# Board of Studies in Pharmacy held on 27<sup>th</sup> December 2018 at 03:30 p.m. at Department of Pharmacy, Banasthali Vidyapith

### Present

1.	Prof. S.K. Sharma	External Member
2.	Dr Ashutosh Pareek	Internal Member
3.	Dr Bhawna Sati	Internal Member
4.	Dr Divya Yadav	Internal Member
5.	Dr Manu Sharma	Internal Member
6.	Dr Pankaj Kumar Jain	Internal Member
7.	Dr Rajani Chauhan	Internal Member
8.	Dr Rakesh Yadav	Internal Member
9.	Dr Sachdev Yadav	Internal Member
10.	Dr Samriti Faujdar	Internal Member
11.	Dr Sharda Sambhakar	Internal Member
12.	Dr Sumitra Nain	Internal Member
13.	Dr Swapnil Sharma	Internal Member
14.	Dr Vivek Dave	Internal Member
15.	Dr Yashumati Ratan	Internal Member
16.	Mrs Aayushi Sharma	Special Invitee
17.	Ms Easha Pandey	Special Invitee
18.	Mrs Monika Maan	Special Invitee
19.	Ms Reetika Rawat	Special Invitee
20.	Ms Suman Sharma	Special Invitee
21.	Ms Kanika Verma	Special Invitee
22.	Ms Ritika Gururani	Special Invitee
23.	Ms Saraswati Patel	Special Invitee
24.	Prof Sarvesh Kumar Paliwal	Convener

**Note:** Prof. Shailendra Saraf, **External member**, Prof. A.K. Tiwary, **External member** and Mrs Monika Chauhan, **Internal member** could not attend the meeting.

Before proceeding to discuss the agenda of the meeting, convener on the behalf of Department of Pharmacy, Banasthali Vidyapith accorded a pleasant welcome to all the members of the BOS.

The meeting started with welcome of the members, by the convener of Board of Studies for Pharmacy Prof. Sarvesh Paliwal, Head, Department of Pharmacy, Banasthali Vidyapith, Rajasthan.

- BOS took up the confirmation of the minutes of last meeting of pharmacy held on 24<sup>th</sup> April, 2016 and as no comments were received from the members, the Board resolved that the minutes of its last meeting be confirmed.
- 2. In urgency, the courses and scheme (UG & PG) with some modifications were implemented as per PCI regulations from the academic session 2017-18
- 3. In light of the stringent requirements of PCI, Board members agreed not to change the PCI prescribed syllabus and scheme of examination and resolved to adopt the PCI prescribed syllabus as it is from 2019-20. However changes with respect to content repetition in the PCI prescribed syllabus and some very minor corrections/modification, if required may be made.
- 4. The board reviewed the existing panel of examiners in each paper of B. Pharm. and M. Pharm. (Pharmaceutical Chemistry/Pharmaceutics/Pharmacology) in accordance to the bye-laws of the Vidyapith dated 15.03.2002 and suggested to update the address and phone numbers of the existing examiners for each examination up to and inclusive of all Master's degree examination keeping in view the by-law 15.03.02 of the Vidyapith. Updated panel is sent to the examination and secrecy section.
- 5. BOS reviewed the courses of study, curricula and scheme of examinations of the following undergraduate and postgraduate examinations:

i.	First Semester Examination, December, 2019	Change <sup>(a)</sup>
ii.	Second Semester Examination, April/May, 2020	Change <sup>(b)</sup>
iii.	Third Semester Examination, December, 2020	Change <sup>(c)</sup>
iv.	Fourth Semester Examination, April/May, 2021	Change <sup>(d)</sup>
v.	Fifth Semester Examination, December, 2021	Change <sup>(e)</sup>
vi.	Sixth Semester Examination, April/May, 2022	Change <sup>(f)</sup>
vii.	Seventh Semester Examination, December 2022	Change <sup>(g)</sup>
viii.	Eighth Semester Examination, April/May 2023	Change <sup>(h, i)</sup>

# 5.1. Bachelor of Pharmacy (B. Pharm.) Examinations:

The Board reviewed the objectives, syllabi, learning outcomes of the B. Pharm. programme.

- (a) In B Pharmacy I semester, course *Remedial Mathematics* has been shifted from B Pharm II semester as per the recommendations of PCI. Board discussed the proposed syllabi and agreed to adopt the change. Board recommended implementation of the proposed syllabi from I Semester Examination, December, 2019.
- (**b**) In B Pharmacy II semester, course *Remedial Mathematics* has been removed. In place of it, course *Pathophysiology* has been shifted from B Pharm III Semester as per the recommendations of PCI. Board discussed the proposed syllabi and agreed to adopt the change. Board recommended implementation of proposed syllabi from II Semester Examination, April/May, 2020.
- (c) In B. Pharmacy III Semester, a new course *Pharmaceutical Physical Chemistry* was proposed. Board discussed the proposed syllabi and agreed upon the suggested change. Board also recommended implementation of the proposed revision in syllabi of *Pharmaceutical Physical Chemistry* from III Semester Examination, December, 2020.
- (d) In B. Pharmacy IV semester, change in number of lecture hours and credit was proposed in view of course content and balancing the total credits of semester. Board discussed and agreed upon the suggested change. Board also recommended implementation of the proposed revision in scheme of *Physical Pharmaceutics-II* from IV Semester Examination, April/May, 2021.
- (e) In B. Pharmacy V semester syllabus of *Industrial Pharmacy-I, Medicinal Chemistry-II, Pharmacology, Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-II, Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence* and practical syllabi *of Industrial Pharmacy-I Lab, Medicinal Chemistry-II Lab, Pharmacology-II Lab, Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-II Lab* was proposed as per the recommendation of PCI and same has been approved by the board. Board recommended implementation of the proposed syllabi from V Semester Examination, December, 2021.
- (f) In B. Pharmacy VI semester syllabus of *Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Herbal Drug Technology, Medicinal Chemistry-III, Pharmacology-III, Pharmaceutical Biotechnology,* and practical syllabi of *Herbal Drug Technology Lab, Medicinal Chemistry-III Lab, Pharmacology-III Lab* was proposed as recommended by PCI and same was approved by board. Board recommended implementation of the proposed syllabi from VI Semester Examination, May, 2022.
- (g) In B Pharmacy VII semester, new courses namely, *Instrumental Methods of Analysis, Industrial Pharmacy-II, Novel Drug Delivery System, Dosage Form Design, Pharmacy Practice, Instrumental Methods of Analysis Lab, Dosage Form Design Lab, Practice School* was proposed as per the recommendation of PCI. The Board discussed the proposed syllabus of all the courses and agreed upon the suggested changes. Board also recommended implementation of the proposed

revision in syllabi of Instrumental Methods of Analysis, Industrial Pharmacy-II, Novel Drug Delivery System, Dosage Form Design, Pharmacy Practice, Instrumental Methods of Analysis Lab, Dosage Form Design Lab, and Practice School from VII Semester Examination, December 2022.

- (h) In B Pharmacy VIII semester, new courses namely, *Biostatistics and Research Methodology, Social and Preventive Pharmacy* were proposed as per the recommendation of PCI. The Board discussed the proposed syllabus of all the courses and agreed upon the suggested changes. Board also recommend implementation of the proposed syllabi of *Biostatistics and Research Methodology, Social and Preventive Pharmacy and Project Work* from VIII Semester Examination, April/May 2023.
- (i) In B Pharmacy VIII semester, Board has approved following electives as per the recommendation of PCI. Advanced Instrumentation Techniques, Cosmetic Science, Quality Control and Standardization of Herbals, Pharmaceutical Marketing, Pharmaceutical Regulatory, Pharmacovigilance

Programme specific outcomes and the list of courses of the B. Pharmacy programme is attached and marked as **Annexure-Ia** 

The revised syllabus, learning outcomes, list of suggested books and e-learning material of the B. Pharmacy programme is attached and marked as **Annexure-IIa.** 

i.	First Semester Examination, December, 2019	Change <sup>(a, b, c, d, e)</sup>
		energe.
ii.	Second Semester Examination, April/May, 2020	Change <sup>(f, g, h)</sup>
	······································	8-
iii.	Third Semester Examination, December, 2020	Change <sup>(i)</sup>
iv.	Fourth Semester Examination, April/May, 2021	Change <sup>(j)</sup>
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(B) Master of Pharmacy (Pharmaceutical Chemistry/ Pharmaceutics/ Pharmacology) Examination:

(a) In M Pharm Pharmacology I semester, title of course Pharmacological And Toxicological Screening Methods has been changed to Pharmacological And Toxicological Screening Methods-I and content of course has been modified as per recommendations of PCI and same has been approved by Board. Board also recommended implementation of the proposed revision in syllabi of Pharmacological and Toxicological Screening Methods-I Semester Examination from December, 2019.

- (b) In M Pharm Pharmacology I semester, title of course *Principle of Drug Discovery* has been changed to *Principles of Medicinal Chemistry* and shifted to discipline elective. It has been approved by Board.
- (c) In M Pharm Pharmaceutics I semester, minor changes in content of course *Modern Pharmaceutics* has been proposed, such as reshuffling of content between the sections just to match the nature of content and to adjust the work hours. Removal of some duplication in content has also been proposed. The changes in the content have been approved by the Board. Board also recommended implementation of the proposed revision in syllabi of *Modern Pharmaceutics* I Semester Examination from December, 2019.
- (d) In M Pharm Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Pharmaceutics I semester, Discipline elective namely, Pharmacological and Toxicological Screening Methods, Herbal Cosmetics, Advanced Pharmaceutical Biotechnology, Intellectual Property Rights, Regulatory Aspects Food and Nutraceuticals, Regulatory Aspects of Medical Devices was proposed and same was approved by Board.
- (e) In M Pharm Pharmacology I semester, Discipline elective namely, Principle of Medicinal Chemistry, Herbal Cosmetics, Advanced Pharmaceutical Biotechnology, Intellectual Property Rights, Regulatory Aspects Food and Nutraceuticals, Regulatory Aspects of Medical Devices was proposed and same was approved by Board.
- (f) In M Pharm Pharmaceutics II semester, minor changes in content of course Advanced Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics has been proposed, such as removal of some duplication in content. The changes in the content have been approved by the Board. Board also recommended implementation of the proposed revision in syllabi of Advanced Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics from II Semester Examination, April/May, 2020.
- (g) In M Pharm Pharmacology II semester, title of course Computer Aided Drug Design has been changed to Principles of Drug Discovery as per recommendations of PCI and same has been approved by Board.
- (h) In M Pharm Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Pharmaceutics, Pharmacology II semester, open elective was proposed and approved by Board.
- (i) In M Pharm Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Pharmaceutics, Pharmacology III semester, reading elective namely, *Pharmacovigilance*, *Nutraceuticals*, *Toxicology*, *Pharmaceutical Industrial Management*, *Product development*, *Molecular basis of*

*drug discovery, Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance* was proposed and approved by BOS.

(j) In M Pharm Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Pharmaceutics, Pharmacology IV semester, reading elective namely, *Pharmacovigilance*, *Nutraceuticals*, *Toxicology*, *Pharmaceutical Industrial Management*, *Product development*, *Molecular basis of drug discovery*, *Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance* was proposed and approved by Board.

Programme specific outcomes and the list of courses of the M. Pharm. programme is attached and marked as **Annexure-Ib** 

The revised syllabus, learning outcomes, list of suggested books and e-learning material of the M. Pharm. programme is attached and marked as **Annexure-IIb**.

- BOS evaluated the reports of the examiners of various examinations of 2016-17 & 2017-18, and observed that in most of the cases examiners are satisfied with the performances of the students.
- 7. BOS thoroughly analysed the quality of the last year's (2016-17 & 2017-18) question papers keeping the following points in mind:
  - (i) Percentage of analytical based questions.
  - (ii) Percentage of descriptive questions
  - (iii) Percentage of application based questions.
  - (iv) Percentage of information based questions.
  - (v) Time allotted to the question papers was appropriate or not.

In most of the papers, it has been found that more than 50% questions are descriptive type and rest are analytical, application and information based. So, it is recommended by the experts that the number of analytical, application and information based questions should be increased in the question papers. The outcome of the analysis of the papers of year 2016-17 & 2017-18 are presented in graphical form.

The summary of the proceedings of the BOS regarding the courses and curriculum is given in the following table:

	Modifi	cation sugge	es in			
Programme	Scheme of Examination	Course code	Course Name	Modification in Section	Page no.	Recommendation

# Bachelor of Pharmacy (B.Pharm.) Examination

	Modif	ication sugge				
Programme	Scheme of Examination	Course code	Course Name	Modification in Section	Page no.	Recommendation
		PHAR 102	Human Anatomy and Physiology- I	No		
		PHAR 102L	Human Anatomy and Physiology- I Lab	No		
		PHAR 104	Pharmaceutical Analysis- I	No		
B. Pharm.		PHAR 104L	Pharmaceutical Analysis- I Lab	No		
First Year	Changes as per PCI	PHAR 105	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry	No		Approved by BOS
Semester	regulations (Page No. 13)	PHAR 105L	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry Lab	No		Approved by BOS
(Dec2019)		PHAR 107	Pharmaceutics- I	No		_
		PHAR 107L	Pharmaceutics- I Lab	No		_
		PHAR 108	Remedial Biology*	No		
		MATH 110	Remedial Mathematics	No		
	Changes as per PCI regulations	CS 102	Computer Applications in Pharmacy	No		
		CS 102L	Computer Applications in Pharmacy Lab	No		Approved by BOS
D. Dhama		PHAR 101	Biochemistry	No		
First Year		PHAR 101L	Biochemistry Lab	No		
Second Semester		PHAR 103	Human Anatomy and Physiology- II	No		
(May-2020)	(Page No. 14)	PHAR 103L	Human Anatomy and Physiology- II Lab	No		_
		PHAR 106	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I	No		_
		PHAR 106L	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab	No		
		PHAR	Pathophysiology	No		
		PHAR 204	Pharmaceutical Microbiology	No		
		PHAR 204L	Pharmaceutical Microbiology Lab	No		
B. Pharm. Second Year	Changes as per	PHAR 205	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-II	No		
Third Semester	PCI regulations	PHAR 205L	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-II Lab	No		Approved by BOS
(Dec2020)	(Page No. 15)	PHAR 213	Pharmaceutical Engineering	No		_
		PHAR 213L	Pharmaceutical Engineering Lab	No		_
		PHAR 217	Physical Pharmaceutics-I	No		

	Modif	ication sugge				
Programme	Scheme of Examination	Course code	Course Name	Modification in Section	Page no.	Recommendation
		PHAR 217L	Physical Pharmaceutics-I Lab	No		
		PHAR	Pharmaceutical Physical Chemistry	No		
		PHAR 211	Medicinal Chemistry-I	No		
		PHAR 211L	Medicinal Chemistry-I Lab	No		
		PHAR 214	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-III	No		
B. Pharm. Second Year		PHAR 215	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-I	No		
Fourth	Changes (Page No. 16)	PHAR 215L	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-I Lab	No		Approved by BOS
(May-2021)		PHAR 216	Pharmacology-I	No		
		PHAR 216L	Pharmacology-I Lab	No		
		PHAR 218	Physical Pharmaceutics-II	No		-
		PHAR 218L	Physical Pharmaceutics-II Lab	No		
		PHAR	Industrial Pharmacy-I	No		
		PHAR	Industrial Pharmacy-I Lab	No		
		PHAR	Medicinal Chemistry-II	No		
B. Pharm. Third Year	Changes as per	PHAR	Medicinal Chemistry-II Lab	No		
Fifth	PCI regulations	PHAR	Pharmacology-II	No		Approved by BOS
(Dec2021)	(Page no. 17)	PHAR	Pharmacology-II Lab	No		
		PHAR	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-II	No		
		PHAR	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-II Lab	No		_
		PHAR	Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence	No		
		PHAR	Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics	No		
B. Pharm.		PHAR	Herbal Drug Technology	No		
Third Year Sixth	Changes as per PCI	PHAR	Herbal Drug Technology Lab	No		- Approved by BOS
Semester	regulations (Page no. 18)	PHAR	Medicinal Chemistry-III	No		
(May-2022)		PHAR	Medicinal Chemistry-III Lab	No		
		PHAR	Pharmacology-III	No		

	Modifi	cation sugge				
Programme	Scheme of Examination	Course code	Course Name	Modification in Section	Page no.	Recommendation
		PHAR	Pharmacology-III Lab	No		
		PHAR	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology	No		
		PHAR	Quality Assurance	No		
		PHAR	Instrumental Methods of Analysis	No		
		PHAR	Instrumental Methods of Analysis Lab	No		
B. Pharm.		PHAR	Industrial Pharmacy-II	No		
Fourth Year	Changes as per PCI	PHAR	Novel Drug Delivery System	No		- Approved by BOS
Semester	regulations (Page no. 19)	PHAR	Dosage Form Design	No		
(Dec2022)		PHAR	Dosage Form Design Lab	No		
		PHAR	Pharmacy Practice	No		
		PHAR	Practice School	No		
		PHAR	Biostatistics and Research Methodology	No		
		PHAR	Social and Preventive Pharmacy	No		-
D. Dhame		PHAR	Discipline Elective -1	No		
Fourth Year	Changes as per PCI	PHAR	Discipline Elective -2	No		
Eighth Semester (May-2023)	regulations (Page no. 20)	PHAR	Open Elective	No		Approved by BOS
		PHAR	Project Work [Social and Preventive Pharmacy Project Lab Quality Control and Standardization of Herbals Project Lab Cosmetic Science Project Lab Advanced Instrumentation Techniques Project Lab]	No		

	Modif	ication sugge	es in			
Programme	Scheme of Examination	Course code	Course Name	Modification in Section	Page no.	Recommendation
		PHAR 503	Advanced Medicinal Chemistry	No		
M. Pharm.		PHAR 504	Advanced Organic Chemistry – I	No		
First Year	Yes	PHAR 509	Chemistry of Natural Products	No		Approved by POS
(Dec2019)	(Page no. 88)	PHAR 516	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	No		Approved by BOS
		PHAR 519L	Pharmaceutical Chemistry Lab– I	No		
		PHAR	Discipline Elective	Yes		
		PHAR 501	Advance Organic Chemistry-II	No		
M. Pharm.		PHAR 507	Advanced Spectral Analysis	No		
(Pharm. Chem.) First Year	Yes (Page no. 88)	PHAR 511	Computer Aided Drug Design	No		Ammound hy DOS
(May-2020)		PHAR 521	Pharmaceutical Process Chemistry	No		Approved by <b>b</b> OS
		PHAR 520L	Pharmaceutical Chemistry Lab – II	No		
		PHAR	Open Elective	Yes		

# Master of Pharmacy (Pharmaceutical Chemistry) Examination

# Master of Pharmacy (Pharmaceutics) Examination

Programme	Modifi	ication sugge					
	Scheme of Examination	Course code	Course Name	Modification in Section	Page no.	Recommendation	
		PHAR 514	Drug Delivery Systems	No			
M. Pharm.		PHAR 516	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	No			
First Year First Sem. (Dec2019)	Yes (Page no. 89)	PHAR 517	Modern Pharmaceutics	Yes	114-115		
		PHAR 522L	Pharmaceutics Lab- I	No			
		PHAR 529	Regulatory Affairs	No			
		PHAR	Discipline Elective	Yes		-	
M. Pharm.		PHAR 502	Advanced Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics	Yes	125		
(Pharmaceutics) First Year Second Sem. (May-2020)	(Pnarmaceutics) First Year	Yes	PHAR 512	Computer Aided Drug Development	No		A manager of the DOS
	(Page no. 89)	PHAR 513	Cosmetics And Cosmeceuticals	No		Approved by BOS	
		PHAR 518	Molecular Pharmaceutics	No			

	PHAR 523L	Pharmaceutics Lab – II	No	
	PHAR	Open Elective	Yes	

# Master of Pharmacy (Pharmacology) Examination

	Modif	ication sugge	es in			
Programme	Scheme of Examination	Course code	Course Name	Modification in Section	Page no.	Recommendation
		PHAR 505	Advanced Pharmacology – I	No		
M. Pharm.		PHAR 508	Cellular And Molecular Pharmacology	No		
(Pharmacology) First Year	Changes as per	PHAR 516	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	No		
First Sem. (Dec2019)	(Page no. 90)	PHAR	Pharmacological And Toxicological Screening Methods-I	Yes	134-135	Approved by BOS
		PHAR 526L	Pharmacology Lab – I	No		
		PHAR	Discipline Elective	Yes		
		PHAR 506	Advanced Pharmacology - II	No		
M. Pharm.		PHAR 510	Clinical Research And Pharmacovigilance	No		
(Pharmacology) First Year	Changes as per PCI regulation	PHAR	Principles of Drug Discovery	Yes	148	
Second Sem. (May-2020)	(Page no. 90)	PHAR 525	Pharmacological And Toxicological Screening Methods-II	No		Approved by BOS
		PHAR 527L	Pharmacology Practical – II	No		
		PHAR	Open Elective	Yes		

# Master of Pharmacy (Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Pharmaceutics, Pharmacology) Examination

	Modif	ication sugge				
Programme	Scheme of Examination	Course code	Course Name	Modification in Section	Page no.	Recommendation
M Pharm. (Pharma.		PHAR 601P	Project (Part-I)	No		
Chemistry, Pharmaceutics,	Ves		Reading Elective -1	Yes	151-158	
Pharmacology) Second Year Third &	(Page no. 91)	PHAR 602P	Project (Part-II)	No		Approved by BOS
(Dec2021) Fourth Sem. (May-2022)			Reading Elective -2	Yes	151-158	

Name of Programme: Bachelor of Pharmacy

**Programme Educational Objectives:** Pharmacy programme deals with various aspects of modern drug design, drug development, production and quality assurance that are the basis for expertise in all domains of medicine. Pharmacy professionals being a member of healthcare team are unique in their detailed and comprehensive understanding of physical, chemical and biological interactions on the outcomes of drug therapy. They require an understanding of drug entities chemistry, delivery characteristics of dosage formulations, physiological and pharmacological outcomes of drug interactions. Pharmacy curriculum incorporate components of problem solving, case study and project work in the areas of specialization. The main objectives of the Pharmacy programme are:

- To provide exemplary education in a stimulating environment where delivery of pharmaceutical knowledge is integrated with nationally and internationally recognized research to conduct and publish cutting-edge multidisciplinary research in the discovery, utilization and evaluation of therapeutic agents.
- To prepare competent pharmacists at various levels for India.
- To raise sensitivity to professional ethical codes of conduct and social values.
- To prepare globally recognized pharmacy professionals.
- To demonstrate standards of digital literacy that would support professional needs in manufacture, patient care, hospital administration etc.
- To create awareness in society for rationale usage of medicines.
- To create awareness about environmental hazards in relation to GMP & GLP.
- To develop gender-neutral attitudes and practices; respect for all races, nations, religions, cultures, languages and traditions.
- To nurture a temperament that would enable individuals to set and work towards self-driven performance-goals, entrepreneurial ventures and overall leadership.

#### **Programme Outcomes:**

**PO1: Pharmacy Knowledge:** Possess knowledge and comprehension of the core and basic knowledge associated with the profession of pharmacy, including biomedical sciences; pharmaceutical science and technology; behavioral, social, and administrative pharmaceutical sciences; and manufacturing practices.

**PO2: Planning abilities:** Demonstrate effective planning abilities including time management, resource management, delegation skills and organizational skills. Develop and implement plans and organize work to meet deadlines.

**PO3: Problem analysis:** Utilize the principles of scientific enquiry, thinking analytically, clearly and critically, while solving problems and making decision during daily practice. Find, analyze, evaluate and apply information systematically and shall make defensible decisions.

**PO4: Modern tool usage:** Learn, select, and apply appropriate methods and procedures, resources, and modern pharmacy-related computing tools with an understanding of the limitations.

**PO5: Leadership skills:** Understand and consider the human reaction to change, motivation issues, leadership and team building when planning changes required for fulfillment of practice, professional and societal responsibilities. Assume participatory roles as responsible citizen or leadership roles when appropriate to facilitate improvement in health and well-being.

**PO6:** Professional Identity: Understand, analyze and communicate the value of their professional roles in society (e.g. health care professionals, promoters of health, educators, managers, employees).

**PO7: Pharmaceutical Ethics:** Honor personal values and apply ethical principles in professional and social contexts. Demonstrate behavior that recognizes cultural and personal variability in values, communication and lifestyles. Use ethical frameworks; apply ethical principles while making decisions and take responsibility for the outcomes associated with the decisions.

PO8: Communication: Communicate effectively with the pharmacy community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write

effective, make effective presentations and documentation, and give and receive clear instructions.

**PO9: The Pharmacist and society:** Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety and legal issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional pharmacy practice.

**PO10: Environment and sustainability:** Understand the impact of the professional pharmacy solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

**PO11: Life- long learning:** Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change. Self access and use feedback effectively from others to identify learning needs and to satisfy theses needs on an ongoing basis.

Programme Scheme: First Year Semester: First

# Changes as per PCI regulations

Existing	scheme as per 2017-18 (Implementation in contin	gent to	PCI n	orms)			Proposed scheme from Academic Session 201	19-20			
Course code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С	Course code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	
BVF 002	Environment Studies	2	0	0	2		General English/General Hindi	2	0	0	
PHAR 102	Human Anatomy and Physiology- I	4	0	0	4		Core Foundation Course-I	2	0	0	
PHAR 102L	Human Anatomy and Physiology- I Lab	0	0	4	2	PHAR 102	Human Anatomy and Physiology- I	4	0	0	
PHAR 104	Pharmaceutical Analysis- I	4	0	0	4	PHAR 104	Pharmaceutical Analysis- I	4	0	0	
PHAR 104L	Pharmaceutical Analysis- I Lab	0	0	4	2	PHAR 105	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry	4	0	0	
PHAR 105	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry	4	0	0	4	PHAR 107	Pharmaceutics- I	4	0	0	
PHAR 105L	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry Lab	0	0	4	2	PHAR 108	Remedial Biology*	3	0	0	
PHAR 107	Pharmaceutics- I	4	0	0	4	MATH 110	Remedial Mathematics	3	0	0	
PHAR 107L	Pharmaceutics- I Lab	0	0	4	2	PHAR 102L	Human Anatomy and Physiology- I Lab	0	0	4	
PHAR 108	Remedial Biology	3	0	0	3	PHAR 104L	Pharmaceutical Analysis- I Lab	0	0	4	
	Semester wise total:	21	0	16	29	PHAR 105L	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry Lab	0	0	4	
						PHAR 107L	Pharmaceutics- I Lab	0	0	4	
							Semester wise total:	23	0	16	

**\*Only for candidates, who are from Mathematics background.** *Remedial Mathematics course (MATH 110) has been shifted from Second to First semester to align the scheme as per PCI norms.* 

**Programme Scheme:** First Year **Semester:** Second

# Changes as per PCI regulations

Course codeCourse NameLTPCSVF 003Indian Heritage2002CS 102Computer Applications in Pharmacy3003CS 102Computer Applications in Pharmacy Lab0042PHAR 101Biochemistry4004PHAR 101Biochemistry Lab0042PHAR 103Human Anatomy and Physiology- II Lab0042PHAR 106Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I4000PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab0042PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab0042PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab00042PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab00042PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab00000PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab0000PHAR 106LPharmaceut	Existing	scheme as per 2017-18 (Implementation in contin	gent to	PCI r	norms)	
Course codeCourse NameLIPCBVF 003Indian Heritage2002CS 102Computer Applications in Pharmacy Lab0042MATH 110Remedial Mathematics3003PHAR 101Biochemistry Lab0042PHAR 101Biochemistry Lab0042PHAR 103Human Anatomy and Physiology- II4004PHAR 106Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I4004PHAR 106Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab0042PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab000PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab00			T	Т	D	C
BVF 003Indian Heritage2002CS 102Computer Applications in Pharmacy3003CS 102Computer Applications in Pharmacy Lab0042MATH 110Remedial Mathematics3003PHAR 101Biochemistry40042PHAR 101Biochemistry Lab0042PHAR 103Human Anatomy and Physiology- II40042PHAR 104Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I400042PHAR 106Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I4000000PHAR 106Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I40000000PHAR 106Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I400000000PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab000000000000PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab000	Course code		L	1	P	C
CS 102Computer Applications in Pharmacy3003CS 102Computer Applications in Pharmacy Lab0042MATH 110Remedial Mathematics3003PHAR 101Biochemistry4004PHAR 101Biochemistry Lab0042PHAR 101Biochemistry Lab0042PHAR 103Human Anatomy and Physiology- II4004PHAR 103Human Anatomy and Physiology- II Lab0042PHAR 106Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I4000PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab0042PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab0042PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab0042PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab0009PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab000	BVF 003	Indian Heritage	2	0	0	2
CS 102LComputer Applications in Pharmacy Lab0042MATH 110Remedial Mathematics3003PHAR 101Biochemistry4004PHAR 101Biochemistry Lab0042PHAR 103Human Anatomy and Physiology- II4004PHAR 103Human Anatomy and Physiology- II Lab0042PHAR 106Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I4000PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab0042PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab0042PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab0000PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab000	CS 102	Computer Applications in Pharmacy	3	0	0	3
MATH 110Remedial Mathematics3003PHAR 101BiochemistryBiochemistry4004PHAR 101Biochemistry Lab0042PHAR 103Human Anatomy and Physiology- II40040PHAR 103Human Anatomy and Physiology- II Lab0042PHAR 106Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab0042PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab0042PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab0042PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab000PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab00	CS 102L	Computer Applications in Pharmacy Lab	0	0	4	2
PHAR 101Biochemistry40040PHAR 101LBiochemistry Lab0042PHAR 103Human Anatomy and Physiology- II0042PHAR 103Human Anatomy and Physiology- II Lab0042PHAR 106Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I400PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab0042PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab0042PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab000PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab00PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab00	MATH 110	Remedial Mathematics	3	0	0	3
PHAR 101LBiochemistry Lab0042PHAR 103Human Anatomy and Physiology- II4004PHAR 103LHuman Anatomy and Physiology- II Lab0042PHAR 106Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I4000PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab0042PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab0042PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab0042PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab0042PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab000PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab00PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab00	PHAR 101	Biochemistry	4	0	0	4
PHAR 103       Human Anatomy and Physiology- II       4       0       0       4       2         PHAR 103       Human Anatomy and Physiology- II Lab       0       0       4       2         PHAR 103L       Human Anatomy and Physiology- II Lab       0       0       4       2         PHAR 106       Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I       4       0       0       4       2         PHAR 106L       Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab       0       0       4       2         Semester wise total:       20       0       16       28	PHAR 1011	Biochemistry I ah	0	0	4	2
PHAR 103Human Anatomy and Physiology- II4004PHAR 103LHuman Anatomy and Physiology- II Lab0042PHAR 106Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I4004PHAR 106LPharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab0042Semester wise total:2001628			4	0	т 0	2
PHAR 103L       Human Anatomy and Physiology- II Lab       0       0       4       2         PHAR 106       Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I       4       0       0       4         PHAR 106L       Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab       0       0       4       2         Semester wise total:       20       0       16       28	PHAR 103	Human Anatomy and Physiology- II	4	0	0	4
PHAR 106       Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I       4       0       0       4         PHAR 106L       Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab       0       0       4       2         Semester wise total:       20       0       16       28	PHAR 103L	Human Anatomy and Physiology- II Lab	0	0	4	2
PHAR 106L       Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab       0       0       4       2         Semester wise total:       20       0       16       28	PHAR 106	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I	4	0	0	4
Semester wise total: 20 0 16 28	PHAR 106L	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab	0	0	4	2
		Semester wise total:	20	0	16	28

Remedial Mathematics course (MATH 110) has been shifted to first semester; Pathophysiology course (PHAR 212) has been shifted from third to second semester for aligning the course scheme as per PCI norms.

Programme Scheme: Second Year Semester: Third

Changes as per PCI regulations

Existing	scheme as per 2017-18 (Implementation in contin	gent to	PCI n	orms)			Proposed scheme from Academic Session 201	19-20			
Course code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С	e code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	
BVF 007R	Selected Writings for Self Study-I	2	0	0	2		Core Foundation Course-III	2	0	0	
PHAR 204	Pharmaceutical Microbiology	4	0	0	4		Elective Foundation Course-I	2	0	0	
PHAR 204L	Pharmaceutical Microbiology Lab	0	0	4	2	204	Pharmaceutical Microbiology	4	0	0	
PHAR 205	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-II	4	0	0	4	205	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-II	4	0	0	
PHAR 205L	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-II Lab	0	0	4	2	213	Pharmaceutical Engineering	4	0	0	
PHAR 212	Pathophysiology	4	0	0	4	217	Physical Pharmaceutics-I	4	0	0	
PHAR 213	Pharmaceutical Engineering	4	0	0	4		Pharmaceutical Physical Chemistry	3	0	0	
PHAR 213L	Pharmaceutical Engineering Lab	0	0	4	2	204L	Pharmaceutical Microbiology Lab	0	0	4	
PHAR 217	Physical Pharmaceutics-I	4	0	0	4	205L	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-II Lab	0	0	4	
PHAR 217L	Physical Pharmaceutics-I Lab	0	0	4	2	213L	Pharmaceutical Engineering Lab	0	0	4	
	Semester wise total:	22	0	16	30	217L	Physical Pharmaceutics-I Lab	0	0	4	
							Semester wise total:	23	0	16	

Pathophysiology course (PHAR 212) has been shifted to second semester to align the scheme as per PCI norms.

Pharmaceutical Physical Chemistry course has been introduced in the third semester to balance the semester load and the course is also important in prospect of GPAT examination.

**Programme Scheme:** Second Year **Semester:** Fourth

Minor Changes in lecture hours and credit of Physical Pharmaceutics-II

Course code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С
BVF 008R	Selected Writings for Self Study-II	2	0	0	2
PHAR 211	Medicinal Chemistry-I	4	0	0	4
PHAR 211L	Medicinal Chemistry-I Lab	0	0	4	2
PHAR 214	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-III	4	0	0	4
PHAR 215	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-I	4	0	0	4
PHAR 215L	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-I Lab	0	0	4	2
PHAR 216	Pharmacology-I	4	0	0	4
PHAR 216L	Pharmacology-I Lab	0	0	4	2
PHAR 218	Physical Pharmaceutics-I	4	0	0	4
PHAR 218L	Physical Pharmaceutics-I Lab	0	0	4	2
	Semester wise total:	22	5	16	30

	Proposed scheme from Academic Session 201	19-20			
Course code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С
	Core Foundation Course-IV	2	0	0	2
	Elective Foundation Course-II	2	0	0	2
PHAR 211	Medicinal Chemistry-I	4	0	0	4
PHAR 214	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-III	4	0	0	4
PHAR 215	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-I	4	0	0	4
PHAR 216	Pharmacology-I	4	0	0	4
PHAR 218	Physical Pharmaceutics-II	3	0	0	3
PHAR 211L	Medicinal Chemistry-I Lab	0	0	4	2
PHAR 215L	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-I Lab	0	0	4	2
PHAR 216L	Pharmacology-I Lab	0	0	4	2
PHAR 218L	Physical Pharmaceutics-II Lab	0	0	4	2
	Semester wise total:	23	0	16	31

**Programme Scheme:** Third Year **Semester:** Fifth

Changes as per PCI regulations

	Existing scheme (Old regulations)				Proposed scheme from Academi		
Course code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С	Course code	Course Name
	Foundation Course-I	3	0	0	3		Vocational Course-I
BPH-5.1	Biochemistry-V	4	0	0	4		Core Foundation Course-V / Electiv Foundation Course-III
	Biochemistry-V Lab	0	0	4	2		Industrial Pharmacy-I
BPH-5.2	Hospital Pharmacy	3	0	0	3		Medicinal Chemistry-II
3PH-5.3	Pharmaceutical Technology	3	0	0	3		Pharmacology-II
	Pharmaceutical Technology Lab	0	0	4	2		Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistr
PH-5.4	Pharmacognosy-III	3	0	0	3		Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence
	Pharmacognosy-III Lab	0	0	4	2		Industrial Pharmacy-I Lab
3PH-5.5	Pharmacology-I	3	0	0	3		Pharmacology-II Lab
	Pharmacology-I Lab	0	0	4	2		Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistr
	Semester wise total:	19	0	16	27		Semeste

Course scheme modified as per PCI norms

Session 202	19-20			
	L	Т	Р	С
	2	0	0	2
e	2	0	0	2
	4	0	0	4
	4	0	0	4
	4	0	0	4
/-II	4	0	0	4
	4	0	0	4
	0	0	4	2
	0	0	4	2
-II Lab	0	0	4	2
wise total:	24	0	12	30

**Programme Scheme:** Third Year **Semester:** Sixth

Changes as per PCI regulations

Course code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С
	Foundation Course-II	3	0	0	3
BPH-6.1	Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics	3	0	0	3
	Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics Lab	0	0	4	2
BPH-6.2	Drug Regulatory Affairs	3	0	0	3
BPH-6.3	Medicinal Chemistry-I	3	0	0	3
	Medicinal Chemistry-I Lab	0	0	4	2
BPH-6.4	Pharmacognosy-IV	3	0	0	3
	Pharmacognosy-IV Lab	0	0	4	2
BPH-6.5	Pharmacology-II	3	0	0	3
	Pharmacology-II Lab	0	0	4	2
	Semester wise total:	18	0	12	26

	Proposed scheme from Academic Session 201	19-20			
Course code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С
	Vocational Course-II	2	0	0	2
	Elective Foundation Course-III / Core Foundation Course-V	2	0	0	2
	Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics	4	0	0	4
	Herbal Drug Technology	3	0	0	3
	Medicinal Chemistry-III	4	0	0	4
	Pharmacology-III	4	0	0	4
	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology	3	0	0	3
	Quality Assurance	3	0	0	3
	Herbal Drug Technology Lab	0	0	4	2
	Medicinal Chemistry-III Lab	0	0	4	2
	Pharmacology-III Lab	0	0	4	2
	Semester wise total:	25	0	12	31

Course scheme modified as per PCI norms

**Programme Scheme:** Fourth Year **Semester:** Seventh

Changes as per PCI regulations

	Existing scheme (Old regulations)						Proposed scheme from Academic Session 201	19-20			
Course code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С	Course code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С
BPH-7.1	Medicinal Chemistry-II	3	0	0	3		Instrumental Methods of Analysis	4	0	0	4
	Medicinal Chemistry-II Lab	0	0	4	2		Industrial Pharmacy-II	4	0	0	4
BPH-7.2	Pharmaceutical Analysis-III	3	0	0	3		Novel Drug Delivery System	4	0	0	4
	Pharmaceutical Analysis-III Lab	0	0	4	2		Dosage Form Design	4	0	0	4
BPH-7.3	Pharmaceutical Industrial Management	3	0	0	3		Pharmacy Practice	4	0	0	4
BPH-7.4	Pharmaceutical Technology-II	3	0	0	3		Instrumental Methods of Analysis Lab	0	0	4	2
	Pharmaceutical Technology-II Lab	0	0	4	2		Dosage Form Design Lab	0	0	4	2
BPH-7.5	Pharmacology-III	3	0	0	3		Practice School	0	0	8	4
	Pharmacology-III Lab	0	0	4	2		Semester wise total:	20	0	16	30
	Semester wise total:	15	0	16	23	L					

Course scheme modified as per PCI norms

**Programme Scheme:** Fourth Year **Semester:** Eighth

Changes as per PCI regulations

	Existing scheme (Old regulations)	Proposed scheme from Academic Session 2019-20								
		_		_	~		_			
Course code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С	ourse code Course Name	L	Т	Р	C
BPH-8.1	Clinical Pharmacology and Toxicology	3	0	0	3	Biostatistics and Research Methodology	4	0	0	4
BPH-8.2	Dosage Form Design	3	0	0	3	Social and Preventive Pharmacy	4	0	0	4
	Dosage Form Design Lab	0	0	4	2	Discipline Elective -1	4	0	0	4
BPH-8.3	Medicinal Chemistry-III	3	0	0	3	Discipline Elective -2	4	0	0	4
	Medicinal Chemistry-III Lab	0	0	4	2	*Open Elective	4	0	0	4
BPH-8.4	Natural Products	3	0	0	3	Project Work	0	0	16	8
	Natural Products Lab	0	0	4	2	Quality Control and Standardization of				
BPH-8.5	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology	3	0	0	3	Herbals Project Lab Cosmetic Science Project Lab				
	Semester wise total:	15	0	12	21	Advanced Instrumentation Techniques Project Labl				
						Semester wise total:	20	0	16	2

Course scheme modified as per PCI norms

\*List of Discipline elective:

Course code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С
	Advanced Instrumentation Techniques	4	0	0	4
	Pharmaceutical Regulatory Science	4	0	0	4
	Quality Control and Standardization of Herbals	4	0	0	4
	Pharmacovigilance	4	0	0	4
	Cosmetic Science	4	0	0	4
	Pharmaceutical Marketing	4	0	0	4

List of Core Foundation Course				
Environment Studies	2	0	0	2
Indian Heritage/Indial Cultural Heritage	2	0	0	2
Selected Writings of Great Authors - I	2	0	0	2
Women in Indian Society	2	0	0	2
Parenthood and Family Relation	2	0	0	2

List of Elective Foundation Course				
Science of Happiness	2	0	0	2
Human Anatomy and Physiology	2	0	0	2
Design Thinking	2	0	0	2
Basic Human Values	2	0	0	2
Selected Writings of Great Authors - II	2	0	0	2

List of Vocational Course				
Basic Dress Making	0	0	4	2
Dress Designing	0	0	4	2
Entrepreneurship - I	2	0	0	2
Entrepreneurship - II	2	0	0	2
Radio Production - I	2	0	0	2
Radio Production - II	2	0	0	2
Web Designing & Internet Technology-I	1	0	2	2
Web Designing & Internet Technology-II	1	0	2	2
Library Science - I	1	0	2	2
Library Science - II	1	0	2	2
Photography - I	2	0	0	2
Photography - II	2	0	0	2

Every Student shall also opt for: Five Fold Education: Physical Education I, Physical Education II, Five Fold Education: Aesthetic Education I, Aesthetic Education II, Five Fold Education: Practical Education I, Practical Education II doing one each semester

Semester	Ι	п	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII
Credits	31	31	31	31	30	31	30	28
Total credits	243							

#### Name of Programme: Bachelor of Pharmacy

#### Course details: First Semester

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
Course code PHAR 102 Course name Human Anatomy and Physiology-I	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: <ul> <li>gross morphology, structure and functions of cell, skeletal, muscular, lymphatic cardiovascular system of the human body</li> <li>various homeostatic mechanisms and their imbalances</li> <li>different types of bones and joints in human body</li> <li>various tissues of different systems of human body</li> <li>various experimental techniques related to physiology</li> <li>various techniques like blood group determination, blood pressure measurement, blood cells counting.</li> <li>structure and functions of special senses and PNS</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Introduction to human body: Definition and scope of anatomy and physiology, levels of structural organization and body systems, basic life processes, homeostasis, basic anatomical terminology.</li> <li>Cellular level of organization: Structure and functions of cell, transport across cell membrane, cell division, cell junctions. General principles of cell communication, intracellular signaling pathway activation by extracellular signal molecule, Forms of intracellular signaling: a) Contact-dependent b) Paracrine c) Synaptic d) Endocrine Tissue level of organization: Classification of tissues, structure, location and functions of epithelial, muscular and nervous and connective tissues.</li> <li>Section-B</li> <li>Integumentary system: Structure and functions of skin</li> <li>Skeletal system: Divisions of skeletal system, types of bone, salient features and functions of bones of axial and appendicular skeletal system. Organization of skeletal muscle, physiology of muscle contraction, neuromuscular junction.</li> <li>Joints: Structural and functional classification, types of joints movements and its articulation</li> <li>Body fluids and blood: Body fluids, composition and functions of blood, hemopoeisis, formation of hemoglobin, anemia, mechanisms of coagulation, blood grouping, Rh factors, transfusion, its significance and disorders of blood, Reticulo endothelial system.</li> <li>Lymphatic system: Lymphatic organs and tissues, lymphatic vessels, lymph circulation and functions of sympathetic and parasympathetic nervous system. Origin and functions of sympathetic and parasympathetic nervous system. Structure and functions of sympathetic and parasympathetic nervous system.</li> <li>Sembulingam K, Sembulingam P, Essentials of Medical Physiology, Jaypee brother's medical publishers, New Delhi, 6<sup>th</sup> edi, 2012.</li> <li>Kathleen JW, Anatomy and Physiology in Health and Illness, Churchill Livingstone, New York: T<sup>th</sup> edi, 1992</li> <li>Tandon OP, Tripathi Y, Physiolog</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Introduction to human body: Definition and scope physiology, levels of structural organization and bodilife processes, homeostasis, basic anatomical termin Cellular level of organization: Structure and ft transport across cell membrane, cell division, cell jprinciples of cell communication, intracellular signal molecule, Form signaling: a) Contact-dependent b) Paracrine c) Syna Tissue level of organization: Classification of t location and functions of epithelial, muscular aconnective tissues.</li> <li>Section-B</li> <li>Integumentary system: Structure and functions of skletal system: Divisions of skeletal muscle, physic contraction, neuromuscular junction.</li> <li>Joints: Structural and functional classification, movements and its articulation</li> <li>Body fluids and blood: Body fluids, composition blood, hemopoeisis, formation of hemoglobin, and of coagulation, blood grouping, Rh factors, transfusi and disorders of blood, Reticulo endothelial system.</li> <li>Lymphatic system: Lymphatic organs and tissues, lymph circulation and functions of sympathetic and nervous system. Orgini and functions of sympathetic and nervous system. Orgin and functions of sympathetic and nervous system. Orgin and functions of artery, we elements of conduction system functions of artery, we elements of conduction system, cardiac output Regulation of blood pressure, pulse, electrocardiogrof heart.</li> <li>Recommended Books (Latest Edition):</li> <li>Sembulingam, K. Sembulingam, P. (2012). <i>Ess. Physiology</i>, 6<sup>th</sup> Ed., New York: Churchill Livingstone.</li> <li>Tandon, O.P. Tripathi, Y. (2011). <i>Physiological Practice</i>, Best and Tailor, Williams &amp; Wilkins Co.</li> <li>Guyton, A.C. Hall, J.E. (2006). Text book of Maint<sup>th</sup> Ed., Miamisburg.</li> <li>Tortora, G.J. (2003). Grabowski SR, <i>Principles Physiology</i>, Palmetto, GA.</li> <li>Singh, I. (2011). <i>Textbook of Practical Physiology</i>, Jaypee brother's medical publishers.</li> <li>Srinageswari, K. Sharma, R. (2015). <i>Practica</i></li></ul>

	Remarks
e of anatomy and ody systems, basic ology. Functions of cell, junctions. General signaling pathway is of intracellular ptic d) Endocrine cissues, structure, and nervous and kin s of bone, salient endicular skeletal ology of muscle types of joints and functions of emia, mechanisms on, its significance lymphatic vessels,	Remarks          No changes in the syllabus.         "Reference Books (Latest Editions):" merged in the
eripheral nervous d parasympathetic ranial nerves. , nose and tongue blood circulation, ein and capillaries, peat, its regulation t, cardiac cycle. ram and disorders	Editions):" merged in the recommended books. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.
entials of Medical medical publisher. gy in Health and I basis of Medical Iedical Physiology, of Anatomy and 6 <sup>th</sup> Ed., New Delhi: logy, 8 <sup>th</sup> Ed., New orkbook of Human	
l publishers.	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
		<ol> <li>9. Chatterrje CC, Human Physiology, vol 1-2, New Delhi: Academic Publishers Kolkata, 2005.</li> <li>Reference Books (Latest Editions):         <ol> <li>Physiological basis of Medical Practice-Best and Tailor. Williams &amp; Wilkins Co, Riverview, MI USA</li> <li>Text book of Medical Physiology- Arthur C, Guyton and John. E. Hall. Miamisburg, OH, U.S.A.</li> <li>Human Physiology (vol 1 and 2) by Dr. C.C. Chatterrje ,Academic Publishers Kolkata</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	<ol> <li>9. Chatterrje, C.C. (2005). Human Physiology, Academic Publishers.</li> <li>Suggested e-material:         <ol> <li>www.opentextbc.ca</li> <li>www.study.com</li> <li>www.getbodysmart.com</li> <li>www.kenhub.com</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 104 <b>Course name</b> Pharmaceutical Analysis -I	Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to know Different types of analysis. Principles, instrumentaion and applications of various types of titration Impurities in medicinal agents	Section-A Pharmaceutical analysis- Definition and scope, Different techniques of analysis, Methods of expressing concentration, Primary and secondary standards, Preparation and standardization of various molar and normal solutions- Oxalic acid, sodium hydroxide, hydrochloric acid, sodium thiosulphate, sulphuric acid, potassium permanganate and ceric ammonium sulphate. Errors: Sources of errors, types of errors, methods of minimizing errors, accuracy, precision and significant figures. Pharmacopoeia, sources of impurities in medicinal agents, limit tests. Acid base titration: Theories of acid base indicators, classification of acid base titrations and theory involved in titrations of strong, weak, and very weak acids and bases, neutralization curves Non aqueous titration: Solvents, acidimetry and alkalimetry titration and estimation of Sodium benzoate and Ephedrine HCI Section-B Precipitation titrations: Mohr's method, Volhard's, Modified Volhard's, Fajans method, estimation of sodium chloride. Complexometric titration: Classification, metal ion indicators, masking and demasking reagents, estimation of Magnesium sulphate, and calcium gluconate. Gravimetry: Principle and steps involved in gravimetric analysis. Purity of the precipitate: co-precipitation and post precipitation, Estimation of barium sulphate. Basic principles, methods and applications), cerimetry, iodimetry, iodometry, bromatometry, dichrometry, titration with potassium iodate Section-C Conductometry: Introduction, conductivity cell, conductometric titrations, applications. Potentiometry: Electrochemical cell, construction and working of reference (Standard hydrogen, silver chloride electrode and glass electrode) and indicator electrode and rotating platinum electrode, applications Recommended Books: (Latest Editions) 1. Beckett AH, Stenlake's JB, Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry, vol I-II, Stahlone Press of University of London, 4 <sup>th</sup> edi: 1962 2. Mendham, Vogel,s AI- Text Book of Quantitative Inorganic	Section-A Pharmaceutical analysis- Definition and scope, Differ analysis, Methods of expressing concentration, Prim standards, Preparation and standardization of v. normal solutions- Oxalic acid, sodium hydroxide,, sodium thiosulphate, sulphuric acid, potassium p ceric ammonium sulphate. Errors: Sources of errors, types of errors, method errors, accuracy, precision and significant figures. Pharmacopoeia, sources of impurities in medicinal a Acid base titration: Theories of acid base indicator acid base titrations and theory involved in titration and very weak acids and bases, neutralization curves Non aqueous titration: Solvents, acidimetry and al and estimation of Sodium benzoate and Ephedrine F Section-B Precipitation titrations: Mohr's method, Vol Volhard's, Fajans method, estimation of sodium chlo Complexometric titration: Classification, metal ion i and demasking reagents, estimation of Magnesic calcium gluconate. Gravimetry: Principle and steps involved in gravimet of the precipitate: co-precipitation and post precip of barium sulphate. Basic principles, methods and applications, cerin iodometry, bromatometry, dichrometry, titration iodate Section-C Conductometry: Introduction, conductivity cell, titrations, applications. Potentiometry: Electrochemical cell, construction reference (Standard hydrogen, silver chloride elect electrode) and indicator electrodes (metal elect electrode), methods to determine end point of titrations applications. Polarography: Principle, Ilkovic equation, constructid dropping mercury electrode and rotating pla applications Recommended Books (Latest Edition): 1. Beckett, A.H. Stenlake, J.B. (1962). Practice Chemistry, 4 <sup>th</sup> Ed., vol I-II. London: Stahlone Pre London. 2. Mendham, (2019). Vogel,s AI- Text Book of Qua

	Remarks
vol 1-2. Kolkatta:	
erent techniques of ary and secondary arious molar and hydrochloric acid, ermanganate and ods of minimizing gents, limit tests. rs, classification of is of strong, weak, skalimetry titration fCl hard's, Modified oride. ndicators, masking um sulphate, and tric analysis. Purity itation, Estimation ation titration. on, types of redox netry, iodimetry, n with potassium , conductometric n and working of trode and calomel trodes and glass of potentiometric on and working of trinum electrode, al Pharmaceutical ss of University of ntitative Inorganic	No changes in the syllabus. "Reference Books (Latest Editions):" merged in the recommended books. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		<ul> <li>analysis, pearson, 6<sup>th</sup> edi: 2019.</li> <li>3. Rao PG, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry, pharma med press: 3<sup>rd</sup> edi, 2006.</li> <li>4. Atherden LM, Bentley and Driver's Textbook of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Oxford University Press: 2004.</li> <li>5. Kennedy JK, Analytical chemistry principles, Brooks/Cole: 3rd Revised edition, 1990.</li> <li>6. Indian Pharmacopoeia, 2014, addendum 2016.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>analysis, 6<sup>th</sup> Ed., pearson.</li> <li>Rao, P.G. (2006). Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., pharma med press.</li> <li>Atherden, L.M. (2004). Bentley and Driver's Textbook of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Oxford University Press.</li> <li>Kennedy, J.K. (1990). Analytical chemistry principles, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., Brooks/Cole.</li> <li>Indian Pharmacopoeia, (2014). addendum 2016.</li> </ul>	
		Section-A	<ul> <li>Suggested e-material:</li> <li>https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/abs/10.1002/978111869542 5.ch10</li> <li>https://www.researchgate.net/publication/280224434_Handbo ok_of_Inorganic_Impurities_in_Pharmaceuticals</li> <li>http://www.rroij.com/open-access/a-review-on-impurity- profile-in-pharmaceutical-substances.php?aid=34989</li> <li>https://www.scribd.com/doc/101354608/Chapter-5- Gastrointestinal-Agents-Reviewer</li> <li>https://www.who.int/medicines/publications/pharmacopoeia/R adgenmono</li> </ul>	
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 105 <b>Course name</b> Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry	<ul> <li>Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to know</li> <li>Principles of limit tests</li> <li>Preparation, assay, properties and medicinal uses different inorganic compounds</li> <li>Identification of different anions, cations and different inorganic pharmaceuticals.</li> <li>Sources of impurities and methods to determine the impurities in pharmaceuticals</li> </ul>	Section-A Impurities in pharmaceutical substances: History of Pharmacopoeia, Sources and types of impurities, principle involved in the limit test for Chloride, Sulphate, Iron, Arsenic, Lead and Heavy metals, modified limit test for Chloride and Sulphate. General methods of preparation, assay for the compounds superscripted with asterisk (*), properties and medicinal uses of inorganic compounds belonging to the following classes. Acids, Bases and Buffers: Buffer equations and buffer capacity in general, buffers in pharmaceutical systems, preparation, stability, buffered isotonic solutions, measurements of tonicity, calculations and methods of adjusting isotonicity. Major extra and intracellular electrolytes: Functions of major physiological ions, Electrolytes used in the replacement therapy: Sodium chloride*, Potassium chloride, Calcium gluconate* and Oral Rehydration Salt (ORS), Physiological acid base balance. Section-B Dental products: Dentifrices, role of fluoride in the treatment of dental caries, Desensitizing agents, Calcium carbonate, Sodium fluoride, and Zinc eugenol cement. Acidifiers: Ammonium chloride* and Dil. HCl Antacid: Ideal properties of antacids, combinations of antacids, Sodium Bicarbonate*, Aluminum hydroxide gel, Magnesium hydroxide mixture Cathartics: Magnesium sulphate, Sodium orthophosphate, Kaolin and Bentonite Antimicrobials: Mechanism, classification, Potassium permanganate, Boric acid, Hydrogen peroxide*, Chlorinated lime*, Iodine and its preparations Section-C Expectorants: Potassium iodide, Ammonium chloride*. Emetics: Copper sulphate*, Sodium potassium tartarate Haematinics: Ferrous sulphate, Sodium thouride*. Emetics: Copper sulphate*, Sodium thiosulphate*, Activated charcoal, Sodium nitrite Astringents: Zinc Sulphate, Potash Alum Radiopharmaceuticals: Radio activity, Measurement of radioactivity,	Section-A Impurities in pharmaceutical substances: History of Pharmacopoeia, Sources and types of impurities, principle involved in the limit test for Chloride, Sulphate, Iron, Arsenic, Lead and Heavy metals, modified limit test for Chloride and Sulphate. General methods of preparation, assay for the compounds superscripted with asterisk (*), properties and medicinal uses of inorganic compounds belonging to the following classes. Acids, Bases and Buffers: Buffer equations and buffer capacity in general, buffers in pharmaceutical systems, preparation, stability, buffered isotonic solutions, measurements of tonicity, calculations and methods of adjusting isotonicity. Major extra and intracellular electrolytes: Functions of major physiological ions, Electrolytes used in the replacement therapy: Sodium chloride*, Potassium chloride, Calcium gluconate* and Oral Rehydration Salt (ORS), Physiological acid base balance. Section-B Dental products: Dentifrices, role of fluoride in the treatment of dental caries, Desensitizing agents, Calcium carbonate, Sodium fluoride, and Zinc eugenol cement. Acidifiers: Ammonium chloride*, Aluminum hydroxide gel, Magnesium hydroxide mixture Cathartics: Magnesium sulphate, Sodium orthophosphate, Kaolin and Bentonite Antimicrobials: Mechanism, classification, Potassium permanganate, Boric acid, Hydrogen peroxide*, Chlorinated lime*, Iodine and its preparations Section-C Expectorants: Potassium iodide, Ammonium chloride*. Emetics: Copper sulphate*, Sodium potassium tartarate Haematinics: Ferrous sulphate, Ferrous gluconate Poison and Antidote: Sodium thiosulphate*, Activated charcoal, Sodium nitrite Astringents: Zinc Sulphate, Potash Alum Radiopharmaceuticals: Radio activity, Measurement of radioactivity,	No changes in the syllabus. "Reference Books (Latest Editions):" merged in the recommended books. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		Properties of $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$ radiations, Half life, radio isotopes and study of radio isotopes - Sodium iodide 1131, Storage conditions, precautions & pharmaceutical application of radioactive substances.	Properties of $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$ radiations, Half life, radio isotopes and study of radio isotopes - Sodium iodide 1131, Storage conditions, precautions & pharmaceutical application of radioactive substances.	
		<ol> <li>Recommended Books (Latest Editions)         <ol> <li>Beckett AH, Stenlake's JB, Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry, vol I-II, Stahlone Press of University of London, 4<sup>th</sup> edi: 1962</li> <li>Mendham, Vogel,s AI- Text Book of Quantitative Inorganic analysis, pearson, 6<sup>th</sup> edi: 2019.</li> <li>Rao PG, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry, pharma med press: 3<sup>rd</sup> edi, 2006.</li> <li>Schroff ML, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry, national book centre Calcutta: 1968.</li> <li>Atherden LM, Bentley and Driver's Textbook of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Oxford University Press: 2004.</li> <li>Chatwal GR, Pharmaceutical Chemistry Inorganic, Himalaya Publishing House: 2010</li> <li>Indian Pharmacopoeia, 2014, addendum 2016.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Recommended Books (Latest Edition): <ol> <li>Beckett, A.H. Stenlake, J.B. (1962). Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed., vol I-II. London: Stahlone Press.</li> <li>Mendham, (2019). Vogel,s AI- Text Book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis, 6<sup>th</sup> Ed., Pearson.</li> <li>Rao, P.G. (2006). Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., pharma med press.</li> <li>Schroff, M.L. (1968). Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Calcutta: National book centre.</li> <li>Atherden, L.M. (2004). Bentley and Driver's Textbook of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Oxford University Press.</li> <li>Chatwal, G.R. (2010) Pharmaceutical Chemistry Inorganic, Himalaya Publishing House.</li> <li>Indian Pharmacopoeia, (2014). Addendum 2016.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	
			<ol> <li>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/9780123851109</li> <li>https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/abs/10.1002/978111869542 5.ch10</li> <li>https://www.researchgate.net/publication/280224434_Handbo ok_of_Inorganic_Impurities_in_Pharmaceuticals</li> <li>http://www.rroij.com/open-access/a-review-on-impurity- profile-in-pharmaceutical-substances.php?aid=34989</li> <li>https://www.scribd.com/doc/101354608/Chapter-5- Gastrointestinal-Agents-Reviewer</li> <li>https://www.who.int/medicines/publications/pharmacopoeia/R adgenmono</li> </ol>	
Course code PHAR 107 Course name Pharmaceutics-I	<ul> <li>Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to know</li> <li>Importance of IP, BP, USP and Extra Pharmacopoeia.</li> <li>Definition, preparation, classification, advantages and disadvantages of different dosage forms</li> <li>Pharmaceutical incompatibilities and calculations.</li> <li>Professional handling of prescription.</li> </ul>	Section-A Historical background and development of profession of pharmacy: History of profession of Pharmacy in India in relation to pharmacy education, industry and organization, Pharmacy as a career, Pharmacopoeias: Introduction to IP, BP, USP and Extra Pharmacopoeia. Dosage forms: Introduction to dosage forms, classification and definitions Prescription: Definition, Parts of prescription, handling of Prescription and Errors in prescription. Posology: Definition, Factors affecting posology. Pediatric dose calculations based on age, body weight and body surface area. Pharmaceutical calculations: Weights and measures – Imperial & Metric system, Calculations involving percentage solutions, alligation, proof spirit and isotonic solutions based on freezing point and molecular weight. Section-B Powders: Definition, classification, advantages and disadvantages, Simple & compound powders – official preparations, dusting powders, effervescent, efflorescent and hygroscopic powders, eutectic mixtures. Geometric dilutions. Liquid dosage forms: Advantages and disadvantages of liquid dosage forms. Excipients used in formulation of liquid dosage forms. Solubility	Section-A Historical background and development of profession of pharmacy: History of profession of Pharmacy in India in relation to pharmacy education, industry and organization, Pharmacy as a career, Pharmacopoeias: Introduction to IP, BP, USP and Extra Pharmacopoeia. Dosage forms: Introduction to dosage forms, classification and definitions Prescription: Definition, Parts of prescription, handling of Prescription and Errors in prescription. Posology: Definition, Factors affecting posology. Pediatric dose calculations based on age, body weight and body surface area. Pharmaceutical calculations: Weights and measures – Imperial & Metric system, Calculations involving percentage solutions, alligation, proof spirit and isotonic solutions based on freezing point and molecular weight. Section-B Powders: Definition, classification, advantages and disadvantages, Simple & compound powders – official preparations, dusting powders, effervescent, efflorescent and hygroscopic powders, eutectic mixtures. Geometric dilutions. Liquid dosage forms: Advantages and disadvantages of liquid dosage forms. Excipients used in formulation of liquid dosage forms. Solubility enhancement techniques Monophasic liquids: Definitions and preparations of Gargles, Mouthwashes, Throat Paint, Eardrops, Nasal drops, Enemas, Syrups,	No changes in the syllabus. "Reference Books (Latest Editions):" merged in the recommended books. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
Course List	Learning outcomes	<ul> <li>Existing Syllabus</li> <li>enhancement techniques</li> <li>Monophasic liquids: Definitions and preparations of Gargles, Mouthwashes, Throat Paint, Eardrops, Nasal drops, Enemas, Syrups, Elixirs, Liniments and Lotions.</li> <li>Suspensions: Definition, advantages and disadvantages, classifications, Preparation of suspensions; Flocculated and Deflocculated suspension &amp; stability problems and methods to overcome.</li> <li>Section-C</li> <li>Emulsions: Definition, classification, emulsifying agent, test for the identification of type of Emulsion, Methods of preparation &amp; stability problems and methods to overcome.</li> <li>Suppositories: Definition, types, advantages and disadvantages, types of bases, methods of preparations. Displacement value &amp; its calculations, evaluation of suppositories.</li> <li>Pharmaceutical incompatibilities: Definition, classification, physical, chemical and therapeutic incompatibilities with examples.</li> <li>Semisolid dosage forms: Definitions, classification, mechanisms and factors influencing dermal penetration of drugs. Preparation of ointments, pastes, creams and gels. Excipients used in semi solid dosage forms. Evaluation of semi solid dosages forms</li> <li>Allen IV, Popovich JNG, Ansel HC, Ansel's Pharmaceutical Dosage <i>Form and Drug Delivery System</i>, Lippincott Williams andWalkins, New Delhi: 8<sup>th</sup> edi 2005,</li> <li>Carter SJ, Cooper and Gunn's-Dispensing for Pharmaceutical <i>Students</i>, CBS publishers, New Delhi: 12<sup>th</sup> edi, 2008.</li> <li>Aulton ME, Pharmaceutics, The Science&amp; Dosage Form Design, Churchill Livingstone, Edinburgh: 2nd edi, 2002.</li> <li>Indian Pharmacopoeia, 2014, addendum 2016.</li> <li>British pharmacopoeia, 2014, addendum 2016.</li> <li>Lachmann, <i>Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy</i>, Lea and Febiger Publisher, The</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Suggested Syllabus</li> <li>Elixirs, Liniments and Lotions.</li> <li>Suspensions: Definition, advantages and disadvantages, classifications, Preparation of suspensions; Flocculated and Deflocculated suspension &amp; stability problems and methods to overcome.</li> <li>Section-C</li> <li>Emulsions: Definition, classification, emulsifying agent, test for the identification of type of Emulsion, Methods of preparation &amp; stability problems and methods to overcome.</li> <li>Suppositories: Definition, types, advantages and disadvantages, types of bases, methods of preparations. Displacement value &amp; its calculations, evaluation of suppositories.</li> <li>Pharmaceutical incompatibilities: Definition, classification, physical, chemical and therapeutic incompatibilities with examples.</li> <li>Semisolid dosage forms: Definitions, classification, mechanisms and factors influencing dermal penetration of drugs. Preparation of ointments, pastes, creams and gels. Excipients used in semi solid dosage forms. Evaluation of semi solid dosage forms.</li> <li>Allen, I.V., Popovich, J.N.G. Ansel, H.C. (2005) Ansel's Pharmaceutical Dosage Form and Drug Delivery System, 8<sup>th</sup> Ed., New Delhi: Lippincott Williams andWalkins.</li> <li>Carter, S.J. (2008). Cooper and Gunn's-Dispensing for Pharmaceutical Students,12<sup>th</sup> Ed., New Delhi: CBS publishers.</li> <li>Aulton, M.E. (2002) Pharmaceutics, The Science&amp; Dosage Form Design, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., Edinbrg:Churchill Livingstone.</li> <li>Indian Pharmacopoeia, (2014). Addendum 2016.</li> <li>British pharmacopoeia, (2015). Cooper and Gunn's-Dispensing for Pharmaceutical Students, 2<sup>th</sup> Ed., New Delhi: CBS publishers.</li> <li>Carter, S.J. (2005). Cooper and Gunn's-Dispensing for Pharmaceutical Students, 2<sup>th</sup> Ed</li></ul>	Remarks
		<ul> <li>Technology, INC, New York: 2<sup>nd</sup> edi, 2005.</li> <li>12. Nieloud F and Mestres GM, Pharmaceutical Emulsions and Suspensions, Marcel Dekker, INC, New York: 2000.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>https://health.sbmu.ac.ir/uploads/Remington_Essentials_of_ PharmaceuticsFelton,_Linda.pdf</li> <li>http://gmpua.com/Process/EncyclopediaPT.pdf</li> <li>http://pharmacentral.in/wp-</li> </ol>	
			<ul> <li>content/uploads/2018/05/INDIAN%20PHARMACOPOEIA%20 2007.pdf</li> <li>https://www.pdfdrive.com/pharmacy-calculations-for- pharmacy-technicians-d58957811.html</li> <li>http://file.akfarmahadhika.ac.id/E-BOOK/12-1213-</li> </ul>	
			akfarmahad-6-1-fasttrac-g.pdf	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
		Section-A	Section-A
Course code PHAR 108 Course name Remedial Biology	Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: • Evolutionary biology and behaviour. • Anatomy, physiology and regulation of various body system • Plant physiology	<ul> <li>Section-A</li> <li>Living world:         <ul> <li>Definition and characters of living organisms</li> <li>Diversity in the living world</li> <li>Binomial nomenclature</li> <li>Five kingdoms of life and basis of classification. Salient features of Monera,</li> <li>Potista, Fungi, Animalia and Plantae, Virus.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Morphology of flowering plants:         <ul> <li>Morphology of flowering plants – Root, stem, inflorescence,</li> <li>Flower, leaf, fruit, seed.</li> <li>General Anatomy of Root, stem, leaf of monocotyledons &amp; Dicotylidones.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Body fluids and circulation         <ul> <li>Composition of blood, blood groups, coagulation of blood</li> <li>Composition and functions of lymph</li> <li>Human circulatory system</li> <li>Structure of human heart and blood vessels</li> <li>Cardiac cycle, cardiac output and ECG</li> </ul> </li> <li>Digestion and Absorption         <ul> <li>Human alimentary canal and digestive glands</li> <li>Role of digestive enzymes</li> <li>Digestion, absorption and assimilation of digested food Section-B</li> </ul> </li> <li>Breathing and respiration     <ul> <li>Human respiratory system</li> <li>Mechanism of breathing and its regulation</li> <li>Exchange of gases, transport of gases and regulation of respiration</li> <li>Role of excretion</li> <li>Human excretory system-structure and function</li> <li>Wodes of excretion</li> <li>Human excretory system</li> </ul> </li> <li>Nodes of excretion</li> <li>Extructure of an euron</li> <li>Generation and conduction of nerve impulse</li> <li>Structure of an euron</li> <li>Generation and conduction of nerve impulse</li> <li>Str</li></ul>	Section-A Living world: Definition and characters of living organisms, Dive world, Binomial nomenclature, Five kingdoms of classification. Salient features of Monera, Potista, Fu Plantae, Virus. Morphology of Flowering plants: Morphology of of flowering plants: Morphology of of flowering plants: Morphology of of flowering plants: Composition of blood, blood groups, coagul. Composition and functions of lymph, Human ci Structure of human heart and blood vessels, Card output and ECG. Digestion and Absorption: Human alimentary canal and digestive glands, I enzymes, Digestion, absorption and assimilation of d Section-B Breathing and respiration: Human respiratory system, Mechanism of br regulation, Exchange of gases, transport of gases respiration, Respiratory volumes. Excretory products and their elimination: Modes of excretion, Human excretory system. Struct Generation and conduction of nerve impulse, Struct Generation and conduction of nerve impulse, Struct Spinal cord, Functions of cerebrum, cerebellum, h medulla oblongata. Chemical coordination: Parts of female reproductive system, Parts of n system, Spermatogenesis and Oogenesis, Menstrual Plants and mineral nutrition: Essential mineral, macro and micronutrients, Nitro Nitrogen cycle, biological nitrogen fixation Photosynthesis: Plant respiration: Respiration, glycolysis, fermentation (anaerobic). F development, Phases and rate of plant growid growth, Introduction to plant growth regulators Cell - The unit of life: Structure and functions of cell and cell organelles. Ce Tissues: Definition, types of tissues, location and functions. Recommended Books (Latest Edition): 1. Gokhale, S.B., Kokate, C.K., Bidarkat Pharmaceutical Biolops, 5 <sup>th</sup> Ed. Nirali Prake
		Nitrogen metabolism, Nitrogen cycle, biological nitrogen fixation     Photosynthesis	vol2, Expert educational publisher.

	Remarks
ersity in the living life and basis of ungi, Animalia and	
nts – Root, stem, Anatomy of Root,	
lation of blood, irculatory system, diac cycle, cardiac	
Role of digestive digested food	
reathing and its and regulation of	
cture and function,	No changes in the syllabus.
cture of a neuron, cture of brain and nypothalamus and	"Reference Books (Latest Editions):" merged in the recommended books. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.
ons of hormones	
male reproductive cycle.	
ogen metabolism,	
nthetic pigments,	
Plant growth and h, Condition of	
ell division	
ar, D.S., (2007). ashan. ew Expert Biology,	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
		<ul> <li>Autotrophic nutrition, photosynthesis, Photosynthetic pigments, Factors affecting photosynthesis.</li> <li>Plant respiration: Respiration, glycolysis, fermentation (anaerobic).</li> <li>Plant growth and development</li> <li>Phases and rate of plant growth, Condition of growth, Introduction to plant growth regulators</li> <li>Cell - The unit of life</li> <li>Structure and functions of cell and cell organelles. Cell division</li> <li>Tissues</li> <li>Definition, types of tissues, location and functions.</li> <li>Text Books         <ul> <li>Text book of Biology by S. B. Gokhale</li> <li>A Text book of Biology by Dr. Thulajappa and Dr. Seetaram.</li> <li>Reference Books                 <ul> <li>Gokhale SB, kokate CC, Bidarkar DS, Text book of Pharmaceutical Biology, Nirali Prakashan: 5<sup>th</sup> edi, 2007.</li> <li>Thulajappa Y, Seetaram PI, New expert biology: vol 2, 2008.</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>	Suggested e-material:         1.       www.opentextbc.ca         2.       www.study.com         3.       www.getbodysmart.com         4.       www.kenhub.com         5.       www.apchute.com         6.       www.openstax.cnx.org
		Zoology, Madras: 1992.	
		<b>Section-A</b> <b>Partial fraction:</b> Introduction, Polynomial, Rational fractions, Proper and Improper fractions, Partial fraction, Resolving into Partial fraction, Application of Partial Fraction in Chemical Kinetics and	Section-A Partial fraction: Introduction, Polynomial, Rational and Improper fractions, Partial fraction, Resolving int Application of Partial Fraction in Chemical
		Pharmacokinetics Logarithms: Introduction, Definition, Theorems/Properties of logarithms, Common logarithms, Characteristic and Mantissa, worked examples, application of logarithm to solve pharmaceutical problems. Function: Real Valued function, Classification of real valued functions. Limits and continuity: Introduction, Limit of a function, Definition of limit of a function ( - fleition), lim x a x <sup>n</sup> a <sup>n</sup> /x-a na <sup>n 1</sup> , lim 0 sin 1, Section-B	Pharmacokinetics         Logarithms:       Introduction,       Definition,       Theorem         logarithms,       Common logarithms,       Characteristic and I       examples,         garithms,       Common logarithms,       Characteristic and I       examples,       application of logarithm to solve pharmace         Function:       Real Valued function,       Classification of real valued function,       Limits and continuity:       Introduction,       Limit of a function for a function,         limit of a function (       -       definition),       lima a x <sup>n</sup> Introduction,       Limit and       Section-B
<b>Course code</b> MATH 110 <b>Course name</b> Remedial Mathematics	<ul> <li>Learning outcomes</li> <li>Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to know         <ul> <li>Mathematical concepts and principles to perform various calculations in Pharmacy</li> <li>mathematical expressions and mathematical relationships</li> </ul> </li> <li>Abstract mathematical reasoning</li> </ul>	Matrices and Determinant: Introduction matrices, Types of matrices, Operation on matrices, Transpose of a matrix, Matrix Multiplication, Determinants, Properties of determinants, Product of determinants, Minors and co-Factors, Adjoint or adjugate of a square matrix, Singular and non-singular matrices, Inverse of a matrix, Solution of system of linear of equations using matrix method, Cramer's rule, Characteristic equation and roots of a square matrix, Cayley–Hamilton theorem, Application of Matrices in solving Pharmacokinetic equations Differentiation: Introductions, Derivative of a function, Derivative of a constant, Derivative of a product of a constant and a function , Derivative of the sum or difference of two functions, Derivative of the	Matrices and Determinant: Introduction matrices, T Operation on matrices, Transpose of a matrix, Matri Determinants, Properties of determinants, Product Minors and co-Factors, Adjoint or adjugate of a Singular and non-singular matrices, Inverse of a m system of linear of equations using matrix methor Characteristic equation and roots of a square matrix, theorem, Application of Matrices in solving equations Differentiation: Introductions, Derivative of a function constant, Derivative of a product of a constant Derivative of the sum or difference of two functions,
		product of two functions (product formula), Derivative of the quotient of two functions (Quotient formula) – <b>Without Proof</b> , Derivative of <i>xn</i> <i>w.r.tx</i> ,where <i>n</i> is any rational number, Derivative of <i>ex</i> ,, Derivative of loge <i>x</i> , Derivative of <i>ax</i> ,Derivative of trigonometric functions from first principles (without Proof), Successive Differentiation, Conditions for a function to be a maximum or a minimum at a point. Section-C Analytical Geometry Introduction: Signs of the Coordinates, Distance formula, Straight Line : Slope or gradient of a straight line, Conditions for parallelism	product of two functions (product formula), Derivative of two functions (Quotient formula) – <b>Without Proo</b> <i>w.r.t.</i> x,where <i>n</i> is any rational number, Derivative of loge <i>x</i> , Derivative of <i>ax</i> ,Derivative of trigonometr first principles ( <b>without Proof</b> ), Successive Different for a function to be a maximum or a minimum at a po Section-C Analytical Geometry Introduction: Signs of the Coordinates, Distance form Straight Line: Slope or gradient of a straight line
		and perpendicularity of two lines, Slope of a line joining two points, Slope – intercept form of a straight line	parallelism and perpendicularity of two lines, Slope two points, Slope – intercept form of a straight line

	Remarks
nal fractions, Proper into Partial fraction, ical Kinetics and rems/Properties of nd Mantissa, worked haceutical problems. eal valued functions. inction, Definition of $a^n/x-a$ $na^{n-1}$ , s, Types of matrices, Matrix Multiplication, uct of determinants, f a square matrix , a matrix, Solution of thod, Cramer's rule, rrix, Cayley–Hamilton ng Pharmacokinetic "Sub bee ction, Derivative of a ant and a function, ons, Derivative of the rative of the quotient roof, Derivative of xn e of ex,, Derivative of hertic functions from entiation, Conditions a point. bee tine, Conditions for	changes in the syllabus. ference Books (Latest ions):" merged in the ommended books. ggested e-material:" has n added.

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
		<ul> <li>Integration: Introduction, Definition, Standard formulae, Rules of integration, Method of substitution, Method of Partial fractions, Integration by parts, definite integrals, application</li> <li>Differential Equations: Some basic definitions, Order and degree, Equations in separable form, Homogeneous equations, Linear Differential equations, Exact equations, Application in solving Pharmacokinetic equations</li> <li>Laplace Transform: Introduction, Definition, Properties of Laplace transform, Laplace Transforms of elementary functions, Inverse Laplace transforms, Laplace transform of derivatives, Application to solve Linear differential equations, Application in solving Chemical kinetics and Pharmacokinetics equations</li> <li>Books recommended: <ol> <li>Narayan S, Mittal PK, Differential Calculus, S Chand: 2005</li> <li>Panchaksharappa G, DH, Pharmaceutical Mathematics with application to Pharmacy, 2014.</li> <li>Narayan S, Integral Calculus, S Chand: 2005.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Grewal BS, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publisher: edi 36, 2001.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Integration: Introduction, Definition, Standard friintegration, Method of substitution, Method of Integration by parts, definite integrals, application</li> <li>Differential Equations: Some basic definitions, C Equations in separable form, Homogeneous Differential equations, Exact equations, Appli Pharmacokinetic equations</li> <li>Laplace Transform: Introduction, Definition, Protransform, Laplace Transforms of elementary Laplace transforms, Laplace transform of derivative solve Linear differential equations, Application in kinetics and Pharmacokinetics equations</li> <li>Recommended Books (Latest Edition):</li> <li>Narayan, S. Mittal, P.K. (2005). Differential Calculation in the application to Pharmacy, new delhi: C Distributors.</li> <li>Narayan, S. (2005). Integral Calculus, S Chand</li> <li>4. Grewal, B.S. (2001). Higher Engineering edi., Khanna Publisher.</li> <li>Suggested e-material:</li> <li>www.openculture.com/free-math-textboor</li> </ul>
Course code PHAR 102L Course name Human Anatomy and Physiology-I Lab		<ul> <li>Practical physiology is complimentary to the theoretical discussions in physiology. Practicals allow the verification of physiological processes discussed in theory classes through experiments on living tissue, intact animals or normal human beings. This is helpful for developing an insight on the subject.</li> <li>Study of compound microscope.</li> <li>Microscopic study of epithelial and connective tissue</li> <li>Microscopic study of muscular and nervous tissue</li> <li>Identification of axial bones</li> <li>Identification of appendicular bones</li> <li>Introduction to hemocytometry.</li> <li>Enumeration of total red blood corpuscles (RBC) count</li> <li>Determination of clotting time</li> <li>Determination of hemoglobin content</li> <li>Determination of blood group.</li> <li>Determination of erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR).</li> <li>Determination of heart rate and pulse rate.</li> <li>Recording of blood pressure.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>www.openculture.com/free-math-textbood</li> <li>E-Books   mathematics.library.cornell.edu</li> <li>Practical physiology is complimentary to the theore physiology. Practicals allow the verification of physiology. Practicals allow the verification of physiology of the subject of the subject.</li> <li>Study of compound microscope.</li> <li>Microscopic study of epithelial and connective tis 3. Microscopic study of muscular and nervous tissue</li> <li>Identification of appendicular bones</li> <li>Introduction to hemocytometry.</li> <li>Enumeration of total red blood corpuscles (RBC)</li> <li>Determination of blood group.</li> <li>Determination of blood group.</li> <li>Determination of hemoglobin content</li> <li>Determination of hemoglobin content</li> <li>Determination of heart rate and pulse rate.</li> <li>Recording of blood pressure.</li> </ol>
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 104L <b>Course name</b> Pharmaceutical Analysis-I Lab		I Limit Test of the following (1) Chloride (2) Sulphate (3) Iron (4) Arsenic II Preparation and standardization of (1) Sodium hydroxide (2) Sulphuric acid (3) Sodium thiosulfate (4) Potassium permanganate (5) Ceric ammonium sulphate III Assay of the following compounds along with Standardization of Titrant (1) Ammonium chloride by acid base titration	I Limit Test of the following (1) Chloride (2) Sulphate (3) Iron (4) Arsenic II Preparation and standardization of (1) Sodium hydroxide (2) Sulphuric acid (3) Sodium thiosulfate (4) Potassium permanganate (5) Ceric ammonium sulphate III Assay of the following compounds along with Titrant (1) Ammonium chloride by acid base titration

	Remarks
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order and degree, equations, Linear cation in solving	
perties of Laplace Functions, Inverse res, Application to solving Chemical	
lus, S Chand. ical Mathematics S Publishers and	
Mathematics,36 <sup>th</sup>	
ks	
tical discussions in ological processes living tissue, intact for developing an	
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Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
		(2) Ferrous sulphate by Cerimetry	(2) Ferrous sulphate by Cerimetry
		(3) Copper sulphate by lodometry	(3) Copper sulphate by lodometry
		(4) Calcium gluconate by complexometry	(4) Calcium gluconate by complexometry
		(5) Hydrogen peroxide by Permanganometry	(5) Hydrogen peroxide by Permanganometry
		(6) Sodium benzoate by non-aqueous titration	(6) Sodium benzoate by non-aqueous titration
		(7) Sodium Chloride by precipitation titration	(7) Sodium Chloride by precipitation titration
		IV Determination of Normality by electro-analytical methods	IV Determination of Normality by electro-analytical
		(1) Conductometric titration of strong acid against strong base	(1) Conductometric titration of strong acid against str
		(2) Conductometric titration of strong acid and weak acid against	(2) Conductometric titration of strong acid and w
		strong base	strong base
		(3) Potentiometric titration of strong acid against strong base	(3) Potentiometric titration of strong acid against stro
		I Limit tests for following ions	I Limit tests for following ions
		Limit test for Chlorides and Sulphates	Limit test for Chlorides and Sulphates
		Modified limit test for Chlorides and Sulphates	Modified limit test for Chlorides and Sulphat
		Limit test for Iron	Limit test for Iron
		Limit test for Heavy metals	Limit test for Heavy metals
		Limit test for Lead	Limit test for Lead
		Limit test for Arsenic	Limit test for Arsenic
		II Identification test	II Identification test
		Magnesium hydroxide	Magnesium hydroxide
Course code		Ferrous sulphate	Ferrous sulphate
PHAR 105L		Sodium bicarbonate	Sodium bicarbonate
Course name		Calcium gluconate	Calcium gluconate
Pharmaceutical Inorganic		Copper sulphate	Copper sulphate
Chemistry Lab		III Test for purity	III Test for purity
		Swelling power of Bentonite	Swelling power of Bentonite
		Neutralizing capacity of aluminum hydroxide gel	Neutralizing capacity of aluminum hydroxide
		Determination of potassium iodate and iodine in potassium	Determination of potassium iodate and iod
		Iodide	lodide
		IV Preparation of inorganic pharmaceuticals	IV Preparation of inorganic pharmaceuticals
		Boric acid	Boric acid
		Potash alum	Potash alum
		Ferrous sulphate	Ferrous sulphate
		1. Syrups	1 . Syrups
		a) Syrup IP'66	a) Syrup IP'66
		b) Compound syrup of Ferrous Phosphate BPC'68	b) Compound syrup of Ferrous Phosphate BPC'68
		2. Elixirs	2. Elixirs
		a) Piperazine citrate elixir	a) Piperazine citrate elixir
		b) Paracetamol pediatric elixir	b) Paracetamol pediatric elixir
		3.Linctus	3.Linctus
		a) Terpin Hydrate Linctus IP'66	a) Terpin Hydrate Linctus IP'66
		b) Iodine Throat Paint (Mandles Paint)	b) Iodine Throat Paint (Mandles Paint)
		4. Solutions	4. Solutions
Course code		a) Strong solution of ammonium acetate	a) Strong solution of ammonium acetate
PHAR 107L		b) Cresol with soap solution	b) Cresol with soap solution
Course name		c) Lugol's solution	c) Lugol's solution
Pharmaceutics-I Lab		5. Suspensions	5. Suspensions
		a) Calamine lotion	a) Calamine lotion
		b) Magnesium Hydroxide mixture	b) Magnesium Hydroxide mixture
		c) Aluminimum Hydroxide gel	c) Aluminimum Hydroxide gel
		b. Emulsions	b. Emuisions
		a) Iurpentine Liniment	a) iurpentine Liniment
		b) Liquid paramin emulsion	b) Liquid paramin emulsion
		<ul> <li>rowders and Granules</li> <li>DPS nowder (WHO)</li> </ul>	2) OPS nowder (WUC)
		a) URS powder (WHU)	a) UKS powder (WHU)
		b) Enervescent granules	b) Enervescent granules
		Libusing powder	cjuusting powder

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cal methods	
strong base weak acid against	
trong base	
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iodine in potassium	
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Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		d)Divded powders	d)Divded powders	
		8. Suppositories	8. Suppositories	
		a) Glycero gelatin suppository	a) Glycero gelatin suppository	
		b) Coca butter suppository	b) Coca butter suppository	
		c) Zinc Oxide suppository	c) Zinc Oxide suppository	
		9. Semisolids	9. Semisolids	
		a) Sulphur ointment	a) Sulphur ointment	
		b) Non staining-iodine ointment with methyl salicylate	b) Non staining-iodine ointment with methyl salicylate	
		c) Carbopal gel	c) Carbopal gel	
		10. Gargles and Mouthwashes	10. Gargles and Mouthwashes	
		a) lodine gargle	a) Iodine gargle	
		b) Chlorhexidine mouthwash	b) Chlorhexidine mouthwash	

Name of Programme: Bachelor of Pharmacy Course details: Second semester					
Course List Learning	goutcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks	
Course code CS 102 Course name Computer Applications in Pharmacy •	ompletion of the course, the shall be able to know Mathematics and computing fundamentals used in pharmaceutical applications Analyzing pharmaceutical problems using computers. Integration and application of contemporary IT tools in Pharmaceutical related activities. Ethics, social, cultural and regulations with regard to Pharmacy.	Section-A Number system: Binary number system, Decimal number system, Octal number system, Hexadecimal number systems, conversion decimal to binary, binary to decimal, octal to binary etc, binary addition, binary subtraction – One's complement, Two's complement method, binary multiplication, binary division Concept of Information Systems and Software: Information gathering, requirement and feasibility analysis, data flow diagrams, process specifications, input/output design, process life cycle, planning and managing the project Section-B Web technologies: Introduction to HTML, XML,CSS and Programming languages, introduction to web servers and Server Products Introduction to databases, MYSQL, MS ACCESS, Pharmacy Drug database Application of computers in Pharmacy – Drug information storage and retrieval, Pharmacokinetics, Mathematical model in Drug design, Hospital and Clinical Pharmacy, Electronic Prescribing and discharge (EP) systems, barcode medicine identification and automated dispensing of drugs, mobile technology and adherence monitoring. Diagnostic System, Lab-diagnostic System, Patient Monitoring System, Pharma Information System. Section-C Bioinformatics: Introduction, Objective of Bioinformatics, Bioinformatics in Vaccine Discovery Computers as data analysis in Preclinical development: Chromatographic dada analysis (CDS), Laboratory Information management System (LIMS) and Text Information Management System (TIMS) Recommended books (Latest edition): 1. Fassett WE, Lea, Febiger, Computer Application in Pharmace, 600 South Washington Square, USA: 2015, 922-1330. 2. Ekins S, Computer Application in Pharmaceutical Research and	Section-A Number system: Binary number system, Decimal number system, Octal number system, Hexadecimal number systems, conversion decimal to binary, binary to decimal, octal to binary etc, binary addition, binary subtraction – One's complement, Two's complement method, binary multiplication, binary division Concept of Information Systems and Software: Information gathering, requirement and feasibility analysis, data flow diagrams, process specifications, input/output design, process life cycle, planning and managing the project Section-B Web technologies: Introduction to HTML, XML, CSS and Programming languages, introduction to web servers and Server Products Introduction to databases, MYSQL, MS ACCESS, Pharmacy Drug database Application of computers in Pharmacy – Drug information storage and retrieval, Pharmacokinetics, Mathematical model in Drug design, Hospital and Clinical Pharmacy, Electronic Prescribing and discharge (EP) systems, barcode medicine identification and automated dispensing of drugs, mobile technology and adherence monitoring. Diagnostic System, Lab-diagnostic System, Patient Monitoring System, Pharma Information System. Section-C Bioinformatics: Introduction, Objective of Bioinformatics, Bioinformatics: Introduction, Objective of Bioinformatics, Bioinformatics in Vaccine Discovery Computers as data analysis in Preclinical development: Chromatographic dada analysis (CDS), Laboratory Information management System (LIMS) and Text Information Management System (TIMS) Recommended Books (Latest edition): 1. Fassett, W.E. Lea, Febiger, (2015). Computer Application in Pharmacy, pg: 922-1330, 600 South Washington Square. 2. Ekins, S. (2006). Computer Application in Pharmaceutical Research and Development, Wiley-Interscience, A John Willey and	No changes in the syllabus. "Reference Books (Latest Editions):" merged in the recommended books. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
		<ul> <li>Development, Wiley-Interscience, A John Willey and Sons, INC., Publication, USA: 2006.</li> <li>Rastogi SC, Bioinformatics (Concept, Skills and Applications), CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi: 2006</li> <li>Prague CN, Microsoft office Access - 2003, Application Development Using VBA, SQL Server, DAP and Infopath, Wiley Dreamtech India (P) Ltd, New Delhi: 2003</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sons, INC.</li> <li>Rastogi, S.C. (2006). <i>Bioinformatics (Con Applications)</i>, New Delhi: CBS Publishers and Dis</li> <li>Prague, C.N. (2003). <i>Microsoft office Access - 20 Development Using VBA, SQL Server, DAP and In</i> Delhi: Wiley Dreamtech India (P) Ltd.</li> <li>Suggested e-material: <ol> <li>https://www.ebooks.com/subjects/computers</li> <li>https://bookboon.com/en/it-programming-eboo</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
		Section-A	Section-A
		Basic principles of cell injury and adaptation:	Basic principles of cell injury and adaptation:
Course code PHAR 212 Course name Pathophysiology	Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to know • Basic principles of cell injury and adaptation • Etiology and pathogenesis of the various disease • Signs, symptoms and complications of various diseases	<ul> <li>Introduction, definitions, homeostasis, components and types of feedback systems, causes of cellular injury, pathogenesis (cell membrane damage, mitochondrial damage, ribosome damage, nuclear damage), morphology of cell injury – Adaptive changes (atrophy, hypertrophy, hyperplasia, metaplasia, dysplasia), cell swelling, ilntra cellular accumulation, calcification, enzyme leakage and cell death acidosis &amp; alkalosis, electrolyte imbalance.</li> <li>Basic mechanism involved in the process of inflammation and repair: Introduction, clinical signs of inflammation – Alteration in vascular permeability and blood flow, migration of WBC's, mediators of inflammation, basic principles of wound healing in the skin.</li> <li>Cardiovascular System: Hypertension, congestive heart failure, ischemic heart disease (angina, myocardial infarction, atherosclerosis and arteriosclerosis) Respiratory system: Asthma, chronic obstructive airways diseases.</li> <li>Renal system: Acute and chronic renal failure.</li> <li>Section-B</li> <li>Haematological Diseases: Iron deficiency, megaloblastic anemia (Vit B12 and folic acid), sickle cell anemia, thalasemia, hereditary acquired anemia, hemophilia</li> <li>Endocrine system: Diabetes, thyroid diseases, disorders of sex hormones Nervous system: Epilepsy, Parkinson's disease, stroke, psychiatric disorders: depression, schizophrenia and Alzheimer's disease.</li> <li>Disease of bones and joints: Rheumatoid arthritis, osteoporosis and gout.</li> <li>Principles of cancer: Classification, etiology and pathogenesis of cancer.</li> <li>Infectious diseases: Meningitis, typhoid, leprosy, tuberculosis, urinary tract infections</li> <li>Sexually transmitted diseases: AIDS, syphilis, gonorrhea.</li> <li>Recommended Books (Latest Editions)</li> <li>Kumar V, Abas AK, Aster JC, Robins &amp;Cotran Pathologic Basis of <i>Disease</i>, South Asia edition, India, Elsevier: 2014.</li> <li>Mohan H, <i>Text book of Pathology</i>, Jaypee Publications: 6th edi, 2010.<!--</td--><td><ul> <li>Introduction, definitions, homeostasis, component feedback systems, causes of cellular injury, presentation demage, mitochondrial damage, ril nuclear damage), morphology of cell injury – (atrophy, hypertrophy, hyperplasia, metaplasia, swelling, ilntra cellular accumulation, calcification and cell death acidosis &amp; alkalosis, electrolyte imbala</li> <li>Basic mechanism involved in the process of inflammation, clinical signs of inflammation – Alte permeability and blood flow, migration of WBG inflammation, mechanism of inflammation – Alte permeability and blood flow, migration of WBG inflammation, basic principles of wound healing in the cardiovascular System: Hypertension, congestive herischemic heart disease (angina, myocardial infarction and arteriosclerosis) Respiratory system: Asthma, clairways diseases.</li> <li>Renal system: Acute and chronic renal failure.</li> <li>Section-B</li> <li>Haematological Diseases: Iron deficiency, megaloblis B12 and folic acid), sickle cell anemia, thalasemia, herita anemia, hemophilia</li> <li>Endocrine system: Epilepsy, Parkinson's disease, stron disorders: depression, schizophrenia and Alzheimer' Section-C</li> <li>Gastrointestinal system: Peptic ulcer, inflammatory jaundice, hepatitis (A,B,C,D,E,F) alcoholic liver disease Disease of bones and joints: Rheumatoid arthritis, gout.</li> <li>Principles of cancer: Classification, etiology and cancer.</li> <li>Infectious diseases: Meningitis, typhoid, leprosy, tu tract infections</li> <li>Sexually transmitted diseases: AIDS, syphilis, gonor</li> <li>Recommended Books (Latest Edition):</li> <li>Kumar, V. Abas, A.K. Aster, J.C. (2014). Pathologic Basis of Disease, South Asia edition</li> <li>Mohan, H. (2010). Text book of Pathology Publications.</li> <li>Laurence, B. Bruce, C. Bjorn, K. (2011). <i>Goaa Pharmacological basis of medical practice</i>, 12<sup>th</sup> McGraw-Hill.</li> <li>Herbert, C. Taylor, Burke, N. (2011). B <i>Physiological basis of medical practice</i>, 13<sup>th</sup></li></ul></td></li></ul>	<ul> <li>Introduction, definitions, homeostasis, component feedback systems, causes of cellular injury, presentation demage, mitochondrial damage, ril nuclear damage), morphology of cell injury – (atrophy, hypertrophy, hyperplasia, metaplasia, swelling, ilntra cellular accumulation, calcification and cell death acidosis &amp; alkalosis, electrolyte imbala</li> <li>Basic mechanism involved in the process of inflammation, clinical signs of inflammation – Alte permeability and blood flow, migration of WBG inflammation, mechanism of inflammation – Alte permeability and blood flow, migration of WBG inflammation, basic principles of wound healing in the cardiovascular System: Hypertension, congestive herischemic heart disease (angina, myocardial infarction and arteriosclerosis) Respiratory system: Asthma, clairways diseases.</li> <li>Renal system: Acute and chronic renal failure.</li> <li>Section-B</li> <li>Haematological Diseases: Iron deficiency, megaloblis B12 and folic acid), sickle cell anemia, thalasemia, herita anemia, hemophilia</li> <li>Endocrine system: Epilepsy, Parkinson's disease, stron disorders: depression, schizophrenia and Alzheimer' Section-C</li> <li>Gastrointestinal system: Peptic ulcer, inflammatory jaundice, hepatitis (A,B,C,D,E,F) alcoholic liver disease Disease of bones and joints: Rheumatoid arthritis, gout.</li> <li>Principles of cancer: Classification, etiology and cancer.</li> <li>Infectious diseases: Meningitis, typhoid, leprosy, tu tract infections</li> <li>Sexually transmitted diseases: AIDS, syphilis, gonor</li> <li>Recommended Books (Latest Edition):</li> <li>Kumar, V. Abas, A.K. Aster, J.C. (2014). Pathologic Basis of Disease, South Asia edition</li> <li>Mohan, H. (2010). Text book of Pathology Publications.</li> <li>Laurence, B. Bruce, C. Bjorn, K. (2011). <i>Goaa Pharmacological basis of medical practice</i>, 12<sup>th</sup> McGraw-Hill.</li> <li>Herbert, C. Taylor, Burke, N. (2011). B <i>Physiological basis of medical practice</i>, 13<sup>th</sup></li></ul>

	Remarks
cept, Skills and stributors. 03, Application ofopath, New	
oks	
ats and types of bathogenesis (cell bosome damage, Adaptive changes dysplasia), cell , enzyme leakage ance. <b>nation and repair:</b> fferent types of ration in vascular C's, mediators of he skin. eart failure, h, atherosclerosis pronic obstructive	
astic anemia (Vit ereditary acquired ders of sex ke, psychiatric s disease. bowel diseases, e. osteoporosis and pathogenesis of berculosis, urinary thea. Robbins &Cotran , Elsevier. y, 6 <sup>th</sup> Ed., Jaypee man Gilman's The berculosis and	No changes in the syllabus. "Reference Books (Latest Editions):" merged in the recommended books. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.
est and Taylor's <sup>1</sup> Ed., 1899-1978,	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
		<ul> <li>of medical practice, united states: edi 12<sup>th</sup>, 2011, 1899-1978;</li> <li>5. Colledge NR, Walker BR, Stuart HR, Davidson's Principles and Practice of Medicine, London, ELBS/Churchill Livingstone: edi 21<sup>st</sup> 2010.</li> <li>6. Guyton AJ, Hall E, Textbook of Medical Physiology, WB Saunders Company: edi 12<sup>th</sup>, 2010.</li> <li>7. Piro JD, Talbert RL, Yee G, Wells B, Michael L, Posey, Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiological Approach, McGraw-Hill Medical London: edi 9<sup>th</sup>, 2014.</li> <li>8. Kumar V, Cotran RS, Robbins SL, Basic Pathology, Philadelphia, WB Saunders Company, edi 6<sup>th</sup> 1997.</li> <li>9. Walker R, Edwards C, Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics, Churchill Livingstone publication London, Edi 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2003.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Wolters Kluwer India Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>5. Colledge, N.R. Walker, B.R. Stuart, H.R. (<i>Principles and Practice of Medicine</i>, 21: ELBS/Churchill Livingstone.</li> <li>6. Guyton, A.J. Hall, E. (2010). <i>Textbook of Medic</i> Ed., WB Saunders Company.</li> <li>7. Piro, J.D. Talbert, R.L. Yee, G. Wells, B. Michae <i>Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiological Ap</i>, London: McGraw-Hill Medical.</li> <li>8. Kumar, V. Cotran, R.S. Robbins, S.L. (1997). Philadelphia, WB Saunders Company.</li> <li>9. Walker, R. Edwards, C. (2003). <i>Clinical Therapeutics</i>, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., London: Churchill Livings: Suggested e-material:</li> <li>1. www.wesnorman.com</li> <li>2. www.pharmacology2000.com</li> <li>4. www.healthline.com</li> <li>5. www.meyoclinic.org</li> <li>6. www.merckvetmanual.com</li> </ul>
		Section-A	Section-A
Course code PHAR 101 Course name Biochemistry	<ul> <li>Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to know</li> <li>Fundamentals roles of biomolecules</li> <li>Various metabolic pathways and regulations of biological/biochemical processes</li> <li>Introduction, properties, nomenclature, classification, therapeutic and diagnostic applications of enzymes</li> </ul>	Biomolecules: Introduction, classification, chemical nature and biological role of carbohydrate, lipids, nucleic acids, amino acids and proteins. Bioenergetics: Concept of free energy, endergonic and exergonic reaction, Relationship between free energy, enthalpy and entropy; Redox potential. Energy rich compounds; classification; biological significances of ATP and cyclic AMP Carbohydrate metabolism: Glycolysis – Pathway, energetics and significance Citric acid cycle- Pathway, energetics and significance HMP shunt and its significance; Glucose-6-Phosphate dehydrogenase (G6PD) deficiency Glycogen metabolism Pathways and glycogen storage diseases (GSD) Gluconeogenesis- Pathway and its significance. Hormonal regulation of blood glucose level and Diabetes mellitus Section-B Biological oxidation: Electron transport chain (ETC) and its mechanism. Oxidative phosphorylation & its mechanism and substrate phosphorylation. Inhibitors ETC and oxidative phosphorylation/Uncouplers Lipid metabolism: β-Oxidation of saturated fatty acid (Palmitic acid). Formation and utilization of ketone bodies; ketoacidosis. De novo synthesis of fatty acids (Palmitic acid). Biological significance of cholesterol and conversion of cholesterol into bile acids, steroid hormone and vitamin D. Disorders of lipid metabolism: Hypercholesterolemia, atherosclerosis, fatty liver and obesity. Amino acid metabolism: General reactions of amino acid metabolism: Transamination, deamination & decarboxylation, urea cycle and its disorders. Catabolism of phenylalanine and tyrosine and their metabolic disorders (Phenyketonuria, Albinism, alkeptonuria, tyrosinemia). Synthesis and significance of biological substance; 5- HT, melatonin, dopamine, noradrenaline, adrenaline. Catabolism of heme; hyperbilirubinemia and jaundice Section-C Nucleic acid metabolism and genetic information transfer:	<ul> <li>Biomolecules: Introduction, classification, chembiological role of carbohydrate, lipids, nucleic acids proteins.</li> <li>Bioenergetics: Concept of free energy, endergor reaction, Relationship between free energy, enthat Redox potential. Energy rich compounds; classif significances of ATP and cyclic AMP</li> <li>Carbohydrate metabolism: Glycolysis – Pathway, significance Citric acid cycle- Pathway, energetics: HMP shunt and its significance; Glucose-6-Phosphar (G6PD) deficiency Glycogen metabolism Pathway storage diseases (GSD) Gluconeogenesis- Pathway a Hormonal regulation of blood glucose level and Diab Section-B</li> <li>Biological oxidation: Electron transport chain mechanism. Oxidative phosphorylation &amp; its substrate phosphorylation. Inhibitors ETC phosphorylation/Uncouplers</li> <li>Lipid metabolism: β-Oxidation of saturated fatty act Formation and utilization of ketone bodies; ketors synthesis of fatty acids (Palmitic acid). Biologic cholesterol and conversion of cholesterol into the hormone and vitamin D. Disorders of lii Hypercholesterolemia, atherosclerosis, fatty liver an Amino acid metabolism: General reactions of amino. Transamination, deamination &amp; decarboxylation, utilisorders. Catabolism of phenylalanine and ty metabolic disorders (Phenyketonuria, Albinist tyrosinemia). Synthesis and significance of biologi HT, melatonin, dopamine, noradrenaline, adrenali heme; hyperbilirubinemia and jaundice Section-C</li> <li>Nucleic acid metabolism and genetic infor Biosynthesis of purine and pyrimidine nucleotide</li> </ul>

	Remarks
2010). <i>Davidson's</i> I <sup>st</sup> Ed., London:	
al Physiology, 12 <sup>th</sup>	
l, L. Posey, (2014). <i>proach,</i> 9 <sup>th</sup> Ed.,	
Basic Pathology,	
Pharmacy and tone publication.	
ical nature and , amino acids and	
ic and exergonic alpy and entropy; ication; biological	
y, energetics and and significance te dehydrogenase ys and glycogen nd its significance.	No changes in the syllabus
(ETC) and its mechanism and	"Reference Books (Latest Editions):" merged in the
cid (Palmitic acid). acidosis. De novo al significance of pid metabolism: d obesity. acid metabolism: acid metabolism: area cycle and its rosine and their m, alkeptonuria, cal substances; 5- ne. Catabolism of	"Suggested e-material:" has been added.
mation transfer: es. Catabolism of	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	Learning outcomes	<ul> <li>Biosynthesis of purine and pyrimidine nucleotides. Catabolism of purine nucleotides and Hyperuricemia and Gout disease. Organization of mammalian genome. Structure of DNA and RNA and their functions. DNA replication (semi conservative model). Transcription or RNA synthesis. Genetic code, Translation or Protein synthesis and inhibitors.</li> <li>Enzymes: Introduction, properties, nomenclature and IUB classification of enzymes. Enzyme kinetics (Michaelis plot, Line Weaver Burke plot). Enzyme inhibitors with examples. Regulation of enzymes: enzyme induction and repression, allosteric enzymes regulation. Therapeutic and diagnostic applications of enzymes and isoenzymes. Coenzymes –Structure and biochemical functions.</li> <li>Recommended Books (Latest Editions) <ol> <li>Nelson DL, Cox MM, Lehninger-Principles of Biochemistry, W H Freeman &amp; Co:Edi 6<sup>th</sup>, 2012</li> <li>Murry RK, Bender DK, Bothom KA, Kennely PJ, Well PA, Rodwell VW, Harper's Biochemistry, edi 28<sup>th</sup>, 2009.</li> <li>Chakrapani U, Satyanarayan U, Biochemistry, Books and Allied PVT, 2012.</li> <li>Rao AVSSR, Textbook of Biochemistry, UBS Publishers' Distributors Pvt. Ltd: 2008.</li> <li>Conn E, Stumpf P, Bruening G, DOI RH, Outlines of Biochemistry, John Wiley &amp; Sons, Edi 5<sup>th</sup>, 2009.</li> <li>Gupta RC, Bhargavan S, Practical Biochemistry, 5<sup>th</sup> edi, 2019.</li> <li>Plummer DT, An Introduction of Practical Biochemistry, McGraw-Hill (UK) Edi 3<sup>rd</sup>, 1987.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>purine nucleotides and Hyperuricemia and Gout disease. Organization of mammalian genome. Structure of DNA and RNA and their functions. DNA replication (semi conservative model). Transcription or RNA synthesis. Genetic code, Translation or Protein synthesis and inhibitors.</li> <li>Enzymes: Introduction, properties, nomenclature and IUB classification of enzymes. Enzyme kinetics (Michaelis plot, Line Weaver Burke plot). Enzyme inhibitors with examples. Regulation of enzymes: enzyme induction and repression, allosteric enzymes regulation. Therapeutic and diagnostic applications of enzymes and isoenzymes. Coenzymes –Structure and biochemical functions.</li> <li>Recommended Books (Latest Edition):         <ol> <li>Nelson, D.L. Cox, M.M. (2012). Lehninger-Principles of Biochemistry, 6<sup>th</sup> Ed., W H Freeman &amp; Co.</li> <li>Murry, R.K. Bender, D.K. Bothom, K.A. Kennely, P.J. Well, P.A. Rodwell, V.W. (2009). Harper's Biochemistry, 28<sup>th</sup> Ed., New York: McGra-Hill.</li> <li>Chakrapani, U. Satyanarayan, U. (2012). Biochemistry, Books and Allied PVT.</li> <li>Rao, A.V.S.S.R. (2008). Textbook of Biochemistry, UBS Publishers' Distributors Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>Conn, E. Stumpf, P. Bruening, G. Doi R.H. (2009). Outlines of Biochemistry, 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., John Wiley &amp; Sons.</li> <li>Gupta, R.C. Bhargavan, S.(2019). Practical Biochemistry, 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., New Delhi: Jaypee brother's medical publishers</li> <li>Plummer, D.T. (1987). An Introduction of Practical Biochemistry, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., UK: McGraw-Hill.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Suggested e-material:         <ol> <li>http://lib.myilibrary.com/?id=527025 Principles of Biochemistry: Pearson New International Edition Moran, Laurence A;Horton, Robert A;Scrimgeour, Gray Pearson publisher</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	Remarks
			Bisswanger Wiley publisher 4. http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/9780123851109 5. https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/abs/10.1002/9781118695425.c h10	
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 103 <b>Course name</b> Human Anatomy and Physiology-II	<ul> <li>Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to know</li> <li>Anatomy and physiology of various body system</li> <li>Principles of body energetics</li> <li>Concept of genetic material</li> </ul>	Section-A Nervous system: Organization of nervous system, neuron, neuroglia, classification and properties of nerve fibre, electrophysiology, action potential, nerve impulse, receptors, synapse, neurotransmitters. Central nervous system: Meninges, ventricles of brain and cerebrospinal fluid.structure and functions of brain (cerebrum, brain stem, cerebellum), spinal cord (gross structure, functions of afferent and efferent nerve tracts,reflex activity) Digestive system: Anatomy of GI Tract with special reference to anatomy and functions of stomach, (Acid production in the stomach, regulation of acid production through parasympathetic nervous system, pepsin role in protein digestion) small intestineand large intestine, anatomy and functions of salivary glands, pancreas and liver, movements of GIT, digestion and absorption of nutrients and	Section-A Nervous system: Organization of nervous system, neuron, neuroglia, classification and properties of nerve fibre, electrophysiology, action potential, nerve impulse, receptors, synapse, neurotransmitters. Central nervous system: Meninges, ventricles of brain and cerebrospinal fluid.structure and functions of brain (cerebrum, brain stem, cerebellum), spinal cord (gross structure, functions of afferent and efferent nerve tracts, reflex activity) Digestive system: Anatomy of GI Tract with special reference to anatomy and functions of stomach, (Acid production in the stomach, regulation of acid production through parasympathetic nervous system, pepsin role in protein digestion) small intestineand large intestine, anatomy and functions of salivary glands, pancreas and liver, movements of GIT, digestion and absorption of nutrients and disorders of CIT.	No changes in the syllabus. "Reference Books (Latest Editions):" merged in the recommended books. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		Energetics: Formation and role of ATP, Creatinine Phosphate and	Energetics: Formation and role of ATP, Creatinine Phosphate and	
		BMR. Section-B	BMR. Section-B	
		<b>Respiratory system:</b> Anatomy of respiratory system with special reference to anatomy of lungs, mechanism of respiration, regulation of respiration lung. Volumes and capacities transport of respiratory	<b>Respiratory system:</b> Anatomy of respiratory system with special reference to anatomy of lungs, mechanism of respiration, regulation of respiration lung. Volumes and capacities transport of respiratory	
		gases, artificial respiration, and resuscitation methods.	gases, artificial respiration, and resuscitation methods.	
		Urinary system: Anatomy of urinary tract with special reference to	Urinary system: Anatomy of urinary tract with special reference to	
	anatomy of kidney and nephrons, functions of kidney and urinary tract, physiology of urine formation, micturition reflex and role of kidneys in acid base balance, role of RAS in kidney and disorders of kidney.	anatomy of kidney and nephrons, functions of kidney and urinary tract, physiology of urine formation, micturition reflex and role of kidneys in acid base balance, role of RAS in kidney and disorders of kidney.		
		Section-C	Section-C	
		<b>Endocrine system:</b> Classification of hormones, mechanism of hormone action, structure and functions of pituitary gland, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, adrenal gland, pancreas, pineal gland, thymus and their disorders. <b>Reproductive system:</b> Anatomy of male and female reproductive	<b>Endocrine system:</b> Classification of hormones, mechanism of hormone action, structure and functions of pituitary gland, thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, adrenal gland, pancreas, pineal gland, thymus and their disorders. <b>Reproductive system:</b> Anatomy of male and female reproductive	
		system, Functions of male and female reproductive system, sex	system, Functions of male and female reproductive system, sex	
		hormones, physiology of menstruation, fertilization, spermatogenesis, oogenesis, pregnancy and parturition Introduction to genetics: Chromosomes, genes and DNA, protein	hormones, physiology of menstruation, fertilization, spermatogenesis, oogenesis, pregnancy and parturition Introduction to genetics: Chromosomes, genes and DNA, protein	
		synthesis, genetic pattern of inheritance	synthesis, genetic pattern of inheritance	
		Recommended Books (Latest Editions)	Recommended Books (Latest Edition):	
		1. Essentials of Medical Physiology by K. Sembulingam and P. Sembulingam K, Sembulingam P, Essentials of Medical Physiology, Jaypee brothers medical publishers, New Delhi: 6 <sup>th</sup> edi 2012	<ol> <li>Sembulingam, K. Sembulingam, P. (2012). <i>Essentials of Medical</i> <i>Physiology</i>, 6<sup>th</sup> Ed., New Delhi: Jaypee brothers medical publishers.</li> <li>Rang, H. P. Dale, M. M. Ritter, J. M. Flower, R. J. (2015). <i>Rang and</i> <i>Dale's Pharmacology</i>, 8<sup>th</sup> Ed. Churchil Livingstone Elsevier</li> </ol>	
		<ol> <li>Rang H. P., Dale M. M., Ritter J. M., Flower R. J., Rang and Dale's Pharmacology, Churchil Livingstone Elsevier</li> <li>Physiological basis of Medical Practice Part and Tailor, Williams 8</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Tandon, O.P. Tripathi, Y. (1979). <i>Physiological basis of Medical Practice-Best and Tailor</i>, Williams &amp; Wilkins Co, Riverview.</li> <li>Curtan A.C. Hall, J.F. (2006). Taut back of Medical</li> </ol>	
		Wilkins Co, Riverview, MI USA: 1979.	<i>Physiology</i> ,11 <sup>th</sup> Ed., Miamisburg,.	
		4. Tortora GJ, Grabowski SR, <i>Principles of Anatomy and Physiology</i> , Palmetto, GA, U.S.A: 2003	5. Tortora, G.J. Grabowski, S.R. (2003). <i>Principles of Anatomy and Physiology</i> , Palmetto, GA.	
		<ol> <li>Singh I, <i>Textbook of Human Histology</i>, Jaypee brother's medical publishers, New Delhi, 6<sup>th</sup> edi: 2011.</li> <li>Ghai, CL. Textbook, of Practical Physiology, Jaypee brother's</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Singh, I. (2011). Textbook of Human Histology, 6<sup>st</sup> Ed., New Delhi: Jaypee brother's medical publishers.</li> <li>Ghai, C.L. (2013). Textbook of Practical Physiology. 8<sup>th</sup> Ed. New</li> </ol>	
		medical publishers, New Delhi, 8 <sup>th</sup> edi: 2013	Delhi: Jaypee brother's medical publishers.	
		7. Srinageswari K, Sharma R, Practical workbook of Human	8. Srinageswari, K. Sharma, R. (2015). Practical workbook of Human	
		<ul> <li>Physiology, Jaypee brother's medical publishers, New Delhi, 2015</li> <li>8. 9. 10. Guyton AC, Hall JE, Text book of Medical Physiology, Miamishurg, U.S.A. 11<sup>th</sup> Edi 2006</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Physiology, New Delhi: Jaypee brother's medical publishers.</li> <li>9. Tandon, O.P. Tripathi, Y. (2011). Physiological basis of Medical Practice. Best and Tailor. Williams &amp; Wilkins Co.</li> </ul>	
			10. Guyton, A.C. Hall, J.E. (2006). <i>Text book of Medical Physiology</i> , 6 <sup>th</sup>	
		Reference Books:	Ed., Miamisburg.	
		<ol> <li>Tandon OP, Tripathi Y, Physiological basis of Medical Practice, Best and Tailor, Williams &amp; Wilkins Co, USA: 2011.</li> <li>Conton AC, USU JE, Text basis of Medical Physics and Action Microsoftware</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Chatterrje, C.C. (2005). Human Physiology, vol 1-2, Kolkatta: Academic Publishers.</li> </ol>	
		2. Guyton AC, Hall JE, <i>Text book of Medical Physiology</i> , Miamisburg, U.S.A: 11 <sup>th</sup> Edi 2006.	Suggested e-material:	
		<ol> <li>Chatterrje CC, Human Physiology, vol 1-2, Academic Publishers Kolkata, 2005.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>www.openstax.cnx.org</li> <li>www.wesnorman.com</li> </ol>	
Course code	Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to know	General methods of preparation and reactions of compounds superscripted with asterisk (*) to be explained. To emphasize on	General methods of preparation and reactions of compounds superscripted with asterisk (*) to be explained. To emphasize on	No changes in the syllabus.
Course name	• Types, classification,	definition, types, classification, principles/mechanisms, applications,	definition, types, classification, principles/mechanisms, applications, examples and differences	"Reference Books (Latest
Pharmaceutical Organic	principles/mechanisms,	Section-A	Section-A	recommended books.
Chemistry-I	organic compounds	Classification, nomenclature and isomerism: Classification of Organic	Classification, nomenclature and isomerism: Classification of Organic	

Course List Lea	earning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	<ul> <li>General methods of preparation and reactions types, principles/mechanisms, applications of alkanes, alkenes, conjugated dienes, alkyl halides, alcohols, carbonyl compounds (aldehydes and ketones), carboxylic acids&amp; aliphatic amines</li> </ul>	Compounds. Common and IUPAC systems of nomenclature of organic compounds. Structural isomerisms in organic compounds. Structural isomerisms in organic compounds. Structural isomerisms in organic compounds. Alkanes*, Alkenes* and Conjugated dienes*: SP <sup>3</sup> hybridization in alkanes, Land E <sub>2</sub> reactions. Stabilities of alkenes, SP <sup>2</sup> hybridization in alkenes. E <sub>1</sub> and E <sub>2</sub> reactions, Factors affecting E <sub>1</sub> and E <sub>2</sub> reactions. Ozonolysis, electrophilic addition reactions of alkenes, Markownikoff's orientation, free radical addition reactions of alkenes, Anti Markownikoff's orientation, free radical addition reactions of alkenes, Markownikoff's orientation, free radical addition reactions of alkenes, Anti Markownikoff's orientation, free radical addition reactions of conjugated dienes, allylic rearrangement Section-B Alkyl halides*: SN <sub>1</sub> and SN <sub>2</sub> reactions - kinetics, order of reactivity of alkyl halides, stereochemistry and rearrangement of carbocations. Structure and uses of ethylchloride, Chloroform, trichloroethylene, tetrachloroethylene, dichloromethane, tetrachloroethylene, tetrachloroethylene, dichloromethane, tetrachloroethylene, tetrachloroethylene, dichloromethane, tetrachloroethylene, Blycol, Congounds* (Aldehydes and ketones): Nucleophilic addition, Electromeric effect, aldol condensation, Crossed Aldol condensation, Cannizzaro reaction, Crossed Cannizzaro reaction, Benzoin condensation, Perkin condensation, Cannizaro reaction, Canosed Candica, adicy, inductive effect and qualitative tests for carboxylic acid, artific acid, Succinic acid, Seffect of substituents on acidity, inductive effect and qualitative tests for carboxylic acid, artific acid, Catic acid, Succinic acid, Seffect of substituents on acidity, inductive effect and qualitative tests for carboxylic acid, artific acid, Catic acid, Saccinic acid, Catic acid, Sacinic acid, Sacinic acid, Sacinic acid, Sacinic acid, Saciny is acidity of carboxylic acid. Alicylic acid, Tartaric acid, Citric acid, Succinic acid, Calic acid, Sacinyi acids, effect o	Compounds. Common and IUPAC systems of nomenclature of organic compounds (up to 10 Carbons open chain and carbocyclic compounds). Structural isomerisms in organic compounds Alkanes*, Alkenes* and Conjugated dienes*: SP <sup>3</sup> hybridization in alkanes, Halogenation of alkanes, uses of paraffins. Stabilities of alkenes, SP <sup>2</sup> hybridization in alkanes. E <sub>1</sub> and E <sub>2</sub> reactions – kinetics, order of reactivity of alkyl halides, rearrangement of carbocations, Saytzeffs orientation and evidences. E <sub>1</sub> verses E <sub>2</sub> reactions, Factors affecting E <sub>1</sub> and E <sub>2</sub> reactions. Ozonolysis, electrophilic addition reactions of alkenes, Anti Markownikoff's orientation. Stability of conjugated dienes, Diel-Alder, electrophilic addition, free radical addition reactions of conjugated dienes, altylic rearrangement of carbocations. SN <sub>1</sub> versus SN <sub>2</sub> reactions - kinetics, order of reactivity of alkyl halides*: SN <sub>1</sub> and SN <sub>2</sub> reactions - kinetics, order of reactivity of alkyl halides, tereochemistry and rearrangement of carbocations. SN <sub>1</sub> versus SN <sub>2</sub> reactions, Factors affecting SN1 and SN2 reactions. Structure and uses of ethylchloride, Chloroform, trichloroethylene, tetrachloroethylene, dichloromethane, tetrachloromethane and iodoform. Alcohols*: Qualitative tests, Structure and uses of Ethyl alcohol, Methyl alcohol, chlorobutanol, Cetosteryl alcohol, Benzyl alcohol, Glycerol, Propylene glycol Carbonyl compounds* (Aldehydes and ketones): Nucleophilic addition, Electromeric effect, aldol condensation, Crossed Aldol condensation, Cannizzaro reaction, Grossed Cannizzaro reaction, Benzoin condensation, Perkin condensation, qualitative tests, Structure and uses of Formaldehyde, Paraldehyde, Acetone, Chloral hydrate, Hexamine, Benzaldehyde, Vanilin, Cinnamaldehyde. Section-C Carboxylic acids*: Acidity of carboxylic acid, Salicylic acid, Ganizaro reaction, Canbizzaro reaction, Carboxylic acids, amide and ester. Structure and uses of Ethanolamine, Ethylenediamine, Amphetamine New International Edition Bruice, Paula Y. http://lib.myilibrary.com?id	"Suggested e-material:" has been added.
Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	
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		<ol> <li>Design a questionnaire using a word processing package to gather information about a particular disease.</li> <li>Constant of UTML work many targets and the second sec</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Design a questionnaire using a word processing p information about a particular disease.</li> <li>Create a UTML work or solution.</li> </ol>	
		<ol> <li>Create a HTML web page to show personal information.</li> <li>Retrieve the information of a drug and its adverse effects using online tools</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Create a HTML web page to show personal information</li> <li>Retrieve the information of a drug and its adverse online tools</li> </ol>	
Course code		4 Creating mailing labels Using Label Wizard , generating label in MS WORD	4 Creating mailing labels Using Label Wizard , ge MS WORD	
CS 102L Course name		5 Create a database in MS Access to store the patient information with the required fields Using access	5 Create a database in MS Access to store the pa with the required fields Using access	
Computer Applications in Pharmacy Lab		<ol> <li>Design a form in MS Access to view, add, delete and modify the patient record in he database</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Design a form in MS Access to view, add, delete patient record in the database</li> </ol>	
		<ol> <li>Generating report and printing the report from patient database</li> <li>Creating invoice table using – MS Access</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Generating report and printing the report from p</li> <li>Creating invoice table using – MS Access</li> </ol>	
		<ol> <li>Drug information storage and retrieval using MS Access</li> <li>Creating and working with queries in MS Access</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Drug information storage and retrieval using MS</li> <li>Creating and working with queries in MS Access</li> </ol>	
		<ol> <li>Exporting Tables, Queries, Forms and Reports to web pages</li> <li>Exporting Tables, Queries, Forms and Reports to XML pages</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Exporting Tables, Queries, Forms and Reports to</li> <li>Exporting Tables, Queries, Forms and Reports to</li> </ol>	
		1. Qualitative analysis of carbohydrates (Glucose, Fructose, Lactose, Maltose,	<ol> <li>Qualitative analysis of carbohydrates (Glucose, F Maltose,</li> </ol>	
		Sucrose and starch)	Sucrose and starch)	
		<ol> <li>Identification tests for Proteins (albumin and Casein)</li> <li>Quantitative analysis of reducing sugars (DNSA method) and</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Identification tests for Proteins (albumin and Cas</li> <li>Quantitative analysis of reducing sugars (DN)</li> </ol>	
		Proteins	Proteins	
Course code		(Biuret method)	(Biuret method)	
PHAR 101L		4. Qualitative analysis of urine for abnormal constituents	4. Qualitative analysis of urine for abnormal constit	
Course name		5. Determination of blood creatinine	5. Determination of blood creatinine	
Biochemistry Lab		<ol> <li>Determination of blood sugar</li> <li>Determination of serum total cholesterol</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Determination of blood sugar</li> <li>Determination of serum total cholesterol</li> </ol>	
		8. Preparation of buffer solution and measurement of pH	8. Preparation of buffer solution and measurement	
		9. Study of enzymatic hydrolysis of starch	9. Study of enzymatic hydrolysis of starch	
		10. Determination of Salivary amylase activity	10. Determination of Salivary amylase activity	
		11. Study the effect of Temperature on Salivary amylase activity.	11. Study the effect of Temperature on Salivary amy	
		12. Study the effect of substrate concentration on salivary amylase activity.	12. Study the effect of substrate concentration on activity.	
		Practical physiology is complimentary to the theoretical discussions in	Practical physiology is complimentary to the theoretic	
		discussed in theory classes through experiments on living tissue,	discussed in theory classes through experiments	
		human beings. This is helpful for developing an insight on the subject.	human beings. This is helpful for developing an insigh	
		1. To study the integumentary and special senses using specimen,	1. To study the integumentary and special senses	
		models, etc.,	models, etc.,	
		2. To study the nervous system using specimen, models, etc.,	2. To study the nervous system using specimen, mode	
Course code		3. To study the endocrine system using specimen, models, etc	3. To study the endocrine system using specimen, mo	
PHAR 103		5. To demonstrate the function of olfactory nerve	4. To demonstrate the function of olfactory nerve	
Course name		6. To examine the different types of taste.	6. To examine the different types of taste.	
Human Anatomy and Physiology- II		7. To demonstrate the visual acuity	7. To demonstrate the visual acuity	
Lab		8. To demonstrate the reflex activity	8. To demonstrate the reflex activity	
		9. Recording of body temperature	9. Recording of body temperature	
		11. Determination of tidal volume and vital capacity	11. Determination of tidal volume and vital capacity	
		12. Study of digestive, respiratory, cardiovascular systems, urinary	12. Study of digestive, respiratory, cardiovascular	
		and reproductive systems with the help of models, charts and	and reproductive systems with the help of mo	
		specimens.	specimens.	
		13. Recording of basal mass index.	13. Recording of basal mass index.	
		14. Study of family planning devices and pregnancy diagnosis test.	14. Study of family planning devices and pregnancy d	

	Remarks
g package to gather	
ormation. Iverse effects using	
generating label in	
patient information	
ete and modify the	
n patient database	
1S Access ss to web pages to XML pages	
, Fructose, Lactose,	
Casein) INSA method) and	
tituents	
nt of pH	
nylase activity. on salivary amylase	
etical discussions in siological processes ts on living tissue,	
ght on the subject. es using specimen,	
odels, etc., nodels, etc ation	
a mechanism. y. ar systems, urinary nodels, charts and	
v diagnosis test. yser	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
		16. Permanent slides of vital organs and gonads.	16. Permanent slides of vital organs and gonads.
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 106L <b>Course name</b> Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I Lab		<ol> <li>Systematic qualitative analysis of unknown organic compounds like         <ol> <li>Preliminary test: Color, odour, aliphatic/aromatic compounds, saturation and unsaturation, etc.</li> <li>Detection of elements like Nitrogen, Sulphur and Halogen by Lassaigne's test</li> <li>Solubility test</li> <li>Functional group test like Phenols, Amides/ Urea, Carbohydrates, Amines, Carboxylic acids, Aldehydes and Ketones, Alcohols, Esters, Aromatic and Halogenated Hydrocarbons, Nitro compounds and Anilides.</li> <li>Melting point/Boiling point of organic compounds</li> <li>Identification of the unknown compound from the literature using melting point/ boiling point.</li> <li>Preparation of the derivatives and confirmation of the unknown compound bymelting point/ boiling point.</li> <li>Minimum 5 unknown organic compounds to be analysed systematically.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Preparation of suitable solid derivatives from organic compounds</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Systematic qualitative analysis of unknown or like         <ol> <li>Preliminary test: Color, odour, aliphatic/arous saturation and unsaturation, etc.</li> <li>Detection of elements like Nitrogen, Sulphu Lassaigne's test</li> <li>Solubility test</li> <li>Functional group test like Phenols, Carbohydrates, Amines, Carboxylic acids, Ketones, Alcohols, Esters, Aromatic a Hydrocarbons, Nitro compounds and Anilides</li> <li>Melting point/Boiling point of organic compo 6. Identification of the unknown compound fu using melting point/ boiling point.</li> <li>Preparation of the derivatives and confirmation compound bymelting point/ boiling point.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Preparation of suitable solid derivative compounds</li> <li>Construction of molecular models</li> </ol>
		5. CONSTRUCTION OF MOLECULAR MODELS	5. Construction of molecular models

Name of Programme: Bachelor of Pharmacy Course details: Third Semester				
Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 204 <b>Course name</b> Pharmaceutical Microbiology	<ul> <li>Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to know</li> <li>Methods of identification, cultivation and preservation of various microorganisms</li> <li>The importance and implementation of sterilization in pharmaceutical processing and industry</li> <li>Sterility testing of pharmaceutical products</li> <li>Microbial standardization of pharmaceuticals.</li> <li>Cell cultute technology and its applications in pharmaceutical industries.</li> </ul>	Section-A Introduction, history of microbiology, its branches, scope and its importance. Introduction to Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes. Study of ultra-structure and morphological classification of bacteria, nutritional requirements, raw materials used for culture media and physical parameters for growth, growth curve, isolation and preservation methods for pure cultures, cultivation of anaerobes, quantitative measurement of bacterial growth (total & viable count). Study of different types of phase contrast microscopy, dark field microscopy and electron microscopy. Section-B Identification of bacteria using staining techniques (simple, Gram's &Acid fast staining) and biochemical tests (IMViC). Study of principle, procedure, merits, demerits and applications of physical, chemical gaseous,radiation and mechanical method of sterilization. Evaluation of the efficiency of sterilization methods. Equipments employed in large scale sterilization. Sterility indicators. Study of morphology, classification, reproduction/replication and cultivation of Fungi and Viruses. Classification and mode of action of disinfectants. Factors influencing disinfection, antiseptics and their evaluation. Evaluation of bactericidal & Bacteriostatic. Sterility testing of products (solids, liquids, ophthalmic and other sterile products) according to IP, BP and USP. Section-C Designing of aseptic area, laminar flow equipments; study of different	Section-A Introduction, history of microbiology, its branches, scope and its importance. Introduction to Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes. Study of ultra-structure and morphological classification of bacteria, nutritional requirements, raw materials used for culture media and physical parameters for growth, growth curve, isolation and preservation methods for pure cultures, cultivation of anaerobes, quantitative measurement of bacterial growth (total & viable count). Study of different types of phase contrast microscopy, dark field microscopy and electron microscopy. Section-B Identification of bacteria using staining techniques (simple, Gram's &Acid fast staining) and biochemical tests (IMViC). Study of principle, procedure, merits, demerits and applications of physical, chemical gaseous, radiation and mechanical method of sterilization. Evaluation of the efficiency of sterilization methods. Equipments employed in large scale sterilization. Sterility indicators. Study of morphology, classification, reproduction/replication and cultivation of Fungi and Viruses. Classification and mode of action of disinfectants. Factors influencing disinfection, antiseptics and their evaluation. Evaluation of bactericidal & Bacteriostatic. Sterility testing of products (solids, liquids, ophthalmic and other sterile products) according to IP, BP and USP. Section-C Designing of aseptic area, laminar flow equipments; study of different	No changes in the syllabus. "Reference Books (Latest Editions):" merged in the recommended books. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.

	Remarks
ganic compounds	
matic compounds,	
r and Halogen by	
Amides/ Urea, Aldehydes and Ind Halogenated	
unds rom the literature	
on of the unknown	
to be analysed	
es from organic	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		sources of contamination in an aseptic area and methods of prevention, clean area classification. Principles and methods of different microbiological assay. Methods for standardization of antibiotics, vitamins and amino acids. Assessment of a new antibiotic. Types of spoilage, factors affecting the microbial spoilage of pharmaceutical products, sources and types of microbial contaminants, assessment of microbial contamination and spoilage. Preservation of pharmaceutical products using antimicrobial agents, evaluation of microbial stability of formulations. Growth of animal cells in culture, general procedure for cell culture, Primary, established and transformed cell cultures. Application of cell cultures in pharmaceutical industry and research.	sources of contamination in an aseptic area and methods of prevention, clean area classification. Principles and methods of different microbiological assay. Methods for standardization of antibiotics, vitamins and amino acids. Assessment of a new antibiotic. Types of spoilage, factors affecting the microbial spoilage of pharmaceutical products, sources and types of microbial contaminants, assessment of microbial contamination and spoilage. Preservation of pharmaceutical products using antimicrobial agents, evaluation of microbial stability of formulations. Growth of animal cells in culture, general procedure for cell culture, Primary, established and transformed cell cultures. Application of cell cultures in pharmaceutical industry and research.	
		<ul> <li>Recommended Books: (Latest Editions)</li> <li>W.B. Hugo and A.D. Russel: Pharmaceutical Microbiology, Blackwell Scientific publications, Oxford London.</li> <li>Prescott and Dunn., Industrial Microbiology, 4th edition, CBS Publishers &amp; Distributors, Delhi.</li> <li>Pelczar, Chan Kreig, Microbiology, Tata McGraw Hill edn.</li> <li>Malcolm Harris, Balliere Tindall and Cox: Pharmaceutical Microbiology.</li> <li>Rose: Industrial Microbiology.</li> <li>Probisher, Hinsdill et al: Fundamentals of Microbiology, 9th ed. Japan</li> <li>Cooper and Gunn's: Tutorial Pharmacy, CBS Publisher and Distribution.</li> <li>Peppler: Microbial Technology.</li> <li>I.P., B.P., U.S.P latest editions.</li> <li>Ananthnarayan : Text Book of Microbiology, Orient-Longman, Chennai</li> <li>Edward: Fundamentals of Microbiology.</li> <li>N.K.Jain: Pharmaceutical Microbiology, Vallabh Prakashan, Delhi</li> <li>Bergeys manual of systematic bacteriology, Williams and Wilkins- A Waverly company</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recommended Books (Latest Edition):</li> <li>Hugo, W.B., Russel A.D. (2004). Pharmaceutical Microbiology, 7<sup>th</sup> Ed., London: Blackwell Scientific publications.</li> <li>Reed, G (2004). Prescott and Dunn Industrial Microbiology. 4<sup>th</sup> Ed., Delhi: CBS Publishers &amp; Distributors.</li> <li>Pelczar, M.J., Chan, E.C.S, Kreig, N.R. (2002). Microbiology. 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill, 2002.</li> <li>Harris, M., Tindall, B. (2000). Pharmaceutical Microbiology. London.</li> <li>Rose, A.H. (1961). Industrial Microbiology. London: Butterworths.</li> <li>Frobisher, M., Hinsdill, R., Crabtree, K.T., Goodheart, C.R. (1968). Fundamentals of Microbiology. 9<sup>th</sup> Ed., Japan: WB Saunders Co.</li> <li>Carter, S.J. (2005). Cooper and Gunn's: Tutorial Pharmacy. 12<sup>th</sup> Ed., New Delhi: CBS Publisher and Distributiors.</li> <li>Peppler, H.J., Perlman, D. (1979). Microbial Technology. 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., Wisconsin: Elsevier.</li> <li>I.P., B.P., U.S.P latest editions.</li> <li>Ananthnarayan, R. (1990). A Text Book of Microbiology. 4<sup>th</sup> Ed., Addison Wesley Publishing Company.</li> <li>Jain, N.K. (2005). Pharmaceutical Microbiology. 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., Delhi: Vallabh Prakashan.</li> <li>Bergey, D.H., Holt, J.G. (1994.) Bergeys manual of systematic bacteriology. 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., Baltimore: Williams and Wilkins- A Waverly company.</li> <li>Suggested e-material:</li> <li>https://www.elsevier.com/books/pharmaceutical-microbiology/</li> </ul>	
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 205 <b>Course name</b> Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-II	Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to know • General methods of preparation and reactions of various organic compounds • Classification, principles/m echanisms, properties and applications of various	General methods of preparation and reactions of compounds superscripted with asterisk (*) to be explained. To emphasize on definition, types, classification, principles/mechanisms, applications, examples and differences. Section-A Benzene and its derivatives I. Analytical, synthetic and other evidences in the derivation of structure of benzene, orbital picture, resonance in benzene, aromatic characters, Huckel's rule. II. Reactions of benzene - nitration, sulphonation, halogenation, Friedel crafts alkylation- limitations and Friedel crafts	<ul> <li>General methods of preparation and reactions of compounds superscripted with asterisk (*) to be explained. To emphasize on definition, types, classification, principles/mechanisms, applications, examples and differences.</li> <li>Section-A</li> <li>Benzene and its derivatives         <ol> <li>Analytical, synthetic and other evidences in the derivation of structure of benzene, orbital picture, resonance in benzene, aromatic characters, Huckel's rule.</li> <li>Reactions of benzene - nitration, sulphonation, halogenation, Friedel crafts alkylation- limitations and Friedel crafts</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	No changes in the syllabus. "Reference Books (Latest Editions):" merged in the recommended books. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.
	organic compounds	<ul> <li>III. Type of substituents, effect of substituents on reactivity and orientation of mono substituted benzene compounds towards electrophilic substitution reaction.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>III. Type of substituents, effect of substituents on reactivity and orientation of mono substituted benzene compounds towards electrophilic substitution reaction.</li> </ul>	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		<ul> <li>IV. Structure and uses of DDT (Dichloro diphenyl trichloroethane), Saccharin, BHC (Benzene hexachloride) and Chloramine.</li> <li>Section-B</li> <li>Phenols* - Acidity of phenols, effect of substituents on acidity, qualitative tests, structure and uses of phenol, cresols, resorcinol, naphthols.</li> <li>Aromatic Amines* - Basicity of amines, effect of substituents on basicity and synthetic uses of aryl diazonium salts.</li> <li>Aromatic Acids* - Acidity, effect of substituents on acidity and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>IV. Structure and uses of DDT (Dichloro diphenyl trichloroethane), Saccharin, BHC (Benzene hexachloride) and Chloramine.</li> <li>Section-B</li> <li>Phenols* - Acidity of phenols, effect of substituents on acidity, qualitative tests, structure and uses of phenol, cresols, resorcinol, naphthols.</li> <li>Aromatic Amines* - Basicity of amines, effect of substituents on basicity and synthetic uses of aryl diazonium salts.</li> <li>Aromatic Acids* - Acidity, effect of substituents on acidity and</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Fats and Oils-</li> <li>I. Fatty acids reactions- Hydrolysis, Hydrogenation, Saponification and Rancidity of oils, Drying oils.</li> <li>II. Analytical constants – Acid value, Saponification value, Ester value, Iodine value, Acetyl value, Reichert Meissl (RM) value – significance and principle involved in their determination. Section-C</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fats and Oils-</li> <li>I. Fatty acids reactions- Hydrolysis, Hydrogenation, Saponification and Rancidity of oils, Drying oils.</li> <li>II. Analytical constants – Acid value, Saponification value, Ester value, Iodine value, Acetyl value, Reichert Meissl (RM) value – significance and principle involved in their determination. Section-C</li> </ul>	
		Polynuclearhydrocarbons:Synthesis, reactions, structure and medicinal uses of Naphthalene, Phenanthrene, Anthracene, Diphenylmethane, Triphenylmethane & their derivatives (1-naphthol, 1-hydroxyphenanthrene, 1-hydroxyanthracene, diphenylmethanol, triphenylmethanol)Cyclo alkanes*:Stabilities – Baeyer's strain theory, limitation of Baeyer's strain theory, Coulson and Moffitt's modification, Sachse Mohr's theory (Theory of strainless rings), reactions of cyclopropane	Polynuclearhydrocarbons:Synthesis, reactions, structure and medicinal uses of Naphthalene, Phenanthrene, Anthracene, Diphenylmethane, Triphenylmethane & their derivatives (1-naphthol, 1-hydroxyphenanthrene, 1-hydroxyanthracene, diphenylmethanol, triphenylmethanol)Cyclo alkanes*:Stabilities – Baeyer's strain theory, limitation of Baeyer's strain theory, Coulson and Moffitt's modification, Sachse Mohr's theory (Theory of strainless rings), reactions of cyclopropane	
		<ul> <li>and cyclobutane only.</li> <li>Recommended Books (Latest Editions)</li> <li>1. Organic Chemistry by Morrison and Boyd</li> <li>2. Organic Chemistry by I.L. Finar, Volume-I</li> <li>3. Textbook of Organic Chemistry by B.S. Bahl &amp; Arun Bahl.</li> <li>4. Organic Chemistry by P.L. Soni</li> <li>5. Practical Organic Chemistry by Mann and Saunders.</li> <li>6. Vacation of Practical Organic Chemistry by Mann and Saunders.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>and cyclobutane only.</li> <li><b>Recommended Books (Latest Edition):</b> <ol> <li>Morrison, R.T., Boyd, R.T. (1992). Organic Chemistry. 6<sup>th</sup> Ed., New York:Prentice Hall.</li> <li>Finar, I.L. (1963). Organic Chemistry. 4<sup>th</sup> Ed., London: Longsman.</li> <li>Bahl, A., Bahl, B.S. (2014). Textbook of Organic Chemistry. 5<sup>TH</sup></li> </ol></li></ul>	
		<ol> <li>Vogel's text book of Practical Organic Chemistry</li> <li>Advanced Practical organic chemistry by N.K.Vishnoi.</li> <li>Introduction to Organic Laboratory techniques by Pavia, Lampman and Kriz.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Soni, P.L., Chawla, H.M. (2012). <i>Textbook of Organic Chemistry</i>. 29<sup>th</sup> Ed., New Delhi: Sultan Chand &amp; Sons.</li> <li>Mann, F.G., Saunders, B.C. (2009). <i>Practical Organic Chemistry</i>. 4<sup>th</sup> Ed., London: Pearson. 2009.</li> <li>Vogel, A.I., Tatchell, A.R., Furnis, B. S., Hannaford, A.J., Smith, P.W.G. (1989). <i>Vogel's text book of Practical Organic</i></li> </ol>	
			<ul> <li>Chemistry. 5<sup>ard</sup> Ed., London :Pearson.</li> <li>7. Vishnoi, N.K. (2009). Advanced Practical organic chemistry. 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., New Delhi: Vikas publishing House.</li> <li>8. Pavia, D.L., Lampman, G.M., Kriz, G.S. (1998). Introduction to Organic Laboratory techniques. 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., seattle Marry Finch.</li> <li>Suggested e-material:</li> <li>1. General, Organic, and Biological Chemistry: Pearson New</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>International Edition Timberlake, Karen C. http://lib.myilibrary.com?id=527383</li> <li>Organic Chemistry: Pearson New International Edition Wade, Leroy G. http://lib.myilibrary.com?id=527192</li> <li>Essential Organic Chemistry: Pearson New International Edition Bruice, Paula Y. http://lib.myilibrary.com?id=527184</li> </ul>	
Course code PHAR Course name Pharmaceutical Physical Chemistry	<ul> <li>Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to know</li> <li>Different states of matter and their properties</li> </ul>		SECTION-A Behavior of gases: Kinetic theory of gases, deviation from behaviors and explanation. Liquid state: Physical properties (vapour pressure, surface tension,	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
Course List	Learning outcomes <ul> <li>Principle of thermodynamics and their pharmaceutical applications</li> <li>Various aspects of chemical kinetics and quantum mechanics.</li> </ul>	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus         viscosity, refractive index, optical rotation, dipole moment) and their role in chemical constitution determination.         Solutions: Ideal and real solutions, solutions of gases in liquids, colligative properties, partition coefficient, conductance and its measurement, Debye Huckel theory.         SECTION-B         Thermodynamics: Definition of thermodynamic terms: system, surroundings etc, types of system, intensive and extensive properties, state and path functions, thermodynamic equilibrium, heat and work.         First law: Postulates, limitations, brief account of heat capacity and enthalpy.         Second law: Postulates, need of law, reversible and irreversible processes, Carnot cycle, Carnot theorem, thermodynamic temperature scale, brief account of entropy.         Third law: Criteria for spontaneity, residual entropy.         Adsorption: Freudlich and Gibbs adsorption, isotherms, Langmuir theory of adsorption.         Photochemistry: Consequences of light absorption, Jablonski diagram, Lambert-Beer Law, Quantum efficiency.         Section-C         Chemical kinetics: General consideration and concepts, Zero, first and second order reactions, complex reactions, theories of reaction kinetics, half life determination, influence of temperature, light, solvent, catalytic species and other factors, characteristics of homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysis, acid base and enzyme catalysis.         Quantum mechanics; the Schrodinger wave equation.         Recommended Books (Latest Edition):         1       Bahl, B.S., Tuli, G.D., Bahl, A. (2009). Essential of Physical Chemistry, 1 <sup>st</sup>	Remarks
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 213 <b>Course name</b> Pharmaceutical Engineering	<ul> <li>Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to know</li> <li>Various type of flow and flow meter</li> <li>Various objectives, applications and functions of various processes used in pharmaceutical industries.</li> <li>Various preventive methods used for corrosion control in pharmaceutical industries.</li> <li>Different types of conveyors</li> <li>Various material used in plant construction</li> </ul>	Section-A Flow of fluids: Types of manometers, reynolds number and its significance, bernoulli's theorem and its applications, energy losses, orifice meter, venturimeter, pitot tube and rotometer. Mixing: Objectives, applications & factors affecting mixing, Difference between solid and liquid mixing, mechanism of solid mixing, liquids mixing and semisolids mixing. Principles, construction, working, uses, merits and demerits of double cone blender, twin shell blender, ribbon blender, sigma blade mixer, planetary mixers, propellers, turbines, paddles & silverson emulsifier. Heat Transfer: Objectives, applications & heat transfer mechanisms. Fourier's law, Heat transfer by conduction, convection & radiation. Heat interchangers & heat exchangers. Section-B	<ol> <li>https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/chemistry/5-61-physical-chemistry</li> <li>https://www.acs.org/content/acs/en</li> <li>Section-A</li> <li>Flow of fluids: Types of manometers, reynolds number and its significance, bernoulli's theorem and its applications, energy losses, orifice meter, venturimeter, pitot tube and rotometer.</li> <li>Mixing: Objectives, applications &amp; factors affecting mixing, Difference between</li> <li>solid and liquid mixing, mechanism of solid mixing, liquids mixing and semisolids mixing. Principles, construction, working, uses, merits and demerits of double cone blender, twin shell blender, ribbon blender, sigma blade mixer, planetary mixers, propellers, turbines, paddles &amp; silverson emulsifier.</li> <li>Heat Transfer: Objectives, applications &amp; heat transfer mechanisms. Fourier's law, Heat transfer by conduction, convection &amp; radiation. Heat interchangers &amp; heat exchangers.</li> </ol>	No changes in the syllabus. "Reference Books (Latest Editions):" merged in the recommended books. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.

Evenoration       Objectives, applications and factors influencing         exponention       Objectives, applications and factors         exponention       Objectives, applications         Destiliance       Secondary         Restance       Secondary	Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<ul> <li>Recommended Books (Latest Editions)</li> <li>Introduction to chemical engineering – Walter L Badger &amp; Julius</li> <li>Solid phase extraction, Principles, techniques and applications by Nigel J.K. Simpson-Latest edition.</li> <li>Unit operation of chemical engineering – Mcabe Smith, Latest edition.</li> <li>Pharmaceutical engineering principles and practices – C.V.S Subrahmanyam et al., Latest edition.</li> <li>Remington practice of pharmacy. Martin, Latest edition.</li> <li>Theory and practices - C.V.S Subrahmanyam et al., Latest edition.</li> <li>Cooper and Gunn's Tutorial pharmacy, SJ. Carter, Latest edition.</li> <li>Cooper and Gunn's Tutorial pharmacy, SJ. Carter, Latest edition.</li> <li>Cooper and Gunn's Tutorial pharmacy, SJ. Carter, Latest edition.</li> <li>Surgested e-material:</li> </ul>			Evaporation: Objectives, applications and factors influencing evaporation, differences between evaporation and other heat process. principles, construction, working, uses, merits and demerits of Steam jacketed kettle, horizontal tube evaporator, climbing film evaporator, forced circulation evaporator, multiple effect evaporator& Economy of multiple effect evaporator. Distillation: Basic Principles and methodology of simple distillation, flash distillation, fractional distillation, distillation under reduced pressure, steam distillation & molecular distillation. Drying: Objectives, applications & mechanism of drying process, measurements & applications of Equilibrium Moisture content, rate of drying curve. principles, construction, working, uses, merits and demerits of Tray dryer, drum dryer spray dryer, fluidized bed dryer, vacuum dryer, freeze dryer. Section-C Filtration: Objectives, applications, Theories & Factors influencing filtration, filter aids, filter medias. Principle, Construction, Working, Uses, Merits and demerits of plate & frame filter, filter leaf, rotary drum filter, Meta filter & Cartridge filter, membrane filters and Seidtz filter. Centrifugation: Objectives, principle & applications of Centrifugation, principles, construction, working, uses, merits and demerits of Perforated basket centrifuge, Non-perforated basket centrifuge, semi continuous centrifuge & supercentrifuge. Materials of pharmaceutical plant construction, corrosion and its prevention: Factors affecting during materials selected for Pharmaceutical plant construction, Theories of corrosion, types of corrosion and there prevention. Ferrous and nonferrous metals, inoreanic and organic non metals, basic of material handling systems.	Evaporation: Objectives, applications and factors influencing evaporation, differences between evaporation and other heat process. principles, construction, working, uses, merits and demerits of Steam jacketed kettle, horizontal tube evaporator, climbing film evaporator, forced circulation evaporator, multiple effect evaporator& Economy of multiple effect evaporator. Distillation: Basic Principles and methodology of simple distillation, flash distillation, fractional distillation, distillation under reduced pressure, steam distillation & molecular distillation. Drying: Objectives, applications & mechanism of drying process, measurements & applications of Equilibrium Moisture content, rate of drying curve. principles, construction, working, uses, merits and demerits of Tray dryer, drum dryer spray dryer, fluidized bed dryer, vacuum dryer, freeze dryer. Section-C Filtration: Objectives, applications, Theories & Factors influencing filtration, filter aids, filter medias. Principle, Construction, Working, Uses, Merits and demerits of plate & frame filter, filter leaf, rotary drum filter, Meta filter & Cartridge filter, membrane filters and Seidtz filter. Centrifugation: Objectives, principle & applications of Centrifugation, principles, construction, working, uses, merits and demerits of Perforated basket centrifuge, Non-perforated basket centrifuge, semi continuous centrifuge & supercentifuge. Materials of pharmaceutical plant construction, corrosion and its prevention: Factors affecting during materials selected for Pharmaceutical plant construction, Theories of corrosion, types of corrosion and there prevention. Ferrous and nonferrous metals, inorzanic and organic non metals, basic of material handling systems.	
			<ol> <li>Recommended Books (Latest Editions)</li> <li>Introduction to chemical engineering – Walter L Badger &amp; Julius Banchero, Latest edition.</li> <li>Solid phase extraction, Principles, techniques and applications by Nigel J.K. Simpson- Latest edition.</li> <li>Unit operation of chemical engineering – Mcabe Smith, Latest edition.</li> <li>Pharmaceutical engineering principles and practices – C.V.S Subrahmanyam et al., Latest edition.</li> <li>Remington practice of pharmacy- Martin, Latest edition.</li> <li>Theory and practice of industrial pharmacy by Lachmann., Latest edition.</li> <li>Physical pharmaceutics- C.V.S Subrahmanyam et al., Latest edition.</li> <li>Cooper and Gunn's Tutorial pharmacy, S.J. Carter, Latest edition.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Recommended Books (Latest Edition):         <ol> <li>Badger, W.L., Banchero, J.T. (1955). Introduction to chemical engineering. New York: McGraw- Hill.</li> <li>Simpson, N.J.K. (2000). Solid phase extraction, Principles, techniques and applications. 1st Ed., California: CRC Press.</li> <li>McCabe, W., Smith, J., Harriott, P. (2017). Unit operation of chemical engineering. 7th Ed., New York: McGraw- Hill.</li> <li>Subrahmanyam, C.V.S., Setty, J.T., Sarasija, S., Kussum, D.V. (2009). Pharmaceutical engineering principles and practices. India: Vallabh Publication.</li> <li>Martin, E.W., Cook, E.F. (2005). Remington practice of pharmacy. 21st edition. Philadelphia: Lippincott Williams and Wilkins.</li> <li>Lachman, L., Lieberman, H.A., Kanig, J.L. (1990). Theory and practice of industrial pharmacy. 3th Ed., Phildelphia: Varghese Publishing House.</li> <li>Subrahmanyam, C.V.S. (2008). Text of Physical pharmaceutics. 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., India: Vallabh Publication.</li> <li>Carter, S.J. (2005). Cooper and Gunn's Tutorial pharmacy. 6<sup>th</sup> Ed., London: CBS Publication.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 217 <b>Course name</b> Physical Pharmaceutics-I	Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to know • Various physicochemical properties of drug molecules. • Various aspects in pre formulation studies. • Surface and interfacial phenomenon on formulation. • Various aspects of size reduction and size separation pertaining to dosage preparation.	<ul> <li>Section-A</li> <li>Solubility of drugs: Solubility expressions, mechanisms of solute</li> <li>solvent interactions, ideal solubility parameters, solvation &amp; association, quantitative approach to the factors influencing solubility of drugs, diffusion principles in biological systems. Solubility of gas in liquids, solubility of liquids in liquids (Binary solutions, ideal solutions). Raoult's law, real solutions. Partially miscible liquids, critical solution temperature and applications. Distribution law, its limitations and applications.</li> <li>States of matter and properties of matter: State of matter, changes in the state of matter, latent heats, vapour pressure, sublimation critical point, eutectic mixtures, gases, aerosols – inhalers, relative humidity, liquid complexes, liquid crystals, glassy states, solid crystalline, amorphous &amp; polymorphism.</li> <li>Surface and interfacial phenomenon: Liquid interface, surface &amp; interfacial tensions, surface free energy, measurement of surface &amp; interfacial tensions, surface free energy, measurement of surface &amp; interfacial tensions, surface free energy, measurement of surface &amp; interfacial tensions, surface free energy, measurement of surface &amp; interfacial tensions, surface free energy, measurement of surface &amp; interfacial tensions, surface free energy, measurement of surface &amp; interfacial tensions, surface free energy, measurement of surface &amp; interfacial tensions, surface free energy, measurement of surface &amp; interfacial tensions, surface free energy, measurement of surface &amp; interfacial tensions, surface free energy, measurement of surface &amp; interface.</li> <li>Complexation and protein binding: Introduction, classification of complexation applications, methods of analysis, protein binding, complexation applications, methods of analysis, protein binding.</li> <li>Meysical Pharmaceutics buffered isotonic solutions.</li> <li>Size reduction: Objectives, mechanisms &amp; laws governing size reduction, factors affecting size reductio</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Section-A</li> <li>Solubility of drugs: Solubility expressions, mechanisms of solute solvent interactions, ideal solubility parameters, solvation &amp; association, quantitative approach to the factors influencing solubility of drugs, diffusion principles in biological systems. Solubility of gas in liquids, solubility of liquids in liquids (Binary solutions, ideal solutions). Raoult's law, real solutions. Partially miscible liquids, critical solution temperature and applications. Distribution law, its limitations and applications.</li> <li>States of matter and properties of matter: State of matter, changes in the state of matter, latent heats, vapour pressure, sublimation critical point, eutectic mixtures, gases, aerosols – inhalers, relative humidity, liquid complexes, liquid crystal, glassy states, solid crystalline, amorphous &amp; polymorphism.</li> <li>Surface and interfacial phenomenon: Liquid interface, surface &amp; interfacial tensions, surface free energy, measurement of surface &amp; interfacial tensions, spreading coefficient, adsorption at liquid interface, surface active agents, HLB scale, solubilisation, detergency, adsorption at solid interface.</li> <li>Complexation and protein binding: Introduction, classification of complexation and grotein solutions: Sorensen's pH scale, pH determination (electrometric and calorimetric), applications of buffers, buffer equation, buffer capacity, buffers in pharmaceutical and biological systems, buffered isotonic solutions.</li> <li>Size reduction: Objectives, mechanisms &amp; laws governing size reduction; factors affecting size reduction, principles, construction, working, uses, merits and demerits of hammer mill, ball mill, fluid energy mill, edge runner mill &amp; end runner mill.</li> <li>Parott, LE, Saski, W. (1977). <i>Experimental Pharmaceutics</i> 4<sup>th</sup> Ed, Minneapolis: Burgess publishers.</li> <li>Cater, S.J. (2005). <i>Tutorial Pharmace</i>. 6<sup>th</sup> Ed., India: CBS publishers.</li> <li>Liberman, H.A., Lachman, C. (1990). <i>Pharmaceutical Ca</i></li></ul>	No changes in the syllabus. "Reference Books (Latest Editions):" merged in the recommended books. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
			<ol> <li>Subramanyam, C.V.S., Settee, T.J. (2014). Labo Physical Pharmaceutics. 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., New Delhi: Vall</li> <li>Subramanyam, C.V.S. (2000). Text boo Pharmaceutics. 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., New Delhi: Vallabh publ</li> <li>Jain, G., Khar, R.K., Ahmad, F.J. (2012). Theor Physical Pharmacy. 1<sup>st</sup> edition, New Delhi: Elesy</li> <li>Suggested e-material:</li> </ol>
			<ol> <li>https://pharmaclub.in/free-pharmacy-ebooks-pl</li> <li>https://www.pdfdrive.com/pharmaceutical-bool</li> <li>https://pharmaclub.in/free-pharmacy-ebooks-pl</li> <li>http://202.74.245.22:8080/xmlui/handle/123456</li> <li>www.elsevier.com/books/</li> <li>https://accesspharmacy.mhmedical.com/book.a</li> </ol>
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 204L <b>Course name</b> Pharmaceutical Microbiology Lab		<ol> <li>Introduction and study of different equipments and processing, e.g., B.O.D. incubator, laminar flow, aseptic hood, autoclave, hot air sterilizer, deep freezer, refrigerator, microscopes used in experimental microbiology.</li> <li>Sterilization of glassware, preparation and sterilization of media.</li> <li>Sub culturing of bacteria and fungus. Nutrient stabs and slants preparations.</li> <li>Staining methods- Simple, Grams staining and acid fast staining (Demonstration with practical).</li> <li>Isolation of pure culture of micro-organisms by multiple streak plate technique and other techniques.</li> <li>Microbiological assay of antibiotics by cup plate method and other methods</li> <li>Motility determination by Hanging drop method.</li> <li>Sterility testing of pharmaceuticals.</li> <li>Bacteriological analysis of water</li> <li>Biochemical test.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Introduction and study of different equipments e.g., B.O.D. incubator, laminar flow, aseptic hoo air sterilizer, deep freezer, refrigerator, micro experimental microbiology.</li> <li>Sterilization of glassware, preparation and steriliti Sub culturing of bacteria and fungus. Nutrient preparations.</li> <li>Staining methods- Simple, Grams staining and a (Demonstration with practical).</li> <li>Isolation of pure culture of micro-organisms b plate technique and other techniques.</li> <li>Microbiological assay of antibiotics by cup pl other methods</li> <li>Sterility testing of pharmaceuticals.</li> <li>Bacteriological analysis of water</li> <li>Biochemical test.</li> </ol>
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 205L <b>Course name</b> Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-II Lab		I       Experiments involving laboratory techniques         •       Recrystallization         •       Steam distillation         II       Determination of following oil values (including standardization of reagents)         •       Acid value         •       Saponification value         •       Iddine value         •       Saponification value         •       Iddine value         III       Preparation of compounds         •       Benzanilide/Phenyl       benzoate/Acetanilide         Aniline/       Phenol/Aniline by acylation reaction.         •       2,4,6-Tribromo aniline/Para bromo acetanilide from Aniline/         Acetanilide by halogenation (Bromination) reaction.       •         •       5-Nitro salicylic acid/Meta di nitro benzene from Salicylic acid         /Nitro benzene by nitration reaction.       •         •       Benzoic acid from Benzyl chloride by oxidation reaction.         •       Benzoic acid/ Salicylic acid from alkyl benzoate/         alkyl       salicylate by hydrolysis reaction.         •       1-Phenyl azo-2-napthol from Aniline by diazotization and coupling reactions.	I       Experiments involving laboratory technique         •       Recrystallization         •       Steam distillation         II       Determination of following oil values (inclustandardization of reagents)         •       Acid value         •       Saponification value         •       Iddine value         III       Preparation of compounds         •       Benzanilide/Phenyl       benzoate/Action         Aniline/       Phenol/Aniline by acylation reaction         •       2,4,6-Tribromo aniline/Para bromo         Aniline/       Acetanilide by halogenation (Bromi         •       S-Nitro salicylic acid/Meta di nitr         Salicylic acid       /Nitro benzene by nitration reaction         •       Benzoic acid from Benzyl chlori         •       Benzoic acid/Salicylic acid from alk         •       Benzoic acid/Salicylic acid from Anilina         •       1-Phenyl azo-2-napthol from Anilina         and       coupling reactions.         •       Benzil from Benzoin by oxidation reaction

	Remarks
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k.aspx?bookid=513 nts and processing, ood, autoclave, hot icroscopes used in	
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ion. oride by oxidation	
alkyl benzoate/ alkyl	
line by diazotization	
reaction.	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		<ul> <li>Benzil from Benzoin by oxidation reaction.</li> <li>Dibenzal acetone from Benzaldehyde by Claisen Schmidt         reaction</li> <li>Cinnammic acid from Benzaldehyde by Perkin reaction</li> <li>P-lodo benzoic acid from P-amino benzoic acid</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Dibenzal acetone from Benzaldehyde by Claisen Schmidt reaction</li> <li>Cinnammic acid from Benzaldehyde by Perkin reaction</li> <li><i>P</i>-lodo benzoic acid from <i>P</i>-amino benzoic acid</li> </ul>	
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 213L <b>Course name</b> Pharmaceutical Engineering Lab		<ol> <li>Determination of radiation constant of brass, iron, unpainted and painted glass.</li> <li>Steam distillation – To calculate the efficiency of steam distillation.</li> <li>To determine the overall heat transfer coefficient by heat exchanger.</li> <li>Construction of drying curves (for calcium carbonate and starch).</li> <li>Determination of moisture content and loss on drying.</li> <li>Determination of humidity of air – i) From wet and dry bulb temperatures –use of Dew point method.</li> <li>Description of Construction working and application of Pharmaceutical Machinery such as rotary tablet machine, fluidized bed coater, fluid energy mill,de humidifier.</li> <li>Size reduction: To verify the laws of size reduction using ball mill and determining Kicks, Rittinger's, Bond's coefficients, power requirement and critical speed of Ball Mill.</li> <li>Demonstration of colloid mill, planetary mixer, fluidized bed dryer, freeze dryerand such other major equipment.</li> <li>Factors affecting Rate of Filtration and Evaporation (Surface area, concentration and Thickness/ viscosity</li> <li>To study the effect of time on the rate of crystallization.</li> <li>To calculate the uniformity Index for given sample by using double cone blender</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Determination of radiation constant of brass, iron, unpainted and painted glass.</li> <li>Steam distillation – To calculate the efficiency of steam distillation.</li> <li>To determine the overall heat transfer coefficient by heat exchanger.</li> <li>Construction of drying curves (for calcium carbonate and starch).</li> <li>Determination of moisture content and loss on drying.</li> <li>Determination of humidity of air – i) From wet and dry bulb temperatures –use of Dew point method.</li> <li>Description of Construction working and application of Pharmaceutical Machinery such as rotary tablet machine, fluidized bed coater, fluid energy mill,de humidifier.</li> <li>Size reduction: To verify the laws of size reduction using ball mill and determining Kicks, Rittinger's, Bond's coefficients, power requirement and critical speed of Ball Mill.</li> <li>Demonstration of colloid mill, planetary mixer, fluidized bed dryer, freeze dryerand such other major equipment.</li> <li>Factors affecting Rate of Filtration and Evaporation (Surface area, concentration and Thickness/ viscosity</li> <li>To study the effect of time on the rate of crystallization.</li> <li>To calculate the uniformity Index for given sample by using double cone blender</li> </ol>	
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 217L <b>Course name</b> Physical Pharmaceutics-I Lab		<ol> <li>Determination the solubility of drug at room temperature</li> <li>Determination of pKa value by half neutralization/ Henderson Hasselbalch equation.</li> <li>Determination of Partition co-efficient of benzoic acid in benzene and water</li> <li>Determination of Partition co- efficient of lodine in CCl<sub>4</sub> and water</li> <li>Determination of % composition of NaCl in a solution using phenol-water system by CST method</li> <li>Determination of surface tension of given liquids by drop count and drop weight method</li> <li>Determination of Freundlich and Langmuir constants using activated charcoal</li> <li>Determination of critical micellar concentration of surfactants</li> <li>Determination of stability constant and donor acceptor ratio of PABA-Caffeine complex by solubility method</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Determination the solubility of drug at room temperature</li> <li>Determination of pKa value by half neutralization/ Henderson Hasselbalch equation.</li> <li>Determination of Partition co-efficient of benzoic acid in benzene and water</li> <li>Determination of Partition co- efficient of lodine in CCl<sub>4</sub> and water</li> <li>Determination of % composition of NaCl in a solution using phenol-water system by CST method</li> <li>Determination of surface tension of given liquids by drop count and drop weight method</li> <li>Determination of Freundlich and Langmuir constants using activated charcoal</li> <li>Determination of critical micellar concentration of surfactants</li> <li>Determination of stability constant and donor acceptor ratio of PABA-Caffeine complex by solubility method</li> </ol>	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		Cupric-Glycine complex by pH titration method	Cupric-Glycine complex by pH titration method	

Course List Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
Course code       Upon completion of the coustudent shall be able to know:         PHAR 211       • Various aspects of m chemistry         Course name       • Classification, synther mechanism of actiuses of various drugs         Medicinal Chemistry-I       • *	<ul> <li>Study of the development of the following classes of drugs, classification, mechanism of action, uses of drugs mentioned in the course, structure activity relationship of selective class of drugs as specified in the course and synthesis of drugs superscripted (*)         <ul> <li>Section-A</li> </ul> </li> <li>Introduction to medicinal chemistry: History and development of medicinal chemistry. Physicochemical properties in relation to biological action (Ionization, Solubility, Partition Coefficient, Hydrogen bonding, Protein binding, Chelation). Effect of bioisosterism, optical and geometrical isomerism on biological activity.</li> <li>Drugs acting on autonomic nervous system:</li> <li>SYMPATHOMIMETIC AGENTS: SAR of Sympathomimetic agents. Direct acting: Nor-epinephrine, epinephrine, phenylephrine*, dopamine, methyldopa, clonidine, dobutamine, isoproterenol, terbutaline, salbutamol*, bitolterol, naphazoline, oxymetazoline and xylometazoline.</li> <li>Indirect acting agents: Hydroxyamphetamine, pseudoephedrine, propylhexedrine.</li> <li>Agents with mixed mechanism: Ephedrine, Metaraminol.</li> <li>ADRENERGIC ANTAGONISTS:</li> <li>Alpha adrenergic blockers: Tolazoline*, phentolamine, phenoxybenzamine, prazosin, dihydroergotamine, methysergide.</li> <li>Beta adrenergic blockers: SAR of beta blockers, propranolol*, metibranolol, atenolol, betazolol, bisoprolol, esmolol, metoprolol, labetolol, carvedilol.</li> <li>Parasympathomimetic agents: SAR of Parasympathomimetic agents. Direct acting agents: Acetylcholine, carbachol*, bethanechol, methacholine, pilocarpine.</li> <li>Indirect acting / Cholinesterase inhibitors (Reversible &amp; Irreversible): Physostigmine, neostigmine*, pyridostigmine, edrophonium chloride, tacrine hydrochloride, parathione, malathion.</li> <li>Cholinergic blocking agents: SAR of cholinolytic agents</li> <li>Solanaceous alkaloids and analogues: Atropine sulphate, Hyoscyamine sulphate, Scopolamine hydrobromide, Hor</li></ul>	Study of the development of the following classes of drugs, classification, mechanism of action, uses of drugs mentioned in the course, structure activity relationship of selective class of drugs as specified in the course and synthesis of drugs superscripted (*) Section-A Introduction to medicinal chemistry: History and development of medicinal chemistry. Physicochemical properties in relation to biological action (tonization, Solubility, Partition Coefficient, Hydrogen bonding, Protein binding, Chelation). Effect of bioisosterism, optical and geometrical isomerism on biological activity. Drugs acting on autonomic nervous system: SYMPATHOMIMETIC AGENTS: SAR of Sympathomimetic agents. Direct acting: Nor-epinephrine, epinephrine, phenylephrine*, dopamine, methyldopa, clonidine, dobutamine, isoproterenol, terbutaline, salbutamol*, bitolterol, naphazoline, oxymetazoline and xylometazoline. Indirect acting agents: Hydroxyamphetamine, pseudoephedrine, propylhexedrine. Agents with mixed mechanism: Ephedrine, Metaraminol. ADRENERGIC ANTAGONISTS: Alpha adrenergic blockers: Tolazoline*, phentolamine, phenoxybenzamine, prazosin, dihydroergotamine, methysergide. Beta adrenergic blockers: SAR of beta blockers, propranolol*, metibranolol, atenolol, betazolol, biosprolol, esmolol, metoprolol, labetolol, carvedilol. Parasympathomimetic agents: SAR of Parasympathomimetic agents. Direct acting agents: Acetylcholine, carbachol*, bethanechol, methacholine, pilocarpine. Indirect acting agents: SAR of Parasympathomimetic agents. Direct acting Cholinesterase inhibitors (Reversible & Irreversible): Physostigmine, neostigmine*, pyridostigmine, edrophonium chloride, tacrine hydrochloride, ambenonium chloride. Cholinesterase reactivator: Pralidoxime chloride, Homatropine hydrobromide, lpratropium bromide*. Synthetic cholinengic blocking age	No changes in the syllabus. "Reference Books (Latest Editions):" merged in the recommended books. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.

Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
the following classes of drugs, n, uses of drugs mentioned in the ship of selective class of drugs as sis of drugs superscripted (*) <b>ion-A</b> <b>istry:</b> History and development of emical properties in relation to ility, Partition Coefficient, Hydrogen on). Effect of bioisosterism, optical ogical activity. <b>Is system:</b> A of Sympathomimetic agents. e, epinephrine, phenylephrine*, ine, dobutamine, isoproterenol, ol, naphazoline, oxymetazoline and yamphetamine, pseudoephedrine, hedrine, Metaraminol. Tolazoline*, phentolamine, droergotamine, methysergide. of beta blockers, propranolol*, , bisoprolol, esmolol, metoprolol, R of Parasympathomimetic agents. holine, carbachol*, bethanechol, hibitors (Reversible & Irreversible): dostigmine, edrophonium chloride, nonium chloride, isofluorphate, malathion. xime chloride. f cholinolytic agents <i>analogues:</i> Atropine sulphate, nine hydrobromide, Homatropine de*. rents: Tropicamide, cyclopentolate de, dicyclomine hydrochloride*, promide, propantheline bromide, he citrate, biperidine hydrochloride*, promide, propantheline bromide, dihexethyl chloride, isopropamide de. <b>ion-B</b>	Study of the development of the following classes of drugs, classification, mechanism of action, uses of drugs mentioned in the course, structure activity relationship of selective class of drugs as specified in the course and synthesis of drugs superscripted (*) Section-A Introduction to medicinal chemistry: History and development of medicinal chemistry. Physicochemical properties in relation to biological action (lonization, Solubility, Partition Coefficient, Hydrogen bonding, Protein binding, Chelation). Effect of bioisosterism, optical and geometrical isomerism on biological activity. Drugs acting on autonomic nervous system: SYMPATHOMIMETIC AGENTS: SAR of Sympathomimetic agents. Direct acting: Nor-epinephrine, epinephrine, phenylephrine*, dopamine, methyldopa, clonidine, dobutamine, isoproterenol, terbutaline, salbutamol*, bitolterol, naphazoline, oxymetazoline and xylometazoline. Indirect acting agents: Hydroxyamphetamine, pseudoephedrine, propylhexedrine. Agents with mixed mechanism: Ephedrine, Metaraminol. ADRENERGIC ANTAGONISTS: Alpha adrenergic blockers: Tolazoline*, phentolamine, phenoxybenzamine, prazosin, dihydroergotamine, methysergide. Beta adrenergic blockers: SAR of beta blockers, propranolol*, metibranolol, atenolol, betazolol, biosoprolol, esmolol, metoprolol, labetolol, carvedilol. Parasympathomimetic agents: SAR of Parasympathomimetic agents. Direct acting agents: Acetylcholine, carbachol*, bethanechol, methacholine, pilocarpine. Indirect acting / Cholinesterase inhibitors (Reversible & Irreversible): Physostigmine, neostigmine*, pyridostigmine, edrophonium chloride, tacrine hydrochloride, ambenonium chloride, isofluorphate, echothiophate iodide, parathione, malathion. Cholinesterase ractivator: Pralidoxime chloride. Cholinergic blocking agents: SAR of cholinolytic agents Solanaceous alkaloids and analogues: Atropine sulphate, Hydrochloride, prathione directione hydrochloride*, glycopyrrolate, methantheline bromide, propantheline bromide, benztropine mesylate, orphenadrine citrate, biperid	No changes in the syllabus. "Reference Books (Latest Editions):" merged in the recommended books. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
		Drugs acting on central nervous system	Drugs acting on central nervous system
		GENERAL ANESTHETICS:	GENERAL ANESTHETICS:
		innalation anestnetics: Halothane", Methoxynurane, ennurane,	innulation anestnetics: Halothane*, Methoxynu
		Ultra short acting barbitutrates: Methohexital sodium*, thiamvlal	Ultra short acting barbitutrates: Methohexital sc
		sodium, thiopental sodium.	sodium, thiopental sodium.
		Dissociative anesthetics: Ketamine hydrochloride.*	<i>Dissociative anesthetics:</i> Ketamine hydrochloride.*
		NARCOTIC AND NON-NARCOTIC ANALGESICS:	NARCOTIC AND NON-NARCOTIC ANALGESICS:
		Morphine and related drugs: SAR of morphine analogues, morphine	Morphine and related drugs: SAR of morphine ana
		sulphate, codeine, meperidine hydrochloride, anilerdine	sulphate, codeine, meperidine hydrochlor
		hydrochloride, diphenoxylate hydrochloride, loperamide	hydrochloride, diphenoxylate hydrochloride
		nydrochloride, fentanyl citrate", methadone nydrochloride",	nydrochioride, fentanyi citrate*, methadone
		Narcotic antagonists: Nalorphine bydrochloride levallorphan	Narcotic antagonists: Nalorphine bydrochloriu
		tartarate. naloxone hydrochloride.	tartarate, naloxone hydrochloride.
		Anti-inflammatory agents: Sodium salicylate, aspirin, mefenamic	Anti-inflammatory agents: Sodium salicylate, as
		acid*, meclofenamate, indomethacin, sulindac, tolmetin, zomepriac,	acid*, meclofenamate, indomethacin, sulindac, toli
		diclofenac, ketorolac, ibuprofen*, naproxen, piroxicam, phenacetin,	diclofenac, ketorolac, ibuprofen*, naproxen, piroxi
		acetaminophen, antipyrine, phenylbutazone.	acetaminophen, antipyrine, phenylbutazone.
		Drugs acting on central nervous system:	Drugs acting on central nervous system:
		SEDATIVES AND HYPNOTICS:	SEDATIVES AND HYPNOTICS:
		Benzodiazepines: SAR of benzodiazepines, chlordiazepoxide,	Benzodiazepines: SAR of benzodiazepines,
		diazepam*, oxazepam, chlorazepate, lorazepam, alprazolam,	diazepam*, oxazepam, chlorazepate, lorazepa
		ZOIPIDEM Parkiturtas: SAP of harbituratos harbital* phonoharbital	ZOIPIGEM Parhiturtee: SAP of harbituratos harbital*
		menhoharhital amoharhital hutaharhital nentoharhital secoharhital	menhoharhital amoharhital hutaharhital nentohar
		Miscelleneous:	Miscelleneous:
		Amides & imides: Glutethmide.	Amides & imides: Glutethmide.
		Alcohol & their carbamate derivatives: Meprobomate, ethchlorvynol.	Alcohol & their carbamate derivatives: Meproboma
		Aldehyde & their derivatives: Triclofos sodium, paraldehyde.	Aldehyde & their derivatives: Triclofos sodium, para
		ANTIPSYCHOTICS	ANTIPSYCHOTICS
		Phenothiazeines: SAR of Phenothiazeines - Promazine hydrochloride,	Phenothiazeines: SAR of Phenothiazeines - Promazi
		chlorpromazine hydrochloride*, triflupromazine, thioridazine	chlorpromazine hydrochloride*, triflupromazin
		maleate trifluonerazine hydrochloride	maleate trifluonerazine hydrochloride
		Ring analogues of phenothiazeines: Chlorprothixene, thiothixene,	Ring analogues of phenothiazeines: Chlorprothix
		loxapine succinate, clozapine.	loxapine succinate, clozapine.
		Flurobuterophenones: Haloperidol, droperidol, risperidone.	Flurobuterophenones: Haloperidol, droperidol, risper
		Beta amino ketones: Molindone hydrochloride.	Beta amino ketones: Molindone hydrochloride.
		Benzamides: Sulpieride.	Benzamides: Sulpieride.
		ANTICONVULSANTS: SAR of anticonvulsants, mechanism of	ANTICONVULSANTS: SAR of anticonvulsants,
		anticonvulsant action.	anticonvulsant action.
		Hydantoins: Phenytoin* Menhenytoin ethotoin	Hydantoins: Phenytoin* Menhenytoin, ethotoin
		Oxazolidinediones: Trimethadione, paramethadione	Oxazolidinediones: Trimethadione, paramethadione
		Succinimides: Phensuximide, methsuximide, ethosuximide*	Succinimides: Phensuximide, methsuximide, ethosux
		Urea and monoacylureas: Phenacemide, carbamazepine*	Urea and monoacylureas: Phenacemide, carbamazep
		Benzodiazepines: Clonazepam	Benzodiazepines: Clonazepam
		Miscellaneous: Primidone, valproic acid , gabapentin, felbamate.	Miscellaneous: Primidone, valproic acid, gabapentin
		Drug metabolism: Drug metabolism principles- Phase I and Phase II.	Drug metabolism: Drug metabolism principles- Pha
		Factors affecting drug metabolism including stereo chemical aspects.	Factors affecting drug metabolism including stereo c
		Accommended Books (Latest Editions)	Recommended Books (Latest Editions):
		Chemistry.	Pharmaceutical Chemistry 12 <sup>th</sup> Fd Phild
		<ol> <li>Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry.</li> </ol>	Williams and Wilkins.
		3. Burger's Medicinal Chemistry, Vol I to IV.	2. Lemke, T.L., Williams, D.A., Rocho, V.F., Zito, S

	Remarks
ırane, enflurane,	
odium*, thiamylal	
alogues, morphine ride, anilerdine e, loperamide hydrochloride*, nol tartarate. de, levallorphan pirin, mefenamic metin, zomepriac, icam, phenacetin,	
chlordiazepoxide, am. alprazolam.	
, phenobarbital, bital, secobarbital	
ite, ethchlorvynol. Ildehyde.	
ine hydrochloride, ne, thioridazine prochlorperazine	
ene, thiothixene,	
ridone.	
mechanism of	
timide* pine*	
, felbamate. ase I and Phase II. hemical aspects.	
nic medicinal and ephia: Lippincott	
.W. (2012). Foye's	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		<ol> <li>Introduction to principles of drug design- Smith and Williams.</li> <li>Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences.</li> <li>Martindale's extra pharmacopoeia.</li> <li>Organic Chemistry by I.L. Finar, Vol. II.</li> <li>The Organic Chemistry of Drug Synthesis by Lednicer, Vol. 1-5.</li> <li>Indian Pharmacopoeia.</li> <li>Text book of practical organic chemistry- A.I.Vogel.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Principles of Medicinal Chemistry, 7<sup>th</sup> Ed., Phildephia: Lippincott Williams and Wilkins.</li> <li>3. Abraham, D.J., Rotella, R.J. (2010). Burger's Medicinal Chemistry, Drug Discovery and Development, 7<sup>th</sup> Ed., New york: John Wiley and Sons.</li> <li>4. Smith, J.H., Williams, H. (2010). Introduction to principles of drug design, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., Australia: Harwood academic publishers.</li> <li>5. Remington, P.J., Beringer, P. (2006). Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, 21<sup>st</sup> Ed., Phildephia: Lippincott Williams and Wilkins.</li> <li>6. Buckley, G. (1988). Martindale's extra pharmacopoeia, 29<sup>th</sup> Ed., British journal of general practice.</li> <li>7. Finar, I.L. (2002). Organic Chemistry: Volume 2. Stereochemistry</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>and the Chemistry Natural Products. 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., London; Perason.</li> <li>8. Lednicer, D. (1997). <i>The Organic Chemistry of Drug Synthesis</i>, 5<sup>TH</sup> Edition, John New York: Wiley and Sons Ltd.</li> <li>9. Indian Pharmacopoeia.</li> <li>10. Furniss, B.S., Hannaford, A.J., Smith, P.W.G. (2009). <i>Vogel's Tatchell.Text book of practical organic chemistry</i>, 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., London: Pearson. 2009</li> <li>Suggested e-material:</li> <li>1. https://books.google.co.in/books/about/Foye_s_Principles_of_M edicinal_Chemistry.html?id=R0W1ErpsQpkC</li> <li>2. https://www.wiley.com/en-us/Burger%27s +Medicinal+Chemistry%2C+Drug+Discovery%2C+and+Developme nt%2C+7th+Edition-p-9780470278154</li> </ul>	
Course code PHAR 214 Course name Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-III	Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to know • Nomenclature and classification. Synthesis, reactions and medicinal uses of heterocyclic compounds • the stereo chemical aspects of organic compounds and stereo chemical reactions	Stereo isomerism:Optical isomerism - Optical activity, enantiomerism, diastereoisomerism, meso compounds, elements of symmetry, chiral and achiral molecules. DL system of nomenclature of optical isomers, sequence rules, RS system of nomenclature of optical isomers. Racemic modification and resolution of racemic mixture. Asymmetric synthesis (partial and absolute) & reactions of chiral molecules. Geometrical isomerism: Nomenclature of geometrical isomers (Cis- Trans, E-Z, Syn-Anti systems), methods of determination of configuration of geometrical isomers. Conformational isomerism in ethane, n-butane and cyclohexane. Stereo isomerism in biphenyl compounds (Atropisomerism) and conditions for optical activity. Stereospecific and stereoselective reactions. Section-BHeterocyclic compounds: Nomenclature and classification. Synthesis, reactions and medicinal uses of following compounds - Pyrrole, Furan, Thiophene Pyrazole, Imidazole, Oxazole, Thiazole, Pyridine, Quinoline, Isoquinoline, Acridine, Indole and their derivatives (pyrrolidine, furfural, 2,2'- bithiophene, N-phenyl pyrazole, imidazoline, 2- alkyloxazole, 4-hydroxy-1,3-thiazole, 2-methyl pyridine, 8- hydroxylquinoline, 1,2,3,4- tetrahydroisoquinoline, proflavin, indole- 3-acetic acid).Section-C Synthesis and medicinal uses of Pyrimidine, Purine, azepines and their derivatives (6-amino purine, pyrimidine-2,4 (1H, 3H)- dione, benzazepine).Reactions of synthetic importance: Metal hydride reduction (NaBH4 and LiAlH4), Clemmensen reduction, Birch reduction, Wolff Kishner reduction. Oppenauer-oxidation and Dakin reaction. Beckmanns rearrangement and Schmidt rearrangement. Claisen-Schmidt	<ul> <li>Stereo isomerism:</li> <li>Optical isomerism - Optical activity, enantiomerism, diastereoisomerism, meso compounds, elements of symmetry, chiral and achiral molecules. DL system of nomenclature of optical isomers, sequence rules, RS system of nomenclature of optical isomers. Racemic modification and resolution of racemic mixture. Asymmetric synthesis (partial and absolute) &amp; reactions of chiral molecules.</li> <li>Geometrical isomerism: Nomenclature of geometrical isomers (CisTrans, E-Z, Syn-Anti systems), methods of determination of configuration of geometrical isomers. Conformational isomerism in ethane, n-butane and cyclohexane. Stereo isomerism in biphenyl compounds (Atropisomerism) and conditions for optical activity. Stereospecific and stereoselective reactions.</li> <li>Section-B</li> <li>Heterocyclic compounds: Nomenclature and classification. Synthesis, reactions and medicinal uses of following compounds - Pyrrole, Furan, Thiophene Pyrazole, Imidazole, Oxazole, Thiazole, Pyridine, Quinoline, Isoquinoline, Acridine, Indole and their derivatives (pyrolidine, furfural, 2,2'- bithiophene, N-phenyl pyrazole, imidazoline, 2-alkyloxazole, 4-hydroxy-1,3-thiazole, 2-methyl pyridine, 8-hydroxylquinoline, 1,2,3,4- tetrahydroisoquinoline, proflavin, indole-3-acetic acid).</li> <li>Section-C</li> <li>Synthesis and medicinal uses of Pyrimidine, Purine, azepines and their derivatives (6-amino purine, pyrimidine-2,4 (1H, 3H)- dione, benzazepine).</li> <li>Reactions of synthetic importance: Metal hydride reduction (NaBH<sub>4</sub> and LiAlH<sub>4</sub>), Clemmensen reduction, Birch reduction, Wolff Kishner reduction. Oppenauer-oxidation and Dakin reaction. Seckmanns rearrangement and Schmidt rearrangement. Claisen-Schmidt</li> </ul>	No changes in the syllabus. "Reference Books (Latest Editions):" merged in the recommended books. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		condensation. <b>Recommended Books (Latest Editions)</b> 1. Organic chemistry by I.L. Finar, Volume-I & II. 2. A text book of organic chemistry – Arun Bahl, B.S. Bahl. 3. Heterocyclic Chemistry by Raj K. Bansal 4. Organic Chemistry by Morrison and Boyd 5. Heterocyclic Chemistry by T.L. Gilchrist	<ul> <li>condensation.</li> <li>Recommended Books (Latest Edition):</li> <li>1. Finar, I.L. (2002). Organic chemistry, 6<sup>th</sup> Ed., India: Pearson Education.</li> <li>2. Bahl, B.S., Bahl, A. (2014). A text book of organic chemistry, 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., India: S.Chand and Company Ltd.</li> <li>3. Bansal, R.K. (2017). Heterocyclic Chemistry, 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., India: New Age International Private Ltd.</li> <li>4. Morrison, R.T., Boyd, R.M., Bhattacharjee, S.K. (2011) Organic Chemistry, 7<sup>th</sup> Ed., New York: Pearson Publishers.</li> <li>5. Gilchrist, T.L. (1997). Heterocyclic Chemistry, 3rd Ed., UK: Prentice Hall.</li> <li>Suggested e-material:</li> <li>1. Organic Chemistry: Pearson New International Edition Wade, Leroy G. http://lib.myilibrary.com?id=527192</li> <li>2. Organic Chemistry: Pearson New International Edition Bruice, Paula Y. http://lib.myilibrary.com?id=527161</li> <li>3. Organic chemistry concepts: Gregory Roos and Cathryn Roos</li> </ul>	
Course code PHAR 215 Course name Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-I	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: <ul> <li>history, scope and development of Pharmacognosy</li> <li>Quality control of natural products</li> <li>role of the plant tissue culture in enhancing the production of secondary metabolites.</li> <li>Standardization of crude drug on the basis of different standardization parameters</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Section-A Introduction to Pharmacognosy: (a) Definition, history, scope and development of Pharmacognosy (b) Sources of Drugs – Plants, Animals, Marine & Tissue culture (c) Organized drugs, unorganized drugs (dried latex, dried juices, dried extracts, gums and mucilages, oleoresins and oleo- gum -resins). Classification of drugs: Alphabetical, morphological, taxonomical, chemical, pharmacological, chemo and sero taxonomical classification of drugs Quality control of Drugs of Natural Origin: Adulteration of drugs of natural origin. Evaluation by organoleptic, microscopic, physical, chemical and biological methods and properties. Quantitative microscopy of crude drugs including lycopodium spore method, leafconstants, camera lucida and diagrams of microscopic objects to scale with camera lucida.  Cultivation, Collection, Processing and storage of drugs of natural origin: Cultivation and Collection of drugs of natural origin. Factors influencing cultivation of medicinal plants. Plant hormones and their applications. Polyploidy, mutation and hybridization with reference to medicinal plants. Conservation of medicinal plants Plant tissue culture: Historical development of plant tissue culture, types of cultures, Nutritional requirements, growth and their maintenance. Applications of plant tissue culture in pharmacognosy. Edible vaccines.  Section-C Pharmacognosy in various systems of medicine: Role of Pharmacognosy in allopathy and traditional systems of medicine, namely, Ayurveda, Unani, Siddha, Homeopathy and Chinese systems of medicine. Introduction to secondary metabolites: Definition, classification, properties and test for identification of Alkaloids, Glycosides, Flavonoids, Tannins, Volatile oil and Resins Study of biological source, chemical nature and uses of drugs of natural origin containing following drugs Plant Products: Fibers - Cotton, Jute, Hemp, Hallucinogens, Teratogens, Natural allergens.	<ul> <li>Sorganic chemistry concepts, Gregory Noss and Catriryin Roos http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/9780128016992</li> <li>Section-A</li> <li>Introduction to Pharmacognosy:         <ul> <li>(a) Definition, history, scope and development of Pharmacognosy</li> <li>(b) Sources of Drugs – Plants, Animals, Marine &amp; Tissue culture</li> <li>(c) Organized drugs, unorganized drugs (dried latex, dried juices, dried extracts, gums and mucilages, oleoresins and oleo- gum -resins).</li> <li>Classification of drugs: Alphabetical, morphological, taxonomical, chemical, pharmacological, chemo and sero taxonomical classification of drugs</li> <li>Quality control of Drugs of Natural Origin: Adulteration of drugs of natural origin. Evaluation by organoleptic, microscopic, physical, chemical and biological methods and properties. Quantitative microscopy of crude drugs including lycopodium spore method, leafconstants, camera lucida and diagrams of microscopic objects to scale with camera lucida.</li> <li>Section-B</li> <li>Cultivation, Collection, Processing and storage of drugs of natural origin.</li> <li>Cultivation and Collection of drugs of natural origin. Factors influencing cultivation of medicinal plants. Plant hormones and their applications. Polyploidy, mutation and hybridization with reference to medicinal plants. Conservation of medicinal plants</li> <li>Plant tissue culture: Historical development of plant tissue culture, types of cultures, Nutritional requirements, growth and their maintenance. Applications of plant tissue culture in pharmacognosy. Edible vaccines.</li> <li>Section-C</li> </ul> </li> <li>Pharmacognosy in various systems of medicine: Role of Pharmacognosy in allopathy and traditional systems of medicine namely, Ayurveda, Unani, Siddha, Homeopathy and Chinese systems of medicine.</li> <li>Introduction to secondary metabolites: Definition, class</li></ul>	No changes in the syllabus. "Reference Books (Latest Editions):" merged in the recommended books. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		<ul> <li>Primary metabolites: General introduction, detailed study with respect to chemistry, sources, preparation, evaluation, preservation, storage, therapeutic uses and commercial utility as Pharmaceutical Aids and/or Medicines for the following primary metabolites:</li> <li>Carbohydrates: Acacia, Agar, Tragacanth, Honey</li> <li>Proteins and Enzymes: Gelatin, casein, proteolytic enzymes (Papain, romelain, serratiopeptidase, urokinase, streptokinase, pepsin).</li> <li>Lipids (Waxes, fats, fixed oils): Castor oil, Chaulmoogra oil, Wool Fat, Bees Wax</li> <li>Marine Drugs: Novel medicinal agents from marine sources</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Primary metabolites: General introduction, detailed study with respect to chemistry, sources, preparation, evaluation, preservation, storage, therapeutic uses and commercial utility as Pharmaceutical Aids and/or Medicines for the following primary metabolites:</li> <li>Carbohydrates: Acacia, Agar, Tragacanth, Honey</li> <li>Proteins and Enzymes: Gelatin, casein, proteolytic enzymes (Papain, romelain, serratiopeptidase, urokinase, streptokinase, pepsin).</li> <li>Lipids (Waxes, fats, fixed oils): Castor oil, Chaulmoogra oil, Wool Fat, Bees Wax</li> <li>Marine Drugs: Novel medicinal agents from marine sources</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Recommended books (Latest editions):</li> <li>W.C. Evans, Trease and Evans Pharmacognosy, 16th edition, W.B. Sounders &amp; Co., London, 2009.</li> <li>Tyler, V.E., Brady, L.R. and Robbers, J.E., Pharmacognosy, 9th Edn., Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia, 1988.</li> <li>Text Book of Pharmacognosy by T.E. Wallis</li> <li>Mohammad Ali. Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry, CBS Publishers &amp; Distribution, New Delhi.</li> <li>Text book of Pharmacognosy by C.K. Kokate, Purohit, Gokhlae (2007), 37th Edition, Nirali Prakashan, New Delhi.</li> <li>Herbal drug industry by R.D. Choudhary (1996), Ist Edn, Eastern Publisher, New Delhi.</li> <li>Essentials of Pharmacognosy, Dr.SH.Ansari, IInd edition, Birla publications, New Delhi, 2007</li> <li>Practical Pharmacognosy: C.K. Kokate, Purohit, Gokhlae</li> <li>Anatomy of Crude Drugs by M.A. Iyengar</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recommended books (Latest editions): <ol> <li>Evans, W.C. (2009). <i>Trease and Evans. Pharmacognosy</i>, 16<sup>th</sup> Ed., London: W.B. Sounders &amp; Co., 2009.</li> <li>Tyler, V.E., Brady, L.R., Robbers, J.E. (1988). <i>Pharmacognosy</i>, 9<sup>th</sup> Ed., Philadelphia: Lea and Febiger.</li> <li>Wallis, T.E., Churchill, A. (2005). <i>Text Book of Pharmacognosy</i>, 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., India: CBS Publishers.</li> <li>Mohammad, A. (2012). <i>Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry</i>, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., New Delhi: CBS Publishers and Distribution.</li> <li>Purohit, A.P., Kokate, C.K., Gokhale, S.B. (2007). <i>Text book of Pharmacognosy</i>, 37<sup>th</sup> Ed., New Delhi: Nirali Prakashan.</li> <li>Choudhary, R.D. (1996). <i>Herbal drug industry</i>, 1st Ed., New Delhi: Eastern Publisher.</li> <li>Ansari, S.H. (2007). <i>Essentials of Pharmacognosy</i>, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed. New Delhi: Birla publications.</li> <li>Gokhale, S.B., Kokate, C.K. (2017). <i>Practical Pharmacognosy</i>, 18<sup>th</sup> Ed. New Delhi: Nirali Prakashan.</li> <li>Lyengar, M.A., Nayak, S.G.K. (2017). <i>Anatomy of Crude Drugs</i>, 12<sup>th</sup> Ed., India: PharmaMed Press.</li> <li>Suggested e-material: <ol> <li>http://sdl.niscair.res.in</li> <li>http://biot202.files.wordpress.com</li> <li>http://biot202.files.wordpress.com</li> <li>http://dietarysupplements.nlm.nih.gov/dietary/ingred.jsp</li> <li>http://ocam.nih.gov/</li> <li>http://apps.who.int/medicinedocs/en/d/Js2200e/</li> <li>www.fda.gov/medwatch</li> <li>http://apps.who.int/medicinedocs/en/d/Js2200e/</li> <li>www.fda.gov/medwatch</li> </ol> </li> <li>http://apps.who.int/medicinedocs/en/d/Js2200e/</li> <li>www.ayurveda.hu/api/API-VoI-1.</li> </ol></li></ul>	
	Upon completion of the course, the	Section-A	Section-A	No changes in the syllabus.
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 216 <b>Course name</b> Pharmacology-I	<ul> <li>Various principles of pharmacology</li> <li>Classification and mode of actions of different categories of drugs</li> <li>Effect of drug action at organ system/sub cellular/macromolecular level</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>General Pharmacology</li> <li>a. Introduction to Pharmacology- Definition, historical landmarks and scope of pharmacology, nature and source of drugs, essential drugs concept and routes of drug administration, Agonists, antagonists( competitive and non competitive), spare receptors, addiction, tolerance, dependence, tachyphylaxis, idiosyncrasy, allergy.</li> <li>b. Pharmacokinetics- Membrane transport, absorption, distribution, metabolism and excretion of drugs .Enzyme</li> </ul>	General Pharmacology Introduction to Pharmacology- Definition, historical landmarks and scope of pharmacology, nature and source of drugs, essential drugs concept and routes of drug administration, Agonists, antagonists( competitive and non competitive), spare receptors, addiction, tolerance, dependence, tachyphylaxis, idiosyncrasy, allergy. Pharmacokinetics- Membrane transport, absorption, distribution, metabolism and excretion of drugs .Enzyme induction, enzyme inhibition, kinetics of elimination	"Reference Books (Latest Editions):" merged in the recommended books. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.

	Remarks
of drug action. rs, regulation of nal transduction channel receptor, embrane JAK-STAT nscription factors, mbined effects of ug reactions. Drug nic. Drug discovery phase, preclinical clinical trials and	
s system: transmission, co- neurotransmitters. ympathomimetics, nd skeletal muscle Drugs used in	
al emphasis on GABA, Glutamate, hetics and pre- y acting muscle disulfiram. idepressants, anti-	
er's disease. CNS antagonists, Drug	
nderson, G., Loke, 9 <sup>th</sup> Ed., London:	
Basic and clinical 7). Goodman and	
L.C., Joseph, G.B., Therapeutics, The Point Lippincott	
macology, 8 <sup>th</sup> Ed., td. Pharmacology, 2 <sup>nd</sup>	
ology with clinical iams &Wilkins. tal Pharmacology,	
tal pharmacology.	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	
Course List Course code PHAR 218 Course name Physical Pharmaceutics-II	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus         Brothers Medical         8. Publishers (P) Ltd, New Delhi.         9. Sharma H. L., Sharma K. K., Principles of Pharmacology, Paras medical publisher         10. Modern Pharmacology with clinical Applications, by Charles R.Craig& Robert,         11. Ghosh MN. Fundamentals of Experimental Pharmacology. Hilton & Company, Kolkata.         12. 10. Kulkarni SK. Handbook of experimental pharmacology. Vallabh Prakashan,         Section-A         Colloidal dispersions: Classification of dispersed systems & their general characteristics, size & shapes of colloidal particles, classification of colloids & comparative account of their general properties. Optical, kinetic & electrical properties. Effect of electrolytes, coacervation, peptization & protective action.         Rheology: Newtonian systems, law of flow, kinematic viscosity, effect of temperature, non-Newtonian systems, pseudoplastic, dilatant, plastic, thixotropy, thixotropy in formulation, determination of viscosity, capillary, falling Sphere, rotational viscometers.         Deformation of solids: Plastic and elastic deformation, Heckel equation, stres, strain, elastic modulus.         Section-B         Coarse dispersion: Suspension, interfacial properties of suspended particles, settling in suspensions, formulation of flocculated and deflocculated suspensions. Emulsions and theories of emulsions, neroemulsion and multiple emulsions; Stability of emulsions, preservation of emulsions, theological properties of emulsification, microemulsion and multiple size and distribution, mean particle size, number and weight distribution, par	Suggested Syllabus         Suggested e-material:       .         1. www.cvpharmacology.com       .         2. www.treatment4addiction.com       .         3. www.medicalnewtoday.com       .         4. www.edvivas.com       .         5. www.pharmafactz.com       .         6. www.ausmed.com       .         7. www.medicinenet.com       .         Section-A         Colloidal dispersions: Classification of dispersed as general characteristics, size & shapes of col classification of colloids & comparative account of properties. Optical, kinetic & electrical proper electrolytes, coacervation, peptization & protective ac Rheology: Newtonian systems, law of flow, kinemati of temperature, non-Newtonian systems, pseudo plastic, thixotropy, thixotropy in formulation, diviscosity, capillary, falling Sphere, rotational viscomet: Deformation of solids: Plastic and elastic deforequation, stress, strain, elastic modulus.         Section-B         Coarse dispersion: Suspension, interfacial properties or mulsion and multiple emulsions; Stability preservation of emulsions, rheological properties or emulsion formulation by HLB method.         Micromeretics: Particle size and distribution, meri number and weight distribution, particle numbe determining particle size by different methods, separation method, particle shape, specific surfac determining surface area, permeability, adso properties of powders, porosity, packing arrange bulkiness & flow properties. <td colspatibility:="" kinetics:="" pseudo-zero<="" reaction="" td="" zero,=""></td>	
		<ul> <li>Recommended Books: (Latest Editions)</li> <li>Physical Pharmacy by Alfred Martin, Sixth edition</li> <li>Experimental pharmaceutics by Eugene, Parott.</li> <li>Tutorial pharmacy by Cooper and Gunn.</li> <li>Stocklosam J. Pharmaceutical calculations, Lea &amp; Febiger, Philadelphia.</li> <li>Liberman H.A, Lachman C., Pharmaceutical Dosage forms, Tablets, Volume-1 to 3, Marcel Dekkar Inc.</li> <li>Liberman H.A, Lachman C, Pharmaceutical dosage forms. Disperse systems, volume 1, 2, 3. Marcel Dekkar Inc.</li> <li>Physical Pharmaceutics by Ramasamy C, and Manavalan R.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recommended Books (Latest Edition):</li> <li>Martin, A., Swarbrick, J. (1993). Physical Photometry Marryland: Lippincott Williams and Wilkins.</li> <li>Parott, L.E., Saski, W. (1977). Experimental Pharmon Minneapolis: Burgess publishers.</li> <li>Cater, S.J. (2005). Tutorial Pharmacy, 6<sup>th</sup> Minneapolishers.</li> <li>Stocklosam, M.J., Ansel, H.C. (1986). Pharmaceut 8<sup>th</sup> Ed., Philadelphia: Lippincott Williams and Wilk</li> <li>Liberman, H.A., Lachman, C., Schwartz, Pharmaceutical Dosage forms, Tablets, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., N</li> </ul>	

	Remarks
ed systems & their colloidal particles, nt of their general operties. Effect of e action. natic viscosity, effect udoplastic, dilatant, determination of neters. eformation, Heckel	
erties of suspended of flocculated and es of emulsification, ility of emulsions, es of emulsions and	
mean particle size, nber, methods for ods, counting and rface, methods for dsorption, derived ngement, densities,	No changes in the syllabus. "Reference Books (Latest Editions):" merged in the recommended books. "Suggested e-material:" has been added
tero, first & second on of reaction order. mical degradation of nt, ionic strength, se catalysis, Simple nal agents against Accelerated stability cal dosage forms.	
Pharmacy, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Ed.,	
armaceutics, 4 <sup>ere</sup> Ed.,	
ceutical Calculations, Nilkins. Irtz, J.B. (1990).	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
			<ul> <li>Dekkar Inc.</li> <li>6. Liberman, H.A., Lachman, C. (1990). Pharma forms. Disperse systems. 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., New York: Marco</li> <li>7. Ramasamy, C., Manavalan, R. (2015). Physical Pheta Ed., Chenniai: Vignesh Publisher.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Suggested e-material:</li> <li>https://accesspharmacy.mhmedical.com/book.a 3</li> <li>http://www.pharmtech.com/</li> <li>https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/</li> <li>https://pharmaclub.in/free-pharmacy-ebooks-p</li> <li>https://pharmaclub.in/free-pharmacy-ebooks-p</li> <li>https://pharmaclub.in/free-pharmacy-ebooks-p</li> <li>https://pharmaclub.in/free-pharmacy-ebooks-p</li> <li>http://202.74.245.22:8080/xmlui/handle/12345</li> <li>e?type=subject</li> <li>www.elsevier.com/books/</li> </ul>
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 211L <b>Course name</b> Medicinal Chemistry-I Lab		I       Preparation of drugs/ intermediates         1,3-pyrazole         1,3-oxazole         Benzimidazole         Benztriazole         2,3- diphenyl quinoxaline         Benzocaine         Phenytoin         Phenothiazine         Barbiturate         II         Assay of drugs         Chlorpromazine         Phenobarbitone         Atropine         Ibuprofen         Aspirin         Furosemide	I       Preparation of drugs/ intermediates         1,3-pyrazole       1,3-oxazole         1,3-oxazole       Benzimidazole         Benztriazole       2,3- diphenyl quinoxaline         2,3- diphenyl quinoxaline       Benzocaine         Phenytoin       Phenothiazine         Barbiturate       II         Assay of drugs       Chlorpromazine         Phenobarbitone       Atropine         Ibuprofen       Aspirin         Furosemide       Furosemide
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 215L <b>Course name</b> Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-I Lab		<ol> <li>Determination of Partition coefficient for any two drugs</li> <li>Analysis of crude drugs by chemical tests: (i)Tragaccanth (ii) Acacia (iii)Agar (iv) Gelatin (v) starch (vi) Honey (vii) Castor oil</li> <li>Determination of stomatal number and index</li> <li>Determination of vein islet number, vein islet termination and paliside ratio.</li> <li>Determination of size of starch grains, calcium oxalate crystals by eye piece micrometer</li> <li>Determination of Fiber length and width</li> <li>Determination of number of starch grains by Lycopodium spore method</li> <li>Determination of Extractive values of crude drugs</li> <li>Determination of moisture content of crude drugs</li> <li>Determination of swelling index and foaming</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Determination of Partition coefficient for ar</li> <li>Analysis of crude drugs by chemical tests: (i Acacia (iii)Agar (iv) Gelatin (v) starch (vi) Honey (v</li> <li>Determination of stomatal number and index</li> <li>Determination of vein islet number, vein islet paliside ratio.</li> <li>Determination of size of starch grains, calcium or eye piece micrometer</li> <li>Determination of Fiber length and width</li> <li>Determination of Ash value</li> <li>Determination of Extractive values of crude drugs</li> <li>Determination of moisture content of crude drugs</li> <li>Determination of swelling index and foaming</li> </ol>
Course code PHAR 216L Course name Pharmacology-I Lab		<ol> <li>Introduction to experimental pharmacology.</li> <li>Commonly used instruments in experimental pharmacology.</li> <li>Study of common laboratory animals.</li> <li>Maintenance of laboratory animals as per CPCSEA guidelines.</li> <li>Common laboratory techniques. Blood withdrawal, serum and plasma separation, anesthetics and euthanasia used for animal</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Introduction to experimental pharmacology.</li> <li>Commonly used instruments in experimental pha 3. Study of common laboratory animals.</li> <li>Maintenance of laboratory animals as per CPCSE.</li> <li>Common laboratory techniques. Blood withdra plasma separation, anesthetics and euthanasia</li> </ol>

	Remarks
aceutical Dosage cel Dekkar Inc. Pharmaceutics. 2 <sup>nd</sup>	
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pharmaceutics/ oks.html pharmaceutics/ 56789/39/brows	
i <b>ny two drugs</b> (i)Tragaccanth (ii) (vii) Castor oil	
termination and	
oxalate crystals by	
ycopodium spore	
gs gs	
armacology.	
EA guidelines. rawal, serum and a used for animal	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
		<ul> <li>studies.</li> <li>6. Study of different routes of drugs administration in mice/rats.</li> <li>7. Study of effect of hepatic microsomal enzyme inducers on the phenobarbitone sleeping time in mice.</li> <li>8. Effect of drugs on ciliary motility of frog oesophagus</li> <li>9. Effect of drugs on rabbit eye.</li> <li>10. Effects of skeletal muscle relaxants using rota-rod apparatus.</li> <li>11. Effect of drugs on locomotor activity using actophotometer.</li> <li>12. Anticonvulsant effect of drugs byMES and PTZ method.</li> <li>13. Study of stereotype and anti-catatonic activity of drugs on rats/mice.</li> <li>14. Study of anxiolytic activity of drugs using rats/mice.</li> <li>15. Study of local anesthetics by different methods</li> <li><i>Note: All laboratory techniques and animal experiments are demonstrated by simulated experiments by softwares and videos</i></li> </ul>	<ul> <li>studies.</li> <li>6. Study of different routes of drugs administration</li> <li>7. Study of effect of hepatic microsomal enzyme phenobarbitone sleeping time in mice.</li> <li>8. Effect of drugs on ciliary motility of frog oesopha</li> <li>9. Effect of drugs on rabbit eye.</li> <li>10. Effects of skeletal muscle relaxants using rota-roo</li> <li>11. Effect of drugs on locomotor activity using actop</li> <li>12. Anticonvulsant effect of drugs byMES and PTZ m</li> <li>13. Study of stereotype and anti-catatonic activirats/mice.</li> <li>14. Study of anxiolytic activity of drugs using rats/m</li> <li>15. Study of local anesthetics by different methods</li> <li><i>Note: All laboratory techniques and animal demonstrated by simulated experiments by softworks</i></li> </ul>
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 218L <b>Course name</b> Physical Pharmaceutics-II Lab		<ol> <li>Determination of particle size, particle size distribution using sieving method</li> <li>Determination of particle size, particle size distribution using Microscopic method</li> <li>Determination of bulk density, true density and porosity</li> <li>Determine the angle of repose and influence of lubricant on angle of repose</li> <li>Determination of viscosity of liquid using Ostwald's viscometer</li> <li>Determination sedimentation volume with effect of different suspending agent</li> <li>Determination of viscosity of semisolid by using Brookfield viscometer</li> <li>Determination of reaction rate constant first order.</li> <li>Determination of reaction rate constant second order</li> <li>Accelerated stability studies</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Determination of particle size, particle size sieving method</li> <li>Determination of particle size, particle size Microscopic method</li> <li>Determination of bulk density, true density</li> <li>Determine the angle of repose and influence angle of repose</li> <li>Determination of viscosity of liquid viscometer</li> <li>Determination sedimentation volume with suspending agent</li> <li>Determination of viscosity of semisolid by viscometer</li> <li>Determination of viscosity of semisolid by viscometer</li> <li>Determination of reaction rate constant firs</li> <li>Determination of reaction rate constant sec</li> <li>Accelerated stability studies</li> </ol>

Name of Programme: Bachelor of Course details: Fifth Semester	Pharmacy			
Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<b>Course code</b> PHAR <b>Course name</b> Industrial Pharmacy-I	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: <ul> <li>various pharmaceutical dosage forms and their manufacturing techniques.</li> <li>various considerations in development of pharmaceutical dosage forms.</li> <li>evaluation quality of solid, liquid and semisolid dosage forms.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		Section-A Tablets: Introduction, ideal characteristics of tablets, classification of tablets. Excipients, Formulation of tablets, granulation methods, compression and processing problems. Equipments and tablet tooling. Tablet coating: Types of coating, coating materials, formulation of coating composition, methods of coating, equipment employed and defects in coating. Quality control tests: In process and finished product tests Liquid orals: Formulation and manufacturing consideration of syrups and elixirs suspensions and emulsions; Filling and packaging; evaluation of liquid orals official in pharmacopoeia Section-B Capsules: Hard gelatin capsules: Introduction, Production of hard gelatin capsule shells. size of capsules, Filling, finishing and special techniques of formulation of hard gelatin capsules, manufacturing	

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on in mice/rats. ne inducers on the	
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mice.	
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e distribution using	
and porosity ence of lubricant on	
l using Ostwald's	
h effect of different	
h effect of different	
by using Brookfield	
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Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			detects. In process and final product quality control tests for capsules. <i>Soft gelatin capsules:</i> Nature of shell and capsule content, size of capsules, importance of base adsorption and minim/gram factors, production, in process and final product quality control tests. Packing, storage and stability testing of soft gelatin capsules and their applications	
			Parenteral Products: Definition, types, advantages and limitations. Preformulation factors and essential requirements, vehicles,	
			additives. Production procedure, production facilities and controls, aseptic processing. Formulation of injections, sterile powders, large volume parenterals and lyophilized products. Filling and sealing of ampoules, vials and infusion fluids. Quality control tests of parenteral products.	
			Section-C Pellets: Introduction, formulation requirements, pelletization	
			<b>Ophthalmic Preparations:</b> Introduction, formulation considerations;	
			formulation of eye drops, eye ointments and eye lotions; methods of preparation; labeling, containers; evaluation of ophthalmic preparations	
			<b>Pharmaceutical Aerosols:</b> Definition, propellants, containers, valves, types of aerosol systems; formulation and manufacture of aerosols; Evaluation of aerosols: Quality control and stabilitystudies.	
			<b>Packaging materials Science:</b> Materials used for packaging of pharmaceutical products, factors influencing choice of containers, legal and official requirements for containers stability aspects of	
			packaging materials, quality control tests. <b>Recommended Books (Latest Editions):</b>	
			<ol> <li>Hoy, D.B. (2006). Remington: The Science and Practice of Pharmacy. 21<sup>st</sup> edition, Vol.I &amp; VolII, Easton Pennysylvannia: Mack Publishing Co.</li> <li>Cooper, J.W. Gunn, G. (1986). Tutorial Pharmacy, London:</li> </ol>	
			<ol> <li>Petman Books Ltd.</li> <li>Lachman, L. (1986). Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy Philadelphia: Lea &amp; Enbirer</li> </ol>	
			<ol> <li>Ansel, HC. Allen, L.V. (2014). Introduction to Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms. Philadelphia: Wolters Kluwer.</li> <li>Indiana Diale (1081). Drug. Delivery Systems Outpart Outpart</li> </ol>	
			<ol> <li>Juliano, R.L. (1981) Drug Delivery Systems, Oxford:Oxford University Press .</li> <li>Harrys (2000). Cosmetology, Art and Science of Formulating</li> </ol>	
			<ul> <li>Cosmetic Products. 9 edition, Paim Springs: Chemical Publishing Company.</li> <li>7. Balsam,M.S.,Sagarin,E.,(2008) Cosmetics: Science and Technology.2th edition, U.S.A.: Krieger Publishing Company.</li> </ul>	
			<ul><li>Suggested e-material:</li><li>1. https://accesspharmacy.mhmedical.com/book.aspx?bookid=51</li></ul>	
			3 2. http://www.pharmtech.com/ 3. https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/	
			<ol> <li>https://pharmaclub.in/free-pharmacy-ebooks-pharmaceutics/</li> <li>https://www.pdfdrive.com/pharmaceutical-books.html</li> <li>https://pharmaclub.in/free-pharmacy-ebooks-pharmaceutics/</li> </ol>	
			<ol> <li>http://202.74.245.22:8080/xmlui/handle/123456789/39/brow se?type=subject www.elsevier.com/books/</li> </ol>	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
Course code PHAR Course name Medicinal Chemistry-II	Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: • chemistry of drugs with respect to their pharmacological activity • the drug metabolic pathways, adverse effect and therapeutic value of drugs. • structural Activity Relationship of different class of drugs. • chemical synthesis of selected drugs		Classification, mechanism of action, uses of drugs course, Structure activity relationship of selective specified in the course and synthesis of drugs super Section-A Antihistaminic agents: Histamine, receptors and the the human body. H <sub>1</sub> -antagonists: Diphenhydramine hydrochloride*, Doxylamines cuccinate, Clemastine fumarate, hydrochloride, Buclizine hydrochloride, Chlorpher Triprolidine hydrochloride, Chlorcyclizine hydroch hydrochloride, Buclizine hydrochloride, Chlorpher Triprolidine hydrochloride*, Phenidamine tartara hydrochloride*, Trimeprazine tartrate, hydrochloride*, Trimeprazine tartrate, hydrochloride, Azatidine maleate, Astemizole, Lora Levocetrazine, Cromolyn sodium. H <sub>2</sub> -antagonists: Cimetidine*, Famotidine, Ranitidine Gastric Proton pump inhibitors: Omeprazo Rabeprazole, Pantoprazole Anti-neoplastic agents: Alkylating agents: Meclorethamine*, Cyclophospha Chlorambucil, Busulfan, Thiotepa Antimetabolites: Mercaptopurine*, Thioguani Floxuridine, Cytarabine, Methotrexate*, Azathioprine Antibiotics: Dactinomycin, Daunorubicin, Doxorubic Plant products: Etoposide, Vinblastine sulphate, V Miscellaneous: Cisplatin, Mitotane. Section-B Antianginal: Vasodilators: Amyl nitrite, Nitroglycerine*, tetranitrate, Isosorbide dinitrite*, Dipyridamole. Calcium channel blockers: Verapamil, Bepric Ditlizem hydrochloride, Nifedipine, Amlodig Nicardipine, Nimodipine. Diuretics: Carbonic anhydrase inhibitors: Acetazolamide*, Dichlorphenamide. Thiazides: Chlorthiazide*, Hydrochlorothiazide, Hy Cyclothiazide, Loop diuretics: Furosemide*, Bume acid. Potassium sparing Diuretics: Spironolacto Amiloride. Osmotic Diuretics: Mannitol Anti-hypertensive Agents: Timolol, Captopril, Li: Benazepril hydrochloride, Quinapril hydrochloride, monosulphate, Guanabenz acetate, Sodium nitropr Minoxidil, Reserpine, Hydralazine hydrochloride, Mydrochloride, Ecocanide hydrochloride, Amiodarou Anti-hyperlipidemic agents: Clofibrate, Lovastatir and Cholestipol Coagulant & Anticoagulants: Menadione, Warfarin*, Anisindione, clopidogrel Drugs use

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classes of drugs, mentioned in the class of drugs as rscripted (*)	
eir distribution in	
Dimenhydrinate, Diphenylphyraline	
hloride, Meclizine hiramine maleate, te, Promethazine Cyproheptadine htadine, Cetirizine,	
e. le, Lansoprazole,	
amide, Melphalan,	
ie, Fluorouracil,	
in, Bleomycin ncristine sulphate	
Pentaerythritol	
il hydrochloride, bine, Felodipine,	
Methazolamide,	
/droflumethiazide, tanide, Ethacrynic ne, Triamterene,	
sinopril, Enalapril, le, Methyldopate Guanethidine russide, Diazoxide,	
e, Procainamide enytoin sodium, pride, Mexiletine ne, Sotalol. n, Cholesteramine	
Acetomenadione,	
gitoxin, Nesiritide,	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Bosentan, Tezosentan,	
			Section-C	
			Drugs acting on Endocrine system: Nomenclature, Stereochemistry	
			and metabolism of steroids	
			Sex hormones: Testosterone, Nandralone, Progestrones, Oestriol.	
			Oestradiol.	
			Oestrione. Diethyl stilbestrol.	
			Drugs for erectile dysfunction: Sildenafil, Tadalafil.	
			Oral contracentives: Mifepristone Norgestril Levonorgestrol	
			Corticosteroids: Cortisone Hydrocortisone Prednisolone	
			Betamethasone Dexamethasone	
			Thyroid and antithyroid drugs: L-Thyroxine L-Thyronine	
			Propylthiouracil Methimazole	
			Antidiabetic agents:	
			Insulin and its preparations Sulfonyl ureas. Tolbutamide*	
			Chlorpronamide Glinizide Glimeniride Biguanides: Metformin	
			Thiszolidinadiones: Dioglitzzone Rosiglitzzone Meglitinides:	
			Renaglinide Nateglinide Glucosidase inhibitors: Acrahose Voglihose	
			Local Anosthotics: SAP of Local anosthotics	
			Renzoia Asid derivatives: Cossina Hawdesina Manndesina	
			Cyclomethycaine	
			Amine Benzeic acid derivatives: Benzecaine* Butamben Drecaine*	
			Rutacaino Dronovucaino, Totracaino, Ronovinato	
			Lidecaine/Anilide derivatives: Lignocaine, Menivacaine, Drilecaine	
			Etidocaine, Annue derivatives. Lignocaine, Mepivacaine, Phiocaine,	
			Miscellaneous: Phenacaine Dinerodon Dihucaine *	
			Recommended Books (Latest Edition):	
			1 Beale I M Block I Wilson G (2010) Organic medicinal and	
			Pharmaceutical Chemistry 12 <sup>th</sup> Ed Phildenhia: Linnincott Williams	
			and Wilkins	
			2 Lemke TT Williams D.A. Rocho V.F. 7ito S.W. (2012) Fove's	
			Principles of Medicinal Chemistry, 7 <sup>th</sup> Ed., Phildephia: Lippincott	
			Williams and Wilkins.	
			3. Abraham, D.J., Rotella, R.J. (2010). <i>Burger's Medicinal Chemistry</i> .	
			Drug Discovery and Development, 7 <sup>th</sup> Ed., New york: John Wiley	
			and Sons.	
			4. Smith. J.H., Williams, H. (2010). Introduction to principles of drug	
			design, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Ed., Australia: Harwood academic publishers.	
			5. Remington, P.J., Beringer, P. (2006). <i>Remington's Pharmaceutical</i>	
			Sciences, 21 <sup>st</sup> Ed., Phildephia: Lippincott Williams and Wilkins.	
			6. Buckley, G. (1988). Martindale's extra pharmacopoeia, 29 <sup>th</sup> Ed.,	
			British journal of general practice.	
			7. Finar, I.L. (2002). Organic Chemistry: Volume 2. Stereochemistry	
			and the Chemistry Natural Dreducts E <sup>th</sup> Ed London ( Derecon	
			8. Lednicer, D. (1997). The Organic Chemistry of Drug Synthesis, 5	
			Euruon, John New York: Wiley and Sons Ltd.	
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			Tatchell Tayt hook of practical according chamiltary (2009). Vogels	
			Pearson 2009	
			FediSull. 2009 Suggested e-material:	
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Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
Course code PHAR Course name Pharmacology II	Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: • pharmacological actions of different categories of drugs • details about mechanism of drug action at organ system/sub cellular/ macromolecular levels • applications of basic pharmacological knowledge in the prevention and treatment of various diseases • correlation of pharmacology with other bio medical sciences. • signal transduction mechanism of various receptors. • structure, organization and pharmacology of drugs acting on ans, PNS and CNS		<ul> <li>Pharmacology of drugs acting on cardio vascular system: Introduction to hemodynamic and electrophysiology of heart. Drugs used in congestive heart failure, anti-hyperelipidemic drugs.</li> <li>Pharmacology of drugs acting on cardio vascular system: Drug used in the therapy of shock, hematinics, coagulants, anticoagulants, fibrinolytics, anti-platelet drugs and plasma volume expanders</li> <li>Pharmacology of drugs acting on urinary system: Diuretics and anti- diuretics.</li> <li>Section-B</li> <li>Autocoids and related drugs: Introduction to autacoids and classification, histamine, 5-HT and their antagonists. Prostaglandins, thromboxanes and leukotrienes, angiotensin, bradykinin and substance P. Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agents, anti-gout drugs and anti-rheumatic drugs</li> <li>Pharmacology of drugs acting on endocrine system: Basic concepts in endocrine pharmacology. Anterior pituliary hormones- analogues and their inhibitors. Thyroid hormones- analogues and their inhibitors. Hormones regulating plasma calcium level- parathormone, calcitonin and vitamin-D. Insulin, oral hypoglycemic agents and glucagon. ACTH and corticosteroids.</li> <li>Section-C</li> <li>Pharmacology of drugs acting on endocrine system: Androgens and anabolic steroids. Estrogens, progesterone and oral contraceptives. Drugs acting on the uterus.</li> <li>Bioassay: Principles and applications of bioassay, types of bioassay, bioassay of insulin, oxytocin, vasopressin, ACTH, d-tubocurarine, digitalis, histamine and 5-HT.</li> <li>Recommended Books (Latest Edition):         <ol> <li>Grover JK., Experiments in Pharmacology Interpoint, New Delhi, 2013.</li> <li>Goodman &amp; Gilman, The Pharmacology Interpoint, New Delhi, 2013.</li> <li>Goodman &amp; Gilman, The Pharmacology Interpoint, New Delhi, 2013.</li> <li>Goodman &amp; Gilman, The Pharmacology Interpoint, New Delhi, 2013.</li> <li>Satoskar &amp; Bhandarkar, Pharmacology Anternoil Livingstone, 2</li></ol></li></ul>	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
			6. www.ausmed.com
Course code PHAR Course name Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-II	Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: • glycosides as secondary metabolite, their classification, chemical structure and properties • use of different categories of glycosides in different diseases • how ayurvedic formulations are prepared and stored. • use of the traditional medicine in curing different ailments		Section-A Metabolic pathways in higher plants and their det study of basic metabolites through these pathway pathway, Acetate pathways and Amino acid pa utilization of radioactive isotopes in the investigat studies. Basics of Phytochemistry: Modern methods of extra of latest techniques like Spectroscopy, chronelectrophoresis in the isolation, purification and crude drugs. Section-B General introduction, composition, chemistry & biosources, therapeutic uses and commercial following secondary metabolites: Alkaloids: Vinca, rauwolfia, belladonna, opium, pher Flavonoids: Lignans, tea, ruta steroids, cardiac glyco Triterpenoids: Liquorice, dioscorea, digitalis Volatile oils: Mentha, clove, cinnamon, fennel, coria Tannins: Catechu, pterocarpus Resins: Benzoin, guggul, ginger, asafoetida, myrrh, c Glycosides: Senna, aloes, bitter almond iridoids, Naphthaquinones: Gentian, artemisia, taxus, carote Section-C Isolation, Identification and Analysis of Phytoconsti a) Terpenoids: Menthol, Citral, Artemisin b) Glycosides: Glycyrhetinic acid & Rutin c) Alkaloids: Atropine, Quinine, Reserpine, Caffeine d) Resins: Podophyllotoxin, Curcumin Industrial production, estimation and utilization of phytoconstituents: Forskolin, sennoside, artemisinir digoxin, atropine, podophyllotoxin, caffeine, taxol, v vinblastine. Recommended books (Latest edition): 1. Evans, W.C. (2009). Trease and Evans. Pha- Ed., London: W.B. Sounders & Co. 2. Tyler, V.E., Brady, L.R., Robbers, J.E. (1988) 9 <sup>th</sup> Ed., Philadelphia: Lea and Febiger. 3. Wallis, T.E., Churchill, A. (2005). Pharmacognosy, 37 <sup>th</sup> Ed., New Delhi: CBS Puti 4. Mohammad, A. (2012). Pharmacognosy and 2 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., New Delhi: CBS Publishers and Distri 5. Purohit, A.P., Kokate, C.K., Gokhale, S.B. (2) Pharmacognosy, 37 <sup>th</sup> Ed., New Delhi: CBS Publishers 6. Choudhary, R.D. (1996). Herbal drug indus Delhi: Eastern Publisher. 7. Ansari, S.H. (2007). Essentials of Pharmacog Delhi: Birla publications. 8. Gokhale, S.B., Kokate, C.K. (2017). Practica 18 <sup>t</sup>

	Remarks
<b>etermination</b> : Brief ation of different ays- Shikimic acid pathway. Study of	
ation of Biogenetic	
craction, application comatography and id identification of	
chemical classes, al applications of	
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			Section-A Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 and its rules Definitions, Legal definitions of schedules to the Act of drugs – Classes of drugs and cosmetics prohibi Import under license or permit. Offences and penal of drugs – Prohibition of manufacture and sale Conditions for grant of license and conditions manufacture of drugs, Manufacture of drugs for and analysis, manufacture of new drug, loan licen license.
	Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: • pharmaceutical legislations		Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 and its rules 1945: Schedule G, H, M, N, P, T, U, V, X, Y, Part XII B, Sch F of Drugs – Wholesale, Retail sale and restricted lice penalties Labeling & Packing of drugs- General labe and specimen labels for drugs and cosmetics, List of Offences and penalties. Administration of the Act a Technical Advisory Board, Central drugs La Consultative Committee, Government drug an authorities, controlling authorities, Drugs Inspectors Section-B
<b>Course code</b> PHAR <b>Course name</b> Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence	<ul> <li>and their implications in the development and marketing of pharmaceuticals.</li> <li>various Indian pharmaceutical Acts and Laws</li> <li>regulatory authorities and agencies governing the manufacture and sale of pharmaceuticals</li> <li>code of ethics during the pharmaceutical practice</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Pharmacy Act 1948: Objectives, definitions, pha India, its constitution and functions, education regu- joint state pharmacy councils, constitution and func- of pharmacists, offence and penalties.</li> <li>Medicinal and toilet preparation act 1955: Object licensing, manufacture in bond and outside bond, e- preparations, manufacture of ayurvedic, homeop proprietary preparations. Office and penalties.</li> <li>Narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances act Objectives, definitions, authorities and officers, functions of narcotic and psychotropic consultanational fund for controlling the drug abuse, prohibit regulation, opium poppy cultivation and production manufacture, sale and export of opium, offences and Section-C</li> </ul>
			Study of salient features of drugs and magic rem rules: Objectives, definitions, prohibition of certain classes of exempted advertisements, offences and p <b>Prevention of cruelty to animals act 1960:</b> Object Institutional animal ethics committee, CPCSEA guide and stocking of animals, performance of experime acquisition of animals for experiment, records, pow revoke registration, offences and penalties. <b>National pharmaceutical pricing authority:</b> Drugs p (DPCO) 2013. Definitions, sale prices of bulk drug formulations, retail price and ceiling price of schedu national list of essential medicines. <b>Pharmaceutical legislations:</b> A brief review, intro

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<b>1945:</b> Objectives,	
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Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
			<ul> <li>drugs enquiry committee, health survey an committee, Hathi committee and Mudaliar committee Code of pharmaceutical ethics: Definition, pharmachis job, trade, medical profession and his professioath.</li> <li>Medical termination of pregnancy act.</li> <li>Right to information act.</li> <li>Introduction to Intellectual Property Rights (IPR).</li> <li>Recommended books (Latest edition):</li> <li>1. Mittal, B.M., (1899). Textbook of Forensic Photonal Book Centre.</li> <li>2. (Relevant Acts &amp; Rules, (2006)Delhi: Publishing India.</li> <li>3. Jain, N.K., (2018) A Textbook of Forensic Photonal Book Prakashan.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Suggested e-material:</li> <li>1. www.imedpub.com//pharmaceutical-jurispuarticles-ppts-list.php</li> <li>2. https://cdsco.gov.in</li> </ul>
<b>Course code</b> PHAR <b>Course name</b> Industrial Pharmacy-I Lab			<ol> <li>Preparation and evaluation of Paracetamol tak</li> <li>Preparation and evaluation of Aspirin tablets</li> <li>Coating of tablets- film coating of tables/granu</li> <li>Preparation and evaluation of Tetracycline cap</li> <li>Preparation of Calcium Gluconate injection</li> <li>Preparation of Ascorbic Acid injection</li> <li>Qulaity control test of (as per IP) marketed tab</li> <li>Preparation of Creams (cold / vanishing cream</li> <li>Evaluation of Glass containers (as per IP)</li> </ol>
<b>Course code</b> PHAR <b>Course name</b> Medicinal Chemistry-II Lab			<ol> <li>Synthesis of selected drugs from the course cont or more steps.</li> <li>Establishing the pharmacopoeial standards synthesized.</li> </ol>
<b>Course code</b> PHAR <b>Course name</b> Pharmacology-II Lab			<ol> <li>Introduction to in-vitro pharmacology and p solutions.</li> <li>Effect of drugs on isolated frog heart.</li> <li>Effect of drugs on blood pressure and heart rate of 4. Studyof diuretic activity of drugs using rats/mice.</li> <li>DRC of acetylcholine using frog rectus abdominis n</li> <li>Effect of physostigmine and atropine on DRC of ac frog rectus abdominis muscle and rat ileum respe</li> <li>Bioassay of histamine using guinea pig ileum by n 8. Bioassay of oxytocin using rat uterine horn method.</li> <li>Bioassay of serotonin using rat fundus strip by three 10. Bioassay of acetylcholine using rat ileum/color bioassay.</li> <li>Determination of PA<sub>2</sub> value of prazosin using rat muscle (by Schilds plot method).</li> <li>Determination of PD<sub>2</sub> value using guinea pig ileur and spasmolytics using ration muscle (by Schilds plot method).</li> <li>Determination of PD<sub>2</sub> value using guinea pig ileur muscle (by Schilds plot method).</li> <li>Determination of PD<sub>2</sub> value using guinea pig ileur and the provide activity of drugs using carray paw-edema model.</li> <li>Anti-inflammatory activity of drugs using carray paw-edema model.</li> <li>Analgesic activity of drug using central and periph Note: All laboratory techniques and animal or provide and animal or part and provide and animal or part and periph Note: All laboratory techniques and animal provide and animal part of the part of t</li></ol>

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Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
			demonstrated by simulated experiments by softwa
<b>Course code</b> PHAR <b>Course name</b> Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-II Lab			<ol> <li>Morphology, histology and powder characterist detection of: Cinchona, Cinnamon, Senna, Clove, Eg Coriander</li> <li>Exercise involving isolation &amp; detection of a Caffeine - from tea dust. b. Diosgenin from Dioscore c. Atropine from Belladonna d. Sennosides from Sen 3. Separation of sugars by Paper chromatography 4. TLC of herbal extract</li> <li>Distillation of volatile oils and detection of phy TLC</li> <li>Analysis of crude drugs by chemical tests: (i) Asa (iii) Colophony (iv) Aloes (v) Myrrh</li> </ol>

Name of Programme: Bachelor of Pharmacy Course details: Sixth Semester				
Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
Course code PHAR Course name Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: <ul> <li>biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics, their role in formulation, development and clinical testing.</li> <li>related to compartment modelling and plasma concentration measurement.</li> <li>dosage adjustment in clinical &amp; pathological conditions and pharmacokinetic drug interaction.</li> <li>bioavailability – bioequivalence (BA-BE) study.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		Section-A Introduction to Biopharmaceutics: Absorption; Mechanisms of drug absorption through GIT, factors influencing drug absorption though GIT, absorption of drug from Non per oral extra-vascular routes, Distribution: Tissue permeability of drugs, binding of drugs, apparent, volume of drug distribution. Plasma and tissue protein binding of drugs: factors affecting protein- drug binding. Kinetics of protein binding, Clinical significance of protein binding of drugs. Section-B Elimination: Drug metabolism and basic understanding metabolic pathways renal excretion of drugs, factors affecting renal excretion of drugs, renal clearance, Non renal routes of drug excretion of drugs Bioavailability and Bioequivalence: Definition and Objectives of bioavailability, <i>in-vitro</i> drug dissolution models, <i>in-vitro-in-vivo</i> correlations, bioequivalence studies, methods to enhance the dissolution rates and bioavailability of poorly soluble drugs. Section-C Pharmacokinetics: Definition and introduction to Pharmacokinetics, Compartment models, Non compartment models, physiological models, One compartment open model. Intravenous Injection (Bolus), Intravenous infusion and Extravascular administrations. Pharmacokinetics parameters - K, t <sub>1/2</sub> , Vd, AUC, Ka, Cl <sub>T</sub> and CL <sub>RE</sub> - definitions methods of eliminations, understanding of their significance and application. Multi-compartment models: Two compartment open model, IV bolus. Multiple dosage regimen: Kinetics of multiple dosing, steady state drug levels, calculation of loading and mainetnance doses and their significance in clinical settings. Nonlinear Pharmacokinetics: Introduction, Factors causing Non- linearity, Michaelis-menton method of estimating parameters, Explanation with example of drugs. Recommended books (Latest editions): 1. Notari,R.E.,(1971). <i>BiopharmaceuticsandPharmacokinetics</i> , New York: <i>An introduction</i> Marcel Dekker Inc.	

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Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
			<ol> <li>Rowland, M., Tozer,T.N.,(1989)<i>Clinical</i> New.York: Lea and Febriger.</li> <li>Wagner, J.G. (1976), <i>Fundamentals of Clinical</i> Hamilton: Drugs Intelligence Publishers.</li> <li>Wagner, J.G., (1993). <i>Pharmacokinetics for th</i> <i>Scientist</i>, Basel, Switzerland: Technomic Publishi</li> <li>Suggested e-material:         <ol> <li>http://202.74.245.22:8080/xmlui/handle/1 wse?type=subject</li> <li>https://pharmaclub.in/free-pharmacy-eboo pharmaceutics/</li> <li>https://www.pdfdrive.com/pharmaceutica</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
Course code PHAR Course name Herbal Drug Technology	Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: alkaloidal drugs ,their classification, chemical tests and uses various enzymes and functions worldwide trade affecting the national economy role of the plant tissue culture in enhancing the accumulation of secondary metabolites chromatography helps in identification and quantification of mixture of chemical constituents present in the drugs		Section-A Herbs as raw materials: Definition of herb, herba medicinal product, herbal drug preparation, source identification and authentication of herbal materi herbal raw material. Biodynamic agriculture practices in cultivation of medicinal plants including Pest and Pest management in me Biopesticides/Bioinsecticides. Indian Systems of Medicine: Preparation and s Ayurvedic formulations viz Aristas and Asawas, Ghu and Bhasma Section-B Nutraceuticals: General aspects, market, growth, s products available in the market. Health bene nutraceuticals in ailments like Diabetes, CVS disease bowel syndrome and various Gastro intestinal disea Study of following herbs as health food: Alfa-alfa Fenugreek, Garlic, Honey, Amla, Ginseng, Ashwagan Herbal-Drug and Herb-Food Interactions: Genera interaction and classification. Study of following possible side effects and interactions- Hyper Ginkobiloba, Ginseng, Garlic, Pepper & Ephedra. Herbal Cosmetics: Herbal Sources and description of herbal origin used via, fixed oils, waxes, gums of protective agents, bleaching agents, antioxidants ir skin care, hair care and oral hygiene products. Herbal formulations: Conventional herbal formula: mixtures and tablets and Novel dosage forms like pf Section-C Evaluation of Drugs: WHO & ICH guidelines for therbal drugs Stability testing of herbal drugs. Patenting and Regulatory requirements of therbal drugs Stability testing of herbal drugs. Patenting and Regulatory requirements of therbal drugs Stability testing of herbal drugs. Patenting and Regulatory requirements of therbal drugs Stability testing of herbal drugs. Patenting and Regulatory requirements of therbal drugs Stability testing of herbal drugs. Patenting and Regulatory requirements of therbal drugs Stability testing of herbal drugs. Patenting and Regulatory requirements of therbal drugs Stability testing of herbal drugs. Patenting and Regulatory requirements of therbal drugs. Patenting aspects of Traditional Knowledge and Case study of Curcuma & Neem. Regulation of manufacture

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I medicine, herbal of herbs selection, ials, processing of good agricultural organic farming. edicinal plants:	
standardization of tika,Churna, Lehya	
cope and types of efits and role of es, Cancer, Irritable ses. a, Chicory, Ginger, dha. Spirulina	
al introduction to g drugs and their rcium, kava-kava,	
of raw materials of colours, perfumes, n products such as	
natural origin as diluents, viscosity	
ations like syrups, nytosomes	
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natural products: t, Breeder's right,	
Natural Products.	
DTAB, ASU DCC), lule Z of Drugs &	
al drugs industry, unt of plant based cinal and aromatic	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
Course code PHAR Course name Medicinal Chemistry-III	Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: Correlation between pharmacology of a disease and its mitigation or cure. drug metabolic pathways, adverse effect and therapeutic value of drugs structural activity relationship of different class of drugs.		<ul> <li>plants in India.</li> <li>Schedule T: Good Manufacturing Practice of Indian systems of medicine Components of GMP (Schedule – T) and its objectives. Infrastructural requirements, working space, storage area, machinery and equipments, standard operating procedures, health and hygiene, documentation and records.</li> <li>Recommended books (Latest editions):         <ol> <li>Evans, W.C. (2009). <i>Trease and Evans. Pharmacognosy</i>, 16<sup>th</sup> Ed., London: W.B. Sounders &amp; Co., 2009.</li> <li>Tyler, V.E., Brady, L.R., Robbers, J.E. (1988). <i>Pharmacognosy</i>, 9<sup>th</sup> Ed., Philadelphia: Lea and Febiger.</li> <li>Wallis, T.E., Churchill, A. (2005). <i>Text Book of Pharmacognosy</i>, 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., India: CBS Publishers.</li> <li>Mohammad, A. (2012). <i>Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry</i>, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed. New Delhi: CBS Publishers and Distribution.</li> <li>Purohit, A.P., Kokate, C.K., Gokhale, S.B. (2007). <i>Text book of Pharmacognosy</i>, 37<sup>th</sup> Ed., New Delhi: Nirali Prakashan.</li> <li>Choudhary, R.D. (1996). <i>Herbal drug industry</i>, 1st Ed., New Delhi: Eastern Publisher.</li> <li>Ansari, S.H. (2007). <i>Essentials of Pharmacognosy</i>, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed. New Delhi: Birla publications.</li> <li>Gokhale, S.B., Kokate, C.K. (2017). <i>Practical Pharmacognosy</i>, 18<sup>th</sup> Ed. New Delhi: Birla publications.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Gokhale, S.B., Kokate, C.K. (2017). <i>Practical Pharmacognosy</i>, 18<sup>th</sup> Ed. New Delhi: Birla publications.</li> <li>Gokhale, S.B., Kokate, C.K. (2017). <i>Anatomy of Crude Drugs</i>, 12<sup>th</sup> Ed., India: PharmaNed Press.</li> </ul> <li>http://nsdl.niscair.res.in</li> <li>http://www.nerbs4youth.eu/files/workbook_processingtransf. pdf</li> <li>http://www.nerbs4youth.eu/files/kruginfo/herb_All.html</li> <li>http://apps.who.int/medicinedocs/en/d/Js2200e/10. www.fda.gov/medwatch</li> <li>http://apps.who.int/medicinedocs/en/d/Js2200e/10. www.fda.gov/medwatch</li> <li>http://apps.who.int/me</li>	
	<ul><li>class of drugs.</li><li>mechanism pathways of</li></ul>		Minocycline, Doxycycline. Macrolide: Erythromycin Clarithromycin, Azithromycin.	
	different class of medicinal		Miscellaneous: Chloramphenicol*, Clindamycin.	

Course List Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
compounds. • chemistry of drugs with respect to thei pharmacological activity		<ul> <li>Prodrugs: Basic concepts and application of prodrugs design.</li> <li>Antimalarials: Etiology of malaria.</li> <li>Quinolines: SAR, Quinine sulphate, Chloroquine*, Amodiaquine, Primaquine phosphate, Pamaquine*, Quinacrine hydrochloride, Mefloquine.</li> <li>Biguanides and dihydro triazines: Cycloguanil pamoate, Proguanil.</li> <li>Miscellaneous: Pyrimethamine, Artesunete, Artemether, Atovoquon</li> </ul>	
		Miscellaneous: Pyrimethamine, Artesunete, Artemether, Atovoquon Section-B Anti-tubercular Agents Synthetic anti tubercular agents: Isoniozid*, Ethionamide, Ethambutol, Pyrazinamide, Para amino salicylic acid.* Anti tubercular antibiotics: Rifampicin, Rifabutin, Cycloserine Streptomycine, Capreomycin sulphate. Urinary tract anti-infective agents Quinolones: SAR of quinolones, Nalidixic Acid,Norfloxacin, Enoxacin, Ciprofloxacin*, Ofloxacin, Lomefloxacin, Sparfloxacin, Gatifloxacin, Moxifloxacin Miscellaneous: Furazolidine, Nitrofurantoin*, Methanamine. Antiviral agents: Amantadine hydrochloride, Rimantadine hydrochloride, Idoxuridine trifluoride, Acyclovir*, Gancyclovir, Zidovudine, Didanosine, Zalcitabine, Lamivudine, Loviride, Delavirding, Ribavirin, Saquinavir, Indinavir, Ritonavir. Antifungal agents: Antifungal agents: Antifungal agents: Clotrimazole, Econazole, Butoconazole, Oxiconazole Tioconozole, Miconazole*, Ketoconazole, Terconazole, Itraconazole, Fluconazole, Naftifine hydrochloride, Tolnaftate*. Section-C Anti-protozoal Agents: Metronidazole*, Tinidazole, Ornidazole, Diloxanide, Iodoquinol, Pentamidine Isethionate, Atovaquone, Effornithine. Anthelmintics: Diethylcarbamazine citrate*, Thiabendazole, Mebendazole*, Albendazole, Niclosamide, Oxamniquine, Praziquantal, Ivermectin. Sulphonamides and Sulfones: Historical development, chemistry, classification and SAR of Sulfonamides: Sulphamethizole, Sulfanethoxaole*, Sulphamethizine, Sulfacetamide*, Sulphapyridine, Sulfanes: Dapsone*. Introduction to Drug Design Various approaches used in drug design. Physicochemical parameters used in quantitative structure activity relationship (QSAR) such as partition coefficient, Hammet's electronic parameter, Tafts steric parameter and Hansch analysis. Pharmacophore modeling and docking techniques. Combinatorial Chemistry: Concept and applications of combinatorial	
		<ul> <li>Recommended Books (Latest Editions):</li> <li>Beale, J.M., Block, J., Wilson, G. (2010). Organic medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, 12<sup>th</sup> Ed., Phildephia: Lippincott Williams</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>and Wilkins.</li> <li>Lemke, T.L., Williams, D.A., Rocho, V.F., Zito, S.W. (2012). <i>Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry</i>, 7<sup>th</sup> Ed., Phildephia: Lippincott Williams and Wilkins.</li> <li>Abraham, D.J., Rotella, R.J. (2010). <i>Burger's Medicinal Chemistry</i>, <i>Drug Discovery and Development</i> 7<sup>th</sup> Ed. New york: John Wilow</li> </ul>	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
			<ul> <li>and Sons.</li> <li>Smith, J.H., Williams, H. (2010). Introduction to design, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., Australia: Harwood academic pub</li> <li>Remington, P.J., Beringer, P. (2006). Remington Sciences, 21<sup>st</sup> Ed., Phildephia: Lippincott Williams</li> <li>Buckley, G. (1988). Martindale's extra pharmo British journal of general practice.</li> <li>Finar, I.L. (2002). Organic Chemistry: Volume 2 and the Chemistry Natural Products. 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., Lon</li> </ul>
			<ol> <li>Lednicer, D. (1997). <i>The Organic Chemistry of L</i> Edition, John New York: Wiley and Sons Ltd.</li> <li>Indian Pharmacopoeia.</li> <li>Furniss, B.S., Hannaford, A.J., Smith, P.W.G <i>Tatchell.Text book of practical organic chemistr</i> Pearson. 2009</li> <li>Suggested e-material:         <ol> <li>https://books.google.co.in/books/about/Foye_ edicinal_Chemistry.html?id=R0W1ErpsQpkC</li> <li>https://www.wiley.com/en-us/ Burge Medicinal+Chemistry%2C+Drug+Discovery%2C+ t%2C+7th+Edition-p-9780470278154</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
Course code PHAR Course name Pharmacology-III	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: <ul> <li>mechanism of drug action and its relevance in the treatment of different diseases</li> <li>various receptor actions using isolated tissue preparation.</li> <li>cell communication mechanism</li> <li>newer targets of several disease conditions for treatment</li> <li>structure, organization and pharmacology of drugs acting on cvs, git, hemopoeitic system, respiratory system, endocrine system, diuretics and autacoids</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		Section-A Pharmacology of drugs acting on Respiratory syste drugs, Drugs used in the management of COPD, antitussives, Nasal decongestants, Respiratory stimu Pharmacology of drugs acting on the Gastrointestin agents, Drugs for constipation and diarrhea, Appet suppressants. Digestants and carminatives. Emetics Chemotherapy: General principles of chemotherapy and cotrimoxazole. Antibiotics- Penicillins, cephalos chloramphenicol, macrolides, quinolones and fluoro tetracycline and aminoglycosides. Section-B Chemotherapy: Antitubercular agents, Antileprotic agents, Antiviral drugs, Anthelmintics, Am Antiamoebic agents. Chemotherapy: Urinary tract infections and sex diseases. Chemotherapy of malignancy. Immunopharmacology: Immunostimulants, Immun Protein drugs, monoclonal antibodies, target drugs t biosimilars. Section-C Principles of toxicology: Definition and basic km subacute and chronic toxicity. Definition and basic genotoxicity, carcinogenicity, teratogenicity a General principles of treatment of poisoning, Clini management of barbiturates, morphine, orgai compound and lead, mercury and arsenic poisoning Chronopharmacology: Definition of rhythm and clock and their significance leading to chronotherap Recommended books (Latest editions): 1. Kulkarni, S.K. (2013). Handbook of Pharmacology, Vallabh Prakashan. 2. Ghosh, M.N. (2008). Fundamentals Pharmacology, 5th Ed., Kolkata: Hilton & Com 3. Handbook on GLP, Quality Practices for Regi

	Remarks
principles of drug lishers. <i>and Wilkins.</i> <i>copoeia,</i> 29 <sup>th</sup> Ed.,	
2. Stereochemistry don ; Perason. Drug Synthesis, 5 <sup>™</sup>	
. (2009). <i>Vogel's</i> y, 5 <sup>th</sup> Ed., London:	
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m: Anti -asthmatic Expectorants and alants. hal Tract: Antiulcer ite stimulants and and anti-emetics. Sulfonamides porins, quinolins,	
agents, Antifungal timalarial drugs, xually transmitted	
osuppressant, o antigen,	
owledge of acute, asic knowledge of and mutagenicity. cal symptoms and nophosphosphorus	
cycles. Biological y.	
of Experimental	
of Experimental Dany Publishers. Ilated Non-Clinical	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
			<ul> <li>Research and Development, World Health Orgi 2008.</li> <li>Schedule Y, Guideline: Drugs and cosmetics (se Rules, CDSCO, 1945.</li> <li>Annual Report to the People on Health, Minis Family Welfare, New Delhi, 2005</li> <li>Rick, N.G. (2015). Drugs from Discovery to A United States: Wiley-Blackwell Publishers.</li> <li>Gad, C.S. (2015). Animal Models in Toxicolo York: CRC Press.</li> <li><i>OECD (452) guidelines for the Testing of Chemia</i></li> <li>Stine, E.R., Brown, M.T. (2015). Principles of to New York: CRC Press.</li> <li>Suggested e-material: <ol> <li>www.cvpharmacology.com</li> <li>www.treatment4addiction.com</li> <li>www.medicalnewtoday.com</li> <li>www.edvivas.com</li> <li>www.pharmafactz.com</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
Course code PHAR Course name Pharmaceutical Biotechnology	Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: • importance of genetic engineering & enzyme immobilization in pharmaceutical industries • production and application of monoclonal antibodies in health care. • use of fermentation technology in pharmaceutical field.		<ul> <li>b. www.ausmed.com</li> <li>Section-A</li> <li>Brief introduction to Biotechnology with Pharmaceutical Sciences.</li> <li>Enzyme Biotechnology: Methods of enzyme im applications.</li> <li>Biosensors: Working and applications of biosensors Industries.</li> <li>Brief introduction to Protein Engineering.</li> <li>Use of microbes in industry. Production of E consideration -Amylase, Catalase, Peroxidase, Penicillinase.</li> <li>Basic principles of genetic engineering.</li> <li>Study of cloning vectors, restriction endonucleases a Recombinant DNA technology: Application of gene medicine. Application of r DNA technology and gene the production of: Interferon; Vaccines- hepatit Insulin. Brief introduction to PCR</li> <li>Structure of Immunoglobulins. Structure and F Hypersensitivity reactions, Immune stimulatio suppressions. General method of the prepara vaccines, toxoids, viral vaccine, antitoxins, seru derivatives and other products relative to in conditions and stability of official vaccines.</li> <li>Hybridoma technology: Production, Purification Immuno blotting techniques: ELISA, Western to blotting.</li> <li>Section-C</li> <li>Genetic organization of Eukaryotes and Proka genetics including transformation, transducti plasmids and transposons.</li> <li>Microbial biotransformation: Introduction and Mutation: Types of mutation/mutants.</li> <li>Fermentation: methods and general requirement: equipments, sterilization methods, aeration proce</li> </ul>

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anization, 2nd Ed.,	
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stry of Health and	
Approval, 3rd Ed.,	
gy, 3rd Ed., New	
cals, 2018 oxicology, 3rd Ed.,	
reference to	
mobilization and	
in Pharmaceutical	
nzymes- General Lipase, Protease,	
and DNA ligase. etic engineering in etic engineering in is- B; Hormones-	
cellular immunity. unction of MHC. n and Immune tion of bacterial m-immune blood nmunity. Storage	
and Applications. Notting, Southern	
ryotes. Microbial on, conjugation,	
its applications.	
s, study of media, ess, stirring. Large	

Course List	earning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
			<ul> <li>scale production fermenter design and its various the production of - penicillins, citric acid, Vitamin B Griseofulvin.</li> <li>Recommended books (Latest editions):</li> <li>1. Vyas, S.P., Dixit, V.K.(2010). Pharmaceutical Bi Delhi: CBS Publication.</li> <li>2. Prescott, Dunn's, (2004)Industrial Microbio Publishers and Distributors.</li> <li>3. Stanbury, P.F., Ahhitar, A.,(2008). Principles Technology.,</li> <li>4. Kieslich, K.(1984).,Biotechnology . Vol. 69 Sw Chernie .</li> <li>5. Standury, P.F.,, Whitaker, A., Hall, S.J.,(199 Fermentation, New Delhi.:Aditya Book Private Lir</li> <li>6. Crueger, W., Crueger, A.,(2000). Biotechnolog Industrial Microbiology, Delhi: Panima Publishing</li> </ul>
			<ol> <li>http://site.iugaza.edu.ps/tbashiti/files/2013/02, _Biotechnology_ConceptsApplications-Gary_Wa</li> <li>http://web.xidian.edu.cn/yqxia/files/20140227_</li> <li>https://drive.google.com/file/d/0BxB7ZrIzz8L7S /view?usp=drivesdk</li> </ol>
Course code PHAR Course name Quality Assurance	<ul> <li>Jpon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: <ul> <li>the importance of quality in pharmaceutical products.</li> <li>importance of Good practices such as GMP, GLP etc.</li> <li>factors affecting the quality of pharmaceutical are explored.</li> <li>regulatory aspects of pharmaceutical taught to the student.</li> <li>process involved in manufacturing of pharmaceuticals different section/department and activity is learnt.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		Section-A Organization and personnel: Personnel response hygiene and personal records. Premises: Design, construction and plant layo sanitation, environmental control, utilities and mair areas, control of contamination. Equipments and raw materials: Equipment se specifications, maintenance, purchase specifications of stores for raw materials. Section-B Quality Control: Quality control test for containers and secondary packing materials. Good Laboratory Practices: General Provisions, Personnel, Facilities, Equipment, Testing Facilities O Control Articles, Protocol for Conduct of a None Study, Records and Reports, Disqualification of Testi Complaints: Complaints and evaluation of compla- return good, recalling and waste disposal. Section-C Document maintenance in pharmaceutical indust Record, Master Formula Record, SOP, Quality aud and Quality documentation, Reports anddocum records. Calibration and Validation: Introduction, definif principles of calibration, qualification and validation scope of validation, types of validation, validat Calibration of pH meter, Qualification spectrophotometer, General principles of Ar Validation. Warehousing: Good warehousing practice, material: Recommended books (Latest editions): 1. Quality Assurance Guide (1996) by Pharmaceutical Procedures of India, 3rd revi

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controls. Study of 212, Glutamic acid,	
otechnology, New	
<i>logy,</i> Delhi :CBS	
of Fermentation	
witzerland :Verleg	
90). Principles of nited. 1990. gy-A Textbook of Corporation.	
/2.Pharmaceutical alsh.pdf _103205.pdf Td4WEhneHIKcXc	
sibilities, training,	
out, maintenance, ntenance of sterile	
election, purchase and maintenance	
s, rubber closures	
Organization and peration, Test and clinical Laboratory ing Facilities aints, Handling of	
<b>ry:</b> Batch Formula lit, Quality Review ents, distribution	
tion and general n, importance and tion master plan. of UV-Visible nalytical method	
s management	
Organization of ised Ed., Volume I	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
			& II.
			2. Weinberg, S. (1995). Good Laboratory Practice Ed., Vol. 69, New York: Marcel Dekker, Inc.
			<ol> <li>Quality Assurance of Pharmaceuticals- A complines and Related materials Vol I &amp; II, 2r Publications, 1999.</li> </ol>
			4. Sharma, P. P. (1991). How to Practice GMP Publications.
			5. The International Pharmacopoeia (2005)– Vo General Methods of Analysis and Quality Pharmaceutical Substances, Excipients and D Ed., WHO, Geneva.
			<ol> <li>Hirsch, A. F. (1989). Good Laboratory Practice 38, New York: Marcel Dekker Inc.</li> </ol>
			7. Deshpande, S. W., Gandhi, N. The Drugs an 1940 and Rules 1945. 8th Ed., Mumbai:Susmit
			8. Shah, D. H. (2000). QA Manual. 1st Ed., B Elsevier.
			9. Willig, S. H., Stoker J. (1991). Good Manufactu Pharmaceuticals A Plan For Total Quality Cor Ed., New York: Marcel Dekker Inc.
			Suggested e-material:
			1. www.ich.org
			2. https://www.who.int
			1. To perform preliminary phytochemical sc drugs
Course code			<ol> <li>Determination of the alcohol content of Asa</li> <li>Evaluation of excipients of natural origin.</li> <li>Incorporation of prepared and standard</li> </ol>
			cosmetic formulations like creams, lotions a their evaluation.
PHAR Course name			5. Incorporation of prepared and standar
Herbal Drug Technology Lab			formulations like syrups, mixtures and t
			evaluation as per Pharmacopoeial requirem
			Pharmacopoeias.
			7. Determination of Aldehyde content
			8. Determination of Phenol content
			9. Determination of total alkaloids
			1 Sulphanilamide
			2 7-Hydroxy, 4-methyl coumarin
			3 Chlorobutanol
			5 Tolbutamide
Course code			6 Hexamine
Course name			II Assay of drugs
Medicinal Chemistry-III Lab			1 Isonicotinic acid hydrazide
			2 Chloroquine 3 Metropidazole
			4 Dapsone
			5 Chlorpheniramine maleate
			6 Benzyl penicillin
			III Preparation of medicinally important compounds

	Remarks
e Regulations. 2nd	
ppendium of Guide nd edition, WHO	
P's. Agra:Vandana	
ol I, II, III, IV & V - specification for Dosage forms, 3rd	
e Regulations. Vol	
nd Cosmetics Act t Publishers.	
Business Horizons,	
uring Practices for ntrol. Vol. 52, 3rd	
creening of crude	
ava and Arista.	
rdized extract in and shampoos and	
rdized extract in tablets and their	
gs from recent	
s or intermediates	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
			by Microwave irradiation technique
			IV Drawing structures and reactions using chem dra
		V Determination of physicochemical properties su	
			MR, Molecularweight, Hydrogen bond donors and
			of drugs course content using drug design softwar screening (Lipinskies RO5)
			1. Dose calculation in pharmacological experiment
			2. Antiallergic activity by mast cell stabilization as
			<ol> <li>Studyof anti-ulcer activityof a drug using pyl rat model and NSAIDS induced ulcer model.</li> </ol>
			4. Study of effect of drugs on gastrointestinal mo
			5. Effect of agonist and antagonists on guinea pig
			6. Estimation of serum biochemical paramete autoanalyser
			7. Effect of saline purgative on frog intestine
Course code PHAR Course name Pharmacology-III Lab			8. Insulin hypoglycemic effect in rabbit
			9. Test for pyrogens ( rabbit method)
			10. Determination of acute oral toxicity (LD50) given data
			11. Determination of acute skin irritation / co
			12. Determination of acute eye irritation / co substance
			13. Calculation of pharmacokinetic parameters fro
			14. Biostatistics methods in experimental pharma test. ANOVA)
			15. Biostatistics methods in experimental pharma test, Wilcoxon Signed Rank test)
			*Experiments are demonstrated by simulated exper

#### Name of Programme: Bachelor of Pharmacy Course details: Seventh Semester

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
<b>Course code</b> PHAR <b>Course name</b> Instrumental Methods of Analysis	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of:</li> <li>Instrumentation techniques available.</li> <li>Aspects of separation for multi components of drugs and excipients using various instrumentation techniques.</li> <li>Accurate analysis and report the results in defined formats of documentation and express the observations with clarity.</li> <li>professional and safety responsibilities for working in the analysis laboratory</li> </ul>	Spin decoupling. Shift reagents.	Section-A Ultraviolet-visible (UV-vis) spectroscopy: Electronic transitions, chromophores, auxochrome solvent effect on absorption spectra, Beer and Derivation and deviations. Instrumentation - Sources of radiation, wavelength cells, detectors (Photo tube, Photomultiplier tube, I Silicon Photodiode) & calibration as per ICH and USFI Applications - Spectrophotometric titrations, single multi component analysis. Infra-red (IR) spectroscopy: Introduction, fundamental modes of vibrations molecules, sample handling, factors affect Instrumentation - Sources of radiation, wave detectors (Golay cell, bolometer, thermocou pyroelectric detector) & calibration as per ICH and US Applications (Interpretation of data/ IR spectra compounds).

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		Section-B
		Fluorimetry: Theory, concepts of singlet, doublet and triplet of internal and external conversions, factors affecting quenching, instrumentation, applications & calibration USFDA guidelines. Flame photometry (AAS & AES): Principle, interferences, instrumentation, application per ICH and USFDA guidelines. Nephelo-turbidometry: Principle, instrumentation and applications Section-C
		Nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy: Principle of proton-NMR, shielding & de-shielding of chemical shift and its measurements, factors affecti spin-spin interaction (relaxation & coupling), coup factors influencing coupling constant. Instru applications (Interpretation of data/ NMR spectra compounds). Mass spectrometry:
		Introduction to mass spectra, principle, fragmentatio of peak (molecular ion, isotopic ion peak, fragmen their importance. Instrumentation. ionization tech impact, chemical, ionization, MALDI, FAB), analyzed and Quadrupole). Applications (Interpretation of data some simple compounds). <b>Becommended books (Latest editions):</b>
		<ol> <li>Chatten, L.G. (1966). A text book of Pharmace Vol. I &amp; II, New York: Marcel. Dekkar.</li> <li>Backeet, A.H., Stenlake, J.B. (1962). Practica Chemistry Vol. I &amp; II, London: The Atholo University of London.</li> <li>Willard, H.H., Merrit, L., Dean, J.A. (196 methods of analysis. New York: Van Nostrand</li> <li>Obonson, J.W.R. (1970). Undergraduate Instru-</li> </ol>
		<ul> <li>New York: Marcel Dekkar Inc.</li> <li>5. Parikh, V.H. (1974). Absorption Spectrosc Molecules. London: Addison-Wesley Publishin</li> <li>6. Indian Pharmacopoeia (2018), Ministry of India.</li> <li>7. Backeet, A.H. Stenlake, J.B. (1988). Practica Chemistry Vol. I and II. London: The Atholone F</li> </ul>
		Suggested e-material: 1. https://nptel.ac.in/downloads/103108100/ 2. https://catalog.williams.edu
<b>Course code</b> PHAR <b>Course name</b> Industrial Pharmacy-II	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of:</li> <li>process of pilot plant and scale up of pharmaceutical dosage forms.</li> <li>process of technology transfer from lab scale to commercial batch.</li> <li>different Laws and Acts that regulate pharmaceutical industry Understand the approval</li> </ul>	Section-A Pilot plant scale up techniques: General considerations significance of personnel requirements, space re- materials, Pilot plant scale up considerations for so- semi solids and relevant documentation, SU- Introduction to platform technology. Technology development and transfer: WHO Technology Transfer(TT): Terminology, Technology for Quality risk management, Transfer from R & H (Process, packaging and cleaning), Granularity of excipients, finished products, packaging materials) Premises and equipments, qualification and values control analytical method transfer.

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	drug products	studies), TT genetics in India – APCTD, NROC, SIDBi; TT related documentation - confident licensing, MoUS, legal issues Section-8 Regulatory affairs : Introduction, Historical overvi Affairs, Regulatory authorities, Role of R department, Responsibility of Regulatory Affairs Pr Regulatory equirements for drug approval: D Teams, Non-Clinical Drug Development, Pha Metabolism and Toxicology, General co Investigational New Drug (IND) Application, Invest (IB) and New Drug (IND) Application, Invest (IB) and New Drug (IND) Application, Invest (IB) and New Drug Application (NDA), Clinical rese Clinical Research Protocols, Biostatistics in Pharm Development, Data Presentation for FDA Submissi of Clinical Studies. Section-C Indian Regulatory Requirements: Central Drug Organization (CDSCO) and State Licensing Author Regulatory requirements and approval procedures: Registration of Indian drug product in overseas ma Procedure for export of pharmaceutical Regulatory requirements (CaTD) resear Recommended books (Latest editions): 1. Troy, D.B. (2006), Remington: The Science and Pharmaceu; Alf edition, Vol.1 & Vol11, Easton I Mack Publishing Co. 2. Cooper, J.W. Gunn, G. (1986), Tutorial PF Petrama Books Ltd. 3. Lachman L. (1986), Tutorial PF Petroma Books Ltd. 4. Ansel, HC. Allen, L.V. (2014), Introduction to Dozage Forms. Philadelphia: Wolters kluwer. 5. Willing, Tuckerman and Hitching, GMP for Phe 6. ISO reports. 7. Indian Patent act. 8. Castensen, J. T. (1990). Drug Stability: Princip New York: Marcel Dekker. Suggested e-materialis 1. www.ich.org 2. www.otho.int
<b>Course code</b> PHAR <b>Course name</b> Novel Drug Delivery System	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of:</li> <li>various approaches for development of novel drug delivery systems.</li> <li>criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of Novel drug delivery systems, their formulation and evaluation</li> </ul>	Section-A Controlled drug delivery systems: terminology/definitions and rationale, advantage selection of drug candidates. Approaches to design formulations based on diffusion, dissolution ar principles. Physicochemical and biological properties to controlled release formulations Polymers: Introduction, classification, properties, application of polymers in formulation of contro delivery systems. Microencapsulation: Definition, advantages and microspheres /microcapsules, microparticles, microspheres /microcapsules, microparticles,

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		Transdermal Drug Delivery Systems: Introduct         through skin, factors affecting permeation, permeted         basic components of TDDS, formulation approaches         Gastroretentive drug delivery systems: Introduct         disadvantages, approaches for GRDDS – Floati         systems, inflatable and gastroadhesive systems and         Section-C
		Pulmonary routes of drug delivery, Formulation powder and metered dose), nasal sprays, nebulizers
		<ul> <li>Targeted drug Delivery: Concepts and approaches a disadvantages, introduction to liposomes, niosomes, monoclonal antibodies and their applications</li> <li>Ocular Drug Delivery Systems: Introduction, intra or methods to overcome -preliminary study, ocular for ocuserts</li> <li>Intrauterine Drug Delivery Systems: Introduction, a disadvantages, development of intra uterine devices applications.</li> <li>Recommended Books: (Latest Editions)</li> <li>1. Chien, Y.W. (1992). Novel Drug Delivery Sy Marcel Dekker, Inc.</li> <li>2. Robinson, J.R., Lee, V.H.L. (1992). Control. Systems. New York: Marcel Dekker, Inc.</li> <li>3. Mathiowitz, E. (2002). Encyclopedia of Construction.</li> <li>4. Jain, N.K. (1997). Controlled and Novel Drug Delivers.</li> <li>5. Vyas, S.P., Khar, R.K. (2002). Controlle concepts and advances, New Delhi: Vallabh</li> <li>Suggested e-material:</li> <li>1. Indian Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences (IPA)</li> <li>2. Indian Drugs (IDMA)</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>3. Journal of Controlled Release (Elsevier Sciences)</li> <li>4. Drug Development and Industrial Pharmacy(Marc</li> <li>5. International Journal of Pharmaceutics (Elsevier Sciences)</li> </ul>
<b>Course code</b> PHAR	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of:</li> <li>Concept of pre-formulation; prodrug and their influence on formulation and stability of products.</li> </ul>	SECTION-A Pre-formulation Studies: Introduction to pre-form objectives, study of physicochemical charact substances. Physical properties: Physical form (crystal & am size, shape, flow properties, solubility profile (p coefficient), polymorphism.
<b>Course name</b> Dosage Form Design	<ul> <li>BCS Classification and solubilization in context to dosage form development.</li> <li><i>in vitro</i> dissolution study of solids and interpretation of dissolution data.</li> </ul>	Chemical Properties: Hydrolysis, oxidation, reduct polymerization. Application of pre-formulation p development and stability of dosage forms. BCS classification: Introduction, classification and i SECTION-B Prodrugs: Introduction, types, application of p
	<ul> <li>bioavailability studies and in vivo methods of evaluation and</li> </ul>	problems related to stability, bioavailability formulation.

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	their statistical treatment.	<ul> <li>Solubility and solubilization: Techniques of solubiliculding surfactant systems, co-solvents, solid state complexation and chemical modifications.</li> <li>SECTION-C</li> <li>Performance evaluation, in vitro: Dissolution dissolution studies for solid dosage forms, methods of dissolution data: model dependent and momethods, dissolution profile comparison.</li> <li>Performance evaluation, in vivo: bioavail Introduction, bioavailability testing protocol at methods of evaluation and statistical treatment.</li> <li>Wells, J.I. (1990). Pharmaceutical Prefomula Physicochemical Properties of Drug Substante Horwood, Chiechester.</li> <li>Yalkowsky, S.H. (1981). Techniques of Solubin New York: Marcel Dekker.</li> <li>Lewis, G.A. (2007). Optimization Methods. In Pharmaceutical Technology. New York: Inford</li> <li>Banker, G.S. Rhode, C.T. (1979). Modern Pharmaceutical Sciences, Vol. I, II, III &amp; IV, LC Press.</li> <li>Gibaldi, M. Perrier, D. (1982). Pharmacokine Marcel Dekkar Inc.</li> <li>Troy, D.B. (2006). Remington: The Science an Pharmacy. 21st edition, Vol.1 &amp; VolII, Easton Pennysylvannia: Mack Publishing Co.</li> <li>Khar, R.K., Vyas, S.P., Ahmad, F.J., Jain, G.K. Lachman/Liebermans: The Theory and Pract Pharmacy. New Delhi: CBS Publisher.</li> <li>Gibaldi, M. (1991). Biopharmaceutics and cl.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Suggested e-material:</li> <li>1. https://pharmaclub.in/free-pharmacy-eboo pharmaceutics/</li> <li>2. https://www.pdfdrive.com/pharmaceutical-</li> <li>3. http://202.74.245.22:8080/xmlui/handle/12 wse?type=subject</li> <li>4. http://swepub.kb.se/</li> <li>5. https://ethos.bl.uk/Home.do</li> </ul>
<b>Course code</b> PHAR <b>Course name</b> Pharmacy Practice	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of:</li> <li>The role of pharmacist in different areas of hospital and hospital pharmacy</li> <li>Production and handling of radiopharmaceuticals.</li> <li>drug information services and data retrieval in healthcare</li> </ul>	Section-A Hospital and it's organization: Definition, Classific Primary, Secondary and Tertiary hospitals, Classific clinical and non- clinical basis, Organization Structu and Medical staffs involved in the hospital and their Hospital pharmacy and its organization: Definit hospital pharmacy, Organization structure, Location requirements, and Responsibilities and functi pharmacists. Adverse drug reaction: Classifications - Excessive effects, secondary pharmacological effects, idiosyncrasy, allergic drug reactions, genet toxicity, toxicity following sudden withdrawal interaction- beneficial interactions, adverse in pharmacokinetic drug interactions, Methods for interactions, spontaneous case reports and recor- and Adverse drug reaction reporting and managem Community Pharmacy: Organization and structure

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		<ul> <li>Interpretation of Clinical Laboratory Tests: B hematology, and urinalysis</li> <li>Recommended Books (Latest Edition):</li> <li>1. Merchant, S.H., Quadry, J.S. (2001). A textb pharmacy. Ahmadabad: B.S. Shah Prakakshan.</li> <li>2. Parthasarathi, G., Nyfort-Hansen, K., Nahata, textbook of Clinical Pharmacy Practice- essential co Chennai: Orient Longman Private Limited.</li> <li>3. Hassan, W.E. (1986). Hospital pharmacy. Phil Febiger.</li> <li>4. Bajaj, A. Tipins, H.P. (2008). Hospital Pharmacy Publications.</li> <li>5. Lee, M. (2013). Basic skills in interpreting Bethesda: American Society of Health System Pharm 6. Parmar, N.S. (2008). Health Education and Comm New Delhi: CBS Publishers &amp; Distributers.</li> <li>Suggested e-material:</li> <li>1. Therapeutic drug monitoring. ISSN: 0163-4356</li> <li>2. Journal of pharmacy practice. ISSN : 0974-8326</li> <li>3. American journal of health system pharmacy. (online)</li> <li>4. Pharmacy times (Monthly magazine)</li> <li>5. http://202.74.245.22:8080/xmlui/bitstream/har 418/Martin%20Stephens%20Hospital%20Pharmacy??</li> </ul>
<b>Course code</b> PHAR <b>Course name</b> Instrumental Methods of Analysis Lab	Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: Various instrumentation technique of analysis.	<ol> <li>Determination of absorption maxima and e on absorption maxima of organic compound.</li> <li>Estimation of dextrose by colorimetry</li> <li>Estimation of sulfanilamide bycolorimetry</li> <li>Simultaneous estimation of ibuprofen and UV spectroscopy</li> <li>Assay of paracetamol by UV- Spectrophotom</li> <li>Estimation of quinine sulfate by fluorimetry</li> <li>Study of quenching of fluorescence</li> <li>Determination of potassium by flame photomet</li> <li>Determination of chlorides and sulphat turbidometry</li> <li>Separation of sugars by thin layer chromatog</li> <li>Separation of plant pigments by column chro</li> <li>Demonstration experiment on Gas Chromatog</li> </ol>
<b>Course code</b> PHAR <b>Course name</b> Dosage Form Design Lab	<ul> <li>Learning outcomes</li> <li>Upon completion of this course student will know:         <ul> <li>Preformulation study of API for dosage form development</li> <li>Evaluation as performance indicator</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Preformulation of paracetamol/aspirin/or any oth size distribution of paracetamol/aspirin/or any oth</li> <li>Preformulation studies including drug excipie studies, effect of stabilizers, preservatives etc. design</li> <li>Experiments demonstrating improvement in through prodrug concept.</li> <li>Stability evaluation of various dosage forms and dating</li> <li>Dissolution testing and data evaluation for o forms</li> <li>Evaluation of Pharmaceutical equivalence of products</li> </ol>

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Course details: Eighth Semester				
Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
Course code PHAR Course name Biostatistics and Research Methodology	Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: • operation of M.S. Excel, SPSS, R and MINITAB, DoE (Design of Experiment) • various statistical techniques to solve statistical problems		Section-A Introduction: Statistics, Biostatistics, Frequency distribution Measures of central tendency: Mean, Median, Mode- Pharmaceutical examples Measures of dispersion: Dispersion, Range, standard deviation, Pharmaceutical problems Correlation: Definition, Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation, Multiple correlation Pharmaceuticals examples Regression: Curve fitting by the method of least squares, fitting the lines y= a + bx and x = a + by, Multiple regression, standard error of regression- Pharmaceutical Examples Probability: Definition of probability, Binomial distribution, Normal distribution, Poisson's distribution, properties - problems Sample, Population, large sample, small sample, Null hypothesis, alternative hypothesis, sampling, essence of sampling, types of sampling, Error-I type, Error-II type, Standard error of mean (SEM) - Pharmaceutical examples Parametric test: t-test(Sample, Pooled or Unpaired and Paired) , ANOVA, (One way and Two way), Least Significance difference Section-B Non Parametric tests: Wilcoxon Rank Sum Test, Mann-Whitney U test, Kruskal-Wallis test, Friedman Test Introduction to Research: Need for research, Need for design of Experiments, Experiential Design Technique, plagiarism Graphs: Histogram, Pie Chart, Cubic Graph, response surface plot, Counter Plot graph Designing the methodology: Sample size determination and Power of a study, Report writing and presentation of data, Protocol, Cohorts studies, Observational studies, Experimental studies, Designing clinical trial, various phases. Blocking and confounding system for Two-level factorials Regression modeling: Hypothesis testing in Simple and Multiple regressionmodels Section-C Introduction to practical components of industrial and clinical trials problems: Statistical Analysis Using Excel. SPSS. MINITAB. design of	

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		experiments, R Online Statistical Software's to Indu trial approach Design and Analysis of experiments: Factorial Design: Definition, 2 <sup>2</sup> , 2 <sup>3</sup> design. Advan design Response Surface methodology: Central cor Historical design, Optimization Techniques Recommended Books (Latest edition): 1. Bolton, S. Bon, C. (2010). Pharmaceutical statist clinical applications. New York: Informa Health 2. Gupta, S.C. (2018). Fundamental of Statistics. M Publishing House. 3. Pannerselvam, R. (2012). Design and Analysis Delhi:PHI Learning Private Limited, 4. Montgomery, D.C. (1997). Design and Analysis New York: Wiley.
		1. https://www.eisevier.com//research-m biostatistics 2. https://www.eolss.net/sample-chapters/C02/E4-
Course code PHAR Course name Social and Preventive Pharmacy	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of:</li> <li>high consciousness of current issues related to health and pharmaceutical problems within the country and world wide.</li> <li>critical way of thinking based on current healthcare development.</li> <li>Evaluate alternative ways of solving problems related to health and pharmaceutical issues.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Entrys / WWW existing Chapter Chapter A (2012) - Section-A</li> <li>Concept of health and disease: Definition, concept of public health. Understanding the concept of public health. Understanding the concept of control of disease, social cases of diseases and social sick.</li> <li>Social and health education: Food in relation to nut balanced diet, nutrition and tis prevention.</li> <li>Sociology and health: socio cultural factors relate disease. Imapct of urbanization on health and dise health.</li> <li>Section-B</li> <li>Preventive medicine: General principles of preventio diseases such as cholera, SARS, Ebola virus, respiratory infections, malaria, chicken guinea, de fibariasis, pneumonia, hypertension, diabetes mellita addiction-drug substance abuse.</li> <li>National health programs, its objectives, functioning the following: HV and AIDS control programme disease surveillance program (IDSP), National programme, national mental health program, national programme for control of blinc programme.</li> <li>Section-B</li> <li>National health intervention programme for monor hational programme, National propresenter nural santiation, national Vrba Health promotion an</li></ul>

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		<ul> <li>Publishers (P) Ltd.</li> <li>3. Jain, V. (2014). Review of Preventive and Social Mi Biostatistics. New Delhi: Jaypee Brothers Medical Pu</li> <li>4. Hiremath, L.D., Hiremath, D.A. (2012). Essentia Medicine—A Practical Approach. New Delhi: Jaypee Publishers (P) Ltd.</li> <li>5. Park, K. (2011). Textbook of Preventive and Jabalpur: Banarsidas Bhanot Publishers.</li> <li>6. Adepu, R. (2015). Community Pharmacy Practice publishers.</li> <li>Suggested e-material:</li> <li>1. Percent in Social and Administrative Pharmacy</li> </ul>
Course code PHAR Course name Advanced Instrumentatio Techniques (Discipline Elective)	Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: • advanced instruments used and its applications in drug analysis. • chromatographic separation and analysis of drugs • calibration of various analytical instruments • analysis of drugs using various analytical instruments.	Section-A Extraction techniques: General principle and procedure involved in t extraction and liquid-liquid extraction Chromatography: Introduction to chromatography Adsorption and partition column chromatograph advantages, disadvantages, adjadvantages, disadvantages, and applications <i>Paper chromatography</i> - Introduction, theory, inst applications <i>Section-B</i> Chromatography: Introduction, theory, inst applications <i>Gel chromatography</i> - Introduction, theory, inst applications <i>Gel chromatography</i> - Introduction, theory, inst applications, specific distribution, theory, inst applicating, specific distribution, theory, inst applicat

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eutical Chemistry.	

		<ul> <li>Vol. I &amp; II, New York: Marcel. Dekkar.</li> <li>Backeet, A.H., Stenlake, J.B. (1962). Practical Chemistry Vol. I &amp; II, London: The Atholog University of London.</li> <li>Willard, H.H., Merrit, L., Dean, J.A. (196 methods of analysis. New York: Van Nostrand</li> <li>Obonson, J.W.R. (1970). Undergraduate Instru- New York: Marcel Dekkar Inc.</li> <li>Parikh, V.H. (1974). Absorption Spectrosco Molecules. London: Addison-Wesley Publishin</li> <li>Indian Pharmacopoeia (2018), Ministry of H India.</li> <li>Backeet, A.H. Stenlake, J.B. (1988). Practica Chemistry Vol. I and II. London: The Atholone F</li> <li>Suggested e-material: 1. fist.ump.edu.my/index.php/en/</li> </ul>
Course code Course name Pharmaceutical Regulatory Science	Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: • process of drug discovery and development • regulatory authorities and agencies governing the manufacture and sale of pharmaceuticals • regulatory approval process and their registration in Indian and international markets	2. https://www.acs.org/content/cam/acsorg Section-A     New Drug Discovery and development Stages of drug development process, pre-clinical studies, non-cc clinical studies, innovator and generics, Concept of drug product development. Regulatory Approval Process Approval processes involved in Investigational New Drug (IND), New I (INDA), Abbreviated New Drug Application (ANDA) ir an approved NDA / ANDA. Section-B Regulatory authorities and agencies Overview authorities of United States, European Union, / Canada (Organization structure and types of applicat Registration of Indian drug product in overseas mark export of pharmaceutical products, Technical docu Master Files (DMF), Common Technical Document Common Technical 164 Document (eCTD), ASEAN CC Document (ACTD) research. Section-C Clinical trials Developing clinical trial protocols, Inst Board / Independent Ethics committee - formatil procedures, Informed consent process and p obligations of Investigators, sponsors & Monitors Monitoring clinical trials, Pharmacovigilance - safe clinical trials. Regulatory Concepts Basic terminologies, guida regulations, Iaws and acts, Orange book, Federal F Federal Regulatory, Purple book. Recommended books (Latest edition): 1. Itkar, S. Vyawahare, N.S. Drug Regulatory Afft Prakasha. 2. Berry, I.R., Martin, R.P. (2008). The Pharmaceut Process, Ed. Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Sciences, 3. Richard, A. Guarino, M.D. (2004). New Drug A Accelerating Global Registrations. CR C Press. 4. Weinberg, S. (2008). FioA Regulatory Afft Prakasha. 4. Weinberg, S. (2008). FioA Regulatory Afft Prakasha. 4. Weinberg, S. (2008). FioA Regulatory Afft Prakasha. 5. Pisano, D.J. Mantus, D. (2008). FioA Regulatory Afft Prescription drugs, medical devices, and biologics. Cf 9000000000000000000000000000000000

al Pharmaceutical one Press of the	
66) Instrumental I Renhold. rumental Analysis.	
<i>copy of Organic</i> ng Co. Health, Govt. of	
al Pharmaceutical Press.	
ug discovery, Drug clinical activities, generics, Generic	
es and timelines Drug Application in US. Changes to	
v of regulatory Australia, Japan, tions) ket Procedure for umentation, Drug (CTD), electronic ommon Technical	
stitutional Review cion and working procedures, GCP s, Managing and ety monitoring in	
ance, guidelines, Register, Code of	
fairs, Pune: Nirali	
eutical Regulatory CRC press. Approval Process:	
tory submissions.	
ffairs: a guide for RC Press.	

#### Section-A

Basic tests for drugs - Pharmaceutical substances, materials and dosage forms. WHO guidelines for herbal drugs. Evaluation of commercial crude drugs Quality assurance in herbal drug industry. cGMP, G/ in traditional system of medicine. WHO Guidelines manufacturing Practices (cGMP) for Herbal Guidelines on GACP for Medicinal Plants.

#### Section-B

EU and ICH guidelines for quality control of herba Guidelines for Evaluating the Safety and Efficacy of Stability testing of herbal medicines. Applica chromatographic techniques in standardization of Preparation of documents for new drug application registration GMP requirements and Drugs & provisions.

#### Section-C

Regulatory requirements for herbal medicines. Wi safety monitoring of herbal medicines in pharmaco Comparison of various Herbal Pharmacopoeias. Role biological markers in standardization of herbal produ Recommended Books (Latest edition):

1. Evans, W. (2009). Trease and Evans' Pharmacogno 2. Kokate, C.K., Purohit, A.P., Gokhale, G.B. (2008). New Delhi: Nirali Prakashan.

3. Rangari, V.D. (2006). Text book of Phan Phytochemistry. Nashik: Carrier Pub.

4. Aggrawal, S.S. (2002). Herbal Drug Technology. U 5. EMEA. Guidelines on Qualityof He Products/Traditional Medicinal Products.

6. Mukherjee, P.W. (2002). Quality Control of Approach to Evaluation of Botanicals. New Delhi: Publishers.

7. Shinde, M.V., Dhalwal, K., Potdar, K., Mah Application of quality control principles to herbal dr Journal of Phytomedicine. 1p, 4-8.

8. WHO. Quality Control Methods for Medicinal World Health Organization, Geneva, 1998.

WHO. Guidelines for the Appropriate Use of Herbal Regional Publications, Western Pacific Series No office for the Western Pacific, Manila, 1998.

9. WHO. The International Pharmacop QualitySpecifications, 3rd edn. World Health Orga 1981.

10. WHO. Quality Control Methods for Medicinal World Health Organization, Geneva, 1999.

11. WHO. WHO Global Atlas of Traditional, Cor Alternative Medicine. 2 vol. set. Vol. 1 contains text

World Health Organization, Geneva, 2005. 12. WHO. Guidelines on Good Agricultural and Co

(GACP) for Medicinal Plants. World Health Organ 2004.

#### Suggested e-material:

1.https://www.elsevier.com/books/quality-control-2. https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com

Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of:

- Detection of different type • of adulteration present in the crude drug
- Evaluation of the quality ٠ and purity of the drugs by morphological, microscopical, chemical, physical and biological evaluation
- stereochemistry of natural products
- biogenetic pathways • ongoing in the plants for production of the secondary metabolites

Course code PHAR Course name Quality Control and Standardization of Herbals

, Medicinal plants quality control of intended for use AP, GMP and GLP s on current good Medicines. WHO	
al drugs. Research Herbal Medicines. ation of various herbal products. ation and export Cosmetics Act	
THO guidelines on ovigilance systems le of chemical and ucts.	
osy. Saunders Ltd. . Pharmacognosy.	
rmacognosy and	
Jniversities Press. erbal Medicinal	
<i>Herbal Drugs: An</i> Business Horizons	
nadik, K. (2009). <i>rugs</i> . International	
l Plant Materials,	
l Medicines. WHO 3, WHO Regional	
peia, Vol. 2: inization, Geneva,	
l Plant Materials.	
mplementary and and Vol. 2, maps.	
ollection Practices nization, Geneva,	
andof-herbal/	

			Amicaute-IIA
		Section-A	
		Introduction to Pharmacovigilance • History and development of	
		Pharmacovigilance • Importance of safety monitoring of Medicine •	
		WHO international drug monitoring programme • Pharmacovigilance	
		Program of India(PvPI)	
		Introduction to adverse drug reactions • Definitions and	
		classification of ADRs • Detection and reporting • Methods in	
		Causality assessment • Severity and seriousness assessment •	
		Predictability and preventability assessment • Management of	
		adverse drug reactions	
		Basis terminologies used in nharmacovigilance	
		Terminologies of adverse medication related events	
		Populatory terminologies	
		• Regulatory terminologies	
		<b>Drug and disease classification</b> • Anatomical, therapeutic and	
		chemical classification of drugs • International classification of	
		diseases   Daily defined doses  International Non proprietary Names	
		for drugs	
	Upon completion of this course	Section-B	
	student will have an understanding	Drug dictionaries and coding in pharmacovigilance • WHO adverse	
	of:	reaction terminologies   MedDRA and Standardised MedDRA queries	
	<ul> <li>history and development of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>WHO drug dictionary</li> <li>Eudravigilance medicinal product dictionary</li> </ul>	
	pharmacovigilance	Information resources in pharmacovigilance • Basic drug	
	<ul> <li>national and international</li> </ul>	information resources	
	scenario of pharmacovigilance	Establishing pharmacovigilance programme • Establishing in a	
	<ul> <li>dictionaries, coding and</li> </ul>	hospital • Establishment & operation of drug safety department in	
Course code	terminologies used in	industry • Contract Research Organisations (CROs) • Establishing a	
course coue	pharmacovigilance	national programme	
Course name	<ul> <li>detection of new adverse drug</li> </ul>	Vaccine safety surveillance • Vaccine Pharmacovigilance •	
Pharmacovigilance	reactions and their assessment	Vaccination failure • Adverse events following immunization	
Filaimacovignance	<ul> <li>international standards for</li> </ul>	<b>Pharmacovigilance methods</b> • Passive surveillance – Spontaneous	
	classification of diseases and	reports and case series • Stimulated reporting • Active surveillance –	
	drugs	Sentinel sites, drug event monitoring and registries • Comparative	
	<ul> <li>adverse drug reaction reporting</li> </ul>	observational studies – Cross sectional study, case control study and	
	systems and communication in	cohort study	
	pharmacovigilance	<b>Communication in pharmacovigilance</b> • Effective communication in	
	<ul> <li>ICH guidelines for ICSR, PSUR,</li> </ul>	Pharmacovigilance • Communication in Drug Safety Crisis	
	expedited reporting,	management   Communicating with Regulatory Agencies Business	
	pharmacovigilance planning	Partners Healthcare facilities & Media	
	CIOMS requirements for ADR	Section-C	
	reporting	Statistical methods for evaluating medication safety data. Safety	
		data generation • Pre clinical phase • Clinical phase • Post approval	
		nhase	
		ICH Guidelines for Pharmacovigilance • Organization and objectives	
		of ICH • Expedited reporting • Individual case safety reports •	
		Deriodic cafety undate reporting • Individual case safety reports •	
		Periodic safety update reports • Post approval expedited reporting •	
		pharmacovigilance planning • Good clinical plactice in	
		pharmacovignance studies	
		Filamatogenomics of duverse drug reactions	
		Drug salety evaluation in special population • Paeulatrics •	
		CIDIVIS WORKING GROUPS      CIDIVIS FORM     CDSCO (India) and Discussion initial and	
		D&C Act and Schedule Y      Differences in Indian and global	
		pharmacovigiiance requirements	
		Recommended Books (Latest edition):	
		1. Gupta, SK. (2011). Textbook of Pharmacovigliance. New Delhi:	

		Jaypee Brothers, Medical Publishers. 2. Cobert, B. Biron, P. (2009). <i>Practical Drug Safety fr</i> and Bartlett Publishers. 3. Andrews, E.B. Moore, N. (2014). <i>Mann's Pharmace</i> York: Wiley Publishers. 4. Talbot, J. Walle, P. (2003). <i>Stephens' Detection</i> <i>Drug Reactions</i> . New York: Wiley Publishers. 5. Waller P. Harrison-Woolrych, M. (2017). <i>An</i> <i>Pharmacovigilance. New York:</i> Wiley Publishers. <b>Suggested E learning</b> 1http://www.whoumc.org/DynPage.aspx?id=105825 n2=7259&mn3=7297 2 http://www.ich.org/ 3 http://www.cioms.ch/ 4 http://cdsco.nic.in/
		5 http://www.who.int/vaccine_safety/en/ 6 http://www.ipc.gov.in/PvPI/pv_home.html
Course code PHAR Course name Cosmetic Science	Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: • various key ingredients and basic science to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals • scientific knowledge to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals with desired safety, stability and efficacy with compliance to Indian Regulatory Authority.	Section-A Classification of cosmetic and cosmeceutical produc cosmetics as per Indian and EU regulations Cosmeceuticals from cosmetics, cosmetics as quasi Cosmetic excipients: Surfactants, rheology modifie emollients, preservatives. Classification and application Skin: Basic structure skin. Hair: Basic structure of hair. Hair growth cycle. Oral Cavity: Common problem associated with teeth Principles of formulation and building blocks of skin Face wash, Moisturizing cream, Cold Cream, Vanis their advantages and disadvantages. Application of t formulation of cosmecuticals. Antiperspants & deodo mechanism of action. Section-B Principles of formulation and building blocks of Hai Conditioning shampoo, Hair conditioner, anti-dandru oils. Chemistry and formulation of Para-phylene dia dye. Principles of formulation and building block products: Toothpaste for bleeding gums, sensitiv whitening, Mouthwash. Sun protection, Classificatic and SPF. Role of herbs in cosmetics: Skin Care: Aloe and turmeric Hair care: Henna and an Oral care: Neem and clove Analytical cosmetics: BIS specification and analyti shampoo, skin-cream and toothpaste. Section-C Principles of Cosmetic Evaluation: Principles corneometer. Measurement of TEWL, Skin Colu strength, Hair combing properties. Soaps, and synde and skin benfits. Oily and dry skin, causes leading moisturisation. Basic understanding of the term dermatitis. Cosmetic problems associated with Hair and scalp fall causes Cosmetic problems associated with skin: blemishes prickly heat and body odor. Recommended Books (Latest edition):

from A to Z. Jones	
acovigilance: New	
of New Adverse	
Introduction to	
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ucts: Definition of	
s, Evolution of	
iers, humectants,	
e and function of	
n and gums.	
n care products:	
these products in	
lorants- Actives &	
air care products:	
amine based hair	
cks of oral care ive teeth. Teeth	
on of Sunscreens	
amla.	
tical methods for	
of sebumeter, lor. Hair tensile	
et bars. Evolution	
to dry skin, skin ns Comedogenic,	
<b>p:</b> Dandruff, Hair	
es, wrinkles, acne,	

		1. Wilkinson, J.B. Moore, R.J. (1982). Harry's Cosmett         Publication.         2. Sharma, P.P. (2014). Cosmetics – Formulations, M         Quality Control, Delhi: Vandana Publications Pvt. Ltd         3. Nanda, S. Khar, R.K. (2010). Text book of cosmelic         Publications (Regd) Pvt Ltd.         Section-A         Marketing: Definition, general concepts, and sco
Course code Course name Pharmaceutical Marketing	Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: • marketing concepts • techniques used in marketing • application of the marketing in the pharmaceutical industry.	Distinction between marketing & selling; Marketi Industry and competitive analysis; Analyzing c behavior; industrial buying behavior. Pharmaceutical market: Quantitative and qualitat and composition of the market; demographic descri psychological characteristics of the con- segmentation& targeting.Consumer profile; 1 prescribing habits of the physician; patients' choice retail pharmacist.Analyzing the Market/Role of mark Section-B Product decisions: Meaning, Classification, product mix decisions, Product Tife cycle, product porfolio positioning; New product decisions; Product brandi labeling decisions, Product management in pharmac Promotion: Meaning and methods, determinants mix, promotional budget; An overview of n advertising, direct mail, journals, sampling, r exhibition, public relations, online promotional tec Products. Pharmaceutical marketing channels: Designing of members, selecting the appropriatechannel, con physical distribution management. Strategic imp physical distribution management. Professional sales representative (PSR): Duties of detailing, selection and tratening, supervising, nor calls, motivating, evaluating, compensation and fur the PSR. Pricing: Meaning, importance, objectives, detern pricing methods and strategies, issuesin price pharmaceutical industry. An overview of DPCO (D Order] and NPPA (National Pharmaceutical Pricing M Marketing. Recommended Books: (Latest Editions) 1 Kotler, P. Keller, K.L. (2011). Marketing Manage, Prentice Hall of India. 2. Walker, O.C., Boyd, H.W. and Larreche, J.C. ( Strategy- Planning and Implementation, New GrawHill. 3. Grewal, D. Levy, M. Marketing. (2012). 5 <sup>th</sup> editor MC GrawHill. 4. Kumar, A. Menakshi, N. (2011). Marketing Manage- Prentice Hall of India. 5. Saxena, R. (2009). Marketing Management. Nev GrawHill.

ticology. Chemical	
<i>1anufacturing and</i> 1.	
cology. Delhi: Birla	
pe of marketing; ing environment; consumer buying	
tive aspects; size iptions and socio- sumer; market Motivation and e of physician and ket research.	
line and product analysis; product ing, packagingand ceutical industry. s of promotional personal selling, retailing, medical chniques for OTC	
channel, channel flict in channels, ortance, tasks in	
f PSR, purpose of rms for customer ture prospects of	
minants of price; management in orug Price Control Authority). zontal Marketing; arketing; Global	
ment, New Delhi:	
2006). <i>Marketing</i> Delhi: Tata MC	
n, New Delhi: Tata	
lanagement, New	
w Delhi: Tata MC	

<b>Course code</b> PHAR <b>Course name</b> Project Work	Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: • Experiments, the research tools lie literature review, presentation of data etc.	This course will govern the process of literatu presentation, which is prescribed for any type of resea
<b>Project Work A</b> Advanced Instrumentation Techniques Lab	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of:</li> <li>Advanced instruments used and its applications in drug analysis.</li> <li>chromatographic separation and analysis of drugs</li> <li>calibration of various analytical instruments</li> <li>analysis of drugs using various analytical instruments</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>To perform experiment based on solid phase extra liquid extraction</li> <li>To perform experiment based on various chromato a. adsorption and partition column chromatograph b. Thin layer chromatograph c. Paper chromatography d. Gel chromatography e. Affinity chromatography f. Gas chromatography f. Gas chromatography /High performance liquid co 3. To perform experiment based on electrophoresis.</li> <li>To perform experiment based on thermal techniquid 5. To perform experiment based on XRD</li> <li>To perform experiment based on radioimmunoassa</li> </ol>
<b>Project Work B</b> Cosmetic Science Lab	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of:</li> <li>evaluation of various key ingredients and basic science to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals</li> <li>Scientific knowledge to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals with desired safety, stability and efficacy with compliance to Indian Regulatory Authority.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>To prepare and evaluate cold cream</li> <li>To prepare and evaluate Vanishing cream</li> <li>Formulation &amp; evaluation Suppositories</li> <li>To prepare and evaluate Shaving creams</li> <li>Development and evaluation of Shampoo</li> <li>Development and evaluation of Toothpaste</li> <li>Development and evaluation of Antidandruff Sha</li> <li>Formulation &amp; evaluation of Clear gel</li> <li>To prepare and evaluate herbal creams</li> </ol>
<b>Project Work C</b> Quality Control and Standardization of Herbals Lab	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of:</li> <li>detection the type of adulteration present in the crude drug</li> <li>Evalauation of the quality and purity of the drugs by morphological, microscopical, chemical, physical and biological evaluation</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Determination of lycopodium spores in per mg l powder</li> <li>Determination of starch grains in per mg ginger lycopodium spore method</li> <li>Determination of acid insoluble and water solub given crude drug</li> <li>Determination of sugar content in Ayurvedic for</li> <li>Determination of total phenolic content of giver</li> <li>Determination of total flavonoid content of giver</li> <li>Determination of antioxidant activity of given al by DPPH method</li> <li>Quantification of flavonoids /steroids By HPLC</li> <li>Extraction of volatile oil and their chromatograp</li> <li>Standardization of marketed herbal formulation</li> </ol>
<b>Project Work D</b> Social and Preventive Pharmacy Lab	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of:</li> <li>Prescription reading and writing.</li> <li>Functioning of social pharmacy.</li> </ul>	

rature review and search work.	
traction and liquid-	
atography: aphy	
id chromatography is. iques.	
issay technique.	
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Name of Programme: Master of Pharmacy (Pharmaceutical Chemistry/Pharmaceutics/Pharmacology)

**Programme Educational Objectives:** Pharmacy programme deals with various aspects of modern drug design, drug development, production and quality assurance that are the basis for expertise in all domains of medicine. Pharmacy professionals being a member of healthcare team are unique in their detailed and comprehensive understanding of physical, chemical and biological interactions on the outcomes of drug therapy. They require an understanding of drug entities chemistry, delivery characteristics of dosage formulations, physiological and pharmacological outcomes of drug interactions. Pharmacy curriculum incorporate components of problem solving, case study and project work in the areas of specialization. The main objectives of the Pharmacy programme are:

- To provide exemplary education in a stimulating environment where delivery of pharmaceutical knowledge is integrated with nationally and internationally recognized research to conduct and publish cutting-edge multidisciplinary research in the discovery, utilization and evaluation of therapeutic agents.
- To prepare competent pharmacists at various levels for India.
- To raise sensitivity to professional ethical codes of conduct and social values.
- To prepare globally recognized pharmacy professionals.
- To demonstrate standards of digital literacy that would support professional needs in manufacture, patient care, hospital administration etc.
- To create awareness in society for rationale usage of medicines.
- To create awareness about environmental hazards in relation to GMP & GLP.
- To develop gender-neutral attitudes and practices; respect for all races, nations, religions, cultures, languages and traditions.
- To nurture a temperament that would enable individuals to set and work towards self-driven performance-goals, entrepreneurial ventures and overall leadership.

#### **Programme Outcomes:**

**PO1:** Pharmacy Knowledge: Possess knowledge and comprehension of the core and basic knowledge associated with the profession of pharmacy, including biomedical sciences; pharmaceutical science and technology; behavioral, social, and administrative pharmaceutical sciences; and manufacturing practices.

PO2: Planning abilities: Demonstrate effective planning abilities including time management, resource management, delegation skills and organizational skills. Develop and implement plans and organize work to meet deadlines.

PO3: Problem analysis: Utilize the principles of scientific enquiry, thinking analytically, clearly and critically, while solving problems and making decision during daily practice. Find, analyze, evaluate and apply information systematically and shall make defensible decisions.

PO4: Modern tool usage: Learn, select, and apply appropriate methods and procedures, resources, and modern pharmacy-related computing tools with an understanding of the limitations.

**PO5:** Leadership skills: Understand and consider the human reaction to change, motivation issues, leadership and team building when planning changes required for fulfillment of practice, professional and societal responsibilities. Assume participatory roles as responsible citizen or leadership roles when appropriate to facilitate improvement in health and well-being.

**PO6:** Professional Identity: Understand, analyze and communicate the value of their professional roles in society (e.g. health care professionals, promoters of health, educators, managers, employers, employees).

PO7: Pharmaceutical Ethics: Honor personal values and apply ethical principles in professional and social contexts. Demonstrate behavior that recognizes cultural and personal variability in values, communication and lifestyles. Use ethical frameworks; apply ethical principles while making decisions and take responsibility for the outcomes associated with the decisions.

Communication: Communicate effectively with the pharmacy community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective, make effective presentations and documentation, and give and receive clear instructions.

PO9: The Pharmacist and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety and legal issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional pharmacy practice.

PO10: Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional pharmacy solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO11: Life- long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change. Self access and use feedback effectively from others to identify learning needs and to satisfy theses needs on an ongoing basis.

**Programme Name:** Pharmaceutical Chemistry Programme Scheme: First Year Semester: First

Existin	Existing scheme as per 2017-18 (Implementation in contingent to PCI norms)				
Course code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С
PHAR 503	Advanced Medicinal Chemistry	4	0	0	4
PHAR 504	Advanced Organic Chemistry – I	4	0	0	4
PHAR 509	Chemistry of Natural Products	4	0	0	4
PHAR 516	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	0	0	4
PHAR 524	Pharmacological And Toxicological Screening Methods	4	0	0	4
PHAR 519L	Pharmaceutical Chemistry Lab- I	0	0	12	6
	Semester wise total:	20	0	12	26

Programme Scheme: First Year Semester: Second

> Existing scheme as per 2017-18 (Implementation in contingent to PCI norms) **Proposed scheme from Academic Course code Course Name** L Т Р С Course code **Course Name** Advance Organic Chemistry-II Advance Organic Chemistry-II **PHAR 501** 0 4 0 4 **PHAR 501 PHAR 507 PHAR 507** Advanced Spectral Analysis 0 0 Advanced Spectral Analysis 4 4 Computer Aided Drug Design Computer Aided Drug Design PHAR 511 0 PHAR 511 0 4 4 PHAR 515 Intellectual Property Rights 4 0 0 4 **PHAR 521** Pharmaceutical Process Chemistry **PHAR 521** PHAR 520L Pharmaceutical Process Chemistry 4 0 0 Pharmaceutical Chemistry Lab - II 4 PHAR 520L Pharmaceutical Chemistry Lab – II 0 0 12 6 Open Elective Semester wise total: 20 12 26 Semester 0

Changes in Scheme

Changes in Scheme

Session 2019-20									
	L	Т	Р	С					
	4	0	0	4					
	4	0	0	4					
	4	0	0	4					
niques	4	0	0	4					
	0	0	12	6					
	4	0	0	4					
wise total:	20	0	12	26					

Session 2019-20									
	L	Т	Р	С					
	4	0	0	4					
	4	0	0	4					
	4	0	0	4					
	4	0	0	4					
	0	0	12	6					
	4	0	0	4					
wise total:	20	0	12	26					

**Programme Name:** Pharmaceutics **Programme Scheme:** First Year **Semester:** First Changes in Scheme and Minor changes in syllabi of Modern Pharmaceutics

Existing	g scheme as per 2017-18 (Implementation in contin	Proposed scheme from Academic Session 2019-20									
Course code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С	Course code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	(
PHAR 514	Drug Delivery Systems	4	0	0	4	PHAR 514	Drug Delivery Systems	4	0	0	
PHAR 516	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	0	0	4	PHAR 516	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	0	0	
PHAR 517	Modern Pharmaceutics	4	0	0	4	PHAR 517	Modern Pharmaceutics	4	0	0	
PHAR 524	Pharmacological And Toxicological Screening Methods	4	0	0	4	PHAR 529	Regulatory Affairs	4	0	0	
PHAR 529	Regulatory Affairs	4	0	0	4	PHAR 522L	Pharmaceutics Lab- I	0	0	12	
PHAR 522L	Pharmaceutics Lab- I	0	0	12	6		Discipline Elective	4	0	0	
	Semester wise total:	20	0	12	26		Semester wise total:	20	0	12	,

**Programme Scheme:** First Year **Semester:** Second

Minor changes in syllabi of Advanced Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics

Existing	g scheme as per 2017-18 (Implementation in contin		Proposed scheme from Academic Session 201	9-20							
Course code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С	Course code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	(
PHAR 502	Advanced Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics	4	0	0	4	PHAR 502	Advanced Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics	4	0	0	4
PHAR 512	Computer Aided Drug Development	4	0	0	4	PHAR 512	Computer Aided Drug Development	4	0	0	
PHAR 513	Cosmetics And Cosmeceuticals	4	0	0	4	PHAR 513	Cosmetics And Cosmeceuticals	4	0	0	
PHAR 515	Intellectual Property Rights	4	0	0	4	PHAR 518	Molecular Pharmaceutics	4	0	0	
PHAR 518	Molecular Pharmaceutics	4	0	0	4	PHAR 523L	Pharmaceutics Lab – II	0	0	12	
PHAR 523L	Pharmaceutics Lab – II	0	0	12	6		Open Elective	4	0	0	
	Semester wise total:	20	0	12	26		Semester wise total:	20	0	12	2

**Programme Name:** Pharmacology **Programme Scheme:** First Year **Semester:** First Changes made in the scheme to align with PCI regulations 2016.

Existing s	scheme as per 2017-18 (Implementation in contin	gent to	o PCI n		Proposed scheme from Academic Session 20	19-20					
Course code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С	Course code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	
PHAR 505	Advanced Pharmacology – I	4	0	0	4	PHAR 505	Advanced Pharmacology – I	4	0	0	
PHAR 508	Cellular And Molecular Pharmacology	4	0	0	4	PHAR 508	Cellular And Molecular Pharmacology	4	0	0	
PHAR 516	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	0	0	4	PHAR 516	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	0	0	
PHAR 524	Pharmacological And Toxicological Screening Methods	4	0	0	4		Pharmacological And Toxicological Screening Methods-I	4	0	0	
PHAR 528	Principles of Drug Discovery	4	0	0	4	PHAR 526L	Pharmacology Lab – I	0	0	12	
PHAR 526L	Pharmacology Lab – I	0	0	12	6		Discipline Elective	4	0	0	
	Semester wise total:	20	0	12	26		Semester wise total:	20	0	12	

**Programme Scheme:** First Year **Semester:** Second

Changes made in the scheme to align with PCI regulations 2016.

Existing s	scheme as per 2017-18 (Implementation in contin		Proposed scheme from Academic Session 201	19-20							
Course code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С	Course code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С
PHAR 506	Advanced Pharmacology - II	4	0	0	4	PHAR 506	Advanced Pharmacology - II	4	0	0	4
PHAR 510	Clinical Research And Pharmacovigilance	4	0	0	4	PHAR 510	Clinical Research And Pharmacovigilance	4	0	0	4
PHAR 511	Computer Aided Drug Design	4	0	0	4		Principles of Drug Discovery	4	0	0	4
PHAR 515	Intellectual Property Rights	4	0	0	4	PHAR 525	Pharmacological And Toxicological Screening Methods-II	4	0	0	4
PHAR 525	Pharmacological And Toxicological Screening Methods-II	4	0	0	4	PHAR 527L	Pharmacology Lab – II	0	0	12	б
PHAR 527L	Pharmacology Practical – II	0	0	12	6		Open Elective	4	0	0	4
	Semester wise total:	20	0	12	26		Semester wise total:	20	0	12	26

**Programme Scheme:** Second Year **Semester:** Third & fourth

No Changes

Existing	scheme as per 2017-18 (Implementation in contin		Proposed scheme from Acaden				
						Course code	Course Name
Course code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С	PHAR 601P	Project (Part-I)
PHAR 601P	Project (Part-I)	0	0	52	26		Reading Elective -1
PHAR 602P	Project (Part-II)	0	0	52	26	PHAR 602P	Project (Part-II)
	Semester wise total:	0	0	104	52		Reading Elective -2
							Semest

	Discipline Elective			Reading Elective						
Course code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С					
	Pharmacological and Toxicological Screening		-	-		Course code     Course Name	L	Т	Р	С
	Methods *	4	0	0	4	Pharmacovigilance	0	0	0	2
	Herbal Cosmetics	4	0	0	4	Nutraceuticals	0	0	0	2
	Advanced Pharmaceutical Biotechnology	4	0	0	4	Toxicology	0	0	0	2
PHAR 515	Intellectual Property Rights	4	0	0	4	Pharmaceutical Industrial Management	0	0	0	2
	Regulatory Aspects Food and Nutraceuticals	4	0	0	4	Product development	0	0	0	2
	Regulatory Aspects of Medical Devices	4	0	0	4	Molecular basis of drug discovery	0	0	0	2
	Principle of Medicinal Chemistry #	4	0	0	4	Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance	0	0	0	2

\*Disciple elective only for Pharmaceutics and Pharmaceutical chemistry # Discipline elective only for Pharmacology

Session 201	9-20			
	L	Т	Р	С
	0	0	52	26
	0	0	0	2
	0	0	52	26
	0	0	0	2
wise total:	0	0	104	56

# Name of Programme: Master of Pharmacy (Pharmaceutical Chemistry)

### Course details: First Semester

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
Course code PHAR 503 Course name Advanced Medicinal Chemistry	Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: • varrious aspects of drug designing and methods for their analysis. • factor to design new drug against particular biochemical. • Characterization and interpretation of data	<ul> <li>SECTION-A</li> <li>Drug discovery: Stages of drug discovery, lead discovery; identification, validation and diversity of drug targets. Biological drug targets: Receptors, types, binding and activation, theories of drug receptor interaction, drug receptor interactions, agonists vs antagonists.</li> <li>Stereochemistry and drug action: Realization that stereo selectivity is a pre-requisite for evolution. Role of chirality in selective and specific therapeutic agents. Case studies, Enantio selectivity in drug adsorption, metabolism, distribution and elimination.</li> <li>Analog Design: Introduction, Classical &amp; Non classical, Bioisosteric replacement strategies, rigid analogs, alteration of chain branching, changes in ring size, ring position isomers, design of stereo isomers and geometric isomers, fragments of a lead molecule, variation in inter atomic distance.</li> <li>SECTION-B</li> <li>Drug biotransformation: Drug biotransformation and its role in development of new drug molecules.</li> <li>Prodrug design: Basic concept, Carrier linked prodrugs/ Bioprecursors, Prodrugs of functional group, Prodrugs to improve patient acceptability, Drug absorption and distribution, site specific drug delivery and sustained drug action.</li> <li>Rationale of prodrug design and practical consideration of prodrug design.</li> <li>Enzyme Inhibitors: Rational design of enzyme inhibitors, enzyme kinetics &amp; principles of enzyme inhibitors.</li> <li>SECTION-C</li> <li>An overview of target discovery and validation.</li> <li>Combating drug resistance: Causes for drug resistance, strategies to combat drug resistance in antibiotics and anticancer therapy, Genetic principles of drug resistance.</li> <li>Peptidomimetics, Harapeutic values of Peptidomimetics, design of the peptide backbone, incorporating conformational constraints locally or globally.</li> <li>Computational prediction of protein structure: Threading and homology modeling methods. Application of NMR and X-ray</li></ul>	<ul> <li>SECTION-A</li> <li>Drug discovery: Stages of drug discovery, lead discovery; identification, validation and diversity of drug targets.</li> <li>Biological drug targets: Receptors, types, binding and activation, theories of drug receptor interaction, drug receptor interactions, agonists vs antagonists.</li> <li>Stereochemistry and drug action: Realization that stereo selectivity is a pre-requisite for evolution. Role of chriality in selective and specific therapeutic agents. Case studies, Enantio selectivity in drug adsorption, metabolism, distribution and elimination.</li> <li>Analog Design: Introduction, Classical &amp; Non classical, Bioisosteric replacement strategies, rigid analogs, alteration of chain branching, changes in ring size, ring position isomers, design of stereo isomers and geometric isomers, fragments of a lead molecule, variation in inter atomic distance.</li> <li>SECTION-B</li> <li>Drug biotransformation: Drug biotransformation and its role in development of new drug molecules.</li> <li>Prodrug design: Basic concept, Carrier linked prodrugs/ Bioprecursors, Prodrugs of functional group, Prodrugs to improve patient acceptability, Drug solubility, Drug absorption and distribution, site specific drug delivery and sustained drug action. Rationale of prodrug design and practical consideration of prodrug design.</li> <li>Enzyme Inhibitors: Rational design of enzyme inhibitors, enzyme kinetics &amp; principles of enzyme inhibitors.</li> <li>SECTION-C</li> <li>An overview of target discovery and validation.</li> <li>Combating drug resistance: Causes for drug resistance, strategies to combat drug resistance: an antibiotics and anticancer therapy, Genetic principles of drug resistance: an antibiotics of NMR and X-ray crystallography in protein structure prediction</li> <li>Recommended books (Latest edition):</li> <li>Beale, J.M. (2010). Wilson and Gisvold's Text book of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, 12<sup>th</sup> Ed., New Delhi: Lppinco</li></ul>	No changes in the syllabus. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		<ol> <li>Arienes EJ, Drug Design, Academic Press, Elsevier: vol 6, Edi 1<sup>st</sup>, 1975.</li> <li>Smith, Williams, Introduction to the Principles of Drug Design and Action, CRC Press: Edi 4, 2005.</li> <li>Silverman RB, The Organic Chemistry of the Drug Design and Drug action, Elsevier Publishers: Edi 2<sup>nd</sup>, 2012.</li> <li>Patrick GL, An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry, Oxford University Press, USA: Edi 1<sup>st</sup>, 1995.</li> <li>Brahmankar DM, Jaiswal SB, Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics, Vallabh Prakashan, New Delhi: Edi 2<sup>nd</sup>, 2014.</li> <li>Guarna A, Trabocchi A, Peptidomimetics in Organic and Medicinal Chemistry, edi 1<sup>st</sup>, Wiley publishers: 2014.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Design and Action, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed., CRC Press.</li> <li>7. Silverman, R.B. (2012).<i>The Organic Chemistry of the Drug Design</i> and Drug action, 2nd edition, Elsevier Publishers.</li> <li>8. Patrick, G.L. (1995).<i>An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry</i>, 1<sup>st</sup> Ed., Oxford University Press.</li> <li>9. Brahmankar, D.M. Jaiswal, S.B. (2014).<i>Biopharmaceutics and</i> <i>pharmacokinetics</i>, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., New Delhi: Vallabh Prakashan.</li> <li>10. Guarna, A. Trabocchi, A. (2014).<i>Peptidomimetics in Organic and</i> <i>Medicinal Chemistry</i>, 1<sup>st</sup> Ed., New York: Wiley publishers.</li> </ul>	
		SECTION-A	SECTION-A	
		<b>Basic aspects of organic chemistry:</b> Organic intermediates: Carbocations, carbanions, free radicals, carbenes and nitrenes. Their method of formation, stability and synthetic applications. Types of reaction mechanisms and methods of determining them, Detailed knowledge regarding the reactions, mechanisms and their relative reactivity and orientations.	<b>Basic aspects of organic chemistry:</b> Organic intermediates: Carbocations, carbanions, free radicals, carbenes and nitrenes. Their method of formation, stability and synthetic applications. Types of reaction mechanisms and methods of determining them, Detailed knowledge regarding the reactions, mechanisms and their relative reactivity and orientations.	
		Addition reactions: Nucleophilic uni- and bimolecular reactions (SN1 and SN2), Elimination reactions (E1 & E2; Hoffman & Saytzeff's rule), Rearrangement reaction	<b>Addition reactions:</b> Nucleophilic uni- and bimolecular reactions (SN1 and SN2), Elimination reactions (E1 & E2; Hoffman & Saytzeff's rule), Rearrangement reaction	
Course code	Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: • basic reaction mechanisms	Study of mechanism and synthetic applications of following named reactions: Ugi reaction, Brook rearrangement, Ullmann coupling reactions, Dieckmann Reaction, Doebner-Miller Reaction, Sandmeyer Reaction, Mitsunobu reaction, Mannich reaction, Vilsmeyer-Haack Reaction, Sharpless asymmetric epoxidation, Baeyer-Villiger oxidation, Shapiro & Suzuki reaction, Ozonolysis and Michael addition reaction	Study of mechanism and synthetic applications of following named reactions: Ugi reaction, Brook rearrangement, Ullmann coupling reactions, Dieckmann Reaction, Doebner-Miller Reaction, Sandmeyer Reaction, Mitsunobu reaction, Mannich reaction, Vilsmeyer-Haack Reaction, Sharpless asymmetric epoxidation, Baeyer-Villiger oxidation, Shapiro & Suzuki reaction, Ozonolysis and Michael addition reaction	No changes in the sullabus
PHAR 504	involved in an organic	SECTION-B	SECTION-B	No changes in the synabus.
Course name Advanced Organic Chemistry-I	<ul> <li>Design organic synthesis by using different techniques in the field of drug discovery and process chemistry.</li> </ul>	Synthetic reagents & applications: Aluminium isopropoxide, N- bromosuccinamide, diazomethane, dicyclohexylcarbodimide, Wilkinson reagent, Witting reagent. Osmium tetroxide, titanium chloride, diazopropane, diethyl azodicarboxylate, Triphenylphosphine, (Benzotriazol-1-yloxy)tris(dimethylamino)phosphonium hexafluorophosphate (BOP).	Synthetic reagents & applications: Aluminium isopropoxide, N- bromosuccinamide, diazomethane, dicyclohexylcarbodimide, Wilkinson reagent, Witting reagent. Osmium tetroxide, titanium chloride, diazopropane, diethyl azodicarboxylate, Triphenylphosphine, (Benzotriazol-1-yloxy)tris(dimethylamino)phosphonium hexafluorophosphate (BOP).	"Suggested e-material:" has been added.
	Protecting groups:       Role of protection in organic synthesis, protection       Protection         Image: Figure 1       For the hydroxyl group, including 1,2-and 1,3-diols, ethers, esters, carbonates, cyclic acetals & ketals. Protection for the carbonyl group, carbonates and ketals. Protection for the carboxyl group, esters and acetals hydrazides. Protection for the amino group and amino acids, hydrazides.       Hydrazides	<b>Protecting groups:</b> Role of protection in organic synthesis, protection for the hydroxyl group, including 1,2-and 1,3-diols, ethers, esters, carbonates, cyclic acetals & ketals. Protection for the carbonyl group, acetals and ketals. Protection for the carboxyl group, esters and hydrazides. Protection for the amino group and amino acids, carbamates and amides.		
		<b>Synthon approach and retrosynthesis applications:</b> Basic principles, terminologies and advantages of retrosynthesis; guidelines for dissection of molecules. Functional group interconvertion and addition (FGI and FGA). C-X disconnections; C-C disconnections – alcohols and carbonyl compounds; 1,2-, 1,3-, 1,4-, 1,5-, 1,6-difunctionalized compounds. Strategies for synthesis of three,	<b>Synthon approach and retrosynthesis applications:</b> Basic principles, terminologies and advantages of retrosynthesis; guidelines for dissection of molecules. Functional group interconvertion and addition (FGI and FGA). C-X disconnections; C-C disconnections – alcohols and carbonyl compounds; 1,2-, 1,3-, 1,4-, 1,5-, 1,6-difunctionalized compounds. Strategies for synthesis of three,	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		four, five and six-membered ring.	four, five and six-membered ring.	
		SECTION-C	SECTION-C	
		<b>Heterocyclic Chemistry:</b> Organic Name reactions with their respective mechanism and application involved in synthesis of drugs containing five, six membered and fused hetrocyclics such as Debus-Radziszewski imidazole synthesis, Knorr Pyrazole Synthesis Pinner Pyrimidine Synthesis Combes Quipoline Synthesis Bernthsen Acridine Synthesis	<b>Heterocyclic Chemistry:</b> Organic Name reactions with their respective mechanism and application involved in synthesis of drugs containing five, six membered and fused hetrocyclics such as Debus-Radziszewski imidazole synthesis, Knorr Pyrazole Synthesis Pinner Pyrimidine Synthesis Combes Quipoline Synthesis Bernthsen Acridine Synthesis	
		Smiles rearrangement and Traube purine synthesis.	Smiles rearrangement and Traube purine synthesis.	
		Synthesis of few representative drugs containing these heterocyclic nucleus such as Ketoconazole, Metronidazole, Miconazole, celecoxib, antipyrin, Metamizole sodium, Terconazole, Alprazolam, Triamterene, Sulfamerazine, Trimethoprim, Hydroxychloroquine, Quinine,	Synthesis of few representative drugs containing these heterocyclic nucleus such as Ketoconazole, Metronidazole, Miconazole, celecoxib, antipyrin, Metamizole sodium, Terconazole, Alprazolam, Triamterene, Sulfamerazine, Trimethoprim, Hydroxychloroquine, Quinine,	
		Chloroquine, Quinacrine, Amsacrine, Prochlorpherazine, Promazine,	Chloroquine, Quinacrine, Amsacrine, Prochlorpherazine, Promazine,	
		Chlorpromazine, Theophylline , Mercaptopurine and Thioguanine.	Chlorpromazine, Theophylline , Mercaptopurine and Thioguanine.	
		Books recommended:	Recommended books (Latest edition):	
		<ol> <li>"Smith MB, Jerry March,s Advanced Organic chemistry: Reaction, Mechanisms and Structure, John Wiley and Sons, New York: edi 7<sup>th</sup>, 2013.</li> <li>Gould ES, Rinchart H, Winston, Mechanism and Structure in Organic Chemistry, New York: 1959.</li> <li>Clayden, Greeves, Warren, Woihers, Organic Chemistry, Oxford University Press: 2001.</li> <li>Finar IL, Organic Chemistry, ELBS, Pearson Education Lts, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd: vol I-II, 2011.</li> <li>Peter Skyes, A guide to mechanisms in Organic Chemistry, Orient Longman, New Delhi: Edi 6<sup>th</sup>, 2011.</li> <li>Wilson SR, Czarnik AW, Combinational Chemistry:Synthesis and applications, Wiley – Blackwell:1997.</li> <li>Carey FA, Sundberg RA, Advanced Organic Chemistry, springer: edi 5<sup>th</sup>, 2007.</li> <li>Warren S, Waytt P, Organic Synthesis: The Disconnection Approach, Willy India: Edi 2, 2008.</li> <li>Norman ROC, Coxan JM, Thorns N, Principles of Organic Synthesis, Edi 3<sup>rd</sup>, 1993.</li> <li>Ahluwalia VK, Agarwal R, Organic Synthesis: Special Techniques, Narosa Publishers: Edi 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2001.</li> <li>Ahluwalia VK, Parashar RK, Organic Reaction Mechanisms, Narosa Publishers: Edi 4<sup>th</sup>, 2007.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Smith, M.B. (2013). Jerry March,s Advanced Organic chemistry: Reaction, Mechanisms and Structure, 7<sup>th</sup> Ed., New York: John Wiley and Sons.</li> <li>Gould, E.S., Rinchart, H. W. (1959).Mechanism and Structure in Organic Chemistry, New York: Holt, Rinehart and Winston.</li> <li>Clayden, Greeves, Warren, Woihers. (2001).Organic Chemistry, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., Oxford University Press.</li> <li>Finar, I.L. (2011).Organic Chemistry, India: ELBS, Pearson Education Lts, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>Peter, Skyes. (2011). A guide to mechanisms in Organic Chemistry, 6<sup>th</sup> Ed., New Delhi: Orient Longman.</li> <li>Wilson, S.R. Czarnik, A.W. (1997).Combinational Chemistry: Synthesis and applications: Wiley– Blackwell.</li> <li>Carey, F.A. Sundberg, R.A. (2007). Advanced Organic Chemistry, 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., Springer.</li> <li>Warren, S. Waytt, P. (2008). Organic Synthesis: The Disconnection Approach, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., Willy.</li> <li>Norman, R.O.C. Coxan, J.M. Thorns, N. (1993). Principles of Organic Synthesis, 3<sup>rd</sup>, Ed., Nelson Thornes Ltd.</li> <li>Ahluwalia, V.K. Agarwal, R. (2001). Organic Synthesis: Special Techniques, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., New Delhi: Narosa Publishers.</li> <li>Ahluwalia, V.K. Parashar, R.K. (2007). Organic Reaction Mechanisms, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed., New Delhi: Narosa Publishers.</li> </ol>	
			Suggested e-material:1. Singh, Maya Shankar: Advanced Organic Chemistry :ReactionsandMechanisms:http://lib.myilibrary.com?id=4758672. Bruice, Paula Y:Organic Chemistry: Pearson NewInternational Edition: http://lib.myilibrary.com?id=5271613. https://www.organic-chemistry.org4. https://www.masterorganicchemistry.com/resource-guide/5. https://www.organicdivision.org/links/	
Course code	Upon completion of this course	SECTION-A	SECTION-A	No changes in the syllabus
PHAR 509 Course name Chemistry of Natural Products	<ul> <li>student will have an understanding of:</li> <li>The role and applicability of lead molecules of natural</li> </ul>	Study of natural products as leads for new pharmaceuticals for the following class of drugs: a) Drugs Affecting the Central Nervous System: Morphine Alkaloids	Study of natural products as leads for new pharmaceuticals for the following class of drugs: a) Drugs Affecting the Central Nervous System: Morphine Alkaloids	"Suggested e-material:" has been added.

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	origin in the field of drug	b) Anticancer Drugs: Paclitaxel and Docetaxel, Etoposide, and	b) Anticancer Drugs: Paclitaxel and Docetaxel, Etoposide, and	
	research	Teniposide	Teniposide	
	characterization of medicinal	c) Cardiovascular Drugs: Lovastatin, Teprotide and Dicoumarol	c) Cardiovascular Drugs: Lovastatin, Teprotide and Dicoumarol	
	compounds from natural	d) Neuromuscular Blocking Drugs: Curare alkaloids	d) Neuromuscular Blocking Drugs: Curare alkaloids	
	origin.	e) Anti-malarial drugs and Analogues	e) Anti-malarial drugs and Analogues	
	in the field of drug discovery.	f) Chemistry of macrolid antibiotics (Erythromycin, Azithromycin,	f) Chemistry of macrolid antibiotics (Erythromycin, Azithromycin,	
	• types and uses of various	Roxithromycin, and Clarithromycin) and $\boldsymbol{\beta}$ - Lactam antibiotics	Roxithromycin, and Clarithromycin) and $\boldsymbol{\beta}$ - Lactam antibiotics	
	reagents and reactions	(Cephalosporins and Carbapenem)	(Cephalosporins and Carbapenem)	
	involved in the structural elucidation of natural	Active constituent of certain crude drugs used in Indigenous system:	Active constituent of certain crude drugs used in Indigenous system:	
	compounds.	Diabetic therapy – Gymnema sylvestre, Salacia reticulate, Pterocarpus	Diabetic therapy – Gymnema sylvestre, Salacia reticulate, Pterocarpus	
		marsupiam, Swertia chirata, Irigonella foenum graccum; Liver	marsupiam, Swertia chirata, Irigonella foenum graccum; Liver	
		uysrunction – Phynantinus mrun, Antitumor – Curcuma longa Linn.	SECTION-B	
		SECTION-B	Alkaloids: General introduction, classification, isolation, purification,	
		Alkaloids: General introduction, classification, isolation, purification,	molecular modification and biological activity of alkaloids, general	
		molecular modification and biological activity of alkaloids, general	methods of structural determination of alkaloids, structural elucidation and stereochemistry of enhedrine morphine ergot	
		methods of structural determination of alkaloids, structural	emetine and reservine.	
		emetine and reservoire.	Flavonoids: Introduction, isolation and purification of flavonoids,	
		<b>Flavonoids:</b> Introduction, isolation and purification of flavonoids,	General methods of structural determination of flavonoids; Structural	
		General methods of structural determination of flavonoids; Structural	elucidation of quercetin.	
		elucidation of quercetin.	Steroids: General introduction, chemistry of sterols, sapogenin and	
		Steroids: General introduction, chemistry of sterols, sapogenin and	cardiac glycosides. Stereochemistry and nomenclature of steroids,	
		cardiac glycosides. Stereochemistry and nomenclature of steroids,	(Testosterone, Estradio), Progesterone), adrenocorticoids (Cortisone)	
		chemistry of contraceptive agents male & female sex hormones	contracentive agents and steroids (Vit – D)	
		(Testosterone, Estradiol, Progesterone), adrenocorticolas (Cortisone),	SECTION-C	
		SECTION-C	<b>Terpenoids:</b> Classification, isolation, isoprene rule and general	
		Tornanaide: Classification isolation isonrono rule and general	methods of structural elucidation of Terpenoids; Structural	
		methods of structural elucidation of Terpenoids: Structural	elucidation of drugs belonging to mono (citral, menthol, camphor),	
		elucidation of drugs belonging to mono (citral, menthol, camphor).	di(retinol, Phytol, taxol) and tri terpenoids (Squalene, Ginsenoside)	
		di(retinol, Phytol, taxol) and tri terpenoids (Squalene, Ginsenoside)	carotinoids (β carotene).	
		carotinoids (β carotene).	Vitamins: Chemistry and Physiological significance of Vitamin A, B1,	
		Vitamins: Chemistry and Physiological significance of Vitamin A, B1,	B2, B12, C, E, Folic acid and Niacin.	
		B2, B12, C, E, Folic acid and Niacin.	Recombinant DNA technology and drug discovery rDNA technology,	
		Recombinant DNA technology and drug discovery rDNA technology,	histechnology: Oligonucleatide therapy. Gene therapy: Introduction	
		hybridoma technology, New pharmaceuticals derived from	Clinical application and recent advances in gene therapy, principles of	
		Diotechnology; Oligonucleotide therapy. Gene therapy: Introduction,	RNA & DNA estimation.	
		RNA & DNA estimation	Structural characterization of natural compounds: using IR, <sup>1</sup> H-NMR,	
		Structural characterization of natural compounds: using IR. <sup>1</sup> H-NMR.	<sup>13</sup> C-NMR and MS spectroscopy of specific drugs e.g., Penicillin,	
		<sup>13</sup> C-NMR and MS spectroscopy of specific drugs e.g., Penicillin,	Morphine, Camphor, Vit-D, Quercetin and Digitalis glycosides.	
		Morphine, Camphor, Vit-D, Quercetin and Digitalis glycosides.	Province ded basels (lot in 1991)	
			Recommended books (Latest edition):	
		Books recommended:	<b>1.</b> Peech, Tracey, M.V. (1955). <i>Modern Methods of Plant</i>	
		1. Peech, Tracey MV, Modern Methods of Plant Analysis,	Analysis, 1 <sup></sup> Ed., Springer-Verlag- Berlin- Heidelberg.	
		Springer-Verlag- Berlin- Heidelberg: Edi 1 <sup>st</sup> , 1955.	2. Runeckles, V.C. (1975). Recent advances in Phytochemistry,	
		Science & Business Media: vol. I-IV, 1975.	voll-iv, Springer Science & Business Media	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		<ol> <li>Chemistry of natural products Vol I onwards IWPAC.</li> <li>Natural Product Chemistry Nakanishi Gggolo, University Science Books, California.</li> <li>IKan R, <i>Natural Product:A laboratory guide</i>, Academic Press: Edi 2<sup>nd</sup>, 1091.</li> <li>Natural Product Chemistry Nakanishi Gggolo, University Science Books, California.</li> <li>Natural Product Chemistry "A laboratory guide" – Rapheal Khan.</li> <li>The Alkaloid Chemistry and Physiology by RHF Manske, Academic Press.</li> <li>Introduction to molecular Phytochemistry – CHJ Wells, Chapmannstall.</li> <li>Organic Chemistry of Natural Products Vol I and II by Gurdeep and Chatwal, Himalaya Publishing House.</li> <li>Organic Chemistry Vol I and II by I.L. Finar, Pearson education.</li> <li>Elements of Biotechnology by P.K. Gupta, Rastogi Publishers.</li> <li>Pharmaceutical Biotechnology by S.P.Vyas and V.K.Dixit, CBS Publishers.</li> <li>Biotechnology by Purohit and Mathur, Agro-Bios, 13th edition.</li> <li>Phytochemical methods of Harborne, Springer, Netherlands.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Nakanishi, G. Goto, T. Natori, S. (1984). Natural Product Chemistry, Californiya: University Science Books.</li> <li>IKan, R. (2014). Natural Product: A laboratory guide, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., Academic Press.</li> <li>Manske, R.H.F. (1965). The Alkaloids :Chemistry and Physiology, vol 5, 1<sup>st</sup> Ed., Academic Press.</li> <li>Wells, C.H.J. (9172). Introduction to molecular Phytochemistry, Chapmann and Hall.</li> <li>Chatwal, G.R. (2015). Organic Chemistry of Natural Products, voll-II, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed., Himalaya Publishing House.</li> <li>Agarwal, O.P. (2019). Organic Chemistry of Natural Products, vol I-II, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed., Krishan Prakashan media.</li> <li>Finar, I.L. (2011). Organic Chemistry, ELBS, Pearson Education Lts, vol I-II, Dorling Kindersley.</li> <li>Gupta, P.K. (2005). Elements of Biotechnology, Rastogi Publishers.</li> <li>Yayas, S.P. Dixit, V.K. (2012). Pharmaceutical Biotechnology, CBS Publishers.</li> <li>Purohit, Mathur, (2009).Biotechnology, 13<sup>th</sup> Ed., Agro-Bios.</li> <li>Suggested e-material:</li> <li>Wiart, Christophe: Lead compounds from medicinal plants for the treatment of neurodegenerative diseases: http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/978012398373 2</li> <li>medicinal chemistry of bioactive natural products - Kois.SK: https://www.pdfdrive.com/medicinal-chemistry-of- bioactive-natural-products-koissk-e8027117.html</li> <li>https://www.pdfdrive.com/pharmaceutical-biotechnology- concentr, and analizations d28526075 html</li> </ol>	
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 516 <b>Course name</b> Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of:</li> <li>significance of Pharmaceutical Analysis in the profession.</li> <li>various tools and techniques available for the analysis of drugs.</li> <li>principles of various conventional analytical techniques.</li> <li>application of Pharmacopoeial purity and identity tests for samples.</li> <li>proper handling of laboratory equipments and glassware.</li> <li>interpretation of spectra and correlate with sample.</li> <li>converting the observations to meaningful results and drawing the inferences.</li> <li>comparing various methods of analysis and their outcomes.</li> </ul>	SECTION-A UV-visible spectroscopy: Introduction, Theory, Laws, Instrumentation associated with UV-Visible spectroscopy, Choice of solvents and solvent effect and Applications of UV Visible spectroscopy. Infra-red spectroscopy: Theory, Modes of Molecular vibrations, Sample handling, Instrumentation of Dispersive and Fourier - Transform IR Spectrometer, Factors affecting vibrational frequencies and Applications of IR spectroscopy. Spectroflourimetry: Theory of Fluorescence, Factors affecting fluorescence, Quenchers, Instrumentation and Applications of fluorescence spectrophotometer. Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Principle, Instrumentation, Interferences and Applications. NMR spectroscopy: Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief outline of principles of FT- NMR and 13C NMR. Applications of NMR spectroscopy. SECTION-B Mass Spectroscopy: Principle, Theory, Instrumentation of Mass Spectroscopy, Different types of ionization like electron impact,	SECTION-A UV-visible spectroscopy: Introduction, Theory, Laws, Instrumentation associated with UV-Visible spectroscopy, Choice of solvents and solvent effect and Applications of UV Visible spectroscopy. Infra-red spectroscopy: Theory, Modes of Molecular vibrations, Sample handling, Instrumentation of Dispersive and Fourier - Transform IR Spectrometer, Factors affecting vibrational frequencies and Applications of IR spectroscopy. Spectroflourimetry: Theory of Fluorescence, Factors affecting fluorescence, Quenchers, Instrumentation and Applications of fluorescence spectrophotometer. Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Principle, Instrumentation, Interferences and Applications. NMR spectroscopy: Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief outline of principles of FT- NMR and 13C NMR. Applications of NMR spectroscopy. SECTION-B Mass Spectroscopy: Principle, Theory, Instrumentation of Mass Spectroscopy, Different types of ionization like electron impact,	No changes in the syllabus. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		chemical, field, FAB and MALDI, APCI, ESI, APPI Analyzers of Quadrupole and Time of Flight, Mass fragmentation and its rules, Meta stable ions, Isotopic peaks and Applications of Mass spectroscopy	chemical, field, FAB and MALDI, APCI, ESI, APPI Analyzers of Quadrupole and Time of Flight, Mass fragmentation and its rules, Meta stable ions, Isotopic peaks and Applications of Mass spectroscopy	
		<b>Chromatography:</b> Principle, apparatus, instrumentation, chromatographic parameters, factors affecting resolution and applications of the following: a) Paper chromatography b) Thin Layer chromatography c) Ion exchange chromatography d) Column chromatography e) Gas chromatography f) High Performance Liquid chromatography g) Affinity chromatography	<b>Chromatography:</b> Principle, apparatus, instrumentation, chromatographic parameters, factors affecting resolution and applications of the following: a) Paper chromatography b) Thin Layer chromatography c) Ion exchange chromatography d) Column chromatography e) Gas chromatography f) High Performance Liquid chromatography g) Affinity chromatography	
		<b>Electrophoresis:</b> Principle, Instrumentation, Working conditions, factors affecting separation and applications of the following: a) Paper electrophoresis b) Gel electrophoresis c) Capillary electrophoresis d) Zone electrophoresis e) Moving boundary electrophoresis f) Iso electric focusing	<b>Electrophoresis:</b> Principle, Instrumentation, Working conditions, factors affecting separation and applications of the following: a) Paper electrophoresis b) Gel electrophoresis c) Capillary electrophoresis d) Zone electrophoresis e) Moving boundary electrophoresis f) Iso electric focusing	
		SECTION-C	SECTION-C	
		<b>X-ray crystallography:</b> Production of X rays, Different X ray diffraction methods, Bragg's law, Rotating crystal technique, X-ray powder technique, Types of crystals and applications of X-ray diffraction.	<b>X-ray crystallography:</b> Production of X rays, Different X ray diffraction methods, Bragg's law, Rotating crystal technique, X-ray powder technique, Types of crystals and applications of X-ray diffraction.	
		Immunological assays: RIA (Radio immuno assay), ELISA, Bioluminescence assays.	Immunological assays: RIA (Radio immuno assay), ELISA, Bioluminescence assays.	
		<b>Potentiometry:</b> Principle, working, Ion selective electrodes and application of potentiometry.	<b>Potentiometry:</b> Principle, working, Ion selective electrodes and application of potentiometry.	
		<b>Thermal techniques:</b> Principle, thermal transitions and Instrumentation (Heat flux and power-compensation and designs), Modulated DSC, Hyper DSC, experimental parameters (sample preparation, experimental conditions, calibration, heating and cooling rates, resolution, source of errors) and their influence, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications.	<b>Thermal techniques:</b> Principle, thermal transitions and Instrumentation (Heat flux and power-compensation and designs), Modulated DSC, Hyper DSC, experimental parameters (sample preparation, experimental conditions, calibration, heating and cooling rates, resolution, source of errors) and their influence, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications.	
		<b>Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA):</b> Principle, instrumentation and advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications, derivative differential thermal analysis (DDTA).	<b>Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA):</b> Principle, instrumentation and advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications, derivative differential thermal analysis (DDTA).	
		<b>TGA:</b> Principle, instrumentation, factors affecting results, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications.	<b>TGA:</b> Principle, instrumentation, factors affecting results, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications.	
		Books recommended:	Recommended books (Latest edition):	
		<ol> <li>Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds - Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley &amp; Sons, 2004.</li> <li>Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.</li> <li>Instrumental methods of analysis – Willards, 7th edition, CBS publishers. 4. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry – Beckett</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Silverstein, R.M. (2004). Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds, 6th Ed., John Wiley &amp; Sons.</li> <li>Skoog, D.A, Holler, F.J., Nieman, T.A. (1998). Principles of Instrumental Analysis, 5th Ed., Bangalore: Eastern press, Bangalore.</li> <li>Beckett, A.H., Stenlake, J.B. (1987). Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry, 4th Ed., New Delhi: CBS publishers.</li> </ol>	
		<ul> <li>and Stenlake, Vol II, 4th edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.</li> <li>5. Organic Spectroscopy - William Kemp, 3rd edition, ELBS, 1991.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Kemp, W. (1991). Organic Spectroscopy, 3rd Ed., ELBS.</li> <li>Sethi, P.D. (1987). Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation, 3rd Ed., New Delhi: CBS Publishers.</li> </ol>	
		6. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation	o. iviunson, j.vv. (2012). Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		<ul> <li>- P D Sethi, 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.</li> <li>7. Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods – Part B - J W Munson, Volume 11, Marcel Dekker Series</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>methods – Part B, Informa Health care Publishers.</li> <li>Suggested e-material:         <ol> <li>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/978012386984</li> <li>5 Infrared and Raman spectroscopy Larkin, Peter</li> </ol> </li> <li>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/978012411589         <ol> <li>7 Solving problems with NMR spectroscopy Atta-ur-Rahman, Muhammad Iqbal</li> <li>http://lib.myilibrary.com/?id=543351 Quantum Chemistry and Spectroscopy: Pearson New International Edition Engel, Thomas</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	
Course code PHAR 519L Course name Pharmaceutical Chemistry Lab-I	Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: • handing various equipments • performing the synthesis of drugs • perform calibration of the instruments • extraction techniques used in various natural resources	<ol> <li>Analysis of Pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer, RNA &amp; DNA estimation</li> <li>Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry</li> <li>Experiments based on Column chromatography</li> <li>Experiments based on Gas Chromatography</li> <li>Experiments based on Gas Chromatography</li> <li>Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry</li> <li>Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry</li> <li>Estimation of organic solvents, column chromatography</li> <li>Claisen-schimidt reaction.</li> <li>Benzyllic acid rearrangement.</li> <li>Hoffmann rearrangement.</li> <li>Mannich reaction</li> <li>Synthesis of medicinally important compounds involving more than one step along with purification and Characterization using TLC, melting point and IR spectroscopy (4 experiments)</li> <li>Estimation of elements and functional groups in organic natural compounds</li> <li>Isolation, characterization like melting point, mixed melting point, molecular weight determination, functional group analysis, co-chromatographic technique for identification of isolated compounds and interpretation of UV and IR data.</li> <li>Some typical degradation reactions to be carried on selected plant constituents</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Analysis of Pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer, RNA &amp; DNA estimation</li> <li>Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry</li> <li>Experiments based on Column chromatography</li> <li>Experiments based on Gas Chromatography</li> <li>Experiments based on Gas Chromatography</li> <li>Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry</li> <li>Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry</li> <li>Estimation of organic solvents, column chromatography</li> <li>Claisen-schimidt reaction.</li> <li>Benzyllic acid rearrangement.</li> <li>Hoffmann rearrangement</li> <li>Mannich reaction</li> <li>Synthesis of medicinally important compounds involving more than one step along with purification and Characterization using TLC, melting point and IR spectroscopy (4 experiments)</li> <li>Estimation of elements and functional groups in organic natural compounds</li> <li>Isolation, characterization like melting point, mixed melting point, molecular weight determination, functional group analysis, co-chromatographic technique for identification of isolated compounds and interpretation of UV and IR data.</li> <li>Some typical degradation reactions to be carried on selected plant constituents</li> </ol>	No changes
Course code Course name Pharmacological and Toxicological Screening Methods (Disciplene elective)	Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: • Preclinical evaluation of drugs and recent experimental techniques in the drug discovery and	SECTION-A Laboratory Animals, Common laboratory animals: Description, handling and applications of different species and strains of animals. Transgenic animals: Production, maintenance and applications. Anaesthesia and euthanasia of experimental animals. Maintenance and breeding of laboratory animals. CPCSEA guidelines to conduct experiments on animals. Good laboratory practice. Bioascoy Brinciple	SECTION-A Laboratory Animals: Common laboratory animals: Description, handling and applications of different species and strains of animals. Transgenic animals: Production, maintenance and applications. Anaesthesia and euthanasia of experimental animals. Maintenance and breeding of laboratory animals. CPCSEA guidelines to conduct experiments on animals	Introduced as Discipline Elective using PCI prescribed syllabus. "Suggested e-material:" has been added

Course List Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
Course List       Learning outcomes         development.       • Maintenance of lai animals as peguidelines, basic kn of various <i>in-vitro vivo</i> preclinical evprocesses         • regulations and requirement for th of experimental anii       • various animals used drug discovery procing good laboratory pramaintenance and of experimental anii         • the various simultanii       • the various simultanite and of experimental anii         • the various simultanite and of experimental anii       • the various simultanite and of experimental anii         • the various simultanite and of experimental anii       • the various simultanite and of experimental anii         • the various simultanite and of experimental anii       • the various simultanite and of experimental anii         • the various simultanite and of experimental anii       • the various simultanite and of experimental anii         • the various simultanite and of experimental anii       • the various simultanite and of experimental anii         • the various simultanite and of experimental anii       • the various simultanite and of experimental anii         • the various simultanite and the various simultanite anite anite anite and the various simethods involved a	Existing Syllabus           scope and limitations and methods           sections           sections           ation           ation           sation           ation           at	Suggested Syllabus           Good laboratory practice.           Bioassay: Principle, scope and limitations and methods.           Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models.           General principles of preclinical screening. CNS Pharmacology: behavioral and muscle co ordination, CNS stimulants and depressants, anxiolytics, anti-psychotics, anti epileptics and nootropics. Drugs for neurodegenerative diseases like Parkinsonism, Alzheimers and multiple sclerosis. Drugs acting on Autonomic Nervous System.           SECTION-B           Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models.           Respiratory Pharmacology: anti-asthmatics, drugs for COPD and anti allergics. Reproductive Pharmacology: Aphrodisiacs and antifertility agents Analgesics, anti-inflammatory and antipyretic agents. Gastrointestinal drugs: anti-ulcer, anti-emetic, antidiarrheal and laxatives.           Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models.           Cardiovascular Pharmacology: anti-hypertensives, antiarrythmics, antiangial, antiatherosclerotic agents and diuretics. Drugs for orm substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models.           Cardiovascular Pharmacology: anti-hypertensives, antiarrythmics, antiarginal, antiatherosclerotic agents and diuretics. Drugs for metabolic disorders like anti-diabetic, antidyslipidemic agents.           SECTION-C	Remarks
	ance regulatoryinformation /guidances/ucm073246.pdf)	<ul> <li>pharmacology. New Delhi: Vallabh publications.</li> <li>2. Ghosh, M.N. (2008). Fundamentals of experimental pharmacology. 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., Munster: Hilton &amp; Co.</li> <li>3. Schedule Y Guideline: drugs and cosmetics (second amendment) rules, 2005, ministry of health and family welfare (department of health) New Delhi.</li> <li>4. Rick, N.G. (2015). Drugs: from discovery to approval. 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed.,New York: Wiley Blackwell.</li> </ul>	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			<ul> <li>York: CRC press.</li> <li>6. Stine, K.E., Brown, T.M. (2015). <i>Principles of toxicology</i>. 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed.,New York: CRC press.</li> <li>7. Guidance for Industry M3(R2) Nonclinical Safety Studies for the Conduct of Human Clinical Trials and Marketing Authorization for Pharmaceuticals.</li> <li>Suggested e-material:         <ol> <li>(http://www.fda.gov/downloads/drugs/guidancecompliance regulatoryinformation /guidances/ucm073246.pdf)</li> <li>Hand book on GLP, Quality practices for regulated non-clinical research and development (http://www.who.int/tdr/publications/documents/glphandbook.pdf).</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	
Course code Course name Herbal Cosmetics (Discipline Elective)	After completion of the course, student shall be able to • Understand the basic principles of various herbal/natural cosmetic preparations • Current Good Manufacturing Practices of herbal/natural cosmetics as per the regulatory authorities		SECTION-A Introduction: Herbal/natural cosmetics, Classification & Economic aspects. Regulatory Provisions relation to manufacture of cosmetics: License, GMP, offences & Penalties, Import & Export of Herbal/natural cosmetics, Industries involved in the production of Herbal/natural cosmetics, commonly used herbal cosmetics, raw materials, preservatives, surfactants, humectants, oils, colors, and some functional herbs. Commonly used herbal cosmetics, raw materials, preservatives, surfactants, humectants, oils, colors, and some functional herbs. Commonly used herbal cosmetics, raw materials, preservatives, surfactants, humectants, oils, colors, and some functional herbs, preformulation studies, compatibility studies, possible interactions between chemicals and herbs, design of herbal cosmetic formulation. SECTION-B Herbal Cosmetics: Physiology and chemistry of skin and pigmentation, hairs, scalp, lips and nail. Preparation and standardisation of Cleansing cream, Lotions, Face powders, Face packs, Lipsticks, Bath products, soaps and baby product, Tonic, Bleaches, Dentifrices and Mouth washes & Tooth Pastes, Cosmetics for Nails. SECTION-C Cosmeceuticals of herbal and natural origin: Hair growth formulations, vanishing & foundation creams, anti-sun burn preparations, moisturizing creams, deodorants. Analysis of Cosmetics, Toxicity screening and test methods: Quality control and toxicity studies as per Drug and Cosmetics Act. Recommended books: 1. Panda, H. (2000). Herbal Cosmetics: Hand book, New Delhi: Asia Pacific Business Press Inc. 2. Thomson, E.G. (2015). Modern Cosmetics, vol 1, Mumbai: Universal Publishing Corporation. 3. Sharma, P.P. (2014). Cosmetics - Formulation, Manufacturing & Quality Control, Ed.5th, New Delhi: Vandana Publications. 4. Supriya, B. (2000). Harbalcosh of Aromatic Plants; Jaipur: Pointer Publishers. 5. Skaria, B.P. (2001). Aromatic Plants; Horticulture Science Series	Introduced as Discipline Elective using PCI prescribed syllabus. "Suggested e-material:" has been added

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
			New Delhi: New India Publishing Agency.
			<ol> <li>Keville, K., Green, M., (2008). Aromatheraphy: A to the Healing Art, New Delhi: Sri Satguru Publica</li> </ol>
			7. Balsam, M.S., Edward S. (1974). Cosmeti Technology, vol 3, New York: Wiley Interscience.
			Suggested e-material:
			https://www.pdfdrive.com/cosmetics-books.html
			SECTION-A
			<b>Enzyme Technology:</b> Classification, general proper dynamics of enzymatic activity, sources of enzyme purification, pharmaceutical, therapeutic and clin Production of amyloglucosidase, glucose isomer- trypsin.
			<b>Genetic Engineering:</b> Techniques of gene mani strategies,procedures, cloning vectors expre recombinant selection and screening, expression in E
			Site directed mutagenesis, polymerase chain reactio DNAsequences.
			Gene library and cDNA
			Applications of the above technique in the production
			Regulatory proteins - Interferon, Interleukins
	Upon completion of this course		Blood products - Erythropoietin
	student will have an understanding		Vaccines - Hepatitis-B
Course code	<ul> <li>Enzyme technology, genetic</li> </ul>		Hormones – Insulin
Course name Advanced Pharmaceutical Biotechnology (Discipline Elective)	<ul> <li>Engineering, Peptides and its applications.</li> <li>Transgenic animal, human genome and signal</li> </ul>		<b>Therapeutic peptides:</b> Study on controlled and site sp of therapeutic peptides and proteins through various administration.
	transduction.		SECTION-B
	<ul> <li>3 Microbial transformation, biodegradation and biosensors.</li> </ul>		<b>Transgenic animals:</b> Production of useful proteins in animals and gene therapy.
			Human Genome: The human genome project-a bri chromosome – Structure and classification abnormalities –Syndromes
			<b>Signal transduction:</b> Introduction, cell signaling channels, Sensors and effectors, ON and OFF mechan temporal aspects of signaling, cellular process, develoand proliferation, neuronal signaling, cell stress responses and cell death, signaling defects and diseased of the stress of
			SECTION-C
			<b>Oncogenes:</b> Introduction, definition, various onco proteins.
			<b>Microbial Biotransformation:</b> Biotransformation for chiral drugs and steroids.
			<b>Microbial Biodegradation:</b> Biodegradation of xeno and industrial wastes, Production of single-cell prot

	Remarks
Complete Guide tions. s Science and	
ties of enzymes, 5, extraction and lical application. ase,amylase and	
oulation, cloning ssion vectors, coli and yeast.	
n, and analysis of	
n of,	
ecified delivery routes of	Introduced as Discipline Elective using PCI prescribed syllabus. "Suggested e-material:" has been added
ransgenic	
ef study, Human chromosomal	
pathways, lon isms, Spatial and opment, cell cycle s, inflammatory es.	
genes and their	
the synthesis of	
biotics, chemical ein, Applications	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			of microbes in environmental monitoring.	
			<b>Biosensors:</b> Definition, characteristics of ideal biosensors, types of biosensors, biological recognition elements, transducers, application of biosensors.	
			Recommended books:	
			<ol> <li>Trevan, M.D., Boffey, S., Goulding, K.H., Stanbury, P.F. (1987). Biotechnology-The biological principles. Ed. 1, Stony Stratford: Open University Press.</li> </ol>	
			<ol> <li>Bickerstaff, G.F. (1997). Immobilization of cells and enzymes. Totowa: Humana Press Inc.</li> </ol>	
			<ol> <li>Old, R.W., Primrose, S.B. (1981). Principles of Gene Manipulating. University of California Press</li> </ol>	
			<ol> <li>Lodish, H., Berk, A., Zipursky, L., Matsudaira, P., Baltimore, D. Darnell, J. (1999). Molecular Cell Biology. 4th ed. W. H. Freeman Publishers.</li> </ol>	
			<ol> <li>Primrose, S.B. (1991). Modern Biotechnology. 2nd Ed. London: Blackwell Scientific Publications Ltd.</li> </ol>	
			<ol> <li>Murray E.T. (1991). Gene transfer and expression protocols- methods in Molecular Biology, vol. VII, Totowa: Humana Press Inc.</li> </ol>	
			<ol> <li>Asubel, F.M. (2003). Current protocols in Molecular Biology, Vo1.I &amp; II, John Wiley Publishers.</li> </ol>	
			Suggested e-material	
			1. http://202.74.245.22:8080/xmlui/handle/123456789/39/bro wse?type=subject	
			<ol> <li>https://pharmaclub.in/free-pharmacy-ebooks- pharmaceutics/</li> </ol>	
			3. https://www.pdfdrive.com/pharmaceutical-books.html	
			SECTION-A	
	Upon completion of this course		Intellectual property rights (IPR): Definition, scope, objectives,	
	of:		property protection (IPP) and intellectual property (IP), intellectual	
	<ul> <li>patent and copyright for their inneutring works. They</li> </ul>		economic importance, mechanism for protection of intellectual	
	also get the knowledge of		property.	
Course code Course name	plagiarism in their innovations which can be questioned legally. • selected IP issues that		<b>Patents:</b> (Criteria for patentability, Indian patent act. 1970, filing of a patent application, precautions before patenting-disclosures/non-disclosures, publication-article/ thesis, prior art search – published patents search internet search patent sites specialized service search	Introduced as Discipline Elective using PCI prescribed syllabus.
Intellectual Property Rights	might arise in practice.		requests, costs, patent application forms and guidelines, fee	"Suggested e-material:" has
(Discipline Elective)	• rederal and state IP protection:		structure, time frames, jurisdiction aspects, types of patent	been added
	• tools and activities of IP		application- provisional, non-provisional, PCT and convention patent	
	practitioners such as the Copyright, Patent, and		applications, international patenting requirement procedures and costs.	
	Trademark websites, searching, reading patents		Patent infringement: Meaning, scope, litigation, drug related patents	
	and more.		infringements, case studies and examples, patenting by research students.),	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			SECTION-B	
			<b>Copyright</b> , <b>Trademarks:</b> (Introduction, meaning of trademark, criteria for eligibility, filling application for trademark registration).	
			<b>Trade secrets:</b> Scope modalities and protection case studies. Role of IP in pharmaceutical industry.	
			<ul> <li>Trade related aspects of intellectual property rights: Intellectual property and international trade, concept behind WTO (World Trade Organization), WIPO (World Intellectual Property Organization), GATT (General Agreement on Tariff and Trade), TRIMS (Trade Related Investment Measures) and GATS (General Agreement on Trades in Services).</li> <li>WTO-objectives, scope, functions, structure, status, membership and withdrawal, dispute settlement, impact on globalization SECTION-C</li> </ul>	
			<b>Technology development/transfer commercialization related</b> <b>aspects:</b> Meaning, drug related technology development, bioequivalence (BE), scale-up, semi-commercialization and commercialization– practical aspects and problems, significance of transfer of technology (TOT), bottlenecks, managing technology transfer, guidelines for research students, scientists and related personnel, TOT agencies in India APCTD, NRDC, TIFAC, IBCIL, TBSE/SIDBI.	
			<b>TOT related documentation:</b> Confidentiality agreements, licensing, MOUs, legal issues, compulsory licensing and issuing of access to medicines, DOHA declaration.	
			<ul><li>Related quality systems: Objectives and brief review of US-FDA, UK-MCA, and TGA guidelines.</li><li>Standard institutes and certification agencies like: ISI, BSS, ASTM.</li></ul>	
			Recommended books (Latest edition):	
			<ol> <li>Treece, D.J. (2003). Managing Intellectual Capital: Organizational, Strategic and Policy Dimension. England: Oxford University Press.</li> </ol>	
			<ol> <li>Wadedhra, B.L. (2004). Law Relating to Patents, Trademarks, Copyright Design and Geographical Indications. New Delhi: Universal Law Publishing.</li> </ol>	
			3. Bansal, P. (2008) <i>IPR Handbook for Pharma Students and Researchers</i> . Hyderabad: Pharma Book Syndicate.	
			4. Trivedi, P.R. (2008). <i>Encylcopedia of Intellectual Property Rights</i> . New Delhi: Jnanada Prakashan.	
			5. Willig, S.H. (1982). <i>Good Manufacturing Practices for</i> <i>Pharmaceuticals</i> . vol 78, New York: Marcel Dekker,.	
			6. Das, P., Das, G. (2008). <i>Protection of Industrial Property</i> <i>Rights Kolkata</i> : Kamal Law House.	
			7. Katju, S.N. (2002). <i>Law and Drugs</i> , Delhi Law House.	
			Suggested e-material:	
			2. <u>https://www.ich.org/products/guidelines.html</u>	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			<ol> <li>Copyright Protection in India [website: http:<u>copyright.gov.in</u>].</li> <li>Information on orange book [website: <u>www.fda.gov/cder/ob/default.htm</u>].</li> <li>World Trade Organization [website: <u>www.wto.org</u>].</li> </ol>	
Course code Course name Regulatory aspects of food and nutraceuticals (Discipline Elective)	Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to • Know the regulatory Requirements for nutraceuticals • Understand the regulation for registration and labeling of nutraceuticals • food supplements in India, USA and Europe.		<ul> <li>5. World Trade Organization [website: www.wto.org].</li> <li>SECTION-A</li> <li>Nutraceuticals: Introduction, History of Food and Nutraceutical, Regulations, Meaning of Nutraceuticals, Dietary Supplements, Functional Foods, Medical Foods, Scope and Opportunities in Nutraceutical Market.</li> <li>Global Aspects: WHO guidelines on nutrition. NSF International: Its Role in the Dietary Supplements and Nutraceuticals Industries, NSF Certification, NSF Standards for Food And Dietary Supplements. Good Manufacturing Practices for Nutraceuticals</li> <li>SECTION-B</li> <li>India: Food Safety and Standards Act, Food Safety and Standards Authority of India: Organization and Functions, Regulations for import, manufacture and sale of nutraceutical products in India, Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDA) in India.</li> <li>USA: US FDA Food Safety Modernization Act, Dietary Supplement Health and Education Act. U.S. regulations for manufacture and sale of nutraceuticals and dietary supplements, Labelling Requirements and Label Claims for Dietary Supplements, Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDA) in the U.S.</li> <li>SECTION-C</li> <li>European Union: European Food Safety Authority (EFSA): Organization and Functions. EU Directives and regulations for manufacture and sale of nutraceuticals and dietary supplements, Nutrition labelling. European Regulation on Novel Foods and Novel Food Ingredients. Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDA) in Europe.</li> <li>Books recommended: <ol> <li>Hasler, Clare M. (2005). Regulation of Functional Foods and Nutraceuticals: A Global Perspective. Vol.1, Delhi: Blackwell Publishing.</li> <li>Bagchi, D. (2007). Food Regulation: Law, Science, Policy and Practice. Vol. 1. Wiley Publishers.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Suggested e-material <ol> <li>http://www.who.int/publications/guidelines/nutrition/en/</li> <li>http://www.europarl.europa.eu/ReeData/etudes/STUD/201</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	Introduced as Discipline Elective using PCI prescribed syllabus. "Suggested e-material:" has been added
			S/SS0524/IPOL_ST0(2015)SS0524_EN.put	
Course code	Upon completion of the course, the			Introduced as Discipline

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
<b>Course name</b> Regulatory Aspects of Medical Devices (Discipline Elective)	<ul> <li>student shall be able to know</li> <li>basics of medical devices and IVDs, process of development, ethical and quality considerations</li> <li>harmonization initiatives for</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Medical Devices: Introduction, Definition, Risk based classification and Essential Principles of Medical Devices and IVDs. Differentiating medical devices IVDs and Combination Products from that of pharmaceuticals.</li> <li>History of Medical Device Regulation, Product Lifecycle of Medical Devices and Classification of Medical Devices.</li> </ul>	Elective using PCI prescribed syllabus. "Suggested e-material:" has been added
	<ul> <li>approval and marketing of medical devices and IVDs</li> <li>regulatory approval process for medical devices and IVDs in India, US, Canada, EU, Japan and</li> </ul>		<b>IMDRF/GHTF:</b> Introduction, Organizational Structure, Purpose and Functions, Regulatory Guidelines, Working Groups, Summary Technical Document (STED), Global Medical Device Nomenclature (GMDN).	
	<ul> <li>ASEAN</li> <li>clinical evaluation and investigation of medical devices and IVDs</li> </ul>		SECTION B Ethics: Clinical Investigation of Medical Devices, Clinical Investigation Plan for Medical Devices, Good Clinical Practice for Clinical Investigation of medical devices (ISO 14155:2011)	
			<b>Quality:</b> Quality System Regulations of Medical Devices: ISO 13485, Quality Risk Management of Medical Devices: ISO 14971, Validation and Verification of Medical device, Adverse Event Reporting of Medical device	
			<b>USA:</b> Introduction, Classification, Regulatory approval process for Medical Devices (510k) Premarket Notification, Pre-Market Approval (PMA), Investigational Device Exemption (IDE) and In vitro Diagnostics, Quality System Requirements 21 CFR Part 820, Labeling requirements 21 CFR Part 801, Post marketing surveillance of MD and Unique Device Identification (UDI). Basics of In vitro diagnostics, classification and approval process.	
			SECTION C	
			<b>European Union</b> : Introduction, Classification, Regulatory approval process for Medical Devices (Medical Device Directive, Active Implantable Medical Device Directive) and In vitro Diagnostics (In Vitro Diagnostics Directive), CE certification process. Basics of In vitro diagnostics, classification and approval process.	
			<b>ASEAN, China &amp; Japan</b> : Medical Devices and IVDs, Regulatory registration procedures, Quality System requirements and clinical evaluation and investigation. IMDRF study groups and guidance documents.	
			Books recommended:	
			1. Pisano, D. J., Mantus, D. (2008). <i>FDA Regulatory Affairs: A Guide for Prescription Drugs, Medical Devices and Biologics</i> . 2 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., CRC Press.	
			2. Kahan, J. S. (2000). <i>Medical Device Development: A Regulatory</i> <i>Overview</i> . PAREXEL International Corporation.	
			3. Tobin, J. J., Walsh, G. (2008). <i>Medical Product Regulatory Affairs:</i> <i>Pharmaceuticals, Diagnostics Medical, Devices.</i> Wiley-Blackwell	
			4. Medina, C. (2003). Compliance Handbook for Pharmaceuticals, Medical Devices and Biologics. CRC Press.	
			Suggested e-material	
			1. Country Specific Guidelines from official websites.	
			<ol> <li>Code of Federal regulations (Annual Edition) from official websites, US government.</li> </ol>	
			3. www.fda.gov	

# Name of Programme: Master of Pharmacy (Pharmaceutical Chemistry)

Course details: Second Semester

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		SECTION-A	SECTION-A	
Course code PHAR 501 Course name Advanced Organic Chemistry-II	Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: • nomenclature, reaction mechanism, kinetics, order of reaction, factors affecting reaction, name reactions of alkanes, alkenes, conjugated dienes, alkyl halides, alchohols, carbonyl compounds, carboxylic acids and aliphatic amines	Green Chemistry: Introduction, principles of green chemistry Microwave assisted reactions: Merit and demerits of its use, increased reaction rates, mechanism, superheating effects of microwave, effects of solvents in microwave assisted synthesis, microwave technology in process optimization, its applications in various organic reactions, homogenous, heterogeneous liquid-liquid and liquid-solid reactions, synthetic applications. Continuous flow reactors: Working principle, advantages and synthetic applications. SECTION-B Chemistry of peptides: Coupling reactions in peptide synthesis, Principles of solid phase peptide synthesis, t-BOC and FMOC protocols, various solid supports and linkers, Activation procedures, peptide bond formation, deprotection and cleavage from resin, low and high HF cleavage protocols, formation of free peptides and peptide amides, purification and case studies, site-specific chemical modifications of peptides. Segment and sequential strategies for solution phase peptide synthesis: Deletion peptides, side reactions initiated by proton abstraction, protonation, over activation and side reactions of individual amino acids. Photochemical reactions: Basic principles of photochemical reactions. Photo-oxidation, photo-addition and photo-fragmentation. Pericyclic reactions: Mechanism, Types of pericyclic reactions such as cyclo addition, electrocyclic reaction and sigmatrophic rearrangement reactions with examples SECTION-C Catalysis: Types of catalysis, heterogeneous catalysis – preparation, characterization, kinetics, supported catalysts, catalyst deactivation and regeneration, some examples of heterogeneous catalysis used in synthesis of drugs. Homogenous catalysis, hydrogenation, hydroformylation, hydrocynation, Wilkinson catalysts, chiral ligands and chiral induction, Ziegler-Natta catalysts, some examples of homogenous catalysis used in synthesis of drugs. Transition-metal and Organo-catalysis in organic synthesis: Metal- catalyzed reactions. Biocatalysis:	Green chemistry: Introduction, principles of green chemistry Microwave assisted reactions: Merit and demerits of its use, increased reaction rates, mechanism, superheating effects of microwave, effects of solvents in microwave assisted synthesis, ultrasound assisted reactions: Types of sonochemical reactions, homogenous, heterogeneous liquid-liquid and liquid-solid reactions, synthetic applications. Continuous flow reactors: Working principle, advantages and synthetic applications. SECTION-B Chemistry of peptides: Coupling reactions in peptide synthesis, Principles of solid phase peptide synthesis, t-BOC and FMOC protocols, various solid supports and linkers, Activation procedures, peptide bond formation, deprotection and cleavage from resin, low and high HF cleavage protocols, formation of free peptides and peptide amides, purification and case studies, site-specific chemical modifications of peptides: Segment and sequential strategies for solution phase peptide synthesis: Deletion peptides, side reactions initiated by proton abstraction, protonation, over activation and side reactions of individual amino acids. Photochemical reactions: Basic principles of photochemical reactions. Photo-oxidation, photo-addition and sigmatrophic rearrangement reactions with examples SECTION-C Catalysis: Types of catalysis, heterogeneous and homogenous catalysis, advantages and disadvantages. Heterogeneous catalysis – preparation, hardterization, kinetics, supported catalysts, catalyst deactivation and regeneration, some examples of heterogeneous catalysis. Use of nongenous catalysis used in synthesis of drugs. Transition-metal and Organo-catalysis used in synthesis is drugs. Transition-metal and Organo-catalysis used in synthesis, immobilized enzymes/cells in organic reaction. Phase transfer catalysis: Theory and applications Stereochemistry = optical activity, specific rotation, racemates and resolution of racemates, the Cahn, Ingold, Prelog (CIP) sequence rule, meso compounds, pseudo asymmetric centres, axes of symmetry,	No changes in the syllabus. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		Methods of asymmetric synthesis using chiral pool, chiral auxiliaries	Fischers D and L notation, cis-trans isomerism, E and Z noation.	
		and catalytic asymmetric synthesis, enantiopure separation and Stereo	Methods of asymmetric synthesis using chiral pool, chiral auxiliaries	
		selective synthesis with examples.	and catalytic asymmetric synthesis, enantiopure separation and	
			Stereo selective synthesis with examples.	
		Books recommended:	Recommended books (Latest edition):	
		1. March J, Advanced Organic chemistry, Reaction, mechanisms and structure John Wiley and sons, New York,2013.	<ol> <li>March, J. (2013). Advanced Organic chemistry, Reaction, mechanisms and structure, 7<sup>th</sup> Ed., New York: John Wiley and sons.</li> </ol>	
		2. Gould ES, Mechanism and structure in organic chemistry, Rinchart and Winston, NewYork, 1962.	<ol> <li>Gould, E.S. (1962). Mechanism and structure in organic chemistry, 1<sup>st</sup> Ed., New York: Rinchart and Winston.</li> <li>Clayden, J. Warren, S. (2001). Organic Chemistry, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed.,</li> </ol>	
		3. Clayden J, Warren S, <i>Organic Chemistry,</i> Oxford University Press 2001.	Oxford University Press. 4. Finar, I.L. (1995). <i>Organic Chemistry</i> ,6 <sup>th</sup> Ed., London: Pearson Education	
		4. Finar IL, Organic Chemistry Vol I and II. ELBS, Sixth ed., 1995.	<ol> <li>Francis, A. Richaard, A. (2007). Organic chemistry, 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., Springer.</li> <li>Warren, S. (2008). Organic synthesis-the disconnection</li> </ol>	
		5. Francis A, Richaard A, Organic chemistry, Springer, 2007.	approach 2 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., New York: Wiley.	
		<ol> <li>Warren S, Organic synthesis-the disconnection approach, Wiley, 2008</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Smith, michael : organic synthesis: http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/9781890661403</li> <li>Savin, kenneth: writing reaction mechanisms in organic</li> </ol>	
			cnemistry: http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/9780124114753	
		SECTION-A	SECTION-A	
		<b>UV spectroscopy:</b> Wood ward – Fieser rule for 1,3- butadienes, cyclic	UV spectroscopy: Wood ward – Fieser rule for 1,3- butadienes, cyclic	
		dienes and $\alpha$ , $\beta$ -carbonyl compounds and interpretation compounds of	dienes and $\alpha$ , $\beta$ -carbonyl compounds and interpretation compounds	
		enones.	of enones.	
		IR spectroscopy: ATR-IR, IR Interpretation of organic compounds.	IR spectroscopy: ATR-IR, IR Interpretation of organic compounds.	
	Linon completion of this course	NMR spectroscopy: 1-D and 2-D NMR, NOESY and COSY, HECTOR,	NMR spectroscopy: 1-D and 2-D NMR, NOESY and COSY, HECTOR,	
	student will have an understanding	INADEQUATE techniques, Interpretation of organic compounds.	INADEQUATE techniques, Interpretation of organic compounds.	
	of:	SECTION-B	SECTION-B	
	various hyphenated	Mass spectroscopy: Fragmentation of important functional groups like	Mass spectroscopy: Fragmentation of important functional groups	
	techniques	alcohols, amines, carbonyl groups and alkanes, Mc Lafferty	like alcohols, amines, carbonyl groups and alkanes, Mc Lafferty	
	different analytical data	rearrangement, ring rule, interpretation of organic compounds.	rearrangement, ring rule, interpretation of organic compounds.	
Course code	from diffent principle	Chromatography: Principle, instrumentation and applications of the	Chromatography: Principle, instrumentation and applications of the	No changes in the syllabus.
PHAR 507	instrument.	following:	following:	"Suggested e-material:" has
Course name	<ul> <li>interpretation skills of</li> </ul>	a) GC-MS	a) GC-MS	been added.
Auvanceu Spectral Analysis	like IC-MS GC-MS ATR-	b) GC-AAS	b) GC-AAS	
	IR, DSC etc. theoretically	c) LC-MS	c) LC-MS	
	and practically.	d) LC-FTIR	d) LC-FTIR	
	Handling of different	e) LC-NMR	e) LC-NMR	
	analytical data to predict	f) CEMS (continuous emissions monitoring systems)	f) CEMS (continuous emissions monitoring systems)	
	the unknown structures.	g) High performance thin layer chromatography	g) High performance thin layer chromatography	
		h) Super critical fluid chromatography	h) Super critical fluid chromatography	
		i) Ion chromatography	i) Ion chromatography	
		j) I-EC (Ion-Exclusion Chromatography)	j) I-EC (Ion-Exclusion Chromatography)	
		k) Flash chromatography	k) Flash chromatography	
		SECTION-C	SECTION-C	
		Microscopy: Introduction, principle, instrumentation and applications	<b>Microscopy:</b> Introduction, principle, instrumentation and applications	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
Course List	Learning outcomes	<ul> <li>Existing Syllabus</li> <li>of light, phase contrast, fluorescence, confocal and electron (SEM &amp; TEM) microscopy.</li> <li>Small angle X-ray scattering (SAXS): Introduction, principle, instrumentation, applications.</li> <li>Raman spectroscopy: Introduction, principle, instrumentation and applications.</li> <li>Books recommended: <ol> <li>Robert M Silverstein, Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds, John Wiley &amp; Sons, 2004.</li> <li>Doglas A, Skoog F James , Principles of Instrumental Analysis, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.</li> <li>Willards, Instrumental methods of analysis ,CBS publishers,2004.</li> <li>William Kemp, Organic Spectroscopy ,ELBS, 1991</li> <li>Sethi PD, Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.</li> <li>Munson JW, Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods – Part B ,Marcel Dekker Series,1981.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	Suggested Syllabus           of light, phase contrast, fluorescence, confocal and electron (SEM & TEM) microscopy.           Small angle X-ray scattering (SAXS): Introduction, principle, instrumentation, applications.           Raman spectroscopy: Introduction, principle, instrumentation and applications.           Recommended books (Latest edition):           1. Silverstein, R.M. (2004). Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds, John Wiley & Sons.           2. Doglas, A. Skoog, F.J. (1998). Principles of Instrumental Analysis, Banglore: Eastern press.           3. Willards, (2004). Instrumental methods of analysis, CBS publishers.           4. William, K. (1991). Organic Spectroscopy, ELBS.           5. Sethi, P.D. (1997). Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation, New Delhi: CBS Publishers.           6. Munson, J.W. (1981). Pharmaceutical Analysis - Modern methods – Part B, Marcel Dekker Series.           Suggested e-material:           1. http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/978012386984 5 Infrared and Raman spectroscopy Larkin, Peter           2. http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/978012411589 7 Solving problems with NMR spectroscopy Atta-ur-Rahman, Muhammad Iqbal           3. http://lib.myilibrary.com/?id=543351 Quantum Chemistry com/?id=543351 Quantum Chemistry	Remarks
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 511 <b>Course name</b> Computer Aided Drug Design	Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: Different CADD techniques and their applications in drug discovery. use of software in identifying drug receptor interactions and pharmacophore mapping. applicability of <i>in silico</i> virtual screening protocols in drug research.	SECTION-A Introduction to Computer Aided Drug Design (CADD) History, different techniques and applications. Quantitative Structure Activity Relationships, Basics History and development of QSAR, Physicochemical parameters and methods to calculate physicochemical parameters, Hammett equation and electronic parameters (sigma), lipophilicity effects and parameters (log P, pi-substituent constant), steric effects (Taft steric and MR parameters) Experimental and theoretical approaches for the determination of these physicochemical parameters. SECTION-B Quantitative Structure Activity Relationships: Applications Hansch analysis, Free Wilson analysis and relationship between them, Advantages and disadvantages; Deriving 2D-QSAR equations. 3D-QSAR approaches and contour map analysis. Statistical methods used in QSAR analysis and importance of statistical parameters. Molecular modeling and docking: Molecular and Quantum Mechanics in drug design. Energy Minimization Methods, comparison between global minimum conformation and bioactive conformation. Molecular docking and drug receptor interactions, Rigid docking, flexible docking and extra-precision docking. Agents acting on enzymes such as DHFR, HMG-CoA reductase and HIV protease, choline esterase (AchE & BchE)	Thomas         SECTION-A         Introduction to Computer Aided Drug Design (CADD): History, different techniques and applications.         Quantitative Structure Activity Relationships: Basics History and development of QSAR, Physicochemical parameters and methods to calculate physicochemical parameters, Hammett equation and electronic parameters (sigma), lipophilicity effects and parameters (log P, pi-substituent constant), steric effects (Taft steric and MR parameters) Experimental and theoretical approaches for the determination of these physicochemical parameters.         SECTION-B         Quantitative Structure Activity Relationships: Applications Hansch analysis, Free Wilson analysis and relationship between them, Advantages and disadvantages; Deriving 2D-QSAR equations. 3D-QSAR approaches and contour map analysis. Statistical methods used in QSAR analysis and importance of statistical parameters.         Molecular modeling and docking: Molecular and Quantum Mechanics in drug design. Energy Minimization Methods, comparison between global minimum conformation and bioactive conformation. Molecular docking and drug receptor interactions, Rigid docking, flexible docking and extra-precision docking. Agents acting on enzymes such as DHFR, HMG-CoA reductase and HIV	No changes in the syllabus. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.

SECTION-C       protease, choline esterase (AchE & BchE)         Molecular properties and drug design: Prediction and analysis of ADMET properties of new molecules and its importance in drug design. De novo drug design, Receptor/enzyme-interaction and its analysis, Receptor/enzyme cavity size prediction, predicting the functional components of cavities, Fragment based drug design. Homology modeling and generation of 3D-structure of protein.       protease, choline esterase (AchE & BchE)         Molecular properties and drug design.       SECTION-C         Molecular properties of new molecules and its importance in drug design.       Molecular properties and drug design: Prediction and analysis of ADMET properties of new molecules and its importance in drug design. De novo drug design, Receptor/enzyme-interaction and its analysis, Receptor/enzyme cavity size prediction, predicting the functional components of cavities, Fragment based drug design.				
Molecular properties and drug design: Prediction and analysis of ADMET properties of new molecules and its importance in drug design. De novo drug design, Receptor/enzyme-interaction and its analysis, Receptor/enzyme cavity size prediction, predicting the functional components of cavities, Fragment based drug design. Homology modeling and generation of 3D-structure of protein.Molecular properties and drug design: Prediction and analysis of ADMET properties and drug design, Receptor/enzyme-interaction and its analysis, Receptor/enzyme cavity size prediction, predicting the functional components of cavities, Fragment based drug design. Homology modeling and generation of 3D-structure of protein.Molecular properties and drug design: Prediction and analysis of ADMET properties of new molecules and its importance in drug design. De novo drug design, Receptor/enzyme-interaction and its analysis, Receptor/enzyme cavity size prediction, predicting the functional components of cavities, Fragment based drug design.				
ADMET properties of new molecules and its importance in drug design. De novo drug design, Receptor/enzyme-interaction and its analysis, Receptor/enzyme cavity size prediction, predicting the functional components of cavities, Fragment based drug design. Homology modeling and generation of 3D-structure of protein. ADMET properties and drug design: Prediction and analysis of ADMET properties of new molecules and its importance in drug design. De novo drug design, Receptor/enzyme-interaction and its analysis, Receptor/enzyme cavity size prediction, predicting the functional components of cavities. Fragment based drug design.				
De novo drug design, Receptor/enzyme-interaction and its analysis, Receptor/enzyme cavity size prediction, predicting the functional components of cavities, Fragment based drug design. Homology modeling and generation of 3D-structure of protein. De novo drug analysis, Receptor/enzyme cavity size prediction, predicting the functional components of cavities, Fragment based drug design.				
Receptor/enzyme cavity size prediction, predicting the functional design. De novo drug design, Receptor/enzyme-interaction and its components of cavities, Fragment based drug design. Homology modeling and generation of 3D-structure of protein.				
modeling and generation of 3D-structure of protein.				
functional components of cavities, Fragment based drug design. I				
Pharmacophore mapping and virtual screening: Concept of Homology modeling and generation of 2D structure of protein				
pharmacophore, pharmacophore mapping, identification of <b>Pharmacophore mapping and virtual screening</b> : Concept of				
Pharmacophore features and Pharmacophore modeling; pharmacophore, pharmacophore mapping, identification of				
Conformational search used in pharmacophore mapping. In silico drug Pharmacophore features and Pharmacophore modeling;				
design and virtual screening techniques, similarity based methods and Conformational search used in pharmacophore mapping. In silico drug				
priamacophore based screening, structure based m-sinco virtual design and virtual screening techniques, similarity based methods and screening protocols.				
Books recommended:				
1 Robert M. Computational and structural approaches to drug Recommended books (Latest edition):				
discovery, RCS Publishers, 2007.				
1. Robert, M. (2007). Computational and stractural approaches to drug discovery. 1st Ed. Italy: RCS Publishers				
2. Martin YC, Introduction to Quantitative Drug Design, CRC 2. Martin, Y.C. (2010). Introduction to Quantitative Drug Design,				
Press, Taylor & Francis group, 2010. 2nd Ed., New York: CRC Press, Taylor & Francis group.				
<i>3.</i> Ariens, <i>Drug Design</i> , Academic Press, Elsevier Publishers, 1975. <i>3.</i> Ariens (1975). <i>Drug Design</i> , Academic Press, Elsevier Publishers, 1975.				
4. Williams, Smith Principles of Drug Design ,CRC Press, Taylor &4. Smith, H.J., Williams, H. (2005). Smith Principles of Drug Design. CRC Press, Taylor & Francis.Francis,2005.CRC Press, Taylor & Francis.				
5. Silverman, R.B. (2010). The Organic Chemistry of the Drug				
5. Richard B. Silverman, The Organic Chemistry of the Drug Design and Drug action, United States: Elsevier Publishers.				
Design and Drug action, Elsevier Publishers, 2014. 0. Abraham, D.J., Kotelia, D.P. (2010). Burger's <i>Wedicinal</i> Chemistry, 7th Ed., England: Wiley Publishing Co.				
6. Burger, <i>Medicinal Chemistry</i> , Wiley Publishing Co,2010. 7. Patrick, G.L. (1995). An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry, Oxford University Press				
7. Graham L. Patrick, An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry, Oxford University Press.1995.       8. Gisvold's, W. (2004). Text book of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, 11th Ed., Lippincott Williams &				
8 Wilson Gisvold's Text book of Organic Medicinal and Wilkins.				
Pharmaceutical Chemistry. Ippincott Williams & Wilkins.2004.				
9. Corwin Hansch, Comprehensive Medicinal Chemistry, Suggested e-material:				
Pergamon Publishers, 1990. 1. https://www.pdfdrive.com/computational-methods-in-drug-				
2. https://www.pdfdrive.com/textbook-of-drug-design-and-				
3. https://www.pdfdrive.com/drug-design-and-discovery- methods-and-protocols-methods-in-e36557495.html				
Upon completion of this course SECTION-A SECTION-A				
student will have an understanding Process chemistry: Introduction, Synthetic strategy Stages of scale up Process chemistry: Introduction, Synthetic strategy Stages of scale up				
of: process: Bench, pilot and large scale process. In-process control and process: Bench, pilot and large scale process. In-process control and				
• synthetic strategy used in validation of large scale process. Case studies of some scale up process validation of large scale process. Case studies of some scale up				
Course code scaling up of API from a of APIs. Impurities in API, types and their sources including genotoxic process of APIs. Impurities in API, types and their sources including No changes in the sources including scaling up of API from a of APIs. Impurities in API, types and the sources including scaling up of APIs. Impurities in API, types and the sources including scaling up of APIs. Impurities in API, types and the sources including scaling up of APIs. Impurities in API, types and the sources including scaling up of APIs. Impurities in API, types and the sources including scaling up of APIs. Impurities in API, types and the sources including scaling up of APIs. Impurities in API, types and the sources including scaling up of APIs. Impurities in API, types and the sources including scaling up of APIs. Impurities in API, types and the sources including scaling up of APIs. Impurities in API, types and the sources including scaling up of APIs. Impurities in API, types and the sources including scaling up of APIs. Impurities in API, types and the sources including scaling up of APIs. Impurities in API, types and the sources including scaling up of APIs. Impurities in API, types and the sources including scaling up of APIs. Impurities in API, types and the sources including scaling up of APIs. Impurities in APIs and the sources including scaling up of APIs and the sources including scaling up of APIs. Impurities in APIs and the sources including scaling up of APIs and the sources in	the syllabus			
PHAR 521 small scale to a larger Impurities genotoxic Impurities	ene synusus.			
course name scale. Unit operations: Extraction, Liquid equilibria, extraction with reflux. Unit operations: Extraction, Liquid equilibria, extraction with reflux. "Suggested e-	naterial:" has			
• The role of a process extraction with agitation, counter current extraction. Filtration, theory extraction with agitation, counter current extraction.	lded.			
chemist in developing of filtration, pressure and vacuum filtration, centrifugal filtration, of filtration, pressure and vacuum filtration.				
synthetic routes that is safe cost-effective Distillation, azeotropic and steam distillation. Evaporation, Types of Distillation, azeotropic and steam distillation. Evaporation, Types of				
environmentally friendly evaporators, factors affecting evaporation. Crystallization, evaporators, factors affecting evaporation. Crystallization,				
and efficient. crystallization from aqueous, nonaqueous solutions factors affecting crystallization from aqueous, nonaqueous solutions factors affecting				
Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
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		crystallization, nucleation. Principle and general methods of	crystallization, nucleation. Principle and general methods of	
		Preparation of polymorphs, hydrates, solvates and amorphous APIs.	Preparation of polymorphs, hydrates, solvates and amorphous APIs.	
		SECTION-B	SECTION-B	
		Nitration: Nitrating agents, Aromatic nitration, kinetics and mechanism	Nitration: Nitrating agents, Aromatic nitration, kinetics and	
		of aromatic nitration, process equipment for technical nitration, mixed	mechanism of aromatic nitration, process equipment for technical	
		acid for nitration.	nitration, mixed acid for nitration.	
		Halogenation: Kinetics of halogenations, types of halogenations,	Halogenation: Kinetics of halogenations, types of halogenations,	
		catalytic halogenations. Case study on industrial halogenation process.	catalytic halogenations. Case study on industrial halogenation	
		<b>Oxidation:</b> Introduction, types of oxidative reactions, Liquid phase	process.	
		oxidation with oxidizing agents. Nonmetallic Oxidizing agents such as	<b>Oxidation:</b> Introduction, types of oxidative reactions, Liquid phase	
		H2O2, sodium hypochlorite, Oxygen gas, ozonolysis.	oxidation with oxidizing agents. Nonmetallic Oxidizing agents such as	
		Reduction: Catalytic hydrogenation, Heterogeneous and homogeneous	H2O2, sodium hypochlorite, Oxygen gas, ozonolysis.	
		catalyst; Hydrogen transfer reactions, Metal hydrides. Case study on	Reduction: Catalytic hydrogenation, Heterogeneous and	
		industrial reduction process.	homogeneous catalyst; Hydrogen transfer reactions, Metal hydrides.	
		SECTION-C	Case study on industrial reduction process.	
		Fermentation: Aerobic and anaerobic fermentation. Production of	SECTION-C	
		Antibiotics; Penicillin and Streptomycin.	Fermentation: Aerobic and anaerobic fermentation. Production of	
		Vitamins: B2 and B12	Antibiotics; Penicillin and Streptomycin. Vitamins: B2 and B12 Statins:	
		Statins: Lovastatin, Simvastatin	Lovastatin, Simvastatin Reaction progress kinetic analysis:	
		Reaction progress kinetic analysis: Streamlining reaction steps, route	Streamlining reaction steps, route selection, Characteristics of	
		selection,	expedient routes, characteristics of cost-effective routes, reagent	
		Characteristics of expedient routes, characteristics of cost-effective	selection, families of reagents useful for scale-up.	
		routes, reagent selection, families of reagents useful for scale-up.	Industrial Safety: MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheet), hazard labels of	
		Industrial Safety: MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheet), hazard labels of	chemicals and Personal Protection Equipment (PPE), Fire hazards,	
		chemicals and Personal Protection Equipment (PPE), Fire hazards, types	types of fire & fire extinguishers, Occupational Health & Safety	
		of fire & fire extinguishers, Occupational Health & Safety Assessment	Assessment Series 1800, (OHSAS-1800) and ISO-14001(Environmental	
		Series 1800, (OHSAS-1800) and ISO-14001(Environmental Management	Management System), Effluents and its management.	
		System), Enluents and its management.	Recommended books (Latest edition):	
		Books recommended:	1. Gadamasetti, K. (2004). Process Chemistry in the	
		1. Gadamasetti K, Process Chemistry in the Pharmaceutical	Pharmaceutical Industry: Challenges in an Ever-Changing Climate-An Overview, CBC Press 2007, Pharmaceutical	
		CRC Press.2007.	Manufacturing Encyclopedia, Science direct.	
		2. Pharmaceutical Manufacturina Encyclopedia Science direct	2. Burger (2003). <i>Medicinal Chemistry,</i> John wilev & sons.	
		,2004.		
		3. Burger , Medicinal Chemistry, John wiley & sons.,2003.	3. McCabe, W.L. Smith, J.C. Harriott, P. (2004). <i>Unit operations of chemical engineering,</i> McGraw Hill.	
		4. McCabe WL,Smith JC,Harriott Peter, Unit operations of chemical engineering. McGraw Hill 2004	4. Brittain, H.G. (1999). <i>Polymorphism in Pharmaceutical Solids,</i> Dekker Series.	
		5 Brittain HG Polymorphism in Pharmaceutical Solids Dekker	5. Regina, M. Murphy, (2005). Introduction to Chemical	
		Series,1999.	Processes: Principles, Analysis, Synthesis, Mc Grawhil.	
		6. Regina M. Murphy: Introduction to Chemical Processes: Principles, Analysis, Synthesis, Mc Grawhill.,2005.	6. Harrington, P.J. (2011). <i>Pharmaceutical Process Chemistry for</i> <i>Synthesis: Rethinking the Routes to Scale-Up,</i> Wiley Publisher.	
		7. Harrington Peter J, Pharmaceutical Process Chemistry for Synthesis:Rethinking the Routes to Scale-Up,Wiley Publisher,2011.	7. Groggins, P.H.(1938). Unit processes in organic synthesis, Mc Grawhil.	
		8. Groggins PH, Unit processes in organic synthesis, Mc	8. Hanglein, F.A. (2013). Chemical Technology, pergamon	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		Grawhill.,1938.	publisher.	
		<ul> <li>Grawhill.,1938.</li> <li>9. Hanglein FA, Chemical Technology, pergamon publishe .2013.</li> <li>10. Gopal M, Dryden's Outlines of Chemical Technology, WEP East-WestPress,2006.</li> <li>11. Mattson Clausen, Principle of Industrial Chemistry, Wiley Publishing Co.,1978.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>publisher.</li> <li>9. Gopal, M. (2006). Dryden's Outlines of Chemical Technology, WEP East-WestPress.</li> <li>10. Mattson, C. (1978). Principle of Industrial Chemistry, Wiley Publishing Co.</li> <li>Suggested e-material</li> <li>1. Geankoplis, Christie John : Transport Processes and Separation Process Principles (Includes Unit Operations): Pearson New International Edition : http://lib.myilibrary.com?id=527416</li> <li>2. Wankat : Separation Process Engineering : http://lib.myilibrary.com?id=267515</li> <li>3. Crowl; Louvar : Chemical Process Safety: Fundamentals with Applications: http://lib.myilibrary.com?id=267500</li> <li>4. Smith, Michael : Organic synthesis: http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/978189066140</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>Savin, Kenneth: Writing reaction mechanisms in organic chemistry:</li> <li>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/978012411475</li> <li>3</li> </ul>	
		<ol> <li>Synthesis of organic compounds by adapting different approaches involving (3 experiments) a) Oxidation b) Reduction/hydrogenation c) Nitration</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Synthesis of organic compounds by adapting different approaches involving (3 experiments) a) Oxidation b) Reduction/hydrogenation c) Nitration</li> </ol>	
		2. Comparative study of synthesis of APIs/intermediates by different synthetic routes (2 experiments)	2. Comparative study of synthesis of APIs/intermediates by different synthetic routes (2 experiments)	
		3. Assignments on regulatory requirements in API (2 experiments)	3. Assignments on regulatory requirements in API (2 experiments)	
		4. Comparison of absorption spectra by UV and Wood ward – Fieser rule	4. Comparison of absorption spectra by UV and Wood ward – Fieser rule	
	Upon completion of this course	5. Interpretation of organic compounds by FT-IR	5. Interpretation of organic compounds by FT-IR	
	student will have an understanding	6. Interpretation of organic compounds by NMR	6. Interpretation of organic compounds by NMR	
Course code	of:	7. Interpretation of organic compounds by MS	7. Interpretation of organic compounds by MS	
PHAR 520L Course name Pharmaceutical Chemistry Lab-II	<ul> <li>various organic reactions</li> <li>spectral analysis</li> </ul>	8. Determination of purity by DSC in pharmaceuticals	8. Determination of purity by DSC in pharmaceuticals	No changes
	<ul> <li>handling of various analytical instruments</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Identification of organic compounds using FT-IR, NMR, CNMR and Mass spectra</li> </ol>	9. Identification of organic compounds using FT-IR, NMR, CNMR and Mass spectra	
	calibration of instruments     computational softwares	10. To carry out the preparation of following organic compounds	10. To carry out the preparation of following organic compounds	
	computational softwares	11. Preparation of 4-chlorobenzhydrylpiperazine. (an intermediate for cetirizine HCl).	11. Preparation of 4-chlorobenzhydrylpiperazine. (an intermediate for cetirizine HCl).	
		12. Preparation of 4-iodotolene from p-toluidine.	12. Preparation of 4-iodotolene from p-toluidine.	
		13. NaBH4 reduction of vanillin to vanillyl alcohol	13. NaBH4 reduction of vanillin to vanillyl alcohol	
		14. Preparation of umbelliferone by Pechhman reaction	14. Preparation of umbelliferone by Pechhman reaction	
		15. Preparation of triphenyl imidazole	15. Preparation of triphenyl imidazole	
		16. To perform the Microwave irradiated reactions of synthetic importance (Any two)	16. To perform the Microwave irradiated reactions of synthetic importance (Any two)	
		17. Determination of log P, MR, hydrogen bond donors and acceptors	17. Determination of log P, MR, hydrogen bond donors and acceptors	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		of selected drugs using softwares	of selected drugs using softwares	
		18. Calculation of ADMET properties of drug molecules and its analysis using Softwares Pharmacophore modeling	18. Calculation of ADMET properties of drug molecules and its analysis using Softwares Pharmacophore modeling	
		19. 2D-QSAR based experiments	19. 2D-QSAR based experiments	
		20. 3D-QSAR based experiments	20. 3D-QSAR based experiments	
		21. Docking study based experiment	21. Docking study based experiment	
		22. Virtual screening based experiment	22. Virtual screening based experiment	

### Name of Programme: Master of Pharmacy (Pharmaceutics)

#### Course details: First Semester

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		SECTION-A	SECTION-A	
		Sustained Release (SR) and Controlled Release (CR) formulations:	Sustained Release (SR) and Controlled Release (CR) formulations:	
		Introduction & basic concepts, advantages/ disadvantages, factors	Introduction & basic concepts, advantages/ disadvantages, factors	
		influencing, Physicochemical & biological approaches for SR/CR formulation,	influencing, Physicochemical & biological approaches for SR/CR formulation,	
		mechanism of drug delivery from SR/CR formulation.	mechanism of drug delivery from SR/CR formulation.	
		<b>Polymers:</b> Introduction, definition, classification, properties and application	Polymers: Introduction, definition, classification, properties and application	
		Dosage Forms for Personalized Medicine: Introduction, Definition,	Dosage Forms for Personalized Medicine: Introduction, Definition,	
		Pharmacogenetics, categories of patients for personalized medicines,	Pharmacogenetics, categories of patients for personalized medicines,	
		customized drug delivery systems, bioelectronic medicines, 3D printing of	customized drug delivery systems, bioelectronic medicines, 3D printing of	
		pharmaceuticals, telepharmacy.	pharmaceuticals, telepharmacy.	
	Upon completion of this course	SECTION-B	SECTION-B	
	student will have an understanding	Rate Controlled Drug Delivery Systems: Principles & Fundamentals, Types,	Rate Controlled Drug Delivery Systems: Principles & Fundamentals, Types,	
	of:	Activation; Modulated Drug Delivery Systems; Mechanically activated, pH	Activation; Modulated Drug Delivery Systems; Mechanically activated, pH	
	• The criteria for selection of	activated, Enzyme activated, and Osmotic activated Drug Delivery Systems	activated, Enzyme activated, and Osmotic activated Drug Delivery Systems	
Course code	drugs and polymers for the	Feedback regulated Drug Delivery Systems; Principles & Fundamentals.	Feedback regulated Drug Delivery Systems; Principles & Fundamentals.	No changes in the cullebus
PHAR 514	dosage forms	Gastro-Retentive Drug Delivery Systems: Principle, concepts advantages	Gastro-Retentive Drug Delivery Systems: Principle, concepts advantages	No changes in the synabus.
Course name	Need of different	and disadvantages, Modulation of GI transit time approaches to extend GI	and disadvantages, Modulation of GI transit time approaches to extend GI	"Suggested e-material:" has
Drug Delivery	approaches for preparation	transit. Buccal Drug Delivery Systems: Principle of muco adhesion,	transit. Buccal Drug Delivery Systems: Principle of muco adhesion,	been added.
Systems	of novel drug delivery	advantages and disadvantages, Mechanism of drug permeation, Methods of	advantages and disadvantages, Mechanism of drug permeation, Methods of	
	systems.	formulation and its evaluations.	formulation and its evaluations.	
	<ul> <li>Formulation and evaluation of novel drug delivery</li> </ul>	SECTION-C	SECTION-C	
	systems.	<b>Occular Drug Delivery Systems:</b> Barriers of drug permeation, Methods to overcome barriers.	<b>Occular Drug Delivery Systems:</b> Barriers of drug permeation, Methods to overcome barriers.	
		Transdermal Drug Delivery Systems: Structure of skin and barriers,	Transdermal Drug Delivery Systems: Structure of skin and barriers,	
		Penetration enhancers, Transdermal Drug Delivery Systems, Formulation	Penetration enhancers, Transdermal Drug Delivery Systems, Formulation	
		and evaluation.	and evaluation.	
		Protein and Peptide Delivery: Barriers for protein delivery. Formulation and	Protein and Peptide Delivery: Barriers for protein delivery. Formulation and	
		Evaluation of delivery systems of proteins and other macromolecules.	Evaluation of delivery systems of proteins and other macromolecules.	
		Vaccine delivery systems: Vaccines, uptake of antigens, single shot	Vaccine delivery systems: Vaccines, uptake of antigens, single shot	
		vaccines, mucosal and transdermal delivery of vaccines.	vaccines, mucosal and transdermal delivery of vaccines.	
		Books recommended:	Recommended books (Latest edition):	
		1. Y W. Chien, Novel Drug Delivery Systems, 2nd edition, revised and		

Course List Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	<ul> <li>expanded, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, 1992.</li> <li>Robinson, J. R., Lee V. H. L, Controlled Drug Delivery Systems, Marcel Dekker,Inc., New York, 1992.</li> <li>Encyclopedia of controlled delivery, Editor- Edith Mathiowitz, Published by Wiley Interscience Publication, John Wiley and Sons, Inc, New York! Chichester/Weinheim</li> <li>N.K. Jain, Controlled and Novel Drug Delivery, CBS Publishers &amp; Distributors, New Delhi, First edition 1997 (reprint in 2001).</li> <li>S.P.Vyas and R.K.Khar, Controlled Drug Delivery - concepts and advances, Vallabh Prakashan, New Delhi, First edition 2002</li> <li>JOURNALS</li> <li>Indian Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences (IPA)</li> <li>Journal of controlled release (Elsevier Sciences) desirable</li> <li>Drug Development and Industrial Pharmacy (Marcel &amp; Decker) desirable</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Chien, Y.W. (1992). Novel drug delivery systems. 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., New York: Marcel Dekker, Inc.</li> <li>Robinson, J.R. , Lee, V.H.L. (1992). Controlled drug delivery systems. New York: Marcel Dekker, Inc.</li> <li>Mathiowitz, E. (1999). Encyclopedia of controlled delivery. New York: Wiley Interscience Publication, John Wiley and Sons, Inc.</li> <li>Jain, N.K. (1997). Controlled and novel drug delivery. 1<sup>st</sup> Ed., New Delhi: CBS Publishers &amp; Distributers.</li> <li>Vyas, S.P., Khar, R.K. (2002). Controlled drug delivery-concepts and advances. 1<sup>st</sup> Ed., New Delhi: Vallabh Prakashan.</li> <li>Suggested e-material:         <ol> <li>Indian Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences (IPA)</li> <li>Indian drugs (IDMA)</li> <li>Journal of controlled release (Elsevier Sciences)</li> <li>Drug Development and Industrial Pharmacy (Marcel &amp; Decker)</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	
Course code PHAR 516 Course name Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical TechniquesUpon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: <ul><li>Significance</li><li>Significance</li><li>Of Pharmaceutical Analysis in the profession.</li></ul> Nodern Pharmaceutical Analytical 	SECTION-A UV-visible spectroscopy: Introduction, Theory, Laws, Instrumentation associated with UV-Visible spectroscopy, Choice of solvents and solvent effect and Applications of UV Visible spectroscopy. Infra-red spectroscopy: Theory, Modes of Molecular vibrations, Sample handling, Instrumentation of Dispersive and Fourier -Transform IR Spectrometer, Factors affecting vibrational frequencies and Applications of IR spectroscopy. Spectroflourimetry: Theory of Fluorescence, Factors affecting fluorescence, Quenchers, Instrumentation and Applications of fluorescence spectrophotometer. Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Principle, Instrumentation, Interferences and Applications. NMR spectroscopy: Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief outline of principles of FT-NMR and 13C NMR. Applications of NMR spectroscopy: Principle, Theory, Instrumentation of Mass Spectroscopy, Different types of ionization like electron impact, chemical, field, FAB and MALDI, APCI, ESI, APPI Analyzers of Quadrupole and Time of Flight, Mass fragmentation and its rules, Meta stable ions, Isotopic peaks and Applications of Mass spectroscopy Chromatography: Principle, apparatus, instrumentation, chromatographic parameters, factors affecting resolution and applications of the following: a) Paper chromatography b) Thin Layer chromatography c) Ion exchange chromatography d) Column chromatography e) Gas chromatography f) High Performance Liquid chromatography g) Affinity chromatography	SECTION-A UV-visible spectroscopy: Introduction, Theory, Laws, Instrumentation associated with UV-Visible spectroscopy, Choice of solvents and solvent effect and Applications of UV Visible spectroscopy. Infra-red spectroscopy: Theory, Modes of Molecular vibrations, Sample handling, Instrumentation of Dispersive and Fourier -Transform IR Spectrometer, Factors affecting vibrational frequencies and Applications of IR spectroscopy. Spectroflourimetry: Theory of Fluorescence, Factors affecting fluorescence, Quenchers, Instrumentation and Applications of fluorescence spectrophotometer. Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Principle, Instrumentation, Interferences and Applications. NMR spectroscopy: Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief outline of principles of FT-NMR and 13C NMR. Applications of NMR spectroscopy: Principle, Theory, Instrumentation of Mass Spectroscopy, Different types of ionization like electron impact, chemical, field, FAB and MALDI, APCI, ESI, APPI Analyzers of Quadrupole and Time of Flight, Mass fragmentation and its rules, Meta stable ions, Isotopic peaks and Applications of Mass spectroscopy Chromatography: Principle, apparatus, instrumentation, chromatographic parameters, factors affecting resolution and applications of the following: a) Paper chromatography b) Thin Layer chromatography c) Ion exchange chromatography d) Column chromatography e) Gas chromatography f) High Performance Liquid chromatography g) Affinity chromatography	No changes in the syllabus. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		Electrophoresis: Principle, Instrumentation, Working conditions, factors affecting separation and applications of the following: a) Paper electrophoresis b) Gel electrophoresis c) Capillary electrophoresis d) Zone electrophoresis e) Moving boundary electrophoresis f) Iso electric focusing SECTION-C X ray Crystallography: Production of X rays. Different X ray diffraction	Electrophoresis: Principle, Instrumentation, Working conditions, factors affecting separation and applications of the following: a) Paper electrophoresis b) Gel electrophoresis c) Capillary electrophoresis d) Zone electrophoresis e) Moving boundary electrophoresis f) Iso electric focusing SECTION-C X ray Crystallography: Production of X rays. Different X ray diffraction	
		methods, Bragg's law, Rotating crystal technique, X-ray powder technique, Types of crystals and applications of X-ray diffraction.	methods, Bragg's law, Rotating crystal technique, X-ray powder technique, Types of crystals and applications of X-ray diffraction.	
		Immunological assays: RIA (Radio immuno assay), ELISA, Bioluminescence assays.	Immunological assays: RIA (Radio immuno assay), ELISA, Bioluminescence assays.	
		<b>Potentiometry:</b> Principle, working, Ion selective electrodes and application of potentiometry.	<b>Potentiometry:</b> Principle, working, Ion selective electrodes and application of potentiometry.	
		<b>Thermal Techniques:</b> Principle, thermal transitions and Instrumentation (Heat flux and power-compensation and designs), Modulated DSC, Hyper DSC, experimental parameters (sample preparation, experimental conditions, calibration, heating and cooling rates, resolution, source of errors) and their influence, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications.	<b>Thermal Techniques:</b> Principle, thermal transitions and Instrumentation (Heat flux and power-compensation and designs), Modulated DSC, Hyper DSC, experimental parameters (sample preparation, experimental conditions, calibration, heating and cooling rates, resolution, source of errors) and their influence, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications.	
		<b>Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA):</b> Principle, instrumentation and advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications, derivative differential thermal analysis (DDTA).	<b>Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA):</b> Principle, instrumentation and advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications, derivative differential thermal analysis (DDTA).	
		<b>TGA:</b> Principle, instrumentation, factors affecting results, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications.	<b>TGA:</b> Principle, instrumentation, factors affecting results, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications.	
		Books recommended:	Recommended books (Latest edition):	
		<ol> <li>Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds - Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley &amp; Sons, 2004.</li> <li>Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.</li> <li>Instrumental methods of analysis – Willards, 7th edition, CBS publishers. 4. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry – Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4th edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.</li> <li>Organic Spectroscopy - William Kemp, 3rd edition, ELBS, 1991.</li> <li>Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation - P D Sethi, 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.</li> <li>Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods – Part B - J W Munson, Volume 11, Marcel Dekker Series</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Silverstein, R.M. (2004). Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds. 6<sup>th</sup> Ed., New York: Wiley Interscience Publication, John Wiley and Sons, Inc.</li> <li>Skoog, D.A., Holler, F.J., Nieman, T.A. (1998). Principles of Instrumental Analysis. 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., Bangalore: Eastern press.</li> <li>Beckett, A.H., Stenlake, J.B. (1987). Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry. 4<sup>th</sup> Ed., vol 2. New Delhi: CBS Publishers &amp; Distributers.</li> <li>Kemp, W. (1991). Organic Spectroscopy, 3rd Ed., London: Red Globe Press.</li> <li>Sethi, P.D. (1987). Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation. 3rd Ed., New Delhi: CBS Publishers &amp; Distributers.</li> <li>Munson, J.W. (2008). Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods – Part B. vol 11. New York: Marcel Dekker, Inc.</li> <li>Suggested e-material:         <ol> <li>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/9780123869845 Infrared and Raman spectroscopy Larkin, Peter</li> <li>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/9780124115897 Solving problems with NMR spectroscopy Atta-ur-Rahman, Muhammad Iqbal</li> <li>http://lib.myilibrary.com/?id=543351 Quantum Chemistry and Spectroscopy: Pearson New International Edition Engel, Thomas</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	
Course code PHAR 517	Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding	SECTION-A	SECTION-A	'Similarity factor and kinetic model' shifted to Section A
<b>Course name</b> Modern	of: • The concept of pre-	kinetics of stability, Stability testing. Theories of dispersion and	kinetics of stability, Stability testing. Dissolution parameter: Similarity	Topic optimization

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
Pharmaceutics	formulation and its effect on formulation, efficacy and stability of pharmaceutical products at industry.	pharmaceutical Dispersion (Emulsion and Suspension, SMEDDS) preparation and stability Large and small volume parental – physiological and formulation consideration, Manufacturing and evaluation.	factors – f2 and f1, Higuchi and Peppas plot. Theories of dispersion and pharmaceutical Dispersion (Emulsion and Suspension, SMEDDS) preparation and stability	techniques shifted to Section C just to match the nature of content. "Suggested e-material:" has
	<ul> <li>Formulation, evaluation and stability aspect of emulsion,</li> </ul>	<b>Optimization techniques in Pharmaceutical Formulation:</b> Concept and parameters of optimization, Optimization techniques in pharmaceutical formulation and parameters.	Large and small volume parental – physiological and formulation consideration, Manufacturing and evaluation.	been added.
	<ul> <li>suspension, SMEDDS, and parenteral at large scale production.</li> <li>Aspects related to compression and compaction of tablets</li> </ul>	Contour designs, Factorial designs and application in formulation SECTION-B Validation: Introduction to Pharmaceutical Validation, Scope & merits of	SECTION-B Compression and compaction: Physics of tablet compression, compression, consolidation, effect of friction, distribution of forces, compaction profiles, Heckel plots.	Topic <b>Heckel plots</b> shifted to topic Compression and consolidation as its part of this chapter.
	<ul> <li>Better way of application of pharmaceutical and statistical tools.</li> </ul>	for calibration, Validation and calibration of Master plan, ICH & WHO guidelines for calibration and validation of equipments, Validation of specific dosage form, Types of validation. Government regulation, Manufacturing Process Model, URS, DQ, IQ, OQ & P.Q. of facilities.	<b>Validation:</b> Introduction to Pharmaceutical Validation, Scope & merits of Validation, Validation and calibration of Master plan, ICH & WHO guidelines for calibration and validation of equipments, Validation of specific dosage form. Turner of validation.	Topic 'solubility' is removed due to irrelevancy with the chapter.
		<b>cGMP &amp; Industrial Management:</b> Objectives and policies of current good manufacturing practices, layout of buildings, services, equipments and their maintenance Production management: Production organization, , materials management, handling and transportation, inventory management and control, production and planning control, Sales forecasting, budget and cost	<b>CGMP &amp; Industrial Management:</b> Objectives and policies of current good manufacturing process, layout of buildings, services, equipments and their maintenance	Topic 'Production Management' shifted to Section C to adjust work load in sections.
		control, industrial and personal relationship. Concept of Total Quality Management. SECTION-C	SECTION-C Production management: Production organization, materials management, handling and transportation, inventory management and control, production and planning control. Sales forecasting budget and cost control.	Topic 'Diffusion parameters
		<ul> <li>Compression and compaction: Physics of tablet compression, compressin, compression, compression,</li></ul>	<ul> <li>production and planning control, Sales forecasting, budget and cost control, industrial and personal relationship. Concept of Total Quality Management.</li> <li>Optimization techniques in Pharmaceutical Formulation: Concept and parameters of optimization, Optimization techniques in pharmaceutical formulation and processing. Statistical design, Response surface method, Contour design, Easterial design, and application in formulation</li> </ul>	parameters' removed as it is not related to consolidation and this chapter (while Study of consolidation parameters) already covered in chapter 'Compression and compaction'.
		<ul> <li>test.</li> <li>Books recommended:</li> <li>1. Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy By Lachmann and Libermann</li> <li>2. Pharmaceutical dosage forms: Tablets Vol. 1-3 by Leon Lachmann.</li> <li>3. Pharmaceutical Dosage forms: Disperse systems, Vol, 1-2; By Leon Lachmann.</li> <li>4. Pharmaceutical Dosage forms: Parenteral medications Vol. 1-2; By Leon Lachmann.</li> <li>5. Modern Pharmaceutics; By Gillbert and S. Banker.</li> <li>6. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences.</li> <li>7. Advances in Pharmaceutical Sciences Vol. 1-5; By H.S. Bean &amp; A.H. Beckett.</li> <li>8. Physical Pharmacy; By Alfred martin</li> <li>9. Bentley's Textbook of Pharmaceutics – by Rawlins.</li> <li>10. Good manufacturing practices for Pharmaceuticals: A plan for total quality control, Second edition; By Sidney H. Willig.</li> <li>11. Quality Assurance Guide; By Organization of Pharmaceutical producers of India.</li> <li>12. Drug formulation manual; By D.P.S. Kohli and D.H.Shah. Eastern publishers, New Delhi.</li> <li>13. How to practice GMPs; By P.P.Sharma. Vandhana Publications, Agra.</li> <li>14. Pharmaceutical Process Validation; By Fra. R. Berry and Robert A.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Contour designs, Factorial designs and application in formulation</li> <li>Linearity, Concept of significance, Standard deviation, Chi square test, students T-test, ANOVA test.</li> <li>Books recommended: <ol> <li>Lachmann, L., Libermann, H.A., Kanig, J.L. (2013). Theory and practice of industrial pharmacy. 4<sup>th</sup> Ed., Bombay: Varghese Publishing House.</li> <li>Lachmann, L., Libermann, H.A., Joseph, B. (1989). Pharmaceutical dosage forms: Tablets. 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., vol. I-III. New York: Marcel Dekker.</li> <li>Lachmann, L., Libermann, H.A., Martin, M.R., Banker, G.S. (1996). Pharmaceutical dosage forms: disperse systems. vol. I-II, CRC press.</li> <li>Avis, K.E., Lachmann, L., Libermann, H.A. (1984). Pharmaceutical dosage forms: parentral medications. vol. 1. New York: Marcel Dekker.</li> <li>Gillbert, S.B., Christopher, T.R. (1996). Modern Pharmaceutics. 4<sup>th</sup> Ed., CRC press.</li> <li>Remington, J.P. (2005). Remington: the science and practice of pharmaceutical sciences. vol. I-V, London, Berkeley: Academic press.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	compaction'.

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		Nash. 15. Pharmaceutical Preformulations; By J.J. Wells. 16. Applied production and operations management; By Evans, Anderson, Sweeney and Williams. 17. Encyclopaedia of Pharmaceutical technology, Vol I – III.	<ol> <li>Sinko, P.J. (2011). Martin's physical pharmacy and pharmaceutical sciences. 6<sup>th</sup> Ed., Lippincott williams and wilkins.</li> <li>Rawlins, E.A. (2012). Bentley's textbook of pharmaceutics. 8<sup>th</sup> Ed., Elsevier.</li> <li>Willing, S.H. (2001). Good manufacturing practices for pharmaceuticals: a plan for total quality control. 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., New York: Marcel Dekker, Inc.</li> <li>Quality Assurance Guide, By Organization of Pharmaceutical producers of India.</li> <li>Kohli, D.P.S., Shah, D.H. (2008). Drug formulation manual. New Delhi: Eastern publishers.</li> <li>Sharma, P.P. (2015). How to practice GMPs. 7<sup>th</sup> Ed., Agra: Vandhana publications.</li> <li>Nash, R.A., Watcher, A.H. (2003). Pharmaceutical process validation. 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., vol. 129. New York: Marcel Dekker, Inc.</li> <li>Wells, J.I. (1990). Pharmaceutical preformulation: The physiochemical properties of drug substances. vol. 79. Chichester: Ellis Horwood.</li> <li>Evans, J.R., Anderson, D.R., Sweeny, D.J., Williams, T.A. (1990). Applied production and operations management. 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., United States: West.</li> <li>Swarbrick, J. (2006). Encyclopaedia of pharmaceutical technology. 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., CRC press.</li> <li>Suggested e-material:         <ol> <li>https://pharmaclub.in/free-pharmacey-ebooks-pharmaceutics/</li> <li>https://202.74.245.22:8080/xmlui/handle/123456789/39/browse?t ype=subject</li> <li>https://accesspharmacy.mhmedical.com/books.aspx?view=library 6. https://accesspharmacy.mhmedical.com/books.aspx?view=library 6. https://doaj.org/</li> </ol></li></ol>	
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 529 <b>Course name</b> Regulatory Affairs	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: <ul> <li>concepts of innovator and generic drugs, drug development process</li> <li>The Regulatory guidance's for filing and approval process</li> <li>preparation of dossiers and their submission to regulatory agencies in different countries</li> <li>post approval regulatory requirements for actives and drug product</li> <li>clinical trials requirements for approvals for conducting clinical trials</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	SECTION-A Documentation in Pharmaceutical industry: Master formula record, DMF (Drug Master File), distribution records. Generic drugs product development Introduction, Hatch-Waxman act and amendments, CFR (CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATION), drug product performance, in-vitro, ANDA regulatory approval process, NDA approval process, BE and drug product assessment, in –vivo, scale up process approval changes, post marketing surveillance, outsourcing BA and BE to CRO. SECTION-B Regulatory requirement for product approval: API, biologics, novel, therapies obtaining NDA, ANDA for generic drugs ways and means of US registration for foreign drugs CMC, post approval regulatory affairs. Regulatory requirements of EU, MHRA, TGA and ROW countries. SECTION-C Non clinical drug development: Global submission of IND, NDA, ANDA. Investigation of medicinal products dossier, dossier (IMPD) and investigator brochure (IB).	7. https://doaj.org/ SECTION-A Documentation in Pharmaceutical industry: Master formula record, DMF (Drug Master File), distribution records. Generic drugs product development Introduction , Hatch-Waxman act and amendments, CFR (CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATION) ,drug product performance, in-vitro, ANDA regulatory approval process, NDA approval process, BE and drug product assessment, in –vivo, scale up process approval changes, post marketing surveillance, outsourcing BA and BE to CRO. SECTION-B Regulatory requirement for product approval: API, biologics, novel, therapies obtaining NDA, ANDA for generic drugs ways and means of US registration for foreign drugs CMC, post approval regulatory affairs. Regulatory requirements of EU, MHRA, TGA and ROW countries. SECTION-C Non clinical drug development: Global submission of IND, NDA, ANDA. Investigation of medicinal products dossier, dossier (IMPD) and investigator brochure (IB).	No changes in the syllabus. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		<b>Clinical trials:</b> Developing clinical trial protocols. Institutional review board/ independent ethics committee Formulation and working procedures informed Consent process and procedures. HIPAA- new requirement to	<b>Clinical trials:</b> Developing clinical trial protocols. Institutional review board/ independent ethics committee Formulation and working procedures informed Consent process and procedures. HIPAA- new requirement to	
		clinical study process, pharmacovigilance safety monitoring in clinical trials.	clinical study process, pharmacovigilance safety monitoring in clinical trials.	
		Books recommended:	Books recommended:	
		<ol> <li>Generic Drug Product Development, Solid Oral Dosage forms, Leon Shargel and IsaderKaufer, Marcel Dekker series, Vol.143</li> <li>The Pharmaceutical Regulatory Process, Second Edition Edited by Ira R. Berry and Robert P.Martin, Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Sciences, Vol.185, Informa Health care Publishers.</li> <li>New Drug Approval Process: Accelerating Global Registrations By Richard A Guarino, MD,5th edition, Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Sciences, Vol.190.</li> <li>Guidebook for drug regulatory submissions / Sandy Weinberg. By John Wiley &amp; Sons.Inc.</li> <li>FDA regulatory affairs: a guide for prescription drugs, medical devices, and biologics/edited By Douglas J. Pisano, David Mantus.</li> <li>Clinical Trials and Human Research: A Practical Guide to Regulatory Compliance By Fay A.Rozovsky and Rodney K. Adams</li> <li>www.ich.org/</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Shargel, L, Kaufer, I. (2005). Generic Drug Product Development, Solid Oral Dosage forms. Vol.143. New York: Marcel Dekker Inc.</li> <li>Berry, I.R., Martin, R.P. (2008). The Pharmaceutical Regulatory Process. 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., vol. 185. Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Sciences. New York: CRC press.</li> <li>Guarino, R.A. (2004). New Drug Approval Process: Accelerating Global Registrations. 5th Ed., vol. 190, New York: Marcel Dekker Inc.</li> <li>Weinberg, S. (2009). Guidebook for drug regulatory submissions. 1<sup>st</sup> Ed., John Wiley &amp; Sons Inc.</li> <li>Pisano, D.J., Mantus, D. (2005). FDA regulatory affairs: a guide for prescription drugs, medical devices, and biologics. 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., New York: CRC press.</li> <li>Rozovsky, F.A., Adams, R.K. (2003). Clinical Trials and Human Research: A Practical Guide to Regulatory Compliance. 1<sup>st</sup> Ed., Washington: John Wiley and Sons</li> </ol>	
		<ol> <li>8. www.tda.gov/</li> <li>9. europa.eu/index en.htm</li> </ol>	washington. John wiley and Johs.	
		10. https://www.tga.gov.au/tga-basics	Suggested e-material: 1. www.ich.org/	
			<ol> <li>www.fda.gov/</li> <li>europa.eu/index_en.htm</li> <li>https://www.tga.gov.au/tga-basics</li> </ol>	
		1. Analysis of pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer	1. Analysis of pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer	
		2. Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry	2. Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry	
		3. Experiments based on HPLC	3. Experiments based on HPLC	
		4. Experiments based on Gas Chromatography	4. Experiments based on Gas Chromatography	
	Upon completion of this course the student will develop skills of:	5. Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry	5. Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry	
	• Developing new analytical	6. Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry	6. Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry	
Course code PHAR 522L Course name	method • Designing pre-formulation	7. To perform In-vitro dissolution profile of CR/ SR marketed formulation	7. To perform In-vitro dissolution profile of CR/ SR marketed formulation	No changes
Pharmaceutics Lab-	• Formulation and	8. Formulation and evaluation of sustained release matrix tablets	8. Formulation and evaluation of sustained release matrix tablets	-
1	characterization of dosage	9. Formulation and evaluation osmotically controlled DDS	9. Formulation and evaluation osmotically controlled DDS	
	forms	10. Preparation and evaluation of Floating DDS- hydro dynamically balanced DDS	10. Preparation and evaluation of Floating DDS- hydro dynamically balanced DDS	
		11. Formulation and evaluation of Muco adhesive tablets.	11. Formulation and evaluation of Muco adhesive tablets.	
		12. Formulation and evaluation of trans dermal patches.	12. Formulation and evaluation of trans dermal patches.	
		13. To carry out preformulation studies of tablets.	13. To carry out preformulation studies of tablets.	
		14. To study the effect of compressional force on tablets disintegration time.	14. To study the effect of compressional force on tablets disintegration time.	

Conse code       15. To Study Microanetic properties of proviets and pranuitation.       15. To Study Microanetic and advalution of a label.       15. To Study Microanetic and advalution of a label.       15. To Study Microanetic and advalution of a label.       15. To Study Microanetic and advalution of a label.         10. To study the effect of partices are advalution of a label.       15. To Study Microanetic advalution of a label.       15. To study Microanetic advalution of a label.       15. To study Microanetic advalution of a label.         11. To study the effect of partices are advalution of a label.       15. To study Microanetic advalution of a label.       15. To study Microanetic advalution of a label.         12. To study Microanetic advalution of a label.       15. To study Microanetic advalution of a label.       15. To study Microanetic advalution of a label.         13. To prove Microanetic advalution of advalution	Course List Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
clustophene elective)       experimental animals.       methods to animal toxicity testing.       methods to animal toxicity testing.       antianginal, antiatherosclerotic agents and diuretics. Drugs for metabolic disorders like anti-diabetic, antidyslipidemic agents.         elective)       experimental animals.       methods to animal toxicity testing.       antianginal, antiatherosclerotic agents and diuretics. Drugs for metabolic disorders like anti-diabetic, antidyslipidemic agents.         good laboratory practices in maintenance and handling of experimental animals       I.       Handbook of Experimental Pharmacology, SK.Kulkarni       SECTION-C         9.       Fundamentals of experimental Pharmacology, SK.Kulkarni to humans       Schedule Y Guideline: drugs and cosmetics (second amendment rules,       Schedule Y Guideline: drugs and cosmetics (second amendment rules,       Immunoassay: theoretical basis and optimization of immunoassay, heterogeneous and homogenous immunoassay systems. Immunoassay for digoxin and insulin.         New Delhi       Drugs from discovery to approval by Rick NG.       Anti-cancer agents. Hepatoprotective screening methods.         1.       Maninal Models in Toxicology by Karen E. Stine, Thomas M. Brown.       Anti-cancer agents. Hepatoprotective and preclinical and preclinical to humans	Course List       Learning outcomes         Upon completion of this course student will have an understandiof:       Preclinical evaluation drugs and resperimental technique the drug discovery development.         Course code       Maintenance of labor animals as per guidelines, basic know of various <i>in-vitro</i> and <i>in</i> preclinical evalue processes         Course name       Pharmacological and Toxicological and Toxicological screening Methods	Existing Syllabus15.To study Micromeritic properties of powders and granulation.16.To study the effect of particle size on dissolution of a tablet.17.To study the effect of binders on dissolution of a tablet.18.To plot Heckal plot, Higuchi and peppas plot and determine similarity factors.SECTION-ALaboratory Animals, Common laboratory animals: Description, handling and applications of different species and strains of animals. Transgenic animals: Production, maintenance and applications. Anaesthesia and euthansia of experimental animals. Maintenance and breeding of laboratory animals. CPCSEA guidelines to conduct experiments on animals. Good laboratory practice. Bioassay-Principle, scope and limitations and methodsSECTION-BBasic definition and types of toxicology (general, mechanistic, regulatory and descriptive). Regulatory guidelines for conducting toxicity studies OECD, ICH,EPA and Schedule Y. OECD principles of Good laboratory practice (GLP).History, concept and its importance in drug development Acute, sub-acute and chronic- oral, dermal and inhalational studies as per OECD guidelines. Acute eye irritation, skin sensitization, dermal irritation & dermal toxicity studies. Test item characterization- importance and methods in regulatory toxicology studiesIND enabling studies (IND studies)- Definition of IND, importance of IND, industry perspective, list of studies needed for IND submission. Safety pharmacology studies- origin, concepts and importance of safety pharmacology studies- origin, concepts and importance of safety pharmacology. Tier1- CVS, CNS and respiratory safety pharmacology, HERG assay. Tier2- GI, renal and other studies.Toxicokinetics- Toxicokine	Suggested Syllabus         15.       To study Micromeritic properties of powders and granulation.         16.       To study the effect of particle size on dissolution of a tablet.         17.       To study the effect of binders on dissolution of a tablet.         18.       To plot Heckal plot, Higuchi and peppas plot and determine similarity factors.         SECTION-A         Laboratory Animals: Common laboratory animals: Description, handling and applications of different species and strains of animals. Transgenic animals: Production, maintenance and applications. Anaesthesia and euthanasia of experimental animals. Maintenance and breeding of laboratory animals. CPCSEA guidelines to conduct experiments on animals         Good laboratory practice.       Bioassay: Principle, scope and limitations and methods.         Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models.         General principles of preclinical screening. CNS Pharmacology: behavioral and muscle co ordination, CNS stimulants and depressants, anxiolytics, antipsychotics, anti epileptics and nootropics. Drugs for neurodegenerative diseases like Parkinsonism, Alzheimers and multiple sclerosis. Drugs acting on Autonomic Nervous System.         SECTION-B         Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models.         Respiratory Pharmacology: anti-asthmatics, drugs for COPD and anti allergics. Reproductive Pharmacol	Remarks
Conduct of Human Clinical Trials and Marketing Authorization for Pharmaceuticals	Course name Pharmacological and Toxicological Screening Methods 	<ul> <li>pharmacology. Tier1- CVS, CNS and respiratory safety pharmacology, HERG assay. Tier2- GI, renal and other studies.</li> <li><b>Toxicokinetics</b>- Toxicokinetic evaluation in preclinical studies, saturation kinetics, Importance and applications of toxicokinetic studies. Alternative methods to animal toxicity testing.</li> <li><b>Books recommended:</b> <ol> <li>Handbook of Experimental Pharmacology, SK.Kulkarni</li> <li>Fundamentals of experimental Pharmacology by M.N.Ghosh</li> <li>Hand book on GLP, Quality practices for regulated non-clinical research and development (<a href="http://www.who.int/tdr/publications/documents/glphandbook.pdf">http://www.who.int/tdr/publications/documents/glphandbook.pdf</a>).</li> </ol> </li> <li>Schedule Y Guideline: drugs and cosmetics (second amendment) rules,</li> <li>2005, ministry of health and family welfare (department of health) New Delhi</li> <li>Drugs from discovery to approval by Rick NG.</li> <li>Animal Models in Toxicology, 3rd Edition, Lower and Bryan</li> <li>OECD test guidelines.</li> <li>Principles of toxicology by Karen E. Stine, Thomas M. Brown.</li> <li>Guidance for Industry M3(R2) Nonclinical Safety Studies for the Conduct of Human Clinical Trials and Marketing Authorization for Pharmaceuticals.</li> </ul>	drugs: anti-ulcer, anti-emetic, antidiarrheal and laxatives. Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models. Cardiovascular Pharmacology: antihypertensives, antiarrythmics, antianginal, antiatherosclerotic agents and diuretics. Drugs for metabolic disorders like anti-diabetic, antidyslipidemic agents. SECTION-C Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models. Immunomodulators, Immunosuppressants and immunostimulants General principles of immunoassay: theoretical basis and optimization of immunoassay, heterogeneous and homogenous immunoassay systems. Immunoassay methods evaluation; protocol outline, objectives and preparation. Immunoassay for digoxin and insulin. Anti-cancer agents. Hepatoprotective screening methods. Limitations of animal experimentation and alternate animalexperiments. Extrapolation of in vitro data to preclinical and preclinical to humans Recommended books (Latest edition): 1. Kulkarni, S.K. (2013). Handbook of experimental pharmacology. New Delhi: Vallabh publications. 2. Check MDN (2000).	Modified as per PCI prescribed syllabus "Suggested e-material:" has been added

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		regulatoryinformation /guidances/ucm073246.pdf)	<ol> <li>Schedule Y Guideline: drugs and cosmetics (second amendment) rules, 2005, ministry of health and family welfare (department of health) New Delhi.</li> <li>Rick, N.G. (2015). Drugs: from discovery to approval. 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed.,New York: Wiley Blackwell.</li> <li>Gad, S.C. (2015). Animal Models in Toxicology. 3rd Ed.,New York: CRC press.</li> <li>Stine, K.E., Brown, T.M. (2015). Principles of toxicology. 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed.,New York: CRC press.</li> <li>Guidance for Industry M3(R2) Nonclinical Safety Studies for the Conduct of Human Clinical Trials and Marketing Authorization for Pharmaceuticals.</li> <li>(http://www.fda.gov/downloads/drugs/guidancecompliance regulatoryinformation /guidances/ucm073246.pdf)</li> <li>Hand book on GLP, Quality practices for regulated non-clinical research and development (http://www.who.int/tdr/ publications(documents/glubandbook pdf)</li> </ol>	
Course code Course name Herbal Cosmetics (Discipline Elective)	After completion of the course, student shall be able to • Understand the basic principles of various herbal/natural cosmetic preparations • Current Good Manufacturing Practices of herbal/natural cosmetics as per the regulatory authorities		Introduction: Herbal/natural cosmetics, Classification & Economic aspects. Regulatory Provisions relation to manufacture of cosmetics: License, GMP, offences & Penalties, Import & Export of Herbal/natural cosmetics, Industries involved in the production of Herbal/natural cosmetics, commonly used herbal cosmetics, raw materials, preservatives, surfactants, humectants, oils, colors, and some functional herbs. Commonly used herbal cosmetics, raw materials, preservatives, surfactants, humectants, oils, colors, and some functional herbs, preformulation studies, compatibility studies, possible interactions between chemicals and herbs, design of herbal cosmetic formulation. <b>SECTION-B</b> <b>Herbal Cosmetics:</b> Physiology and chemistry of skin and pigmentation, hairs, scalp, lips and nail. Preparation and standardisation of Cleansing cream, Lotions, Face powders, Face packs, Lipsticks, Bath products, soaps and baby product, Tonic, Bleaches, Dentifrices and Mouth washes & Tooth Pastes, Cosmetics for Nails. <b>SECTION-C</b> <b>Cosmeceuticals of herbal and natural origin:</b> Hair growth formulations, Shampoos, Conditioners, Colorants & hair oils, Fairness formulations, vanishing & foundation creams, anti-sun burn preparations, moisturizing creams, deodorants. <b>Analysis of Cosmetics, Toxicity screening and test methods:</b> Quality control and torigity ctudies ac per Drug and Cosmetics Act	Introduced as Discipline Elective using PCI prescribed syllabus. "Suggested e-material:" has been added
			<ul> <li>Recommended books: <ol> <li>Panda, H. (2000). Herbal Cosmetics: Hand book, New Delhi: Asia Pacific Business Press Inc.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Thomson, E.G. (2015). Modern Cosmetics, vol 1, Mumbai: Universal Publishing Corporation.</li> <li>Sharma, P.P. (2014). Cosmetics - Formulation, Manufacturing &amp; Quality</li> </ul>	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
			Control, Ed.5th, New Delhi: Vandana Publications.
			<ol> <li>Supriya, B. (2000). Handbook of Aromatic Plants, Publishers.</li> </ol>
			<ol> <li>Skaria, B.P. (2007). Aromatic Plants: Horticulture Scie Delhi: New India Publishing Agency.</li> </ol>
			<ol> <li>Keville, K., Green, M., (2008). Aromatheraphy: A Comp Healing Art, New Delhi: Sri Satguru Publications.</li> </ol>
			<ol> <li>Balsam, M.S., Edward S. (1974). Cosmetics Science and 3, New York: Wiley Interscience.</li> </ol>
			Suggested e-material:
			https://www.pdfdrive.com/cosmetics-books.html
			SECTION-A
			<b>Enzyme Technology:</b> Classification, general propertied dynamics of enzymatic activity, sources of enzymes, purification, pharmaceutical, therapeutic and clinic Production of amyloglucosidase, glucose isomerase, amylase
			<b>Genetic Engineering:</b> Techniques of gene manipus strategies, procedures, cloning vectors expression vector selection and screening, expression in E.coli and yeast.
			Site directed mutagenesis, polymerase chain reaction, DNAsequences.
			Gene library and cDNA
			Applications of the above technique in the production of,
	Upon completion of this course		<ul> <li>Regulatory proteins - Interferon, Interleukins</li> </ul>
Course code	student will have an understanding		Blood products - Erythropoietin
	of: • Enzyme technology genetic		Vaccines - Hepatitis-B
Course name	Engineering, Peptides and its		Hormones – Insulin
Pharmaceutical Biotechnology	<ul> <li>applications.</li> <li>Transgenic animal, human genome and signal transduction</li> </ul>		<b>Therapeutic peptides:</b> Study on controlled and site specified therapeutic peptides and proteins through various routes o
(Discipline Elective)	<ul> <li>3 Microbial transformation,</li> </ul>		SECTION-B
	biodegradation and biosensors.		Transgenic animals: Production of useful proteins in transg
			gene therapy.
			Human Genome: The human genome project-a brief chromosome – Structure and classification, chromosomal Syndromes
			<b>Signal transduction:</b> Introduction, cell signaling pathway Sensors and effectors, ON and OFF mechanisms, Spatia aspects of signaling, cellular process, development, proliferation, neuronal signaling, cell stress, inflammator cell death, signaling defects and diseases.
			SECTION-C
			<b>Oncogenes:</b> Introduction, definition, various oncogenes and <b>Microbial Biotransformation:</b> Biotransformation for the sydrugs and steroids.
L	1	1	-

	Remarks
, Jaipur: Pointer	
ence Series, New	
olete Guide to the	
d Technology, vol	
es of enzymes, extraction and ical application. e and trypsin.	
ulation, cloning ors, recombinant	
and analysis of	
	Introduced as Discipline Elective using PCI prescribed
ed delivery of of administration.	syllabus. "Suggested e-material:" has been added
genic animals and	
f study, Human I abnormalities –	
ys, Ion channels, al and temporal cell cycle and ry responses and	
d their proteins. ynthesis of chiral	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			<b>Microbial Biodegradation:</b> Biodegradation of xenobiotics, chemical and industrial wastes, Production of single-cell protein, Applications of microbes in environmental monitoring.	
			<b>Biosensors:</b> Definition, characteristics of ideal biosensors, types of biosensors, biological recognition elements, transducers, application of biosensors.	
			Recommended books:	
			<ol> <li>Trevan, M.D., Boffey, S., Goulding, K.H., Stanbury, P.F. (1987). Biotechnology-The biological principles. Ed. 1, Stony Stratford: Open University Press.</li> </ol>	
			2. Bickerstaff, G.F. (1997). Immobilization of cells and enzymes. Totowa: Humana Press Inc.	
			<ol> <li>Old, R.W., Primrose, S.B. (1981). Principles of Gene Manipulating. University of California Press</li> </ol>	
			<ol> <li>Lodish, H., Berk, A., Zipursky, L., Matsudaira, P., Baltimore, D. Darnell, J. (1999). Molecular Cell Biology. 4th ed. W. H. Freeman Publishers.</li> </ol>	
			<ol> <li>Primrose, S.B. (1991). Modern Biotechnology. 2nd Ed. London: Blackwell Scientific Publications Ltd.</li> </ol>	
			<ol> <li>Murray E.T. (1991). Gene transfer and expression protocols-methods in Molecular Biology, vol. VII, Totowa: Humana Press Inc.</li> </ol>	
			<ol> <li>Asubel, F.M. (2003). Current protocols in Molecular Biology, Vo1.I &amp; II, John Wiley Publishers.</li> </ol>	
			Suggested e-material	
			<ol> <li>http://202.74.245.22:8080/xmlui/handle/123456789/39/ browse?type=subject</li> </ol>	
			2. https://pharmaclub.in/free-pharmacy-ebooks-pharmaceutics/	
			3. https://www.pdfdrive.com/pharmaceutical-books.html	
			SECTION-A	
	Upon completion of this course		Intellectual property rights (IPR): Definition, scope, objectives, Concepts	
	student will have an understanding		and fundamentals: intellectual property (IP), intellectual property	
	of: • natent and convright for		protection (IPP) and intellectual property rights (IPR); economic importance,	
	their innovative works. They		mechanism for protection of intellectual property.	
	also get the knowledge of		<b>Patents:</b> (Criteria for patentability, Indian patent act. 1970, filing of a patent application precautions before patenting-disclosures/non-disclosures	
Course code	plagiarism in their innovations which can be		publication-article/ thesis, prior art search – published patents search.	Introduced as Discipline
Course name	questioned legally.		internet search patent sites, specialized service search requests, costs,	Elective using PCI prescribed
Intellectual	<ul> <li>selected IP issues that might</li> </ul>		patent application forms and guidelines, fee structure, time frames,	Syllabus.
Property Rights	• federal and state IP		jurisdiction aspects, types of patent application- provisional, non-	"Suggested e-material:" has
(Discipline Elective)	protection:		provisional, PCT and convention patent applications, international patenting requirement procedures and costs.	been added
	<ul> <li>tools and activities of IP practitioners such as the</li> </ul>		Patent infringement: Meaning scone litigation drug related patents	
	Copyright, Patent, and		infringements, case studies and examples, patenting by research students.),	
	Trademark websites,		SECTION-B	
	and more.		<b>Copyright</b> , <b>Trademarks:</b> (Introduction, meaning of trademark, criteria for eligibility, filling application for trademark registration).	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			<b>Trade secrets:</b> Scope modalities and protection case studies. Role of IP in pharmaceutical industry.	
			Trade related aspects of intellectual property rights: Intellectual property	
			and international trade, concept behind WTO (World Trade Organization),	
			WIPO (World Intellectual Property Organization), GATT (General Agreement	
			on Tariff and Trade), TRIMS (Trade Related Investment Measures) and GATS	
			(General Agreement on Trades in Services).	
			WTO-objectives, scope, functions, structure, status, membership and	
			withdrawal, dispute settlement, impact on globalization	
			SECTION-C	
			Technology development/transfer commercialization related aspects:	
			in semi-commercialization and commercialization practical aspects and	
			problems, significance of transfer of technology (TOT), bottlenecks,	
			managing technology transfer, guidelines for research students, scientists	
			and related personnel, TOT agencies in India APCTD, NRDC, TIFAC, IBCIL,	
			TOT related documentation: Confidentiality agreements licensing MOUS	
			legal issues, compulsory licensing and issuing of access to medicines. DOHA	
			declaration.	
			Related quality systems: Objectives and brief review of US-FDA, UK-MCA,	
			and TGA guidelines.	
			Standard institutes and certification agencies like: ISI, BSS, ASTM.	
			Recommended books (Latest edition):	
			1. Treece, D.J. (2003). <i>Managing Intellectual Capital: Organizational,</i> <i>Strategic and Policy Dimension</i> . England: Oxford University Press.	
			2. Wadedhra, B.L. (2004). <i>Law Relating to Patents, Trademarks, Copyright Design and Geographical Indications</i> . New Delhi: Universal Law Publishing.	
			3. Bansal, P. (2008) <i>IPR Handbook for Pharma Students and Researchers</i> . Hyderabad: Pharma Book Syndicate.	
			4. Trivedi, P.R. (2008). Encylcopedia of Intellectual Property Rights. New Delhi: Jnanada Prakashan.	
			5. Willig, S.H. (1982). <i>Good Manufacturing Practices for</i> <i>Pharmaceuticals</i> . vol 78, New York: Marcel Dekker,.	
			6. Das, P., Das, G. (2008). <i>Protection of Industrial Property Rights</i> <i>Kolkata</i> : Kamal Law House.	
			7. Katju, S.N. (2002). <i>Law and Drugs</i> , Delhi Law House.	
			Suggested e-material:	
			1. www.fda.gov	
			2. <u>https://www.ich.org/products/guidelines.html</u>	
			3. Copyright Protection in India [website: http: <u>copyright.gov.in</u> ].	
			<ol> <li>Information on orange book [website: www.fda.gov/cder/ob/default.htm].</li> </ol>	
			5. World Trade Organization [website: <u>www.wto.org</u> ].	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			SECTION-A	
			<ul> <li>Nutraceuticals: Introduction, History of Food and Nutraceutical, Regulations, Meaning of Nutraceuticals, Dietary Supplements, Functional Foods, Medical Foods, Scope and Opportunities in Nutraceutical Market.</li> <li>Global Aspects: WHO guidelines on nutrition. NSF International: Its Role in the Dietary Supplements and Nutraceuticals Industries, NSF Certification, NSF Standards for Food And Dietary Supplements. Good Manufacturing Practices for Nutraceuticals</li> </ul>	
			SECTION-B	
			India: Food Safety and Standards Act, Food Safety and Standards Authority of India: Organization and Functions, Regulations for import, manufacture and sale of nutraceutical products in India, Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDA) in India.	
Course code	Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to <ul> <li>Know the regulatory</li> </ul>		<b>USA</b> : US FDA Food Safety Modernization Act, Dietary Supplement Health and Education Act. U.S. regulations for manufacture and sale of nutraceuticals and dietary supplements, Labelling Requirements and Label Claims for Dietary Supplements, Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDA) in the U.S.	Introduced as Discipline
Course name	<ul><li>Requirements for nutraceuticals</li><li>Understand the regulation for</li></ul>		SECTION-C	syllabus.
of food and nutraceuticals (Discipline Elective)	<ul> <li>registration and labeling of nutraceuticals</li> <li>food supplements in India, USA and Europe.</li> </ul>		<b>European Union:</b> European Food Safety Authority (EFSA): Organization and Functions. EU Directives and regulations for manufacture and sale of nutraceuticals and dietary supplements. Nutrition labelling. European Regulation on Novel Foods and Novel Food Ingredients. Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDA) in Europe.	"Suggested e-material:" has been added
			Books recommended:	
			<ol> <li>Hasler, Clare M. (2005). Regulation of Functional Foods and Nutraceuticals: A Global Perspective. Vol.1, Delhi: Blackwell Publishing.</li> </ol>	
			2. Bagchi, D. (2014). Nutraceutical and Functional Food Regulations in the United States and Around the World. Elsevier.	
			3. Pathak, Y. (2009). <i>Handbook of Nutraceuticals</i> . Vol 1. CRC Press.	
			4. Fortin, N.D. (2007). <i>Food Regulation: Law, Science, Policy and Practice</i> . Vol 1. Wiley Publishers.	
			Suggested e-material	
			1. http://www.who.int/publications/guidelines/nutrition/en/	
			<ol> <li>http://www.europarl.europa.eu/RegData/etudes/STUD/2015/536</li> <li>324/IPOL_STU(2015)536324_EN.pdf</li> </ol>	
Course code	<ul> <li>Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to know</li> <li>basics of medical devices and IVDs, process of development.</li> </ul>		SECTION A Medical Devices: Introduction, Definition, Risk based classification and Essential Principles of Medical Devices and IVDs. Differentiating medical devices IVDs and Combination Products from that of abarramentical	Introduced as Discipline Elective using PCI prescribed
Course name	ethical and quality considerations		devices IVDS and Combination Products from that of pharmaceuticals.	syllabus.
of Medical Devices	harmonization initiatives for     approval and marketing of		and Classification of Medical Devices.	"Suggested e-material:" has
(Discipline Elective)	<ul> <li>medical devices and IVDs</li> <li>regulatory approval process for</li> </ul>		<b>IMDRF/GHTF:</b> Introduction, Organizational Structure, Purpose and Functions, Regulatory Guidelines, Working Groups, Summary Technical	been added

Course List Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
medical devices and IVDs in India,		Document (STED), Global Medical Device Nomenclature (GMDN).	
US, Canada, EU, Japan and ASEAN		SECTION B	
investigation of medical devices and IVDs		<b>Ethics:</b> Clinical Investigation of Medical Devices, Clinical Investigation Plan for Medical Devices, Good Clinical Practice for Clinical Investigation of medical devices (ISO 14155:2011)	
		<b>Quality:</b> Quality System Regulations of Medical Devices: ISO 13485, Quality Risk Management of Medical Devices: ISO 14971, Validation and Verification of Medical device, Adverse Event Reporting of Medical device	
		<b>USA:</b> Introduction, Classification, Regulatory approval process for Medical Devices (510k) Premarket Notification, Pre-Market Approval (PMA), Investigational Device Exemption (IDE) and In vitro Diagnostics, Quality System Requirements 21 CFR Part 820, Labeling requirements 21 CFR Part 801, Post marketing surveillance of MD and Unique Device Identification (UDI). Basics of In vitro diagnostics, classification and approval process.	
		SECTION C	
		<b>European Union</b> : Introduction, Classification, Regulatory approval process for Medical Devices (Medical Device Directive, Active Implantable Medical Device Directive) and In vitro Diagnostics (In Vitro Diagnostics Directive), CE certification process. Basics of In vitro diagnostics, classification and approval process.	
		<b>ASEAN, China &amp; Japan</b> : Medical Devices and IVDs, Regulatory registration procedures, Quality System requirements and clinical evaluation and investigation. IMDRF study groups and guidance documents.	
		Books recommended:	
		<ol> <li>Pisano, D. J., Mantus, D. (2008). FDA Regulatory Affairs: A Guide for Prescription Drugs, Medical Devices and Biologics. 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., CRC Press.</li> </ol>	
		2. Kahan, J. S. (2000). <i>Medical Device Development: A Regulatory Overview</i> . PAREXEL International Corporation.	
		3. Tobin, J. J., Walsh, G. (2008). <i>Medical Product Regulatory Affairs:</i> <i>Pharmaceuticals, Diagnostics Medical, Devices.</i> Wiley-Blackwell	
		4. Medina, C. (2003). <i>Compliance Handbook for Pharmaceuticals, Medical Devices and Biologics</i> . CRC Press.	
		Suggested e-material	
		1. Country Specific Guidelines from official websites.	
		2. Code of Federal regulations (Annual Edition) from official websites, US government.	
		3. www.fda.gov	

## Name of Programme: Master of Pharmacy (Pharmaceutics)

Course details: Second Semester

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		SECTION-A Drug Absorption from the Gastrointestinal Tract: Gastrointestinal tract, Mechanism of drug absorption, Factors affecting drug absorption, pH– partition theory of drug absorption. Formulation and physicochemical factors: Dissolution rate, Dissolution process, Noyes–Whitney equation and drug dissolution, Factors affecting the dissolution rate. Gastrointestinal absorption: role of the dosage form: Solution (elixir, syrup and solution) as a dosage form, Suspension as a dosage form, Capsule as a dosage form, Tablet as a dosage form, Dissolution methods, Formulation and processing factors. Physiological factors related to drug absorption. SECTION-B Biopharmaceutic considerations in drug product design and in vitro drug product performance: Introduction, rate-limiting steps in drug absorption	SECTION-A Drug Absorption from the Gastrointestinal Tract: Gastrointestinal tract, Mechanism of drug absorption, Factors affecting drug absorption, pH– partition theory of drug absorption. Formulation and physicochemical factors: Dissolution rate, Dissolution process, Noyes–Whitney equation and drug dissolution, Factors affecting the dissolution rate. Gastrointestinal absorption: role of the dosage form: Solution (elixir, syrup and solution) as a dosage form, Suspension as a dosage form, Capsule as a dosage form, Tablet as a dosage form, Dissolution methods, Formulation and processing factors. Physiological factors related to drug absorption. SECTION-B Biopharmaceutic considerations in drug product design and in vitro drug product performance: Introduction, rate-limiting steps in drug absorption	"Suggested e-material:" has been added.
	Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of:	product performance: Introduction, rate-limiting steps in drug absorption, physicochemical nature of the drug formulation factors affecting drug product performance, in vitro: dissolution and drug release testing, compendial methods of dissolution, alternative methods of dissolution testing, meeting dissolution requirements, problems of variable control in dissolution testing performance of drug products. In vitro–in vivo correlation, dissolution profile comparisons, drug product stability, considerations in the design of a drug product.	product performance: introduction, rate-initial steps in drug absorption, physicochemical nature of the drug formulation factors affecting drug product performance, in vitro: dissolution and drug release testing, compendial methods of dissolution, alternative methods of dissolution testing, meeting dissolution requirements, problems of variable control in dissolution testing performance of drug products. In vitro–in vivo correlation, dissolution profile comparisons, drug product stability, considerations in the design of a drug product.	
Course code PHAR 502 Course name Advanced	<ul> <li>The basic concepts in biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics.</li> <li>The critical evaluation of biopharmaceutical studies involving drug product</li> </ul>	<b>Pharmacokinetics:</b> Basic considerations, pharmacokinetic models, compartment modeling: one compartment model- IV bolus, IV infusion, extra-vascular. Multi compartment model: two compartment - model in brief, non-linear pharmacokinetics: cause of non-linearity, Michaelis – Menten equation, estimation of kmax and vmax.	<b>Pharmacokinetics:</b> Basic considerations, pharmacokinetic models, compartment modeling: one compartment model- IV bolus, IV infusion, extra-vascular. Multi compartment model: two compartment - model in brief, non-linear pharmacokinetics: cause of non-linearity, Michaelis – Menten equation, estimation of kmax and vmax.	
Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics	<ul> <li>performance.</li> <li>compartment modelling and nonlinear</li> <li>Dispusibility</li> </ul>	<b>Drug interactions:</b> introduction, the effect of protein binding interactions, the effect of tissue-binding interactions, cytochrome p450-based drug interactions, drug interactions linked to transporters.	<b>Drug interactions:</b> introduction, the effect of protein binding interactions, the effect of tissue-binding interactions, cytochrome p450-based drug interactions, drug interactions linked to transporters.	
	<ul> <li>Bioavailability – bioequivalence (BA-BE) study.</li> </ul>	SECTION-C	SECTION-C	
	• PK-PD.	<b>Bioavailability and Bioequivalence:</b> Drug product performance, purpose of bioavailability studies, relative and absolute availability. Methods for assessing bioavailability, bioequivalence studies, design and evaluation of bioequivalence studies, study designs, crossover study designs, evaluation of the data, bioequivalence example, study submission and drug review process. Biopharmaceutics classification systems. In-vitro, in-situ and In-vivo permeability methods. Generic biologics (biosimilar drug products), clinical significance of bioequivalence studies, special concerns in bioavailability and	<b>Bioavailability and Bioequivalence:</b> Drug product performance, purpose of bioavailability studies, relative and absolute availability. Methods for assessing bioavailability, bioequivalence studies, design and evaluation of bioequivalence studies, study designs, crossover study designs, evaluation of the data, bioequivalence example, Biopharmaceutics classification systems. In-vitro, in-situ and In-vivo permeability methods. Clinical significance of bioequivalence studies, special concerns in bioavailability and bioequivalence studies.	Modified-ReleaseDrugProducts,TargetedDrugDeliverySystems' chapter isremoved as it is covered insection A of 'DrugDeliverySystem' (M Pharm I sem.) andSection A of 'MolecularPharmaceutics' (M Pharm IIsem) in detailed.
		bioequivalence studies.	Introduction to Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamic (PK-PD).	Topic 'Generic biologics
		Modified Release Drug Products, Targeted Drug Delivery Systems.Introduction to Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamic (PK-PD).Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of biotechnology drugs:Introduction, Proteins and peptides, Monoclonal antibodies,Oligonucleotides, Vaccines (immunotherapy), Gene therapies.Books recommended:	<ul> <li>Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of biotechnology drugs: Introduction, Proteins and peptides, Monoclonal antibodies, Oligonucleotides, Vaccines (immunotherapy), Gene therapies. Recommended Books (Latest edition):         <ol> <li>Gibaldi, M. (1991). Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics. 4<sup>th</sup> Ed. Philadelphia: Lea and Febiger.</li> <li>Treatise, A., Brahmankar, D.M., Jaiswal, S.B. (2015).</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	(biosimilar drug products)' and 'study submission and review process' is removed due to duplicacy of content as it is covered in section B of paper 'Regulatory Affairs'. (M Pharm I sem.)
		1. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics by Milo Gibaldi,	Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics. Delhi:	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		<ul> <li>4th edition, Philadelphia, Lea and Febiger, 1991</li> <li>Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, A. Treatise, D .M. Brahmankar and Sunil B. Jaiswal., Vallabh Prakashan, Pitampura, Delhi</li> <li>Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Shargel. Land YuABC, 2ndedition, Connecticut Appleton Century Crofts, 1985</li> <li>Textbook of Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Dr. Shobha Rani R. Hiremath, Prism Book</li> <li>Pharmacokinetics by Milo Gibaldi and D. Perrier, 2nd edition, Marcel Dekker Inc., New York, 1982</li> <li>Current Concepts in Pharmaceutical Sciences: Biopharmaceutics, Swarbrick. J, Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia, 1970</li> <li>Clinical Pharmacokinetics, Concepts and Applications 3rd edition by Malcolm Rowland and Thom N. Tozer, Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia, 1995</li> <li>Dissolution, Bioavailability and Bioequivalence, Abdou. H.M, Mack Publishing Company, Pennsylvania 1989</li> <li>Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics by John. G Wagner and M. Pemarowski, 1st edition, Drug Intelligence Publications, Hamilton, Illinois, 1971.</li> <li>Encyclopedia of Pharmaceutical Technology, Vol 13, James Swarbrick, James. G.Boylan, Marcel Dekker Inc, New York, 1996.</li> <li>Basic Pharmacokinetics, 1 st edition, Sunil S Jambhekar and Philip J Breen, pharmaceutical press, RPS Publishing,2009.</li> <li>Absorption and Drug Development- Solubility, Permeability, and Charge State, Alex Avdeef, John Wiley &amp; Sons, Inc,2003.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>VallabhPrakashanPitampura.</li> <li>Shargel, L., Yu, A., Pong, S.W. (2012). Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics. 6<sup>th</sup> Ed. New York: Mcgraw hill education / medical.</li> <li>Rani, S., Hiremath R. (2012). Textbook of Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics. 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed. Delhi: Prism publications.</li> <li>Gibaldi, M., Perrier, D. (1982). Pharmacokinetics. 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed. Revised and expanded. New York: CRC press.</li> <li>Swarbrick, J. (1970). Current Concepts in Pharmaceutical Sciences: Biopharmaceutics. Philadelphia: Lea and Febiger.</li> <li>Rowland, M. Tozer, T.N.(1995). Clinical Pharmacokinetics, Concepts and Application, 3<sup>nd</sup> edition, Philadelphia: Lippincott Williams and Wilkins.</li> <li>Mack, H.M. (1989). Dissolution, Bioavailability and Bioequivalence, Pennsylvania: Mack Publishing Company.</li> <li>Notari, R.E. (1987). Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics, An Introduction, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, revised and expanded, New York: Marcel Dekker.</li> <li>Wagner, J.G. Pemarowski, M.(1971). Biopharmaceutics and Relevant Pharmacokinetics, 1st edition, Illinois: Drug Intelligence Publications.</li> <li>Swarbrick, J. Boylan, J.G. (1996). Encyclopedia of Pharmaceutical Technology, New York: Marcel Dekker.</li> <li>Jambhekar, S.S. Breen, P.J. (2009). Basic Pharmacokinetics, 1<sup>st</sup> edition: Pharmaceutical Technology, New York: Marcel Dekker.</li> <li>Jambhekar, S.S. Breen, P.J. (2009). Basic Pharmacokinetics, 1<sup>st</sup> edition: Pharmaceutical press, RPS Publishing.</li> <li>Avdeef, A. (2003).Absorption and Drug Development- Solubility, Permeability, and Charge State, New york: John Wiley &amp; Sons Inc.</li> <li>Suggested e-material:         <ol> <li>http://202.74.245.22:8080/xmlui/handle/123456789/39/ browse?type=subject</li> <li>https://pharmaclub.in/free-pharmacy-ebooks-pharmaceutics/</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 512 <b>Course name</b> Computer Aided Drug Development	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of:</li> <li>Computational modeling of drug for its pharmacokinetic evaluation.</li> <li>Usage of software in designing and optimizing pharmaceutical formulations.</li> <li>Application of artificial intelligence and robotics in pharmaceutical automation.</li> <li>implementation of computational fluid dynamics (cfd) to overcome challenges in pharmaceutical product development.</li> </ul>	SECTION-A Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development: A General Overview: History of Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development. Statistical modeling in Pharmaceutical research and development: Descriptive versus Mechanistic Modeling, Statistical Parameters, Estimation, Confidence Regions, Nonlinearity at the Optimum, Sensitivity Analysis, Optimal Design, Population Modeling Quality-by-Design In Pharmaceutical Development: Introduction, ICH Q8 guideline, Regulatory and industry views on QbD, Scientifically based QbD - examples of application. SECTION-B Computational Modeling Of Drug Disposition: Introduction ,Modeling Techniques: Drug Absorption, Solubility, Intestinal Permeation, Drug Distribution ,Drug Excretion, Active Transport; P-gp, BCRP, Nucleoside Transporters, hPEPT1, ASBT, OCT, OATP, BBB-Choline Transporter. Computer-aided formulation development: Concept of optimization, Optimization parameters, Factorial design, Optimization technology & Screening design. Computers in Pharmaceutical Formulation: Development of pharmaceutical emulsions, microemulsion drug carriers Legal Protection of Innovative Uses of Computers in R&D, The Ethics of Computing in Pharmaceutical Research, Computers in Market analysis Computer-aided biopharmaceutical characterization: Gastrointestinal	SECTION-A Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development: A General Overview: History of Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development. Statistical modeling in Pharmaceutical research and development: Descriptive versus Mechanistic Modeling, Statistical Parameters, Estimation, Confidence Regions, Nonlinearity at the Optimum, Sensitivity Analysis, Optimal Design, Population Modeling Quality-by-Design In Pharmaceutical Development: Introduction, ICH Q8 guideline, Regulatory and industry views on QbD, Scientifically based QbD - examples of application. SECTION-B Computational Modeling Of Drug Disposition: Introduction ,Modeling Techniques: Drug Absorption, Solubility, Intestinal Permeation, Drug Distribution ,Drug Excretion, Active Transport; P-gp, BCRP, Nucleoside Transporters, hPEPT1, ASBT, OCT, OATP, BBB-Choline Transporter. Computer-aided formulation development: Concept of optimization, Optimization parameters, Factorial design, Optimization technology & Screening design. Computers in Pharmaceutical Formulation: Development of pharmaceutical emulsions, microemulsion drug carriers Legal Protection of Innovative Uses of Computers in R&D, The Ethics of Computing in Pharmaceutical Research, Computers in Market analysis Computer-aided biopharmaceutical characterization: Gastrointestinal	No changes in the syllabus. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		absorption simulation. Introduction, Theoretical background, Model construction, Parameter sensitivity analysis, Virtual trial, Fed vs. fasted state, In vitro dissolution and in vitro in vivo correlation, Biowaiver considerations <b>SECTION–C</b>	absorption simulation. Introduction, Theoretical background, Model construction, Parameter sensitivity analysis, Virtual trial, Fed vs. fasted state, In vitro dissolution and in vitro in vivo correlation, Biowaiver considerations <b>SECTION–C</b>	
		<ul> <li>Computer Simulations in Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics: Introduction, Computer Simulation: Whole Organism, Isolated Tissues, Organs, Cell, Proteins and Genes.</li> <li>Computers in Clinical Development: Clinical Data Collection and Management, Regulation of Computer Systems</li> <li>Artificial Intelligence (AI), Robotics and Computational fluid dynamics: General overview, Pharmaceutical Automation, Pharmaceutical applications, Advantages and Disadvantages. Current Challenges and Future Directions.</li> <li>Books recommended:</li> <li>1. Computer Applications in Pharmaceutical Research and Development, Sean Ekins, 2006, John Wiley &amp; Sons.</li> <li>2. Computer-Aided Applications in Pharmaceutical Technology, 1st Edition, Jelena Djuris, Woodhead Publishing</li> <li>3. Encyclopedia of Pharmaceutical Technology, Vol 13, James Swarbrick, James. G.Boylan, Marcel Dekker Inc, New York, 1996.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Computer Simulations in Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics: Introduction, Computer Simulation: Whole Organism, Isolated Tissues, Organs, Cell, Proteins and Genes.</li> <li>Computers in Clinical Development: Clinical Data Collection and Management, Regulation of Computer Systems</li> <li>Artificial Intelligence (AI), Robotics and Computational fluid dynamics: General overview, Pharmaceutical Automation, Pharmaceutical applications, Advantages and Disadvantages. Current Challenges and Future Directions.</li> <li>Recommended books (Latest edition): <ol> <li>Ekins, S. (2006). Computer Applications in Pharmaceutical Research and Development, John Wiley &amp; Sons.</li> <li>Djuris, J. (2013). Computer-Aided Applications in Pharmaceutical Technology, 1<sup>st</sup> Ed. Cambridge: Woodhead Publishing.</li> <li>Swarbrick, J., Boylan, J.G. (1996). Encyclopedia of Pharmaceutical Technology, vol 13. New York: Marcel Dekker Inc.</li> <li>Bolton, S., Bon, C. (2010). Pharmaceutical Statistics. 5<sup>th</sup> Ed. vol 203. New York: Informa</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>Suggested e-material:</li> <li>1. http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewdoc/download?doi=10.1.1.710.28 98&amp;rep=rep1&amp;type=pdf</li> <li>2. http://file.zums.ac.ir/ebook/235- Drug%20Design%20and%20Discovery%20- %20Methods%20and%20Protocols%20(Methods%20in%20Molecul ar%20Biology)-Seetharama%20D.pdf</li> </ul>	
		SECTION-A	SECTION-A	
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 513 <b>Course name</b> Cosmetics and Cosmeceuticals	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: <ul> <li>Various key ingredients and basic science to develop cosmetics and Cosmeceuticals</li> <li>Scientific knowledge to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals with desired safety, stability and efficacy with compliance to Indian Regulatory Authority.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Cosmetics – Regulatory: Definition of cosmetic products as per Indian regulation. Indian regulatory requirements for labeling of cosmetics Regulatory provisions relating to import of cosmetics, Misbranded and spurious cosmetics. Regulatory provisions relating to manufacture of cosmetics – Conditions for obtaining license, prohibition of manufacture and sale of certain cosmetics, loan license, offences and penalties. Cosmetics - Biological aspects : Structure of skin relating to problems like dry skin, acne, pigmentation, prickly heat, wrinkles and body odor. Structure of hair and hair growth cycle. Common problems associated with oral cavity. Cleansing and care needs for face, eye lids, lips, hands, feet, nail, scalp, neck, body and under-arm. SECTION–B Formulation Building blocks: Building blocks for different product formulations of cosmetics/cosmeceuticals. Surfactants – Classification and application. Emollients, rheological additives: classification and application. Antimicrobial used as preservatives, their merits and demerits. Factors affecting microbial preservative efficacy. Building blocks for formulation of a moisturizing cream, vanishing cream, cold cream, shampoo and toothpaste.	Cosmetics – Regulatory: Definition of cosmetic products as per Indian regulation. Indian regulatory requirements for labeling of cosmetics Regulatory provisions relating to import of cosmetics, Misbranded and spurious cosmetics. Regulatory provisions relating to manufacture of cosmetics – Conditions for obtaining license, prohibition of manufacture and sale of certain cosmetics, Ioan license, offences and penalties. Cosmetics - Biological aspects : Structure of skin relating to problems like dry skin, acne, pigmentation, prickly heat, wrinkles and body odor. Structure of hair and hair growth cycle. Common problems associated with oral cavity. Cleansing and care needs for face, eye lids, lips, hands, feet, nail, scalp, neck, body and under-arm. SECTION–B Formulation Building blocks: Building blocks for different product formulations of cosmetics/cosmeceuticals. Surfactants – Classification and application. Emollients, rheological additives: classification and application. Antimicrobial used as preservatives, their merits and demerits. Factors affecting microbial preservative efficacy. Building blocks for formulation of a moisturizing cream, vanishing cream, cold cream, shampoo and toothpaste.	No changes in the syllabus. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		<ul> <li>Soaps and syndetbars. Perfumes: Classification of perfumes. Perfume ingredients listed as allergens in EU regulation. Controversial ingredients: Parabens, formaldehyde liberators, dioxane.</li> <li>SECTION–C</li> <li>Design of cosmeceutical products: Sun protection, sunscreens classification and regulatory aspects. Addressing dry skin, acne, sun-protection, pigmentation, prickly heat, wrinkles, body odor, dandruff, dental cavities, bleeding gums, mouth odor and sensitive teeth through cosmeceutical formulations.</li> <li>Herbal Cosmetics: Herbal ingredients used in Hair care, skincare and oral care. Review of guidelines for herbal cosmetics by private bodies like cosmos with respect to preservatives, emollients, foaming agents, emulsifiers and rheology modifiers. Challenges in formulating herbal cosmetics.</li> <li>Books recommended:</li> <li>Harry's Cosmeticology. 8th edition.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Soaps and syndetbars. Perfumes: Classification of perfumes. Perfume ingredients listed as allergens in EU regulation. Controversial ingredients: Parabens, formaldehyde liberators, dioxane.</li> <li>SECTION–C</li> <li>Design of cosmeceutical products: Sun protection, sunscreens classification and regulatory aspects. Addressing dry skin, acne, sun-protection, pigmentation, prickly heat, wrinkles, body odor, dandruff, dental cavities, bleeding gums, mouth odor and sensitive teeth through cosmeceutical formulations.</li> <li>Herbal Cosmetics: Herbal ingredients used in Hair care, skincare and oral care. Review of guidelines for herbal cosmetics by private bodies like cosmos with respect to preservatives, emollients, foaming agents, emulsifiers and rheology modifiers. Challenges in formulating herbal cosmetics.</li> <li>Recommended books (Latest edition):         <ol> <li>Harry, R.G., Reiger, M.M. (2000). Harry's Cosmeticology. 8<sup>th</sup> Ed.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	
		<ol> <li>Poucher'sperfumecosmeticsandSoaps,10th edition.</li> <li>Cosmetics - Formulation, Manufacture and quality control, PP.Sharma,4th edition</li> <li>Handbook of cosmetic science and Technology A.O.Barel, M.Paye and H.I. Maibach. 3 rd edition</li> <li>Cosmetic and Toiletries recent suppliers catalogue.</li> <li>CTFA directory.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Numy, Near, Neiger, Willi, (2000): Numy's cosine teology: 5 - Ed. New York: Chemical publishing company.</li> <li>Butler, H. (2000). Poucher's perfume cosmetics and Soaps, 10<sup>th</sup> Ed. London: Kluwar academic publishers.</li> <li>Sharma, P.P. (2008). Cosmetics - Formulation, Manufacture and quality control. 4<sup>th</sup> Ed. New Delhi: Vardhan publishing pvt ltd.</li> <li>Barel, A.O., Paye M, Maibach H.I. (2001). Handbook of cosmetic science and Technology. 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed. NewYork: Marcel Decker Inc.</li> <li>Cosmetic and Toiletries recent suppliers catalogue.</li> <li>CTFA directory.</li> <li>Suggested e-material:         <ol> <li>http://202.74.245.22:8080/xmlui/handle/123456789/39/browse?t ype=subject</li> <li>https://pharmaclub.in/free-pharmacy-ebooks-pharmaceutics/</li> <li>https://pharmaclub.in/free.com/pharmaceutical-books.html</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 518 <b>Course name</b> Molecular Pharmaceutics	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of:</li> <li>the criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of Targeted drug delivery.</li> <li>the various approaches for development of novel drug delivery systems.</li> <li>the formulation and evaluation of novel drug delivery systems.</li> </ul>	SECTION-A Targeted Drug Delivery Systems: Concepts, Events and biological process involved in drug targeting. Tumor targeting and Brain specific delivery. Targeting Methods: Introduction preparation and evaluation. Nano Particles & Liposomes: Types, preparation and evaluation. SECTION-B Micro Capsules / Micro Spheres: Types, preparation and evaluation, Monoclonal Antibodies; preparation and application, preparation and application of Niosomes, Aquasomes, Phytosomes, Electrosomes. Pulmonary Drug Delivery Systems : Aerosols, propellents, ContainersTypes, preparation and evaluation, Intra Nasal Route Delivery systems; Types, preparation and evaluation. SECTION-C Nucleic acid based therapeutic delivery system: Gene therapy, introduction (ex-vivo & in-vivo gene therapy). Potential target diseases for gene therapy (inherited disorder and cancer). Gene expression systems (viral and nonviral gene transfer). Liposomal gene delivery systems. Biodistribution and Pharmacokinetics: Knowledge of therapeutic antisense molecules and aptamers as drugs of future.	SECTION-A Targeted Drug Delivery Systems: Concepts, Events and biological process involved in drug targeting. Tumor targeting and Brain specific delivery. Targeting Methods: Introduction preparation and evaluation. Nano Particles & Liposomes: Types, preparation and evaluation. SECTION-B Micro Capsules / Micro Spheres: Types, preparation and evaluation, Monoclonal Antibodies; preparation and application, preparation and application of Niosomes, Aquasomes, Phytosomes, Electrosomes. Pulmonary Drug Delivery Systems: Aerosols, propellents, ContainersTypes, preparation and evaluation, Intra Nasal Route Delivery systems; Types, preparation and evaluation. SECTION-C Nucleic acid based therapeutic delivery system: Gene therapy, introduction (ex-vivo & in-vivo gene therapy). Potential target diseases for gene therapy (inherited disorder and cancer). Gene expression systems (viral and nonviral gene transfer). Liposomal gene delivery systems. Biodistribution and Pharmacokinetics: Knowledge of therapeutic antisense molecules and aptamers as drugs of future.	No changes in the syllabus. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		Books recommended:	Recommended books (Latest edition):	
		1. Y W. Chien, Novel Drug Delivery Systems, 2nd edition, revised and expanded, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, 1992.	<ol> <li>Chien, Y.W. (1992). Novel Drug Delivery Systems. 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed. revised and expanded. New York: Marcel Dekker.</li> </ol>	
		2. S.P. Vyas and R.K. Khar, Controlled Drug Delivery - concepts and advances, Vallabh Prakashan, New Delhi, First edition 2002.	2. Vyas, S.P., Khar R.K. (2002). <i>Controlled Drug Delivery - concepts and advances</i> . New Delhi: Vallabh Prakashan.	
		3. N.K. Jain, Controlled and Novel Drug Delivery, CBS Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi, First edition 1997 (reprint in 2001).	<ol> <li>Jain, N.K. (2001). Controlled and Novel Drug Delivery. 1<sup>st</sup> Ed. New Delhi: CBS Publishers &amp; Distributors.</li> </ol>	
			<ul> <li>Suggested e-material:</li> <li>1. http://202.74.245.22:8080/xmlui/handle/123456789/39/browse?t ype=subject</li> <li>2. https://pharmaclub.in/free-pharmacy-ebooks-pharmaceutics/</li> <li>3. https://www.pdfdrive.com/pharmaceutical-books.html</li> </ul>	
		<ol> <li>To study the effect of temperature change , non solvent addition, incompatible polymer addition in microcapsules preparation</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>To study the effect of temperature change , non solvent addition, incompatible polymer addition in microcapsules preparation</li> </ol>	
		2. Preparation and evaluation of Alginate beads	2. Preparation and evaluation of Alginate beads	
		3. Formulation and evaluation of gelatin /albumin microspheres	3. Formulation and evaluation of gelatin /albumin microspheres	
		4. Formulation and evaluation of liposomes/niosomes	4. Formulation and evaluation of liposomes/niosomes	
		5. Formulation and evaluation of spherules	5. Formulation and evaluation of spherules	
		6. Improvement of dissolution characteristics of slightly soluble drug by Solid dispersion technique.	<ol> <li>Improvement of dissolution characteristics of slightly soluble drug by Solid dispersion technique.</li> </ol>	
	Learning outcomes	7. Comparison of dissolution of two different marketed products /brands	7. Comparison of dissolution of two different marketed products /brands	
	Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding	<ol> <li>Protein binding studies of a highly protein bound drug &amp; poorly protein bound drug</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Protein binding studies of a highly protein bound drug &amp; poorly protein bound drug</li> </ol>	
Course code	ol:	9. Bioavailability studies of Paracetamol in animals.	9. Bioavailability studies of Paracetamol in animals.	
PHAR 523L	<ul> <li>Formulation and characterization of NDDS.</li> </ul>	10. Pharmacokinetic and IVIVC data analysis by WinnolineR software	10. Pharmacokinetic and IVIVC data analysis by WinnolineR software	No changes
Pharmaceutics Lab-	• Various pharmacokinetic	11. In vitro cell studies for permeability and metabolism	11. In vitro cell studies for permeability and metabolism	No changes
П	and statistical softwares.	12. DoE Using Design Expert <sup>®</sup> Software	12. DoE Using Design Expert <sup>®</sup> Software	
	Clinical and nonclinical data	13. Formulation data analysis Using Design Expert <sup>®</sup> Software	13. Formulation data analysis Using Design Expert® Software	
	collection.	14. Quality-by-Design in Pharmaceutical Development	14. Quality-by-Design in Pharmaceutical Development	
		15. Computer Simulations in Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics	15. Computer Simulations in Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics	
		16. Computational Modeling of Drug Disposition	16. Computational Modeling of Drug Disposition	
		17. To develop Clinical Data Collection manual	17. To develop Clinical Data Collection manual	
		18. To carry out Sensitivity Analysis, and Population Modeling.	18. To carry out Sensitivity Analysis, and Population Modeling.	
		19. Development and evaluation of Creams	19. Development and evaluation of Creams	
		20. Development and evaluation of Shampoo and Toothpaste base	20. Development and evaluation of Shampoo and Toothpaste base	
		21. To incorporate herbal and chemical actives to develop products	21. To incorporate herbal and chemical actives to develop products	
		22. To address Dry skin, acne, blemish, Wrinkles, bleeding gums and dandruff	22. To address Dry skin, acne, blemish, Wrinkles, bleeding gums and dandruff	

# Name of Programme: Master of Pharmacy (Pharmacology)

Course details: First Semester

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		SECTION-A	SECTION-A	
	Upon completion of this course	<b>Pharmacokinetics:</b> The dynamics of drug absorption, distribution, biotransformation and elimination. Concepts of linear and non-linear compartment models. Significance of Protein binding.	<b>Pharmacokinetics:</b> The dynamics of drug absorption, distribution, biotransformation and elimination. Concepts of linear and non-linear compartment models. Significance of Protein binding.	
		<b>Pharmacodynamics:</b> Mechanism of drug action and the relationship between drug concentration, effect and its quantitation.	<b>Pharmacodynamics:</b> Mechanism of drug action and the relationship between drug concentration, effect and its quantitation.	
		<b>Neurotransmission:</b> General aspects and steps involved in neurotransmission. Neurohumoral transmission in autonomic nervous system (Detailed study about neurotransmitters- Adrenaline and Acetylcholine). Neurohumoral transmission in central nervous system (Detailed study about neurotransmitters- histamine, serotonin, dopamine, GABA, glutamate and glycine]. Non adrenergic non cholinergic transmission (NANC). Cotransmission	<b>Neurotransmission:</b> General aspects and steps involved in neurotransmission. Neurohumoral transmission in autonomic nervous system (Detailed study about neurotransmitters- Adrenaline and Acetylcholine). Neurohumoral transmission in central nervous system (Detailed study about neurotransmitters- histamine, serotonin, dopamine, GABA, glutamate and glycine]. Non adrenergic non cholinergic transmission (NANC). Cotransmission	
	of:	SECTION-B	SECTION-B	
	<ul> <li>The basic knowledge in the field of pharmacology pertaining to the drugs and its therapeutic applications</li> </ul>	<b>Systemic pharmacology:</b> A detailed study on pathophysiology of diseases, mechanism of action, pharmacology and toxicology of existing as well as novel drugs used in the following systems.	<b>Systemic pharmacology:</b> A detailed study on pathophysiology of diseases, mechanism of action, pharmacology and toxicology of existing as well as novel drugs used in the following systems.	
	<ul> <li>Recent advances in the drugs used for the treatment of various diseases.</li> <li>Concepts of drug action and mechanisms involved.</li> <li>Pathophysiology and</li> </ul>	<b>Autonomic pharmacology:</b> Parasympathomimetics and lytics, sympathomimetics and lytics, agents affecting neuromuscular junction.	<b>Autonomic pharmacology:</b> Parasympathomimetics and lytics, sympathomimetics and lytics, agents affecting neuromuscular junction.	
Course code PHAR 505 Course name Advanced Pharmacology-I		<b>Central nervous system pharmacology:</b> General and local anesthetics, Sedatives and hypnotics, drugs used to treat anxiety. Depression, psychosis, mania, epilepsy, neurodegenerative diseases. Narcotic and non-narcotic analgesics.	<b>Central nervous system pharmacology:</b> General and local anesthetics, Sedatives and hypnotics, drugs used to treat anxiety. Depression, psychosis, mania, epilepsy, neurodegenerative diseases. Narcotic and non-narcotic analgesics.	No changes in the syllabus. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.
	pharmacotherapy of	SECTION-C	SECTION-C	
	<ul> <li>certain diseases</li> <li>Underlying mechanism of drug actions at cellular and molecular level.</li> <li>Adverse effects, contraindications and clinical uses of drugs used in treatment of diseases</li> </ul>	<b>Cardiovascular Pharmacology:</b> Diuretics, antihypertensives, antiischemics, anti- arrhythmics, drugs for heart failure and hyperlipidemia. Hematinics, coagulants, anticoagulants, fibrinolytics and antiplatelet drugs	<b>Cardiovascular Pharmacology:</b> Diuretics, antihypertensives, antiischemics, anti- arrhythmics, drugs for heart failure and hyperlipidemia. Hematinics, coagulants, anticoagulants, fibrinolytics and antiplatelet drugs	
		<b>Autocoid Pharmacology:</b> The physiological and pathological role of Histamine, Serotonin, Kinins Prostaglandins Opioid autocoids. Pharmacology of antihistamines, 5HT antagonists.	<b>Autocoid Pharmacology:</b> The physiological and pathological role of Histamine, Serotonin, Kinins Prostaglandins Opioid autocoids. Pharmacology of antihistamines, 5HT antagonists.	
		Books recommended:	Recommended books (Latest edition):	
		<ol> <li>The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics, Goodman and Gillman's</li> <li>Principles of Pharmacology. The Pathophysiologic basis of drug Therapy by David E Golan, Armen H, Tashjian Jr, Ehrin J,Armstrong, April W, Armstrong, Wolters, Kluwer-Lippincott Williams &amp; Wilkins Publishers.</li> <li>Basic and Clinical Pharmacology by B.G Katzung</li> <li>Hand book of Clinical Pharmacokinetics by Gibaldi and Prescott.</li> <li>Applied biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Leon Shargel and</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Brunton, L., Chabner, A.B., Knollman, B. (2011). Goodman &amp; Gillman's The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics, 3rd Ed., India: Mc Graw-Hill Education.</li> <li>Golan, D.E., Tashjian, A.H., Armstrong, E.J., Armstrong, A.W., Kluwer, L.W. (2011). Principles of Pharmacology: The Pathophysiologic Basis of Drug Therapy, 3rd Ed., Kluwer-Lippincott Williams &amp; Wilkins Publishers.</li> <li>Katzung, B.G. (2017). Basic and Clinical Pharmacology, 14th Ed., McGraw-Hill Education Publishers.</li> <li>Gibaldi, M., Prescott, L. (1983). Hand book of Clinical Pharmacokinetics, New York: ADIS Health Science Press.</li> <li>Yu, A., Shargel, L. (2016). Applied Biopharmaceutics and</li> </ol>	
		6. Graham Smith. Oxford textbook of Clinical Pharmacology.	Pharmacokinetics, 8th Ed., New York: McGraw-Hill Education	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		<ol> <li>Arety Drug Treatment</li> <li>Dipiro Pharmacology, Pathophysiological approach.</li> <li>Green Pathophysiology for Pharmacists.</li> <li>Robbins &amp; Cortan Pathologic Basis of Disease, 9th Ed. (Robbins Pathology)</li> <li>A Complete Textbook of Medical Pharmacology by Dr. S.K Srivastava         <ul> <li>published by APC Avichal Publishing Company</li> <li>KD.Tripathi. Essentials of Medical Pharmacology.</li> <li>Modern Pharmacology with Clinical Applications, Craig Charles R. &amp; Stitzel Robert E., Lippincott Publishers.</li> <li>Clinical Pharmacokinetics &amp; Pharmacodynamics : Concepts and Applications – Malcolm Rowland and Thomas N.Tozer, Wolters Kluwer, Lippincott Williams &amp; Wilkins Publishers.</li> <li>Applied biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics and Drug metabolism for industrial scientists.</li> <li>Modern Pharmacology, Craig CR. &amp; Stitzel RE, Little Brown &amp; Company.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Futurations</li> <li>Smith, G., Aronson, J. (2002). Oxford Textbook of Clinical Pharmacology and Drug Therapy, 3rd Ed., OUP Oxford Publishers.</li> <li>Speight, M.T. (2011). Holford HGN Avery's Drug Treatment, 4th Ed., Wiley India Pvt Ltd.</li> <li>Dipiro, T.J., Talbert, L.R., Yee, C.G., Matzke, R.G., Wells, G.B., Posey, M. (2011). Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic Approach, 10th Ed., New York: Mc Graw-Hill Education Publishers.</li> <li>Zdanowicz, M.M. (2002). Essentials of Pathophysiology for Pharmacy, 3rd Ed., Routledge Publishers.</li> <li>Kumar, V., Abbas, K.A., Aster, C.J. (2014). Robbins &amp; Cortan Pathologic Basis of Disease, 9th Ed., Amsterdam: Elsevier.</li> <li>Krivastava, S.K. (2017). A Complete Textbook of Medical Pharmacology, New Delhi: Avichal Publishing Company.</li> <li>Tripathi, K.D. (2018). Essentials of Medical Pharmacology, 8th, New Delhi: Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers.</li> <li>Craig, R.C., Stitzel, R.E. (2004). Modern Pharmacology with Clinical Applications, Lippincott Publishers.</li> <li>Rowland, M., Tozer, N.T. (2010). Clinical Pharmacokinetics &amp; Pharmacodynamics: Concepts and Applications, 4th Ed., Philadelphia: Lippincott Williams &amp; Wilkins Publishers.</li> <li>Yu, A., Shargel, L. (1999). Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, 4th Ed., New York: Appleton &amp; Lange Publishers.</li> <li>Craig, C.R., Stitzel, R.E. (1990). Modern Pharmacology, 3rd Ed., Boston: Little Brown and Company.</li> <li>Suggested e-material:         <ul> <li>Pharmacology (Miles Hacker, William S. Messer) http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/9780123854674</li> <li>A comprehensive guide to toxicology in preclinical drug development Faqi, Ali S. http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/9780123878</li> <li>Sta</li> <li>Biomarkers in toxicology Gupta, Ramesh C. http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/9780124046306</li> <li>Biased signaling in physiology, pharmacology and therapeu</li></ul></li></ul>	
	Upon completion of this course	SECTION-A	SECTION-A	
Course code	student will have an understanding of: • Fundamental knowledge on the structure and functions of cellular components	<b>Cell biology:</b> Structure and functions of cell and its organelles, Genome organization. Gene expression and its regulation, importance of siRNA and micro RNA, gene mapping and gene sequencing, Cell cycles and its regulation.	<b>Cell biology:</b> Structure and functions of cell and its organelles, Genome organization. Gene expression and its regulation, importance of siRNA and micro RNA, gene mapping and gene sequencing, Cell cycles and its regulation.	No changes in the sullabus
Cellular and Molecular Pharmacology	<ul> <li>Interaction of these components with drugs.</li> <li>Drug discovery and receptor signal transduction processes.</li> <li>Molecular pathways affected by drugs.</li> <li>Applicability of molecular pharmacology and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Cell signaling: Intercellular and intracellular signaling pathways.</li> <li>Classification of receptor family and molecular structure ligand gated ion channels; G-protein coupled receptors, tyrosine kinase receptors and nuclear receptors. Secondary messengers: cyclic AMP, cyclic GMP, calcium ion, inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate, (IP3), NO, and diacylglycerol. Detailed study of following intracellular signaling pathways: cyclic AMP signaling pathway, mitogen-activated protein kinase (MAPK) signaling, Janus kinase</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Cell signaling: Intercellular and intracellular signaling pathways.</li> <li>Classification of receptor family and molecular structure ligand gated ion channels; G-protein coupled receptors, tyrosine kinase receptors and nuclear receptors. Secondary messengers: cyclic AMP, cyclic GMP, calcium ion, inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate, (IP3), NO, and diacylglycerol. Detailed study of following intracellular signaling pathways: cyclic AMP signaling pathway, mitogen-activated protein kinase (MAPK) signaling, Janus kinase</li> </ul>	"No cnanges in the syllabus. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	<ul> <li>biomarkers in drug discovery process.</li> <li>Molecular biology techniques as applicable</li> </ul>	(JAK)/signal transducer and activator of transcription (STAT) signaling pathway. SECTION-B	(JAK)/signal transducer and activator of transcription (STAT) signaling pathway. SECTION-B	
	for pharmacology.	Principles and applications of genomic and proteomic tools DNA electrophoresis, PCR (reverse transcription and real time), Gene sequencing, micro array technique, SDS page, ELISA and western blotting, Recombinant DNA technology and gene therapy Basic principles of recombinant DNA technology-Restriction enzymes, various types of vectors. Applications of recombinant DNA technology. Gene therapy- Various types of gene transfer techniques, clinical applications and recent advances in gene therapy. <b>Immunotherapeutics:</b> Types of immunotherapeutics, humanisation antibody therapy, Immunotherapeutics in clinical practice	Principles and applications of genomic and proteomic tools DNA electrophoresis, PCR (reverse transcription and real time), Gene sequencing, micro array technique, SDS page, ELISA and western blotting, Recombinant DNA technology and gene therapy Basic principles of recombinant DNA technology-Restriction enzymes, various types of vectors. Applications of recombinant DNA technology. Gene therapy- Various types of gene transfer techniques, clinical applications and recent advances in gene therapy. <b>Immunotherapeutics:</b> Types of immunotherapeutics, humanisation antibody therapy, Immunotherapeutics in clinical practice	
		Cell culture techniques: Basic equipments used in cell culture lab. Cell culture media, various types of cell culture, general procedure for cell cultures; isolation of cells, subculture, cryopreservation, characterization of cells and their application. Principles and applications of cell viability assays, glucose uptake assay, Calcium influx assays Principles and applications of flow cytometry. Biosimilars Pharmacogenomics: Gene mapping and cloning of disease gene. Genetic variation and its role in health/ pharmacology Polymorphisms affecting drug metabolism. Genetic variation in drug transporters. Genetic variation in G protein coupled receptors.	Cell culture techniques: Basic equipments used in cell culture lab. Cell culture media, various types of cell culture, general procedure for cell cultures; isolation of cells, subculture, cryopreservation, characterization of cells and their application. Principles and applications of cell viability assays, glucose uptake assay, Calcium influx assays Principles and applications of flow cytometry. Biosimilars Pharmacogenomics: Gene mapping and cloning of disease gene. Genetic variation and its role in health/ pharmacology Polymorphisms affecting drug metabolism. Genetic variation in drug transporters. Genetic variation in G protein coupled receptors.	
		Books recommended:	Books recommended:	
		<ol> <li>The Cell, A Molecular Approach. Geoffrey M Cooper.</li> <li>Pharmacogenomics: The Search for Individualized Therapies. Edited by J.Licinio and M -L. Wong</li> <li>Handbook of Cell Signaling (Second Edition) Edited by Ralph A. et.al</li> <li>Molecular Pharmacology: From DNA to Drug Discovery. John Dickenson et.al</li> <li>Basic Cell Culture protocols by Cheril D.Helgason and Cindy L.Miller</li> <li>Basic Cell Culture (Practical Approach ) by J. M. Davis (Editor)</li> <li>Animal Cell Culture: A Practical Approach by John R. Masters (Editor)</li> <li>Current porotocols in molecular biology vol I to VI edited by Frederick</li> <li>M.Ausuvel et la.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Cooper, M.G., Hausman, E.R. (2013). <i>The Cell: A Molecular Approach</i>, 6th Ed., Sinauer Associates.</li> <li>Licinio, J., Wong, Li. (2002). <i>Pharmacogenomics: The Search for</i> <i>Individualized Therapies</i>, 1st Ed., Weinheim: Wiley VCH Publishers.</li> <li>Bradshaw, A.R., Dennis, A.E. (2003). <i>Handbook of Cell Signaling</i>, 2nd Ed., Cambridge: Academic Press.</li> <li>Dickenson, J., Freeman, F., Mills, L.C, Thode, C (2012). <i>Molecular</i> <i>Pharmacology: From DNA to Drug Discovery</i>, 1st Ed., Wiley-Blackwell Publishers.</li> <li>Helgason, D.C., Miller, L.C. (2005). <i>Basic Cell Culture protocols</i>, 3rd Ed., New York: Humana Press.</li> <li>Davis, M.J. (1995). <i>Basic Cell Culture: A Practical Approach</i>, OUP Oxford Press.</li> <li>Masters, J. (2000). <i>Animal Cell Culture: A Practical Approach</i>, 3rd Ed., OUP Oxford Publishers.</li> <li>Ausubel, M.F. (1987). <i>Current Protocols in Molecular Biology</i>, Hoboken: John Wiley &amp; Sons Inc Publishers.</li> </ol>	
			Suggested e-material:         1. Pharmacology (Miles Hacker, William S. Messer) http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/9780123695215         2. Therapeutic drug monitoring Dasgupta, Amitava http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/9780123854674         3. A comprehensive guide to toxicology in preclinical drug development Faqi, Ali S. http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/9780123878         151         4       Biomarkers in toxicology Gupta Bamesh C	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			<ul> <li>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/9780124046306</li> <li>5. Biased signaling in physiology, pharmacology and therapeutics Arey, Brian http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/9780124114609</li> <li>6. Drug-induced liver disease Kaplowitz, Neil http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/9780123878175</li> </ul>	
Course code PHAR 516 Course name Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: <ul> <li>Understand the significance of Pharmaceutical Analysis in the profession.</li> <li>Learn the various tools and techniques available for the analysis of drugs.</li> <li>Principles of various conventional analytical techniques.</li> <li>Application of Pharmacopoeial purity and identity tests for samples.</li> <li>Proper handling of laboratory equipments and glassware.</li> <li>Interpretation of spectra and correlate with sample.</li> <li>Converting the observations to meaningful results and drawing the inferences.</li> <li>Comparing various methods of analysis and their outcomes.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	SECTION-A UV-visible spectroscopy: Introduction, Theory, Laws, Instrumentation associated with UV-Visible spectroscopy, Choice of solvents and solvent effect and Applications of UV Visible spectroscopy. Infra-red spectroscopy: Theory, Modes of Molecular vibrations, Sample handling, Instrumentation of Dispersive and Fourier -Transform IR Spectrometer, Factors affecting vibrational frequencies and Applications of IR spectroscopy. Spectroflourimetry: Theory of Fluorescence, Factors affecting fluorescence, Quenchers, Instrumentation and Applications of fluorescence spectrophotometer. Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Principle, Instrumentation, Interferences and Applications. NMR spectroscopy: Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief outline of principles of FT-NMR and 13C NMR. Applications of NMR spectroscopy: Principle, Theory, Instrumentation of Mass Spectroscopy, Different types of ionization like electron impact, chemical, field, FAB and MALDI, APCI, ESI, APPI Analyzers of Quadrupole and Time of Flight, Mass fragmentation and its rules, Meta stable ions, Isotopic peaks and Applications of Mass spectroscopy Chromatography: Principle, apparatus, instrumentation, chromatographic parameters, factors affecting resolution and applications of the following: a) Paper chromatography b) Thin Layer chromatography c) Ion exchange chromatography d) Column chromatography e) Gas chromatography f) High Performance Liquid chromatography g) Affinity chromatography Electrophoresis: Principle, Instrumentation, Working conditions, factors affecting separation and applications of the following: a) Paper electrophoresis b) Gel electrophoresis c) Capillary electrophoresis d) Zone	<ul> <li>a. Drug-induced liver disease Kaplowitz, Neil http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/9780123878175</li> <li>SECTION-A</li> <li>UV-visible spectroscopy: Introduction, Theory, Laws, Instrumentation associated with UV-Visible spectroscopy, Choice of solvents and solvent effect and Applications of UV Visible spectroscopy.</li> <li>Infra-red spectroscopy: Theory, Modes of Molecular vibrations, Sample handling, Instrumentation of Dispersive and Fourier -Transform IR Spectrometer, Factors affecting vibrational frequencies and Applications of IR spectroscopy.</li> <li>Spectroflourimetry: Theory of Fluorescence, Factors affecting fluorescence, Quenchers, Instrumentation and Applications of fluorescence spectrophotometer.</li> <li>Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Principle, Instrumentation, Interferences and Applications.</li> <li>NMR spectroscopy: Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief outline of principles of FT-NMR and 13C NMR. Applications of NMR spectroscopy.</li> <li>Mass Spectroscopy: Principle, Theory, Instrumentation of Mass Spectroscopy, Different types of ionization like electron impact, chemical, field, FAB and MALDI, APCI, ESI, APPI Analyzers of Quadrupole and Time of Flight, Mass fragmentation and its rules, Meta stable ions, Isotopic peaks and Applications of Mass spectroscopy</li> <li>Chromatography: Principle, apparatus, instrumentation, chromatographic parameters, factors affecting resolution and applications of the following: a) Paper chromatography b) Thin Layer chromatography c) Ion exchange chromatography d) Column chromatography e) Gas chromatography f) High Performance Liquid chromatography g) Affinity chromatography</li> </ul>	No changes in the syllabus. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.
		SECTION-C	SECTION-C	
		X ray Crystallography: Production of X rays, Different X ray diffraction methods, Bragg's law, Rotating crystal technique, X-ray powder technique, Types of crystals and applications of X-ray diffraction.	<b>X-ray crystallography:</b> Production of X rays, Different X ray diffraction methods, Bragg's law, Rotating crystal technique, X-ray powder technique, Types of crystals and applications of X-ray diffraction.	
		Immunological assays: RIA (Radio immuno assay), ELISA, Bioluminescence assays.	Immunological assays: RIA (Radio immuno assay), ELISA, Bioluminescence assays.	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		of potentiometry.	of potentiometry.	
		Thermal Techniques: Principle, thermal transitions and Instrumentation	Thermal techniques: Principle, thermal transitions and Instrumentation	
		(Heat flux and power-compensation and designs), Modulated DSC, Hyper	(Heat flux and power-compensation and designs), Modulated DSC, Hyper	
		DSC, experimental parameters (sample preparation, experimental	DSC, experimental parameters (sample preparation, experimental	
		conditions, calibration, heating and cooling rates, resolution, source of	conditions, calibration, heating and cooling rates, resolution, source of	
		errors) and their influence, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical	errors) and their influence, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical	
		applications.	applications.	
		Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA): Principle, instrumentation and	Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA): Principle, instrumentation and	
		advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications, derivative	advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications, derivative	
		differential thermal analysis (DDIA). <b>TGA:</b> Principle, instrumentation, factors	differential thermal analysis (DDTA).	
		affecting results, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical	<b>TGA:</b> Principle, instrumentation, factors affecting results, advantage and	
			disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications.	
		Books recommended:	Recommended books (Latest edition):	
		1. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds - Robert M	1. Silverstein, R.M. (2004). Spectrometric Identification of Organic	
		Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.	compounds, 6th Ed., John Wiley & Sons.	
		Holler Timothy & Nieman 5th edition Eastern press Bangalore	Instrumental Analysis. 5th Ed., Bangalore: Eastern press. Bangalore.	
		1998.	3. Beckett, A.H., Stenlake, J.B. (1987). Practical Pharmaceutical	
		3. Instrumental methods of analysis – Willards, 7th edition, CBS	Chemistry, 4th Ed., New Delhi: CBS publishers.	
		publishers. 4. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry – Beckett and	4. Kemp, W. (1991). Organic Spectroscopy, 3rd Ed., ELBS. Sethi, P.D. (1987). Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical	
		Stenlake, Vol II, 4th edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.	formulation. 3rd Ed., New Delhi: CBS Publishers.	
		5. Organic Spectroscopy - William Kemp, 3rd edition, ELBS, 1991.	6. Munson, J.W. (2012). Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods –	
		6. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation - P D	Part B, Informa Health care Publishers.	
		Sethi, 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.	Suggested e-material:	
		7. Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods – Part B - J W Munson,	Infrared and Raman spectroscopy Larkin. Peter	
		Volume 11, Marcel Dekker Series	2. http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/9780124115897	
			Solving problems with NMR spectroscopy Atta-ur-Rahman,	
			Muhammad Iqbal	
			Spectroscopy: Pearson New International Edition Engel. Thomas	
	Upon completion of this course		SECTION-A	
	student will have an understanding	SECTION-A	Laboratory Animals: Common laboratory animals: Description, handling and	
	of:	Laboratory Animals, Common laboratory animals: Description, handling	applications of different species and strains of animals. Transgenic animals:	
	<ul> <li>Preclinical evaluation of drugs and recent</li> </ul>	animals: Production, maintenance and applications. Anaesthesia and	Production, maintenance and applications. Anaesthesia and euthanasia of	
	experimental techniques in	euthanasia of experimental animals. Maintenance and breeding of	experimental animals. Maintenance and breeding of laboratory animals.	
	the drug discovery and	laboratory animals. CPCSEA guidelines to conduct experiments on animals.	Cood la barster una stice	
Course code	development.	Good laboratory practice. Bioassay-Principle, scope and limitations and	Good laboratory practice.	Title and content of subject
PHAR Course name	Maintenance of laboratory     animals as ner the	methous	Bioassay: Principle, scope and limitations and methods.	has been modified as per
Pharmacological	guidelines, basic	SECTION-B	Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity	PCI prescribed syllabus
and Toxicological	knowledge of various in-	Basic definition and types of toxicology (general, mechanistic, regulatory	using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models.	"Suggested e-material" has
Screening Methods-	vitro and in-vivo preclinical	and descriptive). Regulatory guidelines for conducting toxicity studies OECD,	General principles of preclinical screening. CNS Pharmacology: behavioral	been added.
1	evaluation processes     regulations and ethical	ICH,	psychotics, anti epileptics and nootropics. Drugs for neurodegenerative	
	requirement for the usage	(GLP) History concept and its importance in drug dovelopment	diseases like Parkinsonism, Alzheimers and multiple sclerosis. Drugs acting	
	of experimental animals.	Acute, sub-acute and chronic- oral dermal and inhalational studies as per	on Autonomic Nervous System.	
	• various animals used in the	OECD guidelines. Acute eve irritation, skin sensitization, dermal irritation &	SECTION-B	
	arug discovery process and	dermal toxicity studies. Test item characterization- importance and methods	Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity	
	in maintenance and	in regulatory toxicology studies	using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models.	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	<ul> <li>handling of experimental animals</li> <li>various screening methods involved in the drug discovery process.</li> </ul>	SECTION-C IND enabling studies (IND studies)- Definition of IND, importance of IND, industry perspective, list of studies needed for IND submission. Safety pharmacology studies- origin, concepts and importance of safety pharmacology. Tier1- CVS, CNS and respiratory safety pharmacology, HERG assay. Tier2- GI, renal and other studies. Toxicokinetics- Toxicokinetic evaluation in preclinical studies, saturation kinetics. Importance and applications of toxicokinetic studies.	Respiratory Pharmacology: anti-asthmatics, drugs for COPD and anti allergics. Reproductive Pharmacology: Aphrodisiacs and antifertility agents Analgesics, anti-inflammatory and antipyretic agents. Gastrointestinal drugs: anti ulcer, anti-emetic, antidiarrheal and laxatives. <b>Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models.</b> Cardiovascular Pharmacology: antihypertensives, antiarrythmics, antianginal, antiatherosclerotic agents and diuretics. Drugs for metabolic	
		methods to animal toxicity testing.	disorders like anti-diabetic, antidyslipidemic agents.	
		<ul> <li>Books recommended:</li> <li>Handbook of Experimental Pharmacology, SK.Kulkarni</li> <li>Fundamentals of experimental Pharmacology by M.N.Ghosh</li> <li>Hand book on GLP, Quality practices for regulated non-clinical research and development (http://www.who.int/tdr/ publications/documents/glphandbook, pdf).</li> <li>Schedule Y Guideline: drugs and cosmetics (second amendment) rules,</li> <li>2005, ministry of health and family welfare (department of health) New Delhi</li> <li>Drugs from discovery to approval by Rick NG.</li> <li>Animal Models in Toxicology, 3rd Edition, Lower and Bryan</li> <li>OECD test guidelines.</li> <li>Principles of toxicology by Karen E. Stine, Thomas M. Brown.</li> <li>Guidance for Industry M3(R2) Nonclinical Safety Studies for the Conduct of Human Clinical Trials and Marketing Authorization for Pharmaceuticals</li> <li>(http://www.fda.gov/downloads/drugs/guidancecompliance regulatoryinformation /guidances/ucm073246.pdf)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>SECTION-C</li> <li>Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models.</li> <li>Immunomodulators, Immunosuppressants and immunostimulants</li> <li>General principles of immunoassay: theoretical basis and optimization of immunoassay, heterogeneous and homogenous immunoassay systems.</li> <li>Immunoassay methods evaluation; protocol outline, objectives and preparation.</li> <li>Immunoassay for digoxin and insulin.</li> <li>Anti cancer agents. Hepatoprotective screening methods.</li> <li>Limitations of animal experimentation and alternate animalexperiments.</li> <li>Extrapolation of in vitro data to preclinical and preclinical to humans</li> <li>Recommended books (Latest edition):         <ol> <li>Kulkarni SK. Handbook of Experimental Pharmacology, Vallabh Prakashan, 2013.</li> <li>Ghosh MN, Fundamentals of Experimental Pharmacology, Hilton &amp; Company Publishers: edi 5<sup>th</sup>, 2008</li> <li>Hand book on GLP, Quality practices for regulated non-clinical research and development, World Health Organisation, edi 2<sup>nd</sup>, 2008</li> <li>Schedule Y, Guideline: Drugs and cosmetics (second amendment) Rules, CDSCO, 1945</li> <li>Annual Report to the People on Health, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, New Delhi, 2005</li> <li>Rick NG. Drugs from discovery to approval, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Wiley-Blackwell Publishers, 2015</li> <li>Gad CS. Animal Models in Toxicology, CRC Press, edio 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2015</li> <li>Guidance for Industry M3(R2) Nonclinical Safety Studies for the Conduct of Human Clinical Trials and Marketing Authorization for Pharmaceceticals, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, ICH, 2010</li> </ol> </li> <li>Guidance for Industry Patient-Reported Outcome Measures: Use in Medical Product Development to Support Labeling Claims, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services</li></ul>	
			<ul> <li>Suggested e-material:         <ol> <li>(http://www.fda.gov/downloads/drugs/guidancecompliance regulatoryinformation /guidances/ucm073246.pdf)</li> <li>Hand book on GLP, Quality practices for regulated non-clinical research and development (http://www.who.int/tdr/</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	

SECTION-A       publications/documents/glphandbook. pdf).         Drug discovery: Stages of drug discovery, lead discovery; identification,       Drug discovery: Stages of drug discovery; identification,	
SECTION-A     SECTION-A       Drug discovery: Stages of drug discovery, lead discovery; identification,     Drug discovery: Stages of drug discovery; identification,	
<ul> <li>Course code networks for their analysis. See their analysis in genetation of a description of a sector in metations, maintee and a devertee of a sector in metations. Sector is a sector in metations, ago uses and a sector in genetation of a sector in metations. Sector is a sector in metation in the analysis of a sector in metation. The sector is a sector in the sector is a sector is a sector in the sector is a sector i</li></ul>	Nomencalture of course is changed from "Principles of Drug Discovery" to "Principles of Medicinal Chemistry". The course has been shifted to discipline elective. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		<ul> <li>Wilkins, Woltess Kluwer (India) Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi.</li> <li>Comprehensive Medicinal Chemistry – Corwin and Hansch.</li> <li>Computational and structural approaches to drug design edited by Robert M Stroud and Janet. F Moore</li> <li>Introduction to Quantitative Drug Design by Y.C. Martin.</li> <li>Principles of Medicinal Chemistry by William Foye, 7th Edition, Ippincott Williams &amp; Wilkins, Woltess Kluwer (India) Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi.</li> <li>Drug Design Volumes by Arienes, Academic Press, Elsevier Publishers, Noida, Uttar Pradesh</li> <li>Principles of Drug Design by Smith.</li> <li>The Organic Chemistry of the Drug Design and Drug action by Richard B.Silverman, II Edition, Elsevier Publishers, New Delhi.</li> <li>An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry, Graham L.Patrick, III Edition, Oxford University Press, USA.</li> <li>Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics, DM.Brahmankar, Sunil B. Jaiswal II Edition, 2014, Vallabh Prakashan, New Delhi.</li> <li>Peptidomimetics in Organic and Medicinal Chemistry by Antonio Guarna and Andrea Trabocchi, First edition, Wiley publishers.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Silverman, R.B. (2012). <i>The Organic Chemistry of the Drug Design</i> <i>and Drug Action</i>, 2nd Ed., Elsevier Publishers.</li> <li>Patrick, G.L. (1995). <i>An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry</i>, 1st Ed., Oxford University Press.</li> <li>Brahmankar, D.M., Jaiswal, S.B. (2014). <i>Biopharmaceutics and</i> <i>Pharmacokinetics</i>, 2nd Ed., New Delhi: Vallabh Prakashan.</li> <li>Guarna, A., Trabocchi, A. (2014), <i>Peptidomimetics in Organic and</i> <i>Medicinal Chemistry</i>, 1st Ed., New Delhi: Wiley publishers.</li> <li>Suggested e-material:         <ol> <li>https://books.google.co.in/books/about/Foye_s_Principles_of_Me dicinal_Chemistry.html?id=R0W1ErpsQpkC</li> <li>https://www.wiley.com/en- us/Burger%27s+Medicinal+Chemistry%2C+ Drug+Discovery%2C+and+Development%2C+7th+Edition-p- 9780470278154</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 526L <b>Course name</b> Pharmacology Lab-I		<ol> <li>Analysis of pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer</li> <li>Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry</li> <li>Experiments based on HPLC</li> <li>Experiments based on Gas Chromatography</li> <li>Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry</li> <li>Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry</li> <li>Handling of laboratory animals.</li> <li>Various routes of drug administration.</li> <li>Techniques of blood sampling, anesthesia and euthanasia of experimental animals.</li> <li>Functional observation battery tests (modified Irwin test)</li> <li>Evaluation of CNS stimulant, depressant, anxiogenics and anxiolytic, anticonvulsant activity.</li> <li>Evaluation of diuretic activity.</li> <li>Evaluation of analgesic, anti-inflammatory, local anesthetic, mydriatic and miotic activity.</li> <li>Evaluation of antiulcer activity by pylorus ligation method.</li> <li>Oral glucose tolerance test.</li> <li>Isolation and identification of DNA from various sources (Bacteria, Cauliflower, onion, Goat liver).</li> <li>Isolation of RNA from yeast</li> <li>Estimation of proteins by Braford/Lowry's in biological samples.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Analysis of pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer</li> <li>Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry</li> <li>Experiments based on HPLC</li> <li>Experiments based on Gas Chromatography</li> <li>Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry</li> <li>Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry</li> <li>Handling of laboratory animals.</li> <li>Various routes of drug administration.</li> <li>Techniques of blood sampling, anesthesia and euthanasia of experimental animals.</li> <li>Functional observation battery tests (modified Irwin test)</li> <li>Evaluation of CNS stimulant, depressant, anxiogenics and anxiolytic, anticonvulsant activity.</li> <li>Evaluation of analgesic, anti-inflammatory, local anesthetic, mydriatic and miotic activity.</li> <li>Evaluation of antiulcer activity by pylorus ligation method.</li> <li>Oral glucose tolerance test.</li> <li>Isolation and identification of DNA from various sources (Bacteria, Cauliflower, onion, Goat liver).</li> <li>Isolation of RNA from yeast</li> <li>Estimation of proteins by Braford/Lowry's in biological samples.</li> <li>Estimation of RNA/DNA by UV Spectroscopy</li> </ol>	No changes

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		12. Estimation of RNA/DNA by UV Spectroscopy	13. Gene amplification by PCR.	
		13. Gene amplification by PCR.	14. Protein quantification Western Blotting.	
		14. Protein quantification Western Blotting.	15. Enzyme based in-vitro assays (MPO, AChEs, $\alpha$ amylase, $\alpha$ glucosidase).	
		15. Enzyme based in-vitro assays (MPO, AChEs, $\alpha$ amylase, $\alpha$	16. Cell viability assays (MTT/Trypan blue/SRB).	
		glucosidase).	17. DNA fragmentation assay by agarose gel electrophoresis.	
		16. Cell viability assays (MTT/Trypan blue/SRB).	18. DNA damage study by Comet assay.	
		17. DNA fragmentation assay by agarose gel electrophoresis.	19. Apoptosis determination by fluorescent imaging studies.	
		18. DNA damage study by Comet assay.	20. Pharmacokinetic studies and data analysis of drugs given by different	
		19. Apoptosis determination by fluorescent imaging studies.	routes of administration using softwares	
		20. Pharmacokinetic studies and data analysis of drugs given by	21. Enzyme inhibition and induction activity	
		different routes of administration using softwares	22. Extraction of drug from various biological samples and estimation of drugs in biological fluids using different analytical techniques (LIV)	
		21. Enzyme inhibition and induction activity	23 Extraction of drug from various biological samples and estimation of	
		22. Extraction of drug from various biological samples and estimation of drugs in biological fluids using different analytical techniques (UV)	drugs in biological fluids using different analytical techniques (HPLC)	
		<ul><li>23. Extraction of drug from various biological samples and estimation of drugs in biological fluids using different analytical techniques (HPLC)</li></ul>		
			SECTION-A	
			<b>Drug discovery:</b> Stages of drug discovery, lead discovery; identification, validation and diversity of drug targets.	
			<b>Biological drug targets:</b> Receptors, types, binding and activation, theories of drug receptor interaction, drug receptor interactions, agonists vs antagonists, artificial enzymes.	
	Learning outcomes		Prodrug Design and Analog design:	
Course code Course name Principles of Medicinal Chemistry (Discipline Elective)	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: <ul> <li>Various aspects of drug designing and methods for their analysis.</li> <li>Factor to design new drug against particular biochemical.</li> <li>Medicinal and stereochemistry of various class of drugs.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		<b>a) Prodrug design:</b> Basic concept, Carrier linked prodrugs/ Bioprecursors, Prodrugs of functional group, Prodrugs to improve patient acceptability, Drug solubility, Drug absorption and distribution, site specific drug delivery and sustained drug action. Rationale of prodrug design and practical consideration of prodrug design.	Introduced as Discipline
			<b>b) Combating drug resistance:</b> Causes for drug resistance, strategies to combat drug resistance in antibiotics and anticancer therapy, Genetic principles of drug resistance.	Elective using PCI prescribed syllabus.
			<b>c) Analog Design:</b> Introduction, Classical & Non classical, Bioisosteric replacement strategies, rigid analogs, alteration of chain branching, changes in ring size, ring position isomers, design of stereo isomers and geometric isomers, fragments of a lead molecule, variation in inter atomic distance.	
			SECTION-B	
			Medicinal chemistry aspects of the following class of drugs	
			Systematic study, SAR, Mechanism of action and synthesis of new generation molecules of following class of drugs:	
			a) Anti-hypertensive drugs, Psychoactive drugs, Anticonvulsant drugs, H1 & H2 receptor antagonist, COX1 & COX2 inhibitors, Adrenergic & Cholinergic	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			agents, Antineoplastic and Antiviral agents.	
			<b>b) Stereochemistry and Drug action:</b> Realization that stereo selectivity is a pre-requisite for evolution. Role of chirality in selective and specific therapeutic agents. Case studies, Enantio selectivity in drug adsorption, metabolism, distribution and elimination.	
			SECTION-C	
			Rational Design of Enzyme Inhibitors	
			Enzyme kinetics & Principles of Enzyme inhibitors, Enzyme inhibitors in medicine, Enzyme inhibitors in basic research, rational design of non-covalently and covalently binding enzyme inhibitors.	
			Peptidomimetics	
			Therapeutic values of Peptidomimetics, design of peptidomimetics by manipulation of the amino acids, modification of the peptide backbone, incorporating conformational constraints locally or globally. Chemistry of prostaglandins, leukotrienes and thromboxones. <b>Recommended books (Latest edition):</b>	
			<ol> <li>Abraham, D.J., Rotella, D.P. (2010). Burger's Medicinal Chemistry, Drug Discovery and Development, 7th Ed., New Delhi: Willey Publishers.</li> <li>Beale, J.M. (2010). Wilson and Gisvold's: Text book of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, 12th Ed., New Delhi: Lippincott Williams &amp; Wilkins, Wolters Kluwer (India) Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>Chackalamannil, S., Rotella D., Ward, S. (2017). Comprehensive Medicinal Chemistry III, 3rd Ed., Elsevier.</li> <li>Martin, Y.C. (2010). Quantitative Drug Design: A critical Introduction, 3rd Ed., New York: CRC Press.</li> <li>Lemke, T.S., Williams, D.A., Roche, V.F., Zito S.W., Foye, S. (2013). Principles of Medicinal Chemistry, 7th Ed., New Delhi: Lippincott Williams &amp; Wilkins, Wolters Kluwer (India) Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>Arienes, E.J. (1975). Drug Design, 1st Ed., Academic Press, Elsevier.</li> <li>Smith, W. (2005). Introduction to the Principles of Drug Design and Action, 4th Ed., New York: CRC Press.</li> <li>Silverman, R.B. (2012). The Organic Chemistry of the Drug Design and Drug Action, 2nd Ed., Elsevier Publishers.</li> <li>Patrick, G.L. (1995). An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry, 1st Ed., Oxford University Press.</li> <li>Brahmankar, D.M., Jaiswal, S.B. (2014). Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, 2nd Ed., New Delhi: Vallabh Prakashan.</li> <li>Guarna, A., Trabocchi, A. (2014), Peptidomimetics in Organic and Medicinal Chemistry, 1st Ed., New Delhi: Wiley publishers.</li> <li>Suggested e-material: https://books.google.co.in/books/about/Foye_s_Principles_of_Medicinal_C hemistry.html?id=ROW1ErpsQpkC https://www.wiley.com/en-us/Burger%27s+Medicinal+Chemistry%2C+ Drug+Discovery%2C+and+Development%2C+7th+Edition-p-9780470278154</li> </ol>	
Course code	After completion of the course, student shall be able to		SECTION-A Introduction: Herbal/natural cosmetics, Classification & Economic aspects.	Introduced as Discipline
Course name	Understand the basic principles		Regulatory Provisions relation to manufacture of cosmetics: License, GMP,	Elective using PCI prescribed
Herbal Cosmetics (Discipline Elective)	<ul> <li>of various herbal/natural cosmetic preparations</li> <li>Current Good Manufacturing Practices of herbal/natural cosmetics as not the regulatory.</li> </ul>		offences & Penalties, Import & Export of Herbal/natural cosmetics, Industries involved in the production of Herbal/natural cosmetics, commonly used herbal cosmetics, raw materials, preservatives, surfactants, humectants, oils, colors, and some functional herbs.	Synabus. "Suggested e-material:" has been added

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	authorities		Commonly used herbal cosmetics, raw materials, preservatives, surfactants, humectants, oils, colors, and some functional herbs, preformulation studies, compatibility studies, possible interactions between chemicals and herbs, design of herbal cosmetic formulation.	
			SECTION-B	
			Herbal Cosmetics: Physiology and chemistry of skin and pigmentation, hairs, scalp, lips and nail.	
			Preparation and standardisation of Cleansing cream, Lotions, Face powders, Face packs, Lipsticks, Bath products, soaps and baby product, Tonic, Bleaches, Dentifrices and Mouth washes & Tooth Pastes, Cosmetics for Nails.	
			SECTION-C	
			<b>Cosmeceuticals of herbal and natural origin:</b> Hair growth formulations, Shampoos, Conditioners, Colorants & hair oils, Fairness formulations, vanishing & foundation creams, anti-sun burn preparations, moisturizing creams, deodorants.	
			Analysis of Cosmetics, Toxicity screening and test methods: Quality control and toxicity studies as per Drug and Cosmetics Act.	
			Recommended books:	
			<ol> <li>Panda, H. (2000). Herbal Cosmetics: Hand book, New Delhi: Asia Pacific Business Press Inc.</li> </ol>	
			<ol> <li>Thomson, E.G. (2015). Modern Cosmetics, vol 1, Mumbai: Universal Publishing Corporation.</li> </ol>	
			<ol> <li>Sharma, P.P. (2014). Cosmetics - Formulation, Manufacturing &amp; Quality Control, Ed.5th, New Delhi: Vandana Publications.</li> </ol>	
			<ol> <li>Supriya, B. (2000). Handbook of Aromatic Plants, Jaipur: Pointer Publishers.</li> </ol>	
			5. Skaria, B.P. (2007). Aromatic Plants: Horticulture Science Series, New Delhi: New India Publishing Agency.	
			<ol> <li>Keville, K., Green, M., (2008). Aromatheraphy: A Complete Guide to the Healing Art, New Delhi: Sri Satguru Publications.</li> </ol>	
			<ol> <li>Balsam, M.S., Edward S. (1974). Cosmetics Science and Technology, vol 3, New York: Wiley Interscience.</li> </ol>	
			Suggested e-material:	
			https://www.pdfdrive.com/cosmetics-books.html	
			SECTIONA	
	Upon completion of this course		Enzyme Technology: Classification. general properties of enzymes.	
Course code	<ul><li>student will have an understanding of:</li><li>Enzyme technology, genetic</li></ul>		dynamics of enzymatic activity, sources of enzymes, extraction and purification, pharmaceutical, therapeutic and clinical application. Production of amyloglucosidase, glucose isomerase, amylase and trypsin.	Introduced as Discipline
Course name	Engineering, Peptides and its applications.		Genetic Engineering: Techniques of gene manipulation. cloning	syllabus.
Advanced Pharmaceutical Biotechnology	<ul> <li>Transgenic animal, human genome and signal transduction</li> </ul>		strategies, procedures, cloning vectors expression vectors, recombinant selection and screening, expression in E.coli and yeast.	"Suggested e-material:" has been added
	<ul> <li>3 Microbial transformation, biodegradation and biosensors.</li> </ul>		Site directed mutagenesis, polymerase chain reaction, and analysis of DNAsequences.	
			Gene library and cDNA	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			Applications of the above technique in the production of,	
			Regulatory proteins - Interferon, Interleukins	
			Blood products - Erythropoietin	
			Vaccines - Hepatitis-B	
			Hormones – Insulin	
			<b>Therapeutic peptides:</b> Study on controlled and site specified delivery of therapeutic peptides and proteins through various routes of administration	
			SECTION-B	
			<b>Transgenic animals:</b> Production of useful proteins in transgenic animals and gene therapy.	
			Human Genome: The human genome project-a brief study, Human chromosome – Structure and classification, chromosomal abnormalities – Syndromes	
			<b>Signal transduction:</b> Introduction, cell signaling pathways, Ion channels, Sensors and effectors, ON and OFF mechanisms, Spatial and temporal aspects of signaling, cellular process, development, cell cycle and proliferation, neuronal signaling, cell stress, inflammatory responses and cell death, signaling defects and diseases.	
			SECTION-C	
			Oncogenes: Introduction, definition, various oncogenes and their proteins.	
			<b>Microbial Biotransformation:</b> Biotransformation for the synthesis of chiral drugs and steroids.	
			<b>Microbial Biodegradation:</b> Biodegradation of xenobiotics, chemical and industrial wastes, Production of single-cell protein, Applications of microbes in environmental monitoring.	
			<b>Biosensors:</b> Definition, characteristics of ideal biosensors, types of biosensors, biological recognition elements, transducers, application of biosensors.	
			Recommended books:	
			<ol> <li>Trevan, M.D., Boffey, S., Goulding, K.H., Stanbury, P.F. (1987). Biotechnology-The biological principles. Ed. 1, Stony Stratford: Open University Press.</li> </ol>	
			2. Bickerstaff, G.F. (1997). Immobilization of cells and enzymes. Totowa: Humana Press Inc.	
			<ol> <li>Old, R.W., Primrose, S.B. (1981). Principles of Gene Manipulating. University of California Press</li> </ol>	
			<ol> <li>Lodish, H., Berk, A., Zipursky, L., Matsudaira, P., Baltimore, D. Darnell, J. (1999). Molecular Cell Biology. 4th ed. W. H. Freeman Publishers.</li> </ol>	
			<ol> <li>Primrose, S.B. (1991). Modern Biotechnology. 2nd Ed. London: Blackwell Scientific Publications Ltd.</li> </ol>	
			<ol> <li>Murray E.T. (1991). Gene transfer and expression protocols-methods in Molecular Biology, vol. VII, Totowa: Humana Press Inc.</li> </ol>	
			7. Asubel, F.M. (2003). Current protocols in Molecular Biology, Vo1.I & II, John Wiley Publishers.	
			Suggested e-material	
			1. http://202.74.245.22:8080/xmlui/handle/123456789/39/browse?type= subject	
			2. https://pharmaclub.in/free-pharmacy-ebooks-pharmaceutics/	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			3. https://www.pdfdrive.com/pharmaceutical-books.html	
			SECTION-A	
			Intellectual property rights (IPR): Definition, scope, objectives, Concepts and fundamentals: intellectual property (IP), intellectual property protection (IPP) and intellectual property rights (IPR); economic importance, mechanism for protection of intellectual property.	
			<b>Patents:</b> (Criteria for patentability, Indian patent act. 1970, filing of a patent application, precautions before patenting-disclosures/non-disclosures, publication-article/ thesis, prior art search – published patents search, internet search patent sites, specialized service search requests, costs, patent application forms and guidelines, fee structure, time frames, jurisdiction aspects, types of patent application- provisional, non-provisional, PCT and convention patent applications, international patenting requirement procedures and costs.	
	Upon completion of this course		<b>Patent infringement:</b> Meaning, scope, litigation, drug related patents infringements, case studies and examples, patenting by research students.),	
Course code	<ul> <li>student will have an understanding of:</li> <li>patent and copyright for their innovative works. They also get the knowledge of plagiarism in their innovations which can be questioned legally.</li> <li>selected IP issues that might arise in practice.</li> <li>federal and state IP protection:</li> <li>tools and activities of IP</li> </ul>		<b>Copyright</b> , <b>Trademarks:</b> (Introduction, meaning of trademark, criteria for eligibility, filling application for trademark registration).	
			<b>Trade secrets:</b> Scope modalities and protection case studies. Role of IP in pharmaceutical industry.	Introduced as Discipline
Course name			<b>Trade related aspects of intellectual property rights:</b> Intellectual property and international trade, concept behind WTO (World Trade Organization),	Elective using PCI prescribed syllabus.
Intellectual Property Rights (Discipline Elective)			<ul> <li>WIPO (World Intellectual Property Organization), GATT (General Agreement on Tariff and Trade), TRIMS (Trade Related Investment Measures) and GATS (General Agreement on Trades in Services).</li> <li>WTO-objectives, scope, functions, structure, status, membership and</li> </ul>	"Suggested e-material:" has been added
	practitioners such as the Copyright, Patent, and		withdrawal, dispute settlement, impact on globalization SECTION-C	
	Trademark websites, searching, reading patents, and more.		<b>Technology development/transfer commercialization related aspects:</b> Meaning, drug related technology development, bioequivalence (BE), scale- up, semi-commercialization and commercialization– practical aspects and problems, significance of transfer of technology (TOT), bottlenecks, managing technology transfer, guidelines for research students, scientists and related personnel, TOT agencies in India APCTD, NRDC, TIFAC, IBCIL, TBSE/SIDBI.	
			<b>TOT related documentation:</b> Confidentiality agreements, licensing, MOUs, legal issues, compulsory licensing and issuing of access to medicines, DOHA declaration.	
			<b>Related quality systems:</b> Objectives and brief review of US-FDA, UK-MCA, and TGA guidelines. <b>Standard institutes and certification agencies like</b> : ISI, BSS, ASTM.	
			1. Treece, D.J. (2003). <i>Managing Intellectual Capital: Organizational,</i>	
			Strategic and Policy Dimension. England: Oxford University Press.	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
			Design and Geographical Indications. New Delhi: Univer Publishing.
			3. Bansal, P. (2008) <i>IPR Handbook for Pharma Students a</i> Hyderabad: Pharma Book Syndicate.
			4. Trivedi, P.R. (2008). <i>Encylcopedia of Intellectual Proper</i> Delhi: Jnanada Prakashan.
			5. Willig, S.H. (1982). <i>Good Manufacturing Practices for F</i> vol 78. New York: Marcel Dekker
			<ol> <li>Das, P., Das, G. (2008). Protection of Industrial Propert Kamal Law House.</li> </ol>
			7. Katju, S.N. (2002). <i>Law and Drugs</i> , Delhi Law House.
			Suggested e-material:6.www.fda.gov7.https://www.ich.org/products/guidelines.html
			<ol> <li>Copyright Protection in India [website: http:<u>copyri</u></li> <li>Information on orange book [website: <u>www.fda.gov/cder/ob/default.htm]</u>.</li> </ol>
			10. World Trade Organization [website: www.wto.org
			SECTION-A
			Regulations, Meaning of Nutraceuticals, Dietary Supplem Foods, Medical Foods, Scope and Opportunities in Nutraceuticals
			<b>Global Aspects:</b> WHO guidelines on nutrition. NSF Internative Dietary Supplements and Nutraceuticals Industries, NSF Standards for Food And Dietary Supplements. Goo Practices for Nutraceuticals
			SECTION-B
Course code Course name	<ul> <li>Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to</li> <li>Know the regulatory Requirements for nutraceuticals</li> </ul>		India: Food Safety and Standards Act, Food Safety and Sta of India: Organization and Functions, Regulations for imp and sale of nutraceutical products in India, Recom Allowances (RDA) in India.
Regulatory aspects of food and nutraceuticals (Discipline Elective)	<ul> <li>Understand the regulation for registration and labeling of nutraceuticals</li> <li>food supplements in India, USA and Europe.</li> </ul>		<b>USA</b> : US FDA Food Safety Modernization Act, Dietary Su and Education Act. U.S. regulations for manufactur nutraceuticals and dietary supplements, Labelling Require Claims for Dietary Supplements, Recommended Dietary All the U.S.
			SECTION-C
			<b>European Union:</b> European Food Safety Authority (EFSA): Functions. EU Directives and regulations for manufact nutraceuticals and dietary supplements. Nutrition lab Regulation on Novel Foods and Novel Food Ingredients Dietary Allowances (RDA) in Europe.
			Books recommended:
			<ol> <li>Hasler, Clare M. (2005). Regulation of Function Nutraceuticals: A Global Perspective. Vol.1,</li> </ol>

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y Rights Kolkata:	
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ndards Authority ort, manufacture mended Dietary	Introduced as Discipline Elective using PCI prescribed
pplement Health	syllabus.
ements and Label owances (RDA) in	been added
Organization and ure and sale of elling. European s. Recommended	
onal Foods and Delhi: Blackwell	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
			<ul> <li>Publishing.</li> <li>Bagchi, D. (2014). Nutraceutical and Functional Fouthe United States and Around the World. Elsevier.</li> <li>7. Pathak, Y. (2009). <i>Handbook of Nutraceuticals</i>. Vol</li> <li>8. Fortin, N.D. (2007). <i>Food Regulation: Law, Science, Practice</i>. Vol 1. Wiley Publishers.</li> <li>Suggested e-material</li> <li>3. http://www.who.int/publications/guidelines/nutrianters.</li> <li>24/IPOL STU/2015)526324. EN pdf</li> </ul>
			SECTION A
			Essential Principles of Medical Devices and IVDs. Differed devices IVDs and Combination Products from that of pharm History of Medical Device Regulation, Product Lifecycle of
			and Classification of Medical Devices. <b>IMDRF/GHTF:</b> Introduction, Organizational Structure, Functions, Regulatory Guidelines, Working Groups, Sur Document (STED), Global Medical Device Nomenclature (GM
			SECTION B
Course code Course code Course name Regulatory Aspects of Medical Devices (Discipline Elective) Upon comp student sha • basics of IVDs, pr ethical conside • harmor approva medica • regulator India, U ASEAN • clinical investig and IVD	Upon completion of the course, the		<b>Ethics:</b> Clinical Investigation of Medical Devices, Clinical Infor Medical Devices, Good Clinical Practice for Clinical medical devices (ISO 14155:2011)
	<ul> <li>basics of medical devices and IVDs, process of development,</li> </ul>		<b>Quality:</b> Quality System Regulations of Medical Devices: IS Risk Management of Medical Devices: ISO 14971, Validation of Medical device, Adverse Event Reporting of Medical devi
	<ul> <li>ethical and quality considerations</li> <li>harmonization initiatives for approval and marketing of medical devices and IVDs</li> <li>regulatory approval process for medical devices and IVDs in India, US, Canada, EU, Japan and ASEAN</li> <li>clinical evaluation and investigation of medical devices and IVDs</li> </ul>		<b>USA:</b> Introduction, Classification, Regulatory approval pro Devices (510k) Premarket Notification, Pre-Market A Investigational Device Exemption (IDE) and In vitro Dia System Requirements 21 CFR Part 820, Labeling requirem 801, Post marketing surveillance of MD and Unique Dev (UDI). Basics of In vitro diagnostics, classification and approv
			<b>European Union</b> : Introduction, Classification, Regulatory a for Medical Devices (Medical Device Directive, Active Imp Device Directive) and In vitro Diagnostics (In Vitro Diagnost certification process. Basics of In vitro diagnostics, c approval process.
			ASEAN, China & Japan: Medical Devices and IVDs, Regula procedures, Quality System requirements and clinical investigation. IMDRF study groups and guidance documents
			Books recommended:
			<ol> <li>Pisano, D. J., Mantus, D. (2008). FDA Regulatory Af Prescription Drugs, Medical Devices and Biologi Press.</li> </ol>
			2. Kahan, J. S. (2000). <i>Medical Device Development</i> <i>Overview</i> . PAREXEL International Corporation.
			3. Tobin, J. J., Walsh, G. (2008). Medical Product Re Pharmaceuticals, Diagnostics Medical, Devices. Wiley-B

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1. CRC Press.			
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classification and entiating medical naceuticals.			
Medical Devices			
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nvestigation Plan Investigation of			
O 13485, Quality n and Verification ice			
ocess for Medical Approval (PMA), gnostics, Quality ents 21 CFR Part vice Identification val process.	Introduced as Discipline Elective using PCI prescribed syllabus. "Suggested e-material:" has been added		
approval process plantable Medical tics Directive), CE classification and			
atory registration evaluation and s.			
ffairs: A Guide for ics. 2 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., CRC			
t: A Regulatory			
egulatory Affairs: Blackwell			

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			4. Medina, C. (2003). <i>Compliance Handbook for Pharmaceuticals, Medical Devices and Biologics</i> . CRC Press.	
			Suggested e-material	
			1. Country Specific Guidelines from official websites.	
			2. Code of Federal regulations (Annual Edition) from official websites, US government.	
			3. www.fda.gov	

### Name of Programme: Master of Pharmacy (Pharmacology)

Course details: Second Semester
Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		<ul> <li>Herfindal and Gourley.</li> <li>7. Applied biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Leon Shargel and Andrew B.C.Yu.</li> <li>8. Handbook of Essential Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics and Drug Metabolism for Industrial Scientists</li> <li>9. Robbins &amp; Cortan Pathologic Basis of Disease, 9th Ed. (Robbins Pathology)</li> <li>10. A Complete Textbook of Medical Pharmacology by Dr. S.K Srivastava published by APC Avichal Publishing Company.</li> <li>11. KD.Tripathi. Essentials of Medical Pharmacology</li> <li>12. Principles of Pharmacology. The Pathophysiologic basis of drug Therapy by David E Golan, Armen H, Tashjian Jr, Ehrin J,Armstrong, April W, Armstrong, Wolters, Kluwer-Lippincott Williams &amp; Wilkins Publishers</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(2016). Principles of Pharmacology: The Pathophysiologic Basis of Drug Therapy, 3rd Ed., Wolters Kluwer Health/Lippincott Williams &amp; Wilkins: 2016.</li> <li>3. Katzung, B.G. (2017), Basic and Clinical Pharmacology, 14th Ed., McGraw-Hill Companies.</li> <li>4. Ritter, J., Flower, R., Henderson, R., Rang, H. (2015). Rang &amp; Dale's Pharmacology, 8th Ed., Churchill Livingstone.</li> <li>5. Gibaldi, M., Prescott, L. (1983). Handbook of Clinical Pharamacokinetics, New York: ADIS Health Science.</li> <li>6. Herfindal, E.T., Hirschman, J.L., Gourley, D.R. (2000), Textbook of therapeutics: drug and disease management, 7th Ed., Lippincott Williams &amp; Wilkins.</li> <li>7. Shargel, L., Yu, A. (2016). Applied Biopharmaceutics &amp; Pharmacokinetics, 8th Ed., New York: McGraw-Hill Companies.</li> <li>8. Younggil K. (2002). Handbook of Essential Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics and Drug Metabolism for Industrial Scientists, Springer.</li> <li>9. Kumar, V., Abbas, A., Aster, J. (2014). Robbins &amp; Cotran Pathologic Basis of Disease, 9th Ed., Amsterdam: Elsevier.</li> <li>10. Srivastava, S.K. (2017). A Complete Textbook of Medical Pharmacology, Avichal Publishing Company.</li> <li>11. Tripathi, K.D. (2018). Essentials of Medical Pharmacology, 8th Ed., New Delhi: Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers.</li> <li>Suggested e-material:</li> <li>1. Pharmacology (Miles Hacker, William S. Messer) http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/9780123695215</li> <li>Therapeutic drug monitoring Dasgupta, Amitava http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/9780123854674</li> <li>A comprehensive guide to toxicology in preclinical drug development Faqi, Ali S. http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/978012387815</li> <li>1</li> <li>Biomarkers in toxicology Gupta, Ramesh C. http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/978012387815</li> <li>1</li> <li>Biomarkers in toxicology and therapeutics Arey, Brian</li> <li>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/9780124046306</li> <li>Biased signaling in physiology, pharmacology and therapeutics Arey, Brian&lt;</li></ul>	
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 510 <b>Course name</b> Clinical Research and Pharmacovigilance	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of:</li> <li>The clinical research.</li> <li>Regulatory requirements for conducting clinical trial.</li> <li>Responsibilities of key players involved in clinical trials</li> <li>Safety monitoring, reporting and close-out activities.</li> <li>Principles of pharmacovigilance</li> </ul>	SECTION-A Regulatory Perspectives of Clinical Trials: Origin and Principles of International Conference on Harmonization - Good Clinical Practice (ICH-GCP) guidelines. Ethical Committee: Institutional Review Board, Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical Research and Human Participant- Schedule Y, ICMR. Informed Consent Process: Structure and content of an Informed Consent Process Ethical principles governing informed consent process, Clinical Trials: Types and Design, Experimental Study- RCT and Non RCT. Observation Study: Cohort, Case Control, Cross sectional Clinical Trial Study Team. Roles and responsibilities of Clinical Trial Personnel: Investigator, Study Coordinator, Sponsor, Contract Research Organization and its management <b>SECTION-B</b> Clinical Trial Documentation- Guidelines to the preparation of documents, Preparation of protocol, Investigator Brochure, Case Report Forms, Clinical Study Report Clinical Trial Monitoring- Safety Monitoring in CT Adverse Drug Reactions:	SECTION-A Regulatory Perspectives of Clinical Trials: Origin and Principles of International Conference on Harmonization - Good Clinical Practice (ICH-GCP) guidelines. Ethical Committee: Institutional Review Board, Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical Research and Human Participant- Schedule Y, ICMR. Informed Consent Process: Structure and content of an Informed Consent Process Ethical principles governing informed consent process, Clinical Trials: Types and Design, Experimental Study- RCT and Non RCT. Observation Study: Cohort, Case Control, Cross sectional Clinical Trial Study Team. Roles and responsibilities of Clinical Trial Personnel: Investigator, Study Coordinator, Sponsor, Contract Research Organization and its management SECTION-B Clinical Trial Documentation- Guidelines to the preparation of	No changes in the syllabus. "Suggested e-material:" has been added.

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		Definition and types. Detection and reporting methods. Severity and seriousness	documents, Preparation of protocol, Investigator Brochure, Case	
		assessment. Predictability and preventability assessment, Management of adverse	Report Forms, Clinical Study Report Clinical Trial Monitoring- Safety	
		drug reactions; Terminologies of ADR. Pharmacoepidemiology,	Monitoring in CT Adverse Drug Reactions: Definition and types.	
		pharmacoeconomics, safety pharmacology	Detection and reporting methods. Severity and seriousness	
		SECTION-C	assessment. Predictability and preventability assessment,	
		Basic aspects, terminologies and establishment of pharmacovigilance History and	Management of adverse drug reactions; Terminologies of ADR.	
		progress of pharmacovigilance. Significance of safety monitoring.	Pharmacoepidemiology, pharmacoeconomics, safety pharmacology	
		Pharmacovigilance in India and international aspects, WHO international drug	SECTION-C	
		monitoring programme, WHO and Regulatory terminologies of ADR, evaluation of	Basic aspects, terminologies and establishment of pharmacovigilance	
		medication safety, Establishing pharmacovigilance centres in Hospitals, Industry	History and progress of pharmacovigilance, Significance of safety	
		and National programmes related to pharmacovigilance. Roles and responsibilities	monitoring, Pharmacovigilance in India and international aspects,	
		in Pharmacovigilance	WHO international drug monitoring programme, WHO and Regulatory	
		Methods ADR reporting and tools used in Pharmacovigilance International	terminologies of ADR, evaluation of medication safety, Establishing	
		classification of diseases. International Nonproprietary names for drugs. Passive	pharmacovigilance centres in Hospitals, Industry and National	
		and Active surveillance. Comparative observational studies. Targeted clinical	programmes related to pharmacovigilance. Roles and responsibilities	
		investigations and Vaccine safety surveillance. Spontaneous reporting system and	in Pharmacovigilance	
		Reporting to regulatory authorities, Guidelines for ADRs reporting. Argus, Aris G	Methods, ADR reporting and tools used in Pharmacovigilance	
		Pharmacovigilance, VigiFlow, Statistical methods for evaluating medication safety	International classification of diseases, International Nonproprietary	
		data.	names for drugs, Passive and Active surveillance, Comparative	
		Books recommended:	observational studies, Targeted clinical investigations and Vaccine	
		1 Control Drugs Standard Control Organization Cood Clinical Drasticas	safety surveillance. Spontaneous reporting system and Reporting to	
		1. Central Drugs Standard Control Organization- Good Clinical Practices,	regulatory authorities, Guidelines for ADRs reporting. Argus, Aris G	
		Balbie Ministry of Health 2001	Pharmacovigilance, VigiFlow, Statistical methods for evaluating	
		Denni. Willistry of Health,2001.	medication safety data.	
		for registration of Pharmaceuticals for human use ICH Harmonized	Books recommended:	
		Tripartite Guideline, Guideline for Good Clinical Practice F6: May 1996	1 Central Drugs Standard Control Organization- Good Clinical	
		3 Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical Research on Human Subjects 2000	Practices. Guidelines for Clinical Trials on Pharmaceutical	
		Indian Council of Medical Research New Delhi	Products in India. New Delhi: Ministry of Health: 2001.	
		4. Textbook of Clinical Trials edited by David Machin, Simon Day and Sylvan	2. International Conference on Harmonization of Technical	
		Green, March 2005, John Wiley and Sons.	requirements for registration of Pharmaceuticals for human	
		5. Clinical Data Management edited by R K Rondels. S A Varley. C F Webbs.	use. ICH Harmonized Tripartite Guideline. Guideline for Good	
		Second Edition, Jan 2000, Wiley Publications.	3. Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical Research on Human	
		6. Handbook of clinical Research. Julia Lloyd and Ann Raven Ed. Churchill	Subjects, Indian Council of Medical Research, New Delhi: 2006.	
		Livingstone.	4. Machin, D., Day, S., Green, S. (2006). Textbook of Clinical	
		7. Principles of Clinical Research edited by Giovanna di Ignazio, Di Giovanna	Trials edited by David Machin, Simon Day and Sylvan Green,	
		and Haynes.	John Wiley and Sons, 6th Ed., England: John Wiley & Sons Ltd.	
			Management 2nd Ed England: Wiley Publications	
			6. Lloyd, J., Raven, A. (1994). Handbook of clinical Research, 2nd	
			Ed., New York: Churchill Livingstone.	
			7. Giovanna, D.L., Haynes, G. (2001). Principles of Clinical	
			<i>Research</i> , 1st Ed., Routledge publisher.	
			Suggested e-material: 1 Pharmacology (Miles Hacker William S Messer)	
			http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/9780123695215	
			Therapeutic drug monitoring Dasgupta, Amitava	
			http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/9780123854674	
			A comprehensive guide to toxicology in preclinical drug development	
			Faqi, Ali S.	
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Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
			Biomarkers in toxicology Gupta, http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/978 Biased signaling in physiology, pharmacology and th Brian <u>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/978</u> Drug-induced liver disease Kaplo http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/978
Course code PHAR 511 Course name Computer Aided Drug Design	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of:</li> <li>Different CADD techniques and their applications in drug discovery.</li> <li>The use of software in identifying drug receptor interactions and pharmacophore mapping.</li> <li>The applicability of <i>in silico</i> virtual screening protocols in drug research.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>SECTION-A</li> <li>Introduction to Computer Aided Drug Design (CADD) History, different techniques and applications. Quantitative Structure Activity Relationships: Basics History and development of QSAR: Physicochemical parameters and methods to calculate physicochemical parameters: Hammett equation and electronic parameters (sigma), lipophilicity effects and parameters) Experimental and theoretical approaches for the determination of these physicochemical parameters.</li> <li>SECTION-B</li> <li>Quantitative Structure Activity Relationships: Applications Hansch analysis, Free Wilson analysis and relationship between them, Advantages and disadvantages; Deriving 2D-QSAR equations. 3D-QSAR approaches and contour map analysis. Statistical methods used in QSAR analysis and importance of statistical parameters.</li> <li>Molecular Modeling and Docking: Molecular and Quantum Mechanics in drug design. Energy Minimization Methods, comparison between global minimum conformation and bioactive conformation. Molecular docking and drug receptor interactions, Rigid docking, flexible docking and extra-precision docking. Agents acting on enzymes such as DHFR, HMG-CoA reductase and HIV protease, choline esterase (AchE &amp; BchE)</li> <li>SECTION-C</li> <li>Molecular Properties and Drug Design: Prediction and analysis of ADMET properties of new molecules and its importance in drug design. De novo drug design, Receptor/enzyme-interaction and its analysis, Receptor/enzyme cavity size prediction, predicting the functional components of cavities, Fragment based drug design, Receptor/enzyme interaction of 3D-structure of protein.</li> <li>Pharmacophore Mapping and Virtual Screening: Concept of pharmacophore, pharmacophore mapping, identification of Pharmacophore features and restructural approaches to drug discovery, Robert M Stroud and Janet. F Moore, RCS Publishers.</li> <li>Introduction to Quantitative Drug Design by Y.C. Martin, CRC Press, Taylor &amp; Francis, Francis group</li> <li>Drug</li></ul>	SECTION-A Introduction to Computer Aided Drug Design different techniques and applications. Quantitative Structure Activity Relationships: Bas- development of QSAR: Physicochemical parameters calculate physicochemical parameters: Hammett electronic parameters (sigma), lipophilicity effects (log P, pi-substituent constant), steric effects (Taf parameters) Experimental and theoretical appro- determination of these physicochemical parameters. SECTION-B Quantitative Structure Activity Relationships: Appl analysis, Free Wilson analysis and relationship Advantages and disadvantages; Deriving 2D-QSAR QSAR approaches and contour map analysis. Statistical in QSAR analysis and importance of statistical paramet Molecular Modeling and Docking: Molecular Mechanics in drug design. Energy Minimiza comparison between global minimum conformation conformation. Molecular docking and drug recept Rigid docking, flexible docking and extra-precision acting on enzymes such as DHFR, HMG-COA redu protease, choline esterase (AchE & BchE) SECTION-C Molecular Properties of new molecules and its imp design. De novo drug design, Receptor/enzyme-inti analysis, Receptor/enzyme cavity size prediction, functional components of cavities, Fragment bass Homology modeling and generation of 3D-structure of Pharmacophore Mapping and Virtual Screening pharmacophore features and Pharmacophore mapping, id Pharmacophore features and Pharmacophore mapping, id Pharmacophore features and Pharmacophore mapping, id Pharmacophore, pharmacophore based screening, stru- silico virtual screening protocols. Books recommended: 1. Robert, M. (2007). Computational and structure <i>drug discovery</i> , 1st Ed., Italy: RCS Publishers. 2. Martin, Y.C. (2010). Introduction to Quantitati 2. Ariens (1975). Drug Design, Academic Press, Es 1975. 4. Smith, H.J., Williams, H. (2005). Smith Principles CRC Press, Taylor & Francis.

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and Quantum ation Methods, on and bioactive tor interactions, docking. Agents luctase and HIV	Nomencalture of course is changed from "Computer Aided Drug Design" to "Principles of Drug Discovery"
	No changes in the syllabus.
n and analysis of portance in drug teraction and its teraction and its predicting the sed drug design. of protein. <b>ng:</b> Concept of dentification of hore modeling; napping. In Silico similarity based ructure based In-	"Suggested e-material:" has been added.
ral approaches to	
tive Drug Design, group.	
sevier Publishers,	
es of Drug Design.	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
		<ul> <li>Chemistry, Ippincott Williams &amp; Wilkins.</li> <li>9. Comprehensive Medicinal Chemistry – Corwin and Hansch, Pergamon Publishers.</li> <li>10. Computational and structural approaches to drug design edited by Robert M Stroud and Janet. F Moore</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Silverman, R.B. (2010). The Organic Chemistry of and Drug action, Elsevier Publishers.</li> <li>Abraham, D.J., Rotella, D.P (2010). Burger's Med 7th Ed., Wiley Publishing Co.</li> <li>Patrick, G.L. (1995). An Introduction to Med Oxford University Press.</li> <li>Gisvold's, W. (2004). Text book of Organic Pharmaceutical Chemistry, 11th Ed., Lippino Wilkins.</li> </ol>
Course code PHAR 525 Course name Pharmacological and Toxicological Screening Methods-II	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: <ul> <li>preclinical safety and toxicological evaluation of drug &amp; new chemical entity.</li> <li>regulatory aspects for the toxicological evaluation of drugs and chemicals.</li> <li>types of toxicity studies and their procedure.</li> <li>importance of ethical and regulatory requirements for toxicity studies.</li> <li>practical skills required to conduct the preclinical toxicity studies.</li> <li>use of experimental animals for the different toxicological studies.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>SECTION-A</li> <li>Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models. General principles of preclinical screening. CNS Pharmacology: behavioral and muscle co ordination, CNS stimulants and depressants, anxiolytics, anti-psychotics, anti epileptics and nootropics. Drugs for neurodegenerative diseases like Pam, Alzheimers and multiple sclerosis. Drugs acting on Autonomic Nervous System.</li> <li>Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models. Respiratory Pharmacology: Aphrodisiacs and antifertility agents Analgesics, antiinflammatory Pharmacology: Aphrodisiacs and antifertility agents Analgesics, antiinflammatory and antipyretic agents. Gastrointestinal drugs: anti ulcer, anti -emetic, antidiarrheal and laxatives.</li> <li>SECTION-B</li> <li>Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models. Cardiovascular Pharmacology: antihypertensives, antiarrythmics, antianginal, antiatherosclerotic agents and diuretics. Drugs for metabolic disorders like anti-diabetic antidyslipidemic agents. Anti cancer agents. Hepatoprotective screening methods.</li> <li>Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models. immunomulators, Immunosuppressants and immunostimulants.</li> <li>SECTION-C</li> <li>General principles of immunoassay: theoretical basis and optimization of immunoassay methods evaluation; protocol outline, objectives and preparation. Immunoassay for digoxin and insulin Limitations of animal experimentation and alternate animal experiments. Extrapolation of in vitro data to preclinical and preclinical to humans</li> <li>Reproductive toxicology studies: Male reproductive toxicity studies, female reproductive st</li></ul>	SECTION-A Preclinical screening of new substances for the activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible ar models. General principles of preclinical s Pharmacology: behavioral and muscle co ordination and depressants, anxiolytics, anti-psychotics, anti nootropics. Drugs for neurodegenerative disea Alzheimers and multiple sclerosis. Drugs acting on Aut System. Preclinical screening of new substances for the activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible ar models. Respiratory Pharmacology: anti-asthmatics, and anti allergics. Reproductive Pharmacology: A antifertility agents Analgesics, antiinflammatory agents. Gastrointestinal drugs: anti ulcer, antidiarrheal and laxatives. SECTION-B Preclinical screening of new substances for the activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible ar models. Cardiovascular Pharmacology: an antiarrythmics, antianginal, antiatherosclerotic agen Drugs for metabolic disorders like anti-diabetic agents. Anti cancer agents. Hepatoprotective screenir Preclinical screening of new substances for the activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible ar models. immunomodulators, Immunosuppr immunostimulants. SECTION-C General principles of immunoassay: theoreti optimization of immunoassay, heterogeneous an imsulin Limitations of animal experimentati animal experiments. Extrapolation of in vitro d and preclinical to humans Reproductive toxicology studies: Male reproductive female reproductive studies (segment II) Genotoxicity studi vitro and in vivo Micronucleus and Chromosomal abe In vivo carcinogenicity studies. Books recommended: 1. Burn, D.J., Finney, D.J., Goodwin, <i>standardization</i> . (1952) London: Oxford Univ 2. Turner, A.R. (2013). Screening methods in Cambridge: Academic Press.

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n, CNS stimulants	
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ases like Pam,	
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drugs for COPD	
Anhrodisiacs and	
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anti -emetic,	
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ng methods.	No changes in the syllabus.
pharmacological	"Suggested e-material:" has
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ressants and	
ical basis and	
nd homogenous	
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e toxicity studies,	
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errations studies)	
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versity Press.	
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Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
		<ol> <li>David R.Gross. Animal Models in Cardiovascular Research, 2nd Edition, Kluwer Academic Publishers, London, UK.</li> <li>Screening Methods in Pharmacology, Robert A.Turner.</li> <li>Rodents for Pharmacological Experiments, Dr.Tapan Kumar chatterjee.</li> <li>Practical Manual of Experimental and Clinical Pharmacology by Bikash Medhi (Author), Ajay Prakash (Author)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Laurence, R.D., Bacharach, L.A (2013). Evaluation of drugs activities : Pharmacometrics, Cambridge: Academic Press.</li> <li>Schwartz, A. (2013). Methods in Pharmacology, 1st Ed., New York: Springer.</li> <li>Mcleod, J.L. (1970). Pharmacological experiment on intact preparations, London: Churchill Livingstone.</li> <li>Vogel, H. (2008). Drug Discovery and Evaluation: Pharmacological assays, 3rd Ed., New York: Springer.</li> <li>Goyal, R.K. (2017). Practical In Pharmacology, B.S.Shah Prakashan.</li> <li>Gupta, S.K. (2009). Drug Screening Methods (Preclinical Evaluation of New Drugs), Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd.</li> <li>Kulkarni, S.K. (2008). Practical Pharmacology and Clinical Pharmacy, Delhi: Vallabh Pub.</li> <li>David, R.G. (2009) Animal Models in Cardiovascular Research, New York: Springer.</li> <li>Robert, A.T. (2013) Screening Methods in Pharmacology, Elsevier Publishers.</li> <li>Chatterjee, T.K. (2018) Rodents for Pharmacological Experiments, Pharma Med Publication.</li> <li>Medhi, B., Prakash, A. (2010). Practical Manual of Experimental and Clinical Pharmacology, 1st Ed., New Delhi: Jaypee Medical Publishers.</li> </ol>	
			<ul> <li>Suggested e-material: <ol> <li>Pharmacology (Miles Hacker, William S. Messer)</li> <li>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/978012369521</li> <li>Therapeutic drug monitoring Dasgupta, Amitava http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/978012385467</li> <li>A comprehensive guide to toxicology in preclinical drug development Faqi, Ali S. http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/97801</li> <li>23878151</li> <li>Biomarkers in toxicology Gupta, Ramesh C. http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/978012404630</li> <li>Biased signaling in physiology, pharmacology and therapeutics Arey, Brian http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/978012411460</li> <li>Drug-induced liver disease Kaplowitz, Neil http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/book/978012387817</li> </ol></li></ul>	
<b>Course code</b> PHAR 527L <b>Course name</b> Pharmacology Lab -II		<ol> <li>To record the DRC of agonist using suitable isolated tissues preparation.</li> <li>To study the effects of antagonist/potentiating agents on DRC of agonist using suitable isolated tissue preparation.</li> <li>To determine to the strength of unknown sample by matching bioassay by using suitable tissue preparation.</li> <li>To determine to the strength of unknown sample by interpolation bioassay by using suitable tissue preparation.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>To record the DRC of agonist using suitable isolated tissues preparation.</li> <li>To study the effects of antagonist/potentiating agents on DRC of agonist using suitable isolated tissue preparation.</li> <li>To determine to the strength of unknown sample by matching bioassay by using suitable tissue preparation.</li> <li>To determine to the strength of unknown sample by interpolation</li> </ol>	No changes

Course List Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
	<ol> <li>To determine to the strength of unknown sample by bracketing bioassay using suitable tissue preparation</li> <li>To determine to the strength of unknown sample by multiple point bioass by using suitable tissue preparation.</li> <li>Estimation of PA2 values of various antagonists using suitable isolated tiss preparations.</li> <li>To study the effects of various drugs on isolated heart preparations</li> <li>Recording of rat BP, heart rate and ECG.</li> <li>Recording of rat ECG</li> <li>Drug absorption studies by averted rat ileum preparation.</li> <li>Acute oral toxicity studies as per OECD guidelines.</li> <li>Acute dermal toxicity studies. Serum biochemical, haematological, uri analysis, functional observation tests and histological studies.</li> <li>Drug mutagenicity study using mice bone-marrow chromosomal aberrati test.</li> <li>Protocol design for clinical trial. (3 Nos.)</li> <li>Design of ADR monitoring protocol.</li> <li>In-silico docking studies. (2 Nos.)</li> <li>In-silico QSAR studies.</li> <li>ADR reporting</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>bioassay by using suitable tissue preparation</li> <li>5. To determine to the strength of unknown sample by bracketing bioassay by using suitable tissue preparation</li> <li>6. To determine to the strength of unknown sample by multiple point bioassay by using suitable tissue preparation.</li> <li>7. Estimation of PA2 values of various antagonists using suitable isolated tissue preparations.</li> <li>8. To study the effects of various drugs on isolated heart preparations</li> <li>9. Recording of rat BP, heart rate and ECG.</li> <li>10. Recording of rat ECG</li> <li>11. Drug absorption studies by averted rat ileum preparation.</li> <li>12. Acute oral toxicity studies as per OECD guidelines.</li> <li>13. Acute dermal toxicity studies as per OECD guidelines.</li> <li>14. Repeated dose toxicity studies. Serum biochemical, haematological, urine analysis, functional observation tests and histological studies.</li> <li>15. Drug mutagenicity study using mice bone-marrow chromosomal aberration test.</li> <li>16. Protocol design for clinical trial. (3 Nos.)</li> <li>17. Design of ADR monitoring protocol.</li> <li>18. In-silico docking studies. (2 Nos.)</li> <li>19. In-silico QSAR studies.</li> <li>21. ADR reporting</li> </ul>	

Name of Programme: Master of Pharmacy (Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Pharmaceutics & Pharmacology) Course details: Third Semester & Fourth Semester

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
PHAR 601P		Project (Part-I)		No Changes
PHAR 602P		Project (Part-II)		No Changes
<b>Course code</b> Pharmacovigilance (Reading Elective)	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of: <ul> <li>Types of clinical trial designs.</li> <li>Responsibilities of key players involved in clinical trials</li> <li>Safety monitoring, reporting and close-out activities.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Principles of pharmacovigilance</li> </ul>		Section A Introduction to Pharmacovigilance, Basic terminologies used in pharmacovigilance, Regulatory terminologies, History and development of Pharmacovigilance Importance of safety monitoring of Medicine, WHO international drug monitoring programme , Pharmacovigilance Program of India(PvPI), WHO adverse reaction terminologies, WHO drug dictionary, Introduction to adverse drug reactions, Terminologies of adverse medication related events, Specialised resources for ADRs, Definitions and classification of ADRs, Detection and reporting, Methods in Causality	Introduced as Reading Elective.

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			assessment, Severity and seriousness assessment, Predictability and	
			preventability assessment Management of adverse drug reactions.	
			Section B	
			Drug and disease classification, Anatomical, therapeutic and chemical classification of drugs, International classification of diseases, Daily defined doses	
			International Nonproprietary Names for drugs	
			Drug dictionaries and coding in pharmacovigilance	
			Information resources in pharmacovigilance, Basic drug information resources,	
			Establishing pharmacovigilance programme in hospital & industry	
			Pharmacovigilance methods	
			Passive surveillance – Spontaneous reports and case series	
			Active surveillance – Sentinel sites, drug event monitoring and registries	
			Comparative observational studies – Cross sectional study, case control study and cohort study	
			Section C	
			Communication in pharmacovigilance, Drug Safety Crisis management, Contract Research Organisations (CROs)	
			Establishing a national programme, Vaccine Pharmacovigilance	
			Regulatory Agencies, Business Partners, Healthcare facilities & Media	
			Safety data generation, Pre-clinical phase & Clinical phase	
			Post approval phase, ICH Guidelines for Pharmacovigilance	
			Pharmacovigilance planning, good clinical practice in pharmacovigilance studies	
			Drug safety evaluation in special population Paediatrics, Pregnancy and lactation, Geriatrics	
			CIOMS, D&C Act and Schedule Y Differences in Indian and global pharmacovigilance requirements	
			Pharmacogenomics of adverse drug reactions	
			Books recommended:	
			1. Waller, P. and Harrison-Woolrych, Mira. (2017). <i>An Introduction to Pharmacovigilance</i> . Second edition, New Jersy: John Wiley & Sons Ltd	
			2. Cobert, B.L. (2015). <i>Manual of Drug Safety and Pharmacovigilance</i> . Burlington: Jones and Bartlett Publishers.	
			3. Gupta, S.K. (2018). <i>Textbook of Pharmacovigilance Icri Institute of Clinical Research (India)</i> , New Delhi: Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers.	
			Suggested e-material:	
			<ol> <li><u>http://apps.who.int/medicinedocs/pdf/s4893e/s4893e.pdf; 200</u></li> <li>(World Health Organization. The Importance of Pharmacovigilance: Safety Monitoring of Medicinal Products. Geneva: WHO)</li> </ol>	
			2. <u>http://ec.europa.eu/enterprise/pharmaceuticals/pharmacovigilance/</u> <u>docs/acs_consultation_final.pdf; 2006</u> . (Assessment of the European Community System of Pharmacovigilance)	
			3. <u>http://www.fda.gov/Drugs/DevelopmentApprovalProcess/HowDrugs</u> <u>areDevelopedandApproved/ApprovalApplications/ Investigational</u> <u>New Drug IND Application/ucm226358.html</u>	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			<ol> <li>(Rule: Investigational New Drug Safety Reporting Requirements for Human Drug and Biological Products and Safety Reporting Requirements for Bioavailability and Bioequivalence Studies in Humans,)</li> <li><u>Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events</u> (The Importance of Pharmacovigilance and Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events)</li> <li><u>www.cdsco.nic.in/writereaddata/pharmacovigilanceGuidance.pdf</u> (Guidance for industry on PharmacoviGilance requirements)</li> </ol>	
			SECTION A	
			<b>Nutraceuticals as Science:</b> Introduction, historical perspective, classification, current trends and future scope. Sources of nutraceuticals.	
			Applied aspects of Nutraceutical in Medicine, Human physiology, genetics, food technology, chemistry and nutrition.	
			<b>Nutraceutical Supplements</b> : Inorganic mineral supplements, Vitamin supplements, Digestive enzymes, Dietary fibers, Cereals and grains, Health drinks of natural origin, Antioxidants, Polyunsaturated fatty acids, Herbs as functional foods.	
			SECTION B	
			<b>Properties, structure and functions of:</b> Glucosamine, Octacosanol, Lycopene, Carnitine, Melatonin and Ornithine alpha ketoglutarate. Use of proanthocyanidins, grape products, flaxseed oil as Nutraceuticals.	
	Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to understand		Anti-nutritional Factors present in Foods: Types of inhibitors present in various foods and how they can be inactivated. Role of Probiotics and Prebiotics as nutraceuticals. Recent advances in techniques & feeding of substrates. Assessment of nutritional status and Recommended Daily allowances.	
			SECTION C	
Course code Nutraceuticals (Reading Elective)	<ul> <li>Concept of nutraceuticals and their use in various aspect of health.</li> <li>Chemical aspects of Nutraceuticals and their anti-</li> </ul>		<b>Food as remedies:</b> Nutraceuticals bridging the gap between food and drug, Nutraceuticals in treatment for cognitive decline, Nutraceutical remedies for common disorders like Arthritis, Bronchitis, circulatory problems, hypoglycemia, Nephrological disorders,	Introduced as Reading Elective.
	<ul> <li>Nutraceuticals and their anti- nutritional factors.</li> <li>Nutraceuticals regulations.</li> </ul>		Brief idea about some Nutraceutical rich supplements e.g. Bee pollen, Caffeine, Green tea, Lecithin, Mushroom extract, Chlorophyll, Kelp and Spirulina etc.	
			Formulation and standardization of Nutraceuticals, Regulatory aspects, FSSAI guidelines.	
			Books recommended:	
			1. Pathak, Y., Selvamuthukumaran, M. (2019). <i>Flavors for Nutraceuticals</i> and functional foods. Taylor & Francis Ltd.	
			2. Matthews, K.R. (2014). Practical Food Safety: Contemporary Issues and Future Directions. John Wiley & Sons, Itd.	
			<b>3.</b> Hasler, C.M., (2005). <i>Regulation of Functional Foods and Nutraceuticals: A Global Perspective.</i> Blackwell publishing.	
			<ol> <li>Gupta, R.C. (2016). Nutraceuticals, Efficacy, safety and toxicity, Mica Haley publisher.</li> </ol>	
			5. Aluko, R.E. (2012). <i>Functional foods and Nutraceuticals</i> , Springer.	
			Suggested e-material	
			1. https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3257668/	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
Course code Toxicology (Reading Elective)	Upon completion of course student will have understanding of: • Principles of toxicology & clinical toxicology • Management of poision individual • Role of antidotes in various poisoning • Clinical management of various types of drug poisioning		<ul> <li>Section A</li> <li>Introduction to toxicology, definitions, sub disciplines, types and scope of toxicology, Principles of toxicology &amp; clinical toxicology, mechanisms of toxicities, Pharmacological factors, physiological factors, pathophysiological factors principles of toxicokinetics, clearance, volume of distribution and half-life, Drug-Induced Diseases, adverse drug reactions.</li> <li>Section B</li> <li>General principles involved in the management of poisoning, Antidotes and the clinical applications, Supportive care in clinical Toxicology, Gut Decontamination, Elimination Enhancement. Diagnostic test and their interpretation. Clinical symptoms and management of acute poisoning with the following agents : Heavy metals poisoning, Pesticide poisoning, Opiates overdose, antidepressants, barbiturates and benzodiazepines, Alcohol poisoning.</li> <li>Section C</li> <li>Clinical symptoms and management of acute poisoning, Food poisoning, Hydrocarbons: Petroleum products and PEG, Caustics: inorganic acids and alkali poisoning, CNS stimulants: amphetamine, Radiation poisoning, tobacco, venomous snake bites, clinical effects of venoms, general management as first aid, early manifestations, complications and snake bite injuries, plants poisoning. Mushrooms, Mycotoxins</li> <li>Books recommended:         <ol> <li>Ellenhorn, M.J. (1997), Medical toxicology – Diagnosis and Treatment of Poisoning. Second edition. London: Williams and Willkins publication.</li> <li>Hodgson, A. (2010). Textbook of Modern Toxicology. New York: J Wiley &amp; Sons.</li> <li>Gilbert, S.G. (2004). A Small Dose of Toxicology: The health effects of common chemicals. Boca Raton: CRC Press.</li> </ol> </li></ul>	Introduced as Reading Elective.
Pharmaceutical Industrial Management (Reading Elective)	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will have an understanding of:</li> <li>Principles of management</li> <li>techniques used in marketing</li> <li>application of the marketing in the pharmaceutical industry</li> <li>sales promotion</li> </ul>		Section-A Marketing: Definition, general concepts, and scope of marketing; Distinction between marketing & selling; Marketing environment; Industry and competitive analysis; Analyzing consumer buying behavior; industrial buying behavior. Pharmaceutical market: Quantitative and qualitative aspects; size and composition of the market; demographic descriptions and socio- psychological characteristics of the consumer; market segmentation& targeting.Consumer profile; Motivation and prescribing habits of the physician; patients' choice of physician and retail pharmacist.Analyzing the Market;Role of market research. Section-B Product decision: Meaning, Classification, product line and product mix decisions, product life cycle, product portfolio analysis; product positioning; New product decisions; Product branding, packaging and labeling decisions, Product management in pharmaceutical industry. Promotion: Meaning and methods, determinants of promotional mix,	Introduced as Reading Elective.

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			promotional budget; An overview of personal selling, advertising, direct mail, journals, sampling, retailing, medical exhibition, public relations, online promotional techniques for OTC Products.	
			<b>Pharmaceutical marketing channels</b> : Designing channel, channel members, selecting the appropriatechannel, conflict in channels, physical distribution management: Strategic importance, tasks in physicaldistribution management.	
			Section-C	
			<b>Professional sales representative (PSR):</b> Duties of PSR, purpose of detailing, selection and training, supervising, norms for customer calls, motivating, evaluating, compensation and future prospects of the PSR.	
			<b>Pricing:</b> Meaning, importance, objectives, determinants of price; pricing methods and strategies, issuesin price management in pharmaceutical industry. An overview of DPCO (Drug Price Control Order) and NPPA (National Pharmaceutical Pricing Authority).	
			<b>Emerging concepts in marketing</b> : Vertical & Horizontal Marketing; Rural Marketing; Consumerism; Industrial Marketing; Global Marketing.	
			Books recommended:	
			1. Kotler, P. Keller, K.L. (2011). <i>Marketing Management,</i> New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India.	
			2. Walker, O.C., Boyd, H.W. and Larreche, J.C. (2006). <i>Marketing</i> <i>Strategy- Planning and Implementation</i> , New Delhi: Tata MC GrawHill.	
			3. Grewal, D. Levy, M. <i>Marketing</i> . (2012). 6 <sup>th</sup> edition, New Delhi: Tata MC GrawHill.	
			4. Kumar, A. Menakshi, N. (2011). <i>Marketing Management</i> , New Delhi: Vikas Publishing.	
			5. Saxena, R. (2009). <i>Marketing Management</i> . New Delhi: Tata MC GrawHill.	
			SECTION-A	
	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this course student will be able:</li> <li>To understand the concept of pre-formulation and their influence on formulation and stability of products.</li> <li>To develop understanding of BCS Classification, rheology and solubilization in context to dosage form development.</li> <li>To develop understanding of students about in vitro dissolution study of solids and interpretation of dissolution data.</li> </ul>		<b>Preformulation studies:</b> Introduction, goals of preformulation, physicochemical properties, criteria for selection of drug and excipients, compatibility tests.	
			<b>Solubility and solubilization:</b> Development of theoretical relationships of prognostic relevance, techniques of solubilization of drugs including surfactant systems, co-solvents, solid state manipulations, complexation and chemical modifications.	
			SECTION-B	
Product			BCS classification: Introduction, classification and its applications.	Introduced as Reading
Development (Reading Elective)			<b>Partition coefficient:</b> Pharmaceutical significance of partition coefficient, correlation with in-vivo performance, techniques to estimate log P values, shake flask method, choice of solvent systems, chromatographic determination, effect of various variants like temperature, pH, etc. on partition coefficient.	Elective.
			SECTION-C	
			<b>Rheology:</b> Concepts of rheology, viscoelastic analysis of semisolids, applications and practice of rheology, viscometers.	
			<b>Performance evaluation, in vitro: Dissolution</b> : Introduction, Dissolution test apparatus – designs, dissolution testing for conventional and controlled release products, methods of interpretation of dissolution data: model dependent and model independent methods, dissolution profile	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			comparison.	
			Books recommended:	
			<ol> <li>Wells, J.I. (1990). Pharmaceutical Prefomulation: The Physicochemical Properties of Drug Substances. London: Ellis Horwood, Chiechester.</li> </ol>	
			<ol> <li>Yalkowsky, S.H. (1981). Techniques of Solubilization of Drugs. New York: Marcel Dekker.</li> </ol>	
			<ol> <li>Lewis, G.A. (2007). Optimization Methods. In Encyclopedia of Pharmaceutical Technology. New York: Informa Healthcare.</li> </ol>	
			4. Banker, G.S. Rhode, C.T. (1979). Modern Pharmaceutics. New York: Marcel Dekkar Inc.	
			<ol> <li>Bean, H.S. Beckett, A.H., Careless, A.H. (1982). Advances in pharmaceutical sciences, Vol. I, II, III &amp; IV, London: Academic Press.</li> </ol>	
			Suggested e-material:	
			1. https://pharmaclub.in/free-pharmacy-ebooks-pharmaceutics/	
			2. https://www.pdfdrive.com/pharmaceutical-books.html	
			<ol> <li>http://202.74.245.22:8080/xmlui/handle/123456789/39/browse?t ype=subject</li> </ol>	
			4. http://swepub.kb.se/	
			5. https://ethos.bl.uk/Home.do	
			SECTION-A	
Molecular Basis Of Drug Discovery (Reading Elective)	<ul> <li>Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to:-</li> <li>understand receptors and enzymes, the body's molecules most often targeted by drugs.</li> <li>learn pharmacokinetics (drug adsorption, elimination, and half-life) and metabolism</li> </ul>		<b>Drug Target Identification</b> : Direct biochemical and genetic methods as well as computational inferences can be used to identify and validate small molecule drug targets. To fully delineate "on-target" and "off-target" effects, a blend of these approaches is merited.	
			<b>Assay development/HTS</b> : Development and validation of assays for hit identification and confirmation.	
			<b>Protein Structure determination</b> : Protein mechanistic and functional studies, as well as rational inhibitor design are often facilitated by the protein structure determination. Basic techniques and procedures for structural biology are described.	
			SECTION-B	
			<b>Rational Small-Molecule Inhibitor Design</b> : Introduction of ligand-, structure-, as well as computer-aided drug design targeting a protein. Interested students may have hands-on training in computational drug design using the Schrödinger drug design software after class.	Introduced as Reading Elective.
			<b>Concepts toward Developing Screening Collections for Drug Discovery:</b> Natural products and their analogs account for over 50% of the pharmacopeia. Fragmentbased drug discovery relies on the identification of smaller ligands to disease targets and their optimization toward more potent lead compounds. Diversity-oriented synthesis aims to produce compound libraries with expanded diversity in molecular architecture. Each of these areas is vitally represented in modern day drug discovery. The lecture will focus on general merits and challenges within each of these drug discovery paradigms. <b>SECTION-C</b>	
			Lead optimization/Medicinal Chemistry: Upon identification of lead compounds, medicinal chemistry optimization is required to find	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
			compounds with improved biological potency as well as drug properties (e.g., pharmacokinetics, Lipinski's rule of 5).	
			<b>Pharmacokinetics, Toxicology and Formulation</b> : Many small molecule drug leads showing excellent in vitro activity have failed in vivo mainly due to their poor pharmacokinetics and biodistribution. Drug delivery techniques can improve the pharmacokinetics and enhance the drug accumulation at the pathological site. An overview of drug delivery techniques will be introduced. In addition, some basics in pharmacokinetics and toxicology will also be discussed.	
			Books recommended:	
			1. Beale, J.M., Block, J., Wilson, G. (2010). Organic medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, 12th Ed., Philadelphia: Lippincott Williams and Wilkins.	
			<ol> <li>Lemke, T.L., Williams, D.A., Rocho, V.F., Zito, S.W. (2012). Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry, 7th Ed., Philadelphia: Lippincott Williams and Wilkins.</li> </ol>	
			3. Abraham, D.J., Rotella, R.J. (2010). Burger's Medicinal Chemistry, Drug Discovery and Development, 7th Ed., New York: John Wiley and Sons.	
			4. Smith, J.H., Williams, H. (2010). Introduction to principles of drug design, 3rd Ed., Harwood Academic Publishers.	
			5. Remington, P.J., Beringer, P. (2006). Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, 21st Ed., Philadelphia: Lippincott Williams and Wilkins.	
			6. Buckley, G. (1988). Martindale's extra pharmacopoeia, 29th Ed., British journal of general practice.	
			7. Finar, I.L. (2002). Organic Chemistry: 5th Ed. Volume 2., London:Pearson.	
			8. Lednicer, D. (1997). The Organic Chemistry of Drug Synthesis, 5th Edition, New York: John Wiley and Sons Ltd.	
			9. Indian Pharmacopoeia.	
			10. Furniss, B.S., Hannaford, A.J., Smith, P.W.G. (2009). Vogel's Tatchell- Text book of practical organic chemistry, 5th Ed., London: Pearson.	
			Suggested e-material:	
			<ol> <li>https://www.wiley.com/enus/Burger%27s+Medicinal+Chemistry%</li> <li>2C+ Drug+Discovery%2C+and+Development%2C+7th+Edition-p- 9780470278154 (Burger's Medicinal Chemistry)</li> </ol>	
			SECTION – A	
Pharmaceutical	<ul> <li>On the completion of this course student shall be able to know</li> <li>the cGMP aspects in a pharmaceutical industry</li> <li>the importance of documentation</li> <li>scope of quality certifications applicable to Pharmaceutical industries</li> <li>responsibilities of QA &amp; QC departments</li> </ul>	completion of this course shall be able to know	Introduction: An understanding of the concepts of Quality Assurance, Current Good Manufacturing Practice (cGMP), TQM and Quality Control as applied to the pharmaceutical industry.	
			Good Laboratory Practices: Scope of GLP, Definitions, Quality assurance unit, protocol for conduct of non-clinical testing, control on animal house, report preparation and documentation.	Introduced as Reading
(Reading Elective)			SECTION-B	LICCUVC.
			cGMP guidelines according to schedule M, USFDA (inclusive of CDER and CBER) Pharmaceutical Inspection Convention (PIC), WHO and EMEA covering: Organization and personnel responsibilities, training, hygiene and personal records, drug industry location, design, construction and plant lay	
			out, maintenance, sanitation, environmental control, utilities andmaintenance of sterile areas, control of contamination and Good	

Course List	Learning outcomes	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus
			Warehousing Practice.
			Documentation in pharmaceutical industry: Three tier Policy, Procedures and Work instructions, and records principles- How to maintain, retention andretrieval etc. St procedures (How to write), Master Formula Record, Batch Quality audit plan and reports, Protocols and reports, Distri
			SECTION C
			Manufacturing operations and controls: Sanitation o premises, mix-ups and cross contamination, processing and bulk products, packaging operations, IPQC, release of process deviations, charge-in of components, time production, drug product inspection, expiry date calculation yields, production record review, change control, sterile process control, packaging.
			Books recommended:
			<ol> <li>Quality Assurance Guide (1996) by Organization o Procedures of India, 3rd revised Ed., Volume I &amp; II.</li> </ol>
			<ol> <li>Weinberg, S. (1995). Good Laboratory Practice Registry Vol. 69, New York: Marcel Dekker, Inc.</li> </ol>
			3. Quality Assurance of Pharmaceuticals- A compendit and Related materials Vol I & II, 2nd edition, WHO Pu
			<ol> <li>Sharma, P. P. (1991). How to Practice GMP' Publications.</li> </ol>
			<ol> <li>The International Pharmacopoeia (2005)– Vol I, II, II Methods of Analysis and Quality specification fo Substances, Excipients and Dosage forms, 3rd Ed., W</li> </ol>
			<ol> <li>Hirsch, A. F. (1989). Good Laboratory Practice Reg New York: Marcel Dekker Inc.</li> </ol>
			<ol> <li>Deshpande, S. W., Gandhi, N. The Drugs and Cosme Rules 1945. 8th Ed., Mumbai:Susmit Publishers.</li> </ol>
			8. Shah, D. H. (2000). QA Manual. 1st Ed., Business Hor
			<ol> <li>Willig, S. H., Stoker J. (1991). Good Manufactur Pharmaceuticals A Plan For Total Quality Control. New York: Marcel Dekker Inc.</li> </ol>
			<ol> <li>Steinborn L. (2003). GMP/ISO Quality Audit Manu Manufacturers and Their Suppliers, Sixth Edition, ( Checklists and Software Package). Taylor &amp; Francis.</li> </ol>
			11. Sarker, D.K. (2008). Quality Systems and Pharmaceuticals. John Wiley & Sons.
			Suggested e-material:
			1. www.ich.org
			2. www.iso.org
			3. www.fda.gov

	Remarks
documentation, (Formats), Basic andard operating Formula Record, ibution records.	
of manufacturing of intermediates finished product, limitations on on, calculation of products, aseptic	
of Pharmaceutical	
ulations. 2nd Ed.,	
um of Guide lines ublications, 1999. 's. Agra:Vandana	
I, IV & V - General r Pharmaceutical /HO, Geneva. gulations. Vol 38,	
etics Act 1940 and	
izons, Elsevier. ing Practices for Vol. 52, 3rd Ed.,	
al for Healthcare (Volume 1 - With	
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	P.O. Banasthali Vidyapith Distt. Tonk (Raj.)-304022