed.); W.H. Freeman and Co New	
				York.	

S.No.	<b>Course List</b>	Learning Outcome	Existing	Proposed	Remarks
				<ul> <li>Leach A.R. (2001) Molecular Modeling: Principles and Applications (2nd Ed.). Prentice Hall, USA.</li> <li>Gervasio F. L. &amp; Spiwok V. (Ed.) (2019) Biomolecular Simulations in Structure-Based Drug Discovery. Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH &amp; Co.</li> <li>Riccardo B. (Ed) (2012) Computational Drug Discovery and Design Humana Press.</li> <li>Wall L., Christiansen T. &amp; Orwant J. (2007) Programming Perl (3rd Ed). O'Reilly.</li> </ul>	
2.	Laboratory I	<ul> <li>Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:</li> <li>Write Perl programs to analyze and interpret biological data.</li> <li>Model and analyze 3D structure of drug targets.</li> <li>Handle sorftware for drug designing and virtual screening.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Drug Designing Exercises <ol> <li>Molecular visualization tool (applications such as molecular interaction, Molecular surface visualization, electrostatics, H-bond calculation etc. with PyMol) and Visualization of structural motifs.</li> <li>Analysis of PDB (NMR and X – ray) structures (Quality of structure, analyzing molecular interactions, protein – ligand/ protein – protein if any, from PDB).</li> <li>Homology based protein structure prediction.</li> <li>Quality estimation of modeled protein structure (ProCheck, PROSA, Verify3D, Errat and MolProbity).</li> <li>Contact map based protein structure comparison.</li> <li>Energy minimization based mutational analysis of proteins.</li> <li>Protein – Ligand docking using Autodock and MGLTools and Pharmacophore analysis.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Perl Exercises <ol> <li>Use of various arithmetic and logical operators.</li> <li>Programming based on string manipulation</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	New course introduced

S.No.	<b>Course List</b>	Learning Outcome	Existing	Proposed	Remarks
				<ul> <li>(concatenation, splitting etc.).</li> <li>10. Regular expression and its applications, use of s/// and tr/// operators.</li> <li>11. Pattern matching to locate and count motifs in a string.</li> <li>12. Calculating nucleotide frequency and GC content., Hydropathy index calculation of proteins.</li> <li>13. Constructing arrays, addition and removal of elements from array, exploring array.</li> <li>14. Use hashes in conversion of three letter code to one letter code and protein translation.</li> <li>15. Perl subroutines, generating random DNA and its comparison with real DNA</li> <li>16. File handling, reading data from a file writing data to a file and editing a file.</li> <li>17. Directory handling, make a directory, change current working directory, reading files from a</li> </ul>	
				directory.	
1.	IInd Sem Computational Biology	Aftersuccessfulcompletion of the coursestudents should be able to:• Solveproblems• Solveproblemsofsequencingprojectsbyapplyingthecomputationaltoolsandunderstandthewolutionprocess.• Analyzethebiologicalnetworkstoidentifypotentialnodeforvarious		<ul> <li>Section – A</li> <li>Sequence Analysis – Concepts of sequence comparison, identity and homology, definitions of homologues, orthologues, paralogues and xenologues. Scoring matrices: concept and applications of PAM.</li> <li>Algorithms: Needleman and Wunsch, Smith and Waterman algorithms for pairwise alignments and application.</li> <li>Concept and application of multiple sequence alignments.</li> <li>Database searchin: introduction to BLAST.</li> </ul>	New course introduced

S.No.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing	Proposed	Remarks
		application in molecular		Section – A	
		biology		<ul> <li>Molecular Evolution – Gene Phylogeny versus Species Phylogeny, Forms of Tree Representation.</li> <li>Phylogenetic Tree Construction Methods and Programs: Distance-Based Methods, Character- Based Methods.</li> <li>MatLab: Introduction to MatLab environment, vector and matrices, expression, subscripts and manipulating matrices.</li> </ul>	
				<ul> <li>Programming with MatLab: Flow control, script and function files.</li> <li>Graphics: Plotting (2D and 3D) graphs.</li> </ul>	
				• Introduction to Bioinformatics toolbox.	
				<ul> <li>Section – C</li> <li>Biological Networks - Basic properties of Network: Degree, average degree and degree distribution.</li> <li>Network Models- Erdos-Renyi model, Smallworld effect, clustering coefficient. Scale-free networks, Power laws, The Barabasi-Albert Model.</li> <li>Biological networks, Intra-cellular networks:</li> </ul>	
				Gene-regulatory network, Protein-interaction network, Metabolic networks and Signaling network	
				Suggested Books:	
				<ul> <li>Bromham L. (2016) An Introduction to Molecular Evolution and Phylogenetics. Oxford University Press.</li> </ul>	
				Newman M.E.J. (2010) Networks: An Introduction, Oxford University Press.	

S.No.	<b>Course List</b>	Learning Outcome	Existing	Proposed	Remarks
				<ul> <li>Selzer P. M., Marhöfer R. J. &amp; Koch O. (2018) Applied Bioinformatics: An Introduction (2nd Ed.). Springer International Publishing AG.</li> <li>Gilat A. (2016) MATLAB: An introduction with application (6th Ed.). John-Wiley Publication.</li> </ul>	
2.	Laboratory II	<ul> <li>After successful completion of the course students should be able to:</li> <li>Perform sequence alignment and utilise associated phyllogenetic tools</li> <li>Have a working knowledge of MatLab.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Computational Biology Exercises <ol> <li>Pair wise sequence alignment (both global and local sequence alignments).</li> <li>Blast tools.</li> <li>Multiple sequence alignment.</li> <li>Molecular Phylogeny (Phylogenetic tree reconstruction).</li> <li>Prediction of coding region in given nucleotide sequence (GenemarkS).</li> <li>Demonstration and analysis of Biological networks (Protein – Protein Interaction and Metabolic).</li> </ol> </li> <li>MatLab Exercises <ol> <li>Introduction to MatLab working environment.</li> <li>Working with matrices</li> <li>Writing biology oriented simple programs.</li> <li>Matlab Graphics (Plotting 2D and 3D Graphs).</li> <li>Introduction to Bioinformatics Toolbox.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	New course introduced



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