BANASTHALI VIDYAPITH

A Meeting of the Board of Studies in Political Science and Public Administration was held on 22nd April 2016, at 03.00 pm in Conference Hall, Bhoo Mandir, Banasthali Vidyapith.

Present

1. Prof. Leela Ram Gurjar	External Member
2. Dr. Alok Shrivastav	External Member
3. Dr. R.K. Garg	External Member
4. Dr. Sangeeta Vijay	Internal Member
5. Dr. Rupali Bhouradia	Internal Member
6. Dr. Sunil Mahawar	Internal Member
7. Dr. Priyadarshini Purohit	Internal Member
8. Prof. Nirmala Singh	Convener

8. Prof. Nirmaia Singh Convener

Convener accorded warm welcome to the members of the Board.

Agenda | Agenda Item

Item No.	rigenou item				Page No.
Agenda	To confirm the minutes	of the	The Board took u	p for confirmation of	
Item	meeting of the Board of St	tudies of	the minutes of its	last meeting held on	
No. 1.	its last meeting held on 12 th	h March,	12 th March 2012	and resolved to that	
	2012	·	the minutes of		
			confirmed.		
Agenda	To recommend Courses of	of Study	The Board cons	idered the course of	
Item	Curricula and Schen	ne of	study curricula	and scheme of	
No. 2	Examination for the fo	ollowing	examinations in t	he subject of Political	
	Examinations:	C	Science and Pu		
			Board resolved		
			changes in course		
			\mathcal{E}		
		B.A.	Examinations (Poli	itical Science)	
	Semesters	Existing	-	Proposed	Change
	First Semester Examination,		ndations of Political	1.1 Foundations of	No Change
	December, 2016	Science		Political Science	
		1.2 India	n Political Thinkers	1.2 Indian Political	Annexure-1,
	Second Semester	2.1 Princ	iples of Political	Thinkers 2.1 Principles of Political	Page no. 4 No Change
	Examination, April/May,	Science	ipies of Folitical	Science	140 Change
	2017		nal Movement in	2.2 National Movement	Annexure-1,
		India		and Constitutional	Page No. 7
				Development in India	
	Third Semester Examination, December 2017	3.1 Majoi World Pa	r Governments of art-I	3.1 Major Governments of the World	Annexure-1, Page No. 9- 11
		3.2 India: Part-1	n Political System	3.2 Indian Political System Part-1	Annexure-1, Page No. 10
	Fourth Semester Examination, April/May 2018	the World		4.1 Major Government of South Asia	Page No. 11
		4.2 India	n Political System	4.2 Indian Political System Part II	Restructure d the course contents are the same
İ	Fifth Semester Examination,	5.1 Woot	ern Political	Course 5.1 Western	No Change

Board's Recommendation

Annexure and

December 20	18	Thinkers	Political Thinkers	
		5.2- International Relations since – 1945- I	5.1 International Relations Since 1945 (New Course)	Annexure-1 Page No. 14
Sixth Semesto April/May, 20	er Examination, 19	6.1 – Major Political Ideologies	6.1-Major Political Ideologies	Annexure-1 Page No. 16
		6.2 International Relations since 1945 Part II	6.2- India's Foreign Policy (New Course)	Annexure-1 Page No. 17
		B.A. Examinations (Public	,	
First Semeste Examinations 2016		1.1 Principles of Public Administration -I	1.1 Principles of Public Administration - I	Annexure - 2, Page No. 3
		1.2 Indian Administration -I	1.2 Indian Administration -I	No Change
Second Seme Examination,		2.1 Principles of Public Administration-II	2.1 Principles of Public Administration-II	No Change
2017		2.2 Indian Administration -II	2.2 Indian Administration-	No Change
Third Semest Examination,		3.1 Administrative Institutions in India- I	3.1 Administrative Institutions in India- I	No Change
2017		3.2 State Administration in India With Special Reference to Rajasthan -I	3.2 State Administration in India With Special Reference to Rajasthan -I	No Change
Fourth Semes Examination,	ster April/May 2018	4.1 Administrative Institutions in India-II	4.1 Administrative Institutions in India-II	Annexure - 2, Page No. 4
		4.2 State Administration in India With Special Reference to Rajasthan -II	4.2 State Administration in India With Special Reference to Rajasthan - II	No Change
Fifth Semeste December 20	er Examination, 118	5.1 Comparative Administrative Systems	5.1 Comparative Administrative Systems	No Change
		5.2 Urban Local Self Government	5.2 Urban Local Self Government	No Change
Sixth Semeste April/May, 20	er Examination, 19	6.1 Administrative Thinkers	6.1 Administrative Thinkers	No Change
		6.2 Rural Local Self Government	6.2 Rural Local Self Government	No Change
		M.A. Examination (Political	Science)	l
First Semeste Examinations		Paper I : Western Political Though Part I	Paper I : Western Political Thought	Annexure-3, Page No. 3
2016		Paper II : Comparative Politics : Approaches and Methods	Paper II : Comparative Politics	Annexure-3, Page No. 4
		Paper III: Theory of International Politics	Paper III :International Politics	Nomenclatur e changed
		Paper IV : Principles of Public Administration	Paper IV : Principles of Public Administration	Annexure-3, Page No. 9
Second Seme Examination,		Paper I : Western Political Thought - Part II	Paper I : Contemporary Political Thought	Annexure-3, Page No. 13
2017		Paper II : Comparative Politics : Issues and Challenges	Paper II : Contemporary Political Theory	Annexure-3, Page No. 14
		Paper III: International Politics: Issues and Challenges	Paper III: International Politics: Issues and Challenges	Miner correction in nomenclatur

					е
	!	Paper IV :	Contemporary	Paper IV : Public	Annexure-3,
		Political Th		Administration in India	Page No. 18
	Third Semester		dian Polity – I	Indian Polity - I:	No change
	Examination, December			(Preferred elective for the	
	2017			students of other social	
	!	- II -	N 1 P 1 A A A A A	Sciences also)	
	1	Paper II : F Law I	ublic International	Paper II : Public International Law	Annexure-3,
	!		Government and	Paper III : Modern Indian	Page No. 24 Annexure-3,
	1	•	South Asia-I	Political Thought	Page No. 26
	!	One elect		One elective from other,	Annexure-3,
		disciplines	of Social	disciplines of Social	Page No. 27
	!	Sciences		Sciences	
	!	Or		Or	
			Nodern Indian	Paper IV: Human Rights	
	E. d. O	Political Th		Barriel In Fra Ballin III	N. O
	Fourth Semester Examination, April/May 2018	Paper I : In	dian Polity – II	Paper I : Indian Polity – II (Preferred elective for the	
	Examination, April/May 2010			students of other Social	
	!			Sciences also)	
	!	Paper II : Ir	nternational Law II	Paper II: U.N.O. and	Annexure-3,
	!	•		Regional Organizations	Page No. 33
	!		Sovernment and	One elective from other	Annexure-3,
	!	Politics in S	South Asia -II	disciplines	Page No. 35
	1			Or Danar III : Dublia Daliay in	
	1			Paper III : Public Policy in India	1
	1	Paper IV :	Public		Annexure-3,
	!		tion in India	Paper IV :Project Work	Page No. 37
Agenda	Restructuring of and propo	osing new	The Board Res	tructured and proposed	Revised
Item		U.G.C.		ourses as per U.G.C.	structure is
No. 3.	guidelines regarding expa		guidelines.	ourses as per c.c.c.	given in
110.0.		om two	garaennes.		Annexure-4,
	semesters to three semester				Page no. 1-2
	of examination.	is seneme			ruge no. 1 2
		Phil Eva	mination (Polit	ical Science)	
	First Semester Examination		Disciplinary Cou	<u> </u>	Annexure-4,
	December, 2016	,	Political Analysi		Page no. 3
	·				1 age no. 3
	Second Semester Examinati	on,	1. Disciplinary (Course – II: Recent	Annexure-4,
	April/May, 2017		Trends and Iss	sues in Indian Politics	Page no. 5
			2. Reading elect	ive _I· Political	Annexure-4,
			_	Selected Writings	Page no. 7
	Third Semester Examination	n,	_	–II: Political Studies	Annexure-4,
	December, 2017		in India: Selected	d Writings	Page no. 8
			Dagas 1. TI	a fan Diag-ut-ti	A 4
			kesearch Theme	es for Dissertations	Annexure-4,
					Page no. 8
Aganda	To revise the Curricula of C	Courses of	The Board rov	vised the curricula of	
Agenda Item	M.A. Examination commo			Examination common	•
No. 4.		disciplines		ence disciplines.	
	(Economics, History,	Political			

	Science, Sociology and Psychology)	Semester I: Paper- V- Social Science	Annexure-3,
	Science, Sociology and Esychology)	Perspectives	
		Semester II: Paper- V- Research	Page no. 10 Annexure-3,
		<u> </u>	
		Techniques in Social Sciences	Page no. 20
		Semester III: Paper- V- Computer	Annexure-3,
		Applications	Page no. 28
		Semester IV: Paper- V- Women	Annexure-3,
		Studies	Page no. 39
Agenda Item	To recommend panel of examiners for each examination upto and	The Board reviewed and recommended the Penal of Examiners in the subject of	
No. 5	inclusive of Master's Degree	Political Science and Public	
140. 3	Į		
	Examination keeping in view the	Administration keeping in view the	
	following Bye-law 15.3.02 of the	Bye-law of 15.03.02 of the Vidyapith.	A 5
	University.	M.Phil.	Annexure-5
		M.A. (Political Science)	Annexure-5A
		B.A. (Political Science)	Annexure-5B
		B.A. (Public Administration)	Annexure-5C
Agenda	Evaluate the question papers of	The Board critically examined the	Annexure-6
Item	periodical tests and semester	question papers of Semester	
No. 6	examinations of 2014-15 keeping in	examinations of the year 2014-15 in	
	view of the observations of the Vice-		
	Chancellor.	subject of Political Science and Public	
		Administration keeping in view of the	
		observation of Vice-Chancellor and	
		resolved to recommend following	
		observations:	
		On the basis of the analysis of	
		question papers of the Semester	
		examinations following conclusion can	
		be drown:-	
		A. At U.G. level in the subject of	
		Political Science and Public	
		Administration all the papers were	
		balanced well within the syllabi	
		and up to the mark.	
		B. At Postgraduate level in the	
		subject of political Science all the	
		question papers were balanced,	
		well within the syllabus having a	
		good mix of descriptive,	
		analytical, evaluative critical and	
		applied question.	
		C. At M.Phil level in-group B	
		(disciplinary) all the question	

	T		
		papers were balanced and up to	
		the mark.	
Agenda Item	To evaluate the reports receive from the examiners of the different	The Board looked into the reports of examiners in the subject of Political	
No. 7.	examinations of 2011 and submit a	Science and Public Administration at	
	critical report.		
		under graduate and post graduate level	
		and it was found out of 44 examiners,	
		16 examiners (6 out of 12 in Political	
		Science, 2 out of 12 in Public	
		Administration at under graduate level	
		and 6 out of 16 at post graduate level	
		and 2 in M. Phil. (disciplinary course)	
		sent their report while 28 examiners	
		have not sent examiners' report.	
		Secondly most of the examiners	
		(88.5%) have reported satisfactory	
		performance of the Students, though	
		12.5% examiners have suggested for	
		good reading, better expressions and	
		wider perspectives. and also have	
		reported for diffused answers of the	
		students.	
Agenda	Under Bye-law 9.2.03 to co-opt	The Board recommended external	
Item	external members of the Board of	members of the Board of Studies for a	
No. 8.	Studies for a fresh term of three years	fresh term of three years commencing	
	commencing from 1 st January, 2017	from 1 st January, 2017.	
		The following shall be the members of	
		the Board of Studies in the subject of	
		Political Science and Public	
		Administration:	
		Political Science	
		1. Prof. R.S. Yadav	
		Department of Political Science,	
		Kurukhetra University,	
		+919896088655	
		e-mail-	
		rsyadavpolsc@yahoo.co.in	
		2. Dr. Alok Shrivastava	
		Department of Political Science,	
		Government College, Ajmer	

		Mo. +919314635032	
		Public Administration	
		1. Prof. Preeta Joshi	
		Department of Public	
		Administration, University of	
		Rajasthan	
		Ph. 0141-2379896,	
		Mo. 9414064482, e-mail-	
		preetajoshi50@gmail.com	
Agenda	Any other item with the permission		
Item	of the chair.		
No. 9.			

Meeting ended with the thanks of vote to the chair.

Annexure-1

Course Structure of B.A. Political Science

			Existing	g						Propos	sed						
I Sem	I Semester							nester									
S.N.	Paper	Contact Hours per week	Max Marks	Cont. Assessment	Semester Assessment	Minimum Pass Marks	S.N.	Paper	Contact Hours per week	Max Marks	Cont. Assessment	Semester Assessment	Minimum Pass Marks				
1. (1.1)	Foundations of Political Science	4	60	20	40	22	1.	Foundations of Political Science	4	60	20	40	22				
2. (1.2)	Indian Political Thinkers	4	60	20	40	22	2.	Indian Political Thinkers	4	60	20	40	22				

II Sen	nester						II Sei	nester					
S.N.	Paper	Contact Hours per week	Max Marks	Cont. Assessment	Semester Assessment	Minimum Pass Marks	S.N.	Paper	Contact Hours per week	Max Marks	Cont. Assessment	Semester Assessment	Minimum Pass Marks
1. (2.1)	Principles of Political Science	4	60	20	40	22	1.	Principles of Political Science	4	60	20	40	22
2. (2.2)	National Movement in India	4	60	20	40	22	2.	National Movement and Constitutional Development in India	4	60	20	40	22

III Sei	mester						III Se	emester					
S.N.	Paper	Contact Hours per week	Max Marks	Cont. Assessment	Semester Assessment	Minimum Pass Marks	S.N.	Paper	Contact Hours per week	Max Marks	Cont. Assessment	Semester Assessment	Minimum Pass Marks
1. (3.1)	Major Governments Of the World Part I	4	60	20	40	22	1.	Major Governments of World	4	60	20	40	22
2. (3.2)	Indian Political System Part I	4	60	20	40	22	2.	Indian Political System Part I	4	60	20	40	22

IV Sei	mester		IV Semester										
S.N.	Paper	Contact Hours per week	Max Marks	Cont. Assessment	Semester Assessment	Minimum Pass Marks	S.N.	Paper	Contact Hours per week		Cont. Assessment	Semester Assessment	Minimum Pass Marks
1. (4.1)	Major Governments Of the World Part II	4	60	20	40	22	1.	Major Governments of South Asia	4	60	20	40	22
2. (4.2)	Indian Political System Part II	4	60	20	40	22	2.	Indian Political System Part II	4	60	20	40	22

V Sen	nester						V Sei	nester					
S.N.	Paper	Contact Hours per week	Max Marks	Cont. Assessment	Semester Assessment	Minimum Pass Marks	S.N.	Paper	Contact Hours per week	Max Marks		Semester Assessment	Minimum Pass Marks
1. (5.1)	Western Representative Political Thinkers	4	60	20	40	22	1.	Western Political Thinkers	4	60	20	40	22
2. (5.2)	International Relations Since 1945 Part I	4	60	20	40	22	2.	International Relations Since 1945	4	60	20	40	22

VI Ser	nester						VI Se	emester					
S.N.	Paper	Contact Hours per week	Max Marks	Cont. Assessment	Semester Assessment	Minimum Pass Marks	S.N.	Paper	Contact Hours per week	Max Marks	Cont. Assessmen t	Semester Assessmen t	Minimum Pass Marks
1.	Major Political Ideologies	4	60	20	40	22	1.	Major Political Ideologies	4	60	20	40	22
2.	International Relations Since 1945 Part II	4	60	20	40	22	2.	India's Foreign Policy	4	60	20	40	22

POLITICAL SCIENCE

B.A. I Semester

	Existing Syllabus		Proposed Syllabus December, 2016	Remarks
	Paper 1.1 Foundations of Political Science		Paper 1.1 Foundations of Political Science	No change
	Contact hrs.: 4		Contact hrs.: 4	
Note :	The paper will contain ten questions having at least two questions from each unit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking at least one question from each unit.	Note :	The paper will contain ten questions having at least two questions from each unit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking at least one question from each unit.	
	ves: This course is designed to introduce first year Undergraduate students to the essential aspects, concerns and themes of political science inquiry. The objective of this course is to provide students a basic understanding of the nature and scope of the discipline of Political Science by enabling them to; gain knowledge of the nature and scope of political science as a social science discipline, and different approaches to the study of politics, Familiarize themselves with key ideas and concepts of Political Science inquiry, and appreciate the utility of political science concepts and approaches in understanding political events and processes in their own environment.	Objecti	ives: This course is designed to introduce first year Undergraduate students to the essential aspects, concerns and themes of political science inquiry. The objective of this course is to provide students a basic understanding of the nature and scope of the discipline of Political Science by enabling them to; gain knowledge of the nature and scope of political science as a social science discipline, and different approaches to the study of politics, Familiarize themselves with key ideas and concepts of Political Science inquiry, and appreciate the utility of political science concepts and approaches in understanding political events and processes in their own environment.	
	Contents:	Course	e Contents:	
Unit-1	Introduction to Political Science: Meaning, Nature and scope of political science:	Unit-1	Introduction to Political Science: Meaning, Nature and scope of	
	Traditional and Modern Perspective, significance of the discipline of Political Science.		political science: Traditional and Modern Perspective, significance of the discipline of	
Unit-2	Approaches to the study of Political Science: Normative, Historical and		Political Science.	
	Behavioural Approach.	Unit-2	11,	
	Relationship of Political Science with other social sciences : History,		and Behavioural Approach.	
limit 2	Sociology, Economics and Philosophy.		Relationship of Political Science with other social sciences: History, Sociology, Economics and Philosophy.	
Unit-3	State: Meaning, Origin, development and elements. Sphere of state activity: Lassizfare, socialist and concept of welfare State.	Unit-3		
Unit-4	Sovereignty: Meaning, Characteristics, Monistic and Pluralistic theory of		activity: Lassizfare, socialist and concept of welfare State.	
	sovereignty.	Unit-4	3,,	
	Liberty: Meaning types and evaluation of the concept.		theory of sovereignty.	
	Equality: Meaning and types, Relationship between Liberty and Equality.		Liberty : Meaning types and evaluation of the concept.	
Unit-5	Justice: Meaning, sources and types, Citizenship, Rights: Meaning, types and important Civil Rights.		Equality: Meaning and types, Relationship between Liberty and Equality.	
Books	Recommended :	Unit-5	Justice: Meaning, sources and types, Citizenship, Rights: Meaning, types and important Civil Rights.	

1.	Asrivatham:	Political	Theory	(Hindi	and E	Enalish	Ed.)	
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2. Pennock and smith: Political Science-An Introduction

- 3. S.N. Dubey: Rajniti Shastra Ke Siddhant, Shivlal Agrawal and Co., Agra.
- 4. A. D. Pant: Rajniti Shastra Ke Mool Adhar (Marg I Kitab Mahal, Allahabad
- Hari Hardas: Analytical study of Political science, Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- Sushila ramaswamy: Political Theory: Ideas & Concepts, Macmillan, New Delhi
- J.C. Johri: Principles of Modern Political Science Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi
- 8. Gyan singh Sandhu: Rajniti Siddnant, Delhi University, New Delhi
- 9. R.C. Agarwal: Political Theory, S. Chand & Co. Ltd, New Delhi
- Heri Hardas and B.C. Choudhary: Political Theory: Traditional and Modern Theory, National Publishing House Jaipur, New Delhi
- David Held: Political Theory and the Modern state, Maya Publishers Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.

Books Recommended:

- 1. Asrivatham: Political Theory (Hindi and English Ed.)
- 2. Pennock and smith: Political Science-An Introduction
- S.N. Dubey: Rajniti Shastra Ke Siddhant, Shivlal Agrawal and Co., Agra.
- A. D. Pant : Rajniti Shastra Ke Mool Adhar (Marg I Kitab Mahal, Allahabad
- Hari Hardas: Analytical study of Political science, Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- Sushila ramaswamy: Political Theory: Ideas & Concepts, Macmillan, New Delhi
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- 10. Heri Hardas and B.C. Choudhary: Political Theory: Traditional and Modern Theory, National Publishing House Jaipur, New Delhi
- 11. David Held: Political Theory and the Modern state, Maya Publishers Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.

	Existing Syllabus		Proposed Syllabus December, 2016	Remarks
	Paper 1.2 – Indian Political Thinkers		Paper 1.2 – Indian Political Thinkers	Deleted a
	Contact hrs.: 4		Contact hrs.: 4	topic as to b
Note :	The paper will contain ten questions having two questions from each unit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking at least one question from each unit.	Note :	The paper will contain ten questions having two questions from each unit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking at least one question from each unit.	alance the course according to semester
Objecti	ves : The objectives of the paper is to highlight key political thinkers from ancient to modern times to understand their contribution to the evolution of political theorizing.	Objecti	ves : The objectives of the paper is to highlight key political thinkers from ancient to modern times to understand their contribution to the evolution of political theorizing.	system.
Course	contents:	Course	contents:	
Unit I:	-Manu: Social Ideas: Varna Ashrama System; Political Ideas; Satang Theory, Dand Niti and Mandal Theory. Kautilya: Social Ideas: Varna Ashrama System; Political Ideas: Origin of	Unit I:	Origin of State, Saptang Theory and Dand Niti; Administrative Ideas and Mandal Theory.	
Unit II	State, Saptang Theory and Dand Niti; Administrative Ideas. Raja Ram Mohan Roy: Social Ideas, Economic Ideas and Political Ideas. Swami Vivekanand: Social Ideas, Religious Idea and Political Ideas.	Unit II	 Raja Ram Mohan Roy: Social Ideas, Economic Ideas and Political Ideas. Swami Vivekanand: Social Ideas, Religious Idea and Political Ideas. 	

Unit III: Gokhale: Economic Ideas; Spiritualization of Politics, Liberal Ideas and

Political Testament.

Tilak: Social Ideas, Political Ideas: Nationalism and Concept of Swaraj.

Unit IV: Gandhi: Social Ideas, Economic Ideas, Political Ideas: Concept of State,

Staya, Ahimsa, Satyagrah.

Unit V: Nehru: Political Ideas: Democratic Socialism, Humanism, Nationalism

and Internationalism.

Ambedker: Social Ideas, Economic Ideas and Political Ideas.

Books Recommended:

1. V. P. Verma: Modern Indian Political Thought (English and Hindi Edition).

2. अवस्थी एवं अवस्थी : आध्निक भारतीय सामाजिक एवं राजनीतिक चिन्तन

3. Nehru, Jawahar Lal: The Discovery of India.

4. Purshotam Nagar: Aadhunik Bhartiya Chintan

5. Vishnoo Bhagavan: Indian Political Thinkers, Bhima Ram & Son, Delhi

6. Pramatma Sharan: Prachin Bharat Mein Rajnitik Chintan avam Sansthayen

7. J.P.Sood: Men Currents of Indian Political Thought (Hindi and English)

8. S.L.Verma va B.M.Sharma: Pramukh Bhartiya Vicharak

Unit III: Gokhale: Economic Ideas; Spiritualization of Politics, Liberal

Ideas and Political Testament.

Tilak: Social Ideas, Political Ideas: Nationalism and Concept of

Swaraj.

Unit IV: Gandhi: Social Ideas, Economic Ideas, Political Ideas: Concept

of State, Staya, Ahimsa, Satyagrah.

Unit V: Nehru: Political Ideas: Democratic Socialism, Humanism,

Nationalism and Internationalism.

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Books Recommended:

1. V. P. Verma: Modern Indian Political Thought (English and Hindi Edition).

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 Vishnoo Bhagavan: Indian Political Thinkers, Bhima Ram & Son, Delhi

 Pramatma Sharan: Prachin Bharat Mein Rajnitik Chintan avam Sansthayen

7. मधुकर श्याम चतुर्वेदी, भारतीय राजनीतिक विचारक

8. S.L. Verma va B.M. Sharma: Pramukh Bhartiya Vicharak

B.A. II Semester

	Existing Syllabus		Proposed Syllabus April/May 2017	Remarks
	Paper 2.1 : Principles of Political Science		Paper 2.1 : Principles of Political Science	No change
	Contact hrs.: 4		Contact hrs.: 4	
Note:	The paper will contain ten questions having at least two questions from each unit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking at least one question from each unit.	Note:	The paper will contain ten questions having at least two questions from each unit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking at least one question from each unit.	
Objecti	ves: The objective of this course is to provide students familiarize themselves with key ideas and concepts of Political Science inquiry and to critically explained various concepts and theories with the purpose of highlighting the differences in their perspectives and in order to understand other continuity and change and to emphasize relevance of these concepts, Ideas and theories of Political Science in contemporary perspectives.	Object	themselves with key ideas and concepts of Political Science inquiry and to critically explained various concepts and theories with the purpose of highlighting the differences in their perspectives and in order to understand other continuity and change and to emphasize relevance of these concepts, Ideas and theories of Political Science in contemporary perspectives.	
Course	contents:	Course	contents:	
Unit 1	Dictatorship and Democracy: Meaning, types, Merits and Demerits and conditions for successful working of Democracy.	Unit 1	Dictatorship and Democracy: Meaning, types, Merits and Demerits and conditions for successful working of Democracy.	
Unit 2	Organization of Government: Legislature, Executive and Judiciary Patterns and relationship.	Unit 2	Organization of Government: Legislature, Executive and Judiciary Patterns and relationship.	
Unit 3	Forms of Government: Unitary Government; Meaning, Main Fetures, Merits and Demerits, Fedarl Government; Meaning, Main Fetures Essential Conditions, Merits and Demerits.	Unit 3	Forms of Government: Unitary Government; Meaning, Main Fetures, Merits and Demerits, Fedarl Government; Meaning, Main Fetures Essential Conditions, Merits and Demerits.	
Unit 4	Parliamentary Government; Meaning, Main Fetures, Merits and Demerits. Presidential Government: Meaning, Main Fetures, Merits and Demerits.	Unit 4	Parliamentary Government; Meaning, Main Fetures, Merits and Demerits. Presidential Government: Meaning, Main Fetures, Merits and Demerits.	
Unit 5	Party System: Meaning and Importance of Political Parties, basic characteristics and types of Party System. Role of Political Parties in the Political System.	Unit 5	Party System: Meaning and Importance of Political Parties, basic characteristics and types of Party System. Role of Political Parties in the Political System.	
	Pressure Groups: Meaning, classification and methods, Importance of Pressure Groups in Democracy.		Pressure Groups: Meaning, classification and methods, Importance of Pressure Groups in Democracy.	
Books	Books Recommended :		Recommended :	
1. Asi	rvatham: Political Theory (Hindi and English Ed.)	1. As	irvatham: Political Theory (Hindi and English Ed.)	
2. App	padoraj : Substance of Politics (Hindi and English edition)	2. Ap	padoraj : Substance of Politics (Hindi and English edition)	
3. Pei	nnock and smith: Political Science-An Introduction	3. Pe	nnock and smith: Political Science-An Introduction	
4. S. I	N. Dubey: Rajniti Shastra Ke Siddhant, Shivlal Agrawal and Co., Agra.	4. S.	N. Dubey : Rajniti Shastra Ke Siddhant, Shivlal Agrawal and Co., Agra.	

5.	Roy, Das Gupta and Ray: Principles of Political Science.
6.	Pukhrai Jain : Rainiti Shastra Ke Siddhant.

- 7. A.D. Pant : Rajniti Shastra Ke Mool Adhar (Marg I Kitab Mahal, Allahabad)
- 8. Kapoor: Principles of Political Science.
- 9. D. Held, Models of Democracy, Cambridge, Polity Press 1987

- 6. Pukhraj Jain: Rajniti Shastra Ke Siddhant.
- 7. A.D. Pant : Rajniti Shastra Ke Mool Adhar (Marg I Kitab Mahal, Allahabad)
- 8. Kapoor: Principles of Political Science.
- 9. D. Held, Models of Democracy, Cambridge, Polity Press 1987

	Existing Syllabus		Proposed Syllabus April/May 2017	Remarks			
Paper 2.2 - National Movement in India Contact hrs.: 4		Paper :	Paper 2.2 - National Movement and Constitutional Development of India				
Note:	The paper will contain ten questions having at least two questions from each unit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking at least one question from each unit. SE: This course gives students an understanding of the India's struggle for	Note :	Contact hrs.: 4 The paper will contain ten questions having at least two questions from each unit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking at least one question from each unit.	changed and recasted the paper. Added some new topics and			
Course	independence from the revolt of 1857 to independence and partition of India. The study of national movement will help students in understanding history of different streams of the national movement and historical background of Indian politics. contents:	Objecti	ves: The aim of this course is to make students acquainted with the history of different streams of the National Movement and Constitutional Development in India. The paper also deals with the participation of women in Indian National Movement	shifted some topics from III semester course to make			
Unit 1	India's First Armed Struggle for Freedom 1857- Causes, Nature, Limitations and	Course	contents:	this course more			
Onit 1	its impact on Indian National Movement.	Unit 1	Indian Nationalism : Genesis of the Indian National Congress:	comprehensive.			
	Indian Renaissance: Meaning, Nature, Causes and its contributions to Indian National Movement. Social and Religious Movements and their impact on the Indian National Movements.	O.I.I.	Moderates and Extremists Revolutionary Perspective of National Movement.				
Unit 2	Liberal, extremist and Revolutionary Perspectives during National Movement and their Achievements and Limitations.	Unit 2	Home Rule Movement, Non-Cooperation Movement, Swaraj Party,				
Unit 3	Non Cooperation Movement: Causes, Objectives, Achievements and limitations	Unit 3	Nehru Report, Civil Disobedience Movement Emergence of Communal Politics: Muslim League, Fourteen Points of				
	Swaraj Party – Objectives, achievements, and limitations. —Simon Commission.		Jinnah, Two nation Theory, Communal Award, Poona Pact, Hindu Revivalism.				
Unit 4	Civil Disobedience Movement: Causes, Achievements, limitations	Unit 4	Towards Freedom: Cripps Mission, Quit India movement, Cabinet				
Oint 4	Quit India movement: -Causes, Objectives and its contribution to		Mission, Mount Batten Plan, Partition of India. Role of Women in National movement in India				
	National Movement, Cabinet Mission, Mount Bettan Plan.	linit E					
Unit 5	Rise and growth of Communal Politics 1905-1947, Two – Nation theory, Factors leading to independence and partition of India. Role of Women in National movement in India	Unit 5	An introduction to the constitutional development in India. Main features and provisions of the Acts of 1909, 1919, 1935 and 1947.				
Books	Recommended :	Books	Recommended :				

- 1. V. P. Verma: Modern Indian Political Thought (English and Hindi Edition).
- 2. अवस्थी एवं अवस्थी : आधुनिक भारतीय सामाजिक एवं राजनीतिक चिन्तन
- विपिनचन्द्र तथा अन्य : स्वतंत्रता संग्राम नेशनल बुक ट्रस्ट इण्डिया (नई दिल्ली)
- 4. आर. सी. अग्रवाल : भारतीय संविधान का विकास तथा राष्ट्रीय आन्दोलन
- 5. Nehru, Jawahar Lal: The Discovery of India.
- Kamla Devi Chattopadhayaya, Indian's Women's struggle for freedom, Abhinav Publications New Delhi, 1983.
- 7. Lala Kasturi & Vina Majumdar, Women and Indian Nationalism, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 1994.
- Manmohan Kaur (1968) Role of Women in the Freedom Movement, 1859-1947, Starly, New Delhi.
- Radha Krishna Sharma (1981) Nationalism, Social Reform and Indian Women, Janki Prakashan, New Delhi.

- 1. Nehru, Jawahar Lal: The Discovery of India
- Agarwal, R.C., Indian Government and Politics, New Delhi: S. Chand & Company Ltd., 2001
- 3. Chandra, B. and et. Al., India's Struggle for Independence, New Delhi: penguin, 1981
- 4. Deenanath Singh, Bharatiya Rashtriya Andolan aur Samvaidhanik Vikas, Varanasi
- Kamla Devi Chattopadhayaya, Indian's Women's struggle for freedom, Abhinav Publications New Delhi, 1983.
- 6. Lala Kasturi & Vina Majumdar, Women and Indian Nationalism, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 1994.
- 7. Manmohan Kaur (1968) Role of Women in the Freedom Movement, 1859-1947, Starly, New Delhi.
- 8. Radha Krishna Sharma (1981) Nationalism, Social Reform and Indian Women, Janki Prakashan, New Delhi.
- Chandra, B. and et. Al., India's Struggle for Independence, penguin, New Delhi,1989 (In Hindi also)
- Chandra, B., Indian National Movement: The Long Term Dynamics, Vikash Publishing, New delhi.

B.A. III Semester

Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus December 2017	Remarks
Paper 3.1 - Major Governments of the World -I	Paper 3.1 - Major Governments of World	Restrictired
Contact hrs.: 4	Contact hrs.: 4	the course
Contact hrs.: 4 Note : The paper will contain ten questions having at least two questions from each unit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking at least one question from each unit. Objectives: Objective of the paper is to give students the knowledge and understanding of the major governments of the world and to develop comparative perception of working of the political institution of the world. Course contents: Unit 1 UK: Characteristics: conventions, , Queen and Crown, Rule of Law. Unit 2 U.K.: Organization and powers of the Parliament, Prime Minister, Cabinet, Party-System. Unit 3 U.S.A.: Characteristics, Federalism, Organization and Powers of Congress. Unit 4 U.S.A.: President, Supreme Court, Judicial Review and Party System. Unit 5 Canada: Characteristics, Federalism, Parliament, Multiculturalism. Books Recommended:- 1. Anup Chand Kapoor, K.K. Mishra: Select Constitutions, (Latest edition – Hindi & English. S. Chand & Company, New Delhi. 2. B.C. Rai,: The World Constitutions: A Comparative Study, Prakashan Kendra, Lucknow. 3. Ghosh: Government of Switzerland 4. K.R. Bombwall: Major Governments (English & Hindi) 5. इकबाल नारायण: विश्व के संविधान 6. O.P. Goyal: Comparative Governments, Macmillan, 2007 7. Patrick O' Neal: Essentials of Comparative Politics, 2004 श्वीरकेश्वर प्रसाद सिंह: विश्व के प्रमुख संविधान 9. पुखराज जैन: विश्व के प्रमुख संविधान 10. Wikipedia: The Foreign encyclopedia on internet for current status of all Governments.	Note : The paper will contain ten questions having at least two questions from each unit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking at least one question from each unit. Objectives: The objective of the paper is to give students the knowledge and understanding of the major governments of world and to develop comparative perception of working of the political institution of the world. Course contents: Unit 1 UK: Characteristics, Conventions, , Queen and Crown, Organization and Powers of Parliament and Executive and Supreme Court; Organization and Powers Unit 2 U.S.A.: Characteristics, Federalism, Organization and Powers of Congress, President; Election and Powers, Supreme Court; Organization and Powers Unit 3 France: Evolution and Development of the French Constitution, Characteristics of the Vth Republic, Organization and Powers of Parliament, Executive: President and Prime Minister and Judiciary; Characteristics, Organization and Functions Unit 4 Switzerland: Characteristics, Federalism, Organization and Powers of Federal Assembly and Plural Executive and Direct Democracy Unit 5 China: Characteristics, National People's Congress, President and Party system Books Recommended:- 1. Anup Chand Kapoor, K.K. Mishra: Select Constitutions, (Latest edition – Hindi & English. S. Chand & Company, New Delhi. 2. B.C. Rai,: The World Constitutions: A Comparative Study, Prakashan Kendra, Lucknow. 3. Ghosh: Government of Switzerland 4. K.R. Bombwall: Major Governments (English & Hindi) 5. इकबाल नारायण: विश्व के संविधान 6. O.P. Goyal: Comparative Governments, Macmillan, 2007 7. Patrick O' Neal: Essentials of Comparative Politics, 2004 8. वीरकेश्वर प्रसाद सिंह: विश्व के प्रमुख संविधान 9. पृखराज जैन: विश्व के प्रमुख संविधान	content added new three new constitutions and deleted Canadian constitution. As the importance of neigbhouring countries of India. Students aquiented with them so we are able to introduce a new course major governments of south Asia in next semester.

	Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus December 2017		Remarks
	Paper 3.2 - Indian Political System - Part -I	Paper 3.2 - Indian Political System - I		Two units of
	Contact hrs.: 4		Oornaat mo 4	Previous course are
le	The paper will contain ten questions having at least two questions from each unit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking at least one question from each unit. ves: This paper is designed to enhance the knowledge and	from each unit. Candidates are required to attempt all taking at least one question from each unit. The objectives: The objective of the paper is to give students	st two questions in	shifted to II semester to balance the course according to
C	inderstanding of the students about the constitutional development, basic characteristics and features working of the Indian constitution at the centre. contents:	and understanding of Indian Political System. The paper include: sources, salient features of constitution rights, Directive Principles and Executive, Legislature Union Government of India etc.	e content of the on, Fundamental e and Judiciary of	the semester and here added some new topics .
Unit 1	An outline study of the constitutional development in India. Main features and provisions of the Acts of 1909, 1919.	ourse Content:		
Unit 2	Main features and provisions of the Act of 1935 and the Indian Independence Act of 1947.	Unit 1 Constitution of India: Sources and Salient feature Foundations, Preamble.	es, Philosophical	
Unit 3	Sources of the Indian Constitutions, the Republican constitution of India - salient features, Fundamental Rights, Fundamental Duties and	Unit 2 Fundamental Rights, Fundamental Duties and Dir of state policy in India.	ective Principles	
Unit 4	Directive principles of state policy in India. Union Executive – President, Prime Minister and council of ministers,	Unit 3 Union Executive: President, Prime Minister a	and Council of	
Unit 5	union Parliament – relationship between Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha. Union Judiciary, Supreme Court, Judicial Review and Judicial activism, Amendment process of the Indian Constitution.	Unit 4 Union Legislature: Organization and functions of Rajya Sabha, Speaker of Lok Sabha, Relationshi Sabha and Rajya Sabha, Amendment Process	ip between Lok	
Books	Recommended :-	Constitution.	or the materi	
1.	N. D. Palmer: The Indian Political System (Houghton Mifilion Boston, 1971)	Unit 5 Union Judiciary: Composition and Jurisdiction of S Judicial Review and Judicial activism.	Supreme Court,	
2.	Rajni Kothari: Bharat Mein Rajniti (Orient Longmans, New Delhi, 1972.)	ooks Recommended :-		
3.	R. L. Hardgrave, JR: Indian government and politics in a developing Nation (Harcourt Brace and World, INC. New York, 1970)	N. D. Palmer: The Indian Political System (Houghton 1971)	Mifilion Boston,	
4.	Siwach: Dynamics of Indian Government and politics.	Rajni Kothari: Bharat Mein Rajniti (Orient Longmans, Ne	ew Delhi 1972)	
5.	गोविन्द राम वर्मा : भारतीय राज, शासन और राजनीति	R. L. Hardgrave, JR: Indian government and politics		
6.	बाबुलाल फडिया : भारतीय राज व्यवस्था	Nation (Harcourt Brace and World, INC. New York, 197		
		Siwach: Dynamics of Indian Government and politics.		
		गोविन्द राम वर्मा : भारतीय राज, शासन और राजनीति		
		बाबुलाल फडिया : भारतीय राज व्यवस्था		

B.A. IV Semester

Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus April/May 2018	Remarks
Paper 4.1 - Major Governments of the World- II Contact hrs.: 4	Paper 4.1 - Major Governments of South Asia Contact hrs.: 4	The content of previous course are shifted to III
Note: The paper will contain ten questions having at least two questions from each unit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking at least one question from each unit. Objectives: Objective of the paper is to give students the knowledge and understanding of the major governments of the world and to develop comparative perception of working of the political institution of the world. Course Contents: Unit 1 France: Evolution and Development of the French Constitution,	 Note: The paper will contain ten questions having at least two questions from each unit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking at least one question from each unit. Objectives: This course is designed to acquaint the students with the political system of South Asian countries focusing on historical, cultural, social, political determinants of the political system. The Paper also highlights common geopolitical legacy of the region. Course Contents: 	semester and here introduced a new course which will be beneficial for the students. This course will make them
Characteristics of the Vth Republic, Executive: President, Prime Minister, Council of Ministers, Parliament: Composition, Powers and Function. Unit 2 France: French Judiciary; Characteristics, Organization and Functions, Bureaucracy and Administrative Laws, Party system. Unit 3 Switzerland: Characteristics; organization and powers of Federal Parliament and Federal Government. Unit 4 Switzerland: Federalism, Direct Democracy, Federal Supreme Court, Party System. Unit 5 China: Characteristics, National People's Congress, President, party	 Unit 1 Pakistan: Determinants and Characteristics of the Political System. Role of Army and struggle for democracy in Pakistan, Federalism: Characteristics of the federal system. Composition, Powers and functions of Executive: President and Prime minister and Judiciary Unit 2 Bangladesh: Emergence, Determinants and Characteristics of the Political System, Power and functions of President (Executive), Composition and Powers of Legislature, Unit 3 Srilanka: Determinants and Characteristics of the Political System, Powers and Functions of the President, Composition and Powers of the Legislature, Role of Judiciary. 	capable to understand government and politics of our neighbouring countries.
system. Books Recommended :- 1. Anup Chand Kapoor, K.K. Mishra : Select Constitutions, (Latest edition – Hindi & English. S. Chand & Company, New Delhi. 2. B.C. Rai, : The World Constitutions : A Comparative Study, Prakashan Kendra, Lucknow. 3. Ghosh : Government of Switzerland 4. K.R. Bombwall : Major Governments (English & Hindi) 5. इकबाल नारायण : विश्व के संविधान 6. O.P. Goyal : Comparative Governments, Macmillan, 2007	 Unit 4 Nepal: Determinants and Characteristics of the Political System, Genesis of Democratic Republic and end of Monarchy. Election and Powers of the President and Prime Minister. Composition and Powers of the Legislature, Emerging issues and Challenges. Unit 5 Bhutan: Characteristics of the Political System, Organization and Powers of Parliament, Executive and Judiciary Maldives: Characteristics of the Political System, Organization and Powers of People's Majlis (Legislature), President and Judiciary Books Recommended: 	
7. Patrick O' Neal : Essentials of Comparative Politics, 2004 8. ohjds'oj izlkn flag % fo'o ds izeq[k lafo/kku 9. पुखराज जैन : विश्व के प्रमुख संविधान 10. Wikipedia, : the Foreign encyclopedia on internet for current status of all Governments.	 Khalid Bin Sayeed: The Political System of Pakistan, Houghton Muffin Co. Boston, 1967. Howard Wriggings: Ceylon - Dilemmas of a New Nation. Anirudh Gupta: Politics in Nepal, Allied Publishers, New Delhi, 1974. J.C. Johari: Government and Politics of South Asia. P.C. Mathur: Governments and Politics of South Asia (2 Vol.) 	

6. KarlVon Vorys: Political Development in Pakistan.
7. S.U. Kodikara: Indo - Ceylon Relations Since Independence. Colombo, 1965.
8. Saul Rose: Politics in Southern Asia.
9. M. Chadda, Building democracy in South Asia: India, Nepal, Pakistan, Boulder Colorado, Lynne Rienner, 2000.

Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus April/May 2018	Remarks
Paper 4.2 - Indian Political System – II	Paper 4.2 - Indian Political System – II	Restructured
Contact hrs.: 4	Contact hrs.: 4	the course
Note : The paper will contain ten questions having at least two questions from each unit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking at least one question from each unit.	Note : The paper will contain ten questions having at least two questions from each unit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking at least one question from each unit.	content and added two new topics to
Objectives : This paper is designed to enhance the knowledge and understanding of the students about the Indian Political System. This paper also aims to make the students aware of the problems of Indian Democracy.	Objectives: This paper is designed to enhance the knowledge and understanding of the students about the Indian Political System. This paper also aims to make the students aware of the problems of Indian Democracy.	balance the course according to
Course Contents:	Course Contents:	semester
Unit 1 Federal System in India – Characteristics, nature, emerging trends.	Unit 1 Federal System in India – Characteristics, nature, emerging trends. Demand for state autonomy.	system.
Unit 2 Union State Relations - Legislative, Administration, Financial and need of reforms. Regionalism, nature, types and its impact on India politics and problem of National Integration.	Unit 2 Union State Relations - Legislative, Administration, Financial and need of reforms. Unit 3 Office of the Governor, Chief Minister- Role Powers and Functions.	
Unit 3 Office of the Governor, Chief Minister- Role Powers and Functions.	Unit 4 Party system in India: Features and trends, Role of regional parties.	
Unit 4 Party system in India, Electoral Behavior and Determinants of electoral behavior and need of electoral reforms.	Electoral process, Determinants of electoral behavior and need of electoral reforms.	
Unit 5 Problems of Indian Democracy : Language, Caste, Communalism, Coalition government participation of women in Indian politics.	Unit 5 Problems of Indian Democracy: Regionalism, Language, Caste and Communalism.	
Books Recommended :-	Coalition government and Participation of women in Indian politics.	
1. N. D. Palmer: The Indian Political System (Houghton Mifilion Boston, 1971)	Books Recommended :-	
2. Rajni Kothari: Bharat Mein Rajniti (Orient Longmans, New Delhi, 1972.)	1. N. D. Palmer: The Indian Political System (Houghton Mifilion Boston, 1971)	
3. R. L. Hardgrave, JR: Indian government and politics in a	2. Rajni Kothari: Bharat Mein Rajniti (Orient Longmans, New Delhi, 1972.)	
developing Nation (Harcourt Brace and World, INC. New York, 1970)	3. R. L. Hardgrave, JR: Indian government and politics in a developing	
4. Siwach: Dynamics of Indian Government and politics.	Nation (Harcourt Brace and World, INC. New York, 1970)	
5. गोविन्द राम वर्मा : भारतीय राज, शासन और राजनीति	4. Siwach: Dynamics of Indian Government and politics.	
6. बाबुलाल फडिया : भारतीय राज व्यवस्था	5. गोविन्द राम वर्मा : भारतीय राज, शासन और राजनीति	
	6. बाबुलाल फडिया : भारतीय राज व्यवस्था	

B.A. V Semester

Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus December 2018	Remarks
Paper 5.1 – Western Representative Political Thinkers Contact hrs.	Paper 5.1 – Western Political Thinkers	Nomeclature is changed
Note: The paper will contain ten questions having at least two questions from ea unit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking at least one question from each unit. Objectives: The objective of the paper is to give students knowledge at understanding of classical traditions in political thought from Plato to Ma with the view to understand how the grate masters explained at analyzed political events and problems of their time and prescribe solutions. The texts are to be interpreted both in historical at Philosophical perspective to understand the universality of the enterpriof political theorizing.	Note: The paper will contain ten questions having at least two questions from each unit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking at least one question from each unit. Objectives: The objective of the paper is to give students knowledge and understanding of classical traditions in political thought from Plato to Marx with the view to understand how the great masters explained and analyzed political events and problems of their time and prescribed solutions. The texts are to be interpreted both in historical and Philosophical perspective	is shanged
Course contents:	Unit 1 Plato: Theory of Justice, Education, Communism, Theory of Ideal State,	
Unit 1 Plato: Theory of Justice, Education, Communism, Theory of Ideal Star Philosopher King.		
Unit 2 Aristotle: Theory of State, Theory of Justice, Ideas on Family, Property and Slavery, Concept of Citizenship, Ideas on Classification of	Slavery, Concept of Citizenship, Ideas on Classification of Constitutions and Theory of Revolution.	
Constitutions and Theory of Revolution. Unit 3 Machiavelli: Child of his times, Ideas on Human Nature, Religion and Morality, Views on State, Father of Modern Political Thought. Hobbes: Theory of Social Contract, Doctrine of Sovereignty and	Unit 3 Machiavelli: Child of his times, Ideas on Human Nature, Religion and Morality, Views on State, Father of Modern Political Thought. Hobbes: Theory of Social Contract, Doctrine of Sovereignty and Individualism.	
Individualism. Unit 4 Locke: Theory of Social Contract, Views o Government and Natural Rights, Liberalism. Rousseau: Theory of Social Contract, Theory of General Will, Sovereign and Comparative reflaction on Hobbes, Locke Rousseau's Social Contract		
Theory. Unit 5 Marx: Dialectical Materialism, Economic Interpretation of History, Theory of Class Struggal, Theory of Surplus Value and Marxin Theory of State.	Unit 5 Marx: Dialectical Materialism, Economic Interpretation of History, Theory of Class Struggal, Theory of Surplus Value and Marxin Theory of State. Books Recommended:	
Books Recommended :	Davidson : Political Thought from Bentham to J. Mill.	
Davidson : Political Thought from Bentham to J. Mill.	Dunning : History of Political Theories Vol. I, II & III	
2. Dunning : History of Political Theories Vol. I, II & III	Soster : Master of Political Thought, Volume I	
Soster : Master of Political Thought, Volume I	4. Jones : Master of Political Thought, Volume II	
4. Jones : Master of Political Thought, Volume II	5. Laneaster : Master of Political Thought, Volume III	
5. Laneaster : Master of Political Thought, Volume III	6. Mell Wain : Growth of Political Thought	
6. Mell Wain : Growth of Political Thought	7. Sabine : A History of Political Theory	
7. Sabine : A History of Political Theory	 इकबाल नारायण : प्रतिनिधि राजनीतिक विचारक 	
 इकबाल नारायण : प्रतिनिधि राजनीतिक विचारक 		

	Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus December 2018	Remarks
	Paper 5.2 International Relations since 1945 Part I	Paper 5.2 International Relations since 1945	1. Last 3 units
	Contact hrs.:4	Contact hrs.:4	of the course
Note:		Note: The paper will contain ten questions having at least two questions from	was shifted
	each unit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all	each unit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking	from VI
	taking at least one question from each unit.	at least one question from each unit.	semester
Objecti	ives: Objective of the paper is to give students the knowledge,	Objectives: Objective of the paper is to give student the knowledge understanding	and added a
0.0,00	understanding and overview of various dimensions of international	and overview of various dimensions of international relations since 1945.	new unit to
	relations since 1945. The paper highlights various aspects of Foreign	The paper highlights various aspects of conflict, conflict resolution,	make this
	Policies.	cooperation and issues of cold war and post-cold war era.	course more comprehensi
Course	Content:		ve.
Unit 1	U.N.O. objectives, organization with special reference to General	Course Content:	2. The previous
Ornic i	Assembly and Security Council. Achievements, limitations and		course
	prospects of U.N.O. in twenty first century.	Unit 1: International Relations: Meaning, Evolution and significance.	basically
	prospecte of Children thereof mot contary.	Major approaches of International relations: Idealist, Realist, Systems	emphasising
Unit 2	American Foreign Policy - Objectives, determinants, characteristic	and Marxist.	on the
OTHIC Z	features during Cold War and Post Cold War era.	Unit 2: UNO: Objectives, Organization with special reference to General	foreign
	Tours of during Cold Trail and 1 cold Cold Trail of a.	Assembly and Security Council. Achievements, Limitations and	policies of
Unit 3	Russian Foreign Policy: Dissolution of former U.S.S.R. and birth of	prospects of UN in 21st century.	some
O m o	Russia, objectives, determinants and characteristic features of	prosposte of ortin 21st contary.	countries. That course
	Russian Foreign Policy in Post Cold War era.	Unit 3: Cold War: factors leading to Post Cold War Era, emerging Trends in	content is
	Translati orang iri osa osa mar oran	post-cold war era, Uni-Polarity and Polycentrism	replaced with
Unit 4	Chines Foreign Policy - Objectives, determinants, characteristic	Unit 4: North South Dialogue, South-South cooperation, New International	pure
	features during Cold War and Post Cold War era.	Economic Order.	international
	3	Unit 5: Emerging Trends in Post-War Era: Human Rights, Gender, Conflict	relations
Unit 5	Indian Foreign Policy - Objectives, determinants, characteristic	Unit 5: Emerging Trends in Post-War Era: Human Rights, Gender, Conflict Resolution, Environment Protection.	contents as
	features during Cold War and Post Cold War era.	Nesolation, Environment i Totection.	to make this
Books	Recommended:	Books Recommended :	course clear and
1. बी	i. एल. फड़िया : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध	1. Vinay Kumar Malhotra, "International Relations", Anmol Publication, 2008	comprehensi
2. जै	न एवं मण्डोत : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध	2. Paimer and Perkins, " <i>International Relations</i> ", 3 rd ed., CBS Publication, 2001	ve.
	ानानाथ वर्मा : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध	3. V.N. Khanna, "International Relations", S. Chand Company Ltd., 2013	
		4. Paul Wilkilson, "International Relations: A Very Short Introduction", OUP,	
	ा. आर. भाटिया : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध एवं विश्व राजनीति	2007	
	rivastava J. Joshi : International Relations	5. Roop Singh Bareth and Damyanti Gupta, "State and Globalization", Rawat	
	त्तिश्वरात्वयत् ५. ५०५ता । mierrialional Kelalions त्नेश चन्द्र चतुर्वेदी : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति	Publication, 2010	
	arunakaran Gupta : India in world Politics	6. Surjeet Singh and S. Mohenkumar, "Climate Change: An Asian Perspective",	
	. N. Hasker: India's F. P. and its Problems	Rawat Publication, 2012	
	achroo : India in the Commonwealth	7. Ganesh Datta Poddar, "Globalization, Liberalization and Environmentalism",	
-	R. Mehrotra: India and the Commonwealth	Rawat Publication, 20091-	
12. R	oy C. Macridis: Foreign Policies in World Politics.	8. बी. एल. फडिया : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध	

13.	मथुरालाल शर्मा एवं जैन : प्रमुख देशों की विदेश नीतियाँ	9.	जैन एवं मण्डोत : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध	
14.	शर्मा एवं शर्मा : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति की विचारधारा	10.	दीनानाथ वर्मा : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध	
15.	मेहता : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध	11.	प्रभुदत्त शर्मा : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति	
	··		तपन बिस्वाल, अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध, २००९	
		13.	पी. आर. भाटिया : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध एवं विश्व राजनीति	
			Srivastava J. Joshi : International Relations	

B.A. VI Semester

	Existing Syllabus		Proposed Syllabus April/May 2019	Remarks		
	Paper 6.1 – Major Political Ideologies		Paper 6.1 – Major Political Ideologies	One topic		
	Contact hrs.: 4		Contact hrs.: 4	Totalitiralism removed and		
Note:- The	Paper will contain ten questions having at least two questions from	Note	:- The Paper will contain ten questions having at least two questions from each	Nationalism		
	nit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking at ne question from each unit.		nit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking at least one uestion from each unit.	added as per suggestion of the external		
that ha societie civilizat develop recogni Studen political	s:- This course offers an introduction to the major political ideologies are shaped, and continue to shape, modern politics and political es. "Political ideologies" are the overarching ideas concerning how ions can and should live. Students completing this course should to a familiarity with major ideologies, past and present, and be able to size the real-world political and social implications of these ideologies. Its are expected to think critically, abstractly, and concretely about a principles and philosophies. Part of thinking critically involves their mind to the claims of ideologies with which they may not	ha "F ar m po th	ctives:- This course offers an introduction to the major political ideologies that ave shaped, and continue to shape, modern politics and political societies. Political ideologies" are the overarching ideas concerning how civilizations cannot should live. Students completing this course should develop a familiarity with ajor ideologies, past and present, and be able to recognize the real-world political and social implications of these ideologies. Students are expected to think critically, abstractly and concretely about political principles and political principle	experts.		
agree.		Cour				
Course Co	ontents:	11.24				
Unit 1 Utili	itarianism: Meaning, Definitions, Main principles, merits and	Unit 1	Utilitarianism: Meaning, Definitions, Main principles, merits and demerits, Bentham's Utilitarianism and Mill's revision of Bentham's Utilitarianism.			
	nerits, Bentham's Utilitarianism and Mill's revision of Bentham's tarianism.	Unit 2	Pluralism: Meaning, Definitions, Main principles, merits and demerits, Laski's view on Pluralism, and			
	ralism: Meaning, Definitions, Main principles, merits and demerits, ki's view on Pluralism, and		Anarchism: Meaning, Definitions, Main principles, merits and demerits			
	rchism: Meaning, Definitions, Main principles, merits and demerits	Unit 3	Liberalism: Meaning, Definitions, Historical Evolution, Main principles, merits and demerits.			
	eralism: Meaning, Definitions, Historical Evolution, Main principles, its and demerits.	Unit 4	Idealism: Meaning, Definitions, Main principles, merits and demerits, Hegel and Green's thought on idealism.			
	alism: Meaning, Definitions, Main principles, merits and demerits, pel and Green's thought on idealism.	Unit 5	Socialism: Meaning, Definitions, Historical Evolution, Main principles, merits and demerits and			
	ialism: Meaning, Definitions, Historical Evolution, Main principles, its and demerits and		Nationalism: Meaning, Definitions, Main principles, merits and demerits			
	alitarianism. Meaning, Definitions, Main principles, merits and		Recommended:			
	nerits	Ebenstein : Today's isms Cookers Boogst Political Thought				
Books Reco	ommended:	2.	Cocker: Recent Political Thought			

- 1. Ebenstein: Today's isms
- 2. Cocker: Recent Political Thought
- 3. Andrew Heywood: Political Ideologies
- 4. Hari Hara Das and B.C. Choudhury: Political Theory
- J.P. Suda: History of Modern Political Thought, Jai Prakash Narayan & Company, Meerut (Hindi & English) I to IV Volume
- 6. V.D. Mahajan: Recent Political Thought, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi
- 7. के.एन. वर्मा : राजनीतिक विचारधाराएँ
- 8. पुखराज जैन : आधुनिक राजनीतिक विचारधाराएँ
- 9. महादेव प्रसाद शर्मा : आधुनिक रजनीति के विभिन्न वाद, चैतय पब्लिशिंग हाउस
- 10. पी.डी. पाठक : राजनीतिक चिन्तन का इतिहास, यूनिवर्सियल बुक डिपो, जयपुर
- 11. शर्मा एवं लाल : आधुनिक राजनीतिक विचारधाराओं का इतिहास, कॉलेज बूक डिपो, जयपुर

- 3. Andrew Heywood: Political Ideologies
- 4. Hari Hara Das and B.C. Choudhury: Political Theory
- 5. J.P. Suda: History of Modern Political Thought, Jai Prakash Narayan & Company, Meerut (Hindi & English) I to IV Volume
- 6. V.D. Mahajan : Recent Political Thought, S. Chand & Co. , New Delhi
- 7. के.एन. वर्मा : राजनीतिक विचारधाराएँ
- पुखराज जैन : आधुनिक राजनीतिक विचारधाराएँ
- 9. महादेव प्रसाद शर्मा : आधुनिक रजनीति के विभिन्न वाद, चैतय पब्लिशिंग हाउस
- 10. पी.डी. पाठक : राजनीतिक चिन्तन का इतिहास, यूनिवर्सियल बुक डिपो, जयपुर
- 11. शर्मा एवं लाल : आधुनिक राजनीतिक विचारधाराओं का इतिहास, कॉलेज बुक डिपो, जयपुर

Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus	Remarks
	April/May 2019	
Paper 6.2 International Relations since 1945 Part II	Paper 6.2 India's Foreign Policy	The contents
Contact hrs.:4	Contact hrs.:4	of previous
Note: The paper will contain ten questions having at least two questions from each unit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking at least one question from each unit.	Note: The paper will contain ten questions having at least two questions from each unit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking at least one question from each unit.	course are merged in the Vth semestes course and
Objectives: Objective of the paper is to give students the knowledge, understanding and overview of various dimensions of international relations since 1945. The paper highlights various aspects of conflict and conflict resolution and cooperation in international relations. It also	Objectives: The course seeks to acquaint students with India's foreign policy with emphasis on the foundation aspects of foreign policy and India's interface with global and regional players and multilateral organizations and forums shall also be dealt with.	here introduced a new course. This course makes our
deals with issues of cold war and post cold war era. Course Contents:	Unit 1: Foreign Policy: Meaning, Approaches and Significance, India's Foreign Policy: Evolution, Features and Determinants, Continuity and Change in	students capable to
	21 st Century	understand
Unit 1 India's relations with neighbors : China, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri		dynamics of
Lanka, Nepal	Unit 2: India's Foreign Relations with Major Powers Since 1991: USA, Russia and	India's foreign
Unit 2 Third World organizations : SAARC, OPEC, ASEAN, Relevance of NAM.	China	policy.
Unit 3 Cold War, Factors leading to Post Cold war Era, Emerging trends in	Unit 3: India's Relations with neighbours: Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka and Nepal	

Post Cold War Era: Unipolarity and Polycentrism.

- Unit 4 Emerging trends in Post Cold War Era: Environment Protection, Human Rights, Gender, Conflict Resolution. Terrorism.
- Unit 5 North South Dialogue, South-South Cooperation, New Economic International order.

Books Recommended:

- 1. बी. एल. फड़िया : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध
- 2. जैन एवं मण्डोत : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध
- 3. दीनानाथ वर्मा : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध
- 4. प्रभुदत्त शर्मा : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति
- 5. पी. आर. भाटिया : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध एवं विश्व राजनीति
- 6. Srivastava J. Joshi: International Relations
- 7- दिनेश चन्द्र चतुर्वेदी : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति
- 8. Karunakaran Gupta: India in world Politics
- 9. P. N. Hasker: India's F. P. and its Problems
- 10. Kachroo: India in the Commonwealth
- 11. S. R. Mehrotra: India and the Commonwealth
- 12. Roy C. Macridis: Foreign Policies in World Politics.
- 13. मथुरालाल शर्मा एवं जैन : प्रमुख देशों की विदेश नीतियाँ
- 14. शर्मा एवं शर्मा : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति की विचारधारा
- 15. मेहता : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध

- Unit 4: India's Interaction with Global and Regional Institutions: UN, EU, BRICS, SAARC and ASEAN
- Unit 5: Contemporary Issues and Trends of India's Foreign Policy: Globalization, Neo-Colonialism, Terrorism and Climate Change

Books Recommended

- 1. Sharma, R.R. India and Emerging Asia, New Delhi: Sage, 2005.
- Chellaney, Brahma. Securing India's Future in the New Millennium, New Delhi: Orient Longman, 1999.
- Perkovitch, George. India's Nuclear Bomb The Impact of Global Proliferation, New Delhi: OUP, 2002.
- 4. Cohen, Stephen. P. India: Emerging Power, New Delhi: OUP, 2001.
- 5. Ghai, U.R. Foreign Policy of India, Jalandhar: New Academic Publishing, 2012.
- Vinayak, Achin. India in a Changing World: Problems, Limited and successes of its Foreign Policy, 1995.
- 7. Karunakaran Gupta: India in world Politics
- P. N. Hasker: India's F. P. and its Problems
- Kachroo: India in the Commonwealth
- 10. S. R. Mehrotra: India and the Commonwealth
- 11. Roy C. Macridis: Foreign Policies in World Politics.
- 12. पृष्पेष पंत भारत की विदेश नीति, मेग्राहिल पब्लिशकेशन, 2014
- 13. मथुरालाल शर्मा एवं जैन : प्रमुख देशों की विदेश नीतियाँ

Journals:

- 1. Indian Foreign Affairs Journal
- 2. International Studies
- 3. Economic and Political Weekly
- South Asian Survey

Annexure-2

Course Structure of B.A. Public Administration

			Existing	g			Proposed							
I Sem	ester						I Semester							
S.N.	Paper	Contact Hours per week	Max Marks	Cont. Assessment	Semester Assessment	Minimum Pass Marks	S.N.	Paper	Contact Hours per week	Max Marks	Cont. Assessment	Semester Assessment	Minimum Pass Marks	
1. (1.1)	Principles of Public Administration -I	4	60	20	40	22	1.	Principles of Public Administration -I	4	60	20	40	22	
2. (1.2)	Indian Administration -I	4	60	20	40	22	2.	Indian Administration -I	4	60	20	40	22	

II Sem	ester						II Ser	Il Semester					
S.N.	Paper	Contact Hours per week	Max Marks	Cont. Assessment	Semester Assessment	Minimum Pass Marks	S.N.	Paper	Contact Hours per week	Max Marks	Cont. Assessment	Semester Assessment	Minimum Pass Marks
1. (2.1)	Principles of Public Administration -II	4	60	20	40	22	1.	Principles of Public Administration -II	4	60	20	40	22
2. (2.2)	Indian Administration -II	4	60	20	40	22	2.	Indian Administration - II	4	60	20	40	22

III Sen	nester						III Sei	mester					
S.N.	Paper	Contact Hours per week	Max Marks	Cont. Assessment	Semester Assessment	Minimum Pass Marks	S.N.	Paper	Contact Hours per week	Max Marks	Cont. Assessment	Semester Assessment	Minimum Pass Marks
1. (3.1)	Administrative Institutions in India- I	4	60	20	40	22	1.	Administrative Institutions in India- I	4	60	20	40	22
2. (3.2)	State Administration in India With Special Reference to Rajasthan -I	4	60	20	40	22	2.	State Administration in India With Special Reference to Rajasthan -I	4	60	20	40	22

IV Ser	nester						IV Se	mester					
S.N.	Paper	Contact Hours per week	Max Marks	Cont. Assessment	Semester Assessment	Minimum Pass Marks	S.N.	Paper	Contact Hours per week		Cont. Assessment	Semester Assessment	Minimum Pass Marks
1. (4.1)	Administrative Institution in India-II	4	60	20	40	22	1.	Administrative Institution in India- II	4	60	20	40	22
2. (4.2)	State Administration in India With Special Reference to Rajasthan -II	4	60	20	40	22	2.	State Administration in India With Special Reference to Rajasthan -II	4	60	20	40	22

V Sem	nester						V Semester						
S.N.	Paper	Contact Hours per week	Max Marks	Cont. Assessment	Semester Assessment	Minimum Pass Marks	S.N.	Paper	Contact Hours per week			Semester Assessment	Minimum Pass Marks
1. (5.1)	Comparative Administrative Systems	4	60	20	40	22	1.	Comparative Administrative Systems	4	60	20	40	22
2. (5.2)	Urban Local Self Government	4	60	20	40	22	2.	Urban Local Self Government	4	60	20	40	22

VI Ser	mester						VI Semester						
S.N.	Paper	Contact Hours per week	Max Marks	Cont. Assessment	Semester Assessment	Minimum Pass Marks	S.N.	Paper	Contact Hours per week	Max Marks	Cont. Assessmen t	Semester Assessmen t	Minimum Pass Marks
1.	Administrative Thinkers	4	60	20	40	22	1.	Administrative Thinkers	4	60	20	40	22
2.	Rural Local Self Government	4	60	20	40	22	2.	Rural Local Self Government	4	60	20	40	22

PUBLIC ADMINSTRATION

B.A. II Semester

	Existing Syllabus		Proposed Syllabus December 2016	Remarks
	Paper 1.1 Principles of Public Administration - I		Paper 1.1 Principles of Public Administration - I	Some new
	Contact hrs.: 4		Contact hrs.: 4	contents are
Note :	The paper will contain ten questions having at least two questions from each unit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking one question from each unit.	Note:	The paper will contain ten questions having at least two questions from each unit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking one question from each unit.	introduced to make the course more
Objecti	ives: To provide an introduction of Public Administration and to make students familiar with the basic Concept, Ideas and Principles of the subject.	Objecti	ves: To provide an introduction of Public Administration and to make students familiar with the basic Concept, Ideas and Principles of the	comprehens ive and
Unit 1	Meaning, Nature (Integral and Managrial View) and Scope (Breader View, Narrow View, POSDCORB View and Subject Matter View) of public Administration.	Unit 1	subject. Meaning, Nature and Scope of public Administration, Importance of Public Administration in Modern Society.	relavant.
Unit 2	Importance of Public Administration in Modern Society, Public and Private Administration	Unit 2	Evolution of the study of Public Administration. New Public Management and Good Gevernance.	
Unit 3	Evolution of the Study of Public Administration, New Public Administration and Good Governance.	Unit 3	Public Adminstration as a Social Science; Its relationship with other social sciences: Political Science, Economics, Sociology, Law and	
Unit 4	Public Administration as a Social Science; Its Relationship with other Social Science : Political Science, Economics, Sociology, Law, Psychology.	Unit 4	Psychology. Approaches to the Study of Public Administration: Classical,	
Unit 5	Approaches to the Study of Public Administration: Classical, Humanistic. Formal and Informal Organization.	Unit 5	Humanistic, Behavioural and Systems. Public and Private Administration, Formal and Informal	
Books	Recommended :		Organization, Modern Techniques of Administration: PERT and	
1.	चन्द्रा पाटनी, डॉ० प्रभुदत्त शर्मा : प्रशासनिक सिद्धान्त एवं प्रबन्ध, कॉलेज बुक डिपो, जयपुर।		CPM	
2.	एस0 एल0 वर्मा, बी0 एम0 शर्मा : प्रबन्धकीय लोक प्रशासन, राजस्थान हिन्दी ग्रंथ अकादमी, जयपुर।	1.	Recommended : चन्द्रा पाटनी, डॉ० प्रभुदत्त शर्मा : प्रशासनिक सिद्धान्त एवं प्रबन्ध, कॉलेज बुक	
3.	् एम. पी. शर्मा : लोक प्रशासन–सिद्धान्त एवं व्यवहार, इलाहाबाद, किताब महल, (हिन्दी एवं अंग्रेजी)		डिपो, जयपुर। एस० एल० वर्मा, बी० एम० शर्मा : प्रबन्धकीय लोक प्रशासन, राजस्थान हिन्दी	
5.	अवस्थी एवं महेश्वरी : लोक प्रशासन, आगरा, लक्ष्मी नारायण (हिन्दी एवं अंग्रेजी)	2.	एस० एल० वना, बाँ० एम० शर्मा : प्रबन्धकाय लाक प्रशासन, राजस्थान हिन्दा ग्रंथ अकादमी, जयपुर।	
6.	चन्द्रप्रकाश भाँभरी : लोक प्रशासन–सिद्धान्त एवं व्यवहार, जयप्रकाशनाथ (हिन्दी एवं अंग्रेजी)	3.	्रम. पी. शर्मा : लोक प्रशासन–सिद्धान्त एवं व्यवहार, इलाहाबाद, किताब महल,	
7.	B.L. Fadia: Public Administration (Administrative Theory & Concepts), Sahitya Bhawan Publication, Agra (Hindi & English)	5.	(हिन्दी एवं अंग्रेजी) अवस्थी एवं महेश्वरी : लोक प्रशासन, आगरा, लक्ष्मी नारायण (हिन्दी एवं अंग्रेजी)	
8.	S.L. Goel: Public Administration (Administrative Theory & Practice), Deep & Deep Publication, New Delhi.	6.	चन्द्रप्रकाश भाँभरी : लोक प्रशासन—सिद्धान्त एवं व्यवहार, जयप्रकाशनाथ (हिन्दी एवं अंग्रेजी)	
9.	Ramesh K. Arora: Public Administration: Fresh Perspectives, Aalekh Publishers, Jaipur.	7. 8.	B.L. Fadia: Public Administration (Administrative Theory & Concepts), Sahitya Bhawan Publication, Agra (Hindi & English) S.L. Goel: Public Administration (Administrative Theory & Practice),	
10.	S.L. Goel and Shalini Rajneesh: Public Personnal Administration Theory &	0.	Deep & Deep Publication, New Delhi.	
	Practice), Deep & Deep Publication, New Delhi.	9.	Ramesh K. Arora: Public Administration: Fresh Perspectives, Aalekh Publishers, Jaipur.	
		10.	S.L. Goel and Shalini Rajneesh: Public Personnal Administration Theory & Practice), Deep & Deep Publication, New Delhi.	

B.A. IV Semester

	Existing Syllabus	. IV Se	Proposed Syllabus April/May 2018	Remarks
	Paper 4.1 - Administrative Institutions in India- II		Paper 4.1 - Administrative Institutions in India- II	Some new
	Contact hrs.: 4		Contact hrs.: 4	contents are introduced
Note :	The paper will contain ten questions having at least two questions from each unit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking at least one question from each unit.	Note:	The paper will contain ten questions having at least two questions from each unit. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all taking at least one question from each unit.	to make the course more
Objecti	ves: The purpose of this paper is to develop an understanding about the Legal, Historical, Structural, Procedural and functional aspects of various constitutional and extra constitutional bodies in India to further enhance the vision of students about Indian Administration.	Objecti	ves: The purpose of this paper is to develop an understanding about the Legal, Historical, Structural, Procedural and functional aspects of various constitutional and extra constitutional bodies in India to further enhance the vision of students about Indian Administration.	comprehens ive and relavant.
Unit 1	Organization and Administrative working of Planning Commission in India and the National Development Council.	Unit 1	Planning Institutions: From Planning commission to NITI Aayog (National Institution for Tracsforming India) National Developmental	
Unit 2	Organization and Function of Finance Commission and Election Commission with the administration of Election in India.	Unit 2	council. Organization and Function of Finance Commission and Election	
Unit 3	Organization, Functions and Role of Union Public Service Commission and University Grants Commission	Unit 3	Commission with the administration of Election in India. Organization, Functions and Role of Union Public Service	
Unit 4	Organizations and Functions of Railway Board, Central Social Welfare Board.	Unit 4	Commission and University Grants Commission Organizations and Functions of Railway Board, Central Social	
Unit 5	Organization, Functions and Role of National Human Rights Commission and Reserve Bank of India.	Unit 5	Welfare Board. Regulatory Authorities in India and their role in administration with	
Books	Recommended :-		special reference to TRAI, IRDA and RBI	
1.	Waldo: Administrative State	Books	Recommended :-	
2.	Field : Government in Modern Society	1.	Waldo: Administrative State	
3.	Paranjape: Planning Commission	2.	Field : Government in Modern Society	
4.	I.I.P.A.: Organisation of the Government of India	3.	Paranjape: Planning Commission	
5.	H.C. Sharma : Prashasnik Sansthayen	4.	I.I.P.A.: Organisation of the Government of India	
6.	Report of Finance Commission of India	5.	H.C. Sharma: Prashasnik Sansthayen	
7.	M.G. Gupta : Modern Government	6.	Report of Finance Commission of India M.G. Gupta : Modern Government	
8. 9.	Ashok Sharma : Prashasnik Sanstheyen (Hindi) Ziauddin Khan : Prashasnik Sanstheyen (Hindi) & Anter Singh	7. 8.	M.G. Gupta : Modern Government Ashok Sharma : Prashasnik Sanstheyen (Hindi)	
10.	B.L. Fadia: Prashasnik Sanstheyen (Hindi)	9.	Ziauddin Khan: Prashasnik Sanstheyen (Hindi) & Anter Singh	
	11. J.C. Johri: Indian Government and Politics (I & II) (Hindi)	10.	B.L. Fadia: Prashasnik Sanstheyen (Hindi)11. J.C. Johri: Indian Government and Politics (I & II) (Hindi)	

Structure for M.A.(Political Science)

I Semester

	E	Existing Str	ucture			Proposed Structure (December 2016)							
			I Semester										
	Paper	Contact Hours	Max. Marks	Cont. Assessm	Sem. Assessm			Paper	Contact Hrs. Per	Max. Mark	Cont. Assessme	Sem. Assess	Min. Pass
No.	Nomenclature	Per Week		ent	ent	Marks	No.	Nomenclature	Week	S	nt	ment	Marks
I	Western Political Thought Part I	5	75	25	50	27	Ι	Western Political Thought	5	75	25	50	27
II	Comparative Politics: Approaches and Methods	5	75	25	50	27	II	Comparative Politics	5	75	25	50	27
III	Theory of International Politics	5	75	25	50	27	III	International Politics	5	75	25	50	27
IV	Principles of Public Administration	5	75	25	50	27	IV	Principles of Public Administration	5	75	25	50	27
V	Social Science Perspective (Common)	5	75	25	50	27	V	Social Science Perspective (Common)	5	75	25	50	27
	Total	25	375	125	250	150		Total	25	375	125	250	150

II Semester

	F	Existing Str	ucture			Proposed Structure (April/May 2017)							
		II Semes	ster			II Semester							
	Paper	Contact Max. Cont. Hours Marks Assessm Per Week ent		Sem. Assessme nt	Min. Pass Marks		Paper	Contact Hours Per	Max. Mar ks	Cont. Assessm ent	Semeste r Assessm	Min. Pass Marks	
No.	Nomenclature						No.	Nomenclature	Week			ent	
I	Western Political Thought II	5	75	25	50	27	I	Contemporary Political Thought	5	75	25	50	27
II	Comparative Politics: Issues and Challenges	5	75	25	50	27	II	Contemporary Political Theory	5	75	25	50	27
III	International Politics: Contemporary issues in International Politics	5	75	25	50	27	III	International Politics: Issues and Challenges	5	75	25	50	27
IV	Contemporary Political Theory	5	75	25	50	27	IV	Public Administration in India	5	75	25	50	27
V	Computer Applications (Common)	5	75	25	50	27	V	Research Techniques in Social Sciences (Common)	5	75	25	50	27
				(Th 10, Pr15)	(Th 20, Pr30)						(Th 10, Pr15)	(Th 20, Pr30)	
	Total	25	375	125	250	150		Total	25	375	125	250	150

III Semester

	Exis	ting Stru	cture				Proposed Structure (December 2017)						
	I	III Semester											
	Paper	Contac	Max.	Cont.	Sem.	Min.		Paper		Max.	Cont.	Sem.	Min. Pass
No.	Nomenclature	t Hours Per Week	Marks	Assessm ent	Assessme nt	Pass Marks	No.	Nomenclature	Hours Per Week	Mar ks	Assess ment	Assess ment	Marks
I	Indian Polity - I: (Preferred elective for the students of other social Sciences also)	5	75	25	50	27	I	Indian Polity - I: (Preferred elective for the students of other social Sciences also)	5	75	25	50	27
II	Public International Law - I	5	75	25	50	27	II	Public International Law	5	75	25	50	27
III	Government and Politics in South Asia: Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka and Nepal	5	75	25	50	27	III	Modern Indian Political Thought	5	75	25	50	27
IV	One elective from other, disciplines of Social Sciences Or Modern Indian Political Thought	5	75	25	50	27	IV	One elective from other, disciplines of Social Sciences Or Human Rights	5	75	25	50	27
V	Research Techniques in Social Science (Common)	5	75	25	50	27	V	Computer Applications (Common)	5	75	25	50	27
	Total	25	375	125	250	150		Total	25	375	125	250	150

IV Semester

	Exis	Proposed Structure (April/May 2018)											
	I		IV Semester										
No.	Paper Nomenclature	Contact Hours Per Week	Max. Marks	Cont. Assessm ent	Sem. Assessme nt	Min. Pass Marks	No.	Paper Nomenclature	Contact Hours Per Week	Max. Mar ks	Cont. Assess ment	Semes ter Assess ment	Min. Pass Marks
I	Indian Polity - II: (Preferred elective for the students of other Social Sciences also)	5	75	25	50	27	Ι	Indian Polity – II (Preferred elective for the students of other Social Sciences also)	5	75	25	50	27
II	International Law—II Or U.N.O. and Regional Organizations	5	75	25	50	27	II	U.N.O. and Regional Organizations	5	75	25	50	27
III	Government and Politics in South Asia H Or Human Rights	5	75	25	50	27	III	One elective from other disciplines Or Public Policy in India	5	75	25	50	27
IV	One elective from other disciplines Or Public Administration in India	5	75	25	50	27	IV	Project Work	5	75	25	50	27
V	Women Studies (Common)	5	75	25	50	27	V	Women Studies (Common)	5	75	25	50	27
	Total	25	375	125	250	150		Total	25	375	125	250	150

POLITICAL SCIENCE

M.A. I Semester

	Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus December, 2016	Remarks
	Paper I : Western Political Though Part I	Paper I : Western Political Thought	Bentham
	Contact hrs.:5	Contact hrs.:5	and Hegal removed
Obje	cetives: The main purpose of this paper is to impart knowledge of the contributions that scholars made in the development of political science. The paper also aims at inculcating in students the legacy of the thinkers with the view to establish the continuity and change within the western political traditions.	Objectives: The main purpose of this paper is to impart knowledge of the contributions that scholars made in the development of political science. The paper also aims at inculcating in students the legacy of the thinkers with the view to establish the continuity and change within the western political traditions.	and Karl Marx Added
	Section I	Section I	
	Plato, Aristotle	Plato, Aristotle	
	Section II	Section II	
	Machiavelli, Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau	Machiavelli, Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau	
	Section III		
	Bentham. J.S. Mill, Hegal	Section III	
Cor	e Books :	J. S. Mill, Marx	
1.	Sabine : A History of Political Theory (George Harrap, Henry Holt).	Core Books :	
2.	Catlin: Political Philosophers (George Allen and Unwin).	1. Sabine: A History of Political Theory (George Harrap, Henry Holt).	
3.	Hearnshaw: The Social and Political Ideas of Some Great Political Thinkers (George Harrap).	2. Catlin: Political Philosophers (George Allen and Unwin).	
4.	Barker : Political Thought from 1848 to 1914 (Home University). यूनानी राजनीतिक विचारधाराः अनुवादक विष्णु दत्त मिश्र	Thinkers (George Harrap).	
Add	agini राजनातक विवास्थासः अनुवादक विश्वु देशा निश्र itional Readings:	4. Barker: Political Thought from 1848 to 1914 (Home University).	
1.	Jown Bowle: Western Political Thought, (Methuen. London).	यूनानी राजनीतिक विचारधाराः अनुवादक विष्णु दत्त मिश्र	
2.	Bertrand Russell: A History of Western Philosophy (Allen and	Additional Readings:	
	Unwin).	1. Jown Bowle: Western Political Thought, (Methuen. London).	
3.	Phillis Doyal: A History of Political Thought (Jonathan Cape).	2. Bertrand Russell : A History of Western Philosophy (Allen and Unwin).	
4.	Laski : Political Thought from Locke to Bentham (Home	3. Phillis Doyal : A History of Political Thought (Jonathan Cape).	
	University)	4. Laski: Political Thought from Locke to Bentham (Home University)	
5.	Ebenstein: Political Thought Perspective (Mc. Graw Hill).	5. Ebenstein: Political Thought Perspective (Mc. Graw Hill).	
6.	Michael Oakshott : Political and Social Doctrines of Contemporary	6. Michael Oakshott : Political and Social Doctrines of Contemporary	

	Europe (Cassell).		Europe (Cassell).	
7.	Zimmern: Modern Political Doctrine (Oxford).	7.	Zimmern: Modern Political Doctrine (Oxford).	
8.	Illiot and Macdonald : Western Political Heritage (Prentice Hall)	8.	Illiot and Macdonald : Western Political Heritage (Prentice Hall)	
9.	Edward Mc Nall Lurns: Ideas in Conflict:	9.	Edward Mc Nall Lurns: Ideas in Conflict:	
10.	B. Pareek : Contemporary Political Thinkers (Oxford Martin Robertson 1982)	10.	B. Pareek : Contemporary Political Thinkers (Oxford Martin Robertson 1982)	
11.	M.H. Lesshoff, Political Philosophers of the twentieth Century Oxford Blackwell 1999.	11.	M.H. Lesshoff, Political Philosophers of the twentieth Century Oxford Blackwell 1999.	
	V.P Varma: Ancient Indian Political Thought.		V.P Varma: Ancient Indian Political Thought.	
12.	M. Forysth and M. Keens Goper 9 th ed. : The Political Classics. Green to Dworkin Oxford. Univ. 1996.	12.	M. Forysth and M. Keens Goper 9 th ed.: The Political Classics. Green to Dworkin Oxford. Univ. 1996.	
13.	A.de Crespigny and K. Minoque (eds.), Contemporary Political Thinkers: London, Methuen, 1975.	13.	A.de Crespigny and K. Minoque (eds.), Contemporary Political Thinkers: London, Methuen, 1975.	
Sele	Selected Journals:		cted Journals :	
1.	Political Studies.	1.	Political Studies.	
2.	The Review of Politics.	2.	The Review of Politics.	
3.	Political Science Quarterly (Columbia).	3.	Political Science Quarterly (Columbia).	
4.	Journal of History of Ideas.	4.	Journal of History of Ideas.	

5.

Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus December, 2016	Remarks
Paper II: Comparative Politics: Approaches and Methods	Paper II : Comparative Politics	1. Nomencl
Contact hrs.:5 Objectives: The focus of the course is to introduce students with the theoretical evaluation and approach to the study of comparative politics. The paper also intends to highlight on variations in systematic characteristics and processes of politics and equip the students with a grasp of methodology of comparison and to enable them to understand alternatives theoretical models and explanations. It also enables them to have fundamental grasp of various theories and explanations regarding political development in the developing countries in a comparative way.	Objectives: The focus of the course is to introduce students with the theoretical evaluation and approach to the study of comparative politics and equip the students with a grasp of methodology of comparison. It intends to develop acquaintance among the students regarding issues and challenges of the state and constitutionalism in the 21 st century and emerging issues in the Comparative Politics. It also enables them to understand alternatives theoretical models and explanations.	ature of the courses is changed to make title more compreh ensive.
Section I	Section I	2. The contents
Meaning, nature and scope of comparative politics, Evolution development and recent trends. Perspectives of comparative politics: Traditional, Modern and New	Comparative Politics: Meaning, nature, scope and development and recent trends. Comparative Method: Characteristics and limitations.	of the course restructu

History and Theory

History and Theory

5.

Perspective of comparative politics.

Section II

Approaches and Methods of Comparatives Politics: Institutional/Legal-Formal, Systems Approach, Marxian, Leninist Approach and Scientific, Comparative Methods.

Section III

Major Frame Works of Enquiry: Political Culture, Political Socialization, Political Development and Concept of Dependency, Political Modernization.

Core Books:

- Carl J. Friedrich: Constitutional Government and Democracy (blaisell Publishing co., New York).
- Cory and Abraham: Elements of Democratic Government (Oxford University press, New York).
- Finer: Theory and Practice of Modern Government.
- Pennock and smith-Political Science-An Introduction (Macmillan Co., New York)
- Samuel H. Beer and Adam B. Ulam: Patterns of Government: The major political Systems of Europe.
- Verney: The Analysis of Political System (Free Press).
- Jean Blondel: An Introduction to comparative government, London, Weidenfield and Nicolson 1970.
- S.F. Finer: Comparative Government, Penguin 1970.

Additional Readings:

- R.H. Chilcote: Theories of Comparative Politics. The Search for a Paradigm Reconsidered, Boulder Colorado, Westview Press 1994.
- G.A. Almond: Comparative Politics today: A World view 7th edn. New York London, Harper/Collins 2000.
- L.J. Cantori and : Comparative politics in the Post Behaviouralist A.H. Zeigler (ed) Era, London, Lynne Reinner Publisher 1988.
- R. Hague and, M. Harrap : Comparative Government and Politics: An introduction 5th ed. Palgrave 2001.
- T. Skocpol, States: A comparative Analysis of France, Russia and Social Relations China. Cambridge Univ. Press.
- A Stepham, Arguing : Comparative Politics, Oxford Univ Press 2001

Approaches to the study of Comparatives Politics: Traditional Approach, Marxist - Leninist Approach,

Functional Approach.

Modern Approaches: Systems Approach And Structural -

Section II

Constitutionalism: Meaning, Characteristics and development; Liberal, Socialist and Developing Countries Approach to Constitutionalism. Sources of strain in Modern Constitutional Practices.

State in Contemporary perspective: Characteristics and changing Nature of the State in Liberal Democratic, Authoritarian and Developing Countries. Issues and Challenges before state in 21 st Century.

Section III

Major Frame Works of Enquiry: Political Socialization, Political Culture, Political Participation,

Political Development, Political Modernization and Concept of Dependency.

Core Books:

- Carl J. Friedrich: Constitutional Government and Democracy (blaisell Publishing co., New York).
- Cory and Abraham: Elements of Democratic Government (Oxford University press, New York).
- Finer: Theory and Practice of Modern Government.
- Pennock and smith Political Science-An Introduction (Macmillan Co... New York)
- Samuel H. Beer and Adam B. Ulam: Patterns of Government: The major political Systems of Europe.
- 6. Verney: The Analysis of Political System (Free Press).
- Jean Blondel: An Introduction to comparative government, London, Weidenfield and Nicolson 1970.
- S.F. Finer: Comparative Government, Penguin 1970.

Additional Readings:

- R.H. Chilcote: Theories of Comparative Politics. The Search for a Paradigm Reconsidered, Boulder Colorado, Westview Press 1994.
- G.A. Almond: Comparative Politics today: A World view 7th edn.

red added some new concepts to make course more relevant in contemp orary discourse

7. H.J. Wiarda (ed): New Developments in Comparative Politics. Boulder Lolorado, Westview Press. 1986. New York London, Harper/Collins 2000.

- 3. R. Hague and, M. Harrap : Comparative Government and Politics: An introduction 5th ed. Palgrave 2001.
- 4. T. Skocpol, States : A comparative Analysis of France, Russia and Social Relations China. Cambridge Univ. Press.
- 5. A Stepham, Arguing: Comparative Politics, Oxford Univ Press 2001
- 6. H.J. Wiarda (ed): New Developments in Comparative Politics. Boulder Lolorado, Westview Press. 1986.
- 7. Dunleavy, Patrick and O' Leavy Theories of State: The Politics of Liberal democracy Macmillan 1987
- 8. Allbrow, Martin, The Global Age: State and Society Beyond Modenity Cambridge Polity Press 1996.
- 9. Carnoy, Martin: The State and Political Theory, Prenceton Univ. Press 1984.
- Dunn John (ed): Contemporary crisis of the Nation State. Cambridge, Blackwell 1995.
- 11. Mc Grew, A.G. et al, (ed): Global Politics Globarization and the nation state Cambridge Polity Press 1992.
- 12. Midgal Joel S, Atul Kohali and Vivienne Shue (ed): State Power and social forces: Domination and Transformation in Third World Cambridge Univ. Press 1994.
- 13. Oommen T.K.: State and Society in India: Studies in Nation Building New Delhi Sage 1990.

	Existing Syllabus		Proposed Syllabus December, 2016	Remarks
	Paper III : Theory of International Politics		Paper III : International Politics	Nomenclature
	Contact hrs.:5		Contact hrs.:5	changed to make the
Obje	ctives: The objective of the course are to introduce the students with the different approaches and methods of studying international politics. One very important component of this paper is postulates about power and instruments of national power.	Obje	the different approaches and methods of studying international politics. One very important component of this paper is postulates about power and instruments of national power.	make the course more comprehensiv e.
	Section I		Section I	
	Meaning, Nature and Scope of International Politics. Evolution and Development of International Politics. Theories of International Politics: Realist, Idealist and Theory of Integration.		Meaning, Nature and Scope of International Politics. Evolution and Development of International Politics. Theories of International Politics: Realist, Idealist and Theory of Integration.	
	Section II		Section II	
	Approaches: A brief survey of Traditional and Modern approaches, Systems Approach of Kaplan, Political Economy Approach. Concept of Power and International Politics as a struggle for Power. Elements of National Power, Changing Nature of National Power.		Approaches: A brief survey of Traditional and Modern approaches, Systems Approach of Kaplan, Political Economy Approach. Concept of Power and International Politics as a struggle for Power. Elements of National Power, Changing Nature of National Power.	
	Section III		Section III	
	Instruments for the promotion of National Interest: Diplomacy, Propaganda. Political warfare and War. Economic Instruments of National Policy, Imperialism and its types and New Imperialism.		Instruments for the promotion of National Interest: Diplomacy, Propaganda. Political warfare and War. Economic Instruments of National Policy, Imperialism and its types and New Imperialism.	
Cor	e Books :	Cor	re Books :	
1.	G. schawarzenbergar : Power Politics, Stevens and Sods Ltd., London.	1.	G. schawarzenbergar : Power Politics, Stevens and Sods Ltd., London.	
2.	Palmer and Perkins : International Relations : Scientific Book Agency, Calcutta.	2.	Palmer and Perkins : International Relations : Scientific Book Agency, Calcutta.	
3.	Dr. M.L. Sharma: Antarrashtriya Sambandh.	3.	Dr. M.L. Sharma: Antarrashtriya Sambandh.	
4.	Sprout and Sprout : Foundation of International Politics, Von Nostrand, Delhi.	4.	Sprout and Sprout : Foundation of International Politics, Von Nostrand, Delhi.	
5.	डॉ. एम.एल. शर्मा : विदेश नीतियाँ	5.	डॉ. एम.एल. शर्मा : विदेश नीतियाँ	
6.	Mahendra Kumar: Theoretical aspects of International Politics.	6.	Mahendra Kumar: Theoretical aspects of International Politics.	
7.	महेन्द्र कुमार : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीतिक के सैद्धान्तिक दृष्टिकोण	7.	महेन्द्र कुमार : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीतिक के सैद्धान्तिक दृष्टिकोण	
Add	itional Readings :	Add	ditional Readings :	
1.	I.L. Calude Jr: Power and International Relations.	1.	I.L. Calude Jr: Power and International Relations.	
2.	John. H Herz: International Politics in the Atomic Age, (Columbia University Press, New York)	2.	John. H Herz: International Politics in the Atomic Age, (Columbia University Press, New York)	

- 3. C.P. Schleicher: International Relations, Princetion, 1962.
- 4. Dr. B. Bhaneja; The Politics of Triangles.
- A.F.K. Origanski: World Politics, Scientific Book Agency Calcutta.
- 6. Garg J.P.: Regionalism in International Politics.
- 7. H.J. Morganthau, Politics Among Nations 6th edition revised by K.W. Thompson New York Alfred Knopf 1985
- 8. Burchill Et.al: Theories of International and Relations Macmillan 2001.
- 9. M.P. Sullivan: Theories of International Politics: Enduring Paradigm in a changing World Hampshire Macmillan 2001.
- 10. C.W. Kegley and E.R. Wittkopf, World Politics: Trends and transformation New York Martin Press 1995
- 11. A.M. Hoogvelt, Globanizaion and the post colonial world: The New Political Economy of Development (Basingstaka Macmillan 1997).
- 12. Cox, Robert and T.J. Sinclain, Approaches to World Order, Cambridge Univ. Press 1996.
- 13. Jayanta Bandhopadhya and Amitava Mukherjee, International Relations Theory: From anarchy to World Government Howrah Manuscript 2001.
- Robert Jackson George Sorensen, Introduction to International Relations. Theories and Approaches. Second Ed Oxford Univ. Press 2003.

Selected Journals:

- 1. Current History
- 2. Foreign Affairs
- 3. Journal of Politics
- 4. World Politics
- 5. Internal Affairs
- 6. International Studies
- 7. World Today
- 8. India Quarterly
- 9. Journal of International Relations

- 3. C.P. Schleicher: International Relations, Princetion, 1962.
- 4. Dr. B. Bhaneja; The Politics of Triangles.
- 5. A.F.K. Origanski: World Politics, Scientific Book Agency Calcutta.
- 6. Garg J.P.: Regionalism in International Politics.
- 7. H.J. Morganthau, Politics Among Nations 6th edition revised by K.W. Thompson New York Alfred Knopf 1985
- 8. Burchill Et.al: Theories of International and Relations Macmillan 2001.
- 9. M.P. Sullivan: Theories of International Politics: Enduring Paradigm in a changing World Hampshire Macmillan 2001.
- 10. C.W. Kegley and E.R. Wittkopf , World Politics : Trends and transformation New York Martin Press 1995
- 11. A.M. Hoogvelt, Globanizaion and the post colonial world: The New Political Economy of Development (Basingstaka Macmillan 1997).
- Cox, Robert and T.J. Sinclain, Approaches to World Order, Cambridge Univ. Press 1996.
- Jayanta Bandhopadhya and Amitava Mukherjee, International Relations Theory: From anarchy to World Government Howrah Manuscript 2001.
- 14. Robert Jackson George Sorensen, Introduction to International Relations. Theories and Approaches. Second Ed Oxford Univ. Press 2003.

Selected Journals:

- 1. Current History
- 2. Foreign Affairs
- 3. Journal of Politics
- 4. World Politics
- 5. Internal Affairs
- 6. International Studies
- 7. World Today
- 8. India Quarterly
- Journal of International Relations

Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus December, 2016	Remarks	
Paper IV : Principles of Public Administration	Paper IV : Principles of Public Administration	1. Some of	
Objectives: This paper provides an introduction of Public Administration to the students. Its meaning, nature, scope and various approaches to its study are discussed in detail. Besides this, Organization, its theories and Personnel Administration of Government Organizations also from a part of this paper. It critically examiners the Executive, parliamentary and Judicial control over administration. Good Governance and its concepts of Right to information, Transparency, Citizen charter, are also under review. Grievance redressal Institutions and people's participation is also highlighted. Section – I Public Administration: Meaning, Nature, Scope Public and Private Administration. New Public Management	Contact hrs.:5 Objectives: This paper provides an introduction of Public Administration to the students. Its meaning, nature, scope and various approaches to its study are discussed in detail. Besides this, Organization, its theories and Personnel Administration of Government Organizations also from a part of this paper. Good Governance and its concepts of Right to information, Transparency, Citizen charter, are also under review. Section – I Public Administration: Meaning, Nature, Scope Public and Private Administration. New Public Management Good Governance, Evolution of the study of Public Administration.	the content deleted from course because these contents was related to applied aspects and the nature of paper is theoretical. As these contents are	
Good Governance, Evolution of the study of Public Administration. Approaches to the study of Public Administration; Classical, Scientific Management, Human relations, Behavioural, Approaches.	Approaches to the study of Public Administration; Classical, Human relations, Behavioural, Approaches. Section – II Principles of Organization: Formal and Informal Organization.	important and useful so they are added in the	
Section – II Principles of Organization: Formal and Informal Organization. Hierarchy. Unity of Command, Span of Control, Authority, Delegation, Leadership Co-ordination, Communication, Decision Making. Personnel Administration: Characteristics of a Good Personnel System: Classification, Recruitment, Training, Promotion.	Hierarchy. Unity of Command, Span of Control, Authority, Delegation, Co-ordination, Administrative Behaviour: Leadership, Communication, Motivation and Decision Making. Section – III Personnel Administration : Meaning, Nature and Types of Bureaucracy, contribution of Max Waber, Classification,	applied aspect related paper. 2. To balance the paper according to	
Section – III	Recruitment, Training, Promotion.	semester	
Control over Administration: Parliamentary, Executive Judicial, Redressal of Citizen's Grievanees (Lokpal and Lokayukta).	References Books:	system	
Problems of Corruption in Administration.	Core Books:		
Administrative Reforms in India with special reference to First & Second Administrative Reforms Commissions.	 अवस्थी एवं माहेश्वरी : प्रशासनिक सिद्धान्त अवस्थी एवं माहेश्वरी : लोक प्रशासन 		
References Books:	 महादेव प्रसाद शर्मा : लोक प्रशासन— सिद्धान्त तथा व्यवहार 		
Core Books: 1. अवस्थी एवं माहेश्वरी : प्रशासनिक सिद्धान्त 2. अवस्थी एवं माहेश्वरी : लोक प्रशासन	 4. M.P. Sharma and B.L. Sadana: Public Administration in Theory and Practice. 5. Noorjahan Bawa: Public Administration in the 21st Century. 		

- 3 महादेव प्रसाद शर्मा : लोक प्रशासन– सिद्धान्त तथा व्यवहार
- 4. M.P. Sharma and B.L. Sadana: Public Administration in Theory and Practice.
- 5. Noorjahan Bawa: Public Administration in the 21st Century.
- 6. प्रभुदत्त शर्मा : लोक प्रशासन

Additional Readings:

- 1. Barnard, C.: Functions of executive.
- 2. March and Simon: Organizations.
- 3. Herbert Simon : Administrative Behaviour.

Selected Journals:

- 1. Indian Journal of Public Administration.
- 2. American Public Administration Review.

6. प्रभुदत्त शर्मा : लोक प्रशासन

Additional Readings:

- 1. Barnard, C.: Functions of executive.
- 2. March and Simon: Organizations.
- 3. Herbert Simon: Administrative Behaviour.

- 1. Indian Journal of Public Administration.
- 2. American Public Administration Review.

Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus December, 2016	Remarks
Paper-V : Social Science Perspectives	Paper-V : Social Science Perspectives	
Rationale: The perspectives in Social Sciences are deeply influenced by values, beliefs and historical concerns. This course introduces the ways in which concepts and theories in social science disciplines are constructed and become instrumental in the understanding of social phenomena. The goal of this course is to acquaint and engage students in discussing different social science disciplines in an integrated manner in terms of perspective, conceptual framework and substantive coverage of relevant social issues. Such a holistic view encompassing different social science disciplines will provide insights to interpret social events at any given point of time. An understanding of the basic ingredients of social science disciplines will help in contextualizing social reality.	Objectives: The course introduces the ways in which concepts and theories in social science disciplines are constructed and become instrumental in the understanding of social phenomena. The objective of this course is to acquaint and engage students in discussing different social science disciplines in an integrated manner in terms of perspective, conceptual framework and substantive coverage of emerging themes Section A The Evolution of Social Science: Philosophy of Knowledge and the study of society in Pre-Modern Era Enlightenment, Modernism and the Idea of Social Sciences'. Idiogrpahic and Nomotheite Dichotomy; The Natural and Social Science Divide	Syllabus is modified in order to make it more theoreticall y sound. The inclusion of Modernism, Idiographic and Nomothetic dichotomy, the addition of Lucknow School, and the philosophic
Section I - Introductory :	 The Interdisciplinary Relations 	al ideas of
(1) What constitutes social sciences		Amartya Sen and

- (i) Social science as a scientific pursuit
- (ii) Difference between natural and social sciences
- (2) Brief history of the growth of social science (using sociology of knowledge framework)
- (3) Key social sciences disciplines and linkages between them and growth of new specialism with interdisciplinary orientation

Section II - Major Paradigm Shifts in Social Sciences

- (1) Historical, Descriptive, Normative Approach.
- (2)Structural Functional Approach
- (3)Marxist Approach. (4) Phenomenology (5) Systems Approach

Section – III Emerging concerns in Social sciences:

- a..Emerging Approaches Post Modernism, Interdisciplinarity
- b.New Research Foci Environment, Globalization
- c. Growth of Social Sciences in India, Brief History and Emerging concerns

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Mckenzie: A Guide to Social Sciences. (for topic 1)
- 2. Wallerstein: Open the Social Sciences (for topic 2)
- 3. 'History as a Social Science': International Social Science Journal, UNESCO (for topic 3)
- 4. Nagel Ernest: The Structure of Science (for topic 2)
- 1. Kuhn T.S.: Structure of Scientific Revolution (for all topic)
- 2. A Sociology of Sociology (for topic 2)
- 3. Turner, Jonathan: Structure of Sociological Theory
- 4. Ritzer: Classical Sociological Theory

Section-B

Perspectives to Social Phenomena:

- Historical, Normative Approach Classical Economy
- Critique of Political Economy; Psycho-analytical Interpretation'
- The 'Orient' and 'Occident' Perspective: Lucknow School, Lohian Approach,; Amartya Sen (Welfare Economics and Social Justice); Peter Winch, Thomas Kuhn'

Section- C

Emerging Themes:

- Cliometrics and the Quantitative analysis of the Social Change
- Science, Technology and Ecology
- Developing ideas on 'Self': Self Concept, Self Esteem and Social Identity'

References:

- Allbrow, Martin, The Global Age: State and Society Beyond Modernity, Cambridge: Polity Press 1996.
- Almond, G. A. and Powell, G. B.: Comparative Politics A Developmental Approach, Boston: Little Brown and Co., 1966.
- Atal, Yogesh, Social Science: The Indian Scene, New Delhi:
 Abhinav Pub., 2003
- Bunge, Mario, Social Science under Debate: A Philosophical Perspective, Toronto: University of Toronto Press, 1999.
- Coolingwoord, R.G., The *Iof History*, New York: Oxford University Press. 1946.
- Dube, S.C., Social Sciences and Social Realities, Shimla: IIAS, 1976.
- Easton, David, A System Analysis of Political Life, John Wiley and Sons, Inc. 1965.
- Flyvbjerg, Bent, Making Social Science Matter: Why Social Inquiry Fails and How it Can Succeed Again, Cambridge: Cambridge

Peter Winch will help to understand the evolution and developmen t of Social Science till the contempora ry times. At the same time. fundamenta ls of the existing syllabus have been kept intact and the developing paradigms in the Social. Science Research have been included.

- 5. योगेश अटल : समाजशास्त्र : एक विधिवत अध्ययन
- 6. Mckenzie: A Guide to Social Sciences (for topic 1)
- 7. Abraham Francis: Modern Sociological Theory (for topic 3)
- 8. Deutsch, K.: Nerves of Government (for topic 5)
- 9. Deutsch, K.: Article in International Social Science Journa Steger: Globalization: A Very Short Introduction, OUP (for topic-2)
- 10. Brundland Committee Report, 'Our Common Future' UNESCO (for topic-2)
- 11 International Social Science Journal, Special Edition (for topic-1)
- 12 Atal Yogesh; Social Science : The Indian Scene. (for topic-3)
- Dube, S.C.: Social Sciences and Social Realities, IIAS, Shimla, 1976. (for topic-3)
- 14 Atal Yogesh; Dube: S.C.: On Crisis and Commitment in Social Sciences, Abhinav Pub. New Delhi (for topic-3)
- Gupta Surendra. K.: Emerging Social Science Concerns: Concept Pub., 2004 (for topic-3)
- Joshi, P.C.: Social Science and Development (Quest for Relevance) Harward Pub., New Delhi.

University Press, 2003,

- Gupta, Surendra. K., Emerging Social Science Concerns, Concept Pub., 2004
- Harrington, Austin, Hermeneutic Dialogue and Social Science: A Critique of Gadamer and Habermas, London and New York: Routledge, 2005.
- Hutcheon, L., The Politics of Postmodernism, London and New York: Routledge, 1989.
- Joshi, P.C., Social Science and Development: Quest for Relevance, New Delhi: Har-Anand, 1995.
- Kuhn T.S., Structure of Scientific Revolution, University of Chicago Press, 2012
- Mckenzie, N, A Guide to Social Sciences, Weidenfeld & Nicolson (1966)
- Mehta, V.R., Foundations of Indian Political Thought, Manohar Publications, 1996
- Sen, Amartya, The Idea of Justice,
- Harvard University Press, 2008.
- Winch, Peter, The Idea of Social Sciences, London and New York: Routledge, 2008.

M.A. II Semester

Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus	Remarks
	April/May, 2017	
Paper I : Western Political Thought - Part II	Paper I: Contemporary Political Thought	1. Four
Contact hrs.:5		thinkers
Objectives: The main purpose of this paper is to impart knowledge of the contributions that scholars made in the development of political science. The paper also aims at inculcating in students the legacy of the thinkers with the view to establish the continuity and change within the western political traditions. Section I Karl Marx, H.J. Laski Section II Lenin, Mao, Gramsci	Objectives: The main purpose of this paper is to impart knowledge of the contributions that scholars made in the development of Political Science. The paper also aims at inculcating in students the legacy of the Contemporary thinkers with the view to establish the continuity and change within the western political traditions. Section I Mary Wollstonecraft: Ideas on Feminism, French Revolution.	deleted in the course. Two thinkers are added in the first semester course. 2. As
Section III	Simone de Beauvior: Ideas on Feminism.	increasing
John Rawls, Robert Nozik, MacIntyre	Hannah Arendt: Ideas on Totalitarianism, Feminism Revolution.	relevance
Core Books :	Section II	of
1. Davidson: Political Thought from Bentham to J. Mill. 2. Dunning: History of political Theories Vol. I, II & III 3. Foster: Master of Political Thought, 4. Jones: Master of Political Thought, 5. Laneaster: Master of Political Thought, Volume III 6. Macll Wain: Growth of Political Thought 7. Sabine: A History of Political Theory 8. Catlin: Political Philosphers (George Allen and Unwin) 9. Hearnshaw: The Social and Political Ideas of Some Great Political Thinkers (George Harrap) 10. Barker: Political Thought form! 848 to 1914 (Home University) यूनानी राजनीतिक विचारधारा: अनुवादक विष्णुदत्त मिश्र। Additional Readings: 1. Jown Bowle: Western Political Thought, (Methuen. London) 2. Bertrand Russell: A History of Western Philosophy (Akken and Unwin) 3. Phillis Doyal: A History of Political Thought (Jonathan Caoe)	Antonio Gramsci: Ideas on Marxism, State and Civil Society, Theory of Cultural Hegemony. Althuser: Theory of Ideology, Marxist Theory, Structuralism. Jurgen Hebermas: Critical Society Theory, Ideas on Communicative Action. Section III John Rawls: Theory of Justice. Robert Nozick: Ideas on Anarchism, Minimal State. Alasdair MacIntyre: Communitarianism, Theory of Virtue Ethics. Suggested Readings: 1. Skoble, J. Aeon & Machan, Tibor: Political Philosophy: Essential Selections, Pearson Education 2. Laneaster: Master of Political Thought, Volume III 3. Barker: Political Thought from 1848 to 1914 (Home University) 4. Feser, Edward: On Nozick 5. Roberts, Peri & Sutch, Peter: An Introduction to Political Thought 6. Om Prakash Gauba: "Rajneeti-Vicharak Vishvakosh", National Publication	contempor ary political thought the new course is introduced this includes some of important thinkers who has added new dimension s in political thought.

Existing Syllabus Proposed Syllabus Remarks April/May, 2017 Paper II: Comparative Politics: Issues and Challenges Paper II: Contemporary Political Theory The previous Contact hrs.:5 Contact hrs.:5 is course **Objectives:** The objectives of the paper is to develop acquaintance among **Objectives:** This course will introduce students to some widely used concepts deleted and the students regarding issues and challenges of the state and and approaches in the study of Political Theory. This course will begin course constitutionalism in the 21st century and emerging issues in the by tracing the origin, development, and nature of Political Theory. The contents are comparative politics. different concepts and instruments for the analysis of political systems added in the Section 1 such as Systems Analysis, Structural-Functional Analysis, Group first semester Theory, Decision Making Approach and Communication Approach Constitutionalism: Theory and Practice, Sources of strain in course. will be studied. The course also enables the students to understand the Here Modern Constitutional Practices. State in Contemporary perspective: Democratic, Authoritarian, State in Developing contemporary concepts and issues of Political Theory concerning, Post shifted the Modernism, feminism, multiculturalism and environmentalism etc. course of Countries, issues and Challenges before state in 21st Century. Section I Contemporar Section II political Political Theory: Traditional Perspective, Nature, Characteristics, Executive, Legislature, Judiciary – Emerging issues and trends. theory which role and limitations. Shift from Traditional to Modern Perspective. Section III Behavioural revolution; meaning nature role and limitations, Post previously at Behavioural Perspective in Political Science. Debate about the Political Participation, Theories of Representation, Gender, Ethnic no. IV in this decline and revival of Political Theory and nature of the revival of identity and Cultural Pluralism, Concept of Elite. semester. Political Theory. Core Books: Section II Carl J. Friedrich: Constitutional Government and Democracy Approaches to Contemporary Political Theory: General Systems (Blaisell Publishing co., New York). Approach, Group Theory, Decision Making Approach. Lasswell's Cory and Abraham: Elements of Democratic Government (Oxford distributive analysis. University press, New York). Section III 3. Finer: Theory and Practice of Modern Government. Major issues and recent trends in Contemporary Theory: Post Pennock and smith-Political Science-An Introduction (Macmillan Modernism, Feminism, Multiculturalism and Environmentalism Co., New York) Core Books: Samuel H. Baer and Adam B. Ulam: Patterns of Government: The James C. Chartesworth (ed.): Contemporary Political Analysis, Free mojor political Systems of Europe. Press. New York 1967. Verney: The Analysis of Political System (Free Press). David Easton: The Political System - An Inquiry into the state of Jean Blondel: An Introduction to comparative government, Political Science, Alffred A. Knopf Inc., 1963. London, Weidenfield and Nicolson 1970. Harold D. Lasswell: Politics, Who Gets, What, When & How, Mc S.F. Finer: Comparative Government, Penguin 1970. Graw Hill and Co. Inc., New York, 1969. **Additional Readings:** Dante Germino: Beyond Ideology: Revival of Political Theory, Harper and Row, New York, 1969. Dunleavy, Patrick and O' Leavy Theories of State: The Politics of Liberal democracy Macmillan 1987 Eugene J. Meehan: Contemporary Political Thought - A. Critical

- 2. allbrow, Martin, The Global Age: State and Society Beyond Modenity Cambridge Polity Press 1996.
- 3. Carnoy, Martin, The State and Political Theory, Prenceton Univ. Press 1984.
- 4. Dunn John (ed), Contemporary crisis of the Nation State. Cambridge, Blackwell 1995.
- 5. Mc Grew, A.G. et al, (ed) Global Politics Globarization and the nation state Cambridge Polity Press 1992.
- 6. Midgal Joel S, Atul Kohali and Vivienne Shue (ed), State Power and social forces: Domination and Transformation in Third World Cambridge Univ. Press 1994.
- 7. Oommen T.K, State and Society in India: Studies in Nation Building New Delhi Sage 1990.
- 8. R.H. Chilcote, Theories of comparative politics: The Search for a paradigm Reconsidered, Baulder Colorado, Westview Press, 1994.
- G.A. Almond, Comparative Politics today: A World view 7th Edn. New York London, Harper / Collins 2000.
- 10. L.J. Cantori and A.H. Zeigler (ed), Comparative Politics in the Post Behaviouralist Era, London, HymneRenner Publish 1988.
- 11. R.Hague and M. Harrap, Comparative Government and Politics :
 An Introduction 5th ed. Palgrave 2001.
- 12. J. Manor (ed), Rethinking third world politics Logmanl 1991.
- 13. T. Skoopal, State and Social Relation: A comparative Analysis of France, Russia and China. Cambridge University Press.
- 14. a. Stephan , Arguing Comparative politics, Oxford University Press 2001.
- 15. H.J. Wiarda (ed)., New Developments in Comparative Politics. Boulder Colorado. West view Press 1986.

- Study, Dorsey Press, 1967.
- 6. Eugene J. Meehan: The Theory and method of Political Analysis, Homewood, III., 1965.
- 7. Hayes and Hedlund (ed.). The Conduct of Political inquiry: Behavioural Political Analysis, Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, Jersey, 1970.
- 8. S.P. Verma: Modern Political Theory, Vikas, Delhi.
- 9. Kerlingr: Foundations of Behavioural Research.

Additional Readings:

- 1. Arnold Brecht: Political Theory: Foundations of Twentieth Centurey Political Thought, Princeton University Press, 1959.
- 2. Ronald Young (ed.): Approaches to the Study of Political Science, North Western University Press, 1958.
- 3. David Easton : Framework to Political Analysis, Prentice Hall Inc. 1965.
- 4. David Easton: A System Analysis of Political Life, John Wiley and Sons, Inc. 1965.
- 5. Lasswell and Kaplan: Power and Society: Framework for Political Inquiry, Yale University, 1953.
- 6. Ausun Ranney, (ed.): Essays on the Behavioural Study of Politics, Urbana, 1962.
- 7. Almond and Powell: Comparative Politics A Developmental approach, Little arown and Co. Bosten: 1966.
- 3. Samuel P. Huntigntion: Political Order in Changing Societies, New Haven and London. 1961.
- 9. Hass and Hariel, (ed.): Approaches to the Study of Political Science, Chandler Publishing Co., 1970.
- S. Ramaswamy: Political theory; ideas and concepts Delhi Macmillan 2002.
- L. Strauss: Liberalism: Ancient and modern, New York basic Books 1968.
- 12. Hutcheon: The politics of Postmodernism London and New York Routledge 1989.

Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus April/May, 2017	Remarks
Paper III : International Politics : Contemporary Issues in International Politics	Paper III: International Politics: Issues and Challenges Contact hrs.:5	Nomenclatu re changed
Objectives: The objective of the paper are to give knowledge about various dimensions of international and highlight major issues and debates in the international relations with special reference to Post	Objectives: The objective of the paper are to give knowledge about various dimensions of international and highlight major issues and debates in the international relations with special reference to Post Cold War era.	to make the course more specific and appealing.
Cold War era.	Section I	
Section I Management of National Power: Balance of Power, Collective Security to Cooperative Security and Changing Concept of National Security and challenges to Nation State. Disarmament and Arms	Management of National Power: Balance of Power, Collective Security to Cooperative Security and Changing Concept of National Security and challenges to Nation State. Disarmament and Arms Control, World Public Opinion, U.N. and International Politics.	
Control, World Public Opinion, U.N. and International Politics.	Section II	
Section II	Bipolarity to Unipolarity, Polycentrism, Contemporary issues in Post Cold War era, Peace and Conflict Resolution Emergence of	
Bipolarity to Unipolarity, Polycentrism, Contemporary issues in Post Cold War era, Peace and Conflict Resolution Emergence of	Developing Countries, Changes and Challenges, NAM: its role and relevance.	
Developing Countries, Changes and Challenges, NAM: its role and relevance.	Section III	
Section III	Liberalization, Globalization, Terrorism, and Fundamentalism Regionalism in International Politics, Human Rights, Gender and	
Liberalization, Globalization, Terrorism, and Fundamentalism	Enviornment in International Politics.	
Regionalism in International Politics, Human Rights, Gender and Environment in International Politics.	Core Books:	
Core Books:	1. H.J. Morganthan: Politics Among Nations 6 th ed. Revised by K.W. Thompson New York Alfred Knopf 1985.	
1. H.J. Morganthan : Politics Among Nations 6 th ed. Revised by K.W. Thompson New York Alfred Knopf 1985.	Burchill Et.al. : Theories of International Relations Macmillan 2001.	
2. Burchill Et.al. : Theories of International Relations Macmillan 2001.	3. M.P. Sullivan : Theories of International Politics : Enduring Paradigm in a changing World. Hampshire Macmillan 2001.	
3. M.P. Sullivan : Theories of International Politics : Enduring Paradigm in a changing World. Hampshire Macmillan 2001.	4. C.W. Kegley and : World Politics : Trends and Transformation, New E.R. Wittkopf York Martin Press 1995.	
4. C.W. Kegley and : World Politics : Trends and Transformation, New	A.M. Hoogvelt : Globalization and the post colonial world : The New Political Economy of Development	
E.R. Wittkopf York Martin Press 1995.	(Macmillan 1997)	
5. A.M. Hoogvelt : Globalization and the post colonial world : The New Political Economy of Development	6. Cox, Robert and : Approaches to world order, (Cambridge University	

(Macmillan 1997)

6. Cox, Robert and : Approaches to world order, (Cambridge University

T.J. Sinclain Press 1996)

7. Jayant Bandhopadhya and

Amitav Mukherjee: International Relations Theory: From Anarchy to World Government Howrah Manuscript 2001

- 8. Robert Jackson Georg Sorensen: Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches (Second Ed Oxford Univ Press 2003.
- 9. P Aghen and J. Williamson: Growth Inequality and Globanization Cambridge Univ Press 1998.
- 10. D Hettne: Globalism and the New Regionlism Macmillan 1999
- 11. A. Gamble and A Payne (eds): Regionalism Macmillan 1996
- 12. F Fratochwil and E Mansfied (ed), International organization : A Reader New York Harper Collins 1994.
- 13. M. Waters: Globanization 2nd ed.: Routledge 2000.

Selected Journals:

- 1. Current History
- 2. Foreign Affairs
- 3. World Politics
- 4. South Asian Survey
- 5. International Affairs
- 6. International Studies
- 7. World Today
- Current History

T.J. Sinclain Press 1996)

7. Jayant Bandhopadhya and

Amitav Mukherjee: International Relations Theory: From Anarchy to World Government Howrah Manuscript 2001

- 8. Robert Jackson Georg Sorensen: Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches (Second Ed Oxford Univ Press 2003.
- 9. P Aghen and J. Williamson: Growth Inequality and Globanization Cambridge Univ Press 1998.
- 10. D Hettne: Globalism and the New Regionlism Macmillan 1999
- 11. A. Gamble and A Payne (eds): Regionalism Macmillan 1996
- 12. F Fratochwil and E Mansfied (ed), International organization : A Reader New York Harper Collins 1994.
- 13. M. Waters: Globanization 2nd ed.: Routledge 2000.

- 1. Current History
- Foreign Affairs
- 3. World Politics
- 4. South Asian Survey
- 5. International Affairs
- 6. International Studies
- 7. World Today
- 8. Current History

Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus	Remarks
Paper IV : Contemporary Political Theory	April/May, 2017 Paper IV : Public Administration in India	1. Previous
	ntact hrs.:5 Contact hrs.	_
Objectives: This course will introduce students to some veroncepts and approaches in the study of Political Tecourse will begin by tracing the origin, development, and Political Theory. The different concepts and equipme analysis of political systems such as Systems Analysis, Functional Analysis, Group Theory, Decision Making Apt Communication Approach will be studied. The course of the students to understand the contemporary concepts and Political Theory concerning feminism, multiple environmentalism and Post Modernism etc. Section 1	development of central administrative system in India as well as make them familiar them present systems and processes. Beside develop a deeper understanding of administrative problems and also enables and issues of culturalism, Evaluation of Indian Administration with special reference to the influence of British Rule. Salient Features of Indian Administration in Indian Administration in Indian Administration with special reference to the influence of British Rule. Salient Features of Indian Administration in Indian Ind	semester 2. Course content shifted from paper IV (First Semester) and adjusted here to make the balance between
Political Theory: Traditional Perspective, Nature, Charrole and limitations. Shift from Traditional to Modern Perspective in Political Science. Debate about the Political Science.	rspective. Finance. out the	papers and semesters. 3. To make it more
decline and revival of Political Theory and nature of the Political Theory. Section II	revival of Section - II Financial Administration : Budget Formulation, Budget approval as Budget execution.	topics with
Approaches to Contemporary Political Theory: General Approach, Group Theory, Decision Making Approach. L distributive analysis.	Systems Financial Control over Administration: Countroller and Audit	new ones.
Section III Major issues and recent trends in Contemporary Theory		d
Modernism, Feminism, Multiculturalism, Environmental Development issues in Political Theory.	Section – III	
Core Books :	Control Over Administration: Legislative, Executive and Judicial.	
1. James C. Chartesworth (ed.): Contemporary Political Ar Free Press, New York 1967.	Administrative Ethics and Problem of corruption.	
2. David Easton: The Political System - An Inquiry into th Political Science, Alffred A. Knopf Inc., 1963.	e state of Administrative Reforms in India with special reference to first second A.R.C.	&
3. Harold D. Lasswell: Politics, Who Gets, What, When & Graw Hill and Co. Inc., New York, 1969.	How, Mc Core Books:	
4. Dante Germino : Beyond Ideology : Revival of Political	Theory, 1. Ramesh Arora & Rajni Goyal : Public Administration	

- Harper and Row, New York, 1969.
- 5. Eugene J. Meehan: Contemporary Political Thought A. Critical Study, Dorsey Press, 1967.
- 6. Eugene J. Meehan: The Theory and method of Political Analysis, Homewood, III., 1965.
- 7. Hayes and Hedlund (ed.). The Conduct of Political inquiry: Behavioural Political Analysis, Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, Jersey, 1970.
- 8. S.P. Verma: Modern Political Theory, Vikas, Delhi.
- 9. Kerlingr: Foundations of Behavioural Research.

Additional Readings:

- 1. Arnold Brecht: Political Theory: Foundations of Twentieth Centurey Political Thought, Princeton University Press, 1959.
- 2. Ronald Young (ed.): Approaches to the Study of Political Science, North Western University Press, 1958.
- 3. David Easton: Framework to Political Analysis, Prentice Hall Inc. 1965.
- 4. David Easton: A System Analysis of Political Life, John Wiley and Sons, Inc. 1965.
- 5. Lasswell and Kaplan: Power and Society: Framework for Political Inquiry, Yale University, 1953.
- 6. Ausun Ranney, (ed.): Essays on the Behavioural Study of Politics, Urbana, 1962.
- 7. Almond and Powell: Comparative Politics A Developmental approach, Little arown and Co. Bosten: 1966.
- 8. Samuel P. Huntigntion: Political Order in Changing Societies, New Haven and London. 1961.
- 9. Hass and Hariel, (ed.): Approaches to the Study of Political Science, Chandler Publishing Co., 1970.
- 10. S. Ramaswamy: Political theory; ideas and concepts Delhi Macmillan 2002.
- L. Strauss: Liberalism: Ancient and modern, New York basic Books 1968.
- 12. Hutcheon: The politics of Postmodernism London and New York Routledge 1989.

- 2. S.R. Maheshwari: Indian Administration
- 3. C.P. Bhambri: Public Administration in India
- 4. Ashok Chanda: Indian Administration in India
- 5. Parmatma Sharn: Public Administration in India
- 6. Avasthi & Avasthi : Public Administration in India
- 7. M.V. Pyles: Constitutional Government in india
 - R.B. Jain: Contemporary Issues in Indian Administration
- 9. S.S. Khera: District Administration in India.
- 10. R.M. Khandelwal: State Level
- 11. रवीन्द्र शर्मा, राज्य प्रशासन

8.

- अशोक शर्मा, स्थानीय स्वशासन
- 13. B.S. Khanna: Panchayati Raj. in India National Perspective Perspective on State Studies, New Delhi, Deep & Deep, 1994.

Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus April/May, 2017	Remarks
Paper V: Research Techniques in Social Sciences	Paper V: Research Techniques in Social Sciences	1. Goals are
Contact hrs.: 5	Contact hrs.: 5	included in Research
Rationale- The Social investigation of a social phenomenon requires certain procedures and techniques used in survey research methods which may cut across various disciplines. Research Methodology, thus is not disciplines specific, but may be used by the students of various disciplines, especially in social sciences, are exposed and made aware of the various procedures and techniques of research methods. The present syllabus, which will be common for the students of various social science disciplines, has been designed to achieve dual goals. The emphasis in this paper is more on the procedure and techniques of survey research requires for social investigation.	Rationale- The Social investigation of a social phenomenon requires certain procedures and techniques used in survey research methods which may cut across various disciplines. Research Methodology, thus, is not disciplines specific, but may be used by the students of various disciplines, especially in social sciences, are exposed and made aware of the various procedures and techniques of research methods. The present syllabus, which will be common for the students of various social science disciplines, has been designed to achieve dual goals. The emphasis in this paper is more on the procedure and techniques of survey research requires for social investigation.	Design 2. Selecting Field and Selecting Sample are included in Sampling in new proposed syllabus.
Techniques of Selection	Formulation of Research Problem.	
Formulation of Research Problem.	Research Design.	
Devising Research Strategy in terms of	Formation and types of hypothesis. Sampling.	
(i) Goals Exploratory, Descriptive, Explanatory, Comparative	Section- B	
(Cross sectional, longitudinal, spatial comparison)	Source of Primary and Secondary data including library and	
(ii) Selecting Field (Universe)	e-resources.	
(ii) Selecting a Sample	Techniques of Quantitative & Qualitative Data Collection: interview, Schedule, Questionnaire, Observation & Oral history.	
Section-II	Case Study & Content Analysis.	
Techniques of Data Collection	Section- C	
(i) Types of Data: Primary and Secondary Data.	Classification & Tabulation.	
(ii) Techniques of Primary Data Collection : Observation,	Graphic Presentation- Histogram, Bare & Pie diagram.	
Interview, Questionnaire and Schedule	Analysis of Quantitative data: Measures of Central tendency (Mean, Median, Mode), Standard deviation, correlation coefficient.	
(iii) Sources of Secondary Data	An Overview of Hypothesis Testing (A detailed discussion of t, F, Z,	
(iv) Content Analysis	χ^2 tests and their applications are not required).	
Essential Readings :	Analysis of Qualitative data: Successive Approximation and The Illustrative Method.	
 Sellitz, G., Jahoda M., Cook Stuart W. Holt Runehar & Winston, Research Methods in Social Relations, New York. Goode W.J. and P.K. Hatt: Methods of Social Research, New 	Report writing and the writing of research papers. References: 1. Sellitz, G., Jahoda M., Cook Stuart W. Holt Runehar & Winston, Research Methods in Social Relations, New York, 2003.	

York, Free Press, 1987.

Section-III

Techniques of Analysis and Presentation

- (i) Coding and Tabulation
- (ii) Scale and Index Construction: SES, SPE
- (iii) Tabular Presentation : (a) Univariate, Bivariate, Multivariate
- (b) Interpreting Tables : concept of data matrix and property space.
- (iv) (a) Analysis of quantitative data: Measures of central tendency (Arthmetic Mean, Median, Mode), Standard deviation, Correlation Coefficient. Chi-square.
 - (b) Analysis of qualitative data: Association of attributes.
- (v) Graphic Presentation : Histogram, Bar diagram, Pie (Use of computer)
 - (vi) Report Writing and preparation of Bibliography.

Note: Internal assessment will be based on practical work.

Reference Books:

- **1.** Sijoberg Gideon and Nett Roger: A Methodology for Social Research, Rawat Publication, Jaipur 2002.
- **2.** Rosenburg Kenneth: Statistics for Behavioural Sciences. W. C. Brown Publishers, 1990.
- **3.** Black Thomas; Understanding Social sciences Research, Sage Publication, New Delhi, 2001.
- **4.** Mariampolski H.; Quantitative market Research- A comprehensive Guide sage Publication, New Delhi.

- 2. Goode W.J. and P.K. Hatt, Methods of Social Research, New York, Free Press, 1987.
- 3. Babbie, E.R., Survey Research Methods, Wadsworth Publishing Company, Belmont California, 2005.
- 4. Shah, Vimal P., Reporting Research, Rachana Prakashan, Ahemedabad, 2001.
- 5. Sijoberg Gideon and Nett Roger, A Methodology for Social Research, Rawat Publication, Jaipur 2002.
- 6. Kothari, C.R., Research Methodology- Methods and Techniques, Wiley and Eastern Limited New Delhi, 2008.
- 7. Rosenburg Kenneth, Statistics for Behavioural Sciences, W. C. Brown Publishers, 1990.
- **8.** Black Thomas, Understanding Social Sciences Research, Sage Publication, New Delhi, 2001
- **9.** Mariampolski H., Quantitative Market Research- A comprehensive Guide Sage Publication, New Delhi, 2001

M.A. III SEMESTER

	Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus December, 2017	Remarks
	Paper I : Indian Polity I	Paper I : Indian Polity I	No Change
	Contact hrs.:5	Contact hrs.:5	
Obj	ectives: To give an overview political system of India at the centre and generate ability to critically analyze various issues there in.	Objectives: To give an overview political system of India at the centre and generate ability to critically analyze various issues there in.	
	Section I	Section I	
	Framing of the Indian Constitution: Composition and Working of Constituent Assembly. Sources of the Indian Constitution, Characteristics of the Indian Political System. Ideological Contents: Preamble of the Indian Constitution, Fundamental Rights, Fundamental Duties, Directive Principles of State policy. Amendment Process in the Indian Constitution.	Framing of the Indian Constitution: Composition and Working of Constituent Assembly. Sources of the Indian Constitution, Characteristics of the Indian Political System. Ideological Contents: Preamble of the Indian Constitution, Fundamental Rights, Fundamental Duties, Directive Principles of State policy. Amendment Process in the Indian Constitution.	
	Section II	Section II	
	Union Executive: President, Prime Minister, Cabinet, Theory and Practice of Parliamentary System and the Working of the Coalition Government in India. Parliament: Composition, Powers, Functions, Relationship between Rajya Sabha and Lok-Sabha, Issue of Supremacy and decline of Indian Parliament.	Union Executive: President, Prime Minister, Cabinet, Theory and Practice of Parliamentary System and the Working of the Coalition Government in India. Parliament: Composition, Powers, Functions, Relationship between Rajya Sabha and Lok-Sabha, Issue of Supremacy and decline of Indian Parliament.	
	Section III	Section III	
	Judiciary: Composition, and Jurisdiction of Supreme Court. Judicial Review and Judicial Activism, Need of Independence and Reforms in Structure. Indian Democracy – A Critical Assessment.	Judiciary: Composition, and Jurisdiction of Supreme Court. Judicial Review and Judicial Activism, Need of Independence and Reforms in Structure. Indian Democracy – A Critical Assessment. Core Books:	
Co	e Books :	C.H. Alexandrowiz : Constitutional Development in India.	
1.	C.H. Alexandrowiz: Constitutional Development in India.	2. Granville Austin : The Indian Constitution : Cornerstone of a Nation	
2.	Granville Austin: The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation (Clarendon Press, Oxford, 1966).	(Clarendon Press, Oxford, 1966).	
3.	A.B. Keith: Constitutional History of India (1900-1935).	 A.B. Keith: Constitutional History of India (1900-1935). N.D. Palmer: The Indian Political System. 	
4.	N.D. Palmer : The Indian Political System.	 N.D. Palmer: The Indian Political System. M.V. Pylee: Constitutional Government in India. 	
5.	M.V. Pylee : Constitutional Government in India.	6. W.H. Maorris Jones : Government and Politics of India.	
6.	W.H. Maorris Jones : Government and Politics of India.	7. सुभाष कश्यप : भारत का संवैधानिक विकास और स्वाधीनता संघर्ष	

- 7. सुभाष कश्यप : भारत का संवैधानिक विकास और स्वाधीनता संघर्ष
- 8. रजनी कोठारी : भारतीय राजनीति।
- 9. Reddy and Sheshadri: Politics and Society.
- डॉ. एम.पी. राय : भारतीय सरकार एवं राजनीति : कॉलेज बुक डिपो त्रिपोलिया, जयपुर।
- 11. Singhvi L.M.: Indian Parties & Politics (in Hidni & English)

Additional Readings:

- 1. Sir Ivor Jeanings : Some Characteristics of the Indian Constitution.
- 2. W.H. Morries Jones : Parliament in India. 1957.
- Rechard L. Park and Irene Tinker (ed): Leadershi and Political Institutions in India.
- 4. Myron Weiner: Party Politics in India The development of Multi Party System.
- 5. Myron Weiner : Politics of Scarcity : Public Pressure and Political Response in India.
- 6. Bayley D.H.: Police and Political Development in India.
- 7. S.L. Shakdhar: Parliamentary Practices in India.
- 8. Justice Hegde : Bhartiya Samvidhan Men Rajya ke Neeti Nirdeshak Tatva.
- 9. L.K. Singhvi (ed) : विदेशों में निर्वाचन, भारत में निर्वाचन
- 10. Bhawani Singh: The Council of States in India, Meenakshi Prakashan, Meerut.
- 11. Sharma, P.D., Pant, H.G. (ed.), Constitutional System in India, New Delhi, 1983.
- 12. Singhvi L.M. Indian Political Parties (in Hindi & English)
- 13. सिंघवी, एल.एम. : भारत का संविधान : चुनौतियां और उत्तर।
- 14. P.R. Brass, Politics of India since Independence 2ed. Cambridge.
- 15. P. Chatterjee (ed) State and Politics in India Delhi Oxford Press 1997.
- 16. P. Chatterjee and B. Chakraborty Social Movements in Contemporary India (Calcutta, K.P. Bagchi and Co. 1999.)
- 17. M.V. Pylee, A Introduction to the Constitution of India New Delhi Vikas 1998.
- 18. G. Austin: Working of a Democratic Constitution: The Indian

- रजनी कोठारी : भारतीय राजनीति ।
- 9. Reddy and Sheshadri: Politics and Society.
- 0. डॉ. एम.पी. राय : भारतीय सरकार एवं राजनीति : कॉलेज बुक डिपो त्रिपोलिया, जयपुर।
- 11. Singhvi L.M.: Indian Parties & Politics (in Hidni & English)

Additional Readings:

- 1. Sir Ivor Jeanings : Some Characteristics of the Indian Constitution.
- 2. W.H. Morries Jones: Parliament in India. 1957.
- Rechard L. Park and Irene Tinker (ed): Leadershi and Political Institutions in India.
- 4. Myron Weiner: Party Politics in India The development of Multi Party System.
- 5. Myron Weiner: Politics of Scarcity: Public Pressure and Political Response in India.
- 6. Bayley D.H.: Police and Political Development in India.
- 7. S.L. Shakdhar: Parliamentary Practices in India.
- 8. Justice Hegde: Bhartiya Samvidhan Men Rajya ke Neeti Nirdeshak Tatya.
- 9. L.K. Singhvi (ed) : विदेशों में निर्वाचन, भारत में निर्वाचन
- Bhawani Singh: The Council of States in India, Meenakshi Prakashan, Meerut.
- 11. Sharma, P.D., Pant, H.G. (ed.), Constitutional System in India, New Delhi, 1983.
- 12. Singhvi L.M. Indian Political Parties (in Hindi & English)
- 13. सिंघवी, एल.एम. : भारत का संविधान : चुनौतियां और उत्तर।
- 4. P.R. Brass, Politics of India since Independence 2ed. Cambridge.
- 15. P. Chatterjee (ed) State and Politics in India Delhi Oxford Press 1997.
- 16. P. Chatterjee and B. Chakraborty Social Movements in Contemporary India (Calcutta, K.P. Bagchi and Co. 1999.)
- 17. M.V. Pylee, A Introduction to the Constitution of India New Delhi Vikas 1998.
- 18. G. Austin: Working of a Democratic Constitution: The Indian Experience Delhi Oxford Univ. Press, 2000.
- 19. M. Weiner, The Indian Paradox: Essays in Indian Politics Sage,

Experience Delhi Oxford Univ. Press, 2000.

- 19. M. Weiner, The Indian Paradox : Essays in Indian Politics Sage, 1999.
- 20. S. Kaviraj, Politics in India, Delhi Univ., Press 1998.

Selected Journals:

- 1. Pacific Affairs.
- 2. Asian Survey.
- 3. Journal of Commonwealth Political Studies.
- 4. Journal of Asian Studies.
- 5. Indian Journal of Political Science.
- 6. Political Science Review.

1999.

20. S. Kaviraj, Politics in India, Delhi Univ., Press 1998.

- Pacific Affairs.
- Asian Survey.
- 3. Journal of Commonwealth Political Studies.
- 4. Journal of Asian Studies.
- 5. Indian Journal of Political Science.
- 6. Political Science Review.

Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus December, 2017	Remarks
Paper II: Public International Law I Contact hrs.:5 Objectives: The objective of the course to cultivate interest of the students in international law especially in the age of interdependence and globalization, the content of the paper include: nature, basic sources, subjects, legal principles of recognition, succession and issues of jurisdiction, roles and principles of diplomatic immunities etc.	Objectives: The objective of the course is to cultivate interest of the students in International Law especially in the age of interdependence and globalization. The content of the paper include: nature, Scope, sources, subjects, legal principles of recognition, succession and issues of state jurisdiction, roles and settlement of international disputes, law of War and Neutrality.	The course is enriched according to recent developmen ts in the paper. And deleted some of the contents as
Section I Meaning, Nature and Scope of International Law, Contributory factors to the growth of International law after II World War. Codification of International Law Sources of International Law, Relations between International Law and Municipal Law. Emerging issues and challenges in International Law. Section II Subjects of International Law: Sovereign states and partially sovereign states, Composite international persons, Non state entities. State Territory, modes of acquisition and loss of state territory, Succession of state, Recognition of state. State jurisdiction limits on state jurisdiction.	Section I International Law: Meaning, Nature, Scope of International Law, Contributory factors to the growth of International Law after II World War Sources of International Law, Codification of International Law, Relations between International Law and Municipal Law; United Nation's contribution to International Law. Section II Subjects and Theories of International Law: Subjects of International Law; State Territory, modes of acquisition and loss of state territory. Succession of state, Recognition of state. State jurisdiction, Individual and International Law, Diplomatic Agents and Consuls, Extradition and Political Asylum.	they are integrated part of the course so no need to keep them separately.

Self Defense and state Intervention, Diplomatic Agents and Consuls; Treaties, Extradition, Political Asylum.

Books Recommended:

- Oppenheim, International law, Vols. I Malcolm N. Shaw, International law (Fourth edition)
- 2. Fenwick, International Law.
- 3. Starke, International Law.
- 4. Kelson, Principles of International Law.
- 5. Gould, An Introduction to International Law.
- 6. Friendman, The changing structure of International Law.
- 7. Richard A Falk, The status of law in the Development to International Law.
- 8. Nagendra Singh, Recent trends in the Development to International Law.
- 9. Vasscher, Theory and Reality in International Law.
- 10. Arun Chaturvedi, Contemporary displomacy in contemporary International relations.
- 11. Pitt Cobbert, Cases on International Law.
- 12. Green, International law through cases.
- 13. J. Stone, Legal control of International conflicts.
- 14. Jenks, The common law of mankind.
- 15. शीलकान्ता आसोपा, अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय विधि
- 16. एम.पी. टण्डन, अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय विधि
- 17. एस.के. कपूर: अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय विधि (Hindi + English edition)
- 18. अरूण चतुर्वेदी, विमलेन्दु तायल, नये राष्ट्र व अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय विधि
- 19. Brierly, International law.

Selected Journals:

- 1. Indian Journal of International Law.
- 2. American Journal of International Law.
- U.N. Cronical.
- 4. International studies.
- 5. World Today.

Section III

Settlement of International disputes: Amicable and Compulsive Methods. War: Meaning, declaration and effects or war; Laws of Land, Sea and Aerial warfare, Law of Neutrality: meaning, nature and kinds. Rights and duties of Neutral and Belligerent states, Belligerent occupation, War crimes, Treatment of Prisoners of war.

Books Recommended:

- 1. Oppenheim: International law
- 2. Malcolm N. Shaw, International law (Fourth edition),
- 3. Fenwick: International Law
- 4. Starke: International Law.
- 5. Kelson: Principles of International Law.
- 6. Gould: An Introduction to International Law.
- 7. Friendman: The changing structure of International Law.
- 8. Richard A Falk: The status of law in the Development to International Law.
- 9. Nagendra Singh: Recent trends in the Development to International Law.
- 10. Vasscher: Theory and Reality in International Law.
- 11. Arun Chaturvedi : Contemporary displomacy in contemporary International relations
- 12. Pitt Cobbert: Cases on International Law.
- 13. Green: International law through cases.
- 14. J. Stone: Legal control of International conflicts.
- 15. Jenks: The common law of mankind
- 16. Brierly: International law.

- Indian Journal of International Law.
- American Journal of International Law.
- U.N. Cronical.
- 4. International Studies.
- 5. World Today.

Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus December, 2017	Remarks
Paper III : Government and Politics in South Asia-I	Paper III: Modern Indian Political Thought	1. The
Contact hrs.:5	Contact hrs.:5	course was
Contact hrs.:5 Objectives: The present course is designed to acquaint the students with the political system of South Asian countries focusing on historical, cultural, social, political determinants of the political system. The Paper also highlights common geopolitical legacy of the region. Section I The significance and Importance of study of the Government and Politics of south Asian region. Historical, Geo Political, Socio-Cultural and Economic back ground of the region. Emerging issues and challenges. Section II Pakistan: Origin and Development of Pakistani Political system., Determinants and Characteristics of the Political System. Role of Army and struggle for democracy in Pakistan. Federalism: Characteristics of the federal system, Composition, Powers and functions of Executive: President and Prime minister, Party System, Role of judiciary and Emerging issues and challenges of the Political system. Section III Bangladesh: Emergence, Determinants and Characteristics of the Political System. Power, functions and role of President (Executive), Composition, Powers and role of Legislature, Party System and Emerging issues and Challenges of the Political System. Core Books: 1. Khalid Bin Sayeed: The Political System of Pakistan, Houghton Muffin Co. Boston, 1967. 2. Howard Wriggings: Ceylon—Dilemmas of a New Nation.	Section I Overview of Indian Political Thought: Genesis and Development. Indian Renaissance, Raja Rammohan Roy, Vivekanand and Dayanand Sarswati. Section III Liberal Thought: Gokhale. Extremist thought: Tilak and Aurbindo. Section III Gandhian Thought: Gandhi. Socialist Thought: Ram Manohar Lohiya. Dalit thought: B.R. Ambedkar Recommended Books: 1. Appadorai: Indian Political Thinking: From Naroji to Nehru. 2. K.P. Karunakaran: Continuity & Change in Indian Politics. 3. V.P. Varma: Modern Indian Political Thought (Hindi, English ed.) 4. ihC ,yC ukxj Adhunik Bhartiya Samajik Evam Rajnitik Chintan. 5. O.P. Goyal: Studies in Modern Indian Political thought. 6. Sankara Gosh: The Renaissance to Militant patriotism. 7. A.R. Desai: Social Background of Indian Nationalism. 8. V.R. Mehta: Ideology, Modernization and Politicas in India. 9. V.R. Mehta: Foundation of Indian Political thought. 10. K.D. Damodaran: Indian Thought 11. Bhabhani Sen Gupta: Communism in Indian Politics. 12. K.P. Karunakaran: Continuity and Change in Indian Politics. 13. C.F. Andrews and G. Mukherjee, Rise and Growth of the Congress in	course was deleted because it was not fit for PG Level. That course will be introduced at UG. Level separately. 2. In the replacement of that course this semester's IV course shifted here.
3. Anirudh Gupta: Politics in Nepal, Allied Publishers, New Delhi,	India (Meenakshi, Meerut).	
1974.		
4. J.C. Johari: Government and Politics of South Asia.		
5. P.C. Mathur: Governments and Politics of South Asia (2 Vol.)		
(2) 61)		

Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus December, 2017	Remarks
Paper IV : One elective from other disciplines of Social Sciences Or Paper IV: Modern Indian Political Thought Contact hrs.:5	Paper IV : One elective from other disciplines of Social Sciences Or Paper IV : Human Rights Contact hrs.:5	Previous course was sifted at no. III of this semester
Section I Overview of Indian Political Thought: Genesis and Development. Indian Renaissance, Raja Rammohan Roy and Vivekanand Section II Liberal Thought: Gokhale and Ranade. Extremist thought: Tilak and Aurbindo. Section III Gandhian Thought: Vinoba Bhave. Socialist Thought: Jai Prakash	Objectives: This course seeks to provide a systematic survey of existing international, regional, and national human rights instruments, standards, and enforcement mechanisms, and to encourage students to acquire an empirical knowledge of human rights from a political science perspective. The course aims at enabling the students to understand the issues concerning the rights of citizens in general and the marginalized groups in particular, and assess the institutional and policy measures which have been taken in response to the demands of various movements. Conceptual dimensions, international trends and the Indian experience form the contents of the course.	and here shifted the course 'Human Rights' from IVth Semester.
Recommended Books: 1. Appadorai: Indian Political Thinking: From Naroji to Nehru. 2. K.P. Karunakaran: Continuity & Change in Indian Politics. 3. V.P. Varma: Modern Indian Political Thought (Hindi, English ed.) 4. ihæ, yæ ukxj Adhunik Bhartiya Samajik Evam Rajnitik Chintan. 5. O.P. Goyal: Studies in Modern Indian Political thought. 6. Sankara Gosh: The Renaissance to Militant patriotism. 7. A.R. Desai: Social Background of Indian Nationalism. 8. V.R. Mehta: Ideology, Modernization and Politicas in India. 9. V.R. Mehta: Foundation of Indian Political thought. 10. K.D. Damodaran: Indian Thought 11. Bhabhani Sen Gupta: Communism in Indian Politics. 12. K.P. Karunakaran: Continuity and Change in Indian Politics. 13. C.F. Andrews and G. Mukherjee, Rise and Growth of the Congress in India (Meenakshi, Meerut).	Section - I Human Rights: Meaning, Nature and Perspectives (Liberal and Marxian), Origin and Evolution of Human Rights, Human Rights of Women and child. Brief introduction of Philosophical Foundations: Liberty, Equality, Justice and Civil Society. Section - II United Nations and Human Rights: Universal Declaration of Human Rights, International Conventions on Civil and Political Rights, Social Economic and Cultural Rights and Responsibilities. Section - III Indian Perspective of Human Rights, Fundamental Rights. Human Rights Enforcement Institutions: National Human Rights Commission, National Commission for Women, SC and ST Commission, Books. Recommended: 1. Alston Philip: The United Nations and Human Rights, Clarondon Press, Oxford, 1995 2. एम.ए. अन्सारी, राष्ट्रीय महिला आयेग और भारतीय नारी, ज्योती प्रकाशन,	

3.	अरूण कुमार पलेई, भारत का राष्ट्रीय मानवाधिकार आयोग : गठन कार्य और भावी परिदृश्य, राधा पब्लिकेशन, नई दिल्ली
4.	अरूण चतुर्वेदी एवं संजय लोढ़ा (संपा.) भारत में मानवाधिकार, पंचशील प्रकाशन, जयपुर
5.	आशा कौशिक (संपा.) मानवाधिकार और राज्य : बदलते सन्दर्भ, उभरते आयाम, पोईन्टर पब्लिकेशर्स, जयपुर
6.	D.D. Basu: Human Rights in Constitutional Law, Prentice Hall New Delhi.
7.	डी.डी बसु, भारत का संविधान : एक परिचय, वाधवा पब्लिकेशन्स, नागपुर 2003
8.	Gokulesh Sharma: Human Rights and Legal Remedies, Deep and Deep New Delhi.
9.	कृष्ण मोहन माथुर, स्वातंत्रयोतर भारत में मानवाधिकार, ज्ञान पब्लिशिंग हाउस, नई दिल्ली
10.	M.P.Dube and Neeta Bora (ed.) Perspectives on Human Rights, Anmika Publishers, New Delhi.
11.	Manoj K. Sinha: Implementation of Basic Human Rights, Manak Publication, New Delhi.
12.	Parveen Vadkar: Concepts Theories and Practice of Human Rights rajat Publication, New Delhi.
13.	Prakash Talwer (ed.) Human rights, Isha Books, Delhi, 2006
14.	Rachana Kaushal : Women, and Human Rights and Ligal Remedies Deep and Deep, New Delhi
15.	Sadhana Arya: Women, and Human Gender, Equality and State, Deep and Deep, Publication, New Delhi.
16.	Sudhir Kapoor : Human Rights in 21 st Century, Mangal Deep Publication, Jaipur

Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus December, 2017	Remarks
Paper V: Computer Applications	Paper V: Computer Applications	1. Some
Rationale- Day by day, the use of computer is increasing in the society. Computer application is included in the syllabus to harness its use in Social Science Research. But since, the students of social sciences may have a faint idea of	Rationale- Day by day, the use of computer is increasing in the society. Computer application is included in the syllabus to harness its use in Social Science Research. But since, the students of social sciences may have a faint idea of computers, basic concept is	parts are moved from Section-B & C of

computers, basic concept is included. This will help student to generate interest in computers. Thereafter, software packages which are used in analysis of Social research have been included, so that, it would prepares students in their research. Knowledge about internet will be provided to enable students in search of knowledge. Lab works were included to help students translate their acquired knowledge into practice.

Section-A

Introduction to Computers

Elements of a Computer System, Block Diagram of Computer System and Functions of its Components, Evolution of Computers and Classification, Concept of Hardware and Software. Introduction to Operating Systems (DOS, Windows and UNIX).

Section- B

PC Software

Word Processing: Creating and Saving Documents, Formatting, Inserting Tables and Pictures, and Mail Merge. Spread Sheet: Creating Worksheet, Use of Functions and Creating Charts. Introduction to Presentation Packages, Graphics and Animation packages.

Introduction to Computing

Programming languages, System and Application Software, Compiler and Interpreters, Concept of a Program, Program Design & Development, Algorithms and Flowchart Development.

Section- C

Internet & Web

Introduction to Popular Packages on Concept of Computer Communication, Compute Network (LAN, WAN, MAN), Internet, Internet Services-www, Email etc.

(b) Introduction to Computer Applications in Social Science

included. This will help student to generate interest in computers. Thereafter, software packages which are used in analysis of Social research have been included, so that, it would prepares students in their research. Knowledge about internet will be provided to enable students in search of knowledge. Lab works were included to help students translate their acquired knowledge into practice.

Section- A

Introduction: What is Computer, Applications of computer, Elements of computer: Hardware & Software, Block Diagram of Computer System Functions of the computer components, Concept of Data and Information, Evolution and Classification of Computer

Software: What is Software and Types of Software

Operating System: Introduction and function of Operating System **Programming languages**: Generation of languages, Language Translators: Assembler, Compiler and Interpreter

Database Management Systems: Concepts & Applications Section-B

PC Software: Word Processing: Creating, opening and Saving Documents, Formatting, Inserting Tables and Pictures and Mail Merge

Spreadsheets Package: Creating, Opening & Saving Worksheets, Use of Formulas & Functions, Charts: types, creation, editing. Sorting and Filtering of Data, What-if analysis: Scenarios & pivot table, Goal Seek.

Presentation Packages: Introduction to Presentation Packages, Inserting Slides, Templates, Slide views, Graphics and Animation

Introduction to Computer Network: What is Network, Advantages, types of Network: LAN, WAN, MAN

Internet: Applications, Web browsers, Servers, Internet Services-WWW, E-mail, URL, Search Engines, Concept of Blogging

Section- C

Lab Work

Analysis through Statistical Packages (SPSS): Types of

exiting syllabus to Section-A of the proposed syllabus (with details of sub-topics) Some parts are moved from Section-C of exiting syllabus to Section-B of the proposed svllabus 3 Section-C of the proposed syllabus is new to cover Lab work related to course stream

Data Base Management Systems, Statistical Packages, Expert Systems, Multilingual Applications.

Text Books:

Text Reference/Books: Suggested

T1. Sinha P. K., Computer Fundamentals : concepts , systems and application, BPB Publications

Reference Book:

- R1. Anita Goel, Computer Fundamental, Pearson.
- R2. Govil, Mahesh Chand, Computer Fundamental and Programming in C, Jaipur Pub.House
- R3. Behrouz A Forouzan, Data Communication and Networking

Variables, Classification and Tabulation of Data, Graphical presentation of Data: Histogram, Bar, and Pie Diagram. Import/Export of Data, Measures of Central tendency: Mean, Mode, and Median. Measure of Dispersion: Standard Deviation. Correlation analysis, Chi-Square Test

Text Books:

T1. Sinha P. K., Computer Fundamentals: Concepts , Systems and Application, BPB Publications

Reference Book:

- R1. Anita Goel, Computer Fundamental, Pearson.
- R2. Govil, Mahesh Chand, Computer Fundamental and Programming in C, Jaipur Publication House.
- R3. Behrouz A Forouzan, Data Communication and Networking

Note: The duration of examination will be two hours. The total number of questions will be **six** from Section A & B. Students will have to attempt **two** questions from each Section

M.A. IV Semester

M.A. IV Semester				
Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus	Remarks		
	April/May, 2018			
Paper I : Indian Polity II	Paper I : Indian Polity II	No change		
Contact hrs.:5	Contact hrs.:5			
Objectives: To give an overview political system in India at the state	Objectives: To give an overview political system in India at the state			
level and generate ability to critically analyze various issues.	level and generate ability to critically analyze various issues.			
Section I	Section I			
Federalism: Evolution and development Characteristics, nature of the	Federalism: Evolution and development Characteristics, nature of the			
Federal System in India. Centre - State relations, emerging trends and	Federal System in India. Centre - State relations, emerging trends and			
Determinants of State Politics in India, regionalism and demand for	Determinants of State Politics in India, regionalism and demand for state			
state autonomy. Status of Kashmir and Article 370.	autonomy. Status of Kashmir and Article 370.			
Section II	Section II			
Office of the Governor and President's rule under article-356, office	Office of the Governor and President's rule under article-356, office Chief			
Chief Minister, State Legislature, Panchyati Raj System after 73rd	Minister, State Legislature, Panchyati Raj System after 73rd constitutional			
constitutional amendments in the Indian Constitution.	amendments in the Indian Constitution.			
Section III	Section III			
Elections, determinants of Voting behaviour and electoral reforms in	Elections, determinants of Voting behaviour and electoral reforms in India.			
India. Socio Economic issues in Indian Politics: Poverty and poverty	Socio Economic issues in Indian Politics : Poverty and poverty alleviation			
alleviation programmes, caste and issue of Reservation, Gender,	programmes, caste and issue of Reservation, Gender, Communalism,			
Communalism, Corruption, terrorism, dynastic Politics and problems of	Corruption, terrorism, dynastic Politics and problems of national integration			
national integration in India.	in India.			
Recommended Books:	Recommended Books:			
1. C.H. Alexandrowiz. Constitutional Development in India.	1. C.H. Alexandrowiz. Constitutional Development in India.			
2. Granville Austin: The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation	2. Granville Austin: The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation			
(Clarendon Press, Oxford 1966).	(Clarendon Press, Oxford 1966).			
3. A.B. Keith: Constitutional History of India (1900-1935).	3. A.B. Keith: Constitutional History of India (1900-1935).			
4. N.D. Palmer: The Indian Political System.	4. N.D. Palmer: The Indian Political System.			
5. M.V. Pylee: Constitutional Government in India.	5. M.V. Pylee: Constitutional Government in India.			
6. W.H. Maorris Jones: Government and Politics of India.	6. W.H. Maorris Jones : Government and Politics of India.			
7. सुभाष कश्यपः भारत का संवैधानिक विकास और स्वाधीनता संघर्ष	7. सुभाष कश्यपः भारत का संवैधानिक विकास और स्वाधीनता संघर्ष			
8. रजनी कोठारीः भारतीय राजनीति	 रजनी कोठारीः भारतीय राजनीति 			
9. Reddy and Sheshadri: Politics and Society.	9. Reddy and Sheshadri: Politics and Society.			
10. डॉ. एम.पी. राय : भारतीय सरकार एवं राजनीति : कॉलेज बुक डिपो,	10. डॉ. एम.पी. राय : भारतीय सरकार एवं राजनीति : कॉलेज बुक डिपो, त्रिपोलिया,			
त्रिपोलिया, जयपुर—2	जयपुर—2			
11. Singhvi L.M.: Indian Parties & Politics (in Hindi & English)	11. Singhvi L.M.: Indian Parties & Politics (in Hindi & English)			
Additional Readings :	Additional Readings :			
1. K. Santhanam : Union - State Relations in India.	1. K. Santhanam: Union - State Relations in India.			
2. Myron Weiner: Party Politics in India - The development of Multi	2. Myron Weiner: Party Politics in India - The development of Multi Party			
Party System.	System.			

- 3. Myron Weiner: Politics of Scarcity: Public Pressure and Political Response in India.
- 4. Reddy and Sharma: Regionalism in India.
- 5. L.M. Singhvi (ed) : विदेशों में निर्वाचन, भारत में निर्वाचन
- 6. Singhvi L.M. Indian Political Parties (in Hindi & English)
- 7. सिंघवी, एल.एम., भारत का संविधानः चुनौतियां और उत्तर।
- 8. P.R. Brass, Politics of India Since Independence e ed. Cambridge.
- 9. P. Chattergee (ed) State and Politics in India Delhi Oxford Press 1997.
- P. Chatterji and B. Chakraborty. Social Movements in Contemporary India.
- M.V Pylee, A Introduction to the Constitution of India New Delhi, Vikas 1998.
- 12. G. Austin: Working of a Democratic constitution: The Indian Experience Delhi Oxford Univ. Press, 2000.
- 13. M. Weiner, The Indian Paradox: Essays in Indian Politics Sage 1999.
- 14. S. Kaviraj. Politics in India, Delhi Univ. Press 1998.
- 15. B. Arora and D.V. Verney (eds.) Multiple Identitics in a Single State: Indian Fedralism in a comparative perspectie, Delhi Konark, 1995.
- 16. A Basu, Two Faces of protest: Contrasting Modes of Women's Activism Berkelely, University of California Press, 1992.
- 17. U. Baxi and B. Parekh (ed.) Crisis and change in contemporary India, New Delhi, Sgae 1994.
- 18. L. Calman, Toward Empowerment: Women and Movement Politics in India, Boulder Colorado. Westview Press 1992.
- N. Chandhoke, Beyond Secularism: The Rights of Religious Minorities. Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1999.
- N.G. Jayal (ed.). Democracy in India, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2001.
- 21. B. Jajan (ed.). The Indian Economy: Problems and prospects, New Delhi Vikiny, 1992.
- 22. A. Kaushik, Democratic Concerns: The Indian Experience, Jaipur Alekh, 1994.
- A. Kohli (ed.). The success of India's Meerut, Meenakshi Prakashan, 1967.
- 24. J. Narain (ed.). State Politics in India, Meerut, Meenakshi Prakashan, 1967.
- 25. J.K. Ray, India in Search of Good Governance, Calcutta, K.P. Bagchi, 2001.
- 26. G. Rosen. Democracy and Economic change in India, Berkeley. University of California Press, 1966.
- 27. R. Thakur. The Government and Politics of Indian. London, Macmillan, 1995.

- 3. Myron Weiner: Politics of Scarcity: Public Pressure and Political Response in India.
- 4. Reddy and Sharma: Regionalism in India.
- 5. L.M. Singhvi (ed) : विदेशों में निर्वाचन, भारत में निर्वाचन
- 6. Singhvi L.M. Indian Political Parties (in Hindi & English)
- 7. सिंघवी, एल एम., भारत का संविधानः चुनौतियां और उत्तर।
- 8. P.R. Brass, Politics of India Since Independence e ed. Cambridge.
- P. Chattergee (ed) State and Politics in India Delhi Oxford Press 1997.
- 10. P. Chatterji and B. Chakraborty. Social Movements in Contemporary India.
- 11. M.V Pylee, A Introduction to the Constitution of India New Delhi, Vikas 1998.
- 12. G. Austin: Working of a Democratic constitution: The Indian Experience Delhi Oxford Univ. Press, 2000.
- 13. M. Weiner, The Indian Paradox: Essays in Indian Politics Sage 1999.
- 14. S. Kaviraj. Politics in India, Delhi Univ. Press 1998.
- 15. B. Arora and D.V. Verney (eds.) Multiple Identitics in a Single State: Indian Fedralism in a comparative perspectie, Delhi Konark, 1995.
- 16. A Basu, Two Faces of protest: Contrasting Modes of Women's Activism Berkelely, University of California Press, 1992.
- 17. U. Baxi and B. Parekh (ed.) Crisis and change in contemporary India, New Delhi, Sgae 1994.
- 18. L. Calman, Toward Empowerment: Women and Movement Politics in India, Boulder Colorado. Westview Press 1992.
- 19. N. Chandhoke, Beyond Secularism: The Rights of Religious Minorities. Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1999.
- N.G. Jayal (ed.). Democracy in India, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2001.
- 21. B. Jajan (ed.). The Indian Economy: Problems and prospects, New Delhi Vikiny, 1992.
- A. Kaushik, Democratic Concerns: The Indian Experience, Jaipur Alekh, 1994.
- 23. A. Kohli (ed.). The success of India's Meerut, Meenakshi Prakashan, 1967.
- 24. J. Narain (ed.). State Politics in India, Meerut, Meenakshi Prakashan, 1967.
- 25. J.K. Ray, India in Search of Good Governance, Calcutta, K.P. Bagchi, 2001.
- 26. G. Rosen. Democracy and Economic change in India, Berkeley. University of California Press, 1966.
- R. Thakur. The Government and Politics of Indian. London, Macmillan, 1995.

- 1. Pacific Affairs.
- . Asian Survey.

- 1. Pacific Affairs.
- 2. Asian Survey.
- 3. Journal of Commonwealth Political Studies.
- 4. Journal of Asian Studies.
- 5. Indian Journal of Political science.
- 6. Political Science Review.

- 3. Journal of Commonwealth Political Studies.
- 4. Journal of Asian Studies.
- 5. Indian Journal of Political science.
- 6. Political Science Review.

Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus	Remarks
	April/May, 2018	
Paper II: International Law II	Paper II: U.N.O. and Regional Organizations	1. Both of these
		courses are part
Contact hrs.:5	Contact hrs.:5	of the syllabi
		they are
Objectives: The objective of the course to cultivate interest of the students	Objectives: Objective of the Paper is to introduce students regarding role and	optional
in international law especially in the age of interdependence and	function of U.N. and some of important regional organizations in the age of	courses but the
globalization, the content of the paper includes: settlement of	global politics.	first optional
international disputes law of neutrality and new areas of International		course deleted
Law.	Section I	because some
	Aims, Objectives and main organs of U.N.O.: General Assembly, Security	of the contents
Section I	council, social Economic Council, International Court of Justice, Issue of	are added in
- United Nations and Economic International Law, United Nations and	revision of the U.N. Charter and evaluation of the working of U.N.O.	course no. II of
Environmental Law, United Nations and Criminal International Law,	Section II	III semester.
Individual and International Law, United Nation's contribution to	United Nations and Economic International Law, United Nations and	2. Students
International Law.	Environmental International Law, United Nations and Criminal	have to
Section II	International Law, United Nations and individual in International Law.	necessarily
- Settlement of International disputes : Amicable and Compulsive	Section III	study the
Methods. War; Meaning, declaration and effects or war, Enemy	Regionalism under U.N. Charter, growing importance of regional	second optional
Character of Persons. Property, Corporation etc. War on land and	organization in world politics, some of the regional organizations: NATO,	course which is
belligerent occupation, war on sea and prize courts, Aerial warfare	CIS, EU, ASEAN, OPEC, OAU.	now a
and Nuclear warfare. War crimes and Prisoners of war.	Books Recommended:	compulsory
Section III	1. H.J. Morganthan : Politics Among Nations 6 th ed. Revised by K.W.	course.
- Law of Neutrality: meaning nature kinds evolution, Neutrality after	Thompson New York Alfred Knopf 1985.	
second world war, Neutrals and Belligerents - Rights and duties of	2. Burchill Et.al. : Theories of International Relations Macmillan 2001.	
Neutral and Belligerent states; Angary, Blockade, contraband,	3. M.P. Sullivan : Theories of International Politics : Enduring	
Unneutrals services. Right to visit and search Doctrine of Continuos	Paradigm in a changing World. Hampshire Macmillan 2001.	
Voyage. Modes of termination of war and Doctrine of		
Postliminimum.	4. C.W. Kegley and : World Politics : Trends and Transformation, New	
Books Recommended :	E.R. Wittkopf York Martin Press 1995.	
1. Oppenheim: International Law, Vols. I and II.	5. A.M. Hoogvelt : Globalization and the post colonial world : The New	
2. Malcolm N. Shaw: International Law (Fourth edition)	Political Economy of Development	
3. Fenwick: International Law	· -	

Starke: International Law.

Kelson: Principles of International Law.

Gould: An Introduction to International Law.

Friedmann: The changing structure of International Law.

Richard A. Falk: The status of law in International Society.

Nagendra Singh: Recent Trends in the Development of International Law.

10. Vasscher: Theory and Reality in international Law.

11. Arun Chaturvedi: Contemporary diplomacy in contemporary international relations.

12. Pitt Cobbet: Case on International Law.

13. Green: International law through cases.

14. J. Stone Legal control of International conflicts.

15. Jenks: The common law of mankind.

- शीलकान्ता आसोपा, अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय विधि

-एम पी टण्डन अन्तर्राष्टीय विधि

एस.के. कपुरः अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय विधि (Hindi + English edition)

-अरूण चतुर्वेदी, विमलेन्द् तायल, नये राष्ट्र व अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय विधि

20. Brierly: International law

Select Journals:

Indian Journal of International Law-

American Journal of International Law.

U.N. Cronical.

4. International Studies.

5. World today.

(Macmillan 1997)

6. Cox, Robert and : Approaches to world order, (Cambridge University

T.J. Sinclain Press 1996)

7. Jayant Bandhopadhya and

Amitav Mukherjee: International Relations Theory: From Anarchy to

World Government Howrah Manuscript 2001

8. Robert Jackson Georg Sorensen: Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches (Second Ed Oxford Univ Press 2003.

9. P Aghen and J. Williamson: Growth Inequality and Globanization Cambridge Univ Press 1998.

10. D Hettne: Globalism and the New Regionlism Macmillan 1999

11. A. Gamble and A Payne (eds): Regionalism Macmillan 1996

12. F Fratochwil and E Mansfied (ed), International organization: A Reader New York Harper Collins 1994.

13. M. Waters: Globanization 2nd ed.: Routledge 2000.

Selected Journals:

Current History

2. Foreign Affairs

3. World Politics

4. South Asian Survey

5. **International Affairs**

International Studies 6.

7. World Today

8. Current History

Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus April/May, 2018	Remarks
Paper III : Government and Politics in South Asia - II Contact hrs.:5	Paper III : Public Policy in India Contact hrs. 5	1. The course is deleted
Objectives: The present course is designed to acquaint the students with the political system of South Asian countries focusing on historical, cultural, social, political determinants of the political system. The Paper also highlights common geopolitical legacy of the region. Section I Srilanka: Determinants and Characteristics of the Political System, Powers, functions and Position of the President, composition and Powers of the Legislature, Role of Judiciary, Party System and Ethnic Problem in Srilanka, Emerging Issues and Challenges of the Political System. Section II Nepal: Determinants and Characteristics of the Political System. Genesis and Development of Democracy and End of Monarchy in Nepali Political System. Powers functions and Position of the President and Prime Minister, Composition and Powers of the Legislature, Party System, Emerging issues and Challenges of the Political System. Section III Major Security issues in South Asia, Nuclear Weapons Programme and its implications in the region, Militarization and Prospects for regional arms control. Presence of America and China in the region. Confidence building measures in South Asia and SAARC, Emerging issues and Challenges in the New Millennium.	Objectives: This course aims to provide an understanding to students with the broader theoretical and practical context in which public policies are discussed, justified, designed and sought to be implemented. It also attempts to help students to understand and analyze Public policy in India. Section I Public Policy: Meaning, Nature and Significance Approaches to the Study of Public Policy: Political Economy-Western, Marxist and Non-Western Traditions; Post Behavioral Approach; Public Choice Theory; Public Management Theory Section II Public Policy Process: Policy Context- Political, Constitutional, Legal, Administrative, Socio-Cultural, Economic, Environmental and Scientific; Interfaces of the Policy Process- Institutions, Actors and role of Public Policy, Planning and Analysis, Resource mobilization, Formulation, Policy implementation, Policy monitoring and evaluation. Section III Public Policy in India: Policy Making, Structure and Process, Policy implementation, Feedback and problems of Policy implementation, Policy impact and evaluation Public Policy in the age of Globalization and Liberalization.	because it is not fit for PG Level. This course will be introduced at UG. Level separately. 2. In the replacement of that course a new course on 'Public Policy in India' is introduced as in contempora ry discourse the relevance of public policy
Core Books:	Books Recommended:	studies is increasing.
1. Khalid Bin Sayeed: The Political System of Pakistan, Houghton Muffin Co. Boston, 1967.	1. Anderson J.E., 2006, Public Policy making: an introduction, Boston, Houghton	
 Howard Wriggings: Ceylon Dilemmas of a New Nation. Anirudh Gupta: Politics in Nepal, Allied Publishers, New Delhi, 1974. 	 Birkland Thomas A., 2005, An Introduction to The Policy Process: Theories, Concepts, And Models of Public Policy Making, 2ndEdition, Armonk; M.E. Sharpe Dye Thomas, 2008, Understanding Public Policy, Singapore, Pearson 	
 J.C. Johari : Government and Politics of South Asia. P.C. Mathur : Governments and Politics of South Asia (2 Vol.) 	Education 4. Gerston Larry N., 2004, Public Policy Making: process and principles, Armonk, M.E. Sharpe	

Additional Books:

- 1. K. Bahadur: Democracy in Pakistan: Crises and Conflicts, New Delhi, Har Anand, 1998.
- C Baxter et. al., Government and Politics in South Asia Lahore, Vanquard, 1988.
- 3. M. Chadda, Building democracy in South Asia: India, Nepal, Pakistan, Boulder colorado, Lymi Pienner, 2000.
- 4. C. Clapham and G. Philip. (eds.), The Political Dilimmas of Military Regimes, London, Croom Hdm.
- Alavi. H. (ed.) The post colonial state in Asia: Dialectics of Politics and Culture. Londonm Harvester Wheatsheet. 1990.
- 6. U. Phaddinis and R. Gonequlis, Ethnicity and national building in South Asia, New Delhi, Sage, 2000.
- 7. R. Dais, State, Society and democratic changes in Pakistan, oxford, oxford University Press, 1997.
- 8. R.W. Stern, Democracy and Dictatorship in South Asia Dominent Classes and Political Outcomes in India, Pakistan and Bangladesh, New Delhi, India Research Press, 2001.
- 9. C. Thomoan and P. Saravanawffu (eds.) The state and instability in the south, London, Macmillan, 1989.
- 10. T.R. Wright, "Wouth Asian Separatist Movement", in W.H. Morris Jones (ed.) The Polities of Separatism, Collected Seminar Papers No. 19, London University, Institute of Commonwealth studies 1976.
- 11. Basrur, RAjesh, M., edited, Security in the New Millennium: Views from South Asia, New Delhi, India Research Press, 2001.
- 12. Bhola, P.L., and Ramakant, edited, Post Cold War Developments in South Asia, Jaipur, RBSA Publisher, 1995.
- 13. Bidwai, P. and A., Vanaik, South Asia on a Short Fuse: Nuclear Politics and the Future of Global Disarmament, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 2001.
- 14. Cohe, Stephen, P. India: Emerging Power, Washignton D.C., Brookings Instution Press, 2001.
- 15. Hewittm, Vernon, The New International Politics of South Asia
 Manchester Manchester University Press, 1997. Kothari, smitu and
 Zia, Mian, edited, Out of the Nuclear Shadow, Delhi Lodayan,

- Hill Michael, 2005, The Public Policy Process, Harlow, UK; Pearson Education, 5thEdition.
- 6. Parsons Wayne, 1995, Public Policy: An Introduction to the Theory of Policy Analysis, Alders hot, U.K.; Edward Elgar
- 7. Rathod P.B., 2005, Framework of Public Policy: The Discipline and its Dimensions, New Delhi; Commonwealth.
- 8. Stone Deborah, 2001, The Policy Paradox, N.Y., Norton
- 9. Dreze Jean and Amartya Sen, 2002, India: Development and Participation, New Delhi; Oxford University Pres27MALG
- 10. Prabir Kumar De, Public Policy and Systems, Pearson Education India, New Delhi, 2012
- 11. RK Sapru, Public Policy Formulation, Implementation and Evaluation, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Limited., New Delhi, 2010
- 12. RV Vaidyanatha Ayyar, Public Policy Making in India, Pearson Education India, NewDelhi, 2009
- 13. William N Dunn, Public Policy Analysis –An Introduction, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 1994.
- 14. Thomas Dye, Understanding Public Policy, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 1995.
- 15. James Anderson, Public Policy Making: An Introduction, Houghton Mifflin, 2003.
- 16. Michael Hill and Peter Hupe, Implementing Public Policy, Sage, 2002

2001	
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16. Mitra, S., edited, sub-nationalism in south asia, Boulder, West View.

- 1. Asian Survey.
- 2. Journal of Asian Studies.
- 3. Pacific Affairs.
- 4. Orbis.
- 5. Current History
- 6. Sough Asian Studies.

Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus	Remarks
	April/May, 2018	
Paper IV : One Elective from any other Social science	Paper IV: One Elective from any other Social science	At post
disciplins (other than core) (Common)	disciplines (other than core) (Common)	graduate
Or	Or	level a
Paper IV : Public Administration in India		research
•	Project Work	project is
Section A		needed for
Evaluation of Indian Administration with special reference to the		the students
influence of British Rule. Salient Features of Indian Administration		to develop
since independence.		their writing
Organization and Functions of central secretariat, Ministry of		and
Home, Ministry of Finance and Ministry of Personal, Pension and		analytical
		skills. By
public Grievances.		this project
Section - B		the students

Financial Administration : Budget Formulation, Budget approval and Budget execution.

Control over Administration : Comptroller and Auditor General, Public Accounts Committee and Estimate Committee.

Section - C

District Administration in India with special reference to the role of collector, functions, position and powers. The Role of S.D.O., Tehsildar.

Decentralized Administration at Urban and Rural level with Special Reference to 73rd and 74th Constitutional Amendments.

Core Books:

- 1. Ramesh Arora & Rajni Goyal : Public Administration
- 2. S.R. Maheshwari: Indian Administration
- 3. C.P. Bhambri: Public Administration in India
- 4. Ashok Chanda: Indian Administration in India
- 5. Parmatma Sharn: Public Administration in India
- 6. Avasthi & Avasthi : Public Administration in India
- 7. M.V. Pyles: Constitutional Government in india
- 8. R.B. Jain :Contemporary Issues in Indian Administration
- 9. S.S. Khera: District Administration in India.
- 10. R.M. Khandelwal: State Level
- 11. रवीन्द्र शर्मा, राज्य प्रशासन
- 12. अशोक शर्मा, स्थानीय स्वशासन
- 13. B.S. Khanna: Panchayati Raj. in India National Perspective Perspective on State Studies, New Delhi, Deep & Deep, 1994.

will be able to learn the basics of research and this will help them to develop critical thinking.

Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus April/May, 2018	Remarks	
Paper V: Women Studies	Paper V: Women Studies	Shifted from	
	•	Section 2 to	
Section:-1	Section- A	Section 1	
Women studies as a discipline	Women's studies as a discipline	This area is added	
Status of Women in terms of Cultural milieu: family structure, Caste,	Emerging Concepts- Gender, Women Empowerment, Gender	to make the course	
Class and Community	sensitization, Gender Bias & Gender Discrimination	more	
Women in India: Demographic Profile, Social Profile (Education, Health, Violence Related to Women)	First, Second and Third Waves of Feminism	comprehensive and improve theoretical	
Healin, violence Related to women) Economic status (Female work participation , Property Rights)	Feminist Thought and Theories: Liberal, Marxist and Radical	understanding	
Political profile of Indian Women	feminism	understanding	
. omica profite of matan women	Developmental approaches:	This topic is added	
Section :-2	Women in Development (WID)	to highlight	
	Women and Development (WAD)	developmental	
Strategies for women's development in India (from welfare to	Gender and Development (GAD)	approaches which	
empowerment)		have contemporary	
Role of NGOS in women's development in India	Section- B	relevance	
Development Index (Human Development Index, Gender Development	Women in India:	Shifted from	
Index and Gender Empowerment Measure- GEM)	Status of Women in terms of Socio-cultural milieu: family structure,	Section 1 to	
Emerging Concepts- Gender, ,Women Empowerment, Gender		Section 2	
sensitization, Gender Bias & Gender Discrimination	Caste, Class and Community	G1.10. 1	
Women in Media	Demographic Profile, Social Profile (Education, Health, Violence Related to Women)	Shifted from	
Factors affecting decision making by women	2	Section 1 to Section 2.	
Section 3	Economic Profile (women and work)	Section 2.	
	Political profile of Indian Women	Shifted from	
International norms for protection of women	Development Index: Human Development Index (HDI), Gender	Section 2 to	
Special laws for protection of women	Development Index (GDI) and Gender Empowerment Measure (GEM)	Section 1.	
Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956	Strategies for women's development in India (from welfare to	Section 1.	
Indecent Representation of women (prohibition) Act, 1986	empowerment)	The term 'legal	
Commission of Sati (prevention) Act, 1987	Role of NGOS in women's development in India	provisions' has	
Medical Termination of pregnancy Act, 1971		been used in	
Maternity Benefit Act, 1961	Section- C	broader sense to	
Equal remuneration act , 1976	International declarations for protection of women: Universal	include all Acts.	
Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961	Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR), Convention on the Elimination	This part is	
Institutional mechanism for women: National commission for	of All Forms of Discrimination against Women (CEDAW)	introduced to	

women, State commissions, National Human Right commission (Organizational Setup and Functions)

Institutional mechanism for women: National commission for women, State commissions, National Human Rights

commission (Organizational Setup and Functions)

Significance and importance of legal provisions for safeguarding the

rights of women

Case Studies:

Grassroot employee: Bhanwari Devi,

Women in sport: Mary Kom,

Social activist: Sunitha Krishnan,

Women in administration: Kiran Bedi

References:

- Altekar, A.S., The Position of Women in Hindu Civilization, Motilal Banarsidas, Second Edition. Fifth reprint, Delhi, 1983.
- 2. Chanana, Karuna, Socialization, Women and Education: Exploration in Gender Identity, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 1988.
- 3. Chodrow, Nancy, The Reproduction of Mothering. Berkeley: University of California Press, 1978.
- 4. Desai, Neera and M. Krishnraj, Women and Society in India, Delhi : Ajanta Press, 1987.
- Dube, Leela et. al. (eds.), Visibility and Power. Essays on Women in Society and Development. New Delhi, OUP, 1986.
- 6. Dube, Leela, Women and Kinship, Comparative Perspectives on Gender in South and South-East Asia. Tokyo: United Nations University Press, 1997.
- 7. Gandhi, N. and N. Shah, The Issue at Stake: Theory and Practice in the Contemporary Women's Movement in India. New Delhi, 1992.
 Ghadially, Rehana (ed.) 1988. Women in Indian Society. New Delhi: Sage Publication.
- 9. Maccoby, Eleaner and Carol Jacklin. 1975. The Psychology of Sex Differences. Stanford: Stanford University Press.
- 10. McCormack, C. and M. Strathern (ed.) 1980. Nature, Culture and Gender Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- 11. Oakley, Ann. 1972. Sex, Gender and Society. New York: Harper and Row.

highlight the struggle and success stories of women

- Jain, Devki & Rajput, Pam, (Ed.) 2003. Narratives from the Women's Studies Family: Recreating Knowledge, New Delhi: Sage Publication.
 Tong, Rosemarie. 1989. Feminist Thought: a Comprehensive Introduction. London: Routledge.
 - 14. Jackson, S. 1998. Contemporary Feminist Theories. Edinburg: Edinburg University Press.
 - 15. Desai, Neera & Thakkar, Usha, 2004. Women in Indian Society, New Delhi: National Book Trust, India.
 - 16. Apte, Prabha, 1996. Bharatiya Samaj Mein Nari, Jaipur: Classic publishing House.
 - 17. Biswal, Tapan, 2009. Manav Adhikar, Gender Evam Paryavaran, New Delhi: Viva Books Pvt. Ltd.

Web links

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bhanwari_Devi

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mary_Kom

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sunitha Krishnan

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kiran Bedi

M.PHIL. EXAMINATION

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

M.Phil. Political Science

Semester I

S.N.	Course	Contact hours per week	Cont. Assessment Marks	Final Assessment Marks	Total Marks
1.	Research Methodology in Social Sciences	4	20	40	60
2.	Teacher, Teaching and Higher Education	4	20	40	60
3.	Disciplinary Course I	4	20	40	60
4.	Sessional and Practical Work (Practice Teaching) [@]		20	40	60
			Aggregate ma	arks (Semester 1	()= 240
		Semester	· II		
1.	Disciplinary Course II	4	20	40	60
2.	Reading Elective ** (Disciplinary)	2	20	40	60
3.	Term Paper*	-	-	-	40
4.	Seminar [#]	-	-	-	40
5.	Comprehensive Viva Voce	-	-	-	40
			Aggregate marks (Semester II)= 240		
		Semester	III		
1.	Reading Elective ** (Disciplinary)	2	20	40	60
2.	Dissertation	-	-	-	180
			Aggregate ma	arks (Semester l	II)= 240

Dissertation (To be spread over all the three semesters):-

Phase-I (Last-week of November - Semester I): Selection of topic-to be defended before the faculty Members of the concerned department	- 5 marks
Phase-II (Third week of April – Semester II): Presentation of synopsis before faculty members of the concerned department	- 10 marks
Phase-III (Before Diwali Break-Semester III): Mid-term presentation before faculty members of the concern department	- 15 marks

Phase-IV (By 30th November – Semester III)

Submission

Phase – V (First week of December – Semester III)

Dissertation to be sent for external evaluation - 90 marks
Internal Viva Voce - 60 marks

Total = 180 marks

Grand Total – (240+240+240)=720			
Division of Marks for Continuous	Assessment:		
Courses	Types of test	Marks Total	
For each of the above courses	Seminar	10	
(Except Dissertation and	Class test	05	
Practice Teaching)	Assignment	05	
ž.		Total 20	

^{@ 5} teaching hours during the semester

#Student will have to present a seminar on current and relevant issue related to the concerned discipline and submit a hard copy of the same. The seminar will be evaluated by the Board of Examiners and the student will be required to make a presentation.

Students shall be required to attempt five questions out of nine questions given in the question paper.

^{*}Student will have to write a term paper under the guidance of a faculty member on the allotted topic related to the concerned discipline. This term paper will be evaluated by the Board of Examiners at the end of Semester.

^{**}Student will have to select a course out of a prescribed list of courses for self-study under the guidance of a faculty member. Its evaluation pattern will be similar to other theory courses.

M. Phil. (Political Science) SEMESTER- I (December 2016)

- Gray in italics indicates shifting of the content. -- Sociology
- Strikethrough indicates content omitted -- Sociology
- Black background with text in white indicates addition of the new content. -- Sociology

Course 1: Research Methodology in Social Sciences

Existing		Proposed		Remarks
2.	Research in Social Sciences: Nature, Purpose, Problems & Importance; Pure and Applied Research. Scientific Method in Social Sciences: Characteristics & Importance; Problem of Theory Building. Fact and Theory in Social Science Research. Formulation of Research Problem	The imp the and contech	course on research methodology in Social Sciences is designed to part knowledge for scientific research. To orient the students about techniques for precise, rational, scientific research and qualitative quantitative approaches in research, the course will enhance the ceptual understanding of students regarding various methods and aniques and make them able to improve their research knowledge skills in the field of social sciences.	No Change
 3. 4. 	Research Design: Meaning, Importance, Characteristics & Components, Hypothesis: Characteristics, Purpose. Data collection: Observation, Interview, Questionnaire and Schedule.	 2. 	Research in social sciences: nature, purpose, problems & importance; Pure and applied research. Scientific method in social sciences: characteristics & importance; Problem of theory building; Fact and theory in social science research; Formulation of research problem.	
5.6.7.	Sampling: Meaning, Types. Data Analysis Measures of Central Tendency (Averages):	3.4.	Research design: meaning, importance, characteristics & components; Hypothesis: characteristics, purpose. Data collection: observation, interview, questionnaire and schedule.	

Concept and Use: Calculation of Mean, Mode and Median, Criteria for Choice of Average.

Measures of Dispersion: Range and standard Deviation, Simple Correlation: Correlation and Causation: Karl Pearson's Co-efficient of Correlation Simple Regression: Use and Estimation of Regression Lines.

References:

- 1. Ackoff Russel: Design of Social Research.
- 2. Dailey Kenneth: Methods of Social Research.
- 3. Mueller John and Schuessler: Statistical Reasoning in Sociology.
- 4. Festinger and Katz: Research Methods in Behavioural Sciences.
- 5. Martin Balmer: Sociological Research Methods.
- 6. Henry Manheim: Sociological Research Philosophy and Methods.
- Blalock and Blalock: Methodology in Social Research.
- 8. Goode and Hatt: Methods in Social Research

- 5. Sampling: meaning, types.
- 6. Data analysis
- Measures of central tendency (Averages): concept and use: calculation of mean, mode and median; Criteria for choice of average.

Measures of dispersion: range and standard deviation; Simple correlation: correlation and causation: Karl Pearson's co-efficient of correlation; Simple regression: use and estimation of regression lines.

References:

- 1. Ackoff Russel: Design of Social Research.
- 2. Dailey Kenneth: Methods of Social Research.
- 3. Mueller John and Schuessler: Statistical Reasoning in Sociology.
- 4. Festinger and Katz: Research Methods in Behavioural Sciences.
- 5. Martin Balmer: Sociological Research Methods.
- 6. Henry Manheim: Sociological Research Philosophy and Methods.
- 7. Blalock and Blalock: Methodology in Social Research.
- 8. Goode and Hatt: Methods in Social Research

Course 2: Teacher, Teaching and Higher Education

	Existing	Proposed	Remarks
Ob	jectives : The course is aimed at enabling students	Objectives: The objective of this course is to acquaint the students with the scenario of higher education in India and expected teacher's role in higher education. It	Objectives are reframed in comprehensive manner.
1	To gain an overview of his/her education so her field of action.	enables students to identify and use different teaching competencies, methods and media required for effective teaching. It enhances the ability to instruct and evaluate,	First two topics of existing syllabus are included and
2.	To understand and assimilate the nature and significance of teacher roles in higher education.	as a teacher in higher education. It also attempts to develop sensitivity towards major issues related to different dimensions of higher education.	others are incorporated as major issues in fifth point of proposed syllabus. To make the proposed syllabus more
3.	To understand the technical aspects of the. complex process of teaching learning and ways of effectively dealing with them.	Course Outline: 1 Overview of Higher Education in India: Purpose and Functions of Higher Education. Functions	specific, names of regulatory bodies are mentioned in it.
4.	To develop understanding of the various dimensions processes and procedures of evaluation of pupil performance.	of Regulatory Bodies - UGC, AICTE, NCTE, DEC, NAAC. 2. Role of Teacher in Higher Education:	2. Teacher's role is specified in five dimensions to make the proposed
5.	To become sensitive to the various issues involved in the different dimensions of higher education.	Teacher's Role - Curriculum development, Instructional, Institutional, Research related and Social. Professional Development of Teachers - Role of ASC.	syllabus more clear. The role of teacher in curriculum development is taken from the third point of the existing syllabus.
Со	urse outline : Overview of Higher Education in India	3. Pre-requisites of Teacher in Higher Education:	synaous.
1.	Overview of Higher Education in India - Purpose and Function of Higher	Teaching Competencies - Introduction, Questioning, Board Work, Explanation, Use of Support Material, Stimulus Variation, Probing and Closure. Methods for teaching - Lecture, Discussion, Project, Workshop and	3. In proposed syllabus the third point is newly added to make the course
	EducationExising organisational structure of Higher Education (kind of instutions	Seminar. Media for effective teaching. 4. Designing of Instruction and Evaluation :	more useful and practical based. In this point teaching competencies are incorporated. Methods and

and their relevance)

- Some major issues of Higher Education
- Women's Participation in Higher Education as students as Professionals
- Exammination Orientedness
- Quality Control
- Government and Private Participation

2. Teacher and Teacher Roles.

- Teaching, Research and Dissemination.
- Teacher development-available channels and institutions.

3. Curriculum in Higher Education.

- Meaning, characteristics.
- Process of curriculum development.
- Role of teacher in curriculum.
- Role of academic decision making bodies in universities.
- Major issues.

4. Teaching Dimensions

- Meaning and characteristics of Teaching
- Approaches and their relevance

Instructional Planning. Modes of Evaluation in Higher Education.

5. Major issues in Higher Education:

Government and Private Participation, Women Participation, Globalization of Higher Education, Quality Issues.

Books Recommended:

- 1. Aggarwal, J.C., Principles, Methods & Techniques of Teaching, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2012.
- 2. Association of Indian Universities, Globalization of Indian Higher Education, New Delhi, 2003.
- 3. Bawa, M.S., Nagpal, B.M., Developing Teaching Competencies, Viva Books, New Delhi, 2011.
- 4. Dhar, B.B., Higher Education System, A.P.H. Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 2009.
- 5. Dhir, R.N., Higher Education, Abhishek Publications, Chandigarh, 2006.
- 6. Kamalkar, G., Higher Education in Indian-Emerging Challenges, Commonwealth Publishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2014.
- 7. Kidwani, A.R., Higher Education- Issues and Challenges, Viva Books, New Delhi, 2011.
- 8. Kidwani, A.R., New Directions in Higher Education, Viva Books, New Delhi, 2014.
- 9. Mangal, S.K., Manga. U., Essentials of Educational Technology, PHI Learning Private Limited, Delhi, 2014.
- 10. Manoharan, P.K., Higher Education, A.P.H. Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 2009.
- 11. Panchmukhi, P.R. Debi,S., Educational Data Bank for Higher Education, Serials Publications, New Delhi. 2008.
- 12. Patnaik, J., Higher Education in Information Age,

Media are taken from fourth point of the existing syllabus.

- 4. Fourth point of the proposed syllabus includes both instructional planning and evaluation. Instructional Planning is newly added and Evaluation is taken from the fifth point of the existing syllabus.
- 5. Major issues regarding higher education are specified in fifth point of proposed syllabus.

References books are recommended in the proposed syllabus.

- Systems approach
- Cognitive approach
- Methods and their potential
- Teacher centered-Lecture
- Students Centered-Assignment
- Project Method
- Group Centered-Discussion
- Seminar
- How to make classroom instruction meaningful and objectives
- Some significant issues

5. Evaluation of student performance.

- Different modes of evaluation internal and external formative and summative marking and grading.
- Emerging issues in evaluation field context technical demands.

- Authors Press, New Delhi, 2001.
- 13. Sen, R., Women and Higher Education System, Crescent Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 2009.
- 14. Shafi, Z.S., Reforms and Innovations in Higher Education, Association of Indian Universities, New Delhi, 2008.
- 15. Sharma, S.R., Effective Classroom Teaching-Modern Methods, Tools & Techniques, Mangal Deep Publications, Jaipur, 2000.
- 16. Thamarasseri, I., Essentials of Educational Evaluation, Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi, 2012.

Economics Disciplinary Course 1: Selected Topics in Advanced Economic Theory

	Existing		Proposed	Remarks
2.	Theory of Consumer behaviour: Hicks Logical ordering theory of demand. The Duality Approach in Utility Analysis: The Indirect Utility Function, Derivation of Demand Function: Roy's Identity. Lancaster's theory of consumer demand, Individual Choice under risky situations. The Friedman Savage Hypothesis, The Markowitz Hypothesis, New Mann Morgenstern Method. Theory of the Firm: Limit pricing theory - Bain's limit pricing theory. The model of Sylos-Labini, The model of Franco-Modigliani, The model of Bhagwati, The model of Pashigian. Baumol's model of sales maximization-Static and Dynamic models (Single-Product case only).	Ob dep	jective of this paper is to equip the students with the in- oth knowledge of advanced micro and macroeconomic ories study of which would enable the students to analyses behavior of various economic agents in a dynamic world. Theory of consumer behaviour: Hicks logical ordering theory of demand; The duality approach in utility analysis: The Indirect Utility Function, Derivation of Demand Function: Roy's Identity; Lancaster's theory of consumer demand, Individual Choice under risky situations; The Friedman Savage Hypothesis, The Markowitz Hypothesis, New Mann Morgenstern Method.	No Change
3.	Macro Economics in the Open Economy: The Price adjustment mechanism under a fixed and flexible exchange rate systems. The income adjustment mechanism and synthesis of automatic adjustments. The Foreign Trade Multiplier., Adjustment policies-IS-LM-FE model with exchange rates changes. The Monetary and Portfolio balance approaches.	2.	Theory of the firm: Limit pricing theory - Bain's limit pricing theory; The model of Sylos-Labini, The model of Franco-Modigliani, The model of Bhagwati, The model of Pashigian; Baumol's model of sales maximization-Static and Dynamic models (Single-Product case only).	
Ref	erences:	3.	Macro Economics in the Open Economy: The Price adjustment mechanism under fixed and flexible exchange	

- 1. Baumol William J.: Economic Theory and Operations Analysis, Prentice Hall of India Private Limited.
- 2. Green, H. A. John: Consumer theory, The McMillan Press Ltd., London & Basingstocko.
- 3. Hicks, J. R.: Revision of Demand Theory, Oxford University Press, Amen House, London.
- 4. Bartthwal, R. R.: Micro Economic Analysis, Willey Eastern Ltd.
- 5. Da Costa G. C.: Production, Prices and Distribution-Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 6. Koutsoyiannis, A.: Modern Micro Economics, Mcmillian, London.
- 7. Dobb, M.: Theories of Value and Distribution since Adam Smith, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
- 8. Salvatore, Dominick, (1990) International Economics, Mcmillian, New York.
- 9. Francisco L-Rivera-Batiz and: International Finance and Open Luis Rivera-Bati Economy Macro Economics.
- 10. Dornbusch, R. & Fisher S. : Macro Economics, Mcgraw Hill Kogakusha, Tokyo.
- 11. Hall R. Eu. & Taylor J. B.: Macro Economics. W. W. Norton, New York.

rate systems; The income adjustment mechanism and synthesis of automatic adjustments; The Foreign Trade Multiplier; Adjustment policies-IS-LM-FE model with exchange rates changes; The Monetary and Portfolio balance approaches.

References:

- 1. Baumol William J., Economic Theory and Operations Analysis, Prentice Hall of India Private Limited.
- 2. Green, H. A. John, Consumer Theory, The McMillan Press Ltd., London & Basingstocko.
- 3. Hicks, J. R., Revision of Demand Theory, Oxford University Press, Amen House, London.
- 4. Bartthwal, R. R., Micro Economic Analysis, Willey Eastern Ltd.
- 5. Da Costa G. C., Production, Prices and Distribution-Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 6. Koutsoyiannis, A., Modern Micro Economics, Mcmillian, London.
- 7. Dobb, M., Theories of Value and Distribution Since, Adam Smith, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
- 8. Salvatore, Dominick, International Economics, Mcmillian, New York, 1990.
- 9. FranciscoL-Rivera-Batiz, International Finance and Open Luis Rivera-Bati Economy Macro Economics.
- 10. Dornbusch, R. & Fisher S., Macro Economics, Mcgraw Hill Kogakusha, Tokyo.
- 11. Hall R. Eu. & Taylor J. B., Macro Economics. W. W. Norton, New York.

History
Disciplinary Course 1:Concepts in the Study of History

	Existing	Proposed	Remarks
Course 1	: Sources of Rajasthan History and Culture	Rationale: This course aims to introduce students to important issues related to	The existing course has been modified and shifted to reading
Objectives	s: It stresses upon the importance of varied nature of source-material and historical writings for reconstructing the history and culture of Rajasthan.	historical method by giving them a broad overview of significant, including recent, historiographical trends and to acquaint them with important historiographical interventions and issues related to the	elective. The proposed syllabus will provide the fundamentals of traditions of historical enquiry, writing and quest for knowledge.
	aeological Sites as a source of social cultural history of Rajasthan (an ne).	historian's craft.	
	iptions as source for social, religious political history of Rajasthan.	 Pre-modern historical traditions; Modern Historical Traditions – Enlightenment, Romanticism, 	
	ellers' Accounts for social and ral history of 18th -19th century sthan.	Positivism 2. Historicism 3. Neo-Marxist Tradition	
Rajas of Re	eral Survey of the holdings of sthan State Archives, Bikaner; Nature ecords in the National Archives of a, Delhi.	 Intellectual History Art History – Psychoanalytics, Structuralism, Multiculturalism 	
	an Sources for Medieval History of sthan (an outline)	6. Environmental history7. Oral history	
	at literature with special reference to not Nainsi.	8. Cinema history9. Book History	
7. Autol	biographies, Diaries and Private	10. Connected histories: emotions, peoples, commodities, sports	

Papers with special reference to Pt. Hiralal Shastri.

8. Historical Writings by: (i) James Tod (ii) G.H.Ojha.

Books Recommended:

- A Prelimanary Guide to the Rajasthan State Archives, Rajasthan State Archives, Bikaner, n.d.
- Low, D.A. et.al., Government Archives in South Asia, Cambridge University Press, London 1969.
- 3. Sharma, G.N. and V.S. Bhatnagar, ed., Historians and Sources of the History of Rajasthan, Centre for Rajasthan Studies, University of Rajasthan, Jaipur 1992.
- 4. Sources of Social and Economic History of Rajasthan, Centre for Rajasthan Studies, University of Rajasthan, Jaipur, N.D.
- James Tod, Annals and Antiquities of Rajasthan, Royutledge and Keganpaul Ltd., London, 1950.

Books Recommended:

Alier, Joan Martinez, Padua, Jose Augusto and Rangrajan, Mahesh eds. *Environmental History as if Nature Existed*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2010.

Aymard, Maurice and Mukhia, Harbans eds., *French Studies in History, vol. 1*, New Delhi: Orient Longmans, 1989.

Bloc, Marc, *The Historian's Craft*, with an Introduction by Peter Burke, Manchester: Manchester University Press, 2004.

Burke, Peter, *Varieties of Cultural History*, Cornell University Press, 1997.

Carr, E.H., *What is History*, Penguin [1961], 2008. (also available in Hindi)

Popper, Karl, *The Poverty of Historicism*, Routledge & Kegan Paul, 1974.

Portelli, Alessandro, The Death of Luigo

Trastulli and Other Stories: Form and Meaning in Oral History ,CUNY Press, 1990.
Sarkar, Sumit, Writing Social History, ,USA: Oxford University Press, 1995.
Singh, Anita Inder, <i>The Partition of India</i> , New Delhi: National Book Trust, 2006.
Stern, Fritz ed., Varieties of History: From Voltaire to the Present ,New York: Vintage, 1973

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Disciplinary Course – I: Modern Political Analysis

Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus December, 2016	Remarks
Course 1. Modern Political Analysis	Objectives: The vitality of contemporary political analysis will be	The course
Objectives: To acquaint the students with the concepts relating to traditional & Modern Political Analysis.	examined through a number of current debates and controversies. On completion of this course students should	is revised to make it
1. Modern Political Analysis : Meaning, Nature Characteristics, Limitations and Utility of Traditional Perspective.	have a critical understanding of the dynamism and diversity of modern and contemporary political analysis. This course offers students the analytical and research skills needed to	more comprehens ive and to
2. Behavioural and Post Behavioural Perspective: evolution, development, characteristics, utility and limitations.	understand and explain politics and government. The aim of this course is to acquaint the students with the concepts	develop student's
3. Scientific Method and Political Analysis: Meaning Nature and Scope of Scientific Enquiry. Issues of Facts and Values in Political Analysis.	relating to Modern and contemporary Political Analysis. Students are expected to develop basic analytical skills to evaluate diverse approaches to the study of politics and to	understandi ng towards emerging
4. Decline and revival of Political Theory and emerging trends in	acquire a critical understanding of the diversity of approaches to political phenomena.	issues in contempora
Political Theory in 21 st -Century.	Course Contents:	ry political
5. Political Concepts: Soverignty Liberty, Equality Justice, Citizenship and Continuing Relevance of these concepts today.	1. Political Analysis: Traditional and Modern Perspective, Issues of Facts and Values in Political Analysis, Scientific Method	phenomena. Some of the topics are
Reference Books :	2. Major Approaches of Political Analysis: Normative and	deleted
1. Gould and Thursby (ed.) Contemporary Political Thought, Holt, Rinehart and Winstone Inc., New York 1969.	Systems approach 3. Political Socialization and Political Culture.	because students are
2. James C. Chartesworth (ed.): Contemporary Political Analysis, Free Press, New York 1967.	3. Political Participation, Political Development and Political Modernization.	expected to learn those
3. David Easton: The Political System - An Inquiry into the state of Political Science, Alffred A. Knof Inc., 1963.	4. Social justice and affirmative actions.5. Participatory Democracy, Civil Society and Citizenship.	topics at post graduate
4. Harold D. Lasswell: Politics, Who Gets, What, When & How, Mc Graw Hill and Co. Inc., New York, 1969.	Reference Books:	studies.
5. Dante Germino: Beyond Ideology: Revival of Political Theory, Harper and Row, New York, 1969.	 Gould and Thursby (ed.) Contemporary Political Thought, Holt, Rinehart and Winstone Inc., New York 1969. James C. Chartesworth (ed.): Contemporary Political Analysis, Free 	
6. Eugene J. Meehan: Contemporary Political Thought - A. Critical Study, Dorsey Press, 1967.	Press,New York 1967.	
7. Eugene J. Meehan: The Theory and method of Political Analysis,	3. David Easton: The Political System - An Inquiry into the state of Political Science, Alffred A. Knof Inc., 1963.	

- Homewood, III, 1965.
- 8. Hayes and Hedlund (ed.) The conduct of Political inquiry: Behavioural Political Analysis, Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, Jersey, 1970.
- 9. Robert E Goodin and Philip petited A companion to Contemporary Political Philosophy Blackwall 1993.
- 10. B.H. Ray ed: Contemporary Political Thinking Kaushik Publisher New Delhi 2000.
- 11. Robert Dahl, Modern Political Analysis (Latest)
- 12. Sushila Ramaswamy: Political Theory: Ideas and Concepts Macmillan India 2003.
- 13. S.P. Verma: Modern Political Theory, Vikas, Delhi.
- Arnold Brecht: Political Theory: Foundations of Twentieth Centurey Political Thought, Princeton University Press, 1959.
 David Easton: Framework to Political Analysis, Prentice Hall Inc. 1971.
- 15. David Easton: A System Analysis of Political Life, John Wiley and Sons, Inc. 1965.
- 16. Lasswell and Kaplan : Power and Society : Framework for Political Inquiry, Yale University, 1953.
 - Austin Ranney, (ed.): Essay on the Behavioural Study of Politics, Urbana, 1962.
- 17. Hass and Hariel, (ed.): Approaches to the Study of Political Science, Chandler Publishing Co., 1970.
- L. Strauss: Liberalism: Ancient and modern, New York basic Books, 1968.
- 19. Hutcheon: The politics of Postmodernism London and New York Routledge 1989.

- 4. Harold D. Lasswell: Politics, Who Gets, What, When & How, Mc Graw Hill and Co. Inc., New York, 1969.
- Dante Germino: Beyond Ideology: Revival of Political Theory, Harper and Row, New York, 1969.
- Eugene J. Meehan: Contemporary Political Thought A. Critical Study, Dorsey Press, 1967.
- Eugene J. Meehan: The Theory and method of Political Analysis, Homewood. III. 1965.
- 8. Hayes and Hedlund (ed.) The conduct of Political inquiry: Behavioural Political Analysis, Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, Jersey, 1970.
- 9. Robert E Goodin and Philip petited A companion to Contemporary Political Philosophy Blackwall 1993.
- B.H. Ray ed: Contemporary Political Thinking Kaushik Publisher New Delhi 2000.
- 11. Robert Dahl, Modern Political Analysis (Latest)
- Sushila Ramaswamy: Political Theory: Ideas and Concepts Macmillan India 2003.
- 13. S.P. Verma: Modern Political Theory, Vikas, Delhi.
- 14. Arnold Brecht: Political Theory: Foundations of Twentieth Centurey Political Thought, Princeton University Press, 1959.
 - David Easton: Framework to Political Analysis, Prentice Hall Inc. 1971.
- David Easton: A System Analysis of Political Life, John Wiley and Sons, Inc. 1965.
- 16. Lasswell and Kaplan: Power and Society: Framework for Political Inquiry, Yale University, 1953.
 - Austin Ranney, (ed.): Essay on the Behavioural Study of Politics, Urbana, 1962.
- Hass and Hariel, (ed.): Approaches to the Study of Political Science, Chandler Publishing Co., 1970.
- L. Strauss: Liberalism: Ancient and modern, New York basic Books, 1968.
- 19. Hutcheon: The politics of Postmodernism London and New York Routledge 1989.

Sociology

Disciplinary Course 1: Sociological Approaches

Existing	Proposed	Remarks
1.Course 2. Sociological Approaches Rationale: This course is designed to acquaint students about advancement in various approaches that are applied in	about advancement in various approaches that are	Some new approaches have been added.
sociology. Society is always changing, so are approaches. This course also helps students to get information about new development that is taking place in society. (1) Positivism & Neo Positivism	applied in sociology. Society is always changing, so are approaches. This course also helps students to get information about new development that is taking place in society.	
(2) Structural Functional Approach, Neo Functionalism, Post Structuralism.	Positivism & Neo Positivism	
(3) Conflict Theory; Neo Conflict Approach	2. Structural functional approach, Neo functionalism,	
(4) Social Action Approach.	post structuralism.	
(5) Exchange Approach.	3. Conflict & Neo Conflict Approach	
Books Recommended:	S. Commet & 1.00 Commet 1.pprouen	
1. Zeitlen, Irving, Rethinking Sociology: Cortege of Contemporary Theory, 1998, Jaipur, Rawat Publication.	4. Social Action Approach	
2. Jonarthan, Turner, The Structure of	5. Exchange Approach	
Sociological Theory: Wordsworth, Thompson Learning, 2003 (7 illustrated).	6. Ethnomethodology	
3. Francis Abraham: Modern Sociological Theroy, Oxford University Press, 1982.	7. Phenomenology8. Post modern Approach	
4. Perry S.Cohen, Modern Social Theory, Hein mann Educational Book Ltd. London.	References:-	
5. Paul Ransome, RawatPuchlication, New Structure.	1.Zeitlen, Irving M.: Rethinking Sociology: A Critique of	

- 6. Merton, R. K.: Social Theory and Social Structure.
- 7. Ritzer, George: Sociological Theory, part-II (5th Edition), Tata Mc Graw Hill, Ltd, 2011.
- 8. Michael, Harlambos, Sociology: Themes & Perspectives, Delhi, Oxford University Press, Bombay Calcutta, Madras, 1984.
- Contemporary Theory, Rawat Publication, Jaipur & New Delhi 1998
- 2.Turner, Jonathan H: The Structure of Sociological Theory (4th edition), Rawat Publication, Jaipur & New Delhi, 2005
- 3. Austin Harrington: Modern Social Theory: An Introduction, Oxford University Press, 2005
- 4. Ritzer, George: Sociological Theory, New York, McGraw-Hill, 2000.
- 5. Craib, Ian: Modern Social Theory: From Parsons to Hebermas (2nd ed.), London: Harvester Press, 1992.
- 6. Doshi, S.L.: Modernity, New Modernity and Neo-Sociological Theories, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2003.

M.PHIL.

SEMESTER- II

Economics

Disciplinary Course 2: Indian Economic Problems and Issues

Existing	Proposed	Remarks
A detailed study of the following problems and issues with emphasis on current economic situation: Problems of poverty in Indian Economy, Inequality, Unemployment, inflation and Balance of Payments Structural reforms: their desirability, limitations and functioning in Indian Economy. Recent Banking and financial reforms, Recent Trade Policies and their impact on Indian Economy, Flow of Foreign Investment and growth of Indian Economy in the long run. Convertibility of Rupee, Globalization and Consumerism, Globalization and Swadeshe v/s Globalization a Critique. References:- 1. Misra, S.K. and V.K. Puri, Indian Economy,	Indian economy is a unique amalgam of alternative competing and often conflicting theories and a proper understanding of its working is imperative if the student is to comprehend the ramifications that underlie most of the observed phenomena in the Indian economic set-up. By the end of the course, students are expected to have an in-depth understanding of Indian economy. The course intends to enable them to evaluate the pre and post reform progress of India. 1. A detailed study of the following problems and issues with emphasis on current economic situation: Problems of poverty in Indian economy, Inequality, Unemployment, Inflation and Balance of Payments; Black money: Definition, estimates and remedial measures	
Himalaya Publishing House, 29thEdition.		
2. Kapila U. Indian Economy since independence, Academic Foundation, New Delhi	 Structural reforms: their desirability, limitations and functioning in Indian economy; Recent banking and financial reforms, Recent trade policies and their impact on Indian economy. 	

3.		Datt,	R.	and
	K.P.M. Sundharam, Indian	Econon	ıy, S.	Chand
	and Company Ltd., New Do	elhi		

4. Dhingra, I.C., the Indian Economy, Environment and Policy, Sultan Chand and Sons, Educational Publishers, New Delhi

3. Flow of foreign investment and growth of Indian economy in the long run. Convertibility of rupee, Globalization and consumerism, Globalization and Swadeshi v/s Globalization a Critique,

References:-

- 1. Misra, S.K. and V.K. Puri, Indian Economy, Himalaya Publishing House, 29th Edition.
- 2. Kapila U., Indian Economy since independence, Academic Foundation, New Delhi
- 3. Datt, R. and K.P.M. Sundharam, Indian Economy, S. Chand and Company Ltd., New Delhi
- 4. Dhingra, I.C., The Indian Economy, Environment and Policy, Sultan Chand and Sons, Educational Publishers, New Delhi
- 5. Agarwal, A.N., Indian Economy, Wishwa Prakashan, New Delhi, 37th Edition
- 6. Government of India, Economic Survey (Latest)

Reading Elective I: Selected Topics in Indian Agriculture and Rural Development

Existing Proposed Remarks

Objective

The objective of the course is to provide an understanding of selected issues relating to rural economy and agriculture in India in the context of their development and barriers to transformation. It is intended that students would be able to appreciate the role of market, technology and institutions in explaining the growth and structure of rural and agriculture sector.

- Rural economy of India: size and structure; Measures of level of rural development; Rural poverty in India: structure and determinants; A critical review of policies for rural development in postindependence period.
- 2. Indian agriculture: pace and pattern of agricultural growth; Agricultural growth and rural poverty; Agriculture and globalization: Uncertainty due to Trade Liberalizations; WTO issues: advantages and disadvantages with respect to Indian agriculture; Agrarian distress and farmers' suicides.
- **3.** Food security: access to food-caloric consumption; Public distribution system and other food based programs; Self sufficiency in food production and availability; Agricultural marketing and pricing: problems and remedies; Marketing Model Act 2007; Pricing concepts; price support programs in India; Pricing policy and buffer stock policies; Contract farming: Advantages and Experiences E-marketing.

References:

- 1. Acharya, S.S. and Agarwal, N.L., Agricultural Marketing in India, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd. (Ch. 5, 7).
- 2. Balakrishnan, Pulapre, Agriculture and Economic Reforms: Growth and Welfare, Economic and Political Weekly, 35 (12): 999-1004, 2000.
- 3. Chand, Ramesh, "India's Agro Export Performance and Competitiveness in Changed International Scenerio" in Essays in Honour of Prof. A.M. Khusro edited by CH Hanumantha Rao, B B Bhattacharya, M.S. Siddharthan.
- 4. Hanumantha Rao, C. H., "Agricultural Policy and Performance" in "The Indian Economy: Problems and Prospects edited by Bimal Jalan, Panguin Books.
- 5. Hanumantha Rao, C. H., "Agricultural Policy and Performance in "The Indian Economy: Problems and Prospects edited by Bimal Jalan, Panguin Books.
- 6. Jha, R., "Rural Poverty in India: Structure and Determinants and Suggestions for Policy Reforms" in Indian Economic Reforms edited by Raghabendra Jha, Palgrave Macmillan.
- 7. Mishra, S., "Risks, Farmers' Suicides and Agrarian Crisis in India: Is There A Way Out?" Indira Gandhi

Institute of Development Research, Mumbai WP-2007-14.
8. Saini, S. and Gulati, A., The National Food Security Act 2013-Challenges, Buffer Stocking and Way
Forward" ICRIER, Working Paper 297, 2015.
9. Saini, S. and Gulati, A., "Leakages from Public Distribution System and the Way Forward" ICRIER,
Working Paper 294, 2014.
10. Singh, K., "Rural Development: Principles, Policies and Management" Sage Publications (Ch. 2.3).

Reading Elective II: Urbanisation and Public Policy

Existing	Proposed	Remarks
	Objective	
	The course aims at giving a thorough grounding to the students regarding the process of urbanisation and government policies. Urban areas have emerged as engine of growth in the national and global scenario as well. To sustain urban development through flexible and innovative policy measures is one of the biggest challenges of the twenty first century. Urbanisation policy to lend competitive edge to urban areas while safeguarding the quality of environment and life needs critical attention. It will cover a wide range of theoretical approaches and policy options such as the existence and growth of cities, urban transportation, pollution, poverty, crime, and housing.	
	 Concepts and definitions of urban; Evolution of urban settlements - a historical perspective; Trends and patterns of urbanisation; structure of urban economy; rural urban relation in India; Urban labour market - rural-urban migration - urban informal sector - slums and poverty; Urban infrastructure and services- specific sectors: housing, water supply and drainage, waste management and sanitation; Urban land use and land market. Urban planning framework: Institutions; Urban transport: Intra-city and inter-city problems; Issues 	

relating to port, Urban environment: Problems of pollutions and its management; Cumulative causation theory for urban and regional growth; The urban centre within the region: urban hierarchy, urban size distribution and optimum city size debate; Locational aspects of various urban functions: Weberian location theory.

3. Market effects of housing polices- causes of homelessness; Urban concentration: policies for dispersal and decentralization; Role of the government of India, States and Urban local bodies; Recent policies for educational and health achievement in urban localities; Economics of crime (effectiveness of punishment etc). Infrastructure financing; Real-estate regulation and development; Determinants of urban expenditure (sports, culture).

References:

- 1. Ahluwalia, Isher Judge, and Kanbur, Ravi, Urbanisation in India: Challenges, Opportunities and the Way Forward, Sage India, New Delhi, 2014.
- 2. Ahmed, Waquar, and Kundu, Amitabh, India's New Economic Policy, A Critical Analysis, Routledge, New York, 2011.
- 3. Coelho, Karen, Kamath, Lalitha, and Vijayabaskar, M. (Eds.), Participolis: Consent and Contention in Neoliberal Urban India, Routledge, New Delhi, 2013.
- 4. Evans, A.W., Urban Economics, Basil Blackwell, London.
- 5. Kulshrestha, S.K., Urban and Regional Planning in India: A Handbook for Professional Practice, Sage India, Delhi, 2012.
- 6. Ministry of Housing and Urban Poverty Alleviation, Government of India, Inclusive Urban Planning: State of the Urban Poor Report-2013, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2014.
- Mohanty, K. Prasanna, Cities and Public Policy: An Urban Agenda for India, Sage India, New Delhi, 2014.
- 8. Ramachandran, D., India's Urban Confusion: Challenges and Strategies, COPAL Publishing Group, Ghaziabad, 2014.
- 9. Ramesh, G., Nagadevara, Vishnu Prasad, Naik, Gopal, and Suraj, Anil, Urban Infrastructure and Governance, Routledge India, New Delhi, 2010.
- 10. Ruet, Joel, and LamaRewal, Stephanie Tawa, Governing India's Metropolis: Case Studies of Four Cities, Routledge, New Delhi, 2009.
- 11. Shaw, Annapurna, Indian Cities, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2012.
- 12. Sen, Joy, Sustainable Urban Planning, The Energy and Resources Institute, New Delhi, 2012.
- 13. Sivaramakrishnan, K.C., Kundu, Amitabh and Singh, B.N., Handbook of Urbanization in India, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2007.
- 14. Sivaramakrishnan, K.C., Re Visioning Indian Cities: The Urban Renewal Mission, Sage India,

New Delhi, 2011.
15. Sivaramakrishnan, K.C., Governance of Megacities: Fractured Thinking, Fragmented Setup,
Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2014.
16. Sridhar, Kala Seetharam, and Reddy, Venugopal, State of Urban Services in India's Cities:
Spending and Financing, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2010.
17. Sridhar, Kala Seetharam, and Wan, Guanghua, Urbanization in Asia: Governance, Infrastructure
and the Environment, Springer, New Delhi, 2014.
18. Vinod, T.M., Geographic Information Systems for Smart Cities, COPAL Publishing Group,
Ghaziabad, 2014.
19. World Bank, Urbanization Beyond Municipal Boundaries: Nurturing Metropolitan Economies and
Connecting Position Ages in India World Poul Publications Westington DC 2012

History
Disciplinary Course 2: Themes and Debates in the Study of History

Existing	Proposed	Remarks
Course 2: Modern Historical Thought and Research Methodology Objectives: The paper aims at orienting the students towards salient features in the growth of modern historical thought. It also introduces them to the fundamentals of research methodology in undertaking historical investigations. 1. Influence of Renaissance and Scientific Revolution in emergence of Modern Western Historiography. 2. Historicism with special reference to: (i) Romanticism (ii) Positivism (iii) Post Modernism. Recent trends -	 Rationale: The course aims to instill curiosity amongst the students regarding the prominent debates and issues giving them insight into the moving forces and dynamics of the discipline and to engage researchers to re-explore the domain of the past with their inquisitiveness. 1. Sindhu Saraswati Civilization / Myth of Aryan Invasion. 2. From Lineage to States – The Formation of Empires. 3. Discourses on Feudalism. 4. Defining Periodization in Medieval Indian History. 	The proposed course will study the important debates in the history of India.

Subaltern.

- 3. Historical thought of: (i) Hegel (ii) Ranke (iii) Marx.
- 4. Tools of History with special reference to: (i) Sources (ii) Periodization.
- Historical Research Methodology: (i) Meaning of Research and pre-requisites of a Research Scholar (ii) Preparation of Synopsis (iii) Collection and Organization of Data – Historical Method (iv) Techniques of Notes Making – Card System (v) System of Referencing - Footnotes, Bibliography.

Books Recommended:

- 1. Ali, B. Sheik, *History: Its Theory and Method*, Macmillan, Madras, 1978, reprt. 1988.
- Chitnis, K., Research Methodology in History, Delhi, 1998.
- 3. Clark, G. Kitson, *Guide for Research Students working in Historical Subjects*, Cambridge, 1960.
- 4. Collingwood, R.G., The Idea of History, OUP, London.
- 5. Crump, C. G., *History and Historical Research*, George Routledge, London.
- 6. Gooch, G.P., *History and Historians in the Nineteenth Century*, Longmans.
- 7. Sreedharan, E., *A Textbook of Historiography 500 BC to AD 2000*, Orient BlackSwan, Delhi, 2009.
- 8. Goode, William J. and Hatt, Paul K., *Methods in Social Research*, McGraw Hill, Singapore, 1981.

- 5. Process of Urbanization.
- 6. Theories on decline of Mughal Empire.
- 7. Changing dimensions of Agriculture, Ecology and Politics: The Transition to Colonialism.
- 8. Orientalism and the Construction of the 'Other'.
- Construction of Nation and the Post-Colonial Discourse.
- 10. Emerging Areas: STEM (Science & Technology, Environment and Medicine), Forms of Resistance and the marginalized class, Migration Studies.

Suggested Readings:

Alam, Muzaffar, The Crisis of Empire in Mughal North India: Awadh and the Punjab, 1707-48, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1986.

Alavi, Seema, *The Eighteenth Century in India*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2002.

Ayer, S. A., *Story of the I.N.A.*, New Delhi: National Book Trust, 1972.

Banerjea, Sir Surendranath, A Nation in Making: Being the Reminiscences of Fifty Years of Public Life, Oxford

University Press, 1925.

Bhargava, Meena, *The Decline of the Mughal Empire*, Oxford University Press, 2014.

Byres, T.J. Harbans Mukhia, Feudalism and Non-

European Societies ,Frank Cass & Co. Ltd. 1985.

Chandra, Satish, *Parties and Politics at the Mughal Court, 1707-1740*, Oxford University Press, 2002.

Corfield, Sir Conrad, *The Princely India I Knew From Reading to Mountbatten*, Madras: Indo-British Historical

Society, 1975.

Habib, Irfan, *Technology in Medieval India, C. 650-1750*

, Aligarh Historians Society, 2008.

_____ The Agrarian System of Mughal India 1556-

1707, Oxford University Press, 2014

Jha and Shrimali, Prachine Bharat ka Itihas, Delhi:

University of Delhi Hindi Directorate, 2015.

Lahiri, Nayanjot, Ashoka in Ancient India, Delhi:

Permanent Black /Asoka University, 2015.

Lal, B.B., The Rigvedic People: Invaders, Immigrants or

Indigenous, New Delhi: Aryan Books International, 2015.

Marshall, P. J., The Making & Unmaking of Empires - Britain, India and America, c.1750-1783, Oxford University Press, 2005.

Mill, John Stuart, *Utilitarianism*, London: Parker, Son, and Bourn, 1863.

Said, Edward W., Orientalism, Vintage, 1979.

Sarkar, Susobhan, Chandra, *Bengal Renaissance and Other Essays*, People's Publishing House, 1970.

Sarkar, Jadunath, *Fall of the Mughal Empire* Volume 1,Delhi: Orient Blackswan, 1991.

Sharma, R.S., *Indian Feudalism*, Delhi: Macmillan, 2005.

Singh, Chetan, Region and empire: Panjab in the seventeenth century, Oxford University Press, 1991.

Spear, Thomas George Percival, *Twilight of the Mughals:* Studies in Late Mughul Delhi, Cambridge University Press, 1951.

Stokes, Eric, The English Utilitarians and India,

Thapar, Romila, *Early India: From the Origins to A. D.* 1300, University of California Press, 2004.

Reading Elective I: Sources of Indian History

Existing	Proposed	Remarks
	Rationale: The course intends to introduce the practitioners of history with the primary	The proposed paper
	readings so that they can be oriented with the styles of the masters.	enlists the fundamental books of history on
	Arthasastra, (adhikarana 1, chap.1,2,3,6/18,19,20)/History of Dharmasastra	India, which can acquaint students with the
	(Chapter XXXIV, Kalivarjya, pp. 885-902, 923-968) / Sacred Books of East	traditions of historical
	(chap. on Mitakshara)/ Epigraphia Indica (Aihole Inscription, Prayag Prasasti/ 2	writing.
	Regional Inscriptions).	
	Fa hien (full text)/ Rajtarangini (Chapter V, pp. 71-132)/ Francis Bernier	
	(Description of Delhi and Agra)/Nicolo Conti (Account given in R.H.Major).	
	Tarikh-i-Firozshahi (Description of Tughluq Statecraft)/ Baburnama	
	(Description of Hindustan, (pp. 478-521)/ Ain-i-Akbari (Description of Suba).	
	Regional Sources – Khyat (any one chapter) / Roznamacha (any 1) / Akhbarat	
	(any 1)/ Bahi (any 1).	
	Census / Gazetteer of area concerned (Period of research).	
	India by J. Stratchey (chap. XVII, pp.221-246)/ Poverty and Unbritish Rule in	
	India by Naoroji (pp.1-38).	
	Private Papers of Nehru (National Planning Committee 1938).	
	Pratyaksha Jeewan Shastra by Pt. Hiralal Shastri (Vol. I, pp.295-340/474-498).	
	Presidential Address of INC (1931) / Muslim League (1940).	

Visit to APRI, Tonk (any 2 source). (For Project Purposes).

Suggested Readings:

Arthasastra of Kautilya, (ed.) Shri Vachaspati Gairola, The Vidya Bhawan Sanskrit Granthamala 75, Varanasi: The Chowkhamba Vidya Bhawan, 2009.

Bernier, Francois, *Travels in the Mogul Empire*, Tran. A. Constable, revised by V.A. Smith ,OUP, 1916.

Beveridge, A.S., *Babur-Nama: Zahir-ud-din Muhammad Babur*, Delhi: Ancient Book Reprint Corporation, 1970.

Childe, Gordon V., *The Urban Revolution*, Liverpool University Press Stable, 1950.

Cornfield, Sir Conrad, *The Princely India I Knew From Reading to Mountbatten*, Madras: Indo-British Historical Society, 1975.

Habib, Irfan, Economic History of the Delhi Sultanate: An Essay in Integration., Indian Historical Review 4, no. 2,1978.

Jarret and Sankar, J.N., *Ain-i-Akbari* (Vol-III) – Abul Fazal Allawi ,Delhi: Ancient Book Reprint Corporation.

Kane, Mahamahopadhyaya Pandurang Vaman, *History of Dharmasastra* (Vol-III) Ancient and Medieval Religious and Civil Law, Poona: Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute, 1946.

Major, R.H., *India in the Fifteenth Century: Being a Collection of the Voyages to India*, London: The Hakluyat Society, 1857.

Naoroji, Dadabhai, *Poverty and Un-British rule in India*, Swan Sonnenschein & co. Lim., London, 1901.

Nehru, J.L., (*Private Papers*): A Bunch of Old Letters Jawahar Lal Nehru, Calcutta: Asia Publishing House, 1958.

Shastri, Hiralal, *Pratyksha Jeevan Shastra*, Jaipur: Anupam Prakashan, 1970, 1974.

Stein, M.A., Kalhana's Rajtarangini: A Chronicle of the Kings of Kashmir, Delhi: Motilal Banarasidass, 1961.

Strachey, J., *India*, London: Trench Trubner, 1894.

Tokarev, Sergei, *History of Religion*, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics: Progress Publisher, 1989.

Zaidi, A.M. (ed.), Congress Presidential Addresses, Indian Institute of Applied

Political Research, 1985.

Reading Elective II: An Outline of the History of Rajasthan

Existing	Proposed	Remarks
	Rationale: It surveys the political history of Rajasthan from ancient times till the integration of	The paper will provide
	Rajasthan encompassing the study of historical sources, resistance and collaboration of Rajputana/	new dimension to the
	princely states towards imperial powers.	regional research.
	1. Importance of Regional History	
	2. Sources of Rajasthan History – Archaeological, Literary, Oral.	
	3. Phases and Theories of State Formation.	
	4. Impact of Turks and Mughals on Regional Polity.	
	5. British Policy towards Rajputana States (1818-1857).	
	6. 1857 and Responses from the Princely States.	
	7. Social Reformers Inclination towards Rajputana.	
	8. Nature of Peasants; Tribal Movements.	

9. Establishment of Prajamandals in Rajputana with Special reference to Jaipur and Mewar States.

10. Integration: from Rajputana to Rajasthan.

Suggested Readings:

Bhattacharya, Sukumar, *The Rajput States and the East India Company from the Close of 18th century to 1820*, New Delhi: Munshiram Manoharlal, 1972.

Das, Shyamal, *Vir Vinod* , 4 Volumes, Udaipur, 1886.

Menon, V.P., The Story of the Integration of the Indian States, New Delhi, 1961.

Pemaram, Shekhawati Kisan Aandolan ka Itihas, Jasnagar, Nagore: Shree Ganesh Sewa Samiti, 1990.

Rajasthan State Gazetteer, Land and People, Vol. I, Jaipur: Government of Rajasthan Publ., 1995.

Ratnawat, Shyam Singh and Sharma K.G., Essays on Bardic Literature, Jaipur: Rajasthan Study Centre.

History and Culture of Rajasthan ,Jaipur: Rajasthan Study

Centre, 2004.

Sharma G.N. and Bhatnagar, V.S., *Peasantry through the ages in Western India with special reference to Rajasthan*, Jaipur: Rajasthan Study Centre, 1993.

The Historians and Sources of the History of Rajasthan ,Jaipur: Rajasthan Study Centre, 1992. Sharma, Dasharatha, *Rajasthan through the Ages*, Bikaner: Rajasthan State Archives Vol. I, 1966. Sharma, G.N., Rajasthan ka Swatantrata Sangram ka Itihas ,Bikaner: Rajasthan State Archives, 1991. Social and Political Awakening among the Tribals of Rajasthan ,Jaipur, Rajasthan Study Centre, 1986. Shukla, D.C., Early History of Medieval Rajasthan, Varanasi: Bhartiya Vidya Prakashan, 1978. Sinha-Kapoor, Nandini, State Formation in Rajasthan: Mewar during 7th to 15th century, New Delhi: Manohar, 2002 Tod, James, Annals and Antiquities of Rajasthan 2 Vols., New Delhi: Reprint, 1829-1832) Vyas, R.P., Adhunik Rajasthan ka Virat Itihas, Jaipur: Rajasthan Hindi Granth Akadami, 1995.

Reading Elective III: An Outline of Indian Art History

Existing	Proposed	Remarks
		The paper aims
	Rationale: Traversing through the domain of Indian artistic creations the objective of the paper is to familiarize	to familiarize
	the student with the manner in which interpretations of visual culture may impact understanding of the discipline	the student with
	of history and thereby the historical processes.	the manner in
		which
	1. Historiography; European reactions to Indian art and architecture and the Nationalist	interpretations of visual culture
	response	may impact
	2. Early Art Characteristics; Mauryan art, Debates; Traditions of Rock-cut Architecture	understanding
	3. Urban milieu, gender and power relations during c.100 to c.300 CE art; Gandhara; Mathura	of the of
	Centres	history
	4. Development of temple architecture; Paintings at Bagh and Ajanta	
	5. Formation of regional cultural identities during 6th-13th Centuries CE	
	6. Composite Art during Medieval India	
	7. Colonial Art; Contemporary Art	
	8. Folk and popular craft and art	
	9. Authorship and agency in art, the role of the artist; Rituals of power and patronage in art	
	10. Theories: Formalism. Positivism, Psychoanalytic, Structuralism, Multiculturalism	
	Suggested Readings:	
	Agrawala, Vasudev Sharan, Indian Art (A History of Indian Art from the earliest Times up to the third	
	century AD, ,Vol.I ,Varanasi: Prithivi Prakashan, 1965.	

Banerjea, J.N., The Development of Hindu Iconography, New Delhi: Munshiram Manoharlal, 2002.

Brown, Percy, Indian Architecture (Buddhist and Hindu), Mumbai: D.B. Taraporewala Sons and Co., 1956.

Chandra, Pramod, ed., *Studies in Indian Temple Architecture*, Varanasi: American Institute of Indian Studies, 1975.

Coomaraswamy, Ananda K., *History of Indian and Indonesian Art*, New Delhi: Munshiram Manoharlal, 1972 reprint.

Dehejia, Vidya, Representing the Body, Delhi: Kali for Women, 1997.

Dehejia, Vidya, Early Buddhist Rock Temples: A Chronological Study, London: Thames and Hudson, 1972.

Dhaky, M.A., Meister, Michael et al., *Encyclopaedia of Indian Temple Architecture*, New Delhi: American Institute of Indian Studies,

Dhar, Parul, Pandya ed., *Indian Art Historiography: Issues, Methods and Trends*, New Delhi: D.K. Printworld and National Museum Institute, 2011.

Guha-Thakurta, Tapati, Monuments, Objects, Histories: Institutions of Art in Colonial and Postcolonial India, Permanent Black, Delhi, 2004.

Gupta, S.P., The Roots of India Art: A Detailed Study of the Formative (Mauryan and Later Mauryan)

Period of Indian Art, 300 BC – 200 BC, New Delhi: B.R. Publishing Corp., 1980.

Hatt, Michael, Art History: A Critical Introduction to its Methods, Manchester: Manchester University Press,

2006.

Huntington, Susan L., *The Art of Ancient India*, New York, Tokyo: Weatherhill, 1985.

Misra, R.N., Ancient Artists and Art-Activity, Shimla: Indian Institute of Advanced Study, 1975.

Misra, Ramnath, Yaksha Cult and Iconography, Munshiram Manoharlal, 1981.

Mitter, Partha, Much Maligned Monsters: History of European Reactions to Indian Art, Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1977.

Miller, Barbara Stoler, ed., *The Powers of Art: Patronage in Indian Culture*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1992. (Introduction)

Ray, Amita, Life and Art of Early Andhradesha, Delhi: Agam Kala Prakashan, 1983.

Ray, Himanshu Prabha and Carla M. Sinopoli, eds., *Archaeology as History in Early South Asia*, New Delhi: Indian Council of Historical Research and Aryan Books International, 2004.

Ray, Niharranjan, Maurya and Shunga Art, 2nd edition, Indian Studies: Past and Present, Calcutta, 1965.

Sharma, Preeti, *Rock-Cut Architecture of South India: Architectural Perspectives*, New Delhi: Aryan Books International, 2015.

.New Delhi Lalit Kala Akademi, 1963, Sivaramamurti, C., South Indian Bronzes

Willis, Michael, *The Archaeology of Hindu Ritual: Temples and the establishment of the Gods*, New Delhi: Cambridge University Press, 2009.

Zimmer, Heinrich, *The Art of Indian Asia: Its Mythology and Transformations*, 2 vols. Completed and edited by Joseph Campbell, Bollingen Series, Vol.39, New York: Pantheon Books, 1955.

Verma, S.P., Aspects of Mughal Painting: Expressions and Impressions, New Delhi: Vedic Books, 2009.

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Disciplinary Course – II: Recent Trends and Issues in Indian Politics

Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus	Remarks
Course 2. Issues in Indian Politics Objectives: The aim of this paper is to make student acquainted with the Indian political system and issues in Indian politics. The paper attempts to deal with all encompassing aspects of Indian political system. The paper also deals with the position role performance and participation of women in Indian politics.	Objectives: The aim of this paper is to make students acquainted with Trends and issues in Indian Politics. The paper attempts to deal with all encompassing aspects of Indian Political System. The paper also deals with the status, role and participation of women in Indian Politics. Course Contents:	Some topics are removed and some topics are added. The course is
Course content 1. The Indian Political System: meaning and characteristics, emerging trends and issues in Indian Political System: Coalition Politics, Decline of Parliament, Judicial Review and Judicial Activism.	 The Indian Political System: Nature, Emerging trends and Issues. Coalition Politics, Decline of Parliament, Judicial Review and Judicial Activism, Indian Federalism: Recent Trends and Issues. Tension areas in Centre- State Relations, Politics of Planning, 	revised on the basis of contempor ary issues and debates.
 Centre - State relations : Major trends and issues in Indian federalism, Regionalism and demand of state autonomy. Major issues in Indian Politics : Caste, Communalism, Corruption, Terrorism and Criminalization of Politics. 	Regionalism and Demand of State Autonomy. 3. Development Process: Trends and issues in Political Economy in India, Challenges before the Welfare State of India. Impact of Globalization on Indian Politics.	

- 4. Polity and Economy: Disparities Causes and ameliorative measures, Challenges before the welfare state. Role of Planning Commission Impact of Globlisation on Indian Political System.
- 5. Women in Indian Politics: A brief survey of position of women in Indian politics, Indian Constitution and provisions relating to women, Role performance and participation of women in Indian politics since independence. Women Empowerment, women and decision making process with special reference to Article 73rd and 74th in Local Self Governments.

Core Books:

- 1. C.H. Alexandrowiz : Constitutional Development in India.
- 2. Granville Austin: The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation (Clarendon Press, Oxford, 1966).
- 3. W.H. Maorris Jones: Government and Politics in India.
- 4. सुभाष कश्यप : भारत का संवैधानिक विकास और स्वाधीनता संघर्ष।
- 5. रजनी कोठारी : भारतीय राजनीति।
- 6. Reddy and Sheshadri: Politics and Society.
- 7. Singhvi L.M.: Indian Parties & Politics (in Hindi & English)
- 8. Rajni Kothari : Politics in India (Hindi/English) (Latested)

Addditional Readings:

- 1. W.H. Morries Jones : Parliament in India, 1957.
- 2. Myron Weiner: Party Politics in India The development of Multi Party System.

Major issues: Politics of Minorities, Cast, Language, Communalism, Corruption, Violence, Terrorism and Criminalization of Politics.

- 4. Democratic Process: Trends in Elections and Political Participation, Electoral reforms. Grass root Democracy: Trends in Panchayatiraj and Municipal Government.
- 5. Women in Indian Politics: A brief survey of Political Status of Women, Constitutional and Legal Provisions Related to Women Empowerment, Role and Participation of Women in Indian Politics with special reference to 73rd and 74th Amendment.

Reference Books:

- 1. C.H. Alexandrowiz: Constitutional Development in India.
- 2. Granville Austin : The Indian Constitution : Cornerstone of a Nation .
- 3. N.D. Palmer: The Indian Political System.
- 4. M.V. Pylee: Constitutional Government in India.
- 5. W.H. Maorris Jones: Government and Politics of India.
- 6. Reddy and Sheshadri: Politics and Society
- 7. Singhvi, L.M.: Indian Parties & Politics (in Hindi & English)
- 8. Atul kohli: Indias's Democracy: An Analysis of Changing State-Society Relations.
- 9. Atul Kohli : Democracy and Discontent : India's Growing Crisis of Governability
- 10. Rudolph and Rudolph: Explaining Indian Democracy : A fifty year perspective
- 11. Rudolph and Rudolph: In pursuit of Lakshmi : The Political

- 3. Myron Weiner: Politics of Scarcity: Public Pressure and Political Response in India.
- 4. S.L. Shakdhar: Parliamentary Practices in India.
- 5. Justice Hegde : Bhartiya Samvidhan Men Rajya Ke Neeti Nirdeshak Tatva.
- 6. L.K. Singhvi (ed) : विदेशों में निर्वाचन, भारत में निर्वाचन
- 7. Bhawani Singh: The Council of States in India, Meenakshi Prakashan, Meerut.
- 8. Sharma, P.D., Pant, H.G. (ed.), Constitutional System in India, New Delhi, 1983.
- 9. Singhvi L.M. Indian Political Parties (in Hindi & English)
- 10. सिंघवी, एल.एम. : भारत का संविधान : चुनौतियाँ और उत्तर।
- 11. P.R. Brass, Politics of India since Independence 2ed, Cambridge.
- 12. P. Chatterjee (ed) State and Politics in India Delhi Oxford PRess 1997.
- 13. P. Chatterjee and B. Chakraborty Social Movements in Contemporary India (Calcutta, K.P. Bagchi and Co. 1999).
- 14. M.V. Pylee, A Introduction to the Constitution of India New Delhi Vikas 1998.
- 15. G. Austin: Working of a Democratic Constitution: The Indian Experience Delhi Oxford Univ. Press, 2000.
- 16. M. Weiner, The Indian Paradox: Essays in Indian Politics (Sage) 1999.

Economy of the Indian State

- 12. Rajani Kothari: Politics in India
- 13. Pratap Bhanu Mehta: Bourdon of Democracy
- 14. R Khan: Federalism in India
- 15. Reports : Sarkariya Commission, Punchi Commission

Additional Readings:

- 1. Sir Ivor Jeanings : Some Characteristics of the Indian Constitution.
- 2. M.V. Pylee, A Introduction to the Constitution of India
- 3. W.H. Morries Jones : Parliament in India.
- 4. Myron Weiner: Party Politics in India The development of Multi-Party System.
- 5. Myron Weiner: Politics of Scarcity: Public Pressure and Political Response in India.
- 6. M. Weiner, The Indian Paradox: Essays in Indian Politics
- 7. G. Austin: Working of a Democratic Constitution: The Indian Experience
- 8. Rudolph and Rudolph: Explaining Indian Democracy : A fifty year perspective
- 9. Rudolph and Rudolph: In pursuit of Lakshmi : The Political Economy of the Indian State
- 10. S.L. Shakdhar: Parliamentary Practices in India.
- 11. Sharma, P.D., Pant, H.G. (ed.), Constitutional System in India
- 12. Singhvi L.M. Indian Political Parties (in Hindi & English)

17. S. Kaviraj, Politics in India, Delhi (Univ., Press) 1998	13. सिंघवी, एल.एम. : भारत का संविधान : चुनौतियां और उत्तर।
	14. P.R. Brass, Politics of India since Independence
	15. P. Chatterjee (ed): State and Politics in India
	16. Guru Charan das : Inia Unbound
	17. Ramchandra Guha: Patriats and partition
	18. Rajani Kothari: State Against Democracy

Reading elective Disciplinary –I: Political Philosophers: Selected Writings

Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus	Remarks
	Objectives: In most usual sense, political philosophy is a normative subject; it uses words like 'best', 'right' and 'good' often, then there is overlap between political philosophy and moral philosophy. We need some insights into moral philosophy to ask about the 'most just government,' but making progress towards an answer will take us beyond ethics. The question shifts from "how should I live my life?" to "how shall we arrange our society?" Many debates in contemporary political philosophy focus on the question of how social, economic and political institutions should be set up in order to be just.	
	The students shall be expected to acquire a detailed knowledge of some of the philosophical ideas and engage closely and critically with some of the ideas studied. This course will provide them an insight to develop their ability to think independently by studying a particular idea of a political philosopher. They will able to construct their own arguments, responding to but not merely reproducing the argument of others.	
	Note: Student will have to choose one of the philosophers given below and study thoroughly his given work to understand the main idea of the work.	
	 Plato: The Republic M. K. Gandhi: Hind Swaraj and My Experiments with Truth: An Autobiography 	

3. Amartya Sen: The Idea of Justice	
4. John Rawls: A theory of Justice	
5. Mary Wollstonecraft : A Vindica	tion of the Rights of Women
6. Frederick Engels:The Origin of	Family, Private Property and the State

SOCIOLOGY

Disciplinary Course 2: Classical Sociological thinkers

Existing	Proposed	Remarks
Social Thinkers: Contribution of any one of the following. Rationale: Three founding fathers have been included in this section. A contribution of each thinker is important in understanding of social organization. The Research students are given choice to choose one thinker and are expected to learn all the major contributors of that thinker. This would help students to get complete view of the thinker. To inculcate the habit of reading the original books, students have to opt book of the selected	Disciplinary Course II-Classical Sociological Thinkers Objective: Three founding fathers have been included in this section. A contribution of each thinker is important in understanding of social organization. This would help students to get complete view of the thinkers and inculcate the habit of reading the original books. 1. Karl Marx • Communist Manifesto	Keeping the indispensability of three founding fathers in understanding of sociological thought in holistic way, reading their works is necessary

thinker of their choice and read it thoroughly.

A. Karl Marx: Man and his works

Books Recommended:

(1) Communist Manifesto (2) Das Capital (3) A contribution to the Critique of Political Economy (4) The Poverty of Philosophy (5) Marx-Engels: selected works. Vol. 2 (6) Marx-Engels: Selected Correspondence.

B. Max Weber: Man and his works

Books Recommended:

(1) The Protestant Ethics and the Spirit of Capitalism (2) The Theory of Social and Economic Organization (3) Sociology of Religion.

C. Emile Durkheim: Man and his works

Books Recommended:

- 1. Division of Labour in Society. The Free Press, New York, 1968.
- 2. The Rules of the Sociological Methods, The Free Press, New York, 1968.
- 3. Suicide, The Free Press, New York, 1951.
- 4. The Elementary Forms of Religious Life, the Free Press, New York, 1965.

Note: In addition of the study of anyone thinkers the

2. Emile Durkheim

- The Division of Labour In Society
- The Rules of Sociological Method

3. Max Weber

- The Protestant Ethic and the Spirit of Capitalism
- **4.** Comparative Analysis of theoretical and methodological contributions of Marx, Weber, Durkheim.

References:-

- 2. Durkheim, E(1933), The Division of Labour in Society; Glencoe, The Free Press.
- 3. Durkheim, E(1982),The Rules of Sociological Method, London, Macmillan.
- 4. Edling, Christofer&Rydgren, Jens. (2007), Sociological Insights of Great Thinkers.Praeger, California
- 5. Giddens, Anthony (1995), Capitalism and Modern Social Theory- An analysis of writings of Marx, Durkheim and Weber, Cambridge University Press, Whole Book..
- 6. Hughes, John. A(1955), Martin, Peter J. and Sharrock, W.W, Understanding Classical Sociology –Marx, Weber and Durkheim, Sage Publications, Whole Book.
- 7. Marx, K. and Engels, F (1976), The Manifesto of the Communist Party, in Marx-Engels collected Works, Vol.6, London: Lawrence and Wishart,
- 8. Weber, M(1949), The Methodology of the Social Sciences, New York, Free Press Weber, M(2002), The Protestant Ethic and the Spirit of Capitalism, Los Angeles, Blackwell Publisher

students shall be required to study in detail all the original worksof the selected thinker. The thinker	
to be selected shall be decided by the department in the beginning of the session	
in the beginning of the session	

Reading Elective Disciplinary I: Studies in Indian Society

Existing	Proposed	Remarks
Course 1 : Studies in Indian Society Rationale: The aim of this course is to provide	Reading Elective Disciplinary: (A) Studies in Indian Society Objective: The aim of this course is to provide students with	
students with information about the development of sociology in India. Practical approaches are also included as Sociological studies. 1. Development of Sociology in India	information about the development of sociology in India. Practical approaches are also included as Sociological studies. 1. Development of Sociology in India: Sociology and Social Anthropology in India, Contextualization, Indigenization, Sociology for India	Sub topics have been added to spell out content explicitly for self study.
2.Theoretical Categorization of Sociological Contributions on Indian Society		Existing topic was deleted due to its ambiguity. New

3.Sociological Studies (Any Two of the following)

(a) Agrarian Relations: Andre Beteille

(b)Peasant Movement: D.N. Dhanagare

(c)Religion and Society among the Coorgs of South Asia: M.N. Srinivas

(d)Social Movement: Ghamshyam Shah

Books Recommended:

- 1. M.N. Srinivas: Religion and Society among the Coorg of South India, Delhi, Asia Pub. House, 1952.
- 2. R.K. Mukherji: Sociology of Indian Sociology, Bombay, Allied, 1979.
- 3. Contributions to Indian Sociology, ALL vols., Sage Publication Indaian Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi Feb-Jan, 2012.
- 4. Yogendra Singh: Indian Sociology, New Delhi, Vistar Publications, 1986.
- S.C.Dube: Mordenization and Development, New Delhi, Vistar Publication, 1988.

2. Theoretical Perspectives:

- Indological/ Textual: G.S. Ghurye, Louis Dumont
- Marxist: A.R. Desai, Ramkrishna Mukherjee
- Structural Functional: M.N. Srinivas, S.C. Dube, Mckim Marriot
- Subaltern: B.R. Ambedkar, David Hardiman

- **3.** Sociological Studies (Any Two of the following)
 - Agrarian Relations: Andre Beteille
 - Peasant Movement: D.N. Dhanagare
 - Religion and Society among the Coorgs of South Asia: M.N. Srinivas
 - Social Movement: Ghamshyam Shah
 - Modernization of Indian Tradition: Yogendra Singh
 - Indian Village: S.C. Dube
 - Caste Class Power: Andre Beteille

References:-

1. Alden, Foster Carter: The Sociology of Development (Themes and Perspective in Sociology), Cquseway Books Publishing House, 1985.

topic with specifications of content has been added to make it more clear..

More books have been added to acquaint the students with the relevant studies on Indian society with different perspectives.

- 6. Vivek, P.S.: Sociological Perspective and Indian Sociology; Himalaya Publishers, New Delhi. 2002.
- 7. Dhanagare, D.N: Themes and Perspective in Indian Sociology, Rawat Publication, Jaipur. 1994.
- 8. Alden, Foster Carter: The Sociology of Development (Themes and Perspective in Sociology), Cquseway Books Publishing House, 1985.

- Desai A.R. (1979), Peasant Struggles in India, Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- 3. Desai A.R (1981), Relevance of the Marxist Approach to the Study of Indian Society, Sociological Bulletin, 30 (1): 1-20
- 4. Dhanagare, D.N: Themes and Perspective in Indian Sociology, Rawat Publication, Jaipur. 1994.
- Nagla B.K. (2010), Indian Sociological Thought, Rawat Publication, Jaipur
- 6. Hardiman David (1996), Feeding the Bania: Peasant Usureres in Western India
- 7. Hardiman David (1987), The Coming of Devi: Adivasi assertion in Western India, New Delhi, Oxford University Press
- 8. Dumont Louis (1966), Homo Hierarchicus, The University of Chicago Press, Chicago and London
- 9. Srinivas M.N. (1955), India's Village, Bombay, Asia Publishing House.
- 10. Mukherjee R. K. (1979), Sociology of Indian Sociology, Bombay, Allied Publishers.
- 11. Mukherjee Ramakrishna (1957), The Dynamics of Rural Society: A Study of the Economic Structure in Bengal village, Berlin: Akademie- Verlag
- 12. Dube S.C. (1955), Indian Village, London, Routeledge& Kegan Paul.
- 13. Dube S.C. (1988), India's Changing Villages, London, Routeledge& Kegan Paul.
- 14. Parmanick S.K. (1994), Sociology of G.S. Ghurye, Jaipur, Rawat Publications.
- 15. Oommen T.K. and ParthanathMukherji (1986), Indian Sociology: Reflections and Interpretation, Bombay, Popular Prakashan.
- 16. Unnithan T.K.N. and others (1965), Socology in India, New Delhi, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.
- 17. Singh Yogendra (1986), Indian Sociology, New Delhi, Vistar Publications.

18. Vivek, P.S.: Sociological Perspective and Indian Sociology; Himalaya Publishers, New Delhi. 2002.

Reading Elective Disciplinary II: Sociology of Mass Communication and Advertising

Existing	Proposed	Remarks
	Objective: The sociology of communication course aims to introduce students to the central issues regarding multidimensional relationship between communication, Advertising and social system. The course is intended to provide students with a basis for further study in the area of communication and advertising. 1. Communication and Mass Communication: Elements, Process, Model. • Mass Media: Types and Development • Advertising: Features, Types and Development 2. Social Theories Of Mass Communication • Katz&Lazarsfeld • Mcluhan • John Thompson • JurgenHabermas • J. Baudrillard 3. Role Of Mass Media: C. R. Wright • Propaganda, Public Opinion, Recreation, Education, Socialization, Information • Role of Advertising in Modern Society 4. The Impact Of Mass Media • Uses and abuses of the media: Lasswell, Lazarsfeld, Merton • Deflur: Peterson and Wilbur Schramm • Abuse: Merton, Lazarsfeld • Utility of Advertising in Modern Society	

- Advertising Research and Evaluation Advertising and Social responsibility,
- Ethical issues of advertising. ,
- Advertising & its impact on society: Age, Gender & Class.

References:-

- Packard Vance (2007), The Hidden Persuader, Hammond worth, Penguin books.
- Weber Max, (1947), The Theory of Social and Economic Organisation, New York, The Free Press.
- 3. Despande, Rohit (2001), Using Market Knowledge, Sage India.
- 4. Altheride, D.L. and R.P.Snow (1979), Media Logic, Newbury Park, C.A. Sage.
- Browers. J.W. and T.A. Courtright (1984), Communication Research Methods; Glenview, Scott, Foresman.
- JhallyS,ed.(1987), The Codes of Advertising, "fetishism and the Political economy of meaning in the consumer society, New York, St Martine.
- 7. Klapper J.P.(1960), The Effect of Mass Communication, New York Free Press.
- Real, M.R.(1977), Mass Mediated Culture, Englewood Cliff: Prentice Hall.
- 1. Wright C.R.(1986), Mass Communication: A Sociological Perspective, New York: Random House.
- Vanden, Bergn, B.G. and Helen Kartz (1999), Advertising Principles Challenge and change Lincolnwood, Business Books.
- 3. Engle, J.F. (2001), Consumer BehaviourForte, Worth: Hart Court College Publishers.
- 4. Sinha, P.K.(2003), "Shopping Orientation in the evolving Indian Market", Vikalpa, 28 (2) 13-22.
- London, D.& Della Bitta (1986), A Consumer Behavior, Concepts and Applications, New York, Mcgraw Hill.
- 6. Barnouw, Frik(1978), The Sponsor, New York: Oxford University press.
- 7. Dennis, Everetle E.(1978), 'The Media Society, New York WMC Brown Publishers.
- Davis, Dennis K. and Stanley J. Baran (1981), Mass Communication in Everyday life, New York: Wadworth publishing Co.
- 9. Featherstone, Mike (1991), Consumer, Culture and Post Modernism, Sage: London.
- 10. Campbell, Colin (1987), The Romantic Ethic and the Spirit of Modern Consumerism, Blackwell, Oxford.
- 11. Mcgacken, Grant(1990), Culture and Consumption, Indiana University Press, Bloomengton.
- Bourdieu, Pierre(1984), Distinction A Social Critique of the Judgement of Taste, Routledge & Kegan Paul, London.
- Agee, Warrenk; Phillip, H. Ault and Edwin Energy (1975), Introduction to Mass Communication, New York: Dodi Mead Inc..
- 14. Aggarwal, B.C. and M.R. Malek (1986, Television in Kheda, New Delhi: Concept Publication.

15. Canter, Muriel G. (1980), Prime Time Television – Content and Control, London: Sage Publications.
16. Cassate, Mary B. and Molefi K. Asante (1979). Mass Communication – Principles and Practices, New York: McMillan.
17. Chauhan, Kanwar (2001), Television and Social Transformation, New Delhi: Sarup and Sons.
18. Chauhan, Kanwar (2003). Television and Teenagers – An Emerging Agent of Socialization, New Delhi: Sarup and Sons.

Semester III

Economics

Reading Elective I: Modern Economic Thought

Proposed	Remarks
Objective: This course will introduce the students to economic thought by tracing its history. It will help students to develop a chronological understanding of the development of economic thought. The study of economic ideas of the past is not only challenging but also enlightening. The paper attempts to make the students of economics acquainted with the evolution of economic ideas as a response to immediate economic problems and policy issues, refining earlier analysis by correcting mistakes and filling in the gaps in the analysis. 1. Pre-classical economic thought: Mercantilism, Physiograpy: Classical economic thought: Adam Smith-	
Theory of value and Theory of division of labour, Ricardo- Theory of value and Theory of distribution,	
2. Karl Marx: Historical materialism, Theory of value, Theory of capital accumulation, Analysis of	
Theory of capital.	
equilibrium; Economics of welfare: A.C. Pigou, V. Pareto; J. M. Keynes and his policies; Post-Keynesian	
approaches; Economic thought in modern India: Naoroji, Mahatma Gandhi, B. R. Ambedkar and Amartya Sen.	
References:	
	Objective: This course will introduce the students to economic thought by tracing its history. It will help students to develop a chronological understanding of the development of economic thought. The study of economic ideas of the past is not only challenging but also enlightening. The paper attempts to make the students of economics acquainted with the evolution of economic ideas as a response to immediate economic problems and policy issues, refining earlier analysis by correcting mistakes and filling in the gaps in the analysis. 1. Pre-classical economic thought: Mercantilism, Physiocracy; Classical economic thought: Adam Smith-Theory of value and Theory of division of labour, Ricardo-Theory of value and Theory of distribution, Malthus-Theory of population, John Stuart Mill - Principles of political economy. 2. Karl Marx: Historical materialism, Theory of value, Theory of capital accumulation, Analysis of distribution, Theory of crisis; Essential features of Marginalism, Jevons theory of value, Bohm Bawerk: Theory of capital. 3. Features of Neo-Classical economics; A. Marshall and his contribution, Walras' Theory of general equilibrium; Economic of welfare: A.C. Pigou, V. Pareto; J. M. Keynes and his policies; Post-Keynesian approaches; Economic thought in modern India: Naoroji, Mahatma Gandhi, B. R. Ambedkar and Amartya Sen.

- 2. Bhatia, H. L., History of Economic Thought, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd, 2009.
- 3. Blaug, M., Economic Theory in retrospect, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1997.
- 4. Eaton, John, Political Economy, International Publisher, 1949 and revised (1966).
- 5. Eaton, John., Political Economy, The Indian Economic Journal, Vol. 41, No. 2 Oct- Dec., 1993, Pp. 153-171.
- 6. Ekelund, R.B. and Hebert, R.F., A History of Economic Theory and Method, McGraw-Hill, 1975.
- 7. Eric Roll., A History of Economic Thought, Faber & Faber Publisher, 1961 (Latest edition).
- 8. Ganguli, B.N., Indian Economic Thought: A Nineteenth Century Perspective, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co., New Delhi, 1977.
- 9. Gide, C. and G Rist., A History of Economic Doctrines, Academic Foundation, New Delhi, 1956.
- 10. Gray, A. and Thompson A., The Development of Economic Doctrines, Longman, London, 1980.
- 11. Hajela, T.N., History of Economic Thought, Ane Books Pvt. Ltd, 2008.
- 12. Haney, L.H., A History of Economic Thought: A Critical Account of the Origin and Development of the Economic Theories of the Leading Thinkers in the Leading Nations, Macmillan, 1922.
- 13. Hunt, E.K., History of Economic Thought: A Critical Lautzenheiser, M. Perspective, M.E. Sharpe, 2011.
- 14. Landreth, H. and Colander, D.C., History of Economic Thought, Houghton Mifflin; 4th Revised edition edition (17 November 2001).
- 15. Medema, S.G. and Samuels, W.J., The History of Economic Thought: A Reader, Rout ledge, (2003).
- 16. Robbins, L., A History of Economic Thought, The LSE Lectures, ed. Medema S.G. and W.J. Samuels, Princeton University Press, 2001.
- 17. Roncaglia, A., The Wealth of Ideas: A History of Economic Thought, Cambridge University Press, 2005.
- 18. Schumpeter, J. A., A History of Economic Analysis, Oxford University Press, New York, 1954.
- 19. Spiegel, H.W., The Growth of Economic Thought, Duke University Press, 1991.
- 20. Steven, G. M., History of Economic Thought, Oxford University Press.

Websites:

www.policonomics.com/lp-classical-economics-mercantilism

- en.citizendium.org/wiki/History_of_pre-classical_economic_thought
- https://www.marxists.org/archive/marx/works/.../theories...value
- ublishing.cdlib.org/ucpressebooks/view?docId=ft367nb2h4

- economics.illinoisstate.edu/ntskaggs/eco372/.../alfred_marshall.htm
- www.academia.edu/3836527/Walrasian_General_Equilibrium_Theory

Reading Elective II: Gender and Development

Existing	Proposed	Remarks
	Objective	
	Gender biases in societal practices and development policies have resulted in persistent gender inequalities. It is increasingly being realized that mitigating such inequalities and enhancing women's capabilities and entitlements are crucial to the overall development of the country. This course would provide students an understanding of the nature of economic role of women and their contribution to the national economy. The course will also develop understanding to use gender perspectives in analysing issues and problems of development.	
	1. Gender and development as a separate area of study, issues in gender and development; Gender Development Index (GDI), Gender action plan and Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs): sex ratio, health, extreme poverty, primary education.	
	2. Concept and analysis of women's work: Valuation of productive and unproductive work, paid and unpaid work, economically and socially productive work; Female contribution to national income; Limitation of national income statistics.	
	Women and labor market in India; Supply and demand for female labor in developed and developing countries with special reference to India; Female work participation in organized and unorganized sector; Wage differentials and determinants of wage differentials: gender, education, skill, productivity, efficiency, opportunity.	
	3. Mainstreaming gender into developmental policies- Gender and development planning; Gender sensitive	

governance; Gender budgeting; Paradigm shifts from women's well being to women's empowerment; Microfinance and gender, Democratic decentralization and empowerment of women in India.

References:

- 1. Agarwal, B., Humphries, J. & Robeyns, I. (eds.), Capabilities, Freedom and Equality Amartya Sen's Work from a Gender Perspective, OUP, New Delhi, India, 2010.
- 2. Agnihotri, S.B., Sex Ratio in Indian Population: A Fresh Exploration, Sage publications, New Delhi, 2000.
- 3. Banerjee Nirmala, M Krishnaraj, Sieving Budgets for Women, Economic and Political Weekly, Vol 39 (44), pp.4788 –4791, 2004.
- 4. Boserup, E., Women's Role in Economic Development, St. Martin's Press, USA, 1970.
- 5. Chen. Martha, Counting the Invisible Workforce: The Case of Home based Workers, World Development Report, Vol 27 (3), pp 603 610, 2009.
- 6. Dasgupta Monica et al. 'Evidence of an Incipient Decline in the Number of Missing Girls in China and India', Population and Development Review, Vol. 35 (2), pp 401 416, 2009.
- 7. Goodman, J. (Ed.), Global Perspectives on Gender and Work, Rowman & Littlefield Publishers, Inc., U.K, 2012.
- 8. Government of India: Towards Equality: Report of the Committee on the Status of Women in India, Department of Social Welfare, Ministry of Education and Social Welfare, New Delhi.
- 9. Hirway, I., Mainstreaming Time Use Surveys in National Statistical System in India, Economic and Political Weekly, Vol. XLIV (49), pp 56 65, 2009.
- 10. ILO: Women's Participation in the Economic Activity of Asian Countries, ILO.
- 11. Jacobson, J.P., The Economics of Gender, Blackwell Publishing, USA, 2007.
- 12. John, Mary, Women in Power: Gender, Caste and the Politics of Local Urban Governance, Economic and Political Weekly, Sept 29, 2007.
- 13. Krishna Raj, M., R.M. Sudarshan and A. Shariff: Gender, Population and Development, 1998.
- 14. Lourdes, B., Accounting for Women's Work: The Progress of Two Decades. World Development, Vol. 20, No. 11, 1547-1560, 1992.
- 15. Momsen, J., Gender and Development. Routledge, USA, 2010.
- 16. Papola, T. S. and A. N. Sharma (Eds.), Gender and Employment in India, 1999.
- 17. Seth, M., Women and Development: The Indian Experience, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2000.
- 18. Sinha, N., Raju, D. & Morrison, A., Gender Equality, Poverty and Economic Growth. World Bank Policy Research Working Paper, 4349, 2007.
- 19. Srinivansan K.and A. Shroff, India: Towards Population, Development Goals, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1998.
- 20. Winter-Ebmer, R., Gender Wage Inequality and Economic Growth: Is there really a puzzle? A comment,

Websites for Reference

• www.undp.org/hdr UNDP Human Development Report (various years)

• http://web.worldbank.org/WBSITE/EXTERNAL/TOPICS/EXTGENDER/0,,contentMDK:20619560~menuPK:1570210~pagePK:148956~piPK:216618~theSitePK:336868,00.html

• https://info.worldbank.org/etools/docs/library/192862/Module1/Module1c.html

• http://www.fao.org/docrep/005/y3969e/y3969e02.htm

• http://www.bridge.ids.ac.uk/sites/bridge.ids.ac.uk/files/reports/re55.pdf

History

Reading Elective I: Approaches To Global Historiography

Existing	Proposed	Remarks
	APPROACHES TO GLOBAL HISTORIOGRAPHY	The course acquaints the students with
	Rationale: The course acquaints the students with the ancient, medieval and modern approaches of historical writings along with some representative historians. It also consists of the contemporary trends and issues emerging in	the approaches of historical
	the field of current history writing.	writings along with some representative

historians

- 1. Herodotus: The Histories
- 2. Plato: The Republic
- 3. Aristotle: The Politics
- 4. St. Augustine: The City of God
- 5. Ibn Khaldun: *Muqaddimah*
- 6. Machiavelli: The Prince
- 7. Ranke: Seminars
- 8. Marx: (i) Manifesto of the Communist Party (ii) Marx on India
- 9. Mary Wollstonecraft: A Vindication of the Rights of Women.
- 10. Foucault: *Madness and Civilization*.

Suggested Readings:

Aristotle, Jowett Benjamin (translator), *Politics*, Australia: University of Adelaide.

Beauvior, Simone De, Parshley, H.M., Bair, Deirdre, The Second Sex, Vintage, 1989.

Bloch, Marc, The Historian's Craft, Manchester University press, 1992.

Foucault, Michel, Madness and Civilization: A History of Insanity in the Age of Reason, Psychology Press, 2001.

Herodotus (Author), John M. Marincola (Editor, Introduction), Aubrey De Selincourt (Translator), The Histories Reissue Edition, Penguin book limited, 2003.

Ibn Khaldun, Barnes, H.E., A History of Historical Writing, New York, 1963.

Livy, Shotwell, James T., *The History of History*, Vol. I, Columbia, 1939.

Marx, Wales, W.H., An Introduction to Philosophy of History, London, 1951.

Nicolo, Machiavelli, Marriott, W. K., The Prince, South Australia, 2014.

Plato, Lee Desmond (translator), The Republic , Penguine book limited, 2003.

Ranke, Gooch, G.P., History and Historians in the Nineteenth Century, London: 1913.

Rousseau, Jean-Jacques, The Social Contract, South Australia, 2014.

St. Augustine, Shotwell, James T., The History of History, Vol. I, Columbia, 1939.

Wollstonecraft, Mary, Cracium, Adriana, A Vindication of the Right of Women: A Sourcebook, Routledge, 2002.

10.

Reading Elective II: An Introduction to South Asia

Existing	Proposed	Remarks
	Rationale: This course seeks to present an analytical perspective on societal dynamics and their impact	This paper will help
	on historical processes in South Asia. This paper focuses on the political economy and social history of	to
	South Asia. The aim is to provide an outline of the region to the learners.	understand
	1. The Significance of South Asia.	the political
	2. The South Asia Region: Political Geography and Social History.	economy and social
	3. Nature and Impact of the Colonial Experience.	history of South
	4. Growth of Nationalism: Evolution and Character.	Asia.
	5. Patterns of Polity, Democracy, Monarchy, Authoritarianism, Military.	
	6. Foreign Policy in the wake of Cold War.	
	7. Developmental Challenges before the nation; Debt, Famine, and Hunger in the Region.	
	8. Politics of Identities; Tribal, Religion, Caste, Linguistic, Regional.	
	9. Environmental Issues in South Asia; Policies, Movements, Trends.	
	10. Emerging Geopolitics: The SAARC Globalization and Erosion of the Nation State.	
	Suggested Readings:	

Chandran, D. Suba and Chari, P.R. (ed.), Armed Conflict in South Asia: Growing Violence, New Delhi, Routledge, 2008.

Farmer, B.H., AN Introduction to South Asia, London, Routledge, 1993.

Jalal, Ayesha, Democracy and Authoritarianism in South Asia: A Comparative and Historical Perspective, New Delhi, Cambridge University Press, 1995.

Ollapally, Deepa M., The Politics of Extremism in South Asia, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2008.

Sethi, Harsh (eds.), State of Democracy in South Asia: A Report, the SDSA Team, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2008.

Reading Elective III: Cinema, Society and History

Existing	Proposed	Remarks
	Rationale: The course would introduce students to the evolutionary nature of Indian Cinema tracing	The paper introduces
	the specific genres, thematic concerns reflective of prevailing scenario and the forms of popular	to understand
	cinema, and traversing through the silent cinema of early studio years, the coming of sound, the	the
	auteurs and new studios, the consolidation of the star system to the globalization of contemporary	historical changes
	cinema. It aims at a focus on aesthetic, theoretical and historical interventions in the area.	through

the history of cinema.

- 1) 'Cinema History'": A Viable Category of Understanding Social Identities?
- 2) Empire, nationalism, Narratives of National Reconciliation and the Early Cinema
- 3) Partition: Looking Through Lens
- 4) Class, Cinema, and Ethnographic Spectacle: Addressing the Concerns of People during Nehruvian-Indira Era
- 5) Popular Cinema and Vernacular Culture: Categorization of Regional Cinema
- 6) Liberal Economic Reform, Changing Idea of Nation State and Indian Cinema: Development After 1990s
- 7) The Construction of Religious Identities: Hindutva, Popular Culture and the Muslim 'Other'
- 8) Folklore and the Developmental Aesthetic
- 9) Society and Cinema in the Age of twenty first Century: Technology Advancement, Fiction, and the Growing Imagination.
- 10) From Age of Innocence to Age of Information: Transformation to Digital Technology

Movies (list o be periodically updated)

Raja Harishchandra, Andolan, Anandmatha, Tamash, Garm Hawa, Do Bigha Zamin, Mother India, Namak Haram, Deewar, Pather Panchali, Namste London, Barsaat ki Raa, Mere Mehboob, Ghazal, Mere Huzoor, Mehboob ki Mehndi, Pinjar, My Name is Khan, Pardesh, DDLJ, Rudali, Gravity

Readings

Alam, J., Behind election verdict: what kind of a nation are we?, Economic and Political Weekly, 31(25),1996, pp 1612–1620.

Anderson, Benedict, *Imagined Communities: Reflections on the Origin and Spread of Nationalism*, London/New York: Verso, 1991.

Bhabha, H., (ed), Nation and Narration, London: Routledge, 1990.

Brass, P., *The Production of Hindu–Muslim Violence in Contemporary India*, Washington, DC: Washington University Press, 2003.

Chakrabarti, S. S., *National Identity in Indian Popular Cinema*, 1947–1987 ,Austin: TX University Press, 1994.

Charney, Leo and Vanessa, Schwartz (eds), Cinema and the Invention of Modern Life, University of California Press, 1996.

Conley, Tom, Cartographic Cinema, Minneapolis: University of Minnesota Press, 2007.

Gellner, Earnest, Nations and Nationalism, New York: Cornell University Press, 2006.

Hansen, T. Blom, The Saffron Wave: Democracy and Hindu Nationalism ,NJ: Princeton

University Press, 1999.

Kumar H. M., Sanjeev, Constructing the Nation's Enemy: Hindutva, popular culture and the Muslim 'other' in Bollywood Cinema, *Third World Quarterly*, 34:3, 2013, 458-469.

Lamster, Mark (ed), Architecture and Film, Princeton: Princeton Architectural Press, 2000.

Prasad, M., Ideology of Hindi film: A Historical Construction, New Delhi: OUP, 1998.

Ray, Rajat Kant, The Felt Community, New Delhi: OUP, 2007.

Savarkar, V. D. (ed), *Hindutva: Who is a Hindu?*, New Delhi: Bharati Sahitya Sadan, 1989.

Sherman, Sharon R. and Mikel, J.Koven (ed.), FOLKLORE / CINEMA: Popular Film as Vernacular Culture, Logan, UT: Utah State University Press, 2007.

Thompson, Kristin and David, Bordwell, Film History, McGraw-Hill Higher Education, 2010.

Wagenknecht, Edward, *The Movies in the Age of Innocence*, USA: McFarland & Company, 2014.

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Reading elective-1 : Political Studies in India: Selected Writings

Existing Syllabus	Proposed Syllabus	Remarks
	Objectives: This course is mainly concerned with the Indian political thought. The course includes some of the notable works in India which influenced the political thinking in India. The students are expected to study a political thinker's work and develop an analytical and critical perspective. Students shall be able to develop a broad conception of the realm of the political thinking, enabling them to think critically. This course will provide them an insight to develop their ability to think independently and they will able to construct their own arguments, responding to but not merely reproducing the argument of others.	
	Note: Student will have to choose one of the thinkers given below and study thoroughly his given work to understand the main idea of the work. 1. Kautilya: Arthashastra	
	2. B.R. Ambedkar: The Untouchables and Who are the Shudras	
	3. Rajni Kothari: Rethinking Indian Democracy	
	4. Subhash Kashyap: Our Constitution	
	5. Pratap Bhanu Mehta: The Burden of Democracy	

RESEARCH THEMES FOR DISSERTATION

Existing Syllabus	Proposed	Remarks
	Social JusticeState, Development and Public Policy	
	Civil Society and State Publication Medium Latin	
	 Political Ideas in Modern India 	

- Political Institutions
- Theories of Change and Transformation
- Legitimacy, Protest and Change
- Federalism and Decentralization
- Diversity and Difference
- Religion and Politics
- Equality and Non-discrimination
- Justice, Community and Culture
- Secularism, the nation-state and minority politics
- Social and Political Movements
- Politics of Caste, Class, Communalism and Regionalism
- Multiculturalism and Identity Politics
- Dalit Movements and Politics
- Gender and Politics.
- Environmental Politics
- Electoral politics
- Political participation: political parties and pressure groups
- Comparative study of regional and state politics in India
- Neo-Liberalism and Globalization
- Issues of National Security Foreign Policy of India
- Area Studies
- International Relations

Sociology

Reading Elective I: Rural and Urban Studies

Existing	Proposed	Remarks
	Objective : The main objective of this paper is to sensitize students on rural and urban dimensions of society, various rural problems affecting the social structure and how urban community is changing to rural one. And it also seeks to explore the theoretical perspective of rural-urban sociology.	
	 From Rural to Urban- Difference and Continuum, Village as a Unit of study, the little community, peasant society, little and great tradition Rural Social Structure: Agrarian Classes, Agrarian relations: Agrarian Class Structure and Tenancy, Agrarian Reforms 	
	 3. Agrarian Crises: Rural Indebtedness, Peasant Suicides, Special Economic Zones and Land alienation. 4. Development of City: Historical Perspective: Lewis Mumford Ecological Perspective: Park and Burgess, Harris and Ullman 	
	 Theories of urban sociology: Simmel – Metropolis and Mental Life; Louis Wirth – Urbanism; Manuel Castell – The City and Grass Roots 	
	6. Rural-Urban Development and Planning, Problems, Over Urbanization, Slums and Urban Ecology References:	
	 Desai, A.R. (1968),Rural Sociology in India, Bombay, Popular Prakshan. Desai, A.R. (1979),Peasant Struggle in India, Bombay, Oxford University Press. Thorner, D and Alice Thorner (1962), Land and Labour in India, Bombay, Asia Publishing House. park, Robert and Burgess, Ernest, "The City", Chicago, University of Chicago Press 	

5. Mumford, Lewis (1968), City in History (Chapter 1), San Diego, Mariner books	
6. Rao, M. S. A., Ed. (1974), Urban Sociology in India: Reader and Source Book, New Delhi, Orient Longman.	
7. Sharma, K.L. (1997), Rural Society in India, New Delhi, Rawat Publication.	
8. Dhanagare D.N. (1988), Peasant Movement in India, New Delhi, Oxford.	
9. M.S. Gore (1968), Urbanization and Family Change, Bombay, Popular Prakashan	
10. Dube, S.C. (1955), Indian Village, London	
11. Redfield, Robert (1956), Peasant Society and Culture, Chicago, Chicago University Press.	

Reading Elective II: Gender Studies

Existing	Proposed	Remarks
	Objective: Gender Studies is an inter-disciplinary paper which has been designed to focus on the construction of gender and gender relations from various dimensions. This paper intends to highlight the key issues for promoting research in Gender Studies Perspective. 1. Introduction to Gender Studies: • The concept of sex and gender • Social construction of gender • Gender Identity: Masculinity, Femininity, Transgender • Patriarchy, Power and Masculinity	
	 2. Demographic Profile: Social Profile: Education and Health Economic Profile: work Political Participation 3. Feminist Theories: 	

- Liberal Feminism
- Marxist Feminism)
- Socialist Feminism)
- Radical Feminism
- Postmodern Feminism
- Intersectionality
- 4. Feminist Perspectives and Knowledge Building
 - Feminist epistemology
 - Feminist empiricism
 - Feminist standpoint
 - Feminist ethnography
- 5. Women's Movement
 - Women's movements in the world;
 - Women's movement in India
- **6.** Gender and media.

References:

- 1. Bansal, D. K. (2006), Gender violence, New Delhi: Mahaveer and Sons.
- 2. Chanana, K. (Ed.). (1988), Socialization, education and women: Explorations in gender identity. Delhi: Orient Longman.
- 3. Chaudhuri, M. (2011), The Indian women's movement. Delhi: Palm Leaf Publications.
- 4. Connell, R.W. (2003), Gender. Cambridge: Polity Press.
- 5. Das Rani, S. (2010), Gender dynamics in India. Himalaya Publishing House
- 6. Desai, N., & Krishnaraj, M. (1987), Women and society in India. Delhi: Ajanta.
- 7. Desai, N., & Thakkar, U. (2004), Women in Indian society. National Book Trust.
- 8. De Souza, A. (Ed.). (1975), Women in Contemporary India. Delhi: Mano-har.

- 9. Forbes, G. (1999), Women in modern India. Cambridge University Press.
- 10. Harding, S. G. (1987), Feminism and methodology: social science issues, Indiana: Indiana University Press.
- 11. Hesse-Biber, S.N. (Ed.). (2007), Hand book of feminist Research, theory and practices, London: Sage Publiation.
- 12. Jackson, S. (1998), Contemporary feminist theories. Edinburg, Edinburg University Press.
- 13. Kaur, M. (2005), Gender realities. Chandigarh: Abhiskek Publication
- 14. Momsen J. H. (2010), Gender and development (2nd ed.). New York: Routledge.
- 15. Poonacha, V. (1990). Understanding violence. SNDT, Mumbai.
- 16. Prasad, K. (Ed.). (2005), Women and media: challenging feminist discourse. New Delhi: The Women Press.

17. Tong, R. (2009), Feminist thought: A comprehensive introduction. Colorado: Westview Press

Offg. Secretary Banasthali Vidyapith P.O. Banasthali Vidyapith Distt. Tonk (Raj.)-304022

Verified

Department of Political Science and Public Administration Banasthali Vidyapith, Banasthali

Minutes of the Board of Studies held on 28th December 2018, at 03.00 pm in the Conference Hall, Vidya Mandir, Banasthali Vidyapith.

Present

1. Prof. R.S. Yadav	External Member
2. Dr. Alok Shrivastav	External Member
3. Prof. Preeta Joshi	External Member
4. Dr. Sangeeta Vijay	Internal Member
5. Dr. Rupali Bhouradia	Internal Member
6. Dr. Sunil Mahawar	Internal Member
7. Dr. Priyadarshini Purohit	Internal Member
8. Prof. Nirmala Singh	Convener

Note: Prof. R.S. Yadav and Dr. Alok Shrivastav (External Members) could not attend the meeting.

Convener accorded warm welcome to the members of the Board.

1. The Board took up for confirmation of the minutes of its last meeting held on 22^{nd} April 2016.

The Board resolved that the minutes of its last meeting to be confirmed.

2. The Board reviewed the existing panel of examiners and recommended the Panel of Examiners in the subject of Political Science and Public Administration for B.A., M.A. and M.Phil. examination keeping in view the Bye-law of 15.03.02 of the Vidyapith.

Updated panel of examiners is submitted in sealed envelope to the secrecy section.

3. The board reviewed the Study/Curricula, scheme of examination and proposed revision in various courses of study as follow:

3.I (A) B.A./B.A. B.Ed.

(Political Science)

i.	First Semester Examination, December, 2019	No Change
ii.	Second Semester Examination, April/May, 2020	No Change
iii.	Third Semester Examination, December, 2020	No Change
iv.	Fourth Semester Examination, April/May, 2021	Change ^a
v.	Fifth Semester Examination, December, 2021	Change b
vi.	Sixth Semester Examination, April/May, 2022	Change c

The Board reviewed the programme educational objectives, syllabi, learning outcomes of the B.A./B.A.B.Ed. (Political Science) programme.

- (a) The board discussed the course Major Governments of South Asia of BA Fourth Semester and resolved to recommend that the course includes so many topics of various political systems in its content, which is not possible to complete in stipulated time period. Therefore, board recommended removing some of the topics. However, the relevant and fundamental topics of South Asian political systems are sustained in syllabus.
- (b) & (c) The board recommended to convert one course each of these semesters in discipline elective course and adding one more discipline elective course in each semester to give students more disciplinary choice. These courses are also open for the students of other disciplines. If time-table permits the students of other disciplines can choose these courses as additional elective courses opting one per semester (maximum two courses) in Semesters III, IV, V or VI with prior permission of respective heads. The students of Political Science also can opt two additional Open (Generic) audit/credit Elective from

other disciplines opting one per semester (maximum two courses) in Semesters III, IV, V or VI with prior permission of respective heads.

The Board also reviewed programme educational objectives, programme outcomes, adding e-resources and updating the recommended books and the list of disciplinary courses of the B.A. (Political Science) Programme are attached and marked as **Annexure-1**

3.I (B) B.A./B.A. B.Ed.

(Public Administration)

i.	First Semester Examination, December, 2019	No Change
ii.	Second Semester Examination, April/May, 2020	No Change
iii.	Third Semester Examination, December, 2020	No Change
iv.	Fourth Semester Examination, April/May, 2021	No Change
v.	Fifth Semester Examination, December, 2021	No Change ^a
vi.	Sixth Semester Examination, April/May, 2022	No Change b

(a) & (b) The board recommended to convert one course each of these semesters in discipline elective course and adding one more discipline elective course in each semester to give students more disciplinary choice. These courses are also open for the students of other disciplines. If time-table permits the students of other disciplines can choose these courses as additional elective courses opting one per semester (maximum two courses) in Semesters III, IV, V or VI with prior permission of respective heads. The students of Public Administration also can opt two additional Open (Generic) audit/credit Elective from other disciplines opting one per semester (maximum two courses) in Semesters III, IV, V or VI with prior permission of respective heads.

The Board resolved to recommend that there is no need to change in curricula of the courses but recommended to add e-resources and update the recommended books.

Programme specific outcomes and the list of disciplinary courses of the B.A./B.A.B.Ed. (Public Administration) Programme are attached and marked as **Annexure-2**

3.II M.A. (Political Science)

i.	First Semester Examination, December, 2019	Minor Change ^a
ii.	Second Semester Examination, April/May, 2020	Change b
iii	Third Semester Examination, December, 2019	Minor Change ^c
iv	Fourth Semester Examination, April/May, 2020	Minor Change d
V.	Third Semester Examination, December, 2020	Revised ¹
vi.	Fourth Semester Examination, April/May, 2021	Revised efg1

MA (**Political Science**): The Board considered and reviewed the existing Courses of Study, Curricula and Scheme of Examinations for MA. The Board reviewed the MA Political Science syllabi and found the conceptual and theoretical content satisfactory. In additions to this the Board recommended some modifications of courses as given below:

- (a) In MA I Semester, minor revision in the syllabus of Principles of Public Administration was proposed. Board discussed the major approaches of the public administration and resolved to replace Behavioral approach to a new Ecological Approach. We have removed behavioral approach from syllabi as it is a part of human relation approach. In the present scenario Ecological Approach is more relevant, hence it has been added.
- (b) Board reviewed the syllabi of 'Public Administration in India' of MA II Semester programme and suggested to revise the course. There were same pattern for the many organizations and agencies, so we have taken one among them and removed others. New and more relevant topics have been added. In this way a balance has been maintained among the various sections in the syllabi.
- (c) The Board resolved that the course 'UN and Regional Organizations' should also be revised. Board suggested that the existing syllabus is theoretical in nature and gives knowledge about the organization of UN agencies but does not fulfills the practical aspects which are necessary to understand the working of UN and other international organizations. As per suggestion of the board the syllabi of given course is redesigned. After revision, this course will benefit students to understand the international scenario in perspectives of UN and international

- organizations. It is not specific to fulfill needs of the students. After completing this course students can understand the government policy making process which can help them to build career in this field. The course is redesigned as per the suggestions.
- (d) Board reviewed the syllabi of the 'Human Rights' of the MA III Semester and suggested to recast the course. As per recommendations the course is revised.
- (e) The Board reviewed the courses of MA IV Semester programme and resolved that the course 'Public Policy in India' should be revised. Board suggested that the existing syllabus is not specific to fulfill needs of the students. This course must be designed for futuristic perspective of the students. After completing this course students can understand the government policy making process which can help them to build career in this field. The course is redesigned according to the suggestions
- (f) The Board resolved that the course 'UN and Regional Organizations' should also be revised. Board suggested that the existing syllabus is theoretical in nature and gives knowledge about the organization of UN agencies but does not fulfills the practical aspects which are necessary to understand the working of UN and other international organizations. As per suggestion of the board the syllabi of given course is redesigned. After revision, this course will benefit students to understand the international scenario in perspectives of UN and international organizations. It is not specific to fulfill needs of the students. After completing this course students can understand the government policy making process which can help them to build career in this field. The course is redesigned as per the suggestions.
- (g) The Board proposed to replace the course 'Project Work' by 'Dissertation' and it should be placed in pool of electives so students has a chance to choose any other elective course or dissertation.
- The Board recommended relocating of elective courses in III & IV semester with a view to strengthen theoretical understanding of core courses of Political Science in I and II Semester and subsequently provide elective courses in III and IV Semesters in order to develop areas of interest and specialization for advanced studies. Apart from disciplinary electives, the board also suggested to add one course from the other social science departments in Semester III and IV to develop an understanding of interdisciplinary approach among students. In semester III & IV, in order to promote inter-disciplinary Approach, one course of our discipline is offered to the other social science disciplines. Along with existing electives, the board has also proposed new electives, reading electives and online reading electives. The proposed courses are of emerging trends and these will enable the students to develop their critical thinking and analytical

abilities. Online reading electives will provide an opportunity to gain knowledge from wide range of courses offered by prestigious institutions worldwide. The student are supposed to opt two elective and two reading electives in III and IV semesters, taking not more than two courses (one elective and one reading elective) in each semester.

The List of Elective and Reading elective courses is given below:

List of Elective Courses

- (i). Politics in South Asia
- (ii). Electoral Politics in India
- (iii). State Politics in India
- (iv). Global Politics
- (v). Human Rights
- (vi). Dissertation
- (vii). Gender, Governance and Politics
- (viii). Women in Panchayati Raj

List of Reading Elective Courses (Online)

- (i). India and World Politics
- (ii). Administrative Institutions and Regulatory Authorities In India
- (iii). Neo Marxism
- (iv). Neo Liberalism
- (v). Global Diplomacy Diplomacy in the Modern World
- (vi). Moral Foundations of Politics
- (vii). Understanding Political Concepts
- (viii).Terrorism and Counterterrorism: Comparing Theory and Practice
- (ix). Revolutionary Ideas: Utility, Justice, Equality, Freedom
- (x). Understanding International Relations Theory
- (xi). Political Philosophy: An Introduction
- (xii). Qualitative Research Methods and Research Writing

The Board recommended adding e-resources and updating the recommended books in all courses of M.A. Programme. Programme specific outcomes and the list of disciplinary courses is attached in **Annexure-3**.

3. III M. Phil. (Political Science)

The Board recommended restructuring of M.Phil. programme with two semester system. There is a committee working towards this end.

4. I B.A.(JMC) (Courses of Political Science)

The Board considered the courses of Study and Curricula of Examinations in the subject of Political Science. Board resolved to recommend that there is no need to change in curricula of the courses but recommended to add e-resources and updation of recommended books. Suggestions are incorporated in the curricula of the courses and given in the **annexure-4**

4. II B.A. LL.B. (Courses of Political Science)

The Board considered the courses of Study and Curricula of Examinations in the subject of Political Science and Public Administration. Board resolved to recommend that there is no need to change in curricula of the courses but recommended to add e-resources and updation of recommended books. Suggestions are incorporated in the curricula of the courses and given in the **Annexure-5**.

5. The Board looked into the reports of examiners in the subject of Political Science and Public Administration at under graduate and post graduate level and it was found out of 45 examiners, 16 examiners (5 out of 12 in Political Science, 4 out of 12 in Public Administration at under graduate level and 4 out of 15 at post graduate level and 3 in M. Phil.) sent their report while 28 examiners have not sent examiners' report.

Most of the examiners have reported satisfactory performance of the Students, though two examiners have suggested for good readings, better expressions and wider perspectives. One examiner reported for diffused answers of the students. Details are given in the **Annexure-6**

6. The Board critically examined the question papers of Semester examinations of the year 2017-18 in subject of Political Science and Public Administration keeping in

view of the observation of Vice-Chancellor and resolved to recommend following observations:

On the basis of the analysis of question papers of the Semester examinations following conclusion can be drawn:-

A. At U.G. level in the subject of Political Science and Public Administration most of the question papers were balanced well within the syllabi and up to the mark. Some of the papers are more focused on descriptive question and

some questions are out of the course, rest of the papers are mixture of analytical, descriptive and explanatory.

- B. At Postgraduate level in the subject of political Science most of the question papers were balanced, well within the syllabus having a good mix of descriptive, analytical, evaluative critical and applied questions. some of the question papers were not up to the mark and few questions were out of course.
- C. At M.Phil. level in disciplinary papers all the question papers were balanced and up to the mark.

Details are given in the Annexure-7

Meeting ended with the vote of thanks.

Annexure -1

Name of Programme:

B.A./B.A. B.Ed.

Programme Educational Objectives

In compatibility with BanasthaliVidyapith's aim to materialize the ethos of nation building, leadership and women empowerment. This Programmeprepares students to become informed active citizens. The abilitytoparticipate in socio-political spherewill be enhanced t. It also develops analytical skills and the understanding of cultural diversity. The main objectives of the programme are:

- To enhance the knowledge about the theoretical framework and main principles of the enquiry in Political Science.
- To acquaint students with various types of political systems, political cultures, political ideologies and political institutions around the
 world.
- To develop understanding the means of inquiry and conceptual vocabulary in the social sciences generally, and political science in particular. It also focuses on major subfields of study and its interrelationships with the other social sciences.
- To enhance the knowledge of basic facts and concepts about the Indian political system, including its history, philosophical, constitutional and legal foundations, governing institutions and policy-making process.
- To inculcate leading classical and contemporary political values and ideas and ethical frameworks for interpreting and evaluating contemporary political discourses.

- To develop analytical skills for understanding and Building subjective perspectives for the leading policies, legal issues and major problems confronting diverse contemporary political systems around the world.
- To enhance citizenship skills, ethical values, and the ability to understand and appreciate human diversity; and to engage in community life as active citizens.
- To develop writing and debating skills through assignments, seminar presentations and Group discussions on burning issues of politics.
- To provide opportunities to apply theory in practice to solve actual community problems.
- To increase awareness of career options available in the public and private sectors with an undergraduate degree in political science. Also to make aware about its value as entry in Politics, administrative services, teaching positions, legal education and various other fields.

ProgrammeOutcomes

After completion of the B.A. Programme in Political Science, students will be able to achieve these outcomes:

- **PO1: Knowledge of Political Realm:** Ability to understand the fundamental concepts, theories, issues of national and international politics and Working of political systems around the world, including the structure and relationships between the branches of government of India.
- **PO2: Critical Perspective:** Ability to think critically, analyze political problems, construct logical arguments on ideas, events and activities of local to global politics.
- **PO3: Communication Skills**: Students will be able to interact with diverse population of formal or informal arena; communicate effectively in both oral & written presentations and public speaking also.
- **PO4: Technical Skills:** Develop the ability and the knowledge to use a variety of techniques to study the politics.
- **PO5: Management Abilities**: The capacity to perform duties, effective planning & management, ability to interact effectively with people and also identifying and setting achievable goals, developing necessary strategies, and outlining the tasks and schedules on how to achieve the set goals
- **PO6: Leadership:** Demonstrate the quality to lead a team, country or an organization.
- **PO7: Problem Solving and Society:** Able to apply political science knowledge and skills to avoiding crisis situations and solving actual problems when occur. Participate as a civically engaged member of society and provide community service.
- **PO8: Ethical Understanding:**Apply ethical considerations in professional, personal and social life and also recognize cultural & personal variability in lifestyle.

- **PO9: Professional Identity:** Understand & perform their professional roles in state and society, such as political leader, administrative officer, civil servant, educationalist, manager, and political analysts, Social Worker, Public Relations Assistant, Legal Assistant and Campaign Staffer and so on.
- **PO10:** Environment and Sustainability: Demonstrate the role for the promotion of environmental sustainability and an understanding of comprehensive systemic analysis across both physical and behavioral dimensions involving society, the environment, and the economy.
- **PO11: Life- Long Learning:** Engage in Life- long learning to participate in political process and making a positive contribution to the society.

Programme Scheme

BA I Semester

	Existing									
Cours	Course Name	L	T	P	C					
e										
Code										
POL	Foundations of Political	4	0	0	4					
102	Science									
POL	Indian Political Thinkers	4	0	0	4					
103										
	Total	8	0	0	8					

	Proposed								
Course Code	Course Name	L	Т	P	С				
POL 102	Foundations of Political Science	4	0	0	4				
POL 103	Indian Political Thinkers	4	0	0	4				
103	Total	8	0	0	8				

BA II Semester

	Existing									
Cours	Course Name	L	T	P	С					
e										
Code										
POL	National Movement and	4	0	0	4					
105	Constitutional Development									
	in India									
POL1	Principles of Political Science	4	0	0	4					
08										
	Total	8	0	0	8					

	Proposed								
Course Code	Course Name	L	Т	P	C				
POL 105	National Movement and Constitutional Development in India	4	0	0	4				
POL108	Principles of Political Science	4	0	0	4				
	Total	8	0	0	8				

BA III Semester

	Existing									
Cours	Course Name	L	T	P	C					
e										
Code										
POL	Indian Political System Part I	4	0	0	4					
201										
POL	Major Governments of World	4	0	0	4					
205										
	Total	8	0	0	8					

	Proposed								
Course Name L T									
Code									
POL	Indian Political System Part I	4	0	0	4				
201									
POL	Major Governments of World	4	0	0	4				
205									
	Total	8	0	0	8				

BA IV Semester

	Existing									
Cours	Course Name	L	T	P	C					
e										
Code										
POL	Indian Political System Part II	4	0	0	4					
202										
POL	Major Governments of South	4	0	0	4					
204	Asia									
	Total	8	0	0	8					

	Proposed								
Course									
Code									
POL	Indian Political System Part	4	0	0	4				
202	II								
	Major Governments of South	4	0	0	4				
	Asia								
	Total	8	0	0	8				

BA V Semester

	Existing								
Cours	Course Name	L	T	P	C				
e									
Code									
5.1	International Relations Since 1945	4	0	0	4				
5.2	Western Political Thinkers	4	0	0	4				
	Total	8	0	0	8				

	Proposed				
Course Code	Course Name	L	Т	P	С
POL 304	Western Political Thinkers	4	0	0	4
	Discipline Elective-I	4	0	0	4
	Total	8	0	0	8

BA VI Semester

	Existing								
Cours	Course Name	L	T	P	C				
e									
Code									
6.1	India's Foreign Policy	4	0	0	4				
6.2	Major Political Ideologies	4	0	0	4				
	Total	8	0	0	8				

	Proposed								
Course Code	Course Name	L	T	P	С				
POL 303	Major Political Ideologies	4	0	0	4				
	Discipline Elective-II	4	0	0	4				
	Total	8	0	0	8				

List of DisciplineElectives

	Proposed					
Course	Course Name					
Code						
POL	International Relations Since 1945					
302						
	Decentralized Democracy in India					
POL	India's Foreign Policy					
301						
	Research Methodology in Political					
	Science					

Note: The students will choose two different elective courses in fifth and sixth semester. These courses are also open for the students of other disciplines. If time table permits the students of other disciplines can choose these courses as additional elective courses opting one per semester (maximum two courses) in Semesters III, IV, V or VI with prior permission of respective heads. The students of Political Science can also choose two additional Open Elective courses from other disciplines.

Course Details:

S. N.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remar ks
1	POL 102- Foundations of Political Science	After completion of the course students will be able to Comprehend the ideas and concept of Political Theory in depth. Identify the significance and relevance of political theory in present scenario. Analyze and discuss political ideas critically. Understand their rights and duties. Understand the qualities of good citizenship and this will develop them as good citizens of India.	 Recommended Books: Asrivatham: Political Theory (Hindi and English Ed.) Pennock and smith: Political Science-An Introduction S.N. Dubey: RajnitiShastraKeSiddhant, ShivlalAgrawal and Co., Agra. A. D. Pant: RajnitiShastraKeMoolAdhar (Marg I KitabMahal, Allahabad HariHardas: Analytical study of Political science, Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi Sushilaramaswamy: Political Theory: Ideas & Concepts, Macmillan, New Delhi J.C. Johri: Principles of Modern Political Science Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi GyansinghSandhu: RajnitiSiddnant, Delhi University, New Delhi R.C. Agarwal: Political Theory, S. Chand & Co. Ltd, New Delhi HeriHardas and B.C. Choudhary: Political Theory: Traditional and Modern Theory, National Publishing House Jaipur, New 	 Recommended Books: Asirvatham, Eddy. (1968). Political Theory. University of California: Upper Indian Publishing House. (Hindi and English Ed.) Pennock, J.R., & Smith, D.G. (1964). Political Science-An Introduction. New York: Macmilillon Company. Dubey, S. N. (1996). RajnitiShastraKeSiddhant. Agra: ShivlalAgrawal and Co. Agra. Pant, A. D. (1968). RajnitiShastraKeMoolAdhar Allahabad: Marg I Kitabghar. Das, HariHar (1997). Analytical study ofPolitical science. New Delhi: Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd. Ramaswamy, Sushila. (2015). Political 	1. No change in course content 2. Recommended Books are updated and E – resource s are added in the course

,	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Delhi	Theory: Ideas & Concepts. New Delhi:
	11. David Held: Political Theory and the Modern state, Maya Publishers Pvt. Ltd.	Macmillan.
	New Delhi.	7 Johri, J.C. (2009). Principles of Modern
		Political Science. NewDelhi: Sterling
		Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
		8 Agarwal, R.C. (2014). Political Theory.
		New Delhi: S.Chand, & Co. Ltd.
		9 Das, HeriHar&Choudhary, B. C.
		(1999). Political Theory: Traditional
		and Modern Theory. New Delhi:
		National Publishing House Jaipur.
		10 Held, D. (1989). Political Theory and
		the Modern state. New Delhi: Maya
		Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
		Suggested e-resources-
		 https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php? csrno=29Annual Review of Political Science, http://www.annualreviews.org/journal/polisci, Annual Reviews
		 Political Methodology, http://www.jstor.org/action/showPubl ication?journalCode=polimethod,

2	POL 103-	After completion of	Books Recommended:	Oxford University Press;Society for Political Methodology • Annual Review of Political Science http://www.annualreviews.org/journal/polisci • PS: Political Science and Politics http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journalCode=pspolisciepoli • Proceedings of the Academy of Political Science in the City of New York http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journalCode=procacadpolisci2 Recommended Books:	1. No
	Indian Political Thinkers	the course students will be able to: • Understand the social, political and economic ideas of Indian political thinkers. • Compare the ideas of key political thinkers in India. • Analyze the	 V. P. Verma: Modern Indian Political Thought (English and Hindi Edition). voLFkh, oavoLFkh % vk/kqfudHkkjrh; lkekftd, oajktuhfrdfpUru Nehru, JawaharLal: The Discovery of India. Purshotam Nagar: AadhunikBhartiyaChintan VishnooBhagavan: Indian Political Thinkers, Bhima Ram & Son, Delhi PramatmaSharan: Prachin Bharat Mein RajnitikChintanavamSansthayen e/kqdj ';keprqoZsnh] Hkkjrh; jktuhfrdfopkjd S.L.VermavaB.M.Sharma: 	 Verma, V. P. (2017). Modern Indian Political Thought. Lakshmi Narayana Educational publishirs.(English and Hindi Edition). Nehru, J. L. (2002). The Discovery of India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press. Nagar, P. (2013). AaduhunikBhartiyaSamajikEvemRajniti kChintan. Jaipur: Hindi Granth Academy. 	change in course content 2. Recom mended Books are updated and E - resource s are added in the

		political thought from ancient to modern era.	PramukhBhartiyaVicharak	4 5 Sug	Bhagavan, V. (1999). Indian Political Thinkers. New Delhi: Atma Ram & Son. Sharma, R. (2007). Prachin Bharat Mein RajnitikVicharEvamSansthayen. New Delhi: Rajkamalprakashak. Nehru, JawaharLal. (2002). The Discovery ofIndia. New Delhi: Oxford University Press. gested e-resources- https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csr no=29 Social Justice http://www.jstor.org/action/showPubli cation?journalCode=socijust Section of Individual Rights and Responsibilities Newsletter http://www.jstor.org/journal/secindrigr esnew	course
3	POI 105 National Movemen t and Constituti	After completion of the course, students will be able to: • Understand the National Movement and	Recommended Books: 1. Nehru, JawaharLal : The Discovery of India 2. Agarwal, R.C., Indian Government and Politics, New Delhi: S. Chand &	Rec	Commended Books: 1 Agarwal, R.C. (2001). <i>Indian</i> Government and Politics. New Delhi: S. Chand & Company Ltd.	1. No change in course content

ľ	1				Ī
onal	Constitutional	Company Ltd., 2001	2	Chandra, B. (1981). All India's Struggle	2.
Developm	Development in	3. Chandra, B. and et. Al., India's Struggle		for Independence. New Delhi: penguin.	Recom
ent of	India.	for Independence, New Delhi: penguin, 1981	3	v	mended
India	• Analyze the National	4. Deenanath Singh,	3	Chattopadhayaya, K. D. (1983).	Books
	Movement from	BharatiyaRashtriyaAndolanaurSamvaidha		Indian's Women's struggle for freedom.	are
	various	nikVikas, Varanasi		New Delhi: Abhinav Publications.	updated
	perspectives.	5. Kamla Devi Chattopadhayaya, Indian's	4		and E –
	• Aware about	Women's struggle for freedom, Abhinav	4	Kasturi, I. & Majumdar, V. (1994).	resource
	women's	Publications New Delhi, 1983.		Women and Indian Nationalism. New	s are added in
	participation in	6. LalaKasturi&VinaMajumdar, Women and		Delhi: Vikas Publishing House	the
	National	Indian Nationalism, Vikas Publishing	_		course
	Movement.	House, New Delhi, 1994. 7. ManmohanKaur (1968) Role of Women	5	Kaur, M. (1968). Role of Women in the	course
		in the Freedom Movement, 1859-1947,		Freedom Movement 1859-1947. New	
		Starly, New Delhi.		Delhi: Starly.	
		8. Radha Krishna Sharma (1981) –	0		
		Nationalism, Social Reform and Indian	6	Sharma, R.K. (1981) – Nationalism,	
		Women, JankiPrakashan, New Delhi.		Social Reform and Indian Women. New	
		9. Chandra, B. and et. Al., India's Struggle		Delhi :JankiPrakashan,.	
		for Independence, penguin, New	7	·	
		Delhi,1989 (In Hindi also) 10. Chandra, B., Indian National Movement:	/	Chandra, B. and et. Al., (1989). <i>India's</i>	
		The Long Term Dynamics, Vikash		Struggle for Independence. New Delhi:	
		Publishing, New delhi.		Penguin. (In Hindi also)	
		<i>6</i> ,	0	,	
			8	Jones, M. (1974). Government and	
				Politics in India. Delhi: BI Publications.	
			9	Munshi, K.M. (1963). The President	
				Under the Indian Constitution. Bombay:	

				BharatiyaVidyaBhavan. 10 Myrdal. G. (1968). Asian Drama: An Inquiry into the Poverty of Nations. Harmondsworth: Penguin. 11 Narain, I. (ed.), (1967). State Politics in India. Meerut: MeenakshiPrakashan. 12 Kaushik, S. (ed.,) (1990). Indian Government and Politics. Delhi University: Directorate of Hindi. 13 Kaviraj, S. (1998). Politics in India. Delhi: Oxford University Press. Suggested e-resources- https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=29 The National Interest	
				 http://www.jstor.org/action/showPubl ication?journalCode=nationalinterest Nationalism and Ethnic Politics-http://www.tandfonline.com/loi/fnep2 	
4	POL 108	After completion of	Recommended Books:	Recommended Books:	1. No
	Principles of Political	this course students will be able to: • Comprehend the ideas and	 Asirvatham : Political Theory (Hindi and English Ed.) Appadoraj : Substance of Politics (Hindi and 	1 Asrivatham, Eddy. (1968), <i>Political Theory</i> . University of California:	change in course

Science	concept of	English edition)	Upper Indian Publishing House. conte	ent
	in depth.Develop their knowledge	 Pennock and smith : Political Science-An Introduction S. N. Dubey :RajnitiShastraKeSiddhant, ShivlalAgrawal and Co., Agra. 	2 Pennock, J.R., & Smith, D.G,(1964). Political Science An Introduction	ende
	about the various forms of government Compare governments of various countries. Critically analyze and discuss political System. Understand the qualities of democracy and conditions of successful working of democracy. this will help them to develop as a good citizen.	 ShivlalAgrawal and Co., Agra. Roy, Das Gupta and Ray: Principles of Political Science. PukhrajJain: RajnitiShastraKeSiddhant. A.D. Pant: RajnitiShastraKeMoolAdhar (Marg I KitabMahal, Allahabad) Kapoor: Principles of Political Science. D. Held, Models of Democracy, Cambridge, Polity Press 1987 	NewYork: Macmilillon Company. 3 Dubey, S.N. (2017). RajnitiShastraKeSiddhant. Agra: ShivlalAgrawal and Co. 4 Das, HariHar (1997). Analytical study of Political science. New Delhi: Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd. 5 Ramaswamy, S. (2015). Political Theory: Ideas & Concepts. New Delhi: Macmillan. 6 Johri, J.C. (2009). Principles of Modern Political Science. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd. 7 Agarwal, R.C. (2014). Political Theory. New Delhi: S.Chand, & Co. Ltd 8 Das, HeriHar&Choudhary, B.C.	E – urce
			(1997). Political Theory: Traditional	

				 and Modern Theory. New Delhi: National Publishing House. Held, D. (1989). Political Theory and the Modern state. New Delhi: Maya Publishers Pvt. Ltd. Suggested e-resources- https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csr no=29 Political Theory-http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journalCode=politicaltheory Political Science Quarterly-http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journalCode=polisciequar Policy Sciences http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journalCode=policysciences 	
5	POL 201 Indian Political System - I	After completion of the course students will be able to: • Understand the Salient features of Indian Constitution, • Aware about Rights and Duties of the citizens	1. N. D. Palmer: The Indian Political System (Houghton Mifilion Boston, 1971)	Recommended Books: 1. Palmer, N.D. (1971). The Indian Political System. Boston: Houghton Mifilion. 2. Kothari, R. (1972). Bharat Mein Rajniti. New Delhi: Orient Longmans. 3. Hardgrave, J. R. (1970). Indian government and politics in a developing Nation. New York: Harcourt Brace and World, INC.	1. No change in course content 2 Recommended Books are

1		_			ı			T
	 Analyze 	5-	xksfoUnjkeoekZ %	Hkkjrh;	jkt]	4	Siwach, J.R. (1985). Dynamics of	updated
	working o	f	'kkluvkSjjktuhfr				Indian Government and politics.	and E –
	central	6-	ckcqykyQfM;k % Hkk	rh; jktO;oLFk	ĸk		New Delhi: Sterling Publisher.	resource
	Government o	f				5	Pandey, R.K. &Chakrabarty, B.	s are
	India.						(2008). Indian Government and	added in
							politics. New Delhi: Sage	the
							Publication.	course
						6	Pylee, M.V.(1965). Constitutional	Course
							Government in India. Mumbai:	
							Asia Publishing House.	
						7	Kashyap, Subhas (2004). Bharat	
							KaSamvaidhanikVikashAurRajnit	
							i. New Delhi: Jagriti Josh. (hindi)	
						8	Kothari, Rajani (2010). Bharat	
							Mein Rajniti- KalaurAaj. New	
							Delhi: VsaniPrakashan. (Hindi)	
						9	Singhyi I M (1071) Indian	
						9	Singhvi, L.M.(1971). Indian	
							Parties & Politics (in Hidni&	
							English). Delhi:the Institute of	
							Constitutional and Parliamentary	
							Studies Research.	
						10	Jeanings, Sir Ivor (1953). Some	
						10	Characteristics of the Indian	
							Constitution.Indian branch:	
							Oxford University Press.	
						4.4		
						11	Jones, MorriesW.H.(1976).	
							Parliament in India. USA:	
							Greenwood Press.	

				12 Park, Rechard L & Tinker Irene (ed) (1959) Leadership and Political Institutions in India. New Jersey: Princeton University Press. Suggested e-resources- • https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.ph p?csrno=29 • Asian Journal of Social Science http://www.jstor.org/action/sho wPublication?journalCode=asia jsociscie • The Indian Journal of Political Science http://www.jstor.org/action/sho wPublication?journalCode=indi jpoliscie	
6	POL 205 Major Governm ents of World	After completion of the course students will be able to: • Understand the political system and process of the major countries of the world. • Identify and distinguish the	Recommended Books: 1. Anup Chand Kapoor, K.K. Mishra: Select Constitutions, (Latest edition – Hindi & English. S. Chand & Company, New Delhi. 2. B.C. Rai,: The World Constitutions: A Comparative Study, Prakashan Kendra, Lucknow. 3. Ghosh: Government of Switzerland 4. K.R. Bombwall: Major Governments (English & Hindi)	Recommended Books: 1 Kapoor, A. C. & Mishra, K.K. (2010). Selected Constitutions. (Latest edition – Hindi & English. New Delhi: S. Chand & Company, 2 GoyalO.P. (2007). Comparative Governments, New Delhi: Macmillan. 3 Neal, P.O. (2004). Essentials of Comparative Politics. 4 Bagehot, W. (1963). The English Constitution. London: Fontana.	1. No change in course content 2. Recommended Books are

		<u> </u>	
functions of various political systems. • Analyze the outputs of political systems.	 bdckyukjk; k % fo'o ds lafo/kku O.P. Goyal : Comparative Governments, Macmillan, 2007 Patrick O' Neal : Essentials of Comparative Politics, 2004 ohjds'ojizlkn flag % fo'o ds izeq[k lafo/kku iq[kjkttSu % fo'o ds izeq[k lafo/kku 	 China. London: Chambers. Finer, H. (1969). Theory and Practice of Modern Government. London: Methuen. Laski, H.J. (1948). American Democracy: A Commentary and Annual Processor. 	updated and E – resource s are added in the course

7	DOI 202	After completion of	Decommended Declar		1 No
7	POL 202 Indian Political System –	After completion of the course students will be able to: • Understand the		Political System. Boston:	1. No change in
	System – II	 Understand the basic structure of federal system Know about electoral process in India. Critically Analyze the Indian Democracy. 	 Rajni Kothari: Bharat Mein Rajniti (Orient Longmans, New Delhi, 1972.) R. L. Hardgrave, JR: Indian government and politics in a developing Nation (Harcourt Brace and World, INC. New York, 1970) Siwach: Dynamics of Indian Government and politics. xksfoUnjkeoekZ % Hkkjrh; jktl 'kkluvkSjjktuhfr ckcqykyQfM;k % Hkkjrh; jktO;oLFkk 	 Houghton Mifilion. Kothari, R. (1972). Bharat Mein Rajniti. New Delhi: Orient Longmans. Hardgrave, J. R. (1970). Indian government and politics in a developing Nation New York: 	course content 2. Learnin g Outcom es and E resource s are added in the course 3. Recom mended Books are updated

8	POL 204 Major Governments of South Asia Asia After completion of the course students will be able to: Understand the working of political systems of major countries of south Asia. Aware about issues and challenges before the political systems in south Asia. Analyze the working of political systems in south Asia.	Unit 1 Pakistan: Determinants and Characteristics of the Political System. Role of Army and struggle for democracy in Pakistan, Federalism: Characteristics of the federal system. Composition, Powers and functions of Executive: President and Prime minister and Judiciary Unit 2 Bangladesh: Emergence, Determinants and Characteristics of the Political System, Power and functions of President (Executive), Composition and Powers of Legislature, Unit 3 Srilanka: Determinants and Characteristics of the Political System, Power and Functions of President, Composition and Powers of the Legislature, Role of Judiciary. Unit 4 Nepal: Determinants and Characteristics of the Political System, Powers and Functions of the President, Composition and Powers of the Political System, Genesis of Democratic Republic and end of Monarchy. Election and Powers of the President and Prime Minister. Composition and Powers of the Legislature, Emerging issues and Challenges. Unit 5 Shutan: Characteristics of the Political System, Genesis of Democratic Republic and end of Monarchy. Election and Powers of the Legislature, Emerging issues and Challenges. Unit 5 Shutan: Characteristics of the Political System, Genesis of Democratic Republic and end of Monarchy. Election and Powers of the Legislature, Emerging issues and Challenges. Unit 5 Shutan: Characteristics of the Political System, Genesis of Democratic Republic and end of Monarchy. Election and Powers of the Legislature, Emerging issues and Challenges. Unit 5 Shutan: Characteristics of the Political System, Power and Functions of the President, Composition and Powers of the Legislature, Emerging issues and Challenges. Unit 5 Shutan: Characteristics of the Political System, Powers and Functions of the President (Executive), Composition and Powers of the Legislature, Role of Judiciary. Unit 5 Nepal: Characteristics of the Political System, Powers and Functions of the President, Composition and Powers of the Legislature, Role of Judiciary. Unit 5 Nepal: Characteristics of the Politi	1. Recom mended Books are updated and E – resource s are added in the course 2. Some of the contents are deleted because the course was heavy for the available e classes
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Maldives: Characteristics of the Political System, Organization and Powers of People's Majlis (Legislature), President and Judiciary

RecommendedBooks:

- Khalid Bin Sayeed: The Political System of Pakistan, Houghton Muffin Co. Boston, 1967.
- 2. Howard Wriggings : Ceylon Dilemmas of a New Nation.
- 3. AnirudhGupta: Politics in Nepal, Allied Publishers, New Delhi, 1974.
- 4. J.C. Johari :Goverment and Politics of South Asia.
- 5. P.C. Mathur : Governments and Politics of South Asia (2 Vol.)
- 6. KarlVonVorys : Political Development in Pakistan.
- 7. S.U. Kodikara: Indo Ceylon Relations Since Independence. Colombo, 1965.
- 8. Saul Rose: Politics in Southern Asia.
- 9. M. Chadda, Building democracy in South Asia: India, Nepal, Pakistan, Boulder Colorado, Lynne Rienner, 2000.

- System of Pakistan. Boston: Houghton Muffin Co.
- 2 Wriggings, H. (2015). Ceylon Dilemmas of a New Nation. New York: Princeton University Press.
- Gupta, A. (1974). *Politics in Nepal*. New Delhi: Allied Publishers.
- 4 Johari, J. C. (1991). Goverment and Politics of South Asia. New Delhi: Sterling Publisher.
- Mathur, P.C. (1985). *Governments* and Politics of South Asia. vol. II. Jaipur: Printwell Publisher.
- 6 Vorys, K. (1965). Political Development in Pakistan. New Jeresy: Princeton University Press.
- 7 Kodikara, S.U. (1965). *Indo Ceylon Relations Since Independence*. Colombo: Ceylon Institute.
- 8 Rose, S. (1963). *Politics in Southern Asia*. Oxford: St. Martin Press.
- 9 Chadda, M. (2000). Building democracy in South Asia: India, Nepal, Pakistan. Boulder Colorado: Lynne Rienner.

Suggested e-resources-

- https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csr no=29
- Pakistan Horizon http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journalCode=pakistanhorizon

				 Presidential Studies Quarterly http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journalCode=presstudq Asian Affairs http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journalCode=asianaffairs Asian Journal of Social Science http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journalCode=asiajsociscie 	
9	POL 304 Western Political Thinkers	After completion of the course students will be able to: • Understand the diverse intellectual political traditions in the west. • Aware about conceptual debate of fundamental political ideas in the west. • Critically analyze the political philosophy of western political	Recommended Books: 1. Davidson: Political Thought from Bentham to J. Mill. 2. Dunning: History of Political Theories Vol. I, II & III 3. Foster: Master of Political Thought, Volume I 4. Jones: Master of Political Thought, Volume II 5. Laneaster: Master of Political Thought, Volume III 6. MellWain: Growth of Political Thought 7. Sabine: A History of Political Theory 8- bdckyukjk;.k] izfrfuf/k jktuhfrdfopkjd	 Davidson, W.L. (1957). Political Thought from Bentham to J. Mill. Oxford: Oxford University Press. Dunning , W.A (1902). History of Political Theories Vol. I, II & III, New York: Macmillan. Jones, W.T. (1973). Master of Political Thought, Volume II. Chicago: The University of Chicago Press Journal. Sabine, G.H. (1973). A History of Political Theory, 4th edn. Revised by T.L Thorson, New Delhi: Oxford University Press. Allen, J.W. (1967). A History of Political Thought in the Sixteenth Century. London: Methuen. Ashcraft, A. (1986). Revolutionary Politics and Locke's Two Treatises of Government. London: Allen and Unwin. 	1. No change in course content 2. Recommended Books are updated and E – resource s are added in the course

		thinkers.		 7 Chapman, J.W. (1956). Rousseau-Totalitarian or Liberal. New York: Columbia University Press. 8 Germino, D. (1972). Modern Western Political Thought: Machiavelli to Marx. Chicago: University of Chicago Press. Suggested e-resources- 	
				 https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?cs rno=29 The Western Political Quarterly http://www.jstor.org/action/showPubl ication?journalCode=westpoliquar Advocate of Peace through Justice http://www.jstor.org/action/showPubl ication?journalCode=advopeacjust The European Journal of Social Quality http://www.jstor.org/action/showPubl ication?journalCode=eurojsociqual Studies in East European Thought http://www.springerlink.com/openurl.asp?genre=journal&issn=0925-9392 	
10	POL 303 Major Political Ideologie s	After completion of the course students will be able to: • Understand the major political ideologies, basic principles	Recommended Books: 1. Ebenstein: Today's isms 2. Cocker: Recent Political Thought 3. Andrew Heywood: Political Ideologies 4. Hari Hara Das and B.C. Choudhury:	Recommended Books: 1. Ebenstein, W. (1958). Today's isms. AngelwoodCliffs:N.J Prentice Hall. 2 Coker, F.W (1962). Recent Political Thought. Appleton century crofts. 3 Suda, J.P. (2017). History of Modern Political Thought, I to IV	1. No change in course content 2. Recom

and relevance. Compare the diverse perspectives of political ideologies Analyze the major political ideologies.	 J.P. Suda: History of Modern Political Thought, Jai Prakash Narayan & Company, Meerut (Hindi & English) I to IV Volume V.D. Mahajan: Recent Political Thought, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi ds-,u- oekZ % jktuhfrdfopkj/kkjk,; iq[kjkttSu % vk/kqfudjktuhfrdfopkj/kkjk,; egknsoizlkn 'kekZ % vk/kqfudjtuhfr ds fofHkUuokn] pSr; ifCyf'kaxgkml ih-Mh- ikBd % jktuhfrdfpUrudkbfrgkl]; wfuoflZ; ycqdfMiks] t;iqj 'kekZ ,oayky % vk/kqfudjktuhfrdfopkj/kkjkvksadkbfrgkl] dkWystcqdfMiks] t;iqj 	Volume. Meerut: Jai Prakash Narayan & Company. 4 Mahajan, V.D. (1990). Recent Political Thought. New Delhi: S. Chand & Co. 5 Laski, H.J. (1920). Political Thought from Locke to Bentham. Oxford: Oxford University Press. 6 Heywood, A. (1999). Political Theory: An Introduction. London: Macmillan. 7 Kateb, G. (1968). Political Theory: Its Nature and Uses. New York: St. Martin's Press. 8 Kuhn, T. (1970). The Structure of Scientific Revolution. Chicago: University of Chicago Press. 9 Kymlicka, W. (1990). Contemporary Political Philosophy: An Introduction. Oxford: The Clarendon Press. 10 Varma,s.p.(1983). Nations and Nationalism. Oxford: Blackwell. 12 Kymlicka,w.(1990). Contemporary Political Philosophy: An Introduction. Oxford: The Clarendon Press. Suggested e-resources- https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?cs
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	•	Political Theory	y
		http://www.jstor.org/action/showPub	1
		ication?journalCode=politicaltheory	_
	•	Socialism and Democracy	-
		http://www.tandfonline.com/loi/csad2	2
		0	
	•	Theoria: A Journal of Social and	d
		Political Theory	
	•	http://www.jstor.org/action/showPub	1
		ication?journalCode=theoria	

Discipline Electives

S.	Course	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remar
N.	List				ks
11	POL 302 International Relations since 1945	After completion of the course the students will be able to: • Analyze and explain contemporary international phenomena, including identifying and assessing the	 Recommended Books: Vinay Kumar Malhotra, "International Relations", Anmol Publication, 2008 Paimer and Perkins, "International Relations", 3rd ed., CBS Publication, 2001 V.N. Khanna, "International Relations", S. Chand Company Ltd., 2013 Paul Wilkilson, "International Relations: A Very Short Introduction", OUP, 2007 Roop Singh Bareth and Damyanti Gupta, "State and Globalization", 	Publication. 2 Paimer& Perkins, (2001). International Relations, 3 rd ed., Boston: CBS Publication. 3 Khanna, V.N. (2013). International Relations. New Delhi: S. Chand Company Ltd. 4 Wilkilson, P. (2007). International Relations: A Very Short Introduction, Oxford: Oxford University Press.	1. No change in course content 2. Recommended Books are updated and E –

International Scenario. Identify important historical changes in International Relations. Recognize key aspects of International Organizations and processes	Rawat Publication, 2010 Surjeet Singh and S. Mohenkumar, "Climate Change: An Asian Perspective", Rawat Publication, 2012 Ganesh DattaPoddar, "Globalization, Liberalization and Environmentalism", Rawat Publication, 20091- ch-,y-QfM+;k % vUrjkZ"Vah; IEcU/k tSu,oae.Mksr % vUrjkZ"Vah; IEcU/k nhukukFkoekZ % vUrjkZ"Vah; IEcU/k izHkqnùk 'kekZ % vUrjkZ"Vah; jktuhfr riufcLoky] vUrjkZ"Vah; IEcU/k] 2009 ih- vkj- HkkfV;k % vUrjkZ"Vah; IEcU/k, oafo'ojktuhfr Srivastava J. Joshi: International Relations	Climate Change: An Asian Perspective. Jaipur: Rawat Publication. 7 Poddar, G.D. (2009). Globalization, and Environmentalism. Jaipur: Rawat Publication. 8 Joshi, S.J. (2005). International Relations. New Delhi: Krishna Prakashan. 9 Cranston, M. (1973). What are Human Rights? London: Bodley	l in
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	 14 Deutsch, K.W. (1989). The Analysis of International Relations, New Delhi, Prentice Hall. 15 Dougherty, J. E. (1962). How to think about Arms Control and Disarmament. New York: Macmillan.
	Suggested e-resources-
	https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csr no=29 India International Centre Quarterly, http://www.jstor.org/action/showPubl ication?journalCode=indiaintecentq, India International Centre Chronology of International Events and Documents, http://www.jstor.org/action/showPubl ication?journalCode=chrointevendoc, Royal Institute of International Affairs International Affairs Review Supplement http://www.jstor.org/action/showPubl ication?journalCode=inteaffarevisupp International Studies Quarterly http://www.jstor.org/action/showPubl ication?journalCode=intestudquar World Politics http://www.jstor.org/action/showPubl ication?journalCode=worldpolitics

			The Journal of International Relations
			http://www.jstor.org/action/showPubl
			ication?journalCode=jinterelations
12	Decentral	After completion of	Unit 1 Democracy in India: Dimensions,
	ized	the course the	Features; Decentralized Democracy:
	Democrac	students will be able	Conceptand Historical Development of
	y in India	to:	Local Self Government
		Comprehend the	Unit 2 Rural Local Self Government:
		origin and	Organization, Structure, Power and
		development of	Function of ZilaParishad.
		the Indian local	PanchayatSamiti, Gram Panchayat and
		self-government.	Gram Sabha: With Special Reference to
		Understand the	73 rd Constitution Amendment
		Indian system of	Unit 3 Urban Local Self Government:
		democratic	Organization, Structure, Power and
		decentralization,	Function of Municipal Corporation and
		which included	Municipal Council: With Special
		rural and urban	Reference to 74 th Constitutional
		bodies.	Amendment
		Analyze the	Unit 4 Financial Recourses of Local Self
		working of local	Government, Control Over Local
		self government	Government: Legislative,
		in India.	Administrative and Financial.
			Unit 5 Trends in Decentralized Democracy
			in India: Women and Marginalized
			Section of Society, Good Governance,
			Good Governance Initiatives in India,
			E- Governance

Recommended Books:
1. Kohli, Atul.
(2001). The Success of India's Democracy.
Cambridge: CambridgeUniversityPress.
2. Deva, Vasu. (2005). E-Governance
InIndia:AReality, New Delhi:
CommonwealthPublishers,
3. Sharma, Pankaj. (2004). <i>E</i> -
Governance: The New Age Governance. A
PHPublishers,
4. Maheshwari, Sriram (1984). Bharart me
SthaniyeSarkare. Delhi:Oriental.(Hindi)
5. Rajini, Kothari. (1970). Politics in India.
Delhi:OrientLongman.
6. Basu, Rumki. (ed). (2015).
Democracyand Good
Governance.ReinventingthePublicservic
eDeliverySysteminIndia.NewDelhi:Bloo
msburyIndia,2015.
E- Resources:
 https://books.google.co.in/books/about/L
ocal_Governance_in_India.html?id=2Yk
Lfe-USCkC&redir_esc=y
 https://books.google.co.in/books/about/L
ocal_Government_in_India.html?id=tb5
PmSon1rsC&redir_esc=y
https://books.google.co.in/books/about/
Democratic Politics and Governance i

13	POL 301	After completion of		n_In.html?id=Q9Fj8e0CtIoC&redir_esc =y https://books.google.co.in/books/about/P arty_Politics_and_Democratic_Governa nce.html?id=lwOXJyauLzIC&redir_esc =y https://books.google.co.in/books/about/T he_Challenges_of_Governance_in_India n_D.html?id=q_5A6Bm9gs0C&redir_esc c=y Recommended Books:	1. No
	India's Foreign Policy	After completion of the course the students will be able to: • Understand the foreign Policy its determinants and relevance. • Critically analyze the India's bilateral relations with major powers and its neighbor countries. • Explore the various issues and challenges	 Recommended Books: Sharma, R.R. India and Emerging Asia, New Delhi: Sage, 2005. Chellaney, Brahma. Securing India's Future in the New Millennium, New Delhi: Orient Longman, 1999. Perkovitch, George. India's Nuclear Bomb - The Impact of Global Proliferation, New Delhi: OUP, 2002. Cohen, Stephen. P. India: Emerging Power, New Delhi: OUP, 2001. Ghai, U.R. Foreign Policy of India, Jalandhar: New Academic Publishing, 2012. Vinayak, Achin. India in a Changing World: Problems, Limited and successes of its Foreign Policy, 1995. Karunakaran Gupta: India in world Politics P. N. Hasker: India's F. P. and its Problems 	1 Sharma, R.R. (2005). India and Emerging Asia, New Delhi: Sage. 2 Chellaney, Brahma. (1999). Securing India's Future in the New Millennium.New Delhi: Orient Longman. 3 Perkovitch, George. (2002). India's Nuclear Bomb - The Impact of Global Proliferation. New Delhi: OUP. 4 Cohen, S. P. (2001). India: Emerging Power. New Delhi: OUP. 5 Ghai, U.R. (2012). Foreign Policy of India. Jalandhar: New Academic Publishing. 6 Vinayak, Achin. (1995). India in a Changing World: Problems, Limited and successes of its Foreign Policy. New Delhi: Vikas publisher. 7 Gupta, k. (1958). India in world	change in course content 2. Recom mended Books are updated and E – resource s are added in the course

	ı			D 11 1 N D 11 1 2 11
		of international		Politics. New Delhi:Sterling
		politics	10. S. R. Mehrotra: India and the	Publisher.
			Commonwealth	8 Mehrotra, S.R. (1965). <i>India and the</i>
			11. Roy C. Macridis: Foreign Policies in World	Commonwealth. New York:
			Politics.	F.APrager.
			12. iq"is"kiarHkkjrdhfosns'kuhfr]	9 Macridis, R.C. (1976). Foreign
			esxzkfgyifCy'kds'ku] 2014	Policies in World Politics. New
			13. eFkqjkyky 'kekZ ,oatSu % izeq[k ns'kksa dh	Delhi: Prentice-Hall.
			fons'kuhfr;k;	Suggested e-resources-
			Journals: 1. Indian Foreign Affairs Journal 2. International Studies 3. Economic and Political Weekly 4. South Asian Survey	 https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrn o=29 Review of Middle East Studies http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublic ation?journalCode=revimiddeaststud The Journal of International Relations http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublic ation?journalCode=jinterelations Foreign Policy http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublic ation?journalCode=foreignpolicy
				• Foreign Affairs
				http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublic
				ation?journalCode=foreignaffairs
14	Research	After completion of		Unit 1 Research in Political Science :
	Methodol	the course students		Meaning, Nature, Problems and
	ogy in	will be able to:		emerging fields; Scientific Method.
	Political	• Understand the		Unit 2 Research Design : Meaning,
	Science	basics of		objectives, Components and Types;
		political science		Hypothesis: Meaning and types.
		research and		
		develop aptitude		Unit 3 Sampling; Data: Meaning, types,

for political science research. Identify various sources of primary and secondary data, Sources of data collection. Unit 4 Techniques of Data Collection: Questionnaire, Schedule and Interview Unit 5 Data Processing and Analysis: Classification and Tabulation; Measures of central tendency: Mean, Median and Mode. RecommendedBooks: I Kothari, C. R. (2008). Research Methods and Technique. New Delhi: Wiley and Eastern Limited. Sellitz, et al. (2003). Research Methods in Social Relations, New York. Goode, W. J. &Hatt, P. K. (1987). Methods of Social Research. New York: Free Press. Babbie, E. R. (2005). Survey Research Methods. Belmont California: Wadsworth Publishing Company. Sijoberg, G. &Nett, R. (2002). A Methodology for Social Research. Iaipur: Rawat Publication. Rosenburg, K. (1990). Statistics for Behavioural Sciences. W. C. Brown Publishing: C. Brown Publishing: C. Brown Publishing: Company. Black, T. (2001). Understanding Social Sciences Research. New Delhi: Sage Publication.		
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	Suggested E-resources:	
	 Social Research Methods: Qualitative 	
	and Quantitative Approaches.	
	Retrieved from	
	http://letrunghieutvu.yolasite.com/res	
	ources/	
	w-lawrence-neuman-social-research-	
	methods_	
	-qualitative-and-quantitative-	
	approaches-pearson -education-limited-2013.pdf	
	Fundamental of Research	
	Methodology and Statistics. Retrieved	
	from	
	http://cache3.pdfdrive.com/dl.php?id=	
	10442087	
	&h=e90bd7771c3cf9674c6672e678ae	
	a224&u=cache	
	 Research Methodology a step-by-step 	
	guide for beginners. Retrieved from	
	http://www.sociology.kpi.ua/wp-	
	content/uploads/2014/06/Ranjit_Kum	
	ar-Research_Methodology_A_Step-	
	by-Step_G.pdf	

Name of Programme:

B.A./B.A.B.Ed.

Programme Educational Objectives

To materialize the ethos of Banasthali Vidyapith, this programme develops the abilities to work and manage People. It enhances leadership, communication and analytical skills among the students. It also cultivates a strong sense of public sector values and ethical behaviors. The main objectives of the programme are:

- To promote understanding of the administrative, political, social, legal and economic environment in which public organizations operate.
- To provide understanding and insight into the nature of the administrative process and bureaucratic behaviour, leadership qualities and decision making practices.
- To develop understanding of various ideas and concepts of eminent scholars in administrative and management theories.
- To promote basic knowledge of skills and techniques required to manage public organizations effectively i.e., to include administrative specialties as budgeting, personnel management and policy evaluation.
- To familiarise with the substantive character and problems in the implementation of specific areas of public policy.
- To foster an understanding of values and ethics promoting cultural diversity, democracy, and constitutional principles through transformative role of Indian administration.
- To enhance abilities to organize information and ideas and to communicate them effectively both in written and oral reports and presentations.
- To provide fundamental managerial and analytical skills to be applied to the public sector in the areas of policy evaluation, human resource management, organizational development and behaviour, and financial administration and budgeting.
- To cultivate a strong sense of public sector values and ethical behaviour within the public sector work environment.

Programme Outcomes

After completion of the B.A. Program in Public Administration, students will be aware about the theories and concepts of the discipline.

- **PO1: Knowledge of Administrative & Public Services Realm: -** Acquire comprehensive and core knowledge of Public Administration along with organisation and politics, public policy and human rights.
- **PO2: Communication: -** Understand the needs of the organization and make decisions effectively through written and oral forms. Apply diverse communication tools and strategies.
- PO3: Leadership Skills:-Understand leadership and team building skills. Demonstrate the ability to articulate in supportive ways.
- **PO4: Public Administration and Society: -** Develop an analytical and critical thinking skills for disseminating information, problem solving and decision making processes for the community at large.
- **PO5: Administrative Ethics: Understand** ethical basis for public service. Using ethical frameworks while making decisions and responsibilities for the outcomes associated with decisions.
- **PO6: Professional Identity: -** Analyse, learn, understand and communicate in society the values of professional roles like managers, employers, employees, administrative professions, and administrative officers.
- **PO7: Problem Solving Skills/Problem Analysis:-**Resolve issues based on evidence weighed against relevant criteria, apply diverse frames of reference to decisions and actions, develop framework to analyse complex information.
- **PO8: Modern Tool Usage:-**Articulate data collection parameters and goals, analyse relevant research and literature, analyse issues through collection and use of qualitative and quantitative data. Learn to select and apply appropriate procedures, resources with understanding of limitations.
- **PO9: Managing Skills:-**Manage and evaluate financial condition of an organisation. Utilise financial statements. Manage budgeting and financial monitoring systems to support decision making and organisational priorities.
- **PO10: Planning Abilities: -**Create and evaluate strategic plans to promote organisational effectiveness and minimize risk, outline the purpose, process and principles of strategic planning. Create both long and short term outcomes.
- PO11: Environmental Policy and Administration: Demonstrate understanding of environment based concepts, science, rules and regulations that guide natural resource agencies and organisations. Additionally, provide practical knowledge and understanding of various research methods and models that contribute to the environmental policy-making process.

Programme Scheme of B.A./B.A.B.Ed

Courses in Public Administartion

BA I Semester

	Existing							
Course Code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С			
PUB 101	Indian Administration -I	4	0	0	4			
PUB 103	Principles of Public Administration -I	4	0	0	4			
	Total	8	0	0	8			

	Proposed						
Course Code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С		
PUB 101	Indian Administration -I	4	0	0	4		
PUB 103	Principles of Public Administration -I	4	0	0	4		
	Total	8	0	0	8		

BA II Semester

	Existing							
Course Code	Course Name		L	Т	Р	С		
PUB 102	Indian Administration -II		4	0	0	4		
PUB 104	Principles of Public Administration -II		4	0	0	4		
	Total				0	8		

	Proposed								
Course Code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С				
PUB 102	Indian Administration -II	4	0	0	4				
PUB 104	Principles of Public Administration -II	4	0	0	4				
	Total	8	0	0	8				

BA III Semester

	Existing						
Course	Course Name	L	T	Р	С		
Code							
PUB 201	Administrative Institutions in India- I	4	0	0	4		
PUB 204	State Administration in India With Special Reference to Rajasthan -I	4	0	0	4		
	Total	8	0	0	8		

	Proposed							
Course	Course Name	L	T	Р	С			
Code								
PUB 201	Administrative Institutions in India- I	4	0	0	4			
PUB 204	State Administration in India With Special Reference to Rajasthan -I	4	0	0	4			
Total			0	0	8			

BA IV Semester

Existing								
Course Code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С			
PUB 202	Administrative Institution in India-II	4	0	0	4			
PUB 205	State Administration in India With Special Reference to Rajasthan -II	4	0	0	4			
	Total	8	0	0	8			

Proposed								
Course Code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С			
PUB 202	Administrative Institution in India-II	4	0	0	4			
PUB 205	State Administration in India With Special Reference to Rajasthan -II	4	0	0	4			
	Total	8	0	0	8			

BA V Semester

Existing							
Course	L	T	Р	С			
Code							
5.1	Comparative Administrative Systems	4	0	0	4		
5.2	Urban Local Self Government	4	0	0	4		
	Total	8	0	0	8		

Proposed							
Course Code							
PUB 303	Comparative Administrative Systems	4	0	0	4		
	Discipline Elective-I	4	0	0	4		
	Total	8	0	0	8		

BA VI Semester

Existing								
Course	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С			
Code								
6.1	Administrative Thinkers	4	0	0	4			
6.2	Rural Local Self Government	4	0	0	4			
	Total	8	0	0	8			

	Proposed								
Course	L	Т	Р	С					
Code									
PUB 301	Administrative Thinkers	4	0	0	4				
	Discipline Elective-II	4	0	0	4				
	Total	8	0	0	8				

List of Discipline Electives

Proposed					
Course Code Course Name					
PUB 305	Rural Local Self Government				
	Labour Welfare Administration				
PUB 306	Urban Local Self Government				
	Governance : Issues and Challenges				

Note: The students will choose two different elective courses in fifth and sixth semester. These courses are also open for the students of other disciplines. If time table permits the students of other disciplines can choose these courses as additional elective courses opting one per semester (maximum two courses) in Semesters III, IV, V or VI with prior permission of respective heads. The students of Public Administration can also choose two additional Open Elective courses from other disciplines.

Course Details:

S.N.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
1	PUB 101 Indian Administratio n- I	After completion of the course students will be able to: • Know about the history of Administration in India and British rule influence in Indian administration. • To develop a clear understanding of Indian Administration system and processes. • To comprehend about the functions of these institutions.	Recommended Books: 1- शर्मा एवंग्रोवर एवंअन्य : भारतमेंलोकप्रशासन, जयपुर (1979) राज. हिन्दीग्रंथअकादमी। 2. माहेश्वरी, श्रीराम : भारतीय प्रशासन, नईदिल्ली 3. Sharma, P.: Public Administration in India, Delhi (1978), Meenakshi. 4. Bhambhari, C. P.:Public Administration in India, Delhi (1973), Vikas. 5. R. B. Jain : Contemporary Issues in Indian Administration. 6. ARC Report on Personnel Administration. 7. Appleby, P. H.: Public Administration in India Report of a Survey, GOI (1953).	Recommended Books: 1. ARC 1st Report on Personnel Administration (1966). Government of India. 2. Appleby, P. H. (1953). Public Administration In India Report of a Survey. GOI. 3. Arora, Ramesh &Goyal, Rajni (1995). Indian public administration: institutions and issues. Jaipur: wishwaprakash. 4. Bhambhari, C. P. (1973). Public Administration In India. Delhi: Vikas. 5. Fadia, B.L. (2010). Public Administration In India. Agra: SahityaBhawan Publication. (Hindi & English) 6. Jain,R. B. (1976). Contemporary Issues in Indian Administration. New Delhi. 7. Kataria "Surendra (2000). Public administration in India. Jaipur: RBSA publisher.(Hindi) 8. Maheshwari, sriram (1984). Indian Administration. New Delhi: Orient Longman. 9. Patni, Chandra & Sharma, prabhudat (1992). PrashasnikSidhantaomPrabandh. Jaipur: Book Dipo. (Hindi) 10. Sarkar,Siuli (2010). Public Administration In India. New Delhi: PHI learning private limited. 11. Sharma, P. (1978). Public Administration In India. Delhi: Meenakshi. 12. Verma, S.L. &Sharma,B.M.(1990). PrabandhkiyaLokPrashasan. Jaipur: Hindi GranthAcademi.(Hindi). Suggested E- Resources https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=30 Indian journal of public administration https://us.sagepub.com/en-us/nam/indian-journal-of-public-administration/journal202581#description Journal of Public Administration Research and Theory: J-PART http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journalCode=jpubladmiresethe	1. No change in course content 2. Recommen ded Books are updated and E – resources are added in the course
2	PUB 103	By the end of the course students will be able to:	Recommended Books:	Recommended Books: 1 Arora, Ramesh K. (2012), Public Administration	1. No change in

	Principles of Public Administrati on - I	Understand the foundation of subject in proper fashion. Comprehend the concept and application of good governance. Develop interdisciplinary insight about the subject.	1- चन्द्रापाटनी, डॉ०प्रभुदत्त शर्मा : प्रशासनिकसिद्धान्त एवंप्रबन्ध, कॉलेजबुकिडपो, जयपुर। 2. एस० एल०वर्मा, बी० एम० शर्मा : प्रबन्धकीय लोकप्रशासन, राजस्थानिहन्दीग्रंथअकादमी, जयपुर। 3. एम. पी. शर्मा : लोकप्रशासन—सिद्धान्त एवंव्यवहार, इलाहाबाद, किताबमहल, हिन्दी एवंअंग्रेजीद्ध 5. अवस्थी एवंमहेश्वरी : लोकप्रशासन, आगरा, लक्ष्मी नारायण (हिन्दी एवंअंग्रेजी) 6. चन्द्रप्रकाशमाँभरी : लोकप्रशासन—सिद्धान्त एवंव्यवहार, जयप्रकाशनाथ(हिन्दी एवंअंग्रेजी) 7. B.L. Fadia : Public Administration (Administrative Theory & Concepts), SahityaBhawan Publication, Agra (Hindi & English) 8. S.L. Goel : Public Administration (Administrative Theory & Practice), Deep & Deep Publication, New Delhi. 9. Ramesh K. Arora : Public Administration : Fresh Perspectives, Aalekh Publishers, Jaipur. 10.S.L. Goel and Shalini Rajneesh : Public Personnal Adm	Sharma, M.P., LokPrashsan-SidhantaomBavehar,Illahabad, kitabmahal(Hindi & English). 10 Singh, Hoshiar& Singh, Mohinder (1989), Public Administration In India: Theory and Practice, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers Private Limited. Suggested E- Resources	course content 2. Recommen ded Books are updated and E – resources are added in the course
3	PUB 102 Indian Administratio n-II	After completion of the course students will be able to: • Gain the knowledge of typical process of budget formulation, its approval and execution. • Familiarized with CAG, Parliamentary	Recommended Books:1-शर्मा एवंग्रोवर एवंअन्य : भारतमेंलोकप्रशासन, जयपुर (1979) राज. हिन्दीग्रंथअकादमी।2.माहेश्वरी, श्रीराम : भारतीय प्रशासन, नईदिल्ली3.Sharma, P.: Public Administration in India, Meenakshi.4.Bhambhari, C. P.:Public Administration in India, Delhi (1973), Vikas.	Recommended Books: 1 ARC 1st Report on Personnel Administration(1966). Government of India. 2 Appleby, P. H. (1953). Public Administration In India Report of a Survey. GOI. 3 Arora, Ramesh &Goyal, Rajni (1995). Indian public Administration: Institutions and Issues. Jaipur: wishwaprakash. 4 Bhambhari, C. P. (1973). Public Administration In India, Delhi:Vikas. 5 Fadia, B.L. (2010). Public Administration	1. No change in course content 2. Recommen ded Books are updated

	•	Committees and administrative reforms in India. Informed with Personnel administration and their problems like administrative corruption in India.	 R. B. Jain: Contemporary Issues in Indian Administration. ARC Report on Personnel Administration. Appleby, P. H.: Public Administration in India Report of a Survey, GOI (1953). 	 InIndia.Agra: SahityaBhawan Publication. (Hindi & English) Jain, R. B. (1976). Contemporary Issues in Indian Administration. New Delhi. Kataria ,Surendra (2000). Public administration in India. Jaipur: RBSA publisher.(Hindi) Maheshwari, sriram (1984). Indian Administration. New Delhi: Orient Longman. Patni, Chandra & Sharma, prabhudat(1992). PrashasnikSidhantaumPrabandh. Jaipur: Book Dipo.(Hindi) Sarkar,Siuli (2010). Public Administration In India. New Delhi: PHI learning private limited. Sharma, P. (1978). Public Administration In India. Delhi: Meenakshi. Verma, S.L. & Sharma, B.M.(1990). PrabandhkiyaLokPrashasan. Jaipur: Hindi GranthAcademi.(Hindi) 	and E – resources are added in the course
				Suggested E- Resources https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=30 Indian journal of public administration-https://us.sagepub.com/en-us/nam/indian-journal-of-public-administration/journal202581#description Journal of Public Administration Research and Theory: J-PART http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal Code=jpubladmiresethe	
4		er completion of the curse students will be able Develop deeper understanding of principles of organization will be developed. Develop skills regarding communication and leadership styles. Understandthevarious processes of recruitment, training and promotion under Administration.	Recommended Books:1-चन्द्रापाटनी, डॉ०प्रभुदत्त शर्मा : प्रशासनिकसिद्धान्त एवंप्रबन्ध, कॉलेजबुकिडपो, जयपुर ।2.एस० एल०वर्मा, बी० एम० शर्मा : प्रबन्धकीय लोकप्रशासन, राजस्थानिहन्दीग्रंथअकादमी, जयपुर ।3.एम. पी. शर्मा : लोकप्रशासन—सिद्धान्त एवंव्यवहार, इलाहाबाद, किताबमहल, (हिन्दी एवं अंग्रेजी)5.अवस्थी एवंमहेश्वरी : लोकप्रशासन, आगरा, लक्ष्मी नारायण (हिन्दी एवंअंग्रेजी)6.चन्द्रप्रकाशभाँभरी : लोकप्रशासन—सिद्धान्त एवंव्यवहार, जयप्रकाशनाथ(हिन्दी एवंअंग्रेजी)7.B.L. Fadia : Public Administration (Administrative Theory & Concepts), SahityaBhawan Publication, Agra (Hindi &English)8.S.L. Goel : Public Administration (Administrative Theory & Practice), Deep & Deep Publication, New Delhi.9.Ramesh K. Arora : Public Administration : Fresh Perspectives, Aalekh Publishers, Jaipur.10.S.L. Goel and Shalini Rajneesh : Public	Recommended Books: 1 Arora, Ramesh K. (2012). Public Administration: Fresh Perspectives. Jaipur: Aalekh Publishers. 2 Bhabri, Chandra (1976). LokPrashasan. Agra: Lakshmi Narayan.(Hindi, English) 3 Chakrabarty, B. & Chand, Prakash (2017). Public Administration from government to Governance. Jaipur: orient Black Swan. 4 Fadia, B.L., (2010). Public Administration (Administrative Theory & Concepts). Agra: SahityaBhawan Publication. (Hindi & English) 5 Goel, S.L. (2005). Public Administration (Administrative Theory & Practice). New Delhi: .Deep & Deep Publication. 6 GoelS.L. &Rajneesh, Shalini (2002). Public Personnal Administration Theory & Practice). New Delhi: Deep & Deep Publication. 7 Kataria , Surendra (2000). Element of public Administration. Jaipur: RBSA publisher.(Hindi) 8 Sapru, R.K.(2016). Administrative Theories	1. No change in course content 2. Recommen ded Books are updated and E – resources are added in the course

			Administration Theory & Practice), Deep n, New Delhi		&Management Thought. Delhi: PHI Learning private limited. 9 Sharma, M.P. LokPrashsan-SidhantaumBavehar. Illahabad: kitabMahal.(Hindi & English). 10 Singh, Hoshiar& Singh, Mohinder (1989). Public Administration In India: Theory and Practice. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Private Limited. Suggested E- Resources • https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=30 • Indian journal of public administration-https://us.sagepub.com/en-us/nam/indian-journal-of-public-administration/journal202581#description • Journal of Public Administration Research and Theory: J-PART • http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal Code=jpubladmiresethe	
5	Administrativ e Institutions in India- I Deve unde cons extra bodie deve Enha abou Admi Learr funct partie group intera other Deve unde	2. Field 3. Paral 3. Paral 4. I.I.P. 5. H.C. 6. Repo 7. M.G. 8. Asho 9. Ziauc Singh inistration. n about the ions of political es and pressure os and their actions with each	o : Administrative State : Government in Modern Society njape : Planning Commission A.: Organisation of the Government of India Sharma : PrashasnikSansthayen ort of Finance Commission of India Gupta : Modern Government k Sharma : PrashasnikSanstheyen (Hindi) ddin Khan : PrashasnikSanstheyen (Hindi) Fadia : PrashasnikSanstheyen (Hindi) Johri : Indian Government and Politics	&Anter	Recommended Books: 1	1. No change in course content 2. Recommen ded Books are updated and E – resources are added in the course

6	PUB 204 State Administratio n in India with Special reference to Rajasthan-I	After completion of the course students will be able to: Comprehend the administrative setup of state administration. Describe the constitutional status of center-state administration. Do the analysis of the changing scenario of various departments and institutions.	Recommended Books:- 1. S.R. Maheshwari: State Government in India. 2. S.S. Khera: District Administration in India. 3. M.V. Pylee: Indian Constitution (Hindi Ed.) 4. A.R.C. Report on State Administration. 5. A. Zabier&Gupta: Organisitaion of Govt. of Uttar Pradesh. 6. H.C. Sharma: Bharat Main RajyaPrashashan (Hindi) 7. C.M. Singh and others: Rajasthan Main RajyaPrashashan (Hindi Ed) Recommended Books:	Theory: http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journalCode=jpubladmiresethe Journal of Elections, Public Opinion & Parties http://www.tandfonline.com/loi/fbep20 Recommended Books: 1. A.R.C. Report(1966). On State Administration. Government of India. 2. Arora ,K. Ramesh &Chaturvedi, Geeta(2017). Bharat me RajyaPrashsan. Jaipur: R.B.S.A.(Hindi) 3. Katariya, surendra(2016). RajyaPrashasan. Jaipur:Malik& Company.(Hindi) 4. Khera, S.S.(1974). District Administration in India. New York: Asia Publishing House. 5. Maheshwari, S.R.(1979). State Government in India. Delhi: TheMacmillann Company of India. 6. Pylee, M.V.(1967). Indian's Constitution. Bombay: Asia publishing House. 7. Sharma, Ravindra(2018). State Administration. Delhi: PrabhatPrakashan. 8. Verma, S.L. (1974). Revenue Board in Rajasthan. New Delhi: S.Chand. Suggested E- Resources https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=30 Local Government Studieshttp://www.tandfonline.com/loi/flgs20 State& Local GovernmentReviewhttp://www.jstor.org/action/show Publication?journalCode=statlocagoverevi Journal of Public Administration Research and Theory: J-PART http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal Code=jpubladmiresethe	1. No change in course content 2. Recommen ded Books are updated and E – resources are added in the course 1. No
1	Administrati ve Institutions in India- II	After completion of the course students will be able to: • Develop an understanding of constitutional and extra constitutional bodies will be developed.	1. Waldo: Administrative State 2. Field: Government in Modern Society 3. Paranjape: Planning Commission 4. I.I.P.A.: Organisation of the Government of India 5. H.C. Sharma: PrashasnikSansthayen 6. Report of Finance Commission of India 7. M.G. Gupta: Modern Government	 Recommended Books: Arora, Ramesh.K.(1995). Indian Public Administration: Instutions and Issues. Delhi: New Age International. Fadia, B.L. (2010). PrashasnikSanstheyen . Agra: SahityaBhawan. (Hindi) Field, G. Lowell (1951). Government in Modern Society. New York:McGraw Hill. Jayapalan, N.(1999) . Modern Government. New 	1. No change in course content 2. Recommen ded Books are

		 Enhancement of the vision about Indian Administration will be perceived. Learn the functions and organization of Finance, Election Commission, Railway Board, and Simple Social Welfare Board. 	8. Ashok Sharma: PrashasnikSanstheyen (Hindi) 9. Ziauddin Khan: PrashasnikSanstheyen (Hindi) &Anter Singh 10. B.L. Fadia: PrashasnikSanstheyen (Hindi) 11. J.C. Johri: Indian Government and Politics (I & II) (Hindi)	Delhi: Atlantic . Johri ,J.C.(2012). Indian Government and Politics(I & II).Jalandhar: shobanLal& Co (Hindi) Sharma, Ashok (1992). PrashasnikSanstheyen. Jaipur: RBSA. (Hindi) Sodhi, Inderjeetsingh (2005). Administrative institutions in India. Jaipur: University Book House. Waldo, Dwight (1948). The Administrative State. New York: The Ronald Press Company. Suggested E- Resources https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=30 Indian journal of public administration-https://us.sagepub.com/en-us/nam/indian-journal-of-public-administration/journal202581#description Journal of Public Administration Research and Theory: J-PART http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journalCo de=jpubladmiresethe Journal of Elections, Public Opinion & Parties http://www.tandfonline.com/loi/fbep20	updated and E – resources are added in the course
S	State Administrati on in India with special reference to Rajasthan-II	After completion of the course students will be able to: • Learn about the institutional framework of personnel administration • Develop an overall understanding about revenue administration will be developed. • Learn about the administrative initiatives, problems and reforms in state administration.	 Recommended Books:- S.R. Maheshwari: State Government in India. S.S. Khera: District Administration in India. M.V. Pylee: Indian Constitution (Hindi Ed.) A.R.C. Report on State Administration. A. Zabier&Gupta: Organisitaion of Govt. of Uttar Pradesh. H.C. Sharma: Bharat Main RajyaPrashashan (Hindi) C.M. Singh and others: Rajasthan Main RajyaPrashashan (Hindi Ed) Dr. SurendraKataria: RajyaPrashashan (Hindi) Dr. Rawindra Sharma: RajyaPrashashan (Hindi) Dr. Ramesh K. Arora& Dr. GeetaChaturvedi: Bharat Main RajyaPrashashan (Hindi) Reference Books: D.P. Singh: Readings in Indian Administration S.L. Verma: Revenue Board in Rajasthan. I.I.P.A.: Revenue Board. Rajasthan Government: Secretariat manual. Rajasthan Government: Report of Administrative Reform Committee (Mathur Committee Report – 1963). Rajasthan Government: Report of the Committee on Training 1963. H.C.M. RIPA: Management of Higher Personnel of Public	 Recommended Books: A.R.C. Report(1966). On State Administration. Government of India. Arora ,K. Ramesh &Chaturvedi, Geeta(2017). Bharat me RajyaPrashsan. Jaipur:R.B.S.A. (Hindi) Katariya, surendra(2016). RajyaPrashasan. Jaipur:Malik& Company. (Hindi) Khera, S.S. (1974). District Administration in India. New York: Asia Publishing House. Maheshwari, S.R. (1979). State Government in India. Delhi: The Macmillann Company of India. Pylee, M.V. (1967). Indian's Constitution. Bombay: Asia publishing House. Sharma, Ravindra(2018). State Administration. Delhi: PrabhatPrakashan. Verma, S.L. (1974). Revenue Board in Rajasthan. New Delhi: S.Chand. Pylee, M.V. (1967), Indian's Constitution, Bombay, Asia publishing House. Sharma, Ravindra(2018), State Administration, Delhi, PrabhatPrakashan. Verma, S.L. (1974), Revenue Board in Rajasthan, New Delhi, S.Chand. 	1. No change in course content 2. Recommen ded Books are updated and E – resources are added in the course

	DUD 202		Administration. 8. I.I.P.A.: Indian Journal of Public Administration (State Administration Special Number- July-Sept.1976) 9. J.P. Shukla: State and District Administration in India. 10. B. Mehta: Dynamics of State Administration (Chugh Publication): Annual Reports of the Different Departments of the Government of Rajasthan, Jaipur. Journal and Reports: 1. Indian Journal of Public Administration (New Delhi) 2. PrashashnikaH.C.M.R.I.P.A., Jaipur. 3. Management in Government, Delhi.	Suggested E- Resources https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=30 State& Local Government Review http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal Code=statlocagoverevi Local Government Studies http://www.tandfonline.com/loi/flgs20 Journal of Public Administration Research and Theory: J-PART http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal Code=jpubladmiresethe	
9	PUB 303 Comparative Administrativ e Systems	After completion of the course students will be able to: • Know about the administrative system of various countries like UK, USA and France. • Learn about the Role of civil services in the administrative system of these countries. • Develop knowledge about various controlling authorities in USA, France, and Sweden will be gained. • Do a comparative study of administrative systems of these countries.	Core Readings: 1. FerrelHeaddy: Public Administration: A Comparative Perspective. 2. Ogg& Zink: Modern Foreign Government. 3. V.D. Mahajan: Modern Select Governments. 4. Vishnu Bhagwan and VidyaBhushan: World Constitutions. 5. Ravindra Sharma: TulnatmakPrashashnikVyavasthayen 6. C.B. Gena: TulnatmakRajniti 7. Gavin Drewry and Tony Butcheer: The Civil Service Today. 8. U.S. Government Manual. 9. S.R. Maheshwari: Higher Civil Service in France. 10. B.L. Fadia: VishvaKePramukhSanvidhan SurendraKataria: TulnatmakPrashashnikVyavasthayen	1. Bhagwan, Vishnu &Bhushan, Vidya(2012). World Constitutions: A comparative study. New Delhi: sterling publishers PVT Ltd. 2. Chaturvedi, T.N. (1992). Comparative Public Administration. Jaipur: Research publication. 3. Fadia, B.L. (2010). VishvaKePramukhSanvidhan. Jaipur: sahitya publication. (Hindi) 4. Gena, C.B. (2009). TulnatmakRajniti. New Delhi: Vikash publishing house Pvt Ltd. (Hindi) 5. Goyal, S.L. &Rajanish,shalini (2002). Public Personnel Administration(theory and practice). New Delhi: Deep and Deep publication. 6. Headdy, Ferrel (1966). Public Administration: A Comparative Perspective. prentice Hall: Englewood Cliffs NJ. 7. Kataria, surendra (2015). Comparative Public Administration. Jaipur: RBSA publication. (Hindi) 8. Mahajan, V.D (2017). Modern Select Governments. New Delhi: S. Chand& company PVT Ltd. 9. Ogg, Fredisk& Zink (1949). Modern Foreign Government. New work: the Macmilan Co. 10. Singh, T.P. (2013). VishwakePramukhSamvidhan: EkTulnatmakAdhyan. Delhi: PriyaSahityaSadan. (Hindi) Suggested E- Resources • https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=30 • Journal of Public Administration Research and Theory: J-PART-http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?jo	1. No change in course content 2. Recommen ded Books are updated and E – resources are added in the course

				urnalCode=jpubladmiresethe	
10	PUB 301 Administrativ e Thinkers	By the end of the course students will be able to: Learn about the contribution of eminent scholars like Henri Fayol, F W Taylor, Weber, Mayo, Bernard, Simon, Maslow, Frederick Herzberg, Likert and Riggs. To understand the theory of development properly. Conceived the knowledge of Motivational theories and leadership styles.	Core Books: 1. Henri Fayol: General & Industrial Management 2. F.W, Taylor: Scientific management 3. Chester Barnard: The Functions of the Executive 4. Tilest, Kempner and Mils: Management Thinkers 5. Herbert Simon: Administrative Behaviour 6. Simon: The New Science of Management Decisions 7. March and Simon: Organisation 8. Riggs: Administration in Developing Countries 9. Riggs (Ed.):Frontiers of Development administration 10. Marino Pinto: Administrative Thinker 11. Prasad, Prasad &Satyanarayana: Administrative Thinkers(In English &Hindi) 12. S. R. Maheshwari: Administrative Thinkers 13. Chandra Hirawat: PrashanikaVicharak(In Hindi) 14. Dr. P. D. Sharma:Management Thought and Thinkers 15. S.S.Ali: Eminent administrative Thinkers 16. Fred Luthans: OrganationBehaviour	Recommended Books: 1 Barnard, Chester (1938). The Functions of the Executive. Cambridge M. A: Harvard university Press. 2 Fayol, Henri(1949). General & Industrial Management.London: pitman. 3 Luthans, Fred(2010). OrganationBehaviour.Cornell university: McGraw Hill. 4 March &Simon(1958). Organisation. New York: John Wiley & Sons. 5 Prasad, Prasad &Satyanarayana (1993). Administrative Thinkers. New Delhi: Jawahar Publishers and Distributors. (English & Hindi) 6 Sapru, R.K.(2016). Administrative Theories and Management Thought. New Delhi: PHI Learning private Limited. 7 Sharma, J.D. &Surana, J.S.(1992). History of Management Thought. Jaipur: Ramesh Book Dipo. 8 Sharma, P. D. (2000). Management Thought and Thinkers. Delhi: Research Publishers. 9 Simon, Herbert(1947). Administrative Behaviour. United States America: Macmillan. 10 Taylor, F.W.(1919). The Principles of Scientific management. Harvard University: Haper& Brothers. 11 Thori, Narendra&chaudhary, Nilam(2002). Administrative Thinkers. Jaipur: RBSA. Suggested E- Resources • https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=30 • Journal of Public Administration Research and Theory: J-PART-http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?jo urnalCode=jpubladmiresethe	1. No change in course content 2. Recommen ded Books are updated and E – resources are added in the course

Discipline Electives

13	PUB 305	After completion of the	Books Recommended:		1. No
	Rural Local	course students will be able	1. महेश्वरी, श्रीराम"भारतमेंस्थानीय सरकारें"	Recommended Books:	change in
	Self	to:	(1984) दिल्ली, ओरिएन्ट।	1. Khanna, R.L. (1967). Municipal Government and	course
	Government	Develop knowledge of		Administration In India. Chandigargh: Mohindra Capital.	content
		Rural Local self-	3. Reddy, G.R. 'Panchayati Raj in India' (1997), Macmillion	2. Maheshwari, Sriram (1984). <i>Bharart me</i>	
		government .	4. राजस्थानजिलापरिषद एवंपंचायतसमितिअधिनियम, 1959	SthaniyeSarkare. Delhi: Oriental.(Hindi)	2.

		Understand role of the agencies involved with PRIs with better perspectives. To distinguished Policies and programmes for the rural people and areas effectively.	5. रिपोर्ट—सादिकअली (1964), गिरधारीलालव्यास (1973), अशोकमेहता (1978), प्रशासनसुधारआयोग (1968), बलवन्तराय मेहता (1958) 6. R. Agarwal : Municipal Government in India. 7. S.R. Maheshwari : Local Government in India 8. M.V. Mathur : Panchayati Raj in Rajasthan 9. R.L. Khanna : Municipal Government and Adm. In India. 10. S.K. Bhoglee : Local Government in India	 Maheshwari, S.R. (2017). Local Government in India. Agra: Lakshmi Narayan Aggrawal. Mathur, M.V. (1966). Panchayati Raj In Rajasthan. New Delhi: ImpexIndiahaik. Myneni, S.R. (2016). Local Self Government. Allahabad: Allahabad Law Agency. Reddy, G.R. (1997). Panchayati Raj in India. New Delhi: Macmillion. Sachadeva, Pradeep (2011). Local Government InIndia. New Delhi: Pearson. Singh, Pankaj (2017). Rural local Government. Delhi: kitabMahal. 	Recommen ded Books are updated and E – resources are added in the course
				Suggested E- Resources https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=30 State& Local Government Review-http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal Code=statlocagoverevi Alternatives: Global, Local, Political http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal Code=alternatives	
14	Labour Welfare Administration	After completion of the course students will be able to: • Know about LabourWelfare Administration in India. • Understand international labour organization, labour policy and legislation in India. • Familiarize with worker's education and training. Aware about various labour laws.		Unit 1 Meaning, nature and scope of labour welfare, principles of Labour Welfare Administration. Organization and functions of ministry of labour Employment Unit 2 Office of the Chief Labour Commissioner, organization and functions of central labour Bureau. Organization and working of state labour department and directorate of labour. Unit 3 Brief history, organization, functions and shortcomings of trade union in labour Administration in India.ILO(International Labour Organization): power and functions, ILO's impact on labour policy in India. Unit 4 Labour policy and legislation in India. Industrial relations in India. Worker's education and training, participation. Unit 5 The following Labourlaws: Factories Act 1948, Industrial Dispute Act 1947,Trade union Act,1926, Minimum wages Act,1948.	
				1. Vaid,K.N. (1970).Labour Welfare in India. New Delhi: Shri Ram center for Industrial Relation. 2. Sing V.B. (2011).Industrial Relation &Trade Union.Himalayan Book. 3. Malik.P.L. (2009).Industrial Law. Eastern book company. 4. Subramaniam, K.N.(1967).Labour-Management	

				Relation in India. Asia Publishing House. 5. Bhatnagar, Deepak. (1985). State and Labour Welfare in india. New Delhi: Deep&Deep publication. 6. Bhatnagar, Deepak (1984). Labour Welfare and Social Security Legislation in India. Humanities. NewDelhi: Deep&Deep publication. 7. Punekar, S.D. & Deodhar, S.B. (2011). Labour Welfare, Trade Unionism and Industrial Relations. India: Himalayan books. 8. India, (1969). Report of National Commission on Labour. 9. India. (1969). Report of Labour Investigation Committee. E-resources • https://labour.gov.in/	
				 https://elibrary.worldbank.org/ https://www.bl.uk/social-welfare http://www.bath.ac.uk/gwlibrary/ Website of Ministry of Labour and Employment Website of Directorate General of Factory Advice Service and Labour Institute Website of Directorate General of Employment and Training Website of Labour Bureau of Ministry of Labour and Employment Official website of Employees' Provident Fund Organisation 	
11	PUB 306 Urban Local Self government	After completion of the course students will be able to: Perceived knowledge of Urban Local Self Government. Analyze the structures and functions of agencies involved directly and indirectly in administration. Comprehended elections process of	Recommended Books: 1. महेश्वरी, श्रीराम"भारतमेंस्थानीय सरकारें" (1984) दिल्ली, ओरिएन्ट। 2. रवीन्द्र शर्मा"ग्रामीणस्थानीय प्रशासन" 3. त्मककलए ळण्त्ण च्ंदबींलंजप तंर पद प्दकपंश ;1997द्धए डंबउपससपवद 4. राजस्थानजिलापरिषद एवंपंचायतसमितिअधिनियम, 1959 5. रिपोर्ट—सादिकअली (1964), गिरधारीलालव्यास (1973), अशोकमेहता (1978), प्रशासनसुधारआयोग (1968), बलवन्तराय मेहता (1958) 6. R. Agarwal: Municipal Government in India. 7. S.R. Maheshwari: Local Government in India 8. M.V. Mathur: Panchayati Raj in Rajasthan 9. R.L. Khanna: Municipal Government and Adm. In India. 10. S.K. Bhoglee: Local Government in India	 Recommended Books: Khanna, R.L. (1967). Municipal Government and Administration In India. Chandigargh: Mohindra Capital. Maheshwari, Sriram (1984). Bharart me SthaniyeSarkare. Delhi:Oriental. (Hindi) Maheshwari, S.R. (2017). Local Government in India. Agra: Lakshmi Narayan Aggrawal. Mathur, M.V. (1966). Panchayati Raj In Rajasthan. New Delhi: ImpexIndiahaik. Myneni, S.R. (2016). Local Self Government. Allahabad: Allahabad Law Agency. Reddy, G.R. (1997). Panchayati Raj in India. New 	1. No change in course content 2. Recommen ded Books are updated and E – resources are added in the

F	T		200	ı
		local bodies, Role of	Delhi: Macmillion.	course
		Local elections and	7 Sachadeva, Pradeep (2011). Local Government In	
		nominated executives.	India. New Delhi: Pearson.	
			8 Singh, Pankaj (2017). Rural local Government. Delhi:	
			KitabMahal.	
			Suggested E- Resources	
			 https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=30 	
			 State& Local Government 	
			Reviewhttp://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication	
			?journalCode=statlocagoverevi	
			 Alternatives: Global, Local, Political- 	
İ			http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal	
			Code=alternatives	
12	Governance :	After completion of the	Unit 1 Government and Governance: Concept of the	
	Issues and	course students will be able	State, Government and Governance; Civil	
	Challenges	to:	Society; Role of State In the era of Globalization	
		 Know the concept 	Unit 2 Governance and Development: Changing	
		of state,	Dimensions of Development, Strengthening	
		governance and	Democracy through Good Governance	
		state's role in	Unit 3 Environmental Governance: Human-	
		Globalized era.	Environment Interaction; Green Governance:	
		 Understand the 	Sustainable Human Development.	
		governance and	Unit 4 Local Governance: Democratic	
		development.	Decentralization. People's Participation in local	
		Aware about the	Governance, The process of Urbanization,	
		Environmental	causes and problems.	
			Unit 5 Good Governance in India: Public Service	
		governance, Local	Guarantee Acts, Electronic Governance,	
		Governance and	Citizens Charter & Right to Information.	
		good governance	Recommended Books:	
		initiatives in India.	1. Chakrabarty B. and Bhattacharya M. (eds.)	
			(1998). The Governance Discourse. NewDelhi:	
			Oxford University Press.	
			2. Munshi, Surendra& Abraham, Biju Paul [eds.].	
			(2004). Good Governance, Democratic	
	1		Societies and Globalization. Delhi: Sage Publishers.	
			3. United Nation Development Programme.	
	1		(1997). New York: Reconceptualising	
			Governance.	
			4. Johns Hopkins University (2001). The	
			Georgetown Public Policy Review. Volume-VII,	
	1		No.1	
			Chotray, Vasudha&Stroker, Gery (2008).	

GovernanceTheory: Across Disciplinary Approach. PalgraveMacmillan. 6. Nayar, B.(ed.). (2007). Globalization and Politics in India. Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2007. pp. 218-240.
7. Shah, Ghanshyam. [ed.]. (2002). SocialMovementsandTheState, New Delhi: SagePublication. 8. Panda, Smita Mishra (2008). Engendering Governance Institutions: State, Market and Civil
Society. Sage Publications. 9. Chandhoke, Neera(1995). State and Civil Society Explorations in Political Theory, Sage Publishers. 10. Smith, B.C. (2007). Good Governance and Development. New Delhi: Palgrave.
Suggested E – Resources Annual Report. (2015) – "e-Governance Policy Initiatives under Digital India", Dept. of Electronics and Information Technology, Ministry of Communication and Information Commission, Planning. Environment and Ecology. December 12, 2014. http://planningcommission.gov.in/plans/planrel
/fiveyr/7th/vol2/7v2ch18.htm I (accessed December 2, 2015). https://gpcb.gov.in/images/pdf/PrasadModak_GPC B.pdf https://darpg.gov.in/sites/default/files/local_governance6.pdf https://rural.nic.in/media/ebook1http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Demographics_of_India

Name of Programme

M.A. (Political Science)

Programme Educational Objectives

Following the ethos of Banasthali Vidyapith which aims to materialize the ethos of nation building, women leadership through five fold education, this Programme develops ethical values through practical, moral and intellectual aspects of fivefold education, the ability to understand & appreciate human diversity and to engage in community life as active citizens. This programme also enhances the knowledge and creates the research aptitude about political phenomena of local to global context. The main objectives of the programme are:

- To develop specialized field of knowledge and integrate knowledge across the discipline of Political Science.
- To provide understanding about the leading policies, legal issues and major problems confronting contemporary political systems.
- To develop insights of alternative moral and ethical frameworks for interpreting contemporary political discourse.
- To enhance the knowledge of basic facts and concepts about the Indian political system, including its history, philosophical, constitutional and legal foundations, governing institutions and policy-making process.
- To develop analytical skills for understanding and Building subjective perspectives for the leading policies, legal issues, major problems and challenges confronting diverse contemporary political systems around the world.
- To enhance knowledge about broader understanding of International Organizations, institutions, Laws and process.
- To make awareness about gender issues, status of women in society in general and politics in particular and their role and participation in Indian Politics.
- To apply disciplinary or interdisciplinary learning across multiple contexts, integrating knowledge and practices.
- To develop analytical skills for critical inquiry through different approaches or methods in specialized area of Politics.
- To acquaint with the qualitative and quantitative research techniques for conducting field based research studies including selection of research problems, sampling, and preparation of research tools and adoption of statistical methodologies.
- To train students in using the applications of computer for data interpretation, analysis and power point presentations.
- To increase awareness of career options available in the public and private sectors with postgraduate degree in political science. Also to make aware about its value as entry in Politics, administrative services, teaching positions, legal education and various other fields.

Programme Outcomes

After completion of the M.A. Programme in Political Science, students will be able to:

- PO1: Knowledge of Political Realm: Understand the fundamental concepts, theories, Governments and issues of national and international politics, including the structure and relationships between the branches of government of India. Effectively apply comparative and analytical skills in reading, writing to address significant issues of the political world.
- **PO2: Interdisciplinary Perspective:** Understand interdisciplinary & feminist perspective to the study of social sciences. Evaluate diverse point of views embedded within various frameworks which may include temporal, cultural, linguistic, socio-political or technological contexts.
- PO3: Critical Perspective: Demonstrate critical thinking, including the ability to form an argument, detect fallacies, and evidence about key issues of politics and thoughtful & well-articulated presentations on specific field.
- **PO4: Communication Skills:** Able to interact with diverse population of formal or informal arena; communicate effectively in both oral & written presentations and public speaking also.
- **PO5: Technical skills:** The ability and the knowledge to use electronic and traditional library resources to study key local, state, national and international policy issues. Use the applications of computer for data analysis and power point presentations to explain the research findings.
- PO6: Management Abilities: The capacity to perform duties, effective planning & management, ability to interact effectively with people and also identifying and setting achievable goals, developing necessary strategies, and outlining the tasks and schedules on how to achieve the set goals.
- **PO7: Leadership:** Demonstrate the quality to lead a team, country or an organization.
- **PO8: Problem Solving:** Conduct research in political areas, collect, interpret qualitative, quantitative data as well as review and synthesize relevant political science literature. Able to apply political science knowledge and skills to avoiding crisis situations and solving actual problems when occur.
- PO9 Community Service: Participate as a civically engaged member of society and provide community service.
- PO10: Ethical Understanding: Apply ethical considerations in professional, personal and social life and also recognize cultural & personal variability in lifestyle.
- PO11: Professional Identity: Understand & perform their professional roles in state and society, such as political leader, administrative officer, civil servant, educationalist, manager, and political analysts, Social Worker, Public Relations Assistant, Legal Assistant and Campaign Staffer and so on.
- **PO12:** Environment and Sustainability: Demonstratethe role for the promotion of environmental sustainability and an understanding of comprehensive systemic analysis across both physical and behavioral dimensions involving society, the environment, and the economy.
- PO13: Life- Long Learning: Engage in Life- long learning to participate in political process and making a positive contribution to the society.

Programme Scheme

MA I Semester

Existing							
Course	Course Name		L	Т	Р	С	
Code							
POL 401	Comparative Politics		5	0	0	5	
POL 404	International Politics		5	0	0	5	
POL 406	Principles of Public Administration		5	0	0	5	
POL 408	Western Political Thought		5	0	0	5	
SSC 402	Social Science Perspective		5	0	0	5	
		Total	25	0	0	25	

	Proposed							
Course Code	Course Name		L	Т	Р	С		
POL 402	Contemporary Political Theory		5	0	0	5		
POL 404	International Politics		5	0	0	5		
POL 406	Principles of Public Administration		5	0	0	5		
POL 408	Western Political Thought		5	0	0	5		
SSC 402	Social Science Perspective		5	0	0	5		
	T	otal	25	0	0	25		

MA II Semester

	Existing						
Course Code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	C		
POL 402	Contemporary Political Theory	5	0	0	5		
POL 403	Contemporary Political Thought	5	0	0	5		
POL 405	International Politics: Issues and Challenges	5	0	0	5		
POL 407	Public Administration in India	5	0	0	5		
SSC 401	Research Techniques in Social Sciences	5	0	0	5		
	Total	25	0	0	25		

	Proposed						
Course Code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С		
POL 401	Comparative Politics	5	0	0	5		
POL 403	Contemporary Political Thought	5	0	0	5		
POL 405	International Politics: Issues and Challenges	5	0	0	5		
POL 407	Public Administration in India	5	0	0	5		
SSC 401	Research Techniques in Social Sciences	5	0	0	5		
	Total	25	0	0	25		

MA III Semester

Existing								
Course Code	Course Name	Т	Р	C				
CS 513	Computer Applications	3	0	0	3			
CS 513L	Computer Applications Lab	0	0	4	2			
POL 502	Indian Polity-I	5	0	0	5			
POL 504	Modern Indian Political Thought	5	0	0	5			
POL 506	Public International Law	5	0	0	5			
	Elective-I	5	0	0	5			
	Total	25	0	0	25			

Proposed								
Course Code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С			
CS 513	Computer Applications		3	0	0	3		
CS 513L	Computer Applications Lab		0	0	4	2		
POL 502	Indian Polity-I		5	0	0	5		
POL 504	Modern Indian Political Thought		5	0	0	5		
POL 506	Public International Law		5	0	0	5		
	Discipline Elective		5	0	0	5		
	Reading Elective-I		0	0	0	2		
		Total	25	0	0	27		

MA IV Semester

Existing								
Course Code								
POL 503	Indian Polity-II		5	0	0	5		
POL 505P	Project		0	0	10	5		
POL 508	UNO and Regional Organizations		5	0	0	5		
SSC 501	Women Studies		5	0	0	5		
	Elective-II		5	0	0	5		
		Total	25	0	0	25		

Proposed								
Course Code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С			
POL 503	Indian Polity-II	5	0	0	5			
	Public Policy in India	5	0	0	5			
	UN and Regional Organizations	5	0	0	5			
SSC 501	Women Studies	5	0	0	5			
	Open Elective	5	0	0	5			
	Reading Elective-II	0	0	0	2			
	Tota	l 25	0	0	27			

List of Discipline Electives

Existing					
Course Code	Course Name				
POL 501	Human Rights				
POL 507	Public Policy in India				

Proposed						
Course Code	Course Name					
	Politics in South Asia					
	Electoral Politics in India					
	State Politics in India					
	Global Politics					
POL 501	Human Rights					
	Master's Dissertation					
	Gender, Governance and Politics					
	Women in Panchayati Raj					

List of Reading Electives

	Proposed					
Course Code	Course Code Course Name					
	India and World Politics					
	Administrative Institutions And Regulatory Authorities In India					
	Neo Marxism					
	Neo Liberalism					
	Global Diplomacy – Diplomacy in the Modern World					
	Moral Foundations of Politics					
	Understanding Political Concepts					
	Terrorism and Counterterrorism: Comparing Theory and Practice					
	Revolutionary Ideas: Utility, Justice, Equality, Freedom					
	Understanding International Relations Theory					
	Political Philosophy: An Introduction					
	Qualitative Research Methods and Research Writing					

Note: Students have to choose two different courses from the list of electives or from the open electives offered by other social sciences in III and IV Semesters each. In addition of the students also have to choose two different courses from the list of reading electives in each semester.

Course Details:

First Semester

S.N.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
1.	POL 402 Contemporary Political Theory	After completion of this course students will be able to: • Understand key concepts, approaches and main problems of political theory. • To think analytically on the concepts and issues involved in political theory. • To explicate their own views in political theory. • Develop ability to research current political issues and relate them to the course material	 Core Books: James C. Chartesworth (ed.): Contemporary Political Analysis, Free Press, New York 1967. David Easton: The Political System - An Inquiry into the state of Political Science, Alffred A. Knopf Inc., 1963. Harold D. Lasswell: Politics, Who Gets, What, When & How, Mc Graw Hill and Co. Inc., New York, 1969. Dante Germino: Beyond Ideology: Revival of Political Theory, Harper and Row, New York, 1969. Eugene J. Meehan: Contemporary Political Thought - A. Critical Study, Dorsey Press, 1967. Eugene J. Meehan: The Theory and method of Political Analysis, Homewood, Ill., 1965. Hayes and Hedlund (ed.). The Conduct of Political inquiry: Behavioural Political Analysis, Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, Jersey, 1970. S.P. Verma: Modern Political Theory, Vikas, Delhi. Kerlingr: Foundations of Behavioural Research. Additional Readings: Arnold Brecht: Political Theory: Foundations of Twentieth Centurey Political Thought, Princeton University Press, 1959. Ronald Young (ed.): Approaches to the Study of Political Science, North Western University Press, 1958. David Easton: Framework to Political Analysis, Prentice Hall Inc. 1965. David Easton: A System Analysis of Political Life, John Wiley and Sons, Inc. 1965. Lasswell and Kaplan: Power and Society: Framework for Political Inquiry, Yale University, 1953. Ausun Ranney, (ed.): Essays on the Behavioural Study of Politics, Urbana, 1962. Almond and Powell: Comparative Politics - A Developmental approach, Little arown and Co. Bosten: 1966. Samuel P. Huntigntion: Political Order in Changing Societies, New Haven and London. 1961. <	 Recommended Book: Chartesworth, James C. (ed.) (1967). Contemporary Political Analysis. New York: Free Press. Easton, David (1963). The Political System - An Inquiry into the State of Political Science. USA: Alffred A. Knopf Inc. Lasswell, Harold D. (1969). Politics: Who Gets, What, When &How. New York: Mc Graw Hill and Co. Inc Germino, Dante (1969). Beyond Ideology: Revival of Political Theory. New York: Harper and Row. Eugene, J. Meehan (1967). Contemporary Political Thought - A. Critical Study. USA: Dorsey Press. Eugene J. Meehan (1965). The Theory and method of Political Analysis. USA: Dorsey Press. Hayes and Hedlund (ed.) (1970). The Conduct of Political Inquiry: Behavioural Political Analysis. Jersey: Prentice-Hall. Verma, S P (1975). Modern Political Theory. Delhi: Vikas Publishing House. Kerlingr (1964). Foundations of Behavioural Research. Delhi: Surjeet Publications. Brecht, Arnold (1959). Political Theory: Foundations of Twentieth Centurey Political Thought. New Jeresy: Princeton University Press. Young, Ronald (ed.) (1958). Approaches to the Study of Political Science. USA: North Western University Press. Easton, David (1965). Framework to Political Analysis. USA: Prentice Hall Inc. Easton, David (1965). A System Analysis of Political Life. USA: John Wiley and Sons, Inc. Lasswell & Kaplan (1953). Power and Society: Framework for Political Inquiry. USA: Yale University. Framework for Political Inquiry. USA: Yale University of Illinois Press. Almond & Powell (1966) Comparative Politics - A Developmental Approach. New York: Little arown and Co. Bosten. Hass &Hariel(ed.) (1970). Approaches to the Study of Political Science. Sen Francisco: Chandler Publi	1. No change in course content 2. Recommen ded Books are updated and E – resources are added in the course

			Science Chandler Publishing Co., 1970	Co	
2.	POL 404 International Politics	After completion of this course students will be able to: Critically analyze the theories of international politics. Evaluate the concept of power and its changing nature. Explore the instruments for the promotion of national interest.	Science, Chandler Publishing Co., 1970. 10. S. Ramaswamy : Political theory; ideas and concepts Delhi Macmillan 2002. 11. L. Strauss : Liberalism : Ancient and modern, New York basic Books 1968. 12. Hutcheon : The politics of Postmodernism London and New York Routledge 1989 Core Books : 1. G. schawarzenbergar : Power Politics, Stevens and Sods Ltd., London. 2. Palmer and Perkins : International Relations : Scientific Book Agency, Calcutta. 3. Dr. M.L. Sharma : Antarrashtriya Sambandh. 4. Sprout and Sprout : Foundation of International Politics, Von Nostrand, Delhi. 5. डॉ. एम.एल. शर्मा : विदेश नीतियाँ 6. Mahendra Kumar : Theoretical aspects of International Politics. 7. महेन्द्र कुमार : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीतिक के सैद्धान्तिक वृष्टिकोण	 Suggested E-Resources E PG Pathshala-https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=29 Annual Review of Political Science, http://www.annualreviews.org/journal/polisci, Annual Reviews Review of Middle East Studies, http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journalCo de=revimiddeaststud, Middle East Studies Association of North America (MESA) Political Methodology, http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journalCo de=polimethod, Oxford University Press;Society for Political Methodology Political Analysis, http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journalCo de=polianalysis Recommended Books: Schawarzenbergar, G. (1952). Power Politics. London: Stevens and Sods Ltd. Palmer & Perkins (1967). International Relations. Calcutta: Scientific Book Agency. Sprout and Sprout (1962). Foundation of International Politics. Delhi: Von Nostrand. Kumar, Mahendra (2017). Theoretical aspects of International Politics. UP: SLA Publications. Calude Jr, I.L. (1967). Power and International Relations. UK: Random House. H Herz, John. (1960). International Politics in the 	1. No change in course content 2. Recommen ded Books are updated and E – resources are added
				http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journalCo de=polimethod, Oxford University Press;Society for Political Methodology Political Analysis,	
				http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journalCo	
2.	POL 404	•	Core Books :	Recommended Books:	1. No
		to:			course
		theories of			
		Evaluate the concept	•		Recommen
		changing nature.	Nostrand, Delhi.		are
		promotion of national	Mahendra Kumar : Theoretical aspects of International		and E –
		interest.	7. महेन्द्र कुमार : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीतिक के सैद्धान्तिक दृष्टिकोण	6 H Herz, John. (1960). <i>International Politics in the Atomic Age</i> . New York: Columbia University Press.	
			Additional Readings: 1. I.L. Calude Jr: Power and International Relations.	7 Schleicher, C.P. (1962). International Relations: Cooperation and Conflicts. New Jeresy: Princetion	course
			John. H Herz : International Politics in the Atomic Age, (Columbia University Press, New York)	Press.	
			C.P. Schleicher: International Relations, Princetion, 1962.	8 Bhaneja, Dr. B. (1973). <i>The Politics of Triangles: The Alignment Patterns in South Asia, 1961-71</i> , Delhi:	
			4 Dr. D. Dhonoio - The Delitics of Trick ales	Research Publications	
			 Dr. B. Bhaneja; The Politics of Triangles. A.F.K. Origanski: World Politics, Scientific Book Agency Calcutta. 	Research Publications. 9 Garg, J.P. (1972). Regionalism in International Politics. Delhi: Research Publication.	

			6. Garg J.P.: Regionalism in International Politics.	New York: Alfred Knopf.	
			 H.J. Morganthau, Politics Among Nations 6th edition revised by K.W. Thompson New York Alfred Knopf 1985 	11 Burchill, Et.all (2001). <i>Theories of International and Relations</i> . UK: Macmillan.	
			Burchill Et.al : Theories of International and Relations Macmillan 2001.	12 Sullivan, M.P. (2001). Theories of International Politics: Enduring Paradigm in a Changing World. Hampshire: Macmillan.	
			 M.P. Sullivan: Theories of International Politics: Enduring Paradigm in a changing World Hampshire Macmillan 2001. 	13 Kegley, C.W. &. Wittkopf, E.R (1995). <i>World Politics: Trends and Transformation</i> . New York: Martin Press.	
			 C.W. Kegley and E.R. Wittkopf , World Politics : Trends and transformation New York Martin Press 1995 	14 . Hoogvelt, A.M (1997). Globanizaion and the post colonial world: The New Political Economy of	
			 A.M. Hoogvelt, Globanizaion and the post colonial world: The New Political Economy of Development (Basingstaka Macmillan 1997). 	Development. UK: Basingstaka Macmillan. 15 Cox, Robert & T.J. Sinclain (1966). Approaches to	
			 Cox, Robert and T.J. Sinclain, Approaches to World Order, Cambridge Univ. Press 1996. 	World Order. UK: Cambridge Univ. Press. 16 Bandhopadhya, Jayanta & Mukherjee, Amitava	
			13. Jayanta Bandhopadhya and Amitava Mukherjee, International Relations Theory: From anarchy to World	(2001). International Relations Theory: From anarchy to World Government. Kolkata: Howrah Manuscript.17 Jackson, Robert & Sorensen, George (2003).	
			Government Howrah Manuscript 2001. 14. Robert Jackson George Sorensen, Introduction to International Relations. Theories and Approaches. Second	Introduction to International Relations. Theories and Approaches. London: Oxford Univ. Press.	
			Ed Oxford Univ. Press 2003.	Suggested E-Resources • E PG Pathshala-	
			Selected Journals:	https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=29	
			1. Current History	World Affairs	
			2. Foreign Affairs	http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal	
			3. Journal of Politics	Code=worldaffairs	
			4. World Politics	 Review of International Studies 	
			5. Internal Affairs	http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal	
			6. International Studies	Code=revinterstud	
			7. World Today	 International Studies Perspectives- 	
			India Quarterly Journal of International Relations	http://isp.oxfordjournals.org/	
			Journal of International Relations	International Studies Quarterly - http://isq.oxfordjournals.org/	
18	POL 406	After completion of the course, students will be	Continu		. E –
	Principles of	able to:	Section – I		esources re added
	Public Administration	 Understand about 	Public Administration: Meaning, Nature, Scope Public and Private Administration. New Public Management	Tubile Administration. Wearing, Nature, Geope Tubile	the
	Administration	theory and practice of	Good Governance, Evolution of the study of Public	9	ourse
		Public Administration.	Administration. Approaches to the study of Public	Administration Approaches to the study of Public	
		Work with people and	Administration; Classical, Human relations, Behavioural,	Administration: Classical Human relations 2.	-
		manage them. • Learn about	Approaches.		ecommen
		leadership skills,		ore	ed Books
		motivation and	Section – II	Section – II	pdated
		decision making	Principles of Organization: Formal and Informal	Principles of Organization: Formal and Informal	nd E –
		Aware about working	Organization. Hierarchy. Unity of Command, Span of Control, Authority, Delegation, Co-ordination,	Urganization Hierarchy Unity of Command Span of L	esources
		of Public		lare	re added
		Administration.	Administrative Behaviour: Leadership,	Administrative Behavior: Leadership,	

		Communication, Motivation and Decision Making.	Communication, Motivation and Decision Making.	in the
		Section – III Personnel Administration : Meaning, Nature and Types of Bureaucracy, contribution of Max Waber, Classification, Recruitment, Training, Promotion. References Books : Core Books : 1. अवस्थी एवं माहेश्वरी : प्रशासनिक सिद्धान्त 2 अवस्थी एवं माहेश्वरी : लोक प्रशासन 3 महादेव प्रसाद शर्मा : लोक प्रशासन 4. M.P. Sharma and B.L. Sadana : Public Administration in Theory and Practice. 5. Noorjahan Bawa : Public Administration in the 21st Century. 6. प्रभुदत्त शर्मा : लोक प्रशासन Additional Readings : 1. Barnard, C. : Functions of executive. 2. March and Simon : Organizations. 3. Herbert Simon : Administrative Behaviour. Selected Journals : 1. Indian Journal of Public Administration.	Section – III Personnel Administration: Meaning, Nature and Types of Bureaucracy, contribution of Max Waber, Classification, Recruitment, Training, Promotion. Recommended Books: 1 Awasthi & Maheswari (2017). Prashashnik Sidhant. Jaipur: Laxmi Narayan Agarwal. 2 Awasthi & Maheswari (2018). Lok Prashashan. Jaipur: Laxmi Narayan Agarwal. 3 M.P. Sharma & B.L. Sadana (2014). Public Administration in Theory and Practice. New Delhi: Kitab Mahal Publication. 4 Goel &Rajnees (2008). Public Personal Administration: Theory and Practice. New Delhi: Deep & Deep Publications. 5 Fadia, B L.(2017) Public Administration. Agra: Sahitya Bhavan Publication 6 Arora, Ramesh K(2010). Public Administration: Fresh perspectives. Jaipur: Aalekh Publication. 7 Bawa, Noorjahan (2004). Public Administration in the 21st Century. Delhi: Kanishka Publishers. 8 Sharma, Prabhudatt (2000) Lok Prashashan.Delhi: Mcgrawhill. 9 Barnard, C (1938). Functions of executive. USA:	in the course
19 POL 408 Western Political Thought	After completion of the course student will be able to: • Understand the	 2. American Public Administration Review. Core Books: 1. Sabine: A History of Political Theory (George Harrap, Henry Holt). 2. Catlin: Political Philosophers (George Allen and Unwin). 	Harvard university Pres. 10 March & Simon (1958). Organizations. USA: Blackwell- Willey. 11 Simon, Herbert (1947). Administrative Behaviour. USA: Macmillan Publications. Suggested E-Resources • E PG Pathshala- https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=30 • Journal of Public Administration Education, http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal Code=jpubadmineduc, National Association of Schools of Public Affairs and Administration (NASPAA) Recommended Books: 1. Sabine (1973). A History of Political Theory. London: Oxford university Press. 2. Catlin, George (2010). The Story of Political Philosophers. USA: Kessinger Publication.	1. No change in course content

		diverse intellectual	3.	Hearnshaw: The Social and Political Ideas of Some Great	3	Hearnshaw, FJC (1967). The Social and Political	2.
		political traditions in	0.	Political Thinkers (George Harrap).	0.	Ideas of Some Great Political	Recommen
		the west.	4.	Barker: Political Thought from 1848 to 1914 (Home		Thinkers.London:George Harrap.	ded Books
		Aware about	··	University).	4.	Barker (1928). Political Thought from 1848 to 1914.	are
		conceptual debate of		;wukuh jktuhfrd fopkj/kkjk% vuqoknd fo".kq nRr feJ		London: Oxford University Press.	updated
		•	٨٨٨١٤	ional Readings:	5.	Bowle, Jown (1948). Western Political Thought.	and E –
		fundamental political		•	0	New York: Oxford University Press.	resources
		ideas in the west.	1.	Jown Bowle : Western Political Thought, (Methuen.	6.	Russell, Bertrand (1948). A History of Western Philosophy. USA: Simon & Schuster.	are added
	•	Critically analyze the		London).	7	Doyle, Phillis (1949). A History of Political Thought.	in the
		political philosophy of	2.	Bertrand Russell : A History of Western Philosophy (Allen	/.	London: Jonathan Cape.	course
		western political		and Unwin).	8.	Laski (1925). Political Thought from Locke to	
		thinkers.	3.	Phillis Doyal : A History of Political Thought (Jonathan		Bentham. Home University.	
				Cape).	9.	Oakshott, Michael (1939). Political and Social	
			4.	Laski : Political Thought from Locke to Bentham (Home		Doctrines of Contemporary Europe. UK:	
				University)	40	Cambridge University Press.	
			5.	Ebenstein : Political Thought Perspective (Mc. Graw Hill).	10.	Zimmern, Alferd (1939). <i>Modern Political Doctrine</i> . London: Oxford University Press.	
			6.	Michael Oakshott : Political and Social Doctrines of	11	Illiot & Macdonald (1949). Western Political	
				Contemporary Europe (Cassell).		Heritage. New York: Prentice Hall.	
			7.	Zimmern : Modern Political Doctrine (Oxford).	12.	Pareek, B. (1982). Contemporary Political	
			8.	Illiot and Macdonald : Western Political Heritage (Prentice		Thinkers. London: Oxford Martin Robertson.	
				Hall)	13.	Lesshoff, M.H. (1999). Political Philosophers of the	
			9.	Edward Mc Nall Lurns : Ideas in Conflict:		twentieth Century. London: Oxford Blackwell.	
			10.	B. Pareek: Contemporary Political Thinkers (Oxford Martin	14.	Forysth, M. & Keens Goper, M. (9 th ed.) (1996).	
				Robertson 1982)		The Political Classics: Green to Dworkin. London:	
			11.	M.H. Lesshoff, Political Philosophers of the twentieth		Oxford. University Press.	
				Century Oxford Blackwell 1999.	15.	Crespigny, A. & Minoque, K. (eds) (1975).	
				V.P Varma : Ancient Indian Political Thought.	l	Contemporary Political Thinkers. London: Methuen.	
			12.	M. Forysth and M. Keens Goper 9 th ed. : The Political	Suggest	ed E-Resources:	
			12.	Classics. Green to Dworkin Oxford. Univ. 1996.	•	E PG Pathshala-	
			13.	A.de Crespigny and K. Minoque (eds.), Contemporary		https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=29	
			10.	Political Thinkers: London, Methuen, 1975.	•	Annual Review of Political Science,	
			Select	red Journals :		http://www.annualreviews.org/journal/polisci,	
			1.	Political Studies.		Annual Reviews Review of Middle East Studies,	
			2.	The Review of Politics.		http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal	
						Code=revimiddeaststud, Middle East Studies	
			3.	Political Science Quarterly (Columbia).		Association of North America (MESA)	
			4.	Journal of History of Ideas.	•	Political Methodology,	
			5.	History and Theory		http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal	
						Code=polimethod, Oxford University Press;Society	
						for Political Methodology	
					•	Political Analysis,	
						http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal Code=polianalysis, Oxford University Press;Society	
						for Political Methodolog	
			l		1	To F officer Welffodolog	<u> </u>

20	SSC 402	After completion of the	References:	Recommended Books:	1. No
	Social Science Perspectives	course, students will be able to: • Understand the basic	Allbrow, Martin, The Global Age: State and Society Beyond Modernity, Cambridge: Polity Press 1996.	1 Allbrow, Martin (1996). The Global Age: State and Society Beyond Modernity. Cambridge: Polity Press.	change in course content
		conceptual frameworks and Approaches of Social sciences disciplines in	Almond, G. A. and Powell, G. B.: Comparative Politics - A Developmental Approach, Boston: Little Brown and Co., 1966.	2 Almond, G. A. & Powell, G. B. (1966). Comparative Politics - A Developmental Approach. Boston: Little Brown and Co.	2. Recommen ded Books
		an integrated manner,Analyze the social phenomena from	Atal, Yogesh, Social Science: The Indian Scene, New Delhi: Abhinav Pub., 2003	3 Atal, Yogesh (2003). Social Science: The Indian Scene. New Delhi: Abhinav Publications.	are updated
		various Perspectives. Critically evaluate emerging themes in	Bunge, Mario, Social Science under Debate: A Philosophical Perspective, Toronto: University of Toronto Press, 1999.	4 Bunge, Mario (1999). Social Science under Debate: A Philosophical Perspective. Toronto: University of Toronto Press.	and E – resources are added in the
		Social Sciences.	Coolingwoord, R.G., The <i>lof History</i> , New York: Oxford University Press. 1946.	5 Coolingwoord, R.G. (1946). The <i>Iof History</i> , New York: Oxford University Press.	course
			Dube, S.C., Social Sciences and Social Realities, Shimla: IIAS, 1976.	6 Dube, S.C. (1976). Social Sciences and Social Realities, Shimla: IIAS.	
			Easton, David, A System Analysis of Political Life, John Wiley and Sons, Inc. 1965.	7 Easton, David (1965). A System Analysis of Political Life. USA: John Wiley and Sons, Inc.	
			Flyvbjerg, Bent, Making Social Science Matter: Why Social Inquiry Fails and How it Can Succeed Again, Cambridge:	8 Flyvbjerg, Bent (2003). Making Social Science Matter: Why Social Inquiry Fails and How it Can Succeed Again. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.	
			Cambridge University Press, 2003,	9 Gupta, Surendra. K. (2004). Emerging Social Science Concerns. Delhi: Concept Pub.	
			Gupta, Surendra. K., Emerging Social Science Concerns ,Concept Pub., 2004	Harrington, Austin (2005). Hermeneutic Dialogue and Social Science: A Critique of Gadamer and Habermas. New York: Routledge.	
			 Harrington, Austin, Hermeneutic Dialogue and Social Science: A Critique of Gadamer and Habermas, London and New York: Routledge, 2005. 	Hutcheon, L (1989). The Politics of Postmodernism. New York: Routledge.	
			Hutcheon, L., The Politics of Postmodernism, London and New York: Routledge, 1989.	12 Joshi, P.C. (1995). Social Science and Development: Quest for Relevance. New Delhi: Har-Anand.	
			Joshi, P.C., Social Science and Development: Quest for Relevance, New Delhi: Har-Anand, 1995.	13 Kuhn, T.S. (2012). Structure of Scientific Revolution. Chicago: University of Chicago Press.	
			Kuhn T.S., Structure of Scientific Revolution, University of Chicago Press, 2012	14 Mckenzie, N (1966). A Guide to Social Sciences. London: Weidenfeld & Nicolson.	
			Mckenzie, N, A Guide to Social Sciences, Weidenfeld & Nicolson (1966)	15 Mehta, V.R. (1966). Foundations of Indian Political Thought. New Delhi: Manohar Publications.	
			Mehta, V.R., Foundations of Indian Political Thought, Manohar Publications, 1996	Sen, Amartya (2009). <i>The Idea of Justice</i> . Delhi: Penguin Publications.	
			Sen, Amartya, The Idea of Justice,	17 Winch, Peter (2008). The Idea of Social Sciences.	

Hemisand University Press, COCC	New York Poutlands
Harvard University Press, 2008.	New York: Routleage.
Harvard University Press, 2008. Winch, Peter, The Idea of Social Sciences, London and New York: Routledge, 2008.	 New York: Routledge. Suggested E Resources: International Social Science Review, http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journalCode=intesociscierevi, Pi Gamma Mu, International Honor Society in Social Sciences Social Science Quarterly, http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journalCode=socisciequar, University of Texas Press;Wiley FrankH.Knight,Ethics, An International Journal of Social, Political and Legal Philosophy, Ethics, Vol.51, No.2, 1941, pp.127-143, in 'Social Science', https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/2989060.pdf?refreqid=search%3A2097f7ebd5635fc5efcccf0e7376bb54 C. P. Bhambhri, 'Globalisation and Social Science', in Economic and Political Weekly, Vol.33, No.1/2, 1998, pp.17-19, https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/4406259.pdf?refreqid=search%3A2097f7ebd5635fc5efcccf0e7376bb54 Edwin R.A Seligman and Alvin Johnson, 'Encyclopaedia Of The Social Sciences', Vol.8, Industrial Revolution- Labour Turnover, Macmillan London, https://archive.org/details/encyclopaediaoft030467mb p/page/n3 Bertens, Hans., The Idea of Post Modern. A History, Karachi University Research Forum, London: Routledge, 1995.

Second Semester

S.N.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
21	POL 401 Comparative Politics	After completion of the course, students will be able to: • Understand the basic concepts and Approaches of Comparative Politics, • Critically evaluate the problems and relevance of Comparative Politics • Analyze contemporary issues and challenges	Core Books: 1. Carl J. Friedrich: Constitutional Government and Democracy (blaisell Publishing co., New York). 2. Cory and Abraham: Elements of Democratic Government (Oxford University press, New York). 3. Finer: Theory and Practice of Modern Government. 4. Pennock and smith Political Science-An Introduction (Macmillan Co., New York) 5. Samuel H. Beer and Adam B. Ulam: Patterns of Government: The major political Systems of Europe. 6. Verney: The Analysis of Political System (Free Press).	Recommended Books: 1 Friedrich, Carl J (1965). Constitutional Government and Democracy. New York: Blaisedell Publishing co. 2 Cory & Abraham (1956). Elements of Democratic Government.New York: Oxford University press. 3 Finer (1932). Theory and Practice of Modern Government. New York: The Dial Press. 4 Pennock & smith (1965). Political Science-An Introduction. New York: Macmillan Co. 5 Samuel, H. Beer & Adam B. Ulam (1963). Patterns of Government: The major political Systems of Europe.	1. No change in course content 2. Recommen ded Books are updated and E – resources are added

	1 - 1 - B) 11 x 17 1 2 2 2 2 2	1104 D. 1. 11	
before the state and constitutionalism from	7. Jean Blondel: An Introduction to comparative government, London, Weidenfield and Nicolson 1970.	USA: Random House.	in the
the Comparative	8. S.F. Finer: Comparative Government, Penguin 1970.	6 Verney (1959). The Analysis of Political System. New York: Free Press.	course
perspective.	Additional Readings :	7 Blondel, Jean (1970). An Introduction to comparative	
	R.H. Chilcote : Theories of Comparative Politics. The	government.London: Weidenfield and Nicolson Publication.	
	Search for a Paradigm Reconsidered, Boulder Colorado, Westview Press 1994.	8 Finer, S.F. (1970). Comparative Government. UK:	
	2. G.A. Almond : Comparative Politics today: A World view	Penguin Books.	
	7 th edn. New York London, Harper/Collins 2000.	9 Chilcote, R.H. (1994). Theories of Comparative	
	R. Hague and, M. Harrap : Comparative Government and	Politics.The Search for a Paradigm Reconsidered. USA: Westview Press.	
	Politics: An introduction 5 th ed. Palgrave 2001.		
	4. T. Skocpol, States : A comparative Analysis of France,	10 Almond, G.A(7 th ed.) (2000). <i>Comparative Politics Today: A World view</i> . New York: Harper/Collins.	
	Russia and Social Relations China. Cambridge Univ. Press.	11 Hague, R. & Harrap,M. (5 th ed) (2001). <i>Comparative</i>	
	5. A Stepham, Arguing: Comparative Politics, Oxford Univ	Government and Politics: An introduction. UK:	
	Press 2001	Palgrave.	
	6. H.J. Wiarda (ed): New Developments in Comparative Politics. Boulder Lolorado, Westview Press. 1986.	12 Stepham, A (2001). Arguing: Comparative Politics.London: Oxford University Press.	
	7. Dunleavy, Patrick and O' Leavy Theories of State: The Politics of Liberal democracy Macmillan 1987	13 Wiarda, H.J. (ed.) (1986). New Developments in Comparative Politics. Boulder Lolorado: Westview	
	8. Allbrow, Martin, The Global Age : State and Society Beyond Modenity Cambridge Polity Press 1996.	Press 14 Dunleavy, Patrick & O' Leavy (1987). Theories of State: The Politics of Liberal democracy. UK:	
	9. Carnoy, Martin: The State and Political Theory, Prenceton Univ. Press 1984.	Macmillan.	
	10. Dunn John (ed): Contemporary crisis of the Nation State. Cambridge, Blackwell 1995.	15 Allbrow, Martin (1996). The Global Age: State and Society Beyond Modernity. UK: Cambridge Polity Press.	
	11. Mc Grew, A.G. et al, (ed): Global Politics Globarization and the nation state Cambridge Polity Press 1992.	16 Carnoy, Martin (1984). The State and Political Theory. New Jeresy: Prenceton Univ. Press.	
	12. Midgal Joel S, Atul Kohali and Vivienne Shue (ed): State Power and social forces: Domination and Transformation in	Dunn, John (ed.) (1995). Contemporary crisis of the Nation State. UK: Cambridge Blackwell.	
	Third World Cambridge Univ. Press 1994.	18 Mc Grew, A.G. et al, (ed.) (1992). Global Politics Globarization and the nation state. UK: Cambridge	
	13. Oommen T.K. : State and Society in India : Studies in Nation Building New Delhi Sage 1990	Polity Press.	
		Midgal, Joel S, Kohali, Atul & Vivienne, Shue (ed.) (1994). State Power and Social Forces: Domination and Transformation in Third World. UK: Cambridge	
		Univ. Press.	
		20 Oommen, T K (1990). State and Society in India: Studies in Nation Building. New Delhi: Sage Publications.	
		Suggested E-Resources	
		E PG Pathshala-	

22	POL 403 Contemporary Political Thought	After completion of the course student will be able to: • Know and be able to discuss the central themes, concepts and ideas in the development of the central tradition of Western Political thought. • Understand and assess the structure and significance of particular texts produced within this tradition and be able to illustrate problems involved in their interpretation; • Be able to address a number of key questions in political theory with reference to texts and arguments introduced	Recommended Books: 1. Skoble, J. Aeon & Machan, Tibor: Political Philosophy: Essential Selections, Pearson Education 2. Laneaster: Master of Political Thought, Volume III 3. Barker: Political Thought from 1848 to 1914 (Home University) 4. Feser, Edward: On Nozick 5. Roberts, Peri & Sutch, Peter: An Introduction to Political Thought 6. Om Prakash Gauba: "Rajneeti-Vicharak Vishvakosh", National Publication	 https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=29 Annual Review of Political Science, http://www.annualreviews.org/journal/polisci, Annual Reviews Review of Middle East Studies, http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal Code=revimiddeaststud, Middle East Studies Association of North America (MESA) Political Methodology, http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal Code=polimethod, Oxford University Press;Society for Political Methodology Political Analysis, http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal Code=polianalysis, Oxford University Press;Society for Political Methodology Recommended Books: Kelly, Paul (2005). Liberalism.New York: Polity Press. Heywod, Andrew (2017). Political Ideology: An Introduction. London: Macmillan education. Jackson, Ben & Stears, Mara (2012). Liberalism as Ideology. London: Oxford University Press. Hoffman, John & Graham, Paul (2012). Introduction to Political Ideology. London: Pearson Education. John, Gray (1989). Liberalism. USA: Routledge. David, Harvey (2007). A Brief History of Neo-Liberalism. London: Oxford University Press. Skoble, J. Aeon & Machan (1998). Tibor: Political Philosophy: Essential Selections. London: Pearson Education Roberts, Peri & Sutch, Peter (2012). An Introduction to Political Thought. Edinburgh: Edinburgh University Press. Sabine, G.H. (1971). A History of Political Theory. Calcutta: Oxford & I.B.H. David, Boucher & Kelly, Paul (2003). Political Thinkers. Oxford: Oxford University Press. Sabine, G.H. (1971). A History of Political Thinkers. Oxford: Oxford University Press. Sabine, G.H. (1971). A History of Political Thinkers. Oxford: Oxford University Press. Sabine, G.H. (1971). A History of Political Thinkers. Oxford: Oxford University Press. Sharma, Urmila & Sharma, S.K (1998). Western Political Thought. From Bentham to the Present Day. 	1. No change in course content 2. Recommen ded Books are updated and E – resources are added in the course
				Political Thought From Bentham to the Present Day.	

				 Philosophy, An Introduction. London: Oxford Press. Kukahas, Chandran & Petti, Philip (2007). Rawls: A Theory of Justice and Its Critics.USA: Polity Press. Rawls, John (1971). A Theory of Justice.USA: Harward University Press. Nozick, Robert (1974). Anarchy, State and Utopia. USA: Basic Books. Suggested E-Resources E PG Pathshala-	
23	POL 405 International Politics : Issues and Challenges	After completion of the course student will be able to: • Understand about various dimensions and emerging issues of international politics in post cold war era. • Aware about the role of U.N and NAM. • Analyze the global institution, issues and challenges.	Core Books: 1. H.J. Morganthan : Politics Among Nations 6 th ed. Revised by K.W. Thompson New York Alfred Knopf 1985. 2. Burchill Et.al. : Theories of International Relations Macmillan 2001. 3. M.P. Sullivan : Theories of International Politics : Enduring Paradigm in a changing World. Hampshire Macmillan 2001. 4. C.W. Kegley and : World Politics : Trends and Transformation, New E.R. Wittkopf York Martin Press 1995. 5. A.M. Hoogvelt : Globalization and the post colonial world : The New Political Economy of Development (Macmillan 1997) 6. Cox, Robert and : Approaches to world order, (Cambridge University T.J. Sinclain Press 1996) 7. Jayant Bandhopadhya and	 Recommended Book: Calude Jr, I.L. (1967). Power and International Relations. UK: Random House. H Herz, John. 91960). International Politics in the Atomic Age. New York: Columbia University Press. Schleicher, C.P. (1962). International Relations: Cooperation and Conflicts. New Jeresy: Princetion Press. Bhaneja, B. (1973). The Politics of Triangles: The Alignment Patterns in South Asia, 1961-71. Delhi: Research Publications. Garg, J.P. (1972). Regionalism in International Politics. Delhi: Research Publication. Morganthau, H.J. (1985). Politics Among Nations.New York: Alfred Knopf. Burchill Et.all (2001). Theories of International and Relations. UK: Macmillan. Sullivan, M.P. (2001). Theories of International Politics: Enduring Paradigm in a Changing World. Hampshire: Macmillan. 	1. No change in course content 2. Recommen ded Books are updated and E – resources are added in the course

					1
			Amitav Mukherjee : International Relations Theory : From	9 Kegley, C.W. & Wittkopf, E.R. (1995). World Politics: Trends and Transformation. New York: Martin Press.	
			Anarchy to World Government Howrah Manuscript 2001	10 Hoogvelt, A.M. (1997). Globanizaion and the post colonial world: The New Political Economy of	
			8. Robert Jackson Georg Sorensen: Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches (Second Ed Oxford	Development. UK: Basingstaka Macmillan.	
			Univ Press 2003.	11 Cox, Robert & T.J. Sinclain (1966). Approaches to World Order. UK: Cambridge Univ. Press.	
			P Aghen and J. Williamson: Growth Inequality and Globanization Cambridge Univ Press 1998.	12 Bandhopadhya, Jayanta & Mukherjee, Amitava (2001). International Relations Theory: From anarchy	
			10. D Hettne: Globalism and the New Regionlism Macmillan 1999	to World Government. Howrath Manuscript.	
			11. A. Gamble and A Payne (eds): Regionalism Macmillan 1996	Suggested E-Resources	
			 F Fratochwil and E Mansfied (ed), International organization: A Reader New York Harper Collins 1994. 	 E PG Pathshala- https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=29 	
			13. M. Waters: Globanization 2 nd ed.: Routledge 2000.	 World Affairs- 	
			Selected Journals :	http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal Code=worldaffairs	
			1. Current History	 Review of International Studies 	
			2. Foreign Affairs	http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal	
			World Politics South Asian Survey	Code=revinterstud	
			5. International Affairs	 International Studies Perspectives- http://isp.oxfordjournals.org/ 	
			6. International Studies	International Studies Quarterly -	
			7. World Today	http://isq.oxfordjournals.org/	
			8. Current History		
24	POL 407	After completion of the	Section I	Section I	1
	Public Administration in India	course, students will be able to: Know about evolution and development of	Evaluation of Indian Administration with special reference to the influence of British Rule. Salient Features of Indian Administration since independence.	Evaluation of Indian Administration with special reference to the influence of British Rule. Salient Features of Indian Administration since	Recommen ded Books are
		Indian Administration.	Organization and functions of Central Secretariat, Cabinet	independence.	updated and E –
		Analyze the working Indian Administration.	Secretariat, Prime Minister's office (PMO), Ministry of Home and Finance.	Organization and functions of Central Secretariat, Ministry of Home and Finance.	resources are added
		 Aware about the 			in the
		administrative problems and reforms	Section - II	Section - II	course
		in India.	Financial Administration : Budget Formulation, Budget approval and Budget execution.	Financial Administration: Budget Formulation, Budget approval and Budget execution.	2 Some of the
			Financial Control over Administration : Comptroller and Auditor General, Public Accounts Committee and Estimate	Control over Administration: Legislative, Executive and Judicial.	contentsar e deleted
			Committee. Major forms of Public Enterprises: Department, Corporation	Comptroller and Auditor General, Public Accounts Committee and Estimate Committee.	from section I
			and Compnies.		and II to accomodet
				Section – III	new topics,
			Section – III		which are
	I.	l	ı	ı	1

25	SSC 401	After completion of the	Control Over Administration: Legislative, Executive and Judicial. Administrative Ethics and Problem of corruption. Administrative Reforms in India with special reference to first & second A.R.C. Core Books: 1. Ramesh Arora & Rajni Goyal: Public Administration 2. S.R. Maheshwari: Indian Administration in India 4. Ashok Chanda: Indian Administration in India 5. Parmatma Sharn: Public Administration in India 6. Avasthi & Avasthi: Public Administration in India 7. M.V. Pyles: Constitutional Goverenment in India 8. R.B. Jain: Contemporary Issues in Indian Administration 9. S.S. Khera: District Administration in India. 10. R.M. Khandelwal: State Level 11. रवीन्द्रशर्मा, राज्यप्रशासन 12.अशोकशर्मा, स्थानीयस्वशासन 13. B.S. Khanna: Panchayati Raj. in India National Perspective Perspective on State Studies, New Delhi, Deep & Deep, 1994.	Administrative Ethics and Problems of Corruption. Institutional mechanisms for good governance: Right to Information, Citizen Charter, Lokpal Administrative Reforms in India with special reference to first & second A.R.C. Recommended Books: 1	more relavent for the students.
	Research Techniques in Social Sciences	course student will be able to: Develop aptitude for social science research. Identify various	 Sellitz, G., Jahoda M., Cook Stuart W. Holt Runehar & Winston, Research Methods in Social Relations, New York, 2003. Goode W.J. and P.K. Hatt, Methods of Social Research, 	 Sellitz, et al. (2003). Research Methods in Social Relations. New York. Goode, W. J. & Hatt, P. K. (1987). Methods of Social Research. New York: Free Press. Babbie, E. R. (2005). Survey Research Methods. Belmont California: Wadsworth Publishing Company. 	change in course content 2. Recommen

sources of primary and secondary data. Formulate hypothesis. Identify and apply various quantitative and qualitative methods of research. Summarize, analyze and interpret qualitative and quantitative data in social science research. Write a coherent report and research paper.	 New York, Free Press, 1987. Babbie, E.R., Survey Research Methods, Wadsworth Publishing Company, Belmont California, 2005. Shah, Vimal P., Reporting Research, Rachana Prakashan, Ahemedabad, 2001. Sijoberg Gideon and Nett Roger, A Methodology for Social Research, Rawat Publication, Jaipur 2002. Kothari, C.R., Research Methodology- Methods and Techniques, Wiley and Eastern Limited New Delhi, 2008. Rosenburg Kenneth, Statistics for Behavioural Sciences, W. C. Brown Publishers, 1990. Black Thomas, Understanding Social Sciences Research, Sage Publication, New Delhi, 2001 Mariampolski H., Quantitative Market Research- A comprehensive Guide Sage Publication, New Delhi, 2001 	4 Shah, V. P. (2001). Reporting Research. Ahemedabad: Rachana Prakashan. 5 Sijoberg, G. & Nett, R. (2002). A Methodology for Social Research. Jaipur: Rawat Publication. 6 Kothari, C. R. (2008). Research Methodology-Methods and Technique. New Delhi: Wiley and Eastern Limited. 7 Rosenburg, K. (1990). Statistics for Behavioural Sciences. W. C. Brown Publishers. 8 Black, T. (2001). Understanding Social Sciences Research. New Delhi: Sage Publication. 9 Mariampolski, H. (2001). Quantitative Market Research-A comprehensive Guide. New Delhi: Sage Publication. Suggested E-resources: • Social Research Methods: Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches. Retrieved from http://letrunghieutvu.yolasite.com/resources/w-lawrence-neuman-social-research-methodsqualitative-and-quantitative-approaches-pearson-education-limited-2013.pdf • Fundamental of Research Methodology and Statistics. Retrieved from http://cache3.pdfdrive.com/dl.php?id=10442087 &h=e90bd7771c3cf9674c6672e678aea224&u=cach e • Research Methodology a step-by-step guide for beginners. Retrieved from http://www.sociology.kpi.ua/wp-content/uploads/2014/06/Ranjit_Kumar-Research_Methodology_A_Step-by-Step_G.pdf
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Third Semester

S.N	. Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
26	CS 513 Computer Applications	After completion of the course student will be able to: Describe the usage and importance of computer and its peripheral devices. Learn the basic	Text Books: T1. Sinha P. K., Computer Fundamentals: Concepts, Systems and Application, BPB Publications Reference Book: R1. Anita Goel, Computer Fundamental, Pearson. R2. Govil, Mahesh Chand, Computer Fundamental and Programming in C, Jaipur Publication House.	Recommended Books: Sinha, P. K. (2004). Computer Fundamentals: Concept, Systems and Applications. BPB Publications. Goel, A. Computer Fundamentals. Pearson Education	1. No change in course content 2. Recommen

	concepts Internet services. Describe various types of networks and OSI/ISO standards. Prepare documents; make PowerPoint presentations and working with spreadsheets. Use SPSS for data evaluation.	R3. Behrouz A Forouzan, Data Communication and Networking	 Jaiswal, S., (1996) P.C.Software Bible. Galgotia, New Delhi. Garg, P., Gupta, S. (2013). Computer Fundamentals & Defice Automation. Shubham Publications. Govil, M.C. Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C. Jaipur Publication House. Forouzan, A. B. Data Communications & Detail & D	ded Books are updated and E – resources are added in the course
	puter			No change
28 POL 5	ications Lab 502 After completion of the	Core Books :	Recommended Books:	1. No
India	course, students will be able to: Understand about the constitutional institutions of Indian Political System. Comprehend the dynamics of Indian Political System. Analyze the working of Indian Political System. System.	 C.H. Alexandrowiz : Constitutional Development in India. Granville Austin : The Indian Constitution : Cornerstone of a Nation (Clarendon Press, Oxford, 1966). A.B. Keith : Constitutional History of India (1900-1935). N.D. Palmer : The Indian Political System. M.V. Pylee : Constitutional Government in India. W.H. Maorris Jones : Government and Politics of India. सुभाष कश्यप : भारत का संवैधानिक विकास और स्वाधीनता संघर्ष रजनी कोठारी : भारतीय राजनीति । Reddy and Sheshadri : Politics and Society. MkW- ,e-ih- jk; % Hkkjrh; Ijdkj ,oa jktuhfr % dkWyst cqd fMiks f=iksfy;k] t;iqjA Singhvi L.M. : Indian Parties & Politics (in Hidni & English) Additional Readings : Sir Ivor Jeanings : Some Characteristics of the Indian 	 Alexandrowiz, C.H (1957). Constitutional Development in India. Indan branch: Oxford University Press. Austin, Granville(1966). The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation., Oxford: Clarendon Press. Jones, W.H. Maorris(1971). Government and Politics of India. Paris: Hutchinson. Keith, A.B.(2010). Constitutional History of India (1600-1935). New Delhi: Pacific Publication. Palmer, N.D.(1971). The Indian Political System. Massachusetts: Houghton Mifflin. Pylee, M.V.(1965). Constitutional Government in India. Mumbai: Asia Publishing House. Kashyap, Subhas (2004). Bharat Ka Samvaidhanik Vikash Aur Rajniti. New Delhi: Jagriti Josh. (hindi) Kothari, Rajani (2010). Bharat Mein Rajniti- Kal aur Aaj. New Delhi: Vsani Prakashan. (Hindi) Singhvi, L.M.(1971). Indian Parties & Politics (in Hidni) 	change in course content 2 Recommen ded Books are updated and E – resources are added in the course

		Constitution.		&English). Delhi:the Institute of Constitutional and
	2.	W.H. Morries - Jones : Parliament in India. 1957.	10	Parliamentary Studies Research.
	3.	Rechard L. Park and Irene Tinker (ed): Leadershi and Political Institutions in India.	10	Jeanings, Sir Ivor (1953). Some Characteristics of the Indian Constitution.Indian branch: Oxford University Press.
	4.	Myron Weiner: Party Politics in India - The development of Multi Party System.	11	
	5.	Myron Weiner : Politics of Scarcity : Public Pressure and Political Response in India.	12	Park, Rechard L & Tinker Irene (ed) (1959) Leadership and Political Institutions in India. New Jersey: Princeton
	6.	Bayley D.H.: Police and Political Development in India.		University Press.
	7.	S.L. Shakdhar : Parliamentary Practices in India.	13	Weiner, Myron(1957). Party Politics in India - The
	8.	Justice Hegde : Bhartiya Samvidhan Men Rajya ke Neeti Nirdeshak Tatva.		development of Multi Party System. New Jersey: Princeton University Press.
	9.	L.K. Singhvi (ed) : fons'kksa esa fuokZpu] Hkkjr esa fuokZpu	14	
	10.	Bhawani Singh : The Council of States in India, Meenakshi Prakashan, Meerut.	_	Pressure and Political Response in India. Chicago: University of Chicago Press.
	11.	Sharma, P.D., Pant, H.G. (ed.), Constitutional System in India, New Delhi, 1983.	15	Bayley, D.H.(1969). <i>Police and Political Developmentin India</i> . New Jersy: Princeton University Press.
	12.	Singhvi L.M. Indian Political Parties (in Hindi & English)	16	Shakdhar, S.L (1979). <i>Parliamentary Practices in India</i> . New Delhi: Metropolitan.
	13.	fla?koh] ,y-,e- % Hkkjr dk lafo/kku % pqukSfr;ka vkSj mRrjA	17	Justice, Hegde (1977). Bhartiya Samvidhan Men Rajya
	14.	P.R. Brass, Politics of India since Independence 2ed. Cambridge.	,,	ke Neeti Nirdeshak Tatva. New Delhi:United Book house.
	15.	P. Chatterjee (ed) State and Politics in India Delhi Oxford Press 1997.	18	Singh, Bhawani (1973). <i>The Council of States in India</i> , Meerut: Meenakshi Prakashan.
	16.	P. Chatterjee and B. Chakraborty - Social Movements in Contemporary India (Calcutta, K.P. Bagchi and Co. 1999.)	19	Sharma, P.D.,& Pant, H.G. (ed.) (1983). Constitutional System in India. New Delhi.
	17.	M.V. Pylee, A Introduction to the Constitution of India New Delhi Vikas 1998.	20	Singhvi ,L.M. (1971). <i>Indian Political Parties</i> (in Hindi & English), Delhi: The Institute of Constitution and
	18.	G. Austin: Working of a Democratic Constitution: The Indian Experience Delhi Oxford Univ. Press, 2000.	21	Parliamentary Studies. Brass, P.R. (2ed)(1990). <i>Politics of India since</i>
	19.	M. Weiner, The Indian Paradox : Essays in Indian Politics Sage, 1999.		Independence. Cambridge: Cambridge university Press.
	20.	S. Kaviraj, Politics in India, Delhi Univ., Press 1998.	22	Chatterjee ,P. (1997). <i>State and Politics in India</i> (ed). Delhi: Oxford University Press.
	Selec	ted Journals:	23	Chatterjee, P. Chakraborty, B. (1999). Social
	1.	Pacific Affairs.	23	Movements in Contemporary India. Calcutta:K.P.
	2.	Asian Survey.		Bagchi and Co.
	3.	Journal of Asian Studies	24	Pylee, M.V.(1998). Introduction to the Constitution of
	4.	Journal of Asian Studies. Indian Journal of Political Science.	05	India. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing.
	5. 6.	Political Science Review.		Austin, G.(2000). Working of a Democratic Constitution: The Indian Experience Delhi: Oxford Univ. Press.
			26	Weiner, M. (1999) The Indian Paradox: Essays in

				Indian Politics. London: Sage Publications.	
				 Kaviraj, S. (1998), <i>Politics in India</i>. New Delhi: Delhi University Press. 	
				Suggested E-Resources	
				E PG Pathshala-	
				https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=29	
				The Indian Journal of Political Science- http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal Code=indijpoliscie	
29	POL 504	After completion of the	Recommended Books:	Recommended Books:	1. No
	Modern Indian Political Thought	course, students will be able to:	Appadorai : Indian Political Thinking : From Naroji to Nehru.	1. Appadorai, A.(2005). Indian Political Thinking in the	change in
	Political Inought	Demonstrate and	2. K.P. Karunakaran : Continuity & Change in Indian Politics.	Twentieth Century: An Introductory Survey.New Delhi:South Asian Publication.	course content
		familiarity with main ideas of the key	V.P. Varma : Modern Indian Political Thought (Hindi, English ed.)	Karunakaran, K.P(1964). Continuity & Change in Indian Politics. Delhi: young India.	2.
		Modern India Political Thinkers .	4. ihŒ ,yŒ ukxj Adhunik Bhartiya Samajik Evam Rajnitik Chintan.	 Chakarabarty, Bidyut, & Pandey, Rajendra (2009). Modern Indian Political Thought. Delhi: Sage. 	Recommen ded Books
		Analyze and compare	5. O.P. Goyal: Studies in Modern Indian Political thought.	 Goyal, O.P. (1964). Studies in Modern Indian Political thought: Gandhi an interpretation. Delhi: Kitab Mahal. 	are updated
		the ideas and	6. Sankara Gosh: The Renaissance to Militant patriotism.	5. Gosh, Sankara (1965). <i>The Renaissance to Militant</i>	and E –
		theories of Modern	7. A.R. Desai : Social Background of Indian Nationalism.	patriotism. Delhi:,Allied Publishers.	resources
		 India Political Thinkers Aware about the 	8. V.R. Mehta: Ideology, Modernization and Politicas in India.	 Desai, A.R (2010). Social Background of Indian Nationalism. Mumbai: Popular Prakashan. 	are added in the
		relevance of Modern	9. V.R. Mehta: Foundation of Indian Political thought.	7. Mehta, V.R. (1988). Ideology, Modernization and	course
		Indian political thought	10. K.D. Damodaran : Indian Thought	Politicas in India. New Delhi:Manohar publishers. 8. Mehta, V.R. (1996). Foundation of Indian Political	
		in present era.	11. Bhabhani Sen Gupta: Communism in Indian Politics.	thought.New Delhi:Manohar publishers.	
			12. K.P. Karunakaran : Continuity and Change in Indian Politics.	9. Damodaran, K.D. (1976). <i>Indian Thought</i> , Delhi: Asia	
			13. C.F. Andrews and G. Mukherjee, Rise and Growth of the	Publication. 10. Gupta, Bhabhani Sen(1972). Communism in Indian	
			Congress in India (Meenakshi, Meerut).	Politics. New York: Columbia University Press.	
				11. Karunakaran, K.P.(1966). Continuity and Change in Indian Politics. New Delhi: People's Publication	
				House	
				12. Andrews, C.F.& Mukherjee, G. (1938). Rise and	
				Growth of the Congress in India. Australia:G. Allen & Unwin Limited	
				Suggested E-Resources-	
				 https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=29 	
				Social Justice	
				http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journalC	
				ode=socijustSection of Individual Rights and Responsibilities	
				Newsletter	
				http://www.jstor.org/journal/secindrigresnew	

30	POL 506	After completion of the	Recommended Books:	Recommended Books:	1. No
	Public International Law	course, students will be able to: Understand the basic doctrines and concepts of public international law. Critically discuss the limits and potentials of international law. Analyze contemporary issues from the perspective of international law.	1. Oppenheim: International law 2. Malcolm N. Shaw, International law (Fourth edition), 3. Fenwick: International Law 4. Starke: International Law. 5. Kelson: Principles of International Law. 6. Gould: An Introduction to International Law. 7. Friendman: The changing structure of International Law. 8. Richard A Falk: The status of law in the Development to International Law. 9. Nagendra Singh: Recent trends in the Development to International Law. 10. Vasscher: Theory and Reality in International Law. 11. Arun Chaturvedi: Contemporary displomacy in contemporary International relations 12. Pitt Cobbert: Cases on International Law. 13. Green: International law through cases. 14. J. Stone: Legal control of International conflicts. 15. Jenks: The common law of mankind 16. Brierly: International law. Select Journals: 1. Indian Journal of International Law. 2. American Journal of International Law. 3. U.N. Cronical. 4. International Studies. 5. World Today.	 Oppenheim, L.F.L. (2008). International law. London: Oxford University press. Malcolm, N. Shaw (4ed) (2017). International law. UK: Cambridge University Press. Fenwick, C.G. (1924). International Law. USA: Century Company. Starke, J.G. (1994). International Law. UK: Buttterworths. Kelson, Hans (2003). Principles of International Law. New Jersey: The Lawbook Exchange limited. Gould, W. (1982). An Introduction to International Law. New York: Harpers Brothers. Friendman, Wolf (1966). The changing structure of International Law. London: Columbia University Press. Nagendra, Singh (1969) Recent trends in the Development to International Law and Organizations Interstate Co-operation and World Peace. Delhi: S Chand. Vasscher (2015) Theory and Reality in International Law. New Jersey: Princeton University Press. Cobbert, Pitt (6ed (1947) Cases on International Law), London: W. L.W Walker. Green (1951). International law through cases. United kingdom: Stevens and Sons. Stone (1959). Legal control of International conflicts. United Kingdom: Rinchart. Jenks (1973). The common law of mankind. United kingdom: Stevens. Brierly (1944). The Outlook for International law. Oxford: Clarendon Press. Suggested E-Resources E PG Pathshalahttps://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=29 World Politics https://muse.jhu.edu/journals/world_politics 	change in course content 2. Recommen ded Books are updated and E – resources are added in the course

Fourth Semester

S.N.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
31	POL 503 Indian Polity- II	course, students will be	C.H. Alexandrowiz. Constitutional Development in India.	Recommended readings: 1. Alexandrowiz, C.H (1957). Constitutional	1. No change in
	,	able to:	2. Granville Austin: The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a	Development in India. Indian Branch: Oxford	course

	•	Understand the basic structure of federal system. Know about electoral process in India. Critically analyze the Issues and challenges of Indian Democracy.

- Nation (Clarendon Press, Oxford 1966).
- 3. A.B. Keith: Constitutional History of India (1900-1935).
 - N.D. Palmer: The Indian Political System.
- M.V. Pylee: Constitutional Government in India.
- W.H. Maorris Jones: Government and Politics of India.
- सभाष कश्यपः भारत का संवैधानिक विकास और स्वाधीनता संघर्ष 7.
- 8Δ रजनी कोठारीः भारतीय राजनीति

- Reddy and Sheshadri: Politics and Society.
- 10. डॉ. एम.पी. राय: भारतीय सरकार एवं राजनीति: कॉलेज बक डिपो. त्रिपोलिया, जयपर-2
- 11. Singhvi L.M.: Indian Parties & Politics (in Hindi & English) Additional Readings:
- K. Santhanam: Union State Relations in India.
- Myron Weiner: Party Politics in India The development of Multi Party System.
- Myron Weiner: Politics of Scarcity: Public Pressure and Political Response in India.
- Reddy and Sharma: Regionalism in India.
- L.M. Singhyi (ed): fons'kksa esa fuokZpul Hkkir esa fuokZpu
- Singhvi L.M. Indian Political Parties (in Hindi & English)
- fla?koh] ,y-,e-] Hkkjr dk lafo/kku% pqukSfr;ka vkSj mRrjA
- P.R. Brass, Politics of India Since Independence e ed. Cambridge.
- P. Chattergee (ed) State and Politics in India Delhi Oxford Press 1997.
- 10. P. Chatterji and B. Chakraborty. Social Movements in Contemporary India.
- 11. M.V Pylee, A Introduction to the Constitution of India New Delhi. Vikas 1998.
- 12. G. Austin: Working of a Democratic constitution: The Indian Experience Delhi Oxford Univ. Press, 2000.
- 13. M. Weiner, The Indian Paradox: Essays in Indian Politics Sage 1999.
- 14. S. Kaviraj. Politics in India, Delhi Univ. Press 1998.
- 15. B. Arora and D.V. Verney (eds.) Multiple Identitics in a Single State: Indian Fedralism in a comparative perspectie, Delhi Konark. 1995.
- 16. A Basu, Two Faces of protest: Contrasting Modes of Women's Activism Berkelely, University of California Press,
- 17. U. Baxi and B. Parekh (ed.) Crisis and change in contemporary India, New Delhi, Sgae 1994.
- 18. L. Calman, Toward Empowerment: Women and Movement Politics in India. Boulder Colorado. Westview Press 1992.
- 19. N. Chandhoke, Beyond Secularism: The Rights of Religious Minorities. Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1999.
- N.G. Jayal (ed.). Democracy in India, Delhi, Oxford University Press. 2001.
- B. Jajan (ed.). The Indian Economy: Problems and

UniversityPress.

- Austin, Granville (1966). The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation, Oxford: Clarendon Press.
- Keith, A.B(2015). Constitutional History of India (1600-1935) London: Scholar Choice.
- Palmer, N.D. (1971). The Indian Political System. USA: Houghton Mifflin.
- Pylee, M.V. (1965). Constitutional Government in India.New York: London Press.
- Jones, W.H. Maorris (1990). Government and Politics of India. India: Universal Book Stall.
- Singhvi, L.M. (1972). Indian Parties & Politics. New Delhi: The institute of Contitution and Parliamentary Studies Research.
- Santhanam, K.(1961). Union State Relations in India, New Delhi: London.
- Weiner, Myron (2015), Party Politics in India The development of Multi-Party System. New Jersey: Princeton University Press.
- 10. Myron, Weiner(1968). Politics of Scarcity: Public Pressure and Political Response in India USA. University of Chicago press.
- Reddy and Sharma (1979) Regionalism in India. New Delhi, Concept Publishing Company.
- 12. L.M. Singhvi (ed): fons'kksa esa fuokZpul Hkkir esa fuokZpu
- 13. Singhvi L.M. Indian Political Parties (in Hindi &
- 14. fla?koh],y-,e-] Hkkjr dk lafo/kku% pgukSfr;ka vkSj mRrjA
- 15. Brass P.R. (1997) Politics of India Since Independence e ed. Cambridge, Cambridge university Press..
- 16. Chattergee P. (1997) State and Politics in India(ed) Delhi, Oxford Press.
- Chatterji P. and Chakraborty B. (199) Social Movements in Contemporary India. Calcutta: K.P. Bagchi and Co..
- 18. Pylee, M.V. (1998). A Introduction to the Constitution of India New Delhi, Vikas,
- 19. Austin, G. (2000). Working of a Democratic constitution: The Indian Experience. Delhi: Oxford Univ. Press..
- 20. Weiner, M. (1999). The Indian Paradox: Essays in Indian Politics London:Sage.
- 21. Kaviraj, S. (1998). Politics in India. Delhi:Univ.
- Arora, B. & Verney, D.V. (Ed) (1995). Multiple Identitics in a Single State: Indian Fedralism in a comparative perspective. Delhi: Konark.

content

2. Recommen ded Books are updated and E resources are added in the course

			prospects, New Delhi Vikiny, 1992. 22. A. Kaushik, Democratic Concerns: The Indian Experience, Jaipur Alekh, 1994. 23. A. Kohli (ed.). The success of India's Meerut, Meenakshi Prakashan, 1967. 24. J. Narain (ed.). State Politics in India, Meerut, Meenakshi Prakashan, 1967. 25. J.K. Ray, India in Search of Good Governance, Calcutta, K.P. Bagchi, 2001. 26. G. Rosen. Democracy and Economic change in India, Berkeley. University of California Press, 1966. 27. R. Thakur. The Government and Politics of Indian. London, Macmillan, 1995. Selected Journals: 1. Pacific Affairs. 2. Asian Survey. 3. Journal of Commonwealth Political Studies. 4. Journal of Asian Studies. 5. Indian Journal of Political science. 6. Political Science Review.	 Basu, A.(1992). Two Faces of Protest: Contrasting Modes of Women's Activism. Berkelely: University of California Press. Baxi, U. & Parekh, B. (Ed.) (1994). Crisis and change in contemporary India. NewDelhi: Sage. Calman(1992). Toward Empowerment: Women and Movement Politics in India. Boulder Colorado: Westview Press. Chandhoke, N. (1999). Beyond Secularism: The Rights of Religious Minorities. Delhi: Oxford University Press,. Jayal, N.G(Ed)(2001). Democracy in India. Delhi: Oxford University Press,. Jajan, B. (Ed) (1992.). The Indian Economy: Problems and prospects. New Delhi: Vikiny. Kaushik, A. (1994). Democratic Concerns: The Indian Experience. Jaipur: Alekh. Kohli, A. (Ed.) (2001). The success of India's Democracy. UK: Cambridge University Press. Narain, J. (Ed.) (1967). State Politics in India. Meerut: Meenakshi Prakashan,. Ray, J.K. (2001). India in Search of Good Governance. Calcutta: K.P. Bagchi,. Rosen, G (1966). Democracy and Economic change in India. Berkeley: University of California Press. Thakur, R. (1995). The Government and Politics of Indian. London: Macmillan. Suggested E-Resources E PG Pathshalahttps://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=29 Annual Review of Political Science, 	
32	POL	After completion of the	Section I	http://www.annualreviews.org/journal/polisci, Annual Reviews Section I	
32	Public Policy in India	After completion of the course, students will be able to: • Understand the basic conceptual frameworks and Approaches of the Public Policy, • Know about public policy formation, implementation, and evaluation. • Aware about Public policies in India	Section I Public Policy: Meaning, Nature and Significance Approaches to the Study of Public Policy: Political Economy-Western, Marxist and Non-Western Traditions; Post Behavioral Approach; Public Choice Theory; Public Management Theory Section II Public Policy Process: Policy Context- Political, Constitutional, Legal, Administrative, Socio-Cultural, Economic, Environmental and Scientific; Interfaces of the Policy Process- Institutions, Actors and role of Public Policy, Planning and Analysis, Resource mobilization, Formulation, Policy implementation, Policy	Concept of Public Policy: Meaning, Nature, and Significance, Emergence of Policy Science, Policy Cycle, constrains in Public Policy Modelsand Approaches: Basic Models for the Study of Public Policy: System Approach, Public Choice Theory; New Public Management. Section II Public Policy in India- Structure and Formation:	1.Recomm ended Books are updated and E – resources are added in the course. 2. Some contents

monitoring and evaluation. Judiciary. from section - I **Major Determinants:** Section III and II are Public Policy in India: Policy Making, Structure and Political Parties, Interest Groups, International Agencies, replaced by Process. Policy implementation. Feedback and problems mass media and Public opinion . NGO's. new of Policy implementation. Policy impact and evaluation content. Public Policy in the age of Globalization and Liberalization. Section III Process of Public Policy in India: Decentralized Planning, **Books Recommended:** Sustainable Development 1. Anderson J.E., 2006, Public Policy making: an introduction, Public policies with special reference to: Health, and Food Boston, Houghton Security. 2. Birkland Thomas A., 2005, An Introduction to The Policy Process: Theories, Concepts, And Models of Public Policy Policy implementation Policy and problems Making, 2ndEdition, Armonk; M.E. Sharpe implementation. 3. Dye Thomas, 2008, Understanding Public Policy, Singapore, Policy monitoring, evaluation, social audit. Pearson Education 4. Gerston Larry N., 2004, Public Policy Making: process and **Recommended Books:** principles, Armonk, M.E. Sharpe 5. Hill Michael. 2005. The Public Policy Process. Harlow. UK: Anderson, J.E. (2006). Public Policy making: an introduction. Boston: Houghton. Pearson Education, 5thEdition, Avasthi, R. & Maheshwari, S.R. (2004), Public 6. Parsons Wayne, 1995, Public Policy: An Introduction to the Theory of Policy Analysis, Alders hot, U.K.; Edward Elgar Administration. Agra: Laxmi Narian Agrawal. Birkland, Thomas A. (2ndEd) (2005) An Introduction 7. Rathod P.B., 2005, Framework of Public Policy: The Discipline to The Policy Process: Theories, Concepts, And and its Dimensions. New Delhi: Commonwealth. 8. Stone Deborah, 2001, The Policy Paradox, N.Y., Norton Models of Public Policy Making, Armonk: M.E. 9. Dreze Jean and Amartya Sen, 2002, India: Development and Charles, Wheelan (2010). Introduction to Public Participation, New Delhi: Oxford University Pres27MALG 10. Prabir Kumar De, Public Policy and Systems, Pearson Policy. New York: W. W. Norton & Company. Dreze, Jean & Sen, Amartya (2002), India: Education India, New Delhi, 2012 11. RK Sapru, Public Policy – Formulation, Implementation and Development and Participation. New Delhi: Oxford Evaluation, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Limited., New Delhi, 2010 University Pres. Dye, Thomas (2008). Understanding Public Policy. 12. RV Vaidyanatha Ayyar, Public Policy Making in India, Singapore: Pearson Education Pearson Education India, NewDelhi, 2009 13. William N Dunn, Public Policy Analysis –An Introduction. Ganapathy, R.S. (1985) , Public Policy and Analysis in India. New Delhi: Sage. Prentice Hall. New Jersev. 1994. Gerston, Larry N. (2004). Public Policy Making: 14. Thomas Dye, Understanding Public Policy, Prentice Hall, New process and principles. Armonk: M.E. Sharpe. Jersey, 1995. 15. James Anderson, Public Policy Making: An Introduction. 9. Goel, S.L. (2003). Public Administration, Theory Houghton Mifflin, 2003. and Practice. New Delhi: Deep & Deep Publishers. Hill. Michael (2005). The Public Policy Process. 16. Michael Hill and Peter Hupe, Implementing Public Policy, Sage. 2002 Harlow, UK: Pearson Education, 5th Edition. 11. Hill, Michael & Hupe, Peter, (2002). Implementing Public Policy. London:Sage. 12. Parsons, Wayne (1995) Public Policy: An Introduction to the Theory of Policy Analysis U.K.: Edward Elgar. 13. De, Prabir Kumar (2012). Public Policy and Systems. New Delhi: Pearson Education India. 14. Rathod, P.B. (2005). Framework of Public Policy:

				The Discipline and its Dimensions. New Delhi: Commonwealth. 15. Sapru, RK(2010). Public Policy – Formulation, Implementation and Evaluation. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Limited. 16. Vaidyanatha, Ayyar RV(2009) Public Policy Making in India. NewDelhi: Pearson Education India. 17. Deborah, Stone(2001). The Policy Paradox. New York: Norton. 18. Dye, Thomas(1995). Understanding Public Policy. New Jersey: Prentice Hall. 19. N Dunn, William(1994). Public Policy Analysis – An Introduction. New Jersey: Prentice Hall. 20. Suggested E-Resources E PG Pathshala- https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=29 Annual Review of Political Science, http://www.annualreviews.org/journal/polisci, Annual Reviews Journal of Asian Public Policy- http://www.tandfonline.com/loi/rapp20 Policy Sciences- http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journ alCode=policysciences World Policy Journal, http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journ alCode=worldpolicyj, Sage Publications, Inc World Affairs, http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journ alCode=worldpolicyj, Sage Publication?journ alCode=worldpolicyj, Sage Publication?journ alCode=worldpolicyj, Sage Publication?journ	
33	POL UN and Regional Organizations	After completion of the course student will be able to: • Understand the working of international organizations and regional organizations. • Aware about the global challenges. • Analyze the role of U.N. and regional organizations.	Section I Aims, Objectives and main organs of U.N.O.: General Assembly, Security council, social Economic Council, International Court of Justice, Issue of revision of the U.N. Charter and evaluation of the working of U.N.O. Section II United Nations and Economic International Law, United Nations and Environmental International Law, United Nations and Criminal International Law, United Nations and Criminal International Law, United Nations and individual in International Law. Section III Regionalism under U.N. Charter, growing importance of regional organization in world politics, some of the regional organizations: NATO, CIS, EU, ASEAN, OPEC, OAU. Books Recommended: 1. H.J. Morganthan : Politics Among Nations 6 th ed. Revised by K.W. Thompson New York Alfred Knopf 1985. 2. Burchill Et.al. : Theories of International Relations	Section I Evolution of International Organizations; Emergence, Structure and Functions of United Nations. General Assembly and Secretary General: Powers, Functions and Role; Security Council: Structure, Functions and Role in Peace and Security. Section II UN role in Socio-Economic Development (ECOSOC, UNDP and ILO); UN and Millennium Development Goals to Sustainable Development Goals; UN and Changing World Order; Challenges to UN in 21st Centaury: Need for Reforms. Section III Regionalism under U.N. Charter, growing importance of regional organization in world politics, some of the regional organizations: NATO, CIS, EU, ASEAN, OPEC, OAU.	1. Recommen ded Books are updated and E - resources are added in the course 2. As to make this course more knowledga ble, firstand second

	Macmillan 2001. M.P. Sullivan : Theories of International Politics : Enduring Paradigm in a changing World. Hampshire Macmillan 2001. C.W. Kegley and : World Politics : Trends and Transformation, New E.R. Wittkopf York Martin Press 1995. A.M. Hoogvelt : Globalization and the post colonial world : The New Political Economy of Development (Macmillan 1997) Cox, Robert and : Approaches to world order, (Cambridge University T.J. Sinclain Press 1996) Jayant Bandhopadhya and Amitav Mukherjee : International Relations Theory : From Anarchy to World Government Howrah Manuscript 2001 Robert Jackson Georg Sorensen : Introduction to International Relations : Theories and Approaches (Second Ed Oxford Univ Press 2003. P Aghen and J. Williamson : Growth Inequality and Globanization Cambridge Univ Press 1998. D Hettne : Globalism and the New Regionlism Macmillan 1999 A. Gamble and A Payne (eds) : Regionalism Macmillan 1996 E F Fratochwil and E Mansfied (ed), International organization : A Reader New York Harper Collins 1994. M. Waters : Globanization 2 nd ed. : Routledge 2000. Selected Journals : Current History Foreign Affairs World Politics Morld Today	 Recommended Books: Morgenthau, H.J. (6thed) (1985). <i>Politics Among Nations</i>. New York: Alfred Knopf. Burchill, Et.al. (2001). <i>Theories of International Relations</i>. London: Macmillan. Sullivan, M.P. (2001). <i>Theories of International Politics: Enduring Paradigm in a changing World</i>. Hampshire: Macmillan. Kegley, C.W.& Wittkopf, E.R., (1995). <i>World Politics: Trends and Transformation</i>. New York: Martin Press. Hoogvelt, A.M. (1997). <i>Globalization and the post colonial world: The New Political Economy of Development</i>. London: Macmillan. Cox, Robert & T.J. Sinclain (1996). <i>Approaches to World Order</i>. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. Bandhopadhy, Jayant & Mukherjee, Amitav, (2001). <i>International Relations Theory: From Anarchy to World Government</i>. Howrah: Howrah Manuscript Jackson, Robert & Sorensen, George (2nd Ed) (2003). <i>Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches</i>. Oxford: Oxford Univ Press. Aghen, P & Williamson, J. (1998). <i>Growth Inequality and Globanization</i>. Cambridge: Cambridge Univ Press. Hettne, D (1999). <i>Globalism and the New Regionlism</i>. Hamsphire: Macmillan. Gamble, A.& Payne, A (Ed) (1996). <i>Regionalism</i>.London: Macmillan. Fratochwil, F & Mansfied, E.(Ed)(1994). <i>International Organization: A Reader</i>. New York: Harper Collins. Waters, M. (2nded) (2000). <i>Globanization</i>. London: Routledge. E PG Pathshalahttps://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=29	sections are changed and recasted in the course.
	 Foreign Affairs World Politics South Asian Survey International Affairs 	Routledge. Suggested E-Resources: • E PG Pathshala- https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=29	
34 SSC 501 After completion of the course student will be able	References: 1. Altekar, A.S., The Position of Women in Hindu Civilization,	Recommended Readings: 1. Altekar, A.S. (1983). The Position of Women in Hindu	1. No change in

	to:	Explain the fundamentals of Women Studies and its multidimensional aspects. Acquire the knowledge of how women's struggles or movements in the
	•	West and in India evolved leading to the establishment of the academic discipline. Develop a critical understanding of feminist theories Describe interlinkages of gender, patriarchy and power

- Motilal Banarsidas, Second Edition. Fifth reprint, Delhi, 1983.
- Chanana, Karuna, Socialization, Women and Education: Exploration in Gender Identity, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 1988.
- Chodrow, Nancy, The Reproduction of Mothering. Berkeley: University of California Press, 1978.
- Desai, Neera and M. Krishnraj, Women and Society in India, Delhi: Ajanta Press, 1987.
- Dube, Leela et. al. (eds.), Visibility and Power. Essays on Women in Society and Development. New Delhi, OUP, 1986.
- Dube, Leela, Women and Kinship, Comparative Perspectives on Gender in South and South-East Asia. Tokyo: United Nations University Press, 1997.
- 7. Gandhi, N. and N. Shah, The Issue at Stake: Theory and Practice in the Contemporary Women's Movement in India. New Delhi, 1992. Ghadially, Rehana (ed.) 1988. Women in Indian Society. New Delhi: Sage Publication.
- Maccoby, Eleaner and Carol Jacklin. 1975. The Psychology of Sex Differences. Stanford: Stanford University Press.
- McCormack, C. and M. Strathern (ed.) 1980. Nature, Culture and Gender Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Oakley, Ann. 1972. Sex, Gender and Society. New York: Harper and Row.
- 12. Jain, Devki & Rajput, Pam, (Ed.) 2003. Narratives from the Women's Studies Family: Recreating Knowledge, New Delhi: Sage Publication.
- 13. Tong, Rosemarie. 1989. Feminist Thought: Comprehensive Introduction. London: Routledge.
- 14. Jackson, S. 1998. Contemporary Feminist Theories. Edinburg: Edinburg University Press.
- 15. Desai, Neera & Thakkar, Usha, 2004. Women in Indian Society, New Delhi: National Book Trust, India.
- 16. Apte, Prabha, 1996.Bharatiya Samaj Mein Nari, Jaipur: Classic publishing House.
- 17. Biswal, Tapan, 2009. Manav Adhikar, Gender Evam

Civilization. Delhi. MotilalBanarsidas.

 Chanana, Karuna. (1988). Socialization, Women and Education: Exploration in Gender Identity. New Delhi: Orient Longman.

 Chodrow, Nancy. (1978). The Reproduction of Mothering. Berkeley: University of California Press.

- Desai, Neera& M. Krishnraj. (1987). Women and Society in India. Delhi: Ajanta Press.
- Dube, L. (1986). Visibility and Power. Essays on Women in Society and Development. New Delhi: OUP.
- Dube, L. (1997). Women and Kinship: Comparative Perspectives on Gender in South and South-East Asia. Tokyo: United Nations University Press.
- Gandhi, N., &Shah,N. (1992). The Issue at Stake, Theory and Practice in the Contemporary Women's Movement in India. New Delhi: Kali for Women.
- Ghadially, R. (1988). Women in Indian Society. New Delhi:Sage Publication.
- Oakley, A. (1972). Sex, Gender and Society. New York: Harper and Row.
- Jain, D.& Rajput, P. (Ed.). (2003). Narratives from the Women's Studies Family, Recreating Knowledge. New Delhi: Sage Publication.
- Tong, R. (1989). Feminist Thought: a Comprehensive Introduction. London: Routledge.
- Anderson, M.L. (4th Ed) (1997). Thinking about Women. Sociological Perspectives on Sex and Gender.. Boston: Allyn and Bacon.
- Avasthi, A. & Srivastava, A.K. (Eds.). (2001). *Modernity, Feminism and Women Empowerment* Jaipur: Rawat Publication.
- Desai, N., & Patel, V. (1990). Indian Women, Change and Challenge in the International Decade 1975-85. Bombay: Popular Prakashan.
- Kumar, R. (Ed.)(1992). Women in Decision Making. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- Mishra, A.D. (1999). Gender Perspective: Participation, Empowerment and Development (Ed.). New Delhi: Radha Publication.
- Ollenburger, J.C., & Helen A.M. (1992). A Sociology of Women: The Intersection of Patriarchy, Capitalism and Colonization. New Jersey: Prentice Hall.
- Roy, K. (1999). Women's Oppression and Protective Law. Delhi:Rajat Publications.
- Sahai, S. (1996). Social Legislation and Status of Hindu Women. Jaipur: Rawat Publication.
- Sarkar, L. & Sivararamayya, B. (Ed.). (1994). Women and Law. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.
- 21. Srivastava, T.N. (1985). Women and Law. New

course

Recommen ded Books are updated and E – resources are added in the course

Paryavaran ,New Delhi: Viva Books Pvt. Ltd.ITHA	Delhi:Intellectual Publishing House.
KRISHANAN	22. Tapan, N. (2000). Need for Women Empowerment.
	Jaipur: Rawat Publication.
Web links	23. Jackson, S. (1998). Contemporary Feminist Theories.
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bhanwari_Devi	Edinburg: Edingburg University Press.
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mary_Kom	24. Desai, N. & Thakkar, U. (2004). Women in Indian
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sunitha_Krishnan	Society. National Book Trust.
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kiran_Bedi	25. Apte, P. (1996). BharatiyaSamaj Mein Nari. Jaipur:
	Classic Publishing House.
	26. Biswal, T. (2009). Manavadhikar: Gender Evam
	Paryavaran. New Delhi: Viva Books Pvt. Ltd.
	Suggested E-Resources
	 Why Women Studies, Economic and Political
	Weekly: https://www.epw.in/node/148856/pdf
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	 Introduction to Women, Gender, Sexuality Studies,
	University of Amherst:
	https://scholarworks.umass.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi
	?article=1000&context=wost_ed_materials
	Gender and Development, Development Bulletin :
	https://crawford.anu.edu.au/rmap/devnet/devnet/db-
	64.pdf

Electives

S.N.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
35	Politics in South Asia	After completion of the course student will be able to: • Understand the significance of south Asian regions. • Aware about issues and challenges of nation building in south Asia. • Analyze the politics of south Asia.		Section-I The significance and importance of study of the government and politics of South Asian region. Historical, Geopolitical, Socio-Cultural and Economic background of the region. Major Security issues in South Asia, Nuclear weapons programme and its implications in the region, Militarization and prospects for regional arms control. Emerging issues and challenges in New Millennium. Section-II Issues of Nation-building in South Asia: Religion, Ethnicity and language. Democracy and Authoritarianism in South Asia. Political Elites if South Asia with special reference to India and Bangladesh. Section-III Separatism, Terrorism, Human Rights, Gender and Globalization in South Asia. Civil Society in South Asia: Role and Emerging Trends.	1. New course introduced for the pool of electives 2. Course code to be assigned

	Recommended Books:
	Bose, Sugata & Jalal, Ayesha, (2003) . Modern South
	Asia: History, Culture and Political Economy. New
	Delhi: Oxford: University Press.
	2. Phadnis, Urmila & Rajat Ganguly (2001). Ethnicity and
	Nation-building in South Asia. New Delhi: Sage.
	3. Yong, Tan Tai, (ed) (2010) South Asia: Societies in
	Political and Economic Transition. New Delhi:
	Manohar.
	4. Hye, Hasnat Addul(ed) (2001). Governance: South
	Asian Perspectives. New Delhi:,Manohar.
	5. Vanaik, Achin, (2004)(Ed). Globalization and South
	Asia: Multidimensional Perspectives, New
	Delhi:Manohar.
	6. Shastri, A.& A. Jeyaratnam (2001), (ed) <i>The Post-</i>
	Colonial States of South Asia: Democracy,
	Development and Identity. New York: Palgrave,.
	7. Jalal, Ayesha (2002). Democracy and
	Authoritarianism in South Asia: A Comparative and
	Historical Perspective. New York: Cambridge
	University Press
	8. Ollapally, Deepa M. (2008). The Politics of Extremism
	in South Asia. Cambridge:,Cambridge University
	Press.
	9. Alam, Imtiaz, (ed) (2006). Whither South Asia.
	Lahore:South Asian Policy Analysis Network.
	10. Mahbubul-Haq (2012). Governance for People's
	Empowerment. Lahore: Development Centre.
	11. Jha, Nalini Kant (2010). Democracy, Nation Building
	and Peace in South Asia. New Delhi:,Har Anand
	Publications.
	12. Khilani & Raghavan (2016). Comparative
	Constitutionalism in South Asia. Oxford: OUP.
	13. Khalid, Bin Sayeed (1967). The Plitical System of
1	Pakistan. Boston: Houghton Muffin Co.
	14. Anirudh, Gupta (1964) Politics in Nepal. New Delhi:
	Allied Publishers.
	15. J.C. Johari(1991) Government and Politics of South
	Asia. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers.,
	16. M. Chadda (2000). Building democracy in
	17. South Asia : India, Nepal, Pakistan. Boulder
	Colorado:Lynne Rienner.
	Suggested E-Resources
	E PG Pathshala-
	https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=29
	Asian Perspective-
	http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal
	Code=asianperspective
	Asian Journal of Social Science-
	- /idan double

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			http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal	
			Code=asiajsociscie	
		After a second of the	A second	4. Na
36	Flooring Delition	After completion of the	Section-I	1. New
	Electoral Politics	course students will be able	National Political Parties: Origin, the pattern of	course
	in India	to:	programmes and general elections; structure and	introduced
		 Demonstrate 	organization and Changing role of Election	for the
		knowledge of the	Commission of India.	pool of
		context area specified.	Regional Political Parties: origin, the change in	electives
		 Identify and explain 	pattern of their programme through the sixteen	2. Course
		how electoral rules	general elections-structure and organization. Section-II	code to be
		and procedures in	Political Parties and general election, the pattern of	assigned
		'	alliances; gains and shortfalls through the general	_
		India affect selection	elections.	
		outcomes.	Section-III	
		 Evaluate and critically 	Major pressure groups in India with a special	
		analyze the Indian	reference to trade Unions, chamber of Commerce,	
		electoral system with	Public Opinion in India, the role of media in its	
		respect to theories	formation and expression.	
		related to political	Recommended Books:	
		representation.	1. Alexandrowiz, C.H (1957), Constitutional Development	
		representation.	in India. Indian Branch: Oxford University Press.	
			2. Austin, Granville (1966). The Indian Constitution:	
			Cornerstone of a Nation. Oxford: Clarendon Press.	
			3. Keith, A.B (2015). Constitutional History of India	
			(1600-1935). London: Scholar Choice.	
			4. Palmer, N.D. (1971). The Indian Political System.	
			USA: Houghton Mifflin.	
			5. Pylee, M.V. (1965). Constitutional Government in	
			India.New York: London Press.	
			Jones, W.H. Maorris(1990). Government and Politics	
			of India. India: Universal Book Stall.	
			7. Kashyap, Subhas (2004). <i>Bharat ka Samvaidhanik</i>	
			Vikash aur Sangharsh.New Delhi: Jagriti	
			prakashan.(hindi)	
			8. Kothari, Rajani (2010). Bharat mein Rajniti: Aaj aur	
			Kal. New Delhi: Vani Prakashan.	
			9. Santhanam, K.(1961). <i>Union - State Relations in</i>	
			India. New Delhi: London press.	
			10. Weiner, Myron (2015). Party Politics in India - The development of Multi-Party System. New Jersey:	
			Princeton University Press	
			11. Myron, Weiner(1968). <i>Politics of Scarcity : Public</i>	
			Pressure and Political Response in India. USA:	
			University of Chicago press.	
			12. Reddy & Sharma (1979). <i>Regionalism in India</i> . New	
			Delhi: Concept Publishing Company.	
			13. Brass, P.R. (ed)(1997). Politics of India	
			15. Diass, 1.11. (ed)(1881). Fullius of Illula	

	T			
			SinceIndependence. Cambridge: Cambridge	
			university Press	
			14. Chattergee, P. (ed) (1997). State and Politics in	
			India.Delhi: Oxford Press.	
			15. Chatterji, P. & Chakraborty, B. (1999). Social	
			Movements in Contemporary India. Calcutta: K.P	
			Bagchi and Co.	
			16. Pylee, M.V. (1998). A Introduction to the Constitution	
			of India. New Delhi: Vikas.	
			17. Austin, G. (2000). Working of a Democratic	
			constitution : The Indian Experience.Delhi:Oxford	
			Univ. Press.	
			18. Weiner, M. (1999). The Indian Paradox: Essays in	
			Indian Politics. London:Sage.	
			19. Jayal, N.G (ed)(2001). Democracy in India	
			Delhi:Oxford University Press.	
			20. Kaushik, A.(1994). Democratic Concerns: The Indian	
			Experience.Jaipur: Alekh.	
			21. Kohli, A. (ed) (2001). The success of India's	
			Democracy.UK: Cambridge University Press.	
			22. Narain, J. (ed) (1967). State Politics in India. Meerut:	
			Meenakshi Prakashan.	
			23Ray J.K, (2001). India in Search of Good	
			Governance. Calcutta: K.P. Bagchi,.	
			24. Rosen, G (1966). Democracy and Economic change	
			in India. Berkeley: University of California Press,.	
			25. Thakur, R (1995). The Government and Politics of	
			Indian. London: Macmillan,	
			Suggested E Resources:	
			Asian Perspective	
			http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal	
			Code=asianperspective	
			 Asian Journal of Social Science 	
			http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal	
			Code=asiajsociscie	
37		After completion of the	Section –I	1. New
	State Politics in	course student will be able	Trend in the growth of Nationalism and Democracy in British	course
	India	to:	India and Princely States: Linguistic States- Structure-	introduced
		 Understand the 	Organization and Aftermath, Emerging trends and	for the
		emerging trends of	determinants of State Politics in India, Regionalism and	pool of
		state politics in Inda.	Demand for State Autonomy.	electives
		analyze the political	Section-II	2. Course
		, '	Constitutional Framework of Governance in States: Office of	code to be
		institution in states.	the Governor, Chief Minister and Council of Ministers, State	assigned
		 familiarize role of 	Legislature, Political Parties and general elections in	assigned
		media in state politics	Rajasthan, Pattern of Leadership in Rajasthan	
		in India.	Section -III	
		understand pattern of	Major Pressure Groups in India with Special reference to	
		political leadership in	Trade Unions, Chamber of Commerce; Public Opinion in	
	1	political leaderstlip III	India, The Media, its role and Impact; Role of Caste, Religion,	

Rajasthan.	Region and language in State Politics.	
	Recommended Books:	
	1. Alexandrowiz, C.H (1957). Constitutional	
	Development in India. Indian Branch: Oxford	
	universityPress.	
	2. Austin, Granville(1966). The Indian Constitution:	
	Cornerstone of a Nation.Oxford :Clarendon Press.	
	3. Keith, A.B(2015). Constitutional History of India	
	(1600-1935). London: Scholar Choice.	
	4. Palmer N.D. (1971). The Indian Political System.	
	USA:Houghton Mifflin.	
	 Pylee, M.V. (1965). Constitutional Government in India.New York: London Press. 	
	6. Jones, W.H. Maorris(1990). Government and Politics	
	of India: Universal Book Stall.	
	7. Singhvi L.M. (1972). <i>Indian Parties & Politics</i> . New	
	Delhi:Theinstitute of Contitution and Parliamentary	
	StudiesResearch.	
	8. Santhanam, K.(1961). <i>Union - State Relations in</i>	
	India.New Delhi:London.	
	9. Myron, Weiner(1968). Politics of Scarcity: Public	
	Pressure and Political Response in India. USA:	
	University of Chicago press. 10. Kaviraj, S. (1998). <i>Politics in India</i> . Delhi:Univ. Press.	
	10. Raviraj, 3. (1996). Politics III midia. Delini. Only. Pless. 11. Arora, B. & Verney, D.V(eds)(1995). Multiple	
	Identitics in a Single State : Indian Fedralism in a	
	comparative perspective.Delhi:Konark.	
	12. Basu, A.(1992). Two Faces of Protest: Contrasting	
	Modes of Women's Activism. Berkelely: University of	
	California Press.	
	13. Baxi, U. & Parekh, B. (ed) (1994). Crisis and change	
	in contemporary India.New Delhi:Sage.	
	14. Calman(1992).Toward Empowerment: Women and	
	Movement Politics in India. Boulder Colorado: Westview Press.	
	westview Press. 15. Chandhoke, N.(1999). Beyond Secularism: The	
	Rights of Religious Minorities. Delhi: Oxford	
	University Press,.	
	16. Jayal, N.G (ed) (2001). <i>Democracy in India</i> . Delhi:	
	Oxford University Press,.	
	17. Jajan, B. (ed) (1992). The Indian Economy :	
	Problems and prospects New Delhi:Vikiny.	
	18. Kaushik, A.(1994). Democratic Concerns: The	
	Indian Experience. Jaipur: Alekh.	
	19. Kohli, A. (ed) (2001). The success of India's	
	Democracy. UK: Cambridge University Press. 20. Narain, J. (ed) (1967). State Politics in India, Meerut:	
	Zu. Narain, J. (ed) (1967). State Politics in India, Meerut: Meenakshi Prakashan.	
	Suggested E- Resources	
	Duggottou E Rosson oct	

38	Global Politics	After completion of the	E- PG Pathshala; https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=29 State& Local Government Review http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal Code=statlocagoverevi Section I	1. New
		course student will be able to: • Understand the concept and perspective of Globalization and global economy. • Aware about contemporary Global Issues like ecological issues. • Critically analyze the trends and issues of Global politics.	Globalization –conception and perspective: Meaning, Definition, concept and Perspectives of globalization Political: Debates on Sovereignty and Territoriality Global Resistance: Global social movement and NGOs Section II Global Economy: Significance of global economy Anchors of Global political Economy: International Monetary Fund (IMF), World Bank, World Trade Organization (WTO) Section III Contemporary Global Issues: Ecological Issue: Historical overview of International Environmental agreement, Climate change and Global debate Proliferation of Nuclear weapons	course introduced for the pool of reading electives 2. Course code to be assigned
			Recommended Books: 1. Appadurai ,Arjun (1996). Modernity at Large: Cultural Dimensions of Globalization. United States: University of Minnesota Press 2. Nayyar, Deepak (ed.)(2002). Governing Globalization: Issues and Institutions. London: Oxford University Press 3. Held, David & Mc grew, Anthony (ed.) The Global Transformation Reader: An introduction to the Globalization Debate, Cambridge: Polity Press. 4. Bhagwati, Jagdish (2004). In defense of Globalization. Oxford: Oxford University Press. 5. Lindenberg, Marc& Bryant, Coralie (2001). Going	

				Global: Transforming Relief a. and Development NGOs.Bloomfield: Kumarian Press.	
				 a. and Development NGOs.Bioomireid: Rumarian Press. b. Hertz, Noreena (2000). The silent take over: Global Capitalism and the death of 	
				a. Democracy. USA:Praeger.	
				7. Joseph, Nye S &. Donanu John D. (ed.)(2000).	
				Governance in a Globalizing World. Washington:	
				Brookings	
				8. Cowen, Tyler (2000). Creative Destruction: How	
				Globalisation is changing the world's culture. New Jersey:Princeton University Press,.	
				9. Brahis John and Steeve Smith (ed.) (2001).The	
				Globalisation of World Politics: An Introduction to	
				International Relations. Lndon:Oxford University	
				Press.	
				10. Clark, John (ed.). (2003). Globalising Civic	
				Engagement: Civil Society and Transnational Action.	
				London: Earthscan.	
				11. Khagram, Sanjeev, Riker, James & Korthrxu Sikkink (ed.) (2002)Restructuring World	
				12. Politics: Transnational Social Movements.USA:	
				University of Minnesota Press.	
				Suggested E-Resources:	
				 http://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/content/docu 	
				ments/2843WESS2013.pdf [accessed 12 January	
				2015]Source C	
				 http://www.worldcoal.org/coal-society/ [accessed 12 January 2015 	
				 http://theelders.org/article/united-call-action- 	
				climate-change [accessed 12 January 2015	
				 J. Close, (2001) 'The Global Shift: A quantum leap 	
				in human evolution', Available at http://www.stir-	
				global-shift.com/page22.php, Accessed: 19.04.201	
				www.globalpolicy.org	
				http://daccessdds.un.org/doc/UNDOC/GEN/N97/18 9/79/1MG/n9718979.pdf, Open Element (accessed	
				on 13 October 2011).	
39	POL 501	After completion of the	Section - I	Section - I	1.
	Human Rights	course, students will be	Human Rights: Meaning, Nature and Perspectives (Liberal	Human Rights: Meaning, Nature and Perspectives	Recommen
		able to:	and Marxian), Origin and Evolution of Human Rights,	(Liberal and Marxian), Origin and Evolution of Human	ded Books
		Understand the issues	Human Rights of Women and child.	Rights, Human Rights of Women and child.	are
		concerning the rights of citizens in general	Brief introduction of Philosophical Foundations: Liberty,		updated
		and the marginalized	Equality, Justice and Civil Society.		and E –
		groups in particular.		Section – II	resources
		Understand basic	Section - II	Brief introduction of Philosophical Foundations:	are added in the
		conceptual framework	United Nations and Human Rights: Universal Declaration of	Liberty, Equality, Justice and Civil Society.	course
		of Human Rights	Human Rights, International Conventions on Civil and Political Rights, Social Economic and Cultural Rights and	United Nations and Human Rights: Universal Declaration of Human Rights, International	300130
		Assess the	i oilileai Nights, sociai Economic and Cultural Rights and	Conventions on Civil and Political Rights, Social	2. Some of
L				Donventions on own and rollition rights, social	

		institutional and policy measures which have
	•	been taken in response to the demands of various movements. Analyze conceptual dimensions, international trends and the Indian experience.

Responsibilities.

Section - III

Indian Perspective of Human Rights, Fundamental Rights. Human Rights Enforcement Institutions: National Human Rights Commission, National Commission for Women, SC and ST Commission.

Recommended Books:

- Alston Philip: The United Nations and Human Rights, Clarondon Press, Oxford, 1995
- एम.ए. अन्सारी, राष्ट्रीय महिला आयोग और भारतीय नारी, ज्योती प्रकाशन, जयपूर, 2000
- अरूण कुमार पलेई, भारत का राष्ट्रीय मानवाधिकार आयोग : गठन कार्य और भावी परिदृश्य, राधा पब्लिकेशन, नई दिल्ली
- अरूण चतुर्वेदी एवं संजय लोढ़ा (संपा.) भारत में मानवाधिकार, पंचशील प्रकाशन, जयपुर
- आशा कौशिक (संपा.) मानवाधिकार और राज्य : बदलते सन्दर्भ. उभरते आयाम, पोईन्टर पब्लिकेशर्स, जयपुर
- D.D. Basu: Human Rights in Constitutional Law. Prentice Hall New Delhi.
- डी.डी बस्, भारत का संविधान : एक परिचय, वाधवा पब्लिकेशन्स, नागपर 2003
- Gokulesh Sharma: Human Rights and Legal Remedies, Deep and Deep New Delhi.
- कृष्ण मोहन माथुर, स्वातंत्रयोतर भारत में मानवाधिकार, ज्ञान पब्लिशिंग हाउस नई दिल्ली
- M.P.Dube and Neeta Bora (ed.) Perspectives on Human Rights, Anmika Publishers. New Delhi.
- Manoj K. Sinha: Implementation of Basic Human Rights, Manak Publication. New Delhi.
- Parveen Vadkar: Concepts Theories and Practice of Human Rights raiat Publication, New Delhi.
- Prakash Talwer (ed.) Human rights, Isha Books, Delhi, 2006 13.
- Rachana Kaushal: Women, and Human Rights and Ligal Remedies Deep and Deep, New Delhi
- Sadhana Arya: Women, and Human Gender, Equality and State, Deep and Deep, Publication, New Delhi.

Economic and Cultural Rights and Responsibilities.

Section - III

Indian Perspective of Human Rights, Fundamental

Human Rights Enforcement Institutions: National Human Rights Commission, National Commission for Women, SC and ST

Recommended Books:

- Philip, Alston (1995). The United Nations and Human Rights. Oxford: Clarondon Press.
- 2. अन्सारी, एम.ए. (2000), *राष्ट्रीय महिला आयोग और* भारतीय नारी, जयपूरः ज्योती प्रकाशन,
- 3. पलेईए अरूण कुमार, (2003), *भारत का राष्ट्रीय* मानवाधिकार आयोग : गठन कार्य और भावी परिदृश्य, नई दिल्लीः राधा पब्लिकेशन.
- 4. चतुर्वेदी, अरूण एवं लोढ़ा, संजय (2005), (संपा) भारत में मानवाधिकार, जयपुरः पंचशील प्रकाशन,
- 5. कौशिक. आशा. (2010). (संपा.). *मानवाधिकार और राज्य* बदलते सन्दर्भ, उभरते आयाम, जयपुरः पोईन्टर पब्लिकेशन्स.
- Basu, D.D (1994). Human Rights in Constitutional Law. New Delhi: Prentice Hall.
- 7. बस. डी.डी .(2003). भारत का संविधान : एक परिचय नगपुरः वाधवा पब्लिकेशन्स,
- Sharma, Gokulesh(2000). Human Rights and Legal Remedies. New Delhi:Deep and Deep.
- Dube, M.P.& Bora, Neeta(ed.) (2000). Perspectives on Human Rights. New Delhi: Anamika Publishers.
- 10. Sinha, Manoj K.(2013). Implementation of Basic Human Rights. New Delhi: Manak Publication,.
- Vadkar, Parveen (2000) Concepts Theories and Practice of Human Rights. New Delhi: Rajat Publication,.
- 12. Talwer, Prakash (ed.) (2006). Human rights. Delhi: Isha Books.
- 13. Kaushal, Rachana (2000). Women, and Human Rights and Legal Remedies. New Delhi: Deep and
- 14. Arya, Sadhana (2000). Women, and Human Gender,

the contents from section first are shifted to the section second.

		16. Sudhir Kapoor : Human Rights in 21 st Century, Mangal Deep Publication, Jaipur	Equality and State. New Delhi:Deep and Deep Publication. 15. Kapoor, Sudhir (2001). Human Rights in 21 St Century, Jaipur: Mangal Deep Publication. Suggested E-Resources E PG Pathshala-https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=828 Annual Review of Political Science,	
			http://www.annualreviews.org/journal/polisci, Annual Reviews Review of Middle East Studies, http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal Code=revimiddeaststud, Middle East Studies Association of North America (MESA) Political Methodology, http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal Code=polimethod, Oxford University Press;Society for Political Methodology Political Analysis, http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal Code=polianalysis, Oxford University Press;Society for Political Methodology	
40	Master's Disser tation After completion of this course student will be able to: Develop their analytical thinking Enhance their writing skills Refine their research aptitude		The students will have to write a dissertation of about 60-75 pages on any topic of their area of research interest under the supervision of a supervisior. Guidelines for writing the Dissertation: Size minimum 60-maximum 75 pages, double line space, in TNR 12 Font size. For Hindi type font to be used DevLys 010, size 14. Sequence of content - Title page, certificate of the supervisor, declaration by the student, content page, list/s of tables, graphs, charts, maps, illustrations, photographs and plates, acknowledgement, preface pages (to be numbered in small Roman digits, i, ii, iii x). From chapter 1 to last pages Arabic numerals (1, 2, 375). If any, the Appendices and list of technical terms/glossary will follow the conclusion chapter and will not be numbered. Reference section/Bibliography will similarly not be numbered. Reference style - APA. Synopsis: 8-10 pages including the research problem, tentative chapterisation, objectives, methodology, literature review and bibliography, with TNR 12 Font, double space. Process: The allocation of supervisor for guiding dissertation may preferably be done in MA III Semester itself. The synopsis presentation should be done by December end. Student would also submit hard copy of the same. The midterm presentation/assessment is to be done by February end. Dissertation submission to be made by March end. Viva date will be added in the date sheet of final Semester	Code to be assigned

41 Gend Gove Politi	course students will be able	Liberal, Socialist, Marxist, Radical Feminism, New Feminist Schools, History of the Women's Movement in India Section-II Women and Politics: Gender Imbalance in Political Representation in Parliament and Legislative Assembly; Gender Perspectives of voting Behavior and Electoral Process, Opportunities and Constraints to Women's Participation in Politics, Women and Reservation in India. Section-III Women and governance: governance and Gender Structures; Gender Issues in governance and Gender Structures; Gender Issues in governance and Role of women for Good Governance, Women's Participation in Local Governance; Gender Auditing and budgeting in local Governance. Recommended Books: 1. Ambedkar, S.N.& Nagendera, Shilaja (2005). Women Empowerment and Panchayati Raj. Jaipur: ABD Publishers: 2. Brush, Lisa D. (2007). Gender and Governance. Delhi: Rawat Publications. 3. Jha, Ashok Kura (2004). Women in Panchayati Raj. Institutions. New Delhi: Annol Publications Pvt. Lt. 4. Jha, Deepika (2010). Women in World Politics. Delhi: Pearl Books. 5. Panda, Smila Mishra (Ed.) (2008). Engendering governance Institutions: State, Market and Civil society. London: Sage Publications. 6. Altekar, A. S. (1983). The Position of Women in Hindiu Civilization. Delhi: Motial Banarsidas. 7. Chanana, Karuna(1988). Socialization, Women and Education: Exploration in Gender Identity, New Delhi: Orient Longman. 8. Chodrow, Nancy (1978). The Reproduction of Mothering, Berkeley: Uhiversity of California Press. 9. Desai, Neera & M. Krishnria (1987). Women and Society in India. Delhi: Aganta Press. 10. Dube, Leela (1997). Women and Kinship, Comparative Perspectives on Gender in South and	1. New course introduced for the pool of electives 2. Course code to be assigned
		Comparative Perspectives on Gender in South and South-East Asia. Tokyo: United Nations University Press,. 11. Gandhi, N. & N. Shah,(1992). The Issue at Stake:	

42	Women in Panchayati Raj	After completion of the course student will be able to: • Understand the present constitutional, legal and Political status of women in Rural local bodies. • Analyze the impact of women's participation	Theory and Practice in the Contemporary Women's Movement in India. New Delhi., 12. Ghadially, Rehaia) (Ed.)(1988)Women in Indian Society. New Delhi: Sage Publication. 13. Oakley, Ann. (1972). Sex, Gender and Society. New York: Harper and Row. 14. Tong, Rosemarie (1989). Feminist Thought: a Comprehensive Introduction. London: Routledge. 15. Jackson, S. (1998). Contemporary Feminist Theories. Edinburg: Edinburg University Press. 16. Biswal, Tapan, (2009). Manwa Adhikar, Gender Evam Paryavaran, New Delhi: Viva Books Pvt. Ltd. 17. Wollstonecraft, Mary(1792). A Vindication of the Rights of Women Burbley. Thought: a Green's Tile Tile Tile Tile Tile Tile Tile Tile	1. New course introduced for the pool of reading electives 2. Course code to be assigned
		legal and Political status of women in Rural local bodies. • Analyze the impact of	representation, Measures taken by governmental and non- governmental organizations to ensure women's participation in Panchayati Raj.	electives 2. Course code to be

	in panchyati Raj.	Panchayati Raj. Delhi: Sunrise Publications.	
		2. Bhargava, B. S & Subha. K(Ed)(2007). Political	
		Empowerment of Women: The Case of Karnataka's	
		Experiments with Panchayati Raj. New Delhi:Kanishka	
		PublishersandDistributors.	
		3. Buch, Nirmala (Ed)(2004). Panchayat and Women.	
		Jaipur:Pointer Publishers.	
		4. Chakraborty, Bani(Ed)(2005). Decentralization of	
		Power: A Case of Women Empowerment.New Delhi:	
		Concept Publishing Company,.	
		5. Gupta, Alpana (Ed)(2005). Women and Panchayati Raj.	
		Delhi:Sunrise Publications,.	
		6. Jharta, Bhawana(1998). Women and Politics in India.	
		New Delhi:Deep and Deep Publications.	
		7. Lata, Suman(Ed)(2005). Panchayati Raj- Women	
		Empowerment. Delhi:Sunrise Publications.	
		Suggested E-Resources	
		E PG Pathshala-	
		https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=82	
		E PG Pathshala-	
		https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=456	
L	I I		

Reading Electives

S.N.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Existing Syllabus	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
43	India and World Politics	After completion of the course student will be able to: • Understand the India's security concerns and India's policy towards world politics. • Analyze the India's policy towards world. • Awareness about the impact of Globalization and		This course has been designed to provide students with critical insights into the numerous dimensions of foreign policy with specific focus on India. It will deliberate upon India's strategic approach towards world politics in the present environment. This paper provides the understading and capacity to analyse multiple determinants, dimensions, and dynamics of India's global engagement and the complex challenges to its security in Indian Ocean by nuclear issues and cross border terrorism. After globalisation the india's foreign policy towards world has been changed now the focus has been shifted on sustainable development, open market policy, libralisation etc. A unique feature of the course will be emphasis on other contemporary traditional and	1. New course introduced for the pool of reading electives 2. Course code to be assigned

		vo cont trondo Olacio		
		recent trends &lssues in 21 century.	nontraditional security challenges like emergence of information communication technology, conflict resolutions and peace keeping, protecting human rights and gender equality.	
			Suggested E-Resources: Government of India's Ministry of External Relations website at http://www.mea.gov.in/ and specially its library which provides online resources at http://mealib.nic.in/ The Council of Foreign Relations has a regularly updated blog on India's foreign policy: http://www.cfr.org/region/india/ri28 Centre for Policy Research's blog on IR and strategic affairs though it is not exclusively on India's foreign policy. http://www.cfr.org/rejdo/international- relations-and-security-blog Institute for Defense Studies and Analyses: http://www.idsa.in/ Research and Information System: www.ris.org.in/ Indian Council of World Affairs: www.icwa.in/ Institute of Peace and Conflict Studies: www.ipcs.org/ Indian Council for Research on International Economic Relations: www.icrier.org/	
44	Administrative Institutions And Regulatory Authorities In India	After completion of the course student will be able to: Develop an understanding of constitutional and extra constitutional bodies. Know about the institutional aspect of Indian Administration. Analyze the working of administrative institutions in India.	The need of understanding and working of Administrative institutions which can provide affirmative understanding of objectives which fulfills the need for better apprehension of Administration. The deeper knowledge of Planning Commission (NITI Aayog) and National Development Council which are extra constitutional and non-statutory bodies responsible for formulating 5 year plan for social and economic development in India. Students will also get the knowledge of working procedure and organization of Finance Commission and also to develop the understanding of organizational setup and working of Election Commission which are constitutional bodies. Students will get acquainted with the factors influencing organization and functions of Union Public Service Commission (UPSC). To provide students the better understanding of working of regulatory authorities which are commonly setup to enforce safety and standards or to protect consumers in market. Understanding Telecom Regulatory Authority of India (TRAI) and its purpose of regulating telecommunication service, adjudicate disputes and protecting interests of service providers as well as consumers. To understand the formation	1. New course introduced for the pool of reading electives 2. Course code to be assigned

			of Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority (IRDA), this protects the interests of policy holders in regulation, promotion and ensuring of older growth of insurance industry. Studying another regulatory authority, National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD) and its functions as an apex body for consideration of all types of credit needs in agriculture and rural development. By the end of this course students will gain thorough knowledge of Administrative institutions and Regulatory authorities in India. Suggested E- Resource; https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/ahl.php?csrno=30 Indian journal of public administration-https://us.sagepub.com/en-us/nam/indian-journal-of-public-administration/journal202581#description Journal of Public Administration Research and Theory:	
45			http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal Code=jpubladmiresethe Journal of Elections, Public Opinion & Parties http://www.tandfonline.com/loi/fbep20	
45	Neo Marxism	After completion of this course students will be able to: • Understand the development of Marxist ideology. • Analyze the ideology in terms of empirical realism. • Apply Marxist theory to the assessment of some current economic debate.	The relationship between man as an individual with an identity and as such member of the society. The Marxist Ideology focused on concerning with alienation and consciousness, as well as the role of ideology in forgoing man's identity as an individual, as a member of a class, national state or other collective entity. The Marxist theory is amended and extended by neo-Marxists. This course has been designed to cultivate interest among the students in the study of particularly on Neo-Marxist political philosophy. The neo-Marxist has focused on the relationship between ideology, the individual and society in advanced industrial societies, developing or unevenly developing societies in contemporary era, thus the purpose of this course is to make the students to understand the important Ideas of neo-Marxism. Students will be expected to understand the theory of Cultural Hegemony and Marxist Ideas of Antonio Gramsci, Theory of Ideology and idea of Structural Marxism of Louis Althusser and the theory of communicative action and discourse theory of deliberative democracy of Jürgen Habermas. Hence, By the end of the course the Students would be able to Analyze the ideas of neo-Marxists	1. New course introduced for the pool of reading electives 2. Course code to be assigned

Suggested E-Reources:	
• Political Theory	
	Dhlication?iomad
http://www.jstor.org/action/shore Code=politicaltheory	wPublication?journal
Political Science Quarterly	
	Dblication?iomad
http://www.jstor.org/action/shore Code=polisciequar	wPublication?journal
Policy Sciences	
http://www.jstor.org/action/sho	Dblication?iomad
Code=policysciences	wrubiication?joumai
46 Neo Liberalism After completion of the	1. New
course student will be able	course
to: A common belief in the classical libera	al ideals of the self-
regulating market, their doctrine comes	in different hues and for the
Understand all main multiple variations. Neo-liberalism is a r	range of phenomena pool of
arguments for and (processes, practices, rationalities and	d values) that have reading
against the basic liberal extended market logic, practices, technologic	nologies and values electives
thought. into every sphere of human life in a po	, , ,
Produce critical and begins in the 1930s and for others,	
well structured liberalism is a rather broad and general	
argument in political politically dominant ideology, politic	
philosophy of governance practices of contemporary tir	
liberalism. been designed to cultivate interest amon	0
Balance and contrast study of particularly on Neo-Liberalist	
the strength and The primary objective of this course i	
weakness of the theory familiar with the historical and con-	•
of justice of Rawls and evolution & development and core	-
ideas of Nozick.	
on Liberalism and Positivism of Herbert	•
justice of John Rawls, Theory of Minim	
Liberalism of Robert Nozick. Hence, by t	
the Students would be able to analyze	e the ideas of neo-
Liberalist. Suggested E-Resources:	
 Political Quarterly- http://www.jstor.org/action/shore 	wPublication?journal
Code=westpoliquar	m donodiom journal
Advocate of Peace through Just	stice-
http://www.jstor.org/action/shor	wPublication?journal
Code=advopeacjust	
The European Journal of Social	
http://www.jstor.org/action/sho	wPublication?journal
Code=eurojsociqual Studies in East European Thou	ught-
http://www.springerlink.com/op	

		rnal&issn=0925-9392	
47	Global Diplomacy – Diplomacy in the Modern World	https://www.class-central.com/course/coursera-global-diplomacy-diplomacy-in-the-modern-world-5920	Online courese
48	Moral Foundations of Politics	https://www.class-central.com/course/coursera-moral-foundations-of-politics-2986	Online courese
49	Understanding Political Concepts	https://www.edx.org/course/understanding-political-concepts	Online courese
50	Terrorism and Counterterrorism: Comparing Theory and Practice	https://www.class-central.com/course/coursera-terrorism-and-counterterrorism-comparing-theory-and-practice-701	Online courese
51	Revolutionary Ideas: Utility, Justice, Equality, Freedom	https://www.class-central.com/course/coursera-revolutionary-ideas-utility-justice-equality-freedom-4234	Online courese
52	Understanding International Relations Theory	https://www.class-central.com/course/coursera- understanding-international-relations-theory-10434)	Online courese
53	Political Philosophy: An Introduction (https://www.class-central.com/course/iversity-political-philosophy-an-introduction-1203	Online courese
54	Qualitative Research Methods and Research Writing	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/109105115/	Online courese

M.Phil. (Political Science)

Programme Educational Objectives

Following the ethos of Banasthali Vidyapith which aims to materialize the ethos of nation building, women leadership through fivefold education, this Programme develops ethical values through practical, moral and intellectual aspects of fivefold education, the ability to understand & appreciate human diversity and to engage in community life as active citizens. This programme also enhances the knowledge and creates the research aptitude about political phenomena of local to global context. The main objectives of the programme are:

- To acquaint students with contemporary political theory and issues in Indian political system.
- To develop insights of alternative moral and ethical frameworks for interpreting contemporary political discourse.
- To apply disciplinary or interdisciplinary learning across multiple contexts, integrating knowledge and practices.
- To develop an exciting and supportive learning environment that is conducive to high quality research and related learning activities including debates, seminars and lectures.
- To engage in a systematic study of both theoretical and practical aspects of Political Science equipped with strong methodological training.
- To acquaint with the qualitative and quantitative research techniques for conducting field based research studies including selection of research problems, sampling, and preparation of research tools and adoption of statistical methodologies
- To develop a set of core skills in students to work with efficiency in the areas of teacher education, technology of teaching, educational administration and supervision.
- To increase awareness of career options available in the public and private sectors with postgraduate degree in political science. Also to make aware about its value as entry in Politics, administrative services, teaching positions, legal education and various other fields.

Programme Outcomes:

After completion of the program students will be able to:

- Demonstrate critical understanding, up-to-date knowledge and research methodology of the field.
- Implement effective academic and personal strategies for carrying out research projects independently and ethically.
- Response to major issues in their specialized area.
- Communicate research findings at a diverse range of levels through varieties of media.
- Use the technology of teaching, educational administration and supervision.
- Effectively apply reading, writing, critical thinking, and analytical skills to address significant issues in the political world.

Programme Scheme

${\bf Proposed~Structure for~M.Phil.-Ph.D.~(Integrated) Programme}$

M. Phil. Semester I

Course	Code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С	Continuous Assessment (40)	End Semester Assessment (60)	Remarks
Research Methodology	SSC 601	Research Methodology in Social Sciences	4	0	0	4	Any Two (Presentation/Class Test/Assignment/Discussion) of 20 marks each	Semester Examination(written)	
Core Paper	POL 601	Modern Political Analysis	4	0	0	4	Any Two (Presentation/Class Test/Assignment/Discussion) of 20 marks each	Semester Examination(written)	
Teaching Pedagogy	SSC	Teaching, Learning and Higher Education	4	0	0	4	Minimum four (4)Teaching Practices in the class-room (40)	Semester Examination(written)	Code to be assigned
Term Paper	POL 605P	Term Paper	0	0	24	12	Topic Selection + Literature Review (20) + Seminar (20)	On the basis of the Term Paper submitted by the student	Term paper may be based on the related aspect of Dissertation
Reading Elective-I		Reading Elective-I	0	0	0	2	-	Semester Examination of 100 marks (written)	
		Total	12	0	28	26			

M. Phil. Semester II

Course	Code	Course Name	L	Т	Р	С	Continuous Assessment	End Semester Assessment	Remarks
Dissertation		Dissertation	0	0	36	18	Internal Viva-Voce Examination (40)	Assessment of the thesis by external Expert (60)	Code to be assigned
Seminar	POL 604S	Seminar	0	0	8	4	Progress Report (20) + Mid-term Presentation (20)	Seminar before the faculty members of the Department (60)	Seminar may be based on the related aspect of Dissertation
Reading Elective-II		Reading Elective-II	0	0	0	2	-	Semester Examination of 100 marks (written)	
Reading Elective-III		Reading Elective-III	0	0	0	2	-	Semester Examination of 100 marks (written)	
	Total 0 0 44					26			
		M.I	Phil. T	otal C	redits	52			

List of Reading Elective Courses

Proposed									
Course Code Course Name									
	Plato's Political Philosophy								
	Political Philosophy of Mahatma Gandhi								
	Political Philosophy of AmartyaSen								
	Political Philosophy B.R. Ambedkar								
	Kautilya: Politics and state craft								
	The Constitutional ideas of SubhashKashyap								

Note: Students have to choose three different reading elective courses one in first semester and two in second semester from the above list.

Course Details:

First Semester

S.N.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
1	SSC 601 Research Methodology in Social Sciences	After completion of the course, student will be able to: • Understand with the conceptual aspects of research approaches and techniques in social sciences. • Critically analyse the methods of data collection in social sciences. • Identify, explain, and apply the various research techniques in conducting research. • Prepare a coherent research proposal and report.	 Research in social sciences: Objectives and Types, Process of Research. Scientific Method; Problem of theory building; Fact and Theory. Formulation of Research Problem; Research Design, Hypothesis: Characteristics and Importance. Sampling; Methods of Data collection: Observation, Interview, Questionnaire, Schedule, Ethnography and Case Study. Data Analysis for Quantitative research- Measures of Central Tendency: Mean, Median and Mode; Measures of Dispersion: Range and Standard Deviation; Simple Correlation: Karl Pearson's co-efficient of correlation, Simple Regression. Data Analysis for Qualitative research- Thematic and Narrative Analysis. Report Writing and Styles of Referencing. Recommended Books Ackoff, R. (1953). Design of Social Research. Chicago: Chicago University Press. Bailey, K. (1978). Methods of Social Research. New York: Free Press. Mueller, J. and Schuessler , K. (1961). Statistical Reasoning in Sociology. Boston: Houghton Mifflin. Festinger, L. and Katz, D. (1953). Research Methods in Behavioural Sciences. New York: Rinehart, Winston. Henry, M. (1977). Sociological Research Philosophy and Methods. Illinois: Dorsey Press. Blalock, H. M. and Blalock, A. B. (1968). Methodology in Social Research. New York: McGraw-Hill Book Co. Kothari, C.R. (1997). Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques. Delhi: New Age International Pvt Ltd Publishers. Kumar, R. (2011). Research Methodology: Los Angeles: Sage Publications. Dobbert, M.L. (1982). Ethnographic Research: Theory and Application for Modern Schools and Societies. New York: Praeger. Miles, M. & Huberman, A. (1994). Qualitative Data Analysis: A Sourcebook of New Methods, 2nd Edition. Thousand Oaks: Sage Publications. Denzin, N. & Lincoln, Y. (1994). Handbook of Qualitative Research. Thousand Oaks: Sage Public	
			http://www.sociology.kpi.ua/wp-content/uploads/2014/06/Ranjit_Kumar-	

		Research_Methodology_A_Step-by-Step_G.pdf
		Relationship between Positivism, Interpretivism, and Sociological Research Methods
		http://www.sociology.org.uk/notes/revgrm5.pdf
		What is ethnography?
		http://www.cusag.umd.edu/documents/workingpapers/epiontattrib.pdf
		Ethnography : Definition and Method
		https://www.researchgate.net/publication/221927953_Ethnography_An_Introduction_toDefinition_and_Method
		Qualitative and Quantitative Research
		https://www.lancaster.ac.uk/media/lancaster-university/content-assets/documents/learning-skills/quantitativevqualitativeresearchanswers.pdf
2 POL 601 Modern Political Analysis	After completion of the course, student will be able to: • Develop a critical understanding of the dynamism and diversity of modern and contemporary political analysis. • Familiarize analytical and research skills needed to understand and explain politics and government. • Develop basic analytical skills to evaluate diverse approaches to the study of politics.	 Political Analysis: Traditional and Modern Perspective, Fact – Value dichotomy in Political Analysis, Scientific Method Major Approaches of Political Analysis: Normative and Systems approach Political Socialization and Political Culture. Political Participation, Political Development and Political Modernization. Social justice and affirmative actions. Participatory Democracy, Civil Society and Citizenship. Recommended Books: Charlesworth, J. C. (1967). Contemporary Political Analysis. New York: Free Press. Easton, David. (1963). The Political System - An Inquiry into the state of Political Science. New York: AlffredA. Knof Inc. Lasswell, Harold D. (1969). Politics, Who Gets, What, When & How. New York: McGraw Hill and Co. Inc. Eugene, J. Meehan (1965). The Theory and method of Political Analysis. Homewood: Ill, Dosrey Press. Goodin, Robert E and Petited Philip (1993). A companion to Contemporary Political Philosophy. Uk: BlackwallOxford. Ray, B.H. (ed.) (2000). Contemporary Political Thinking. New Delhi: Kaushik Publisher. Dahl, Robert (2003). Modern Political Analysis. New Delhi: PearsonEducation. Ramaswamy, Sushila. (2003). Political Theory: Ideas and Concepts. Delhi: Macmillan India. Verma, S.P. (1975). Modern Political Theory: Poundations of Twentieth Century Political Thought. USA: Princeton University Press. Easton, David (1965). ASystem Analysis of Political Life. New York: Prentice Hall Inc. Easton, David (1965). ASystem Analysis of Political Life. New York: Political Inquiry. New Haven: Yale University. Hutcheon(1989). The politics of Postmodernism. London & New York:Routledge. Suggested E-Resources

Teaching, Learning and Higher Education	After completion of the course, students will be able to: • Understand the reciprocity of teaching and learning processes • Make use of various aids to enhance their teaching skills. • Familiarize themselves with Academic Bodies of Higher Education • Analyze the current situation of higher education in India.	 Annual Reviews Review of Middle East Studies, http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal/Code=revimiddeaststud, Middle East Studies Association of North America (MESA) Political Methodology, http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal/Code=polimethod, Oxford University Press; Society for Political Methodology Political Analysis, http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal/Code=polimethod, Oxford University Press; Society for Political Methodology Political Analysis, http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal/Code=polimethod, Oxford University Press; Society for Political Methodology Political Analysis, http://www.jstor.org/action/showPublication?journal/Code=polimethod, Oxford University Political Pediagology Understanding Education and its role in Holistic development Teaching and Learning: Meaning and Importance Role and Prerequisities of Teacher in Higher Education Overview of Higher Education in India Structure and Functions of Academic Bodies- UGC, ICSSR, ICHR, ICCR Methods for Teaching-Lecture, Discussion, Role Play, Workshop, Seminar and Audio-Visual Making of Effective Handouts and Lesson Plans Innovative Pedagogy and Critical Pedagogy for Classroom teaching Current Challenges before the Higher Education Recommended Books: Aggarwal, J.C. (2012). Principles, Methods & Techniques of Teaching. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing. Association of Indian Universities. (2003). Globalization of Indian Higher Education. Mangal, S.K. & Manga. U. (2014). Essentials of Educational Technology. Delhi: PHI Learning. Suggested E-Resources
Term Paper	students will be able to:	based on the Review of Literature for the Dissertation, ranging from 20 to 30, double

	 Acquaint the basic ideals of writing a research paper in area of subject. Analyze the primary and secondary sources of research area in Political Science. Build capability applying the knowledge of research techniques in writing the research papers. Review various research fields and sub fields of Political Science. 	line space, typed pages, in TNR 12 Font size. For Hindi font to be used DevLys 010, size 14. The same will be evaluated by a 3 member departmental committee, comprising the HoD, one faculty member and the mentor, at the end of the Semester. The continuous assessment will be done on the Dissertation synopsis and Literature Review (20 marks) + Seminar presentation (20 marks) Suggested E-Resources: The student will be guided to refer to e-resources related to the topic of the term paper.	
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Second Semester

S.N.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
5	Dissertation	After completion of the course, student will be able to: • Acquaint the basic ideals of writing the dissertation in area of subject. • Analyze the primary and secondary sources of research problem. • Build capability applying the knowledge of research techniques in writing the research report.	The student will write the dissertation under the guidance of a supervisor teacher. The size may be around 80-100, double line space, typed pages, in TNR 12 Font size. For Hindi font to be used DevLys 010, size 14. The submitted dissertation would be sent for external evaluation. The internal viva voce will be done by a Board of Examiners comprising Dean FSS, HoD and the supervisor. Suggested E-Resources: The student in the process of research will be guided to examine relevant —resources related to the area of study.	
6	POL 604S Seminar	After completion of the course, student will be able to: • Analyze different sources of data collection. • Develop their presentation skills • Prepare a research paper using research techniques and methodology	The student will have to present a Seminar on any related aspect of the dissertation or also on any current and relevant issue, related to the concerned discipline and submit a hard copy of the same. A teacher will mentor the student for the Seminar. The presentation of the same will be assessed by a three member Board of Examiners. Suggested E-Resources: The students would be advised to refer e-resources related to their topic of seminar.	

Reading Elective Courses

S.N.	Course List	Learning Outcome	Suggested Syllabus	Remarks
7	Plato's Political Philosophy	After completion of the course, student will be able to: • Understand the Main features of Classical Greek Philosophy in general and Plato's Political Philosophy in particular. • Comprehend the Plato'sideason Justice, communism, education etc. • Analyze and justify the relevance of Plato's Ideas in modern era.	Plato is generally viewed as one of the greatest and most influential philosophers in the Western tradition. His political philosophy is held in similarly high regard, and is the earliest comprehensive political view we possess. As with other great figures, Plato's political theory was not only part of his overall philosophical system but profoundly shaped by his social and political circumstances. This course is designed to cultivate interest among the students regarding Plato's Political Philosophy. In this course students will explore the Main features and significance of classical Greek philosophy and Plato's Ideas on justice as a virtue, educational philosophy, Ideas on communism and new social order, concept of philosopher king & philosophical practices and Ideal state and its relevance in modern era.	
			 Recommended Books: Guthrie, WKC(1985). A History of Greek Philosophy. UK: Cambridge University Press. Reginald, Allen E. (1996). Greek Philosophy Thales to Aristotle. USA: Free Press. Allen, Danielle S.(2012, December). Why Plato Wrote. USA: Jouns& Sons. Magrini, James M. (2017, December). Plato's Socrates Philosophy and Education. US: New York: Springer Publication. Plato and Makridis, Odysseus. (2018, February). Republic. Knickerbocker Classics. Jayapalan, N (1999). Plato. New Delhi: Atlantic Publisher & Dist. 	
			Suggested E-Resources: • https://www.iep.utm.edu/platopol/ • https://thegreatthinkers.org/plato/introduction/ • https://politics.virginia.edu/georgeklosko/wp- content/uploads/sites/8/2016/09/plato6.pdf • https://plato.stanford.edu/entries/plato-ethics-politics/ • https://muse.jhu.edu/book/131 • https://archive.org/search.php?query=plato%27s%20political%20philosophy	
8	Political Philosophy of Mahatma Gandhi	After completion of the course, student will be able to: • Understand the key features of Gandhian political philosophy. • Comprehend the Gandhi and Gandhism as critique of liberalism and capitalism. • Analyze the impact and relevance of Gandhianthought	Gandhi was the man of millennium. His political philosophy got the roots from different philosophical systems of both Eastern and Western. This course is based on the political philosophy of Gandhi and the purpose of this course is to familiarize to the students with his political philosophy. In this course students shall explore the Gandhi's major theories- Truth and Non-violence, Ends and Means Gandhi's conception of self, God and world, Gandhi's conception of war, peace and conflict resolutions Gandhi's Ideas on Spiritualization of politics, Freedom, Fraternity & Equality, Democracy, Decentralization of administration along with Gandhi's Ideas on Ecology and Women's Status and Role in Society. His ideas are deliberated upon with specific emphasis on reading of original writings. The course has been designed to cultivate interest	

Determine Gandhian greatest and properties of the properties of Gandhi, to develop understanding about its relevance and to enhance the knowledge about his contribution in political theorizing. Recommended Book: Recommended Book: Recommended Book: 1. Guha, Ranachandra. (2011). India after Gandhi: The history of the world's largest democracy. New Delhi: Pain Mermillan. 2. Pander, J. (1988). Gandhi and 21st century. Delhi: Concept Publishing Company. 3. Parekh, B. (2001). Gandhi: a very short introduction. Usc Oxford University Press. 4. Sharma, B. M. (2001). Mahatma Gandhi and His Philosophy, Jaipur, RawelPubns. 5. Divivedii, R. (1976). Mahatma Gandhi and His Philosophy, Jaipur, RawelPubns. 6. Aya, P. K. (2008). Mahatma Gandhi and Problem of Commanism. Jaipur: pointer publisher 7. Lohia, R. M. (1976). Mahatma Gandhi and Problem of Commanism. Jaipur: pointer publisher 8. Socialisticiducational Trias. 8. Socialisticiducational Trias. 9. Mantena K. (2012). On Gandhi: Nonviolent power in action. USA: Columbia University Press 11. Gandhi, M.K. (1953). Towards new education. Ahmedabad: Navajivan Publishing House. 12. Gandhi, M.K. (1958). Swarg: Gandhi side of Freedom: in Mahatama Gandhi: Selected Political Philosophy of Amatya Sen. 13. Dation, D. (1918). Swarg: Gandhi side of Freedom: in Mahatama Gandhi: Selected Political Philosophy of Amatya Sen. 14. Dation, D. (1908). Swarg: Gandhi side of Freedom: in Mahatama Gandhi: Selected Political Philosophy of Amatya Sen. 15. Dation, D. (1918). Swarg: Gandhi side of Freedom: in Mahatama-gandhi/ 16. Philosophy of Amatya Sen. 17. Analyse the ideas of Amatya Sen. 18. Analyse the ideas of Amatya Sen. 19. Political Philosophy of Amatya Sen. 19. Analyse the ideas of Amatya Sen. 19. Analyse the ideas of Amatya Sen. 19. Analyse the ideas of Amatya Sen. 19. Analyse the ideas of Amatya Sen. 19. Analyse the ideas of Amatya Sen. 19. Analyse the ideas of Amatya Sen. 19. Analyse the ideas of Amatya Sen. 19. Analyse the ideas of Amatya Sen. 19. Analyse the id		in Indian and global politics	among the students in the study of Gandhi's Political Thoughts, to increase awareness about the	
assertion. 1. Guha, Ramachandra. (2011). India after Gandhi: The history of the world's largest democracy. New Dehi: Pan Macmillan. 2. Pandey, J. (1988). Gandhi and Zist carturuly. Delhi: Concept Publishing Company. 3. Resenta, B. (2001). Gandhi and Zist carturuly. Delhi: Concept Publishing Company. 3. Resenta, B. (2001). Gandhi and Problem of Control University Press. State of the Concept Publishing Company. 3. Resenta, B. (2001). Gandhi and Problem of Control University Press. State of Control of Control University Press. State of Control of		Determine Gandhian greatest accomplishment for the Indian	political philosophy of Gandhi, to develop understanding about its relevance and to enhance the	
democracy, New Delhi: Pan Macufhi and 21st century. Delhi: Concept Publishing Company, 3. Parekh, B. (2001). Gandhi: a very short introduction, Uk: Oxford University Press. S. 4. Sharma, B. M. (2017). Gandhi: a very short introduction, Uk: Oxford University Press. S. 5. Dwivedi, R. P. (2007). Pevisiting Gandhi. Delhi: Radha Publication. 6. Anya. Pr. (2008). Mahatma Gandhi and Publication. 7. Anya. Pr. (2008). Mahatma Gandhi and Publication. 8. Anya. Pr. (2008). Mahatma Gandhi and Problem of Communalism. Jaipur: pointer publisher 9. Lohia, R. M. (1976). Marx Gandhi and Socialism, Hyderabad: Scientific SocialistEducational Trust 9. Mantena, K. (2012). On Gandhi's Critique of the State: Sources, Contexts, and Conjunctures Modern Michellectual History, Vol. IX, no, 3:535.563. 10. Dalton, D.(2012). Anhatma Gandhi: Norwiclent power in action. USA: Columbia University Press. 11. Gandhi, M.K. (1963). Towards new education. Ahmedabad: Navajivan Publishing House. 12. Gandhi, M. K. (1960). Trusteeship. Ahmedabad: Navajivan Publishing House. 13. Dalton, D. (1980). Swaraj: Gandhi's offee of Freedom, in Mahatma Gandhi: Selected Political Writings, USA: Hackett Publishing, pp. 95-148. 14. Coward, H. (2003). Gandhi's Ambedkar, and Untouchability, in H. Coward (ed) Indian Critiques of Gandhi, New York: State University of New York Press, pp. 41-66. Suggested E-Resources: 1. Intps://www.mkgandhi.org/atricles/gandhian-political-theory.html 1. https://www.mkgandhi.org/atricles/gandhian-political-theory.html 2. https://www.mkgandhi.org/atricles/gandhian-political-theory.html 3. https://www.researchaid.edu/3092/009PDLTTICAL_IDEAS_OF_MAHATMA_MA. DR. CONTEMPORARY_RELEVANCE 4. https://www.researchaid.edu/3092/009PDLTTICAL_IDEAS_OF_MAHATMA_MA. OX. OX. OX. OX. OX. OX. OX. OX. OX. OX			Recommended Book:	
 Understand the political Philosophy of Amartya Sen. Analyse the ideas of AmrtyaSen on Freedom, Justice, poverty, inequality and political philosophy which is known by fewer. The purpose of this course is to familiarize the students with AmartyaSen's political philosophy. In this course student will explore the AmartyaSen's Ideas on justice & capability approach, freedom, poverty & inequality and democracy. By the end of this course the students would be able to analyze the Political Ideas of this course is to familiarize the students with AmartyaSen's political philosophy. In this course student will explore the democracy. By the end of this course the students would be able to analyze the Political Ideas of this course is to familiarize the students with AmartyaSen's political philosophy. In this course is to familiarize the students with AmartyaSen's political philosophy. In this course is to familiarize the students with AmartyaSen's political philosophy. In this course is to familiarize the students with AmartyaSen's political philosophy. In this course is to familiarize the students with AmartyaSen's political philosophy. In this course is to familiarize the students with AmartyaSen's political philosophy. In this course is to familiarize the students with AmartyaSen's political philosophy. In this course is to familiarize the students with AmartyaSen's political philosophy. In this course is to familiarize the students with AmartyaSen's political philosophy. In this course is to familiarize the students with AmartyaSen's political philosophy. In this course is to familiarize the students with AmartyaSen's political philosophy. In this course is to familiarize the students with AmartyaSen's political philosophy. In this course is to familiarize the students with AmartyaSen's political philosophy.	9 Political Philosophy of	After completion of the course, student	 democracy. New Delhi: Pan Macmillan. Pandey, J. (1998). Gandhi: and 21st century. Delhi: Concept Publishing Company. Parekh, B. (2001). Gandhi: a very short introduction, Uk: Oxford University Press. Sharma, B. M. (2017). Mahatma Gandhi and His Philosophy. Jaipur: RawatPubns. Dwivedi, R.P. (2007). Revisiting Gandhi. Delhi: Radha Publication. Arya, P.K. (2008). Mahatma Gandhi and Problem of Communalism. Jaipur: pointer publisher Lohia, R. M. (1976). Marx Gandhi and Socialism, Hyderabad: Scientific SocialistEducational Trust Parekh, B. (1995). Gandhi's Political Philosophy, New Delhi: Ajanta Interntional Mantena, K. (2012). On Gandhi's Critique of the State: Sources, Contexts, and Conjunctures. Modern Intellectual History, Vol. IX, no, 3:535.563. Dalton, D. (2012). Mahatma Gandhi: Nonviolent power in action. USA: Columbia University Press Gandhi, M. K. (1953). Towards new education. Ahmedabad: Navajivan Publishing House. Gandhi, M. K. (1960). Trusteeship. Ahmedabad: Navajivan Publishing House. Balton, D. (1996). Swaraj: Gandhi's Idea of Freedom, in Mahatma Gandhi: Selected Political Writings, USA: Hackett Publishing, pp. 95-148. Coward, H. (2003). Gandhi, Ambedkar, and Untouchability, in H. Coward (ed) Indian Critiques of Gandhi, New York: State University of New York Press, pp. 41-66. Suggested E-Resources: https://www.mkgandhi.org/articles/gandhian-political-theory.html https://www.gandhiservefoundation.org/about-mahatma-gandhi/ https://www.gandhiservefoundation.org/about-mahatma-gandhi/ https://www.researchgate.net/publication/312142439_POLITICAL_IDEAS_OF_MAHAT MA_GANDHI_A ND_CONTEMPORARY_RELEVANCE https://archive.org https://archive.org 	
Identify the difference between		will be able to: • Understand the political Philosophy of Amartya Sen. • Analyse the ideas of AmrtyaSen on Freedom, Justice , poverty, inequality and the concept of capability.	and political philosophy which is known by fewer. The purpose of this course is to familiarize the students with AmartyaSen's political philosophy. In this course student will explore the AmartyaSen's ldeas on justice & capability approach, freedom, poverty & inequality and democracy. By the end of this course the students would be able to analyze the Political Ideas of	

		the views of AmrtyaSen and	writings. The course has been designed to cultivate interest among the students in the study of	
		Rawls.	Sen's Political Thoughts, to develop understanding about its relevance and to enhance the	
		Justify the relevance of the political thoughts of AmrtyaSen	knowledge about his contribution in political Philosophy.	
		in present scenario.	 Recommended Books: Sen, Amrtya (2010). The Idea of Justice. London: Penguin. Sen,Russel(1995). Inequality Reexamined. USA: New York.Sage Foundation. Drèze,Jean &Sen, Amartya (1995). India, Economic Poverty and Development and Social Opportunity. UK:OxfordUniversity Press. Jean, Drèze. (1997). Indian Development: Selected Regional Perspectives. UK:Oxford University Press. Polly, Vizard. (2005). Poverty and Human Rights: Sen's Capability Perspective Explored. UK:Oxford University Press. Scheppele, Kim. & Lane, American (2012, January 1). AmartyaSen's Vision for Human Rights - and Why He Needs the LawUniversity International Law Review, Vol. 27, No. 1. Saha, Santosh (2012). Human Rights Debate: An Examination of AmartyaSen's Countervailing Power: Public Reasoning as a Social Instrument, CForum on Public Religy. A Jayrool of the Oxford Pound Table, summer. 	
			Policy. A Journal of the Oxford Round Table, summer. Suggested E-Resources:	
			 https://www.researchgate.net/profile/Ramendra_Nath/publication/260900849_Amartya _Sen's_Contribution_to_Philosophy/data/0c9605329d76aa2006000000/Amartya-Sen.docx https://archive.org https://books.google.co.in/books?id=Qm8HtpFHYecC&printsec=frontcover&dq=amarty a+sen&hl=en&sa=X&ved=0ahUKEwiQzre16eXhAhVuwqYKHZHXD1cQ6AEILTAA#v= onepage&q=amartya%20sen&f=false https://books.google.co.in/books?id=OM4RBAAAQBAJ&printsec=frontcover&dq=amart ya+sen&hl=en&sa=X&ved=0ahUKEwiQzre16eXhAhVuwqYKHZHXD1cQ6AEIMzAB#v=onepage&q=amartya%20sen&f=false https://books.google.co.in/books?id=Xpf8CQAAQBAJ&printsec=frontcover&dq=amarty a+sen&hl=en&sa=X&ved=0ahUKEwiQzre16eXhAhVuwqYKHZHXD1cQ6AEIOTAC#v=onepage&q=amartya%20sen&f=false https://books.google.co.in/books?id=HvMX68tJXqUC&printsec=frontcover&dq=amarty a+sen&hl=en&sa=X&ved=0ahUKEwiQzre16eXhAhVuwqYKHZHXD1cQ6AEIRTAE#v=onepage&q=amartya%20sen&f=false 	
10	Political Philosophy of B.R. Ambedkar	After completion of the course, student will be able to: • Understand B.R. Ambedkar's social and political thought as a great reformer of Indian society and a political thinker • Assess and disseminate the ideas of B.R. Ambedkar on nationalism, caste, state and democracy.	Ambedkar's legacy as a socio-political reformer had a deep impact on modern India. In post-Independence India, his socio-political thought is respected across the political spectrum. His initiatives have influenced various spheres of life and transformed the way India today looks at socio-economic policies, education and affirmative action through socio-economic and legal incentives. He was the chief architect of the Constitution of India. In this perspective it is very important for the students of political science to acquaint his political philosophy. Basically this course is designed to cultivate his political ideas among the students. It will help students to understand his social and political thought as a great reformer of Indian society and a political	

	T		I third on the course and the of each live to feel offer.
		Analyse the role of Ambedkar Delitical thought and	thinker, who gave a great idea of social justice for Indian society. Actually he was a realist about
		in Political thought and constitutional development in	the social order and its effects, but also an optimist about the 'power of democratic institutions' to
	India	•	bring equality. This course will develop a holistic perspective about him among the students and
			they will be able to learn his various aspects of political thinking like democracy, state, nation,
			nationalism, social order etc.
			Recommended Books:
			 Mankar, Vijay (2016). Dr. B. R. Ambedkar – An Intellectual Biography of ideas, enlightenment, life and liberation work. Nagpur: Blue World Series. Austin, Granville. (1972). The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation. NewDelhi:Oxford University Press. Bakshi, S. R. (ed.). (2001). B. R. Ambedkar, His Political and Social Ideology. New Delhi: Deep & Deep Publications. Banerjee, Anilchandra. (1978). TheConstitutional History of India.Calcutta: A Mukherjee & Co. Pvt. Ltd. Boudh, Jugalkishor (ed.). (2013). Dr. Ambedkar's Evidence Before The Simon Commission. New Delhi:SamyakPrakashan. Ambedkar, B.R. (1946). Who were the Shudras? and How they came tofourth Varna in Indo-Aryan Society. Bombay: Thacker & Co. Keer, Dhananjaya (1962). Dr. B. R. Ambedkar-Life and Mission. Bombay: Popular publication. Lokhande, G.S. (1977). BhimRaoRamjiAmbedkar. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers.
			Suggested E-Resources:
			 https://books.google.co.in/books?id=pcu2AQAAQBAJ&printsec=frontcover&dq=politica l+philosophy+of+b+r+ambedkar&hl=en&sa=X&ved=0ahUKEwiHgvT76eXhAhW0Q3wK Has4DgoQ6AEILzAB#v=onepage&q=political%20philosophy%20of%20b%20r%20am bedkar&f=false
			https://books.google.co.in/books?id=yaxvDwAAQBAJ&printsec=frontcover&dq=political +philosophy+of+b+r+ambedkar&hl=en&sa=X&ved=0ahUKEwiHgvT76eXhAhW0Q3wK Has4DgoQ6AEINDAC#v=onepage&q=political%20philosophy%20of%20b%20r%20am bedkar&f=false the control of
			 https://books.google.co.in/books?id=0Bo0Rjlp- 0QC&printsec=frontcover&dq=political+philosophy+of+b+r+ambedkar&hl=en&sa=X&v ed=0ahUKEwiHgvT76eXhAhW0Q3wKHas4DgoQ6AElOjAD#v=onepage&q=political% 20philosophy%20of%20b%20r%20ambedkar&f=false https://www.epw.in/system/files/pdf/2017_52/15/SA_LII_15_150417_Valerian%20Rodri gues.pdf?0=ip_login_no_cache%3Dab4da5c133067fbd66b6c139d4993d83
			https://mea.gov.in/books-writings-of-ambedkar.htm
11	Kautilya: Politics and state craft	After completion of the course, student will be able to: • Understand the Political Philosophy ofAncient Indian Political thinker Kautilya.	Kautilya is considered as one of the first realist Indian political thinker. Kautilya's <i>Arthashastra</i> , a classic work of political theory and statecraft has remained important across the world. This course has been designed to cultivate interest among the students in the study of Kautilya's thoughts on politics and statecraft. 'SaptangSidhant', 'MandalSidhant' and
		Evaluate the ideas of Kautilya on	Stady of readings a troughte on politics and statestart. Saptangolunant, Manualolunant and

		state, Justice and administration	'ShadgunyaNiti' are the major theories of Kautilya's which are relevant in the political
1		etc.	science discourse as fundamentals of statecraft and potential for tackling theoretical
		Analyze the Kautilya's thoughts	difficulties and empirical questions.In this course students will explore Kautilya's Ideas on
		on International Politics and	justice with above mentioned theories and their relevance in modern era.
		foreign affairs. Make justify the relevance of	Justice with above mentioned theories and their relevance in modern era.
		Make justify the relevance of political philosophy of Kautilya in present scenario.	Recommended Books: 1. Kautilya'sArthasastra&Machiavellism(1984) A Reevaluation. The Quarterly review of historical studies,vol: 23. 2. Kumar, P. (1989). KautilyaArthasastra: An Appraisal. Nag Publishers. 3. Menon, K.P.(1998). Kautilya on Rajaniti. Nag Publishers. 4. Agrawal, K.M. (1990). Kautilya on Crime and Punishment. Shree Almora Book Depot Publishing. 5. Gupta,V.K. (1998). Kautilyan Jurisprudence.B.D.Gupta Publishers. Suggested E-Resources: • https://unacademy.com/lesson/kautilya-part-1/ZE7IZLS5 • https://sol.du.ac.in/mod/book/view.php?id=1599&chapterid=1604 • https://www.ancient.eu/Kautilya/ • https://ideas.repec.org/p/pra/mprapa/9962.html • https://www.ancient.eu/Arthashastra/ • http://oaji.net/articles/2016/488-1472118670.pdf
			https://archive.org/search.php?query=kautilya
12	The Constitutional ideas of	After completion of this course students will be able to:	Subhash C. Kashyap is well known Indian Political Scientist in contemporary era. He is an
	SubhashKashyap	Understand the views of SubhashKashyap on	expert of Constitutional law in general and Indian Constitution in particular. Today Indian
			political system is in great crisis of traditional epistemology so, it's time to think about
		constitution and Indian	political reforms in India. Therefore, this course aims to familiarize the students with
		parliamentary system.Analyze the Kashyap's ideas	Kashyap's Ideas on Conflict and controversies of Indian constitution, Democracy and good
		on democracy and good	governance, Indian parliamentary system & the need of political reforms. The course has
		governance in present	been designed to cultivate interest among the students in the study of Kashyap's Political
		scenario.	ideas and to develop understanding about its relevance in present scenario.
		Know about the Kashyap's ideas on conflicts and	Recommended Books
		controversies of Indian constitution. Identify the need of political reforms in present context.	 Kashyap, S.C. (2004). Framing of India's Constitution -A Study Constitution Making Since 1950 -An Overview. Kashyap, S.C. (2003). Blueprint of Political Reforms. New Delhi. CPR Shipra publication. Kashyap, S.C. (2000). History of the Parliament of India.New Delhi: Shipra Publication. Kashyap, S.C. Parliamentary Procedure, Law, Privileges, Practice and Precedents -2 volumes. Kashyap, S.C. (2000). Institutions of Governance in South Asia. Delhi: Konark. Kashyap, S.C. (2000). Understanding the Constitution of India. New Delhi: NCERT. Kashyap, S.C. (1997). Citizens and the Constitution (Citizenship values under the Constitution). New Delhi: Publications Division, Ministry of I. & B., Govt. of India.

	8. Kashyap, S.C. (1995). Anti-defection Law and Parliamentary Privileges Legislative Management Studies. Delhi: National publication. 9. Kashyap, S.C. (1994). Our Constitution -Introduction to India's Constitution and Constitutional Law. New Delhi:NBT. 10. Kashyap, S.C. (2000). Our Parliament- An introduction to the Parliament of India, New Delhi:NBT.(The book is also available in many other Indian languages). 11. Kashyap, S.C. (1998). Parliament of India -Myths and Realities.Delhi: National Publication. 12. Pant, G.B. (1998). Parliamentarian, Statesman and Administrator.New Delhi: National publication. 13. Suggested E-Resources: 14. https://archive.org/search.php?query=subhash%20kashyap 15. https://archive.org/search.php?query=subhash%20kashyap 16. https://www.nbtindia.gov.in/books_detail8india-the-land-and-the-people202our-constitution.nbt 17. https://books.google.co.in/books?id=nyiGe7ASFJ4C&printsec=frontcover&dq=subhash+kashyap&hl=en&sa=X&ved=0ahUKEwjx09qS7OXhAhXB1qQKHYB-BSKQ6AEILzAB#v=onepage&q=subhash%20kashyap&f=false 18. https://books.google.co.in/books?id=XhQekXZMCsYC&printsec=frontcover&dq=subhash+kashyap&hl=en&sa=X&ved=0ahUKEwjx09qS7OXhAhXB1qQKHYB-BSKQ6AEIOzAD#v=onepage&q=subhash%20kashyap&f=false	
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